

# Buchanan Weekly Union.

A MISCELLANEOUS FAMILY JOURNAL--A MAP OF BUSY LIFE.

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#### I. O. O. F.

THE Regular Meetings of Buchanan Lodge, No. 75, are held at their Hall in Buchanan on Tuesday evening of each week, at 7 o'clock. Transient brethren in good standing are cordially invited to attend.

#### THOS. BROADHURST, N. G.

L. P. Fox, Secretary.

#### J. M. ROE,

PHYSICIAN and Surgeon. Office up stairs in Union Block, Front street, and residence on Oak street, Buchanan, Mich. v1n12tf

#### E. S. DODD,

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#### I. O. G. T.

THE SAURUS Lodge, No. 91, meets every Saturday evening at Odd Fellows Hall in Buchanan. J. M. BLISS, W. G. T. NORRIS H. MERRILL, Secretary.

#### J. V. PHILLIPS,

ATTORNEY at Law, Real Estate Agent, Justice of the Peace, and Licensed War Claim Agent, New Buffalo, Mich. v2n25y1

#### JOHN C. MORLEY,

JUSTICE of the Peace, Troy village, Weesaw Town, Berrien County, Mich. v1n21.

## THE SISTERS.

NORTH AND SOUTH.

I.  
THEY were two sisters--one was fair,  
With yellow lights in her wavy hair.  
The other was dark, and in her eyes  
Lurked the sultry fire of Southern skies.

They both had lands, these sisters two,  
Broad in extent and fair to view.  
With towns and cities on hill and plain,  
And rivers which flowed to greet the main.

The fields of the one with wheat and corn  
Swayed in the breath of the wind at morn.  
Her sons at the plow and anvil stood,  
Or wielded the axe in the shady wood.

She built great ships that over the seas  
Sped on the wings of the ocean breeze.  
Fleets of these in her ports found room:  
Her factories hummed with the busy loom.

There men and women, early and late,  
Labored to earn the bread they ate.  
Her children flocked to her school to learn  
Knowledge profound and wisdom stern.

In the autumn months she stood in the field  
Laden with fruits of the harvest's yield.  
In granaries built through long years of peace  
She gathered the wealth of the earth's increase.

And the winds which blew from her snowy hills  
Were not more free than her people's wills.

II.  
The swelling slopes of the other shone white  
With cotton blooms of the hot sun's light.  
Under the shade of ancestral trees  
Her sons and daughters lived at ease.

Her dusky bondman, stalwart and strong,  
Toiled in the field the whole day long.  
Hard and sinewy were his hands,  
His muscles were like iron bands.

A modern Samson in strength was he  
Shorn of his glorious Liberty.  
Sometimes a patient song of toil  
Fell from his lips as he tilled the soil.

Sometimes at night his yearning eyes  
Turned to a star in the Polar skies.  
And a hungry longing for Freedom gave  
Wings to the feet of the dusky slave.

But pitiless blood-hounds on his track  
With their deep-mouthed bayings drove him  
back.

In the foul market-place he stood  
The bondman sullen and stern of mood.  
And like a chattel was bought and sold--  
A human being for so much gold.

DOWN THE RIVER--afar on its way;  
What are wife and child to the slave?  
O God! that such things ever had been,  
And gained the sanction of Christian men!

III.  
Then rose on the air a sudden cry,  
Like thunder rolling along the sky.  
From the burning lips of the north it came,  
Rebuking her sister's sin and shame.

Strong the dread tornado blew,  
Darker the gathering tempest grew.  
In senate chamber and halls of state  
Loud and long was the hot debate.

Then the Northern sister called to her side  
A man for his prudence noted wide.  
But she of the South with fierce replies  
Flashed defiance out of her eyes.

Then shouts of "War!" on the winds went  
forth--  
"War!" from the South; "War!" from the  
North.

The trumpets blew, and the loud drums beat:  
The dumb earth quaked with the tread of feet.  
To-day the cannon; thunder loud;  
And yonder see the battle-cloud.

To-day earth's alter-steps are red  
With precious blood of heroes shed.  
Look on those swelling mounds that rise--  
These are a nation's sacrifice.

May it atone in God's just sight,  
And wash our garments snowy white.  
And kindle in the East a ray,  
The dawn of a broader, purer day!

### ACROSTICS.

The acrostic is used mostly by verdant bards and youthful schoolmistresses when writing to the idols of their hearts, for the purpose of indicating the name of the adored one along the outside wall of the verse. The following, however, on Benedict Arnold, the traitor, is worth giving, as it is said to have been written by his cousin, Oliver Arnold, and was formerly published in a London paper. It is one of the most severe comments ever passed upon the character of any man. There is scarcely a word but is fraught with the bitterest denunciation:

"Born for a curse to virtue and mankind,  
Earth's broadest realms can't show so black a  
mind;  
Night's sable veil your crimes can never hide;  
Each one, so great, would glut historic tide--  
Defunct, your cursed memory will live  
In all the glare that infamy can give;  
Curses of all ages will attend your name--  
TRAITORS alone will glory in your shame.

Almighty vengeance sternly waits to roll  
Rivers of sulphur on your treacherous soul;  
Nature looks back, with conscious error, sad,  
On such a tarnished blot that she has made,  
Let hell receive you, riveted in chains--  
Doomed to the hottest focus of its flames!"

## BEATRICE'S PUNISHMENT.

BY CAROLINE CONRAD.

"It can't be true, Beatrice."  
"What? that I am to marry Chauncy Bryan? It is as true as that you stand there, white with amazement. Why should I not marry him? Do you think I will give up all this luxury to which I am accustomed, when by marrying him I can keep it? I don't know how to be poor, and I don't mean to learn if I can help it."

Beatrice Delancy flung the heavy silk curtains away from the window with an impatient gesture, and stood looking out with her face turned quite away from her sister.  
It was a dainty place--that boudoir; the wall-tinted delicately, and hung with two or three exquisite pictures; the carpet like wood moss strewn with roses, and the windows glowingly draped with crimson silk. There were softly cushioned easy chairs, and inlaid tables variously littered; upon one an open jewel case, whose contents sparkled with rainbow lustre as the light struck them.

Beatrice Delancy fitted the apartment as much as it became her. Her morning dress of maroon, with quilted white facings, fell about her form in regal folds; and when she lifted those inky lashes from the slumberous lustre of the eyes, it was like a sudden flash of sunlight. She stood looking silently from the window, slowly turning upon her white forefinger a ring whose single stone seemed to look at her like an eye of fire.

A plainer ring lay upon the table, among the glitter. Clare's little hand trembled as she picked it up, glancing at the other, and crying:  
"Oh, sister! I would not have believed it of you."

Beatrice turned abruptly, her velvet cheek paling as she met the reproachful expression of Clare's sweet brown eyes, and let her own fall to the unpretending circlet that once had symbolized to her the perfection of earthly bliss--once, when the fond girl put it on her finger with passionate kisses. How would he receive the news of her falsity?

Clare caught the shadow thought on the beautiful face, and, like a good angel, glided near; she took Beatrice's hand in hers, and softly tried to exchange the diamond ring for the other.

But Beatrice repulsed her angrily, and then bending till the brightness of her sister's curling tresses touched the jetty darkness of her own, she said:  
"See her, Clara: I loved Sutton; if papa had not failed I should have been rich enough then in my own right to have kept my luxury all the same. We are both poor now; I could never be happy in poverty, even with him. So I have promised to be Chauncy Bryan's wife."

"And do you think you will be happy so?" Clare asked, indignantly.  
"Don't preach, Clara," Beatrice said, with a shrug of her graceful shoulders; "it is enough that I am satisfied."

Her eye sparkled as it fell on the jewel case.  
"Look you little censor! Did you ever see anything half so beautiful? It is Chauncy's betrothal gift."

Clare's lovely face flushed hotly as she caught the glitter of the costly gift reposing upon the velvet cushions of the jewel case.  
"You don't deserve the love of so noble a heart as Sutton Leigh's!" she said passionately. "Oh! why did he love one so incapable of appreciating him?"

"It is evident he will not have to look far for one to make amends to him for my obtuseness," Beatrice said sarcastically.  
Coloring deeply, but not replying, Clare rose and left the room.

Sutton Leigh had been out of town more than a month, and come back ignorant of much that had transpired during his absence.  
"Terrible smash-up, that of Delancy's, remarked a friend with whom he fell in company on the way to his hotel."  
"Smash-up--Delancy?" exclaimed Leigh, interrogatively, his heart thrilling at the name.

"Oh! haven't you heard! Complete tumble. The firm won't be able to pay twenty five cents on the dollar."  
Sutton sprung up stairs to his room, almost tearing open the door, in his frantic haste, and creating a most wonderful commotion when he got there, among various toilet apparatus--brushing and toweling and generally repairing the wear and tear which the journey had created in his person.

"Poor child," he soliloquized meanwhile, "I'll go right over. That's the reason I haven't heard. I'm glad I didn't tell anybody what I was going after when I went away. Little she suspects--the darling--what a surprise I have got in store for her. To think that Uncle Natch should drop off just now, and leave the graceless nephew he never set eyes on heir to his money. Poor old boy! I'd like to have him alive though, to see how happy it has made me--the money of course, he added with a laugh, as he donned his overcoat again and plunged down stairs and

away Beatrice-ward, still soliloquizing as he went.  
"I wonder how Delancy came to break. Maybe now, a hundred thousand or so would put him on his feet again. I'll sound Beatrice and if it will--"

The rest of the thought itself in a tingling of the door bell, as running up the steps he gave it an energetic pull.  
Clare Delancy opened the door for him--there was no servant to do it. She shrank, her face changing to snow in its pallor as she recognized him.

"Ah, Miss Clare, I am glad to see you," Sutton said, with frank cordiality, extending his hand.  
She gave him hers mechanically, and led the way to the parlor, unable to utter a word. The parlor was dismantled already of its sumptuous furnishing, indeed there had been a sale only the day before, of the house and its appurtenances; they were only staying in it on sufferance. Sutton's face changed as he saw.

"This way, if you please, Mr. Leigh," Clare managed to say presently, leading the way to what had formerly been the library, and which though stripped like the parlors, had a chair left for him to sit upon.  
Misinterpreting the pallor of Clare's face, he said kindly:

"I am very sorry this should have occurred during my absence from the city. How does Beatrice bear it?"  
Clare could almost hear the dropping of her own heart.

"Beatrice?" she stammered. "Is it possible you have not heard?"  
Sutton rose from his chair instantly.  
"Nothing has happened to her?" he asked, turning pale.

"Oh! Mr. Leigh, I am so sorry?" Clare cried.  
"Will you tell me what you mean?" he said.

Clare turned her face away.  
"Beatrice was married a week ago to Mr. Bryan!"  
"Married!" Sutton Leigh sat down with a sickly smile. "You are facetious this morning, Miss Clare."

"I thought you knew," she said, wringing her hands at sight of his appalled face. There is something so terrible in the sight a man so conquered by grief.  
"Can it be true?"  
"God knows I wish it were not, but it is."

Sutton Leigh sat many moments, neither moving nor speaking. The blow seemed to have stunned him. He went away presently, with a cold good morning to Clare, and as the door closed behind him she knelt by the chair he had quitted, sobbing vehemently.

Some vague doubt started up suddenly in Sutton's brain, and he turned back for its solution and saw her.  
"Miss Clare," he said with a start, "I hope these tears are not for me."  
She got up, blushing affrightedly, but unable to speak. Wringing her hand, she left the house.

Matters proved not quite so desperate with Mr. Delancy as had been first supposed. There was a terrible tangle somehow, which Gordian knot, very much to everybody's surprise, and especially to Mr. Delancy, Sutton Leigh came forward and dissolved, as Samson did his bonds. In an inexplicable manner Mr. Delancy found himself upon his feet again, with Sutton Leigh as a partner. Perhaps Sutton thought thus to heap coals of fire upon Beatrice's head, and possibly his generosity was a sort of offering to Clare's tears.

Beatrice heard, in the midst of her honeymoon, that the man she had loved, but jilted for his poverty, had turned out rich enough to lift the fallen firm of Delancy & Co. bodily, and place it on a stronger base than ever as Delancy & Leigh. It must have been pleasant news for her.

Mrs. Chauncy Bryan was home from her bridal trip, and queening it more imperiously than ever in the world of ton. Nobody set up such brilliant and unanswerable claims to bellefship as she. Chauncy Bryan, Esq., was very proud of his beautiful wife, which was a great deal more than she was of him.

He was a wonderfully dapper little man, something under five feet, trotting meekly in the wake of his magnificent lady, and always in such a sleek and unruined state of preservation as to give one the idea that madame kept him in a bandbox when not on exhibition. Sutton Leigh met her quietly enough. If either were agitated, it was not he.

Beatrice was enough affected by his composure, the seeming unconsciousness of his greeting, to long with a feverish desire to know if he had indeed banished her image so soon and easily from his heart. Beatrice Bryan could be as fascinating as Beatrice Delancy, she said to herself; and bent the dangerous lustre of her great, beautiful eyes upon her former lover.

Can any one wonder if Sutton Leigh, with his wounds so fresh thought within himself; "this woman who has wronged me so, loves me still: I will punish her."  
It was true. Beatrice loved him all the more because she was now forever severed from him; and he avoided her, or yielded apparently to the spells had lured him once, just enough to stir the woman's

passion for conquest and blow the old flame to a blaze that it would be strange if she passed through unscathed. Little she suspected how hateful she had grown to him, or how deep was the revenge he proposed tasting.

Sutton Leigh was strangely changed from the frank, genial young fellow he had been in "those days when she was his promised wife. Her falsehood and deceit, the heartlessness with which she had forsaken him, rankled in his bosom like poisoned arrows. He had lost all love for her: but he had been wounded in a vital part, his faith in women ruthlessly wrenched away from him, and he filled the void with thoughts of the atonement she should make for the wrong she had done. He taught Beatrice to thrill at the tones of his voice, as he had once at the sound of hers.

He taught those long, inky lashes to droop beneath the language of his glance, her hand to tremble upon his arm, and he tasted his revenge, drop-by-drop, finding possibly, in its sweetness compensation for the manhood he was bartering for the draught.

Clare Delancy had been ill at first a long time, and she from choice had absented herself from the gay circles her sister queened it over. But suddenly she resumed her position in society.

Sutton Leigh was glad to see her. She was the first woman he had been glad to see since the morning she told him Beatrice was married. Somehow, in the feverish bitterness that filled him now-a-days, this soft eyed Clare came like a dewy calm. It was like dreams of boyhood to watch her pure, pale face, and he felt always better for a touch of her cool, white, little hand.

Beatrice was fiercely jealous at once, and he did not like it. Though he had spared no pains to stir her jealousy of others, he shrank from having her feel so toward little Clare, the pure, fair child. She really seemed but a child to him.

Beatrice was passionately angry, and in the midst of the fierce tirade of reproach she poured out upon Clare, Sutton Leigh, through the awkwardness of a servant was shown into the parlor.

He was half way cross it before he at all comprehended what they were saying. Neither of the sisters had seen him and in a brief moment of irresolute hesitation that followed, he heard Clare's gentle but pained voice saying, in reply to the bitter sarcasm of Beatrice:

"It is not because I love him, Beatrice; or, if it is, it is because I love you too; because I would save you both. I know how little I am to him; how little any woman can be to him now. You have wronged him once beyond any righting; but now you are going the sure road to wrong you both beyond redemption. For your own sake, oh, Beatrice--"

Sutton Leigh had heard enough. All his pulses were tingling and his brain was dizzy as he turned toward the door. But in his haste and excitement he stumbled, and they saw him. Beatrice cried out, forcing his self possession then, he approached them.

Faint as death at the sight of him, and the fear of what he might have heard, Clare sank into a seat.  
Beatrice, after the first overwhelmed confusion, rallied and welcomed him cordially.

He scarcely glanced at her.  
"May I speak with Miss Clare alone?" he asked.

It was Beatrice's turn to feel faint. Her treacherous senses seemed really about to forsake her; but she sat still, a glittering desperado about her dark eyes. With a slight shrug of his shoulders, a faint but expressive lifting of his eyebrows, Sutton seemed to relinquish the point; and turning toward Clare, as though they were the only ones in the room, "Clare," he said, a great and sudden tenderness coming into his face; "Clare I love you. Will you be my wife?"

The frightened girl put up her hands with a vague gesture. He caught them between his.

"I love you," he said fervently.  
"I would have told you under different circumstances if I could have escaped from the room without your knowing I had been in it. Nay shrink not sweet Clare. I needed to hear the little I did to make me bold to tell you, of all women that more than I ever loved any other I love you. Beatrice was dead to me the moment I knew her to be the wife of another."

It was enough. Beatrice did not doubt him. It was not possible to doubt that look that time. Slowly, whitely, she glided out of the room. Clare had fainted. She had not been able to doubt either, and in the rapturated awe of the moment, her senses slipped away from her, and Sutton Leigh held her for the first time in his arms, as still and white, and apparently devoid of life as the marble Psyche in its niche behind her.

Lifting her, he carried her toward the open window.  
She opened her eyes soon, those soft, brown eyes whose sweet language Sutton Leigh had looked into blindly till now. Bending he touched her cheek with his lips reverently. As the color flushed into it, she drew herself gently but firmly away from him. Did she suspect how nearly he

had been unworthy of her? Standing so in that tremulous confusion, yet dignified; she said, with the blushes staining the very snow of her downcast eyelids:

"You will give me time, Mr. Leigh? I cannot answer you at once."  
"How much time?" he questioned, anxiously. "Why time, when--" he took her hand again.

"When you already know what you are to me?" she said, in a low abashed voice, but frankly, "for that very reason, I do not doubt you; but for the sake of all, lest you may not know yourself, give me time. I am going to travel with my mother, for her health. If when I return, you can still say what you have just said to me, my answer will be what it would be now, if I give it to you--yes."

"I could not ask any different terms, under the circumstances. I will try to deserve you by that time, Clare, as I have hitherto."

And when afterwards she became his wife, he did deserve her.

Widow Farrington has recently paid a visit to the menagerie, and thus relates her experience for the instruction of whom it may concern; "You see, my dears (that's her way of addressing all the world and the rest of mankind), I never was in such a Noah's ark of a place before, and naturally I was considerably frustrated and discomforted. There was the elephant, with his awful long prognosis, and the taper on the same plan, but couldn't hold a candle to him; and the juggler, or South American tiger, a tricky varmint; and the conder, and the Anna Conder, which I supposed to be the conder's sister, but it turned out to be a sarpanit; and the educated mule, that sartinly hedn't ben educated at a school where they taught manners; and the jappanned swine--Lord sakes! how they did smell of the varnish; and the painter, that was continually brushing from one side of his cage to the other; and the six-banded peccadillo, from South America; and the commoile of the African desert; and the gaysell, that I wanted to buy, but the price was redickalus; and the four performing quadruples, that Van Humbug went into the cage tew.

Oh, it was a remarkable expedition of the works of water, and well kallulated to teach the most onreflecting that we are all rightfully and wonderfully made!"

BLOWING OUT KEROSENE LAMPS.--The danger of blowing out kerosene or carbon oil lamps from the top is greater than people generally suppose. There are several instances on record where lives have been lost by the explosion of lamps from this practice. The following explanation of the causes that produce the explosion are worth considering and heeding:

First--The oil in the lamp is generally low, leaving more room for gas.

Second--The gas is very inflammable, and will always explode when ignited.

Third--In blowing the blaze down it ignites the gas.

The inference is, a lamp should never be blown out from the top. The wick may not perfectly fill the tube, and the flame may go down, when the gas comes up.

Fourth--The less oil in the lamp the greater danger.

A young New England mama, on the important occasion of making her little boy his first pair of colored trousers, conceived the idea that it would be more economical to make them of the same dimensions behind and before, so that they might be changed about and wear evenly; and so she fashioned them. Their effect, when donned by the little victim, was ludicrous in the extreme. Papa, at first sight of the baggy garments, "so fearfully and wonderfully made," burst into a fit of laughter, and exclaimed, "Oh, my dear, how could you have the heart to do it? Why, the poor little fellow won't know whether he's going to school or coming home."

The term "Brother Jonathan," which is applied to the United States, originated many years ago, in this wise: Connecticut possessed, during the Revolutionary War, an energetic Governor, Jonathan Trumbull. General Washington found him always prompt, and when there was a difficulty to solve, the General used to say, "We must consult Brother Jonathan on the subject." In course of time the phrase became a popular one, and Brother Jonathan is now consulted by pretty nearly the whole world.

Boys, remember that it costs nothing to be respectful and polite, not only to your superiors in age and wisdom, but all with whom you come in contact. Do not allow yourself to be outdone by the veriest beggar, be his complexion white or black. Politeness costs nothing, and you will find it a great help, as well as pleasure, in smoothing your way through a cold and heartless world.

"No man can do anything against his will," said a metaphysician. "Faith," said Pat, "I had a brother who went to the State Prison against his will--faith and he did."



The best place in this County to buy a First-Class Family Sewing Machine is at S. W. Epley's Tailor Shop, in this Village, where by calling you can see several different kinds in operation. v2n38tf

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THE NEWS

GENERAL LEE HAS SURRENDERED

General Robert E. Lee has surrendered his sword to the Lieutenant General commanding the armies of the United States. The rebel army of Northern Virginia, the most powerful force ever opposed to the authority of the government, has ceased to exist. The rebellion has ended. The sun in his course on this blessed tenth of April, 1865, beholds a Union restored, inseparable, indivisible, eternal! The news received in this city after 10 o'clock Sunday evening awoke the wildest enthusiasm. Crowds of people thronged the streets in front of the Tribune office and Tremont House, shouting the glad tidings, which were caught up by the Court House bell and borne to distant parts of the city, while rockets sped aloft conveying the intelligence that a great victory had been achieved for the cause of Freedom and the Union. Minnie's hymn was chanted with fervent joy by thousands of loyal hearts: "Sing unto the Lord, for He hath triumphed gloriously; the horse and the rider He hath thrown into the sea."

So long as Gen. Lee's army had a collective existence, we could not say that the war was ended. This fact was impressed on every mind, and none so strongly as on that of Lieut. Gen. Grant. Hence the splendid movements at Petersburg were preceded by an equally brilliant flank march by the cavalry and the 5th corps, under Major General Sheridan, cutting off the remnant of the rebel army from Danville and the South. Hemmed in by Sheridan and the Appomattox river on the one side, by Meade on another, by Hancock on another, and by Thomas on the fourth, the destruction of that army was only a question of time. The celerity of Gen. Grant's movements has merely precipitated the surrender. Johnston's army, with Sherman in his front and Grant in his rear, must now dissolve like the baseless fabric of a vision, or surrender to the victorious armies of the Union. The great rebellion has ended! Glory to God in the highest; peace on earth and good will toward men!—Chicago Tribune 10th.

The following correspondence shows on what conditions the surrender was made. APPOMATTOX COURT-HOUSE, April 9, 1865. Gen. R. E. Lee, commanding C. S. A.: In accordance with the substance of my letter to you of the 8th inst., I propose to receive the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia on the following terms, to wit: Rolls of all the officers and men to be made in duplicate, one copy to be given to the officer designated by me, the other to be retained by such officers as you may designate; the officers to give their individual paroles not to take arms against the Government of the United States until properly exchanged, and each company or regimental commander to sign a like parole for the men of their commands. The arms, artillery, and public property to be packed and stacked and turned over to the officer appointed by me to receive them. This will not embrace the side arms of the officers nor their private horses or baggage. This done, each officer and man will be allowed to return to their homes, not to be disturbed by the United States authority so long as they observe their parole and the laws in force where they may reside.

Very respectfully,  
U. S. GRANT, Lieut. Gen.  
HEADQUARTERS ARMY NORTHERN VIRGINIA,  
9th April, 1865.  
Lieut. Gen. U. S. Grant, Commanding U. S. A. GENERAL—I have received your letter of this date, containing the terms of the surrender of the Army of Northern Virginia, as proposed by you. As they are substantially the same as those expressed in your letter of the 8th inst., they are accepted. I will proceed to designate the proper officers to carry the stipulations into effect.

Very resp'y, your obt' servant,  
R. E. Lee, General.  
The number of men surrendered by Lee to Gen. Grant is placed at 22,000. The amount of artillery was small. Five hundred rebel cannon have fallen into the hands of General Grant. The rebels, in evacuating Petersburg and Richmond, destroyed 1,300 hogheads of tobacco. By the fires in Richmond, from 1,000 to 1,200 buildings were destroyed. General Shepley has been relieved of the Military Government of the city, which position was filled by General Weitzel.

The work of reducing Mobile is progressing rapidly and successfully. The rebels have been driven into their works and partially invested. Gen. Steele has cut their railroad communications, captured a rebel General, and some prisoners, and is marching on Blakely to flank the rebel position.

Latest advices from the cavalry expedition under Stoneman, report his arrival at, and capture of the town of Boone, in western North Carolina. The force was evidently en route for Salisbury, about sixty miles distant, which place has, there is probably been reached.

Mosby's guerrillas following the example of Lee have thrown down their arms, and without waiting to be paroled have gone to their respective homes. Everywhere the rebellion is breaking up.

Seima, Ala., one of the centres of rebel supplies in the Gulf States, is reported to have been captured and burned by General Wilson's cavalry expedition.

Advices from Goldsboro, N. C., of the 6th inst., report Raleigh evacuated by the rebels: Joe Johnston's army, which is much demoralized, is fortifying on Tar river.

Jeff. Davis arrived at Danville a week ago, with three dilapidated trunks. He will, it is said, make an attempt to establish his Government at Charlotte, N. C. General Stoneman has struck the railroad between Danville and Greensboro, cutting off Johnston's escape from Sherman.

Parson Brownlow was inaugurated Governor of Tennessee on the 5th inst., and the Legislature of that State has ratified the slavery abolishing amendment to the national Constitution.

An attempt was made to burn the city of Newbern a few days since, which failed through the prompt action of the Fire Department and citizens. Several buildings stored with forage were fired, and also the bridge over the Neuse.

Henry S. Foote, late Senator in the rebel Congress, arrived at New York Thursday, in the steamer Etna. He attempted to escape Seward's passport law, but failed, and is now in jail.

The Navy Department has received intelligence of the capture of two blockade runners off Florida, with valuable cargoes. A Peace reports continue to come over the wire. Hunter and Campbell, members of the recent rebel peace commission, remained in Richmond after the evacuation, and had interviews with Mr. Lincoln, who, it is said, will issue a proclamation of amnesty on the 14th instant, and in the event of Lee's surrender will, at the same time, call an extra session of Congress.

The Maryland Legislature has repealed nearly all of the old acts of that State, oppressive to the colored population, which used to be so cruelly enforced. Among them were the laws prohibiting meetings of negroes for religious purposes, unless conducted by a white person; prohibiting navigation of vessels by negroes; and prohibiting negroes from keeping a dog or a gun without a license.

THE UNIVERSITY OF MICHIGAN.—The Annual Commencement exercises of the Law and Medical departments took place on Wednesday, March 29th. The degree of Bachelor of Laws was conferred on 80 of the Law class, and that of Doctor of Medicine, on 70 of the Medical class. President Haven delivered the address to the first class. Dr. Pitcher addressed the graduates of the Medical department. The Institution is in a very flourishing condition, having a larger number of students than in any former year. During the last session, there were 417 students in the Medical, and 258 in the Law class—a larger number than were in attendance at any similar schools in the United States. The citizens of Michigan may well be proud of their University.

President Lincoln, in reply to an address from the Bureau of Employment of the Protective War Claim Association, No. 35, of which General Scott is President, expresses himself heartily in favor of recognizing the paramount claims of discharged or partially disabled soldiers and sailors, for such offices as may be in the gift of the Government. He promises to recommend the heads of departments to remember the claims of the veterans in their appointments to office, and intimates that he will set a good example in this respect.

NEARLY TWO THOUSAND REBEL GUNS CAPTURED IN EIGHT MONTHS.—The Secretary of War in his recent report stated that 1,141 pieces of arms have been furnished to the Union arms by the Ordnance Department during the fiscal year. From August 8th to February 22nd, we wrested from the enemy 1,301 light and heavy guns. Add to this number six hundred captured by Sherman and Grant in their late movements, and we have 1,900 cannon secured from the rebels in eight months' time, or 700 more than are required to meet the demands of our own forces during a year's time.

RICHMOND!

From the Chicago Evening Journal, 4th. "CITY POINT, April 3—11 a. m. To E. M. Stanton: General Weitzel telegraphs as follows: 'We took Richmond at 8:15 this morning. I captured many guns. The enemy left in great haste. The city is on fire in one place. I am making every effort to put it out. The people receive us with enthusiastic expressions of joy.' 'General Grant started early this morning with the army, toward the Danville Road, to cut off Lee's retreating army, if possible. 'President Lincoln has gone to the front: 'T. S. BOWERS, A. A. G.'

On the 29th of April, 1861, the rebel Congress met for the first time at Montgomery, Alabama, in accordance with a proclamation from the insurgent President of the so-called Confederate States. On the 21st of May, 1861, the rebel Congress adjourned to meet in Richmond, Virginia, on the 20th of July following.

On the 22d of May, Howell Cobb, the President of the rebel Congress, said in a public speech at Atlanta, Georgia: 'Last night we adjourned to meet in Richmond on the 20th of July. I will tell you why we did this. The Old Dominion, as you know, has at last shaken off the bonds of Lincoln and joined her noble Southern sisters. Her soil is to be the battle-ground, and her streams are to be dyed with Southern blood.'

These words, we have no doubt, were intended to be taken as *ex-cathedra*, and as an official enunciation of the military policy of the insurgent chiefs. Read in the light of subsequent events, the language we have italicized is a prophecy which has had a frightfully literal, and literally frightful, fulfillment. The sequel proves what we have all along suspected, that the military policy of the enemy has been, keep all if we can, but Richmond at the risk of everything else. And from the fall of Richmond, coming as it does after the fall of almost every other considerable city of the insurrectionary district, we may draw what conclusions we choose as to the time of the death and the burial of the "Confederacy." But to the history.

On Saturday, the 20th of July, 1861, the insurgent Congress assembled in Richmond for the first time, and according to adjournment. And on that date, and by that act, the city of Richmond was publicly and defiantly inaugurated as the capital and seat of Government of the "Confederacy." Immediately all eyes all the world over were turned upon it, and immediately it becomes the grand chief goal to be acquired by one army, and required by the other. Other points were of more strategic consequence, but none had the momentous moral bearing of Richmond. Other cities were larger and richer, more offensive in their history and in the behavior of their inhabitants; but only the city of Richmond it was whose insurrectionary defiance was clothed with all official sanction, and surrounded with "the pomp and circumstance of civil and august authority. By friend and foe and foreigner it was regarded as standing for and containing in itself all that was morally important and vitally essential to the slaveholders' enterprise. If we capture Nashville, we are pointed to Richmond. If Vicksburg falls, we are told that Richmond stands. If New Orleans is taken, we are taunted with the query, Why don't you take Richmond? If we conquer the Valley of the Mississippi, we hear that Richmond remains to be conquered. If we but the "Confederacy" in twain and trample out its bowels under the heels of our braves, bringing back Savanilla to its old allegiance, there is Richmond, yet, we are sneeringly informed. If Charleston, the very Babylon of the Great of the damnable audacity, succumbs, we are told that Richmond has not yet succumbed. If Wilmington gives way, and the last crack that carries sea-air ventilation into the foul house of ill-fame is sealed up forever, we are reminded that Richmond is greater than Wilmington, and is still intrepidly defended. If "the stars in our country's sky" float again over Fort Sumter and command the entire coast, we are told even then to look upon the flag with the bars that flaunts from the court house in Richmond.

And so let names of cities and of citadels, of battle-fields and of sieges, fly ever so thick and fast and noisy, the name of the city of Richmond is uppermost and foremost. It crowds all others into insignificance, and drowns all others in its boisterous pretensions. It is "the symbol of the Confederacy," says the Richmond Examiner.

Its loss would be material ruin to the cause, and, in a moral point of view, absolutely destructive, crushing the heart and extinguishing the last hope of the country. Our armies would lose the incentive inspired by a great and worthy object of defense. Our military policy would be totally at sea; we should be without a hope or an object; without civil or military organization; without a treasury or a commissariat; without the means of keeping alive a wholesome and active public sentiment, without any of the appliances for supporting a cause depending upon a popular faith and enthusiasm, without the emblems or the semblance of nationality. "From the hour of giving up the seat of Government, our cause would sink into a mere rebellion in the estimation of foreign powers, who would cease to accord to us the rights of belligerents."

"Once gained by a power having command of the water, it could never, under any contingency, be recovered by the Confederacy."

Such, in brief, is a delineation of what Richmond amounts to in the estimation of those who have held it for four years, lacking only about two months. It was, their capital, their "symbol," their "vital point," their head, their heart, their hope, their all. It was, indeed, the "backbone of the rebellion," in the judgment of the rebels, and in the judgment of the military world. It was the very marrow and fatness of the slaveholders' pestiferous and infernal insurrection. Slavery leaped upon it. Every owner of a woman in all the "sunny" clime, looked to it as the last hope of his "peculiar" traffic. The Quantrells, the Kennedys, the Bealls, and the

Sue Mundys, with Jeff. Davis' "commission" in their pockets, and the commission of Davis' deeds of arson, rapine and massacre in the hearts and hands, turned for inspiration and incitement to their "symbol" city. Despotism leaned upon it. Every tyrant, and every autocrat, and every aristocrat, who hates humanity, and despises the people, and grinds the faces of the poor—has bowed him down to abject reverence for the four years past whenever he has thought of his "vital point" on the James, and has telegraphed the Prince of Darkness every few minutes to save his "capital," if he can, for his salvation would be the saving of all that slave-mongers count valuable, and it would be the damnation of everything that is dear to Davis and the Devil! This is Richmond. That is what they have lost in the loss of it, and what we have gained in the conquest of it, for

RICHMOND IS OURS AGAIN! The only right and true "Peace Commissioners" are—"through the lines" at last. Light breaks! It is the dawning of the morning of the day of our deliverance. Hallelujah!

Praise God from whom all blessings flow, Praise Him all creatures here below, Praise Him above, ye Heavenly host, Praise Father, Son and Holy Ghost!

GLEANINGS.—The aggregate damage through the State of Pennsylvania by the late freshet is estimated at \$10,000,000.

A female employe in the Treasury Department, at Washington, has been arrested for stealing fractional currency.

The Pension Bureau during March granted 2,590 pensions to the widows, mothers and minors, and rejected 100.

A soldier's widow, by marrying again, forfeits all her pensions, from the date of her marriage, and if she again becomes a widow, she cannot resume them.

The tree under which Grant and Pemberton held the interview which resulted in the capitulation of Vicksburg has disappeared, foot branch, trunk and all, carried off by souvenir hunters.

Since Sherman's capture of Savannah, two hundred and sixty steamships and steamers, fifteen ships, eight brigs and sixty-six schooners have entered that port.

The damage by the freshet at Elmira, New York, was over \$1,000,000. The flood washed away part of the fence inclosing the grounds where the rebel prisoners are confined, and some of the "Johnnies" were well wet before they were rescued.

Indiana is considerably excited over a boy named Arthur McKnight, nineteen years of age, who is delivering lectures before the Y. M. C. A. on the most abstract questions, and is pronounced a marvel of eloquence and wisdom. Great crowds go to listen to him.

Two guerrillas named Enoch Downs, and John Hedges, were hung at Louisville on Thursday last. They were tried by a military commission on the 1st, found guilty and punished.

There is a rumor that the Chicago Post has been purchased by the recently chartered "Republican Publishing Company" and will after the 1st prox. be issued as a Republican morning paper in opposition to the Tribune.

The New York Commercial Advertiser thinks that the Falls of Niagara are not half so interesting and important to the American people as the falls of Savannah, Charleston, Wilmington, Petersburg and Richmond, and the still greater fall of the rebel Confederacy.

The Missouri State Convention has finished its labors, framed a new Constitution, and provided for a vote upon it in June, in which the soldiers are to participate. If ratified, the new charter goes into operation July 4.

A Christian Church has been established at Salt Lake City, greatly to the indignation of Brigham Young, and the saints. Services were first held on the 22nd of January. It is under the protection of the military authorities.

From Richmond to Burkesville Junction is 53 miles; from Richmond to Danville, 140 miles; from Richmond to Lynchburg, 158 miles; Sherman's position at Goldsboro is 140 miles south of Petersburg.

In April, 1861, says the Herald, Mrs. Jeff. Davis was promised an early visit to the White House at Washington; in April, 1865, Mrs. Lincoln, in a journey to Richmond, returns the promised call, and finds Mrs. Davis "not at home"—gone, perhaps to Washington. Such is life.

Hon. Schuyler Colfax, late speaker of the House of Representatives, is now on a visit to Chicago. He designs starting about the first of May on a journey across the plains to the Pacific, stopping some time by the way in Colorado and Utah. He will go to California, Oregon and Puget's Sound, making as complete a tour as possible of the Pacific coast regions.

At a mass meeting in Brooklyn, to celebrate the victories, Rev. Dr. Willets told this story: "In a Sunday School the other day, while the recitation of verses of scripture was in progress, a little lad suddenly exclaimed: 'I know a verse!' He was desired to recite it, and did so thus: 'If any one attempts to haul down the American flag, shoot him on the spot.' And that, said the speaker, 'is the gospel according to General Dix.'"

uated with honors which have been brightening ever since.

An army correspondent of the New York World writes that the fall of Richmond was announced by Gen. Grant about two weeks previous to the event, and that he advised his friends to be on hand to witness the great spectacle. One of these letters was addressed to President Lincoln, who, upon the faith of it, took the pretext of a pleasure trip, and came down to City Point with Secretary Seward and a retinue of foreign Ministers, to participate in the great triumph of our armies.

New Advertisements.

NEW BOOKS.—FOR SALE

by all BOOKSELLERS and NEWSDEALERS.—AGENTS WANTED, Alone or Female, to sell these Publications. A rare opportunity offered to all who are out of employment to accumulate a small competency. Send for conditions to Agents. OLD ABE'S JOKES, A rare book, fresh from Abraham's bosom, containing all of his issues excepting the Greenbacks. Price 40 Cents. THE LIFE OF ABRAHAM LINCOLN, from the Cradle to the White House. 130 pages. Price 25 Cents. THE LIFE OF MAJOR-GENERAL U. S. GRANT. 100 pages. Price 25 Cents. THE LIFE OF GENERAL P. H. SHERIDAN, the Hero of the "Shenandoah." 100 pages. Price 25 Cents. THE LIFE OF GENERAL W. T. SHERMAN, the Hero of Atlanta. 100 pages. Price 25 Cents. THE LIFE OF GEO. B. MCCLELLAN, the Hero of Antietam. 100 pages. Price 25 Cents. THE SILVER SPRING, A new Sabbath-School Songster. (This Book will be furnished to Sabbath-Schools at 10 dollars per hundred.) Price 25 Cents. BALLADS OF THE WAR.—A rich collection of rare War Songs. 64 pages. Price 10 Cents. BALLADS OF THE SOUTH.—A rare curiosity, containing nearly 100 Rebel War Songs. Price 10 Cents. INCIDENTS OF AMERICAN CAMP LIFE. 108 pages. Price 15 Cents.

NEW NOVELS.—The cheapest

published in this Country. All fresh from the pens of our most talented Authors: THE TWO RIVALS, or, Man and Money. Price, 10 Cents. DARE-DEVIL DICK, or The Curse of Gold. Price, 10 Cents. THE FREEBOOTER'S PRIZE.—A Tale of the Ocean. 60 pages. Price, 10 Cents. SPEAKING RIFLE, the Indian Slayer. Price, 10 Cents. SPIRIT EYE, the Indian Captive. Price, 10 Cents. MERCEDES, the Outlaw's Child.—A tale of California. Price, 15 Cents. NORMA DANTON, or The Children of the Lighthouse. 80 pages. Price, 15 Cents. JUSTINA, the Avenger.—A Tale of the City of New York. Price, 15 Cents. THE MAD BARD.—An English Story. Price, 15 Cents.

DAWLEY'S WAR NOVELS.

Being all founded on facts of the present rebellion, over 250,000 Copies of which have already been sold. No. 1.—BLACK HOBBS, the Guerrilla.—The records of Newgate do not show in the life of any highwayman more incidents of adventures, daring or brutality than have been chronicled in the career of Mosby. Price, 25 Cents. No. 2.—PAULINE, the Female Spy.—The Heroine of this novel is a real character, and her hair-breadth escapes, her schemes and intrigues make this book one of the most exciting of the War. Price, 25 Cents. No. 3.—SEMES, the Pirate.—Being the truthful adventures of this well known Corsair. Price, 25 Cents. No. 4.—KILLDARE, the Black Scout. Price, 25 Cents. LIVINGSTON AGAINST ROBUCK, or Criminal Life in New York.—A book to interest any one. Price, 25 Cents. THE AMERICAN LADY'S COOKERY BOOK. The most complete book on Cooking ever published. Price \$1.75. THE AMERICAN SYSTEM OF COOKERY. 132 pages. Price, 25 Cents. DAWLEY'S THREE-PENNY TOY BOOKS. Twelve kinds, containing 60 Pictures and 50 Stories, adapted to the minds of the little ones. Pretty little Books for rewards of merit. Post-paid by mail at. . . . 30 Cents per Dozen.

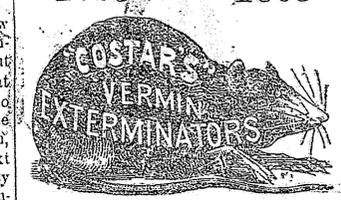
Ask any Bookseller or Newsdealer for any of the above publications; if he has not got them, he will get them for you, or they will be mailed postpaid on receipt of price. Address: T. R. DAWLEY, n49m4] Publisher, 13 & 15 Park Row, N. Y.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—By virtue

of a license to me, the undersigned administrator on the estate of John Emmons, deceased, granted by the Probate Court of Berrien county, in the State of Michigan, on the 10th day of April, A. D. 1865, authorizing and empowering me to sell real estate of said deceased to pay the debts and expenses of said estate, notice is hereby given that on Monday the 29th day of May next, at noon on said day, on the premises to be sold, in the township of Bertrand, I will sell at public auction to the highest and best bidder, the north half of the northwest quarter and lots number three and four, all in section twenty-three (23) town eight (8) south of range eighteen (18) west; also the southwest quarter of the southeast quarter and the south half of the southeast quarter of section fifteen (15), town eight (8) south of range eighteen (18) west, except the widow's dower therein described, as follows:—Beginning 50 links west of the quarter section on the north boundary of section twenty-three (23), town eight (8) south of range eighteen (18) west, thence north 89 1/2 degrees west on north boundary of said section 23, 19.86 chains, thence south 14.90 chains, to centre of Chicago road, thence north 82 1/2 degrees east, in middle of road, 8.15 chains, thence south 36 chains to the State line, thence east on State line, 10.88 chains, thence north to centre of Chicago road, thence south 82 1/2 degrees east, 4.70 chains, thence north 84 1/2 degrees east, in centre of road, 17.06 chains to place of beginning, containing 60 acres more or less; also 5 acres of the east part of the south half of the southeast quarter of the southeast quarter of section fifteen (15), town eight (8) south of range eighteen (18) west. Terms of Sale.—One half cash down and the balance in two equal annual payments, with annual interest, secured by mortgage on the premises sold. LEWIS V. BAKER, April 13, 1865. [49w7-pd] Administrator.

DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. WM. REMINGTON, RESIDENT DENTIST. TAKES PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE citizens of Buchanan and vicinity that he has permanently located in this village, and is in perfect readiness to execute all work in his line with a SKILLFUL AND EFFICIENT HAND, and hopes, as heretofore, to receive a Liberal Share of Patronage. Buchanan, Feb. 24th, 1864.



"18 years established in N. Y. City." "Only infallible remedies known." "Free from Poisons." "Not dangerous to the Human Family." "Rats come out of their holes to die."

Costar's Rat, Roach, &c., Exter's.

Is a paste—used for Rats, Mice, Roaches, Black and Red Ants, &c., &c., &c. Costar's Bed-Bug Exterminator, is a liquid or wash, used to destroy, and also a preventive for Bed-Bugs, &c. Costar's Electric Powder for Insects, is for Moths, Mosquitoes, Flies, Bed-Bugs, Insects on Plants, Fowls, Animals, &c. Sold by all Druggists and Retailers everywhere. Beware!!! of all worthless imitations. See that "Costar's" name is on each Box, Bottle, and Flask, before you buy. HENRY R. COSTAR, PRINCIPAL DEPOT, 432 BROADWAY, N. Y. Sold by OSBORN & HOWE, Buchanan, Mich.

1865.

INCREASE OF RATS.—The Farmer's Gazette (English) asserts and proves by figures that one pair of rats will have a progeny and descendants no less than 651,050 in three years. Now, unless this immense family can be kept down, they would consume more food than would sustain 55,000 human beings. See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

RATS versus BIRDS.—Whoever engages in shooting small birds is a cruel man; whoever aids in exterminating rats is a benefactor. We should like some of our correspondents to give us the benefit of their experience in driving out these pests. We need something besides dogs, cats, and traps for this business.—Scientific American, N. Y. See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

COSTAR'S RAT EXTERMINATOR is simple, safe, and sure—the most perfect Rat-ification meeting we have ever attended. Every Rat that can get it, properly prepared according to directions, will eat it, and every one that eats it will die, generally at some place as distant as possible from where the medicine was taken.—Lake Shore Fish, Huron. See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

1865.

A VOICE FROM THE FAR WEST.—Speaking of "Costar's" Rat, Roach, &c., Exterminator—"more grain and provisions are destroyed annually in Grant County by vermin than would pay for tons of this Rat and Insect Killer."—Lancaster, Wis., Herald. See "Costar's" advertisement in this paper.

NEW SKIRT FOR 1865.

THE GREAT INVENTION OF THE AGE IN

HOOP SKIRTS.

J. W. BRADLEY'S New Patent DUPLEX ELIPTIC (or double) SPRING SKIRT. WEST'S BRADLEY & GARY, (late J. & J. O. West), SOLE PROPRIETORS and MANUFACTURERS, 97 Chambers and 79 & 81 Rensselaer streets, New York. THIS INVENTION consists of DUPLEX (or two) Elliptic Steel Springs, ingeniously Braided Tightly and Firmly together, edge to edge, making the toughest, most flexible Elastic and Durable Spring ever used. They seldom Bend or Break like the Single Springs, and consequently Preserve their Perfect and Beautiful Shape Twice as Long as any other Skirt. The WONDERFUL FLEXIBILITY and Great Comfort and pleasure to any Lady wearing the Duplex Elliptic Skirt will be experienced, particularly in all Crowded Assemblies, Operas, Carriages, Railroad Cars, Church Pews, Arm Chairs, for Promenade and House Dress, as the Skirt can be folded, when in use, to occupy a small place as easily as a Silk or Muslin Dress. A Lady having enjoyed the pleasure, comfort, and great convenience of wearing the "Duplex Elliptic Steel Spring Skirt" for a single day, will never afterwards willingly dispense with their use. For Children, Misses, and Young Ladies, they are Superior to all others. They are the Best Quality in Every Part, and unquestionably the Lightest, Most Desirable, Comfortable, and Economical Skirt Ever Made. FOR SALE in all First-Class Stores throughout the United States, and Canada, Havana de Cuba, Mexico, South America, and the West Indies. Inquire for the DUPLEX ELIPTIC SKIRT.

For Sale.

LOTS 13, 14, 15, 19; and 20, with dwelling house and machine shop, situated on Oak street and known as the Chandler property. Also one 5-horse power portable engine. The above property will be sold reasonable. For further particulars, inquire of 496 Buchanan, April 12, '65. J. M. ALBERT.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.—By virtue

of a license to me, the undersigned administrator on the estate of Alexander Curran, deceased, granted by the Probate Court of Berrien county, in the State of Michigan, on the 20th day of March, A. D. 1865, authorizing and empowering me to sell real estate of said deceased to pay the debts and expenses of said estate, notice is hereby given that on Saturday the 6th day of May next, at noon on said day, in front of the Post Office, in the village of Buchanan, in said county of Berrien, I will sell at public auction, to the highest and best bidder, the individual lots of the following described land, situated in the township of Vegawag, county of Berrien, State of Michigan, described as follows:—To wit: Commencing one hundred and thirty rods north of the southeast corner of the northwest quarter of section seven, in township No. seven south of range nineteen west, running north thirty rods to the north line of said section seven, thence west thirty-six rods on said north line, thence a southeasterly direction to the place of beginning, containing four acres more or less. March 22nd, 1865. J. M. RUSSELL, Administrator.

**WEEKLY UNION**  
 A weekly publication, containing news, notices, and advertisements. Published by J. H. Roe & Co. at Buchanan, Mich.

**LECTURE.—Rev. J. H. Roe**  
 will lecture on temperance on next evening, at the Christian Church in this village. Let there be a full attendance.

**New Goods.—J. H. Roe & Co.** have just received a large stock of new goods, bought since the fall of Richmond, which they announce to sell cheaper than any other firm in this county. See their advertisement.

**HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL.**—Upon our third page may be found an advertisement for this valuable liniment. If there is a family within the range of our voice that has never tried it they should do so at once. It will perform all it is published to. For sale by Osborn & Howe.

**DEEDS & MORTGAGES.**—Go to E. A. Ross's office to get your Deeds & Mortgages made out on short notice and upon reasonable terms. All business pertaining to his office done promptly and correctly, or no charge.

**BALLOU'S DOLLAR MONTHLY.**—The May number of this valuable publication, with its original and interesting table of contents, has been received. We regard Ballou as one of the best, as well as one of the cheapest magazines published. The illustrated historical sketches which always appear upon its first pages can be found in no other work of the kind. These, together with its great variety of light reading, make it indeed an interesting book. Published by Elliott, Thomas & Talbot, Boston, Mass., at \$1.50 per year.

**PETERSON'S MAGAZINE.**—Already the May number of Peterson's Ladies' Magazine is at hand. We can hardly express its beauty and interest. The steel engraving, entitled "Wild Flowers," makes one think how sweet it is to gather the early wild flowers in the beautiful month of May, and dream of pleasant and happy hours in the wildwood, when birds are flitting on tiny wings from branch to branch, and warbling their sweet songs to the gentle breeze. The colored fashion plate is very rich and useful, while the other illustrations are choice and well designed. The reading matter in this number, as well as former numbers, is highly interesting. Certainly no lady should be without this Magazine. Now is the time to make up clubs. Terms, \$2.00 a year. Three copies, \$5; four, \$6; eight, \$10; fourteen, \$20. Published by Chas. J. Peterson, 306 Chestnut street, Philadelphia, Pa.

**It is our decided opinion** that among all the physicians making old complaints a special treatment none has accomplished more than Dr. V. C. Price, the Analytical physician. He understands the human system, the causes of disease and their cure. He has had many years experience in the treatment of chronic diseases and has profited by it, learned by many examinations to locate the spot where disease has concentrated its efforts, and to prescribe the right means to cure. No physician can cure all cases but we know Dr. Price cures the majority that comes under his treatment, and has relieved many who have despaired of a recovery. We are satisfied that those who treat with Dr. Price will be in safe and competent hands, and will not be trifled with. Dr. Price receives patients at Niles on Tuesday, the 25th of April—office, Bond House; at LaPorte, Sunday and Monday, 30th of April and 1st of May—office at the Parker House.

**THE NEW U. S. STAMP DUTIES FOR 1865.**—Messrs. T. B. Peterson & Brothers, 306 Chestnut Street, Philadelphia, Pa., have just issued a new card, containing the official list of the "New Stamp Duties," imposed by the Act of Congress of March 3rd, 1865. This card will be found very convenient for reference by all, and should be at the side of every store-keeper, merchant, manufacturer, broker, attorney, or any man of business, as it shows at a glance the amount of stamp duty or tax duty to be paid on everything in every-day business, as well as the provisions of the Act, Exemptions and Penalties of the Law. It is entirely different from the old Stamp Duties, and this card is copyrighted, and is the only correct and official edition published. Price 15 Cents a copy, or three copies for 30 cents; \$1.00

a dozen; \$8.00 a hundred; \$18.75 for 250 copies, at 7 1/2 cents each; \$33.75 for 500 copies, or 6 3/4 cents each; \$60 for 1,000 copies, or 6 cents each. Net cash with order. Consumers to pay transportation. Canvassers and Peddlers wanted everywhere to engage in its sale. Send for circular, containing instructions. Orders solicited.

**Proceedings of the Village Board of Trustees.**

At a meeting of the President and Trustees of the village of Buchanan, held at the office of the Clerk, April 12th, 1865.  
 Present.—Mr. N. B. Collins, President; Messrs. Alexander, Pears, Miller, Totten, and Treat, Trustees.  
 On motion of L. P. Alexander, Resolved, That the Marshal be directed to repair the old grave-yard fence, forthwith. Carried.  
 On motion the Board adjourned until Wednesday evening, April 19th, 1865.  
 E. A. ROSS, Clerk.

**WANTED.**

At the residence of the bride's mother, in the township of Buchanan, on Sunday, April 9th, 1865, by E. A. Ross, Esq., Mr. HARRISON BARNHOUSE and Miss ISABELLE DRAGOO.  
 On the 26th of March, 1865, in Galien township, by the Rev. Thomas S. Webster, Mr. ISALAH SWENN and Miss ELIZA E. DARLING.  
 On the 2nd day of April, 1865, by the same, Mr. FRANCIS P. SHEAD and Miss MARY J. HATFIELD, both of LaPorte county, Ind.

**MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.**

ALL PASSENGER AND FREIGHT TRAINS on the Michigan Central Railroad, which stop at Buchanan, will leave the station as follows on and after Monday, March 13th, 1865.

**TRAINS EASTWARD.**

Day Express	9:30 A. M.
Evening Express	9:05 P. M.
Way Freight	11:10 A. M.

**TRAINS WESTWARD.**

Day Express	7:25 P. M.
Night	8:30 A. M.
Through Freight	10:20
Way Freight	2:50 P. M.

R. N. RICE, Gen'l Supt.

**CHURCH DIRECTORY.**

Preaching at the Advent Church in the forenoon and evening of every second and fourth Sabbath of each month, by D. R. and M. S. Mansfield.  
 At the Methodist Episcopal Church, in the forenoon and evening of every Sabbath, by Rev. J. Fowler.  
 At the Christian Church every Sabbath at 10 o'clock a. m. and 7 o'clock p. m. by Rev. Wm. M. Roe.  
 At the Presbyterian Church every Sabbath at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, and early candle light in the evening, by Rev. Wm. Fuller.  
 At 10 o'clock a. m., on the first and third Sabbath of every month, by Rev. J. W. R. Lister, at the Advent Chapel.  
 At the United Brethren church every other Sabbath, by Rev. N. Castle.

**BUCHANAN PRICES CURRENT.**

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY DUNCAN & WELCH, DEALERS IN GROCERIES, PROVISIONS, &c., &c., IN REDDEN'S NEW BRICK STORE, ONE DOOR EAST OF 'GOTTEN & ESTES', MAIN STREET, BUCHANAN, MICH.

Wheat, red, per bushel	1 80
Wheat, white, per bushel	1 40
Corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	55
Flour, red, per barrel	9 00
Flour, white, per barrel	9 50
Salt, fine, per barrel	4 00
Salt, coarse, per barrel	3 50
Beans, per bushel	2 00
Hay, per ton	18 00@20 00
Wood, per cord	3 00@4 00
Dried Peaches, peeled per pound	35
Dried Peaches unpeeled per lb.	20
Dried Apples per pound	11@12
Chickens, per pound	12
Eggs, per dozen	12
Cheese, per pound	20
Lard, per pound	20
Tallow, per pound	12
Butter, per pound	25@28
Potatoes, per bushel	60
Apples, per bushel	1 00@1 25
Hides, green, per pound	6
Hides, dry, per pound	12

**NILES MARKET REPORT.**

CORRECTED WEEKLY BY OZIAS & COWLES, WHOLESALE AND RETAIL DEALERS IN GROCERIES AND PROVISIONS, FLOUR, FEED, &c.; ALSO PRODUCE AND COMMISSION MERCHANTS; TWO DOORS WEST OF THE POST-OFFICE, SOUTH SIDE OF MAIN STREET, NILES, MICH.

Wheat, red, per bushel	1 10
Wheat, white, per bushel	1 20
Corn, per bushel	70
Oats, per bushel	50
Potatoes, per bushel	50
Beans, per bushel	2 00
Flour, red, per barrel	7 50
Flour, white, per barrel	8 50
Salt, fine, per barrel	2 75
Salt, dairy, per barrel	7 50
Water Lime, per barrel	3 00
Stone Lime, per barrel	2 50@2 65
Plaster, per ton	14
Hay, per ton	20 00
Butter, per pound	25
Lard, per pound	20
Tallow, per pound	12
Eggs, per dozen	12
Dried apples, per lb.	15
Hides, green, per pound	5
Hides, dry, per pound	10
Felts	2 00@2 12
Calf skins, per lb.	12

**MILL PROPERTY FOR SALE.**

The valuable Mill property at the mouth of McCoy's creek, Buchanan, Berrien county, Michigan, is now offered for sale. It is one of the best water powers in the county. The mill contains a good cross-cut saw, lathe saw, and shingle saw, all of which cost \$400 in cheap times. It has at present about 80-horse-power. It is situated on the river three-fourths of a mile from the village of Buchanan, in the center of an extra-farming country, with plenty of good timber in its immediate vicinity. But no recommendation is needed, as the purchaser is expected to examine the property before purchasing. Terms to suit purchaser.  
 Inquire of Lewis V. Baker, Bakertown, or Wm. Baker, on the premises.  
 Feb. 25th, 1865. 401f

**\$5,000 SAVED! GROCERIES**

ARE COMING DOWN AT THE CHEAP GROCERY STORE OF **DUNCAN & WELCH**  
 BEING determined to keep up with the times we are now selling everything in our line of Staple Groceries at greatly reduced prices.

**SMALL PROFIT SUGARS**

AND OTHER STAPLE GOODS  
**25 PER CENT LOWER THAN THIRTY DAYS AGO!**  
 It is impossible to give quotations from one day to another, but you can rely upon getting goods at the very

**Lowest Figures!**

**WE ARE JUST RECEIVING OUR SPRING GOODS!**

and are selling them so Low that even our own customers will be astonished, and others will not believe it till they see for themselves. We sell Prints at from

**10 TO 22 CTS. PER YARD!**

Good yard-wide Sheeting at 25 cents, Cotton Yarn 80 cents and other goods in proportion. We have bought our goods at the nick of time, and will give our customers the benefit of it. We challenge a comparison of Prices with any firm in or out of Berrien County.  
 v2n35tf J. H. ROE & CO.

**STATE INSURANCE COMPANY! Lansing, Michigan.**

**CHARTER PERPETUAL.**  
 OFFICE IN BEEBEE'S BLOCK.  
 Authorized Guarantee Capital, [By State Authority,] \$300,000!  
 Guaranteed Capital, \$100,000.  
 Accumulated, 50,000.  
 Insures Stores, Dwellings, and other Property, either on Ordinary Mutual, Annual Paying Mutual, or Stock Plans.

**THE STATE INSURANCE COMPANY** transacts business of Insurance throughout the State. This Company refuses all Steam Mills and other hazardous property, and not over \$3,000 ever taken in one risk, thereby avoiding all large and ruinous losses that often cripple otherwise sound companies. The Directors and Officers are determined that no effort shall be spared on their part to make it worthy the confidence of the public, it being our aim to do as safe, rather than a large business. The Company being located at the Capital, has many advantages alike valuable to the insured and the Company. This Company has a stock clause in their charter by which those who prefer not to give a Deposit Note can be insured at the rates of good Stock Companies, without any liability to assessment.  
 This Company also insures against DAMAGES BY LIGHTNING! whether the property be burned or not, when entered on the application by the Agent at the time of insuring, thereby giving to those wishing to insure, advantages that few other companies give.

**DIRECTORS.**  
 J. C. BAILEY, D. L. CASE, JNO. A. KERR, S. N. WHITCOMB, M. P. KILBORN, J. T. WHITCOMB, J. H. CURRIER.

**OFFICERS.**  
 M. P. KILBORN, Secy & Treas. J. C. BAILEY, Pres't.  
 D. L. CASE, General Agent,  
 L. P. FOX, Local Agent. v2n41y1

**PROBATE ORDER.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF BERRIEN, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Berrien, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien, on Tuesday, the 4th day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.  
 Present, William S. Merrill, Judge of Probate.  
 In the matter of the Estate of John B. Martin, deceased.  
 On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Elizabeth A. Martin, administratrix on the estate of said deceased, praying this Court to assign a day for the final settlement of her administration account.  
 THEREUPON IT IS ORDERED, That Monday, the 15th day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the village of Buchanan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is Further Ordered, That said Petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the BUCHANAN WEEKLY UNION, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Berrien, for four successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.  
 WILLIAM S. MERRILL, Judge of Probate.  
 [L. S.] 46w8 (A true copy.)

**WE WOULD RESPECTFULLY ANNOUNCE** to the citizens of Buchanan and vicinity that having lately purchased Messrs. Treat & Baker's entire stock of **GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.**  
 We would respectfully announce to the citizens of Buchanan and vicinity that having lately purchased Messrs. Treat & Baker's entire stock of **GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.**  
 and added largely thereto, we are now prepared to furnish anything in our line as Cheap as any other establishment in Berrien County. Give us a call, and satisfy yourselves that what we say is "the truth, the whole truth, and nothing but the truth."  
 We also pay the Highest Market Price for all kinds of **COUNTRY PRODUCE!**  
**TREAT & BAKER'S Old Stand,**  
 on the corner of Main and Front streets, Buchanan Mich.  
**DAY & BINNS.**  
 Buchanan, Jan. 25th. '65. 321f

**PRURIGO LOTIO.**



The great Itch and Humor Killer of the 19th Century!  
 This new preparation possesses most wonderful properties, and is **A SURE CURE** For every species of the ITCH, PRURIE ITCH, BARBER'S ITCH, WASH SCRATCHES, ILLINOIS MANGE, CUTANEOUS ERUPTIONS, PIMPLES ON THE FACE, SALT RHEUM, SCALD HEAD, RINGWORMS, &c.  
 The PRURIGO LOTIO is a new and certain cure for all kinds of Itch, and before a final preparation it is free from all the gummy, disagreeable qualities of the ointments in general use.  
 The PRURIGO LOTIO is safe to use under ALL CIRCUMSTANCES; will irritate the most tender skin, and CONTAINS NO MERCURY. Don't fail to try it.  
 Manufactured by **E. T. & W. T. McFARLAND,** Sole Proprietors, Lafayette, Ind.  
 PRICE 50 CENTS.  
 LOBD & SMITH, Chicago, Wholesale Agents. Sold at Wholesale in Chicago by FELLER, FINCH & FULLER; CHARLES G. SMITH; BURNHAM & VAN SCHAACK; W. D. HARRIS & CO.; SMITH & DWYER; J. H. REED & CO., and H. SCOVILL.

**REPUBLICAN STEEL BITTERS**

These Bitters are prepared in pure Bourbon Whisky, from a combination of over twenty different kinds of roots, herbs and berries, which act in perfect concert one with the other, prepared from the original formula given by the great chief, Red Jacket, to Dr. Chapin, who used them successfully in his practice for many years, and by their use gained so great a popularity in the treatment and cure of Dyspepsia, Liver Complaint, Constipation, Sick and Nervous Headache, Fever and Ague, and all diseases arising from torpid liver or indigestion. Persons suffering from either of these loathsome diseases will find a sure cure by the use of these Bitters, which are perfectly pure and free from all those drugs and poisons usually put up in such preparations and palmed off on an unsuspecting public. A single trial will convince the most skeptical that in the REPUBLICAN there is a virtue which no other Bitters possess. They strengthen and invigorate the system. They are unequalled for general debility. They are a sure cure for dyspepsia. They give a good and healthy appetite. They assist digestion. They are the best stimulant in existence. They are a preventive of Fever and Ague. They relieve constipation. They cure Nervous Headache. They are perfectly pure and palatable. Aged persons and delicate females will find they can save large doctor's bills by the use of these Bitters. Beware of counterfeits. The Red Jacket Bitters are only sold in bottles with our name blown on the side.

**S. W. REDDEN.**  
 JAS. DUNCAN. [v2n38] W. A. WELCH.  
**ANOTHER NEW FIRM!**

**Day & Binns,**  
 (Successors to Treat & Baker.)  
 DEALERS IN GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.  
 We would respectfully announce to the citizens of Buchanan and vicinity that having lately purchased Messrs. Treat & Baker's entire stock of **GROCERIES & PROVISIONS.**



**HAMLIN'S WIZARD OIL!**  
 This article is used both internally and externally, and cannot be surpassed for curing all kinds of lameness and pain. Every family should be provided with, and keep constantly on hand, a bottle of this splendid article. It is invaluable in cases of injuries by accident; and no family one having thoroughly tested its qualities as a Pain Killer will remain long at a time without a supply in the house. See what **WIZARD OIL CURES**

TOOTHACHE In Three Minutes.	NEURALGIA In 10 Minutes.
HEADACHE In Five Minutes.	EARACHE In Ten Minutes.
CRAMP COLIC In a few Minutes.	DIPHTHERIA In a few hours.
SORE THROAT In a few hours.	RHEUMATISM In a few days.
LAME BACK In a few hours.	SPRAINS In a few hours.
CUTS AND BRUISES Relieved in few minutes.	BURNS AND SCALDS Relieved in few minutes.
CORNS AND BUNIONS	

This invaluable preparation only needs a trial to recommend itself to every household in the land. Use one bottle and you will always keep it on hand against the time of need.  
 Price 35 and 75 cents per bottle. The large bottles contain nearly three times as much as the small ones. Manufactured by J. A. HAMLIN & BRO., 103 Washington Street, Chicago, and for sale by druggists generally. Full particulars on file, and sent on application. Wholesale Agents, Chicago, **OSBORN & HOWE, Buchanan, Mich.**  
 Sold by OSBORN & HOWE, Buchanan, Mich. (v2n511)

**PROBATE ORDER.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF BERRIEN, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Berrien, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien, on Monday, the 27th day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.  
 Present, William S. Merrill, Judge of Probate.  
 In the matter of the Estate of John Esauker, deceased.  
 On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Christian Gullstorf, administrator on the Estate of said deceased, praying this Court for a license to sell real estate described in the petition for the purpose of paying debts of the deceased.

THEREUPON IT IS ORDERED, That Monday, the 15th day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition; and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the village of Buchanan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is Further Ordered, That said Petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the BUCHANAN WEEKLY UNION, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Berrien, for five successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.  
 WILLIAM S. MERRILL, Judge of Probate.  
 [L. S.] 47w6 (A true copy.)

**PROBATE ORDER.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF BERRIEN, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Berrien, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien, on Tuesday, the 21st day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.  
 Present, William S. Merrill, Judge of Probate.  
 In the matter of the Estate of John W. Andrew, deceased.  
 On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of James Carskaddon, administrator de bonis non on the estate of said deceased, praying this Court for license to sell real estate described in the petition, for the purpose of paying debts of deceased.

THEREUPON IT IS ORDERED, That Monday, the 8th day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the village of Buchanan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is Further Ordered, That said Petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the BUCHANAN WEEKLY UNION, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Berrien, for six successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.  
 WILLIAM S. MERRILL, Judge of Probate.  
 [L. S.] 46w7 (A true copy.)

**PROBATE ORDER.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF BERRIEN, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the county of Berrien, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien, on Tuesday, the 21st day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.  
 Present, William S. Merrill, Judge of Probate.  
 In the matter of the estate of Hiram Bliss, deceased.  
 On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Debert Bliss, one of the heirs at law of the estate of said deceased, praying that Samuel French may be appointed administrator, with the will annexed, in said estate.

THEREUPON IT IS ORDERED, That Monday, the 24th day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the village of Buchanan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is Further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the BUCHANAN WEEKLY UNION, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Berrien, for four successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.  
 WILLIAM S. MERRILL, Judge of Probate.  
 [L. S.] 46w5 (A true copy.)

**PROBATE ORDER.**

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF BERRIEN, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Berrien, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien, on Tuesday, the 21st day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.  
 Present, William S. Merrill, Judge of Probate.  
 In the matter of the Estate of James L. Perkins, deceased.  
 On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of James Carskaddon, administrator de bonis non on the estate of said deceased, praying this Court for license to sell real estate described in the petition, for the purpose of paying debts of deceased.

THEREUPON IT IS ORDERED, That Monday, the 3rd day of May next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Buchanan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is Further Ordered, That said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the BUCHANAN WEEKLY UNION, a newspaper printed and circulating in said County of Berrien, for six successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.  
 WILLIAM S. MERRILL, Judge of Probate.  
 [L. S.] 46w7 (A true copy.)

**FOR SALE.**

A House and lot containing seven acres, in Bakertown, with a good young orchard, Barn, &c. The house has nine rooms, with stone cellar, wood-house, well, cistern, &c. Will sell, or exchange for land in Southern Iowa, or Illinois.  
 For particulars inquire of **S. T. BAKER, Bakertown.**  
**For Sale.**  
 A good new House and three Lots belonging to Mrs. Rosannah Devenport, on the east side of Portage street, will be sold cheap for good pay. Inquire of Mr. N. Hamilton. n38tf  
 Buchanan, Feb. 2nd.



### JOSH BILLINGS ON KISSING.

"Man was made tew morn," so warbled Burns, "and woman was made tew kiss," so warbles Billings. One of these sentiments haz bin already immortalized, and the other I intend shall be az soon az the Legislater meets. I am not yit lused how I shall bring the matter befor that honorabel boddy; but I kno how the honorabel boddy feels on the subject, and how tha will ackt if ever tha hav a good chance. To giv a fertile and golden opinyun upon kissing in the lump, and kissing in the detaile, requires a man uv truths; and some experiance in telling it, alzo uv taist, and some experiance in taisting.

#### IN THE LUMP.

Kissing iz one ov those fue things that iz eazier dun than deskribed; in fact, about the onla way tew deskrib it wel iz tew du it wel. It iz without dote a very anslunt enterprize, and judging frum what we kno ov human natur in this latertude, it must hav struk Adam az a good investmunt when he fist diskovered hiz wife. If Adam didn't kiss Eve at hiz site, he aint the man I take him tu bee, and if Eve didn't relish it, it want wel dun. There iz one thing about kissing in the lump, different frum the rest ov the fine arts, and that iz, it dont require enny eddikashun tew dew it; I hav even thort that the more unedicated it vus did (provided it didnt miss the marke) the moar tuching it was tew beddod.

But kissing iz a good deal like eteing, thar aint much fun (when a persun iz hungry) in standing bi, and see it did bi another fello, if it iz did ever so wel. It iz one ov the cheapes and healthiest luxurys ov the season, and dont sho enny disposishun tew go out ov fashun, and wil keep sweet in enny climate. Upon the whole, if yu examin kissing in the lump klosely, yu wil be led tew exclaim: Fustly, that it iz ezy to hav it did, az it iz handy tew dew it. Sekundly, that it iz like Cowper's tea, it kurs a man without korning him; and, Thirdly, it iz a frugal, highly concentrated and revered luxury.

#### IN DETALE.

When we cum tew thor oph glittering generalitys and approach our subjeck in single file, it iz then that the devintee ov the art seems to be spotted, and reveals tew us awl the shades ov pomp and sirkumstanze, from the sublime and tender cleer down tew the ridicliss and tuff. Mother's kiss and little baby's kiss are az pure az the utterance ov angels; so iz the artles kiss ov cister Mary and kuzzen Panny; but thare iz one kold, bla, leen kiss, that alvas makes me shivver tew see. Two persuns (ov the femal puswashun) who hav witness a grait menny yunger and more pulpy daze, meat in sum publick plas, and not having sene each-uther fur 24 ours, tha kiss immediatly; then tha tork about the wether, and the yung man who preached yisterday, and then tha kiss immediatly and tha blush and laff at what tha sa tew each uther, and kiss agin immediatly.

I wud not objekt tew awl this if it want sich a waist ov sweetness on the desert air. I am willing tew be sworn that this kind ov kissing alvas puts me in mind ov tew olde flints trieng tew strik fire. How different iz this frum the konnubial kiss I witness laste nite. I knu he wuz a huz banu jist got bac frum a bizzines tower bi hiz haist. He pass me at the kornor be lo, and awl onexpeked enkontered hiz wife, and az natural az the be tew the flower tha flu together. Thare want enny thing sentimental about that kiss, thare want ennything kriminal about it. It rang out on the air az clear az the challenge ov a perice officer—it filled a whole block. Thare want much preliminary about it neither, fur it smashed a 50 dollar bunnet, and mixt up a barricade ov edging and frizzled tucker.

It want the fust one, it was tew well dun fur that. It want the sipping ov two trembling lovers, afrade ov the echo; it want studded out nor stolen, but it was full ov onest ripeness and chastened struggle, which made me hanker fur—fur one oph frum the same peace. Jist I more re mark & i am thru. Thare iz I kind ov kissing that haz alvas been deemed extra hazardous [on akount ov fire] and that iz kissing yure nabers wife. Gitting the wives consent dont seem tew make the matter enny the less risky.

MORAL.—Dont ete onions during the kissing season, unless yu chew em well.

—An old washerwoman would hang her clothes to dry on the railings of a church, and after repeated prohibitions from the church warden, she at last came out with the following burst of eloquence:—"Lord bless ye, sir, ye wouldn't a go an' take the bread out of my mouth, would ye? 'sides, sir, cleanliness comes next to godliness, the parson says."

"Father," said a little Paddy, "how can the sea run when it's all t'wixt?" "It sets still." "How can it set when it has no bottom?" Paddy was led out of doors by the hair of the head.

—A Hottentot once got up a painting of heaven. It was enclosed with a fence made of sausages, while the center was occupied with a fountain that squirted potpie.

—Out in Cattaraugus county, N. Y., the people are putting shutters on their houses so they can use petrolcum; it is so much pleatier and cheaper than daylight.

## FLORENCE Sewing Machine



The only Machine making more than one kind of Stitch and having the reversible Feed Motion.

The Florence makes the Lock, Knot, Double Lock and Double Knot Stitches, on one and the same Machine. Each Stitch is alike on both sides of the Fabric.

The Operator by simply turning a thumb screw, can have the work run either to the right or left, stay any part of the seam, or fasten the ends of seams without turning the fabric, or stopping the motion of the machine.

It does the finest and heaviest work with equal facility.

It is simple, and easily managed.

Is durable and not liable to get out of order.

Is unequalled in beauty of design.

It will hem, fell, braid, cord, tuck, quilt, &c.

Each Machine furnished with "Barnum's Self-Sewer."

Every Machine fully warranted.

WM. H. SHARP & Co.

North-Western Agents,

100 Washington St., Chicago, Ill.

Mrs. P. B. Dunning,

AGENT,

Buchanan, - - Michigan.

## GREAT REDUCTION IN PRICES

AT THE NEW STORE OF

COTTEN, ESTES & CO.,

(Successors to Ross & Clark.)

NOW IS THE TIME TO SECURE

GOOD BARGAINS

As we are offering our entire Stock of Dry Goods, Clothing, Boots and Shoes, Hats and Caps, &c., &c., at

GREATLY REDUCED PRICES!

GOODS AND PRICES

before purchasing elsewhere, and satisfy yourself that we can do just as we say. Remember the Store.

Cotten, Estes & Co.,

(Successors to Ross & Clark.)

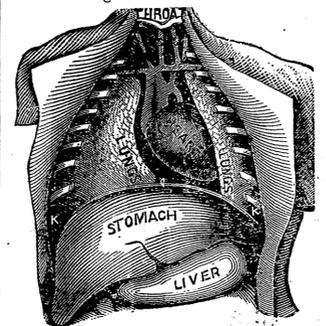
Corner Main and Front sts., Buchanan.

## OBSERVE WELL

The Noted Analytical Physician.

## DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE.

THE only Physician of his kind in the West, has met with the greatest success, gained a better reputation, effected more complete cures, visited places the longest without missing an engagement, than any physician that travels, has outlived them all, and become noted for his skill in treating all chronic diseases of the



head, nerves, kidneys, bladder, womb and blood affections of the urinary organs, gravel, scrofula, rheumatism, catarrh, asthma, bronchitis, dyspepsia, &c.

Our practice, not one of experiments, but of twenty years standing, founded on the laws of Nature, with years of experience and evidence to sustain it. Do not tear down, make sick to make well, no harsh treatment, no trifling, no flattering. We know the cause and the remedy needed, no guess work, but knowledge gained by years of experience in the treatment of these diseases exclusively, no encouragement without a prospect. Candid in our opinions, reasonable in our charges, claim not to know everything, or cure everybody, but do claim to reason and common sense. We invite the sick, no matter what their ailment, to call, investigate before they abandon hope, make interrogations and decide for themselves, will cost nothing, as consultation is free. This is the seventh year that I have visited this place, and I shall make my visits for years regularly on the same days of the week every eight weeks.

I shall be for consultation at Niles, Bond House, on Tuesday the 25th of April, 1865; at Laporte, Parker House, on Sunday and Monday the 30th of April and 1st of May, 1865. Residence and Laboratory, Waukegan, Ill.

## DODD'S GERMAN



## COUGH BALSAM.

THE best and most reliable medicine for Coughs, Croup, Bronchitis, Asthma, Whooping Cough, &c., is found in the use of Dodd's German Cough Balsam. Used extensively in the U. S. Army.

## DODD'S LIVER PILLS,

PURELY VEGETABLE.

Are used by thousands who pronounce them the best in use for Bilious diseases, Nervous and Sick Headache, impurities of the Blood, Female Irregularities, and in all cases where a thoroughly cleansing Pill is required.

## Dodd's Diarrhea Cure

Is unsurpassed by any compound, for the cure of Dysentery, Diarrhea, Summer Complaints of Children, and for Camp Diarrhea. The Soldiers consider it a Specific in every case.

## DODD'S CAMPHRENTINE LINIMENT,

For Lame Back, Sore Throat, Rheumatism, Pain in Side and Breast, Toothache, Headache, Chilblains, &c., is excelled by no other compound extant. This and all the above medicines are carefully and scientifically prepared by

Dr. E. S. DODD & Co.,  
BUCHANAN, MICH.

The above medicines are for sale in Berrien County, Michigan, by Bills & Webster, and C. H. Crane & Co., St. Joseph; Gates & Bell, Brown Harbor; D. Hurd, and P. B. Sander, Hillsburgh; C. C. Henry, Coloma; Kephart & Barnard, Berrien; Curtis' Mills, New Troy; Goodrich, and S. Stratton, New Buffalo; E. Smead, Dayton; Osborn & Howe, Buchanan; by all the Druggists in Niles; also by dealers throughout the country. Wholesale at our Establishment in Buchanan. Also by J. H. Reed & Co., Chicago, Illinois.

## For Sale!

One Large Two Story Frame Dwelling House, one Wagon Shop, and one Blacksmith Shop—all situated on Main street in this village—with village lots and everything belonging thereto. I desire to close up and quit my present business, and the above property will therefore be sold at a bargain.

For further particulars, call on or address

JOHN D. MILLER,  
Buchanan, Mich.  
Buchanan, Nov. 23, 1864.—v2n29-4f.

## DENTAL NOTICE.

DR. WM. REMINGTON,  
RESIDENT DENTIST,

TAKES PLEASURE IN INFORMING THE citizens of Buchanan and vicinity that he has permanently located in this village, and is in perfect readiness to execute all work in his line with

SKILLFUL AND EFFICIENT HAND, and hopes, as heretofore, to receive a

Liberal Share of Patronage:  
Buchanan, Feb 21th, 1864. v1n8ft

1864.

1864.

## DRUGS, MEDICINES,

## GROCERIES, PAINTS,

## Varnishes, Dye Stuffs,

PURE

## WINES AND LIQUORS,

## Books, Stationery, Yankee

Notions, &c., &c.,

AT

## OSBORN & HOWE'S,

Buchanan, Michigan.

We keep constantly on hand the largest and best selected stock of Goods in our line to be found in Berrien County—which we will sell as cheaply as any other house, or "any other man"—Niles included. We respectfully invite the citizens of this county to an inspection of our large and varied stock.

Home Receipts and Physicians' Prescriptions carefully prepared by experienced Druggists. v2n35ft

## SPECIAL ANNOUNCEMENT.

E. & H. T. ANTHONY & CO.,  
Manufacturers of Photographic Materials,  
WHOLESALE AND RETAIL,  
501 BROADWAY, N. Y.

In addition to our main business of Photographic Materials, we are Headquarters for the following, viz:

STEREOSCOPES AND STEREOSCOPIC VIEWS. Of these we have an immense assortment, including War Scenes, American and Foreign Cities and Landscapes, Groups, Statuary, etc., etc.; also Revolving Stereosopes, for public or private exhibition. Our Catalogue will be sent to any address on receipt of stamp.

PHOTOGRAPHIC ALBUMS. We were the first to introduce these into the United States, and we manufacture immense quantities in great variety, ranging in price from 50 cents to \$50 each. Our Albums have the reputation of being superior in beauty and durability to any others. They will be sent by mail, free, on receipt of price.

FINE ALBUMS MADE TO ORDER.

CARD PHOTOGRAPHS. Our Catalogue now embraces over five thousand different subjects, to which additions are continually being made, of Portraits of Eminent Americans, etc., viz: about 100 Major Generals, 200 Brig.-Generals, 275 Colonels, 40 Artists, 100 Lieut.-Colonels, 250 Other Officers, 75 Navy Officers, 125 Stage, 550 Statesmen, 130 Divines, 125 Authors, 50 Prominent Women, 3,000 Copies of Works of Art, including reproductions of the most celebrated Engravings, Paintings, Statues, etc. Catalogues sent on receipt of Stamp. An order for One Dozen Pictures from our Catalogue will be filled on the receipt of \$1.80, and sent by mail, free.

Photographers and others ordering goods C. O. D. will please remit twenty-five per cent. of the amount with their order.

The prices and quality of our goods cannot fail to satisfy. v2n48m6

## PROBATE ORDER.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, COUNTY OF BERRIEN, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Berrien, holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien, on Tuesday, the 7th day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and sixty-five.

Present, William S. Merrill, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the Estate of Jacob Rieman, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Regina Rieman, widow, praying this Court that letters of administration in the Estate of said deceased may be granted to George Horn.

THEREUPON IT IS ORDERED, That Monday, the 17th day of April next, at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the village of Buchanan, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the Petitioner should not be granted: And it is Further Ordered, That said Petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this Order to be published in the BUCHANAN WEEKLY UNION, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county of Berrien, for five successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[L. S.] WILLIAM S. MERRILL,  
(A true copy.) n44w6. Judge of Probate.

Blank Notes, neatly printed and for sale at THIS OFFICE

## NO MISTAKE.

I Mean What I Say!

I HAVE

Determined to Settle

UP

ALL MY ACCOUNTS

IMMEDIATELY.

I CANNOT do business without means, therefore all are requested to come and settle and pay up. I mean this as a gentle, yet a determined warning.

As I cannot endure exposure as I once could, and the demand for the

COUGH BALSAM,

LIVER PILLS, DIARRHEA

CURE, &c.,

is so great that it occupies a great share of my time in preparing and putting them up for foreign distribution, my friends will not expect professional visits, only at such times as I can be able to attend to them, considering my health; &c. My object is to

Render all the Service

In my power for the relief of

Man's Afflictions

far and near. I will hold myself in readiness to attend to

ALL PRESCRIPTIONS

In Chronic and Acute Cases,

AT MY OFFICE.

[v2n35ft.] E. S. DODD, M. D.

## CABINET FURNITURE.

J. F. HAHN

Manufactures and keeps constantly on hand, at his shop and work room on Oak street, near the race-bridge, a general assortment of

## CABINET WARE,

—SUCH AS—

Bureaus, Tables, Stands, Bedsteads, Chairs, &c. &c.,

Which he will sell at prices AS LOW AS THE LOWEST

Ready-made COFFINS constantly on hand, and coffins made to order on the shortest notice. Having received the appointment of Sexton for the ensuing year, the subscriber will give attention to locating and digging graves, when called on for that purpose.

A HEARSE will be furnished to those who order it, either in or out of town.

Jobbing promptly attended to.

JACOB F. HAHN.

Buchanan, May 13th, 1863. v1n1ft

## LADIES, ATTENTION!

I WOULD inform the ladies of Buchanan and vicinity that I have opened a Shop in my house, for the purpose of carrying on the business of

## CLOAK AND DRESS-MAKING.

Will also make GENTLEMEN'S SHIRTS to order. I have a New System for cutting and making Children's Clothing, which I shall be glad to introduce to the public.

I would inform the public that I have SINGER'S SEWING MACHINE,

One of the best machines in use for family sewing. I can stitch, hem, gather and fell. It will turn the hem, and fell itself any width hem you wish. I have also an

EMBROIDER-BRAIDER,

and I shall be prepared to stamp patterns for braiding. I shall also keep on hand a good assortment of patterns of Mme. Demore's patterns, of all kinds, for ladies and children. Machine work done to order. Please give me a call. v1n27ft

MRS. M. DUTTON.

## CHEROKEE CURE

THE GREAT INDIAN MEDICINE



ROOTS, BARKS AND LEAVES

An unfailing cure for Spermatorrhoea, Seminal Weakness, Nocturnal Emissions, and all diseases caused by Self-Pollution, such as Loss of Memory, Universal Lassitude, Pains in the Back, Dimness of Vision, Premature Old Age, Weak Nerves, Difficulty of Breathing, Trembling, Watery Eyes, Eruptions on the Face, Pale Countenance, Insanity, Consumption, and all the dreadful complaints caused by departing from the path of nature.

This medicine is a simple vegetable extract, and one on which all can rely, as it has been used in our practice for many years, and with thousands treated, it has not failed in a single instance. Its curative powers have been sufficient to gain victory over the most stubborn case. To those who have trifled with their constitutions, until they think themselves beyond the reach of medical aid, we would say, HASTEN FOR THE CHEROKEE CURE, which will restore you to health and vigor, and after all quack doctors have failed! Price 70 Dollars per bottle, or three bottles for Five Dollars and forwarded by Express to all parts of the world.

Pamphlet sent by mail free of postage, by DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO., 63 Liberty St., New York, Sole Proprietors.

## GLAD NEWS FOR THE UNFORTUNATE.

The Long sought for Discovered at Last

Cures in from one



to three days.

## CHEROKEE REMEDY

AND CHEROKEE INJECTION,

Compounded from Roots, Barks and Leaves

CHEROKEE REMEDY, the great Indian Diuretic cures all diseases of the Urinary Organs, such as Incontinence of the Urine, Inflammation of the Bladder, Inflammation of the Kidneys, Stone in the Bladder, Stricture, Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Gleet, and is especially recommended in those cases of Fibrous Ailms, (or Whites in females) where all the old nauseous medicines have failed.

It is prepared in a highly concentrated form, the dose only being from one to two teaspoonfuls three times per day.

It is diuretic and alterative in its action: purifying and cleansing the blood, causing it to flow in all its original purity and vigor; thus removing from the system all pernicious causes which have induced disease.

CHEOKEE INJECTION is intended as an ally or assistant to the Cherokee Remedy, and should be used in conjunction with that medicine in all cases of Gleet, Gonorrhoea, Fibrous Ailms, or Whites. Its effects are healing, soothing, and demulcent; removing all scalding, heat and pain, instead of the burning and almost insupportable pain that is experienced with nearly all the cheap quack injections.

By the use of the CHEROKEE REMEDY, and CHEROKEE INJECTION, the two medicines at the same time all improper discharges are removed, and the weakened organs are specifically restored to full vigor and strength.

Price, Cherokee Remedy, \$2 per bottle, or three bottles for \$5. Price, Cherokee Injection, \$2 per bottle, or three bottles for \$5. Sent by Express to any address on receipt of price.

The Cherokee Remedy, Cherokee Injection and Cherokee Cure, are sold by all enterprising Druggists in the civilized world. Some unprincipled dealers, however, try to sell worthless compounds in place of the real medicine which they can purchase at a cheap price, and in more money by selling, than they can on these medicines. As you value your health, save the best of your future offering, and do not be deceived by unprincipled Druggists, ask for these medicines, and take no others. If the Druggist will not buy them for you, enclose the money in a letter, and we will send them to you by Express, securely packed and packed free from observation.

Ladies or Gentlemen can address us in perfect confidence, stating fully and plainly the disease and symptoms, as we treat all diseases of a chronic nature in male or female. Patients need not be shy because of their indiscretions, as we have treated patients successfully in all portions of the civilized globe, by correspondence.

Patients addressing us will please state plainly all the symptoms of their complaints, and we will, in our office, County, State and name of writer, plain, and include postage stamp for reply.

We send our Pamphlet free to any address. Address all letters for Pamphlets, or advice to the proprietors, DR. W. R. MERWIN & CO., No. 63 Liberty street, New York, G. A. COOKE, 205 Broadway, N. Y. General Agent for the State of Illinois, J. C. WILSON, consular agent, and Indiana, who will supply Druggists at our regular cost.

Sold by Osborn & Howe, Buchanan. Wholesale by Fisher & Smith, Niles; Farrand, Shely & Co., Detroit; Fuller, Finch & Fuller, Chicago.