

# SOUTHERN BERRIEN COUNTY

The Flower of Michigan's Great St. Joseph Valley—The Potential Center of America's Industry—Now Beginning Development of the Nation's Greatest Play Ground. The "Center of the World" for Propagation and Distribution of Small Fruit Plants.



FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION KINDLY CALL ON OR ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:

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## OPPORTUNITY

FOR THE

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Realtor

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Agriculturist

Stock Grower

Horticulturist

Summer Home Owner

Summer Resort Owner

# F O R E W O R D

## WHY THIS SPECIAL EDITION



In presenting this special edition of the Berrien County Record we do so with becoming modesty and yet we may be pardoned for suggesting that in many ways it far exceeds anything of this nature which has ever been produced in this territory.

And we are not basing this claim upon the number of pages merely. We submit, with all due respect for those who have essayed publicity of this kind in the past, that this edition stands preeminent as to quality and that for its comprehensive and careful treatment of the various subjects presented, has no need to offer apologies.

The object of the edition, from the standpoint of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce, is to boost South Berrien County. We submit, (this being true, that no effort which has ever been made by any Chamber can approach this one for that purpose.

In this number is told the story of the towns and the villages and the rural com-

munities and the farms—everything, in fact, which constitutes attractive publicity for the purpose for which it was designed.

Such a story going out to the world cannot fail to be of immense benefit to the town whence issued. If it is truthful and candid and presents its facts just as it finds them, it will command the respect of all those who receive it and will thus be more effective in its mission. With this in mind the men who have collected the material have been extraordinarily careful. Every statement has been verified; every condition has been submitted to the most exacting scrutiny. The truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, has been the watchword throughout the effort.

In this connection it is not amiss to say that such an edition would not have been possible without the hearty cooperation of the good people of the county. They have helped us amazingly. A little here and a little there has made up in the aggregate this present number and, we believe, that all those

who have helped us will find not a little pride in the sense of achievement, for they will have a right to claim—and it should be awarded to them without question—that they were the fathers and the mothers of much herein worthy of such illustrious parentage. To close this incident without expressing our gratitude to all of these would be unthinkable. We do, therefore, take this opportunity to tender all such our heartfelt thanks.

Before closing this foreword we wish to have it understood we do not consider ourselves infallible. There are recommendations in this paper looking toward the further improvement and enlargement of the towns to which some may object. In this connection we wish to say that we welcome just criticism and where we can be shown we are wrong and that the opposite position is the better one for all concerned, we shall not hesitate to adopt it as the fixed policy of this paper. It is the attribute of littleness to persist where palpable error has been found. On the other hand it betokens cour-

age to admit error. We hope, however, we possess that courage.

The number is now in your hands. We ask you to peruse it and then when you have done this to send it to some absent friend. The more copies circulated the greater will be its influence for good. Some person will get it who never before heard of this territory; may become interested to the extent of wanting to make an investment here or in coming here to live. It may be the means of developing a great demand for farms; such editions have been known to increase the value of real estate amazingly, both urban and rural. The educational advantages, so comprehensively pictured, may attract many pupils from outside. Factories will want to move to a place free from labor troubles and offering such splendid opportunities in the way of educational and recreational advantages for their men and their families. And out of it all will come the bigger and better Buchanan of our dreams. We sincerely expect that this will all come true!

## BERRIEN COUNTY IDEAL

*In Many Respects One of Best Counties  
In Whole United States*

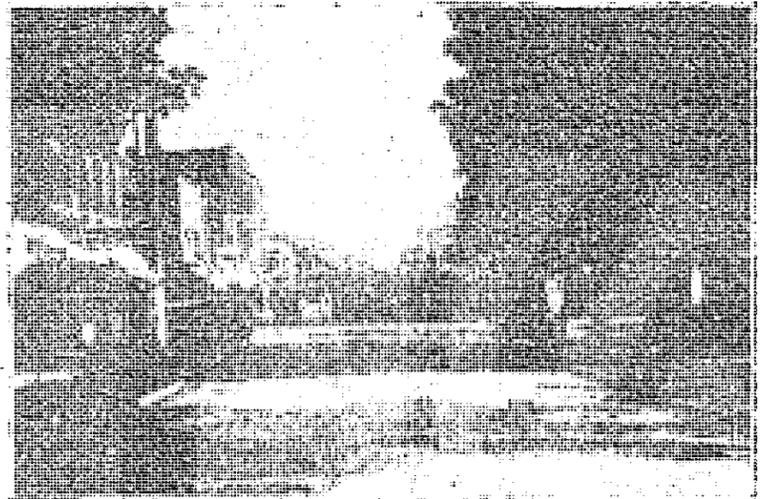
The whole of Berrien County is a rolling area, but particularly is this true of the south half of it. Because of this fact and its equable climate, it has been considered ideal for fruit growing. Apples, pears, peaches, grapes, and in some portions strawberries, are produced abundantly. As to cherries there has been little development, although it is believed they can be grown as successfully in Berrien county as they are in the Grand Traverse region and in Oceana county, which is the banner cherry county of the state.

### Nearness To Market Insures High Prices

On account of the nearness of Berrien county to big markets with their ever-ravenous maws to be filled, Berrien county growers find no difficulty in disposing of their enormous production of fruit. They do

not even have to haul it to market or even to a steamboat or railroad to have it carried to market. The market, in most instances comes to them. They sell their crop right where it is produced, and very frequently escape even the cost and trouble of picking it.

Hundreds of automobiles and trucks from every point of the compass, including the big cities, traverse the county picking up the fruit wherever it may be found. To give some idea of the immensity of this traffic we have but to cite that one man we know of raised 20,000 bushels of peaches this year and sold them all in his orchard for an average price of \$2 a bushel. Think of it! Twenty thousand bushels for one man! And over forty thousand dollars! Seems almost unbelievable, but its true. It makes our pine to get into the fruit business.



FRONT STREET, BUCHANAN, LOOKING EAST.

### Big Money Class Open to All

It is quite possible for the outlander to fall into just such a juicy situation as this without half trying. Considering what it produces, Berrien county land can be bought for a song. Peach trees produce in four years and continue in bearing for from eight to twelve years. At the end of that time the fortunate possessor of a twenty or forty-acre tract set with peaches will not be very much interested as to whether or not they will bear any longer than that. But the man who wishes to continue in the business and make great gobs of money, would use some of his profits to set out more trees so as to have something live and young to get into the producing game when the older fellows begin to slow up.

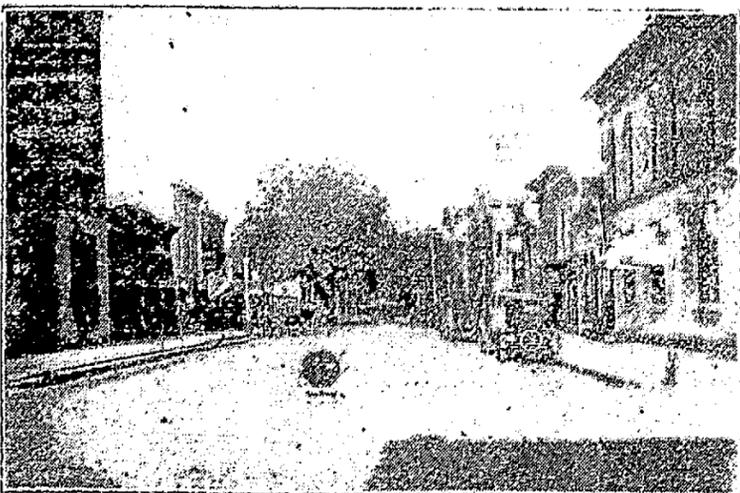
### Florida Has Nothing on Mich.

Talk about setting out citrus fruit in Florida. With the possible exception of last year, when the price of oranges soared to the skies, the returns from an orange grove have not been very satisfactory. The expense of clearing, setting out

the trees and the constant fertilizing and cultivating, is a heavy one, and only a man with a fairly good income, can afford to try it. If you are a northern man, full of pep and wholesome disgust for the Florida "cracker," you will inform your slothful neighbor that you don't propose to lose the use of that land during all the time it requires to bring your trees into bearing. You will raise crops between the rows, "hy heck," and show them what a real Yankee can do. Your "cracker" friend will not laugh in your face but he will behind your back, and it will afford him no little amusement to recall that he has heard that same story a million times before.

You cannot do anything of the kind in Florida, not even in Polk county, which is reckoned the best county in the state for citrus fruit culture. If you harvest any kind of a crop grown between the rows of oranges and grape fruit you harvest it at the cost of the trees

(Continued on next page.)



MAIN STREET, BUCHANAN,

**Berrien County Ideal**  
(Continuation.)

every time. It has been tried times without number and fully demonstrated that it will not do. On the contrary, you must not only be very careful not to take from the soil any of its elements, but you must be willing to be constantly adding to those elements until your trees have grown, and then constantly afterwards to insure production.

But we are not out to knock Florida; we are here to glorify Michigan, and particularly Berrien county. We use Florida in this article because it is a fruit state, and we pick out Polk county because it is the acknowledged leader. Just for the sake of comparison we set up Berrien county against it, to what purpose the remainder of this article will show.

**40 Acre Farms \$5,000 And-Less**

In Berrien county a man can buy a forty acre improved farm for, say, five thousand dollars. This farm will be comparatively rolling and the buildings upon it will comprise a fairly good house, a barn, a well, fencing and other necessities, and the land will be practically all clear. It is not unlikely there will be an old orchard on the place in more or less disorder; and then again you may find from five to ten acres of orchard which has been well taken care of. This is a condition which will affect the price. The soil is a sandy or gravelly loam -clay soil is not considered ideal for fruit growing. It will contain all the

elements, determined by analyses, required for the purpose. There will be no constant and heavy expense for fertilizing. If you want to grow a cover crop you may do so safely and you may even harvest the cover crop with safety, although, of course, the more humus you can get into the soil the better, particularly on the lighter sands.

**Sure of Good Living Anyhow**

You now have an investment of five thousand dollars and, if you never did another thing, you and your family could always make a good living. But you will not be satisfied with just that after you have observed what others have done. You will want to get into the big time yourself. You will then go to the nurseryman and he will send his expert to determine for you if the piece of ground you have picked out is really suitable for the purpose. If he tells you it is not, don't plant there for he knows. If you persist in running counter to his advice you will become, in due time, a sadder but a wiser man.

The expert will tell you it will require 112 trees to the acre and the ten acres you propose to set out will carry 1112 trees. These will cost you 35 cents each set out, a total of \$389.20. Now you will charge up \$10 an acre per annum for the use of the land which isn't bringing you anything. This is not strictly true, however, since every year's growth adds value to the property. But let that go, we shall have \$4000 in rent charged up against the tract at the end of four years

Thus we have:

Investment in farm, \$5,000.00; 1112 trees at 35c each set out, 389.20; Rent of 10 acres at \$10 per acre per annum, period of 4 years, \$4000.00; Interest on \$5389.20 at 6 per cent for 4 years, \$1291.68; The farm owes you now \$11680.88.

The first years crop, will be in the neighborhood of one bushel to the tree. We believe it is safe to say that will be the average. These will sell at \$2 per bushel; mostly, they sell for more, but call it that. You will thus have \$2,224.00 from the first year's crop. This will be the interest on your investment for four years and \$932.32 besides. The next year they will more than double their production, which means that all the money received, \$4,448.00 approximately, can be used now to lessen the original investment. We will say nothing about the interest for four years in advance which the trees paid you the first year, nor will we say anything about natural accretion if that interest money is put out at interest. We want to keep the equation as simple as possible for we are not considering high finance but fruit growing. The next year the trees should yield three bushels to the tree.

From then on therefore for at least six years, the trees will yield in dollars and cents an average of \$66,672.00! And you created that nice fortune in ten years with an original investment of \$5000!

Meanwhile you and your family have lived comfortably off the balance of the farm. In

fact, it is quite possible to show a profit besides and if you have gone in for dairying you have had a steady monthly income in cash for your milk or cream.

**No Fancy Picture—Plain Facts**

This is not a fancy picture conjured out of the imagination. It is a plain statement of fact based upon what has been accomplished by scores of people who have made Berrien county their home. The city man can do it just as well as the country-bred man. All that is required is to let the Farm Bureau and the experts of the Agricultural College guide you. That's what they are for, and you will say after you have met them that you never met a finer set of fellows in your life. They will give you the benefit of their technical knowledge and give you all the time and attention necessary to enable you to absorb it.

**For Men In Any Walk Of Life**

For the skilled artisan who has spent all his life within four walls; for the professional man whose eye is growing dim and whose hand must surely lose its cunning; for the small business man who is now feeling the crushing force of the chain store and the great department store aggregations; for the captain of industry even, there is nothing more alluring than the fruit possibilities pictured above. Any of them can buy these lands and have them operated until they are ready to occupy them themselves. Moreover there will be the annual vacation in Michi-

(Continued on next page.)

**B. R. DESENBERG & BRO.**

"THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE."

 **FOR** over 33 years the store of *B. R. Desenberg & Bro.* has furnished the wearing apparel for most of the families of Buchanan and vicinity. During this one-third of a century, we have always tried to give you the best merchandise at very moderate prices. The old-timers know these to be true. We invite the new comers and younger generation to try *B. R. Desenberg & Bro.* first. The largest stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, house furnishings in the South-end of Berrien County.

Buchanan

Michigan

## Barrien County Ideal

(Continuation.)

gan's summer fairyland, combining business with pleasure and at the same time enjoying by actual contact, close communion with, not merely potential, but actual profits.

In the above article we have been truthful and honest. We have simply shown the facts as we find them. It has been our duty to do so. If any reader of this number has become interested in the story of the remarkable possibilities of this region, the matter must now be taken up with the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce which will extend every possible courtesy and go a long way to further and conserve the interests of those who would cast their lot in Berrien county.

One of the most difficult things in the world to do is to sell the home town or the home county to the people who dwell therein.

Almost invariably it requires the advent of the stranger to impress upon us our own advantages, and there appears to be no exception to this rule. It is equally true of every part of the country. But, once the home folks have been sold to themselves, then watch out. When they have been persuaded to take their native modesty out of the moth-balls; when once they have attuned their voices to paeans of praise for the old home town, the siren is cut loose and they find it difficult to think or talk about anything else.

### Publicity Built Up Two States.

There are two states in the Union which are glowing examples of what may be expected when the people of a state are thoroughly sold to themselves — California and Florida. The Californian eats, drinks, sleeps, dreams and sings California. Not only that; he keeps the printing presses running day and night to "tell the world," with the result that millions of people know it and dream of the day when they can bask in the sunshine of California and spend the balance of their days on the shores of the great Pacific. A few years ago Florida made up its mind to do the same thing, and the great trek southward has begun.

The consequence of all this intensive propaganda has been an amazing increase in population in the states thus exploited; the most astonishing increase in property values; a steady stream of dollars flowing thither from all the states — the whole country paying tithes regularly to the two states which realized their opportunity and had sense enough to capitalize it.

### Michigan's Climate Ideal.

In many respects Michigan is in the same position as California and Florida. Almost surrounded by the Great Lakes, with the prevailing winds from the west, the western half of Michigan, at least, has the finest summer climate in the world. Of all the northern states it is the best situated. The millions who go to California and Florida in the winter might well come to Michigan for the summer. Here are no blistering days nor sultry nights, but rather days tem-

pered by the cooling breezes of Lake Michigan and nights so cool that coverings are required for comfortable sleep. Here is an abundance of verdure, lakes and rivers, innumerable and, in the glorious fruit country, where trees are broken down by their loads of cherries and plums and peaches, and the apple trees groan under their burdens of "the fruit with flavor," one may pass a summer and well believe that the venerable gentlemen who so laboriously located for us the Garden of Eden, were away off on their geography.

### On Our Way to Beautiful Buchanan.

Entering the state of Michigan via the Dunes Highway from the west, we first traverse Berrien County and if one continues along this concrete roadbed—at the state line known as M-11—we shall be in Berrien County until we are quite a distance north of St. Joe and Benton Harbor. We will be in sight of the blue expanse of Lake Michigan almost all the way. But we have no intention of examining Berrien County in so superficial a manner.

We have heard about Buchanan and must needs leave M-11 and travel almost due east upon what is known as M-60. It is a splendid jaunt over good macadamized highways and presently we are in Buchanan, the town which has coalled a river and sends it pulsing on its way through concrete tunnels under the village streets. Ever and anon this busy little river emerges from the tunnel's embrace and sends its waters in splashing cadences ever onward to the great lake yearning to receive them at St. Joe. This stream, known to Buchanan people as McCoy's Creek, is remarkable for its fall of 55 feet within a mile.

### Everything Necessary in Buchanan.

But what of Buchanan? We find the village nestling in a valley surrounded by the everlasting hills. We find the business houses lining both sides of the main street substantial and inviting, with stocks so well assorted and arranged, and every line so well represented, that the people of Buchanan are hard put for a reason to go elsewhere to trade.

We find several immense factories engaged in fashioning iron and steel into motor equipment. Lesser ones make zinc collar pads, toys, articles of leather and other useful devices. In these there are employed a thousand people. There are two splendid banks and a pretty little theater showing the best of pictures. There is an athletic field of which Buchanan is justly proud. There is a school system par excellence whose High School is on the University list and whose alumni are scattered to the four winds of heaven and giving a good account of themselves every one.

### Influences For Good Abound

We find Buchanan well supplied with churches and other influences for good. We find beautiful homes and well-kept lawns. We find shaded streets and other evidences of thrift. On an eminence overlooking the

(Continued on next page.)

## Clark Equipment Company

By Vivian K. Johnson

In 1904 the G. R. Rich Co. came to Buchanan. It was a small affair and located itself in the building of the old Wagon Works—so small, that the story is that the stenographer helped nail boxes for shipment.

But it was not destined that this should remain small, and not long afterward the company was reorganized and known as Celfor Tool Co. Here it may not be out of place to explain the meaning of the word "Celfor." It is a combination of the first syllables of two Latin words—"celeritas" (speed) and "fortis" (strength). Mr. Eugene B. Clark purchased in 1907 the Celfor Tool Co. Mr. Clark was graduated from the Engineering College of Cornell University in 1894; entered the employ of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacturing Co. at Pittsburg, Pa., where he was engaged for two years in engineering work, both inside and outside the plant. While gaining this experience Mr. Clark worked with the men in the shops. In 1896 he entered the employ of the Illinois Steel Co., Chicago, Ill., where were employed 10,000 to 12,000 men. His duties here gave him constant opportunities of gaining knowledge of a workman's viewpoint. At the end of 11 years at the Illinois Steel Co. he resigned his position of assistant manager in order to purchase the Celfor Tool Co. at Buchanan, Mich., and later, in about 1912, he organized the Buchanan Electric Steel Co., which with the Celfor Tool Co., as consolidated on Jan. 1, 1917, became the Clark Equipment Co.

Mr. Clark has many outside activities, some of which are: President of American Sintering Co., Buffalo Sintering Co., American Ore Reclamation Co., director and member of the executive board of Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association, of which also are the Clark companies members. The Clark companies are also members of the Iron and Steel Institute, Motor Industries Inc., and leading credit mercantile associations.

In the early days of the Celfor Tool Co. Mr. M. L. Hanlin, late of Chicago and the Illinois Steel Co., came to be works manager. He is now vice-president of Clark Equipment Co., Clark Tractor Co. and Buchanan Land Co. Later came Miss Nettie M. Carleton to become Clark Equipment Co.'s first secretary-treasurer, and all subsidiaries until the time of her resignation in 1923. **Celfor Tool Co. Forges Ahead.**

The Celfor Tool Co. quickly forged ahead into a foremost place in the drill business of the nation, being the originators of the twisted drill. It is said that Hanlin took the twist out of tobacco and put it into the Celfor drill. Today the Celfor drill is used in many industrial shops, in practically all the railroad shops in the country; in fact, in locomotives that are built to-

day, there are some 3000 holes to be drilled in each of them, all done by Celfor drills. Mr. Hanlin is in charge of drill sales and production. He has many outside activities that keep him busy. Besides being vice-president of Clark Equipment Co., Clark Tractor Co., Buchanan Land Co., he is also president of Buchanan Board of Education was first president of the Kiwanis Club, has been president innumerable times of village of Buchanan, member of many associations in his line, director and star in Clark Players and father of Harold Hanlin. He is affectionately known as most versatile and as a bar-none extemporaneous public speaker.

### Celfor Axles First Internal Drives.

The Celfor axles, as the early Clark axles were called, were the first internal gear drive axles to be manufactured. That the internal gear drive axle has outclassed and superseded the chain-drive is evidenced by the fact that 91 per cent of the truck models manufactured in the United States use the internal gear drive principle.

Mr. R. J. Burrows, who came to Buchanan to act in a managerial capacity for the Lee & Porter Axle Co., became a part of the Celfor organization when the plant of the former was destroyed by fire, never to be rebuilt. From the date of re-organization until the middle part of 1925 Mr. Burrows had been a director and vice-president of Clark Equipment Co., at which time he resigned to become president of Clark Tractor Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

### Buchanan Electric Steel Co.

In 1912 there was organized Buchanan Electric Steel Co. (BESCO). The huge electric furnaces, which at that time were among the few in this nation, made the steel that was necessary in the manufacture of Celfor products. The organization of Buchanan Electric Steel Co. brought Mr. Edwin B. Ross. When the company was consolidated with Celfor Tool Co. Mr. Ross became vice-president of the new company. He is in charge of all axle and wheel sales. Besides, he has many outside activities. Among them, he is president of Clark Hospital Association, he has been president of Buchanan village several times, he is a director of Motor Industries, Inc. (a national organization), and is president of Niles-Buchanan Country Club.

Since its organization, Clark Equipment Co. has taken great strides. Many buildings have been added and many new departments created in order to care for the demands of a larger company.

The plant of the defunct Buchanan Cabinet Co., on Days avenue, was purchased and is used as a service and traffic department, under the direction of James R. Semple,

(Continued on next page.)

## Berrien County Ideal

(Conclusion.)

town we find a hospital, the gift of one of the leading citizens and maintained chiefly through his never-ending beneficence. Through the town runs the Michigan Central main line giving access to the outside world. There is also a bus line to Niles and South Bend to connect with the Northern Indiana & Michigan interurban, said to be the only interurban in the whole country which is not now or ever has been in the hands of a receiver. The people of Buchanan enjoy rapid transit as few other places do.

In view of all these facts there is every reason in the world for wanting to live in Buchanan. That this is true, and that people are coming to realize it, is found in the fact that not a house can be had to rent. As a matter of fact, there is a pronounced scarcity of houses in Buchanan. Fortunately, however, a company of Port Wayne men has just purchased a forty-acre tract at the west end of the village upon which they propose to erect a number of new dwellings, believing that the future growth of the village will justify the investment. Here again is proof of the contention at the outset of this article that it takes the stranger to "see the cat."

At any rate make your arrangements now to spend next summer in Buchanan's fair-land.

## Clark Equipment Co.

(Continuation.)

a graduate of Princeton University, as service and traffic manager.

A plant at Berrien Springs was built under post-war-time pressure and used later as an experimental station.

A plant at Battle Creek was built and is now used by Clark Tractor Co., a subsidiary company of Clark Equipment Co.

### Foundry Is Vital Factor.

The Clark Foundry and Wheel Shop are vital to the company. All of the foundry work for Clark companies is done there. Formerly the foundry did a large business of casting for firms all over the United States. Today practically all the output of the foundry is used in Clark products.

In the wheel shop are made large steel truck wheels. A new one, recently patented by K. Berger, Clark engineer, is a hollow cast wheel—light and especially in demand by truck-makers, greatly in excess of the supply possible. Mr. G. W. Merrefield, an able and experienced foundryman, is superintendent of the Clark foundry. Mr. Merrefield is a member of the American Foundryman's Association and is prominent in his own field.

### Tractor Now Appears.

The first Clark tractor was built in 1918 by the engineering department of Clark Equipment Co. It was used to haul materials to and from the many departments, because the acreage of the Buchanan plant is large. It had no name then and a colloquial cognom-

an was given it—"go-devil." It was a success. It was given a severe service test—two new machines were built—and because these "go-devils" handled material so quickly and so cheaply five additional machines were put to work in the plant. Visiting officials from various large industrial plants were so impressed by their work, by their novelty (for they were the first gas-line-powered industrial haulage vehicles), that five of the first seven had joined other payrolls to work in other plants. The Clark Tractor is sturdily built for the rough daily usage to which it is put and intended, for with the exception of one (which was torn down for pattern uses), all of the original seven machines are still in daily use with their original purchasers. A separate company was organized in 1919 for the manufacture and sale of Clark Tractors. Today sales and service branches are maintained in all the principal cities. Over 60 per cent of Clark Tractors, Clark Truclift and Clark Duat business consists of repeat orders; many large companies maintain fleets of Clark Tractors, Clark Truclifts and Clark Duats.

### Supervision Is Keen.

The Clark policies insist that nothing be done in half-way measure. In the matter of their product all steel that is used in the manufacture of Clark products is examined in a well-equipped, thoroughly modern laboratory, under the personal supervision of Mr. J. A. White, experienced chemist and metallurgist. For guesses or approximates are never permitted in Clark metallurgist practice. The Laboratory is called upon by the Purchasing Department to make exhaustive tests to determine if supplies delivered conform in all respects to the rigid specifications written into all purchase orders.

### A Live Purchasing Department.

The Purchasing Department of the Clark companies is an organization in itself. Adequate storage space facilities reinforce the purchasing power of the agent. The company owns a large concrete and steel warehouse with railway siding and an electrically operated overhead crane. Space is thus provided for a five to eight months' supply of bulk materials. Frank Habicht, a man of broad vision and great experience, is purchasing agent for Clark industries. He is active, too, outside the Clark companies, being a director of the Board of Education, for whom he works conscientiously as its purchasing agent and has saved the taxpayers of the village many hundreds of dollars. He is prominent in purchasing agents' circles, being a member of the National Purchasing Agents' Association of America, and a member of the executive committee of Northern Indiana Purchasing Agents' Association. He is also purchasing agent for the Buchanan Land Co.

Mr. Albert S. Bonner, a graduate of Princeton University, is the secretary-treasurer

of Clark Equipment Co. and Clark Tractor Co., having succeeded to the office at the resignation of N. M. Carleton-Cady. He is an experienced man in all Clark operations, having been production manager prior to his present appointment. He placed the first cost accounting system in operation, by which is kept an automatic, up-to-the-date inventory. He represents Clark companies as a member of the Credit Committee of Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association. He is also president of Niles-Buchanan Golf Association.

Mr. E. C. Mogford is superintendent of manufacturing. He is an experienced engineer and the inventor of a number of Clark products. As a member of the S. A. E., he is prominently known in automotive and engineering circles.

### Advertising Department Efficient.

The advertising department with Mr. Ezra W. Clark, brother of the president, at its head, has placed Clark companies on the top rung. Mr. Clark was a lieutenant in the army during the war, and was formerly connected with metropolitan newspapers. Possibly the greatest, certainly among the great, achievements of the department, which aroused nation-wide comment, was "The Spirit of Transportation Paintings." Clark Equipment Co. invited 12 well known artists to dramatize, each in his own manner, "The Spirit of Transportation." Each was paid for his work, and the 12 entered into a friendly competition for a bonus prize of \$1000. The artists who participated were: Max Bohm,

George Elmer Browne, R. F. Heinrich, Jonas Lie, Alphonse Mucha, Coles Phillips, Franklin Booth, James Gady Ewell, Frank X. Leyendecker, F. Luis Kera, Maxfield Parrish, William Mark Young.

The jury of award were representative art critics and transportation captains. They were: Judge Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board, U. S. Steel Corporation; Robert W. DeForrest, president Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City; Charles L. Hutchinson, president Art Institute, Chicago; W. C. Durant, Durant Motors, Inc.; Homer L. Ferguson, president Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Co., Newport News, Va.; Frederick D. Underwood, president Erie Railroad Co., New York City.

This collection of paintings was exhibited in the Art Institute of Chicago, at the New York and Boston Automobile Shows, Detroit Athletic Club, and under the auspices of the National Auto Dealers' Association has been shown in the principal cities of the West.

Reproductions in colors of the paintings have been made and are used as Clark literature. For unlike most advertising lore—Clark's is a "thing of beauty." The Constitution of the United States, in the original literal text, with pen sketches by William Mark Young is worthy of a place on the library table or desk of the most fastidious, and is a product of the advertising department. Mr. Clark's advertising is of an aesthetic beauty. In 1920 his department co-operated with the Welfare Department, with Mr. A. H. Kiehn, its then superintendent, in the publication of an employes' newspaper, "Coco News." Mr. Clark has many outside activities besides being advertising manager for Clark Equipment Co. and Clark Tractor Co. He is chairman Committee of Advertising Managers, Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association, president National Advertising Council, member Committee of Show and Allotment, Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association, and many others.

(Continued on next page.)

AL C. HOUK, Prop.

MRS. EDITH HOUK, Mgr.

## The COFFEE SHOP

232 FRONT ST.

POSTOFFICE BUILDING

Phone 272-W.

"THE CAFE WITH A CONSCIENCE"



QUALITY  
SERVICE  
REASONABLE PRICES

WE invite you to visit our establishment. We will try and please you. We undertake any catering commission which may be offered us and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

## The Coffee Shop

BUCHANAN MICHIGAN

## Clark Equipment Co. (Conclusion.)

### Branch Offices All Over Country.

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### Company Has a Heart.

The Clark company believes that unless a man takes an interest in his work he will seldom be satisfied; and conversely, any plan which tends to stimulate a man's interest in his work is also likely to assist in keeping him satisfied with working conditions. The company adheres to a uniform policy in dealing with its employes. And so to gain and retain the confidence of its employes, the Clark company fosters the idea that employes are working with the company as partners, rather than for the company as employes. The well-lighted and efficiently ventilated workshops and offices that are equipped with drinking fountains, locker rooms, and all necessary conveniences required to bring working conditions up to the highest level, are proof of the well-meaning of the company policy. A method by which problems of the employes are thrashed out and solved is the existence of the two employes' councils. That

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### Grounds a Sight to Behold.

The grounds are well kept and are one of the points of interest to which to conduct Buchanan's visitors. Flower beds, large spacious lawns, flower boxes and urns everywhere, make the delighted visitor applaud. An experienced gardener, Mr. William Bohl, is constantly maintained on the company's payroll; a wondrously well-equipped conservatory is provided for his use in obtaining the great quantity of bulbs and plants required to produce the wonderful horticultural effects. The proceeds from the sale of the surplus is given to Clark Hospital; this not infrequently amounts to a considerable sum.

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solve the problem. Homes ranging in price from \$2500 to \$4500 were built and sold to employes at actual cost, on a time payment plan. Most of the homes are now owned entirely by the original purchasers, and Liberty Heights, by which name the addition is known, is a beautiful and worthy section of Buchanan.

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The high cost of living had led numerous industrial establishments to organize stores in which their employes were able to buy groceries and certain other necessities of life at a price based upon actual cost. In 1920, employes of the company established a co-operative store—known as Co-operative Store for Clark Employes—to which any employe was eligible to membership upon payment of \$15 dues. The Clark company furnished the building and the management of the store and expenses were paid out of the small profit in the sale of goods, which were sold practically at cost. Until the village and Clark employes outgrew its need, the endeavor was a success.

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Buchanan, Mich.

# Celfor High-Speed Drills and Clark Axles and Steel Wheels Are Made in Buchanan

## What Mettle Is

It is quality—highest quality. It is spirit—conquering spirit. It is life—tenacious life. It is temperament—a distinctive, vital force.

It despises crass. It hates inferiority. It disdains the mediocre. It will have naught to do with common things. It glories in the highest and best.

It is that intangible yet potent thing which laying hands upon the best of men touches their hearts as with a spark and enthuses them with the will to be and to do.

It is the "nerve" on which the spent runner wins the race. It is the dynamic of the thoroughbred. It is the source of hidden strength tapped by the gallant steed as he noses out a rival in the crucial moment of the handicap.

It is toughness, stamina, endurance, vitality, bred-in-the-bone grit—it is all this and more.

It is the inherent life and spirit of Celfor Drills—the masterful quality built into them by earnest, eager men whose product is their pride—the replica of the spirits of good men and true, wrought in the best of steel.

## Clark Motor Truck Axles

The larger motor truck and motor bus builders of the United States use truck and bus axles built in our shops at Buchanan, Michigan. These axles are known as Clark internal gear and bevel drive axles and are built in standard capacities from 1 to 5 tons.

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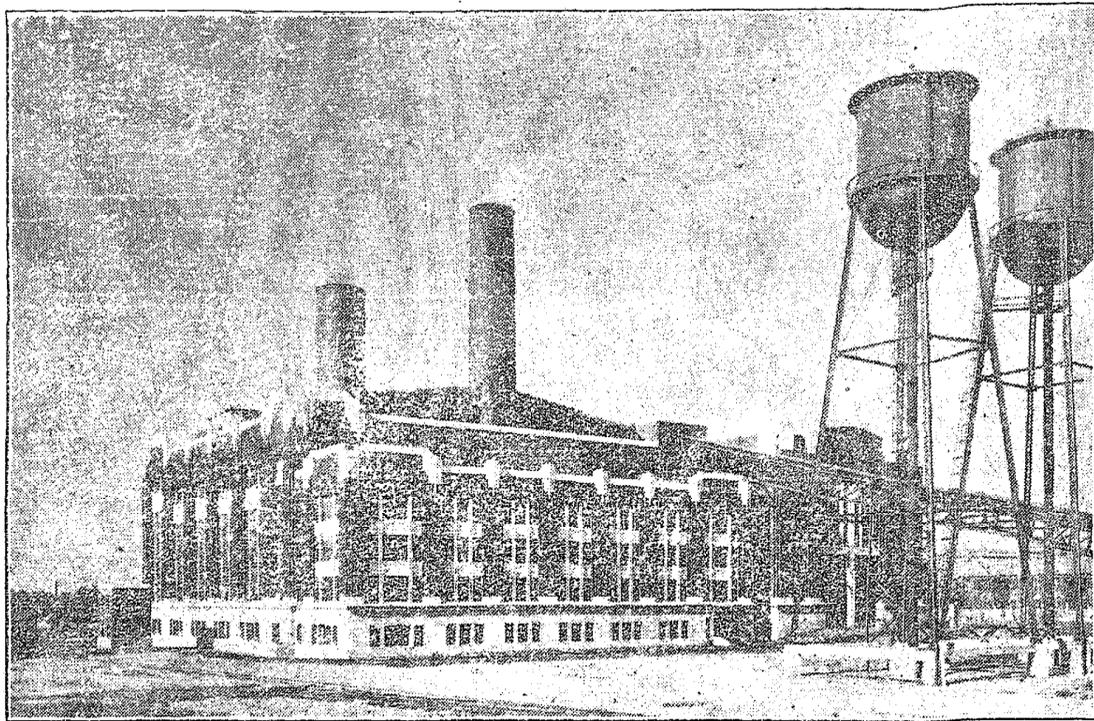
# Clark Equipment Company

Buchanan, Michigan

# Indiana and Michigan Electric Company

## Part of a Gigantic System Supplying Light and Power in a Territory Extending from Bangor, Michigan, to Charleston, West Virginia.

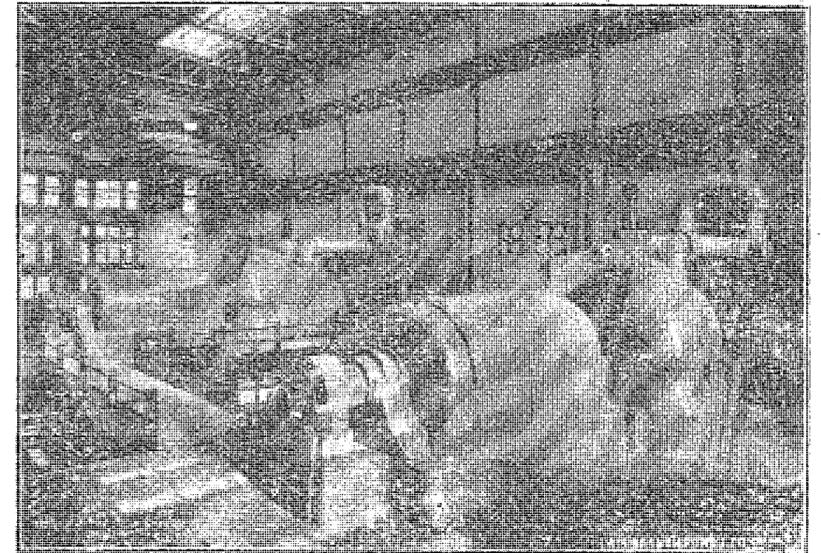
TWIN BRANCH POWER PLANT



Our Power and Lighting Specialists Always at **YOUR SERVICE**

Estimates for all kinds of Electrical Service furnished gladly on request.

Twin Branch Generating Room Showing 60,000 H. P. Turbines.



### Supplying Electricity to the Following Cities and Towns:

- |                 |              |                 |
|-----------------|--------------|-----------------|
| Arden           | Grandview    | New Troy        |
| Ardmore Heights | Hinchman     | Niles           |
| Benton Harbor   | Indian Lake  | Osceola         |
| Berrien Springs | Lakeside     | Pennelwood      |
| Bertrand        | Lakeville    | Plymouth        |
| Bristol         | Ligonier     | River Bluff     |
| Buchanan        | La Paz       | Roseland        |
| Dayton          | La Porte     | Rolling Prairie |
| Dunlap          | Lydick       | Sawyer          |
| Elkhart         | Mishawaka    | South Bend      |
| Gallen          | New Buffalo  | St. Joseph      |
| Glendora        | New Carlisle | Three Oaks      |
|                 | Union Pier   |                 |

LIGHTING WHICH IS SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER—SIMPLE, INSTANTANEOUS—YOU TOUCH THE BUTTON; WE DO THE REST. IMMEDIATE ATTENTION GIVEN EVERY APPLICATION—SERVICE FOLLOWING IN REGULAR ORDER. GUARANTEED SERVICE IN EVERY PARTICULAR—CALL US AT ONCE IN THE EVENT OF TROUBLE. HANDY, CLEANLY, OBEYIENT—NATURE'S OWN CONTRIBUTION—"LET THERE BE LIGHT" AND LO! THERE WERE ELECTRIC LIGHTS. TRANSFERRING TO MAN THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF WATER POWER AND STEAM THE GREATEST BOOM OF THE CENTURIES. SCIENTIFIC EVOLUTION OF FORCE WHOSE ORIGIN IS UNKNOWN BUT WHOSE DESTINY IS MANIFEST.

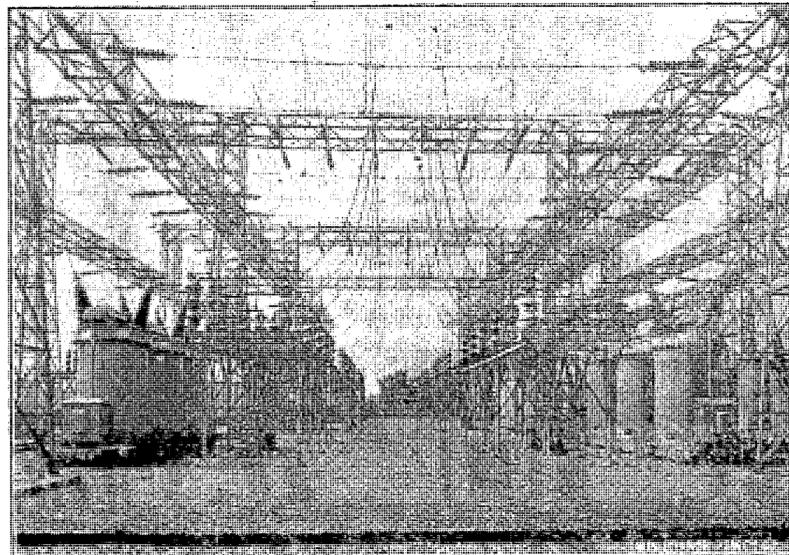
**P**ATIENTLY studying the needs of its field and sparing neither pains or expense to meet them; a company whose watchword is service; whose service is satisfaction.

**O**PERATING in a territory so vast and serving it so completely that nothing is left to be desired.

**W**ITH Electrical Energy sufficient to drive all the industrial wheels in the valley of the St. Joe.

**E**LECTRIC Lighting of Municipalities and homes at rates which are fair and equitable.

**R**EADY at all times to do its share and more in any laudable enterprise for the benefit of the towns and villages throughout the territory it serves.



INVEST YOUR SAVINGS IN Indiana and Michigan Electric Company's **CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK** \$100 PER SHARE Paying Seven Per Cent Quarterly

# INDIANA AND MICHIGAN ELECTRIC COMPANY

HARLEIGH W. RILEY  
MANAGER

## Buchanan's Largest Industrial Firm

The Clark Equipment Company

To speak of the Clark Equipment Company is to speak of the influence which, more than any other, has made and is making Buchanan.

Until its arrival in Buchanan the town was known, as so many other Michigan towns are known, as a nice, old, farmer town, made up largely in population of those who had garnered together sufficient in the fruit and general farming industry, to enable them to retire.

Before proceeding further, however, it is only fair to Buchanan to state that there was a time in Buchanan's history when she was regarded as one of the foremost manufacturing centers in Michigan. That was a good many years ago. In those times she had a number of furniture factories and in the very earlier years had a larger wagon business than the Studebakers subsequently developed at South Bend. Indeed, many of the prairie schooners which made the grand trek into the boundless west, were made in Buchanan. So that the name of Buchanan was well known to the earlier settlers of the western country and to the marauding Indians who made it their business to surprise and massacre the Argonauts.

One by one the factories disappeared, some falling a victim to fire, others going into bankruptcy and still others selecting other locations, until all were gone and Buchanan had sunk into a somnolent condition from which it was feared there would be no awakening. And then came the Clarks with an idea and the will to develop it.

At first the Clarks manufactured only a very high-grade drill which soon found for itself a place in thousands of well-regulated shops throughout the country for it was soon seen that it was a better drill than had ever been offered before. The sales were tremendous and taxed the capacity of the small shop to the uttermost. Ergo, more shops; more capital, more general expansion until what had been only a small business, comparatively, grew into giant proportions and focused more eyes upon Buchanan.

Soon thereafter the Clarks began to manufacture truck axles and truck wheels which also came into great demand, necessitating more shops and more capital and expansion far beyond the dreams of Buchanan or the manufacturers themselves. The wheels were good wheels. They were manufactured out of good materials and, together with the best of workmanship, they were acclaimed the very best on the market. Likewise the axles were good axles and truck makers were eager to get them. The Graham truck, than which there is no better on the market, uses both Clark axles and wheels.

It was fortunate for Buchanan when Mr. E. B. Clark decided to locate here—not in the selfish sense

only, for in Mr. Clark, Buchanan had acquired a citizen who immediately entered into the civic life with the determination to make life better worth the living in the little city of his adoption. He was generous almost to a fault. There was no worthy cause to which he did not contribute. The hospital is a lasting monument to his generosity.

The building of a theatre in which his employes might be entertained, the development of societies for mutual uplift among his employes, the building of handsome homes instead of make-shift cottages for his men and their families, and the thousand-and-one other things he has done, all testify to the worth of the man and the company to Buchanan.

Recently a convention of motor executives from all over the state was held in Buchanan and held its sessions in the Clark theatre. In wending their way to the building they had to pass the various shops of the company on their way, and were astonished to see hundreds of flower boxes filled with the choicest of blooms at the windows, while at every point of vantage—on roofs and in unlooked for corners, shrubs and flowers flourished in boundless profusion. And when at last the daintiest of buttonholes were passed around, their astonishment knew no bounds.

Mr. Clark holds that the best there is in a man can be brought out by good treatment and that the workers are as much entitled to revel in sunshine and the better thoughts which are superinduced by flowers, as is the boss himself. For that reason a corps of landscape gardeners, florists and green-house experts is always maintained at the Clark establishment.

Were it not for the fact that there is a housing shortage in Buchanan, we believe it would be safe to say that no factory has a lower labor turnover—the safest barometer of factory conditions that can be employed. It is hoped, however, that the housing shortage will soon be relieved when it will undoubtedly be possible to prove the above contention.

A few more factories like the Clarks in Buchanan would soon spell for her an industrial supremacy like unto that of Flint and other Michigan cities which have experienced such marvellous growth.

## Campbell Transmission Company

ONE OF BUCHANAN'S LEADING INDUSTRIES WHICH HOLDS GREAT PROMISE FOR THE FUTURE; GROWTH HAS BEEN PHENOMENAL.

The Campbell Transmission Company is, unquestionably, bringing Buchanan into the limelight more than any other industry outside of the Clark Equipment Company, since its product is interesting manufacturers all over the country and has been pronounced by them the best transmission on the market without a doubt.

This company came to Buchanan from Chicago eight years ago and established itself with a capital of \$250,000. Within that time it has increased its holding to \$750,000, and there is a likelihood that this will be increased to a cool million within a few short months; certain financial interests having expressed a desire to get into the organization and having expressed a willingness to furnish all the capital necessary for the proper exploitation of the proposition.

The transmission in question was invented by L. L. Campbell and for several years he offered it to Chicago manufacturers and financial experts without success. Manufacturers are wary of taking on new things which will require great engineering experimentation costs, new jigs, new fixtures and new machinery, and which means the junking practically of all their other equipment. Financiers are wary of the new thing; their natural and acquired conservatism suggests the thing which has been proven out. On account of this they frequently lose the opportunity to participate in juicy profits, but they have the satisfaction of knowing that they have not jeopardized the trust funds placed in their charge, and that is a great deal.

All this was gall and wormwood to the Campbells, of course, for by this time two other brothers had become interested in the new transmission. They saw that it was up to themselves to work their way out of the woods and they proceeded to do

it. It was mighty poor going at first but they were all workers and gradually they began to see daylight. It was then they became interested in Buchanan and it was then Buchanan citizens became interested in them and subscribed liberally to their stock, to the amount indicated above as their original capital stock.

It is believed that the outcome of the negotiations now being carried on will be the enlargement of the plant here and the putting on of upwards of a thousand men to turn out the transmissions which are already in demand. Up to the present time the transmission has been made outside of Buchanan on a royalty basis.

Their first shop occupied only 360 square feet, then grew to 1,200 square feet and finally to much greater proportions. But the work that has been done in Buchanan has consisted chiefly of the preliminary engineering, designing and machining of models with a view to greater refinement of construction. The principle has never been changed and probably never will be, for all who have seen it have pronounced it faultless in principle and wonderful as to its simplicity and positiveness.

Many of the leading motor vehicle manufacturers have become interested in the Campbell transmission and it is firmly believed it will become standard equipment with most of them before many more years. Who knows what good fortune may come to Buchanan through this extraordinary development?

L. L. Campbell is the president of the company, W. F. Harrah is the vice president and L. J. Campbell is the secretary. All of these gentlemen are in accord that what Buchanan needs and must have before there can be much more industrial development, is more houses for workmen. It is the greatest handicap Buchanan has today in their opinion.

## INDUSTRIAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N

A Non-Profit Organization Carried On By Buchanan To Finance Home Building Projects

As might have been expected in a town the size and importance of Buchanan there is a well-organized and well-conducted institution for the purpose of giving material aid to those who would build a home in Buchanan. This is the Industrial Building & Loan Association which has a capital of \$400,000 all of which is constantly employed in the business for which it was designed.

The association was organized in 1910 and since that time has experienced a remarkable growth. M. L.

Hanlin was its first president. At the present time its officers and directors are as follows:

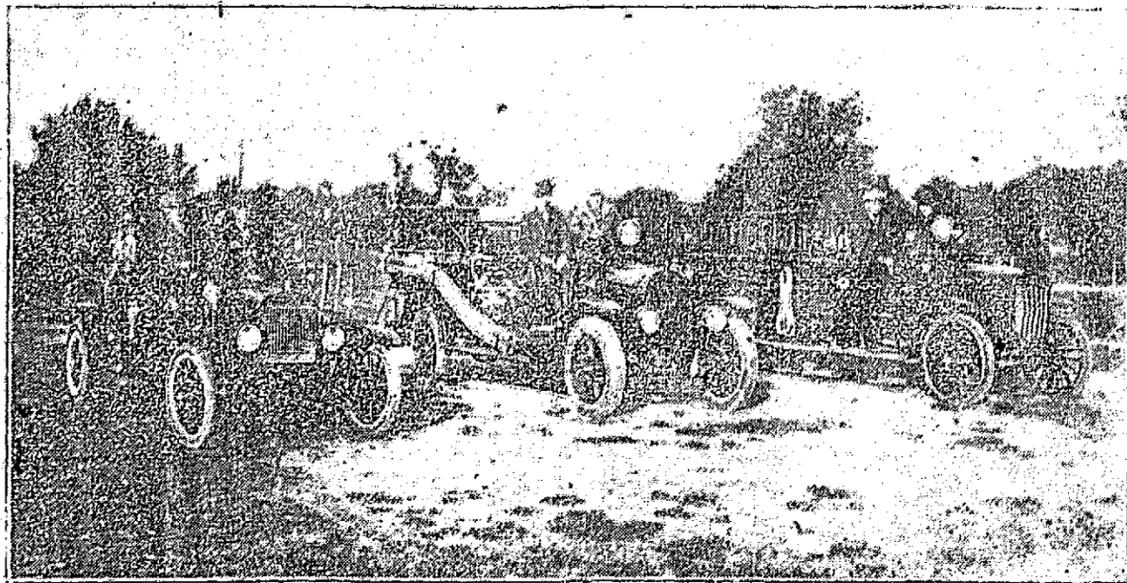
President, C. F. Pears; secretary-treasurer, Wilson Leiter; directors, H. E. Adams, Charles Matthews, F. C. Hathaway, F. C. Merson, Phil Boone, A. F. Howe, Frank R. Sanders.

The association loans its money to borrowers at six per cent interest and pays the same rate of interest to its stockholders. The only salaried man in the organization is the secretary-treasurer whose salary is merely nominal. All the other officers and directors give their time and attention to the affairs of the association without hope of gain directly or indirectly but have the satisfaction of knowing by the steady growth of the association, that their efforts are appreciated.

In the course of an interview with the pains-taking secretary of the association this paper was made to understand that Buchanan's greatest need at present is more money and the discontinuance of the practice on the part of its people of trading away from home.

We heartily agree with this suggestion. Every dollar which is spent outside Buchanan is that much taken out of circulation here. It goes to improve other places—to give them better schools, better homes, more factories and all the other things worth while and all at the expense of Buchanan.

## Buchanan's Up-to-Date Fire Fighting Apparatus



You needn't be afraid to sleep nights. Buchanan will take care of you and see to it that the unwelcome fire fiend is made still less welcome in case he should assail

you. Buchanan has a full-fledged motorized fire department with the best volunteer fire company of 10 men in Michigan, bar none. This is not an idle boast. Buchanan

stands ready to back this statement with money or marbles any old time she is called upon to do so. We present herewith a photograph of the equipment. Can you beat it?

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MASTER DYERS  
AND CLEANERS

Add value to your  
clothing by bringing them  
to us.

BUCHANAN, MICH.

## The Advent Christian Church of Buchanan

By Elder A. E. Bloom

In 1855 Elder and Mrs. D. R. Mansfield, formerly of the State of Maine, who had been holding services in Plymouth, Sump-tion's Prairie and South Bend, Ind., came to Buchanan by team from their home in Biglow's Mill's, Ind., and commenced to hold services in the school house, but objections being raised, they were finally refused the use of the school house and Garnet Morris, John Morris' father, gave them the use of the Buchanan Hotel, which he owned and operated, and services were held in the dining room in the evening. While ser-vices were being held at this hotel, now known as The Cot-tage Hotel, Hezekiah Howe pro-posed that a church be built. The proposition met with favor and the church now occupied by the Seventh Day Adventists corner of Moccasin Avenue and Third street was erected. The build-ing originally stood on a lot somewhat East of its present location, being later moved to the corner lot.

In 1857 or 1858, Eld. Mans-field and his family removed to Buchanan and he and his wife took charge of the church work as joint pastors, both serving in the ministry.

During the year 1863 Elder Joshua V. Himes was induced to come to Buchanan and look over the ground, with a view to est-ablishing a Western Publishing interest, which resulted in the publication of the "Voice of the West"—the first issue of which

appeared in February 1864. In December of that year the "Western Advent Christian Publication Association" was organized and soon after was incorporated under the laws of the State of Michigan. The sub-scription list of that paper grew to a point where 7,000 copies were issued weekly.

The "Voice of the West" was printed on the "Record Press" the first year, which was then owned by Daniel Wagner. Later on the Advent Christian people set in order a publishing office and press of their own and they now conduct a large establish-ment at Mendota, Ills., where a large volume of business is done each year. They publish a weekly religious magazine for the Middle West, known as "Our Hope and Life in Christ," besides books and tracts. They also do a general printing busi-ness for the public.

About the year 1866 circum-stances arose which led the church to leave the location on Third street, and for a time they worshipped in a hall owned by Ross & Alexander, where services were held Sun-day morning and evening. A Sunday school was also con-ducted in this hall, while the prayer meetings were held in a room furnished by the associ-ation publishing the "Voice of the West."

In 1866 it was decided to build a new church, encourage-

(Continued on next page.)

## The Presbyterians Are Hopeful

CHURCH ESTABLISHED HERE IN 1847 HAS BEEN VITAL FAC-TOR FOR GOOD IN COMMUNITY.

Presbyterian history in Bu-chanan dates back to the 22nd day of May, 1847, when six men—J. D. Dutton, Jeremiah Kat-chum, Warner Hooker, Uriah Enos, Chas. Baker, and John Marhoff—met at the home of Uriah Enos for the purposes of laying plans for the organiza-tion of a Presbyterian Church. Six men met in a home and prayed. That was the beginning. They decided to call a meeting and invite the officers of the Presbytery to come and effect the legal organization. This was done June 19th 1847.

The infant church consisted of twelve members, seven men and five women. The Reverend Porter B. Parry was engaged as the first minister and con-tinued to serve for almost five years. The services were held in the school house for about two years and then they built their own church in which they worshiped until 1892.

The Presbyterians did pioneer work here. The only denomina-tion which ante-dates them is the United Brethren who, many years ago, discontinued their work in Buchanan. The early days were fraught with difficul-ties, but heroism and self sacrifice gradually overcame. In the fifties they even ceased to hold services for some time. Then under the able leadership of the Reverend William Fuller they rallied and were inspired to carry the banner of Christ for-ward.

In 1852 there were twenty

members and in 1866 there were sixty. But even in those days of small numbers and terrible hardships the church had the spirit of the Master. Away back in 1867 we find this word in the records of the Session: Mrs. Thankful Boyington, being sick and needing assistance, a committee was named to visit her and see what aid was need-ed and report, the Session pledging the necessary funds. In 1864 money was sent to buy tracts for the soldier boys of the Civil War. After the war was over a contribution was made toward the fund to erect the monument for Abraham Lincoln in Springfield, Illinois.

It was a gala day when the Presbyterians left their old church building on Third street, which had served them so well for 42 years, and moved into the beautiful new brick build-ing on front street. The new building was erected in 1892, under the able leadership of Rev. O. J. Roberts.

In 1911 the Ladies Aid of the Church assumed the respon-sibility of building a manse. With plenty of pluck and hard work the task was completed and it stands to-day a monu-ment of achievement. Mr. C. H. Baker very generously do-nated the lot upon which it stands.

On Dec. 19, 1924 the church was entirely destroyed by fire. Since that time the regular ser-

(Continued on next page.)

# BISHOP

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1899 — 26 YEARS OF SERVICE RENDERED — 1925

WE are rounding out our twenty-sixth year of service in Buchanan and its tributary surrounding country—twenty-six years of enjoyable, pleasant and satisfying service.

We have seen Buchanan grow and progress and hope to see a further development for its people.

Let us have the courage, energy, enterprise and pa-triotic service to make Buchanan an example and inspira-tion to other communities.

TINWARE  
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ENAMELWARE  
GLASSWARE  
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TOYS

A HOME FOR EVERY FAMILY IN BUCHANAN

WHAT a wonderful thing we could say about our home town if every family within its borders could say, "This is my home." Let us so work together that this ideal situation will be accomplished and become an actual reality.

J. C. REHM :- Buchanan, Mich.

## The Advent Christian Church (Conclusion.)

ment being offered of financial assistance by the community. A Board of Trustees was elected, consisting of M. J. Howe, Philip Hollar, Alfred Richards, E. M. Griffin, J. Y. Himes, Sanford Smith and P. M. Weaver.

The new structure was erected and the dedicatory exercises held on November 3rd, 1867. The dedication sermon was delivered by Mrs. Mehetabel Mansfield. A protracted meeting followed the dedication, in which Elders Himes, Mansfield and Couch assisted. The new building contained one of the largest Auditoriums in town, with a gallery over the front of the structure and a prayer meeting room, connected with the auditorium. This building housed large audiences which came from near and far to hear the preaching and singing. A wonderfully remarkable work in the spiritual interests of Buchanan and vicinity was here accomplished and a number are still living here who received Biblical instruction and spiritual benefit at these services.

A number of Pastors have served the church during these years, among them being the following: Elders Mansfield, Himes, Berwick, Ferris, Finney, Moore, Wright, Matthewson, Shepherd, Shook, Royer, Keepers, Irvin and Brown.

About eight years ago it was decided to sell the church property to the Buchanan Pattern Works and the property of the United Brethren Church, on north Oak street was purchased, where services have since been held.

The present pastor, Eld. A. E. Bloom, was called from his pastorate in Annandale, Minn., and he and his family came here six and a half years ago and located in the new parsonage at 316 north Oak street, close to the church.

Services are held Sunday morning and evening, also Sunday school following the morning sermon. Prayer meeting and Bible study are held on Thursday eve. During the summer months, the past three years, a service has been held Sunday afternoon at Kathryn Park, which has taken the place of the Sunday evening service at the church, when the weather has been favorable. This service has been attended by a number from the other churches in the city and has been highly spoken of by many who have received instruction and benefit therefrom.

The annual conference sessions are usually held with this church, the latest one of which closed its session last Sunday. The membership of the church is not as large as it was in years gone by, many having either died, or removed from the city during the years, but the services are maintained by the group that remains, and the church continues to stand for the Bible doctrines of the Second Advent of Christ, Conditional Immortality and a real Christian life and experience as a vital necessity in order to be ready to meet the Lord when He shall come. They also believe in and practice single immersion as Bible baptism, for be-

lievers only. The following is their Covenant: "We whose names are subjoined do hereby covenant and agree, by the help of the Lord, to walk together as a Church of Christ, faithfully maintaining its ordinances, taking the Bible as our rule of faith and practice, church order and discipline; making Christian character the only test of fellowship and communion. We further agree, with Christian fidelity and meekness, to exercise mutual watch, care, to counsel, admonish or reprove, as duty may require, and to receive the same from each other as becometh the household of faith." They also have a confession of faith, which in many points agree with the faith usually held by the Protestant churches, the main difference being their position on the nature of man, the return of Christ, the destiny of the wicked and the final home of the saints, which they understand to be on the earth renewed, instead of up in heaven, as is commonly understood and preached. They also understand the Bible to teach the ultimate and complete destruction of the unsaved. The denomination also believes in, and supports, both Home and Foreign Mission work.

## The Presbyterians Are Hopeful (Conclusion.)

Services have been held in the American Legion hall. The officers of the church are as follows:

Session—D. L. Van Derslice, Clerk; J. C. Rehm, C. E. Tichenor, J. M. Wells, Geo. Stevenson.

Trustees—J. A. White, Chairman; D. L. Boardman, Secy; J. A. Rehm, Treas; J. M. Wells, C. E. Tichenor, Fred French, W. B. Higley, Chas. Bachman, L. J. Campbell, G. G. Rogers, W. D. Bremer, H. H. Kiehn.

Several of the members and associates of this church have gone out and have entered into full-time Christian service. Mrs. Abbie M. Stebbens was granted a letter to the church at Dena Doon, India, in 1893, and she worked there as a missionary until her death. Rev. Robert Rogers has been for years a missionary among the mountaineers. Later he moved to Texas. He still continues his missionary work, tho he is 87 years of age. He has built many churches during his life. A brother, Rev. Joe Rogers, has labored for years among the Indians of northern Michigan. Miss Mildred Doe is very prominent in the Y. W. C. A. work in New York City. Mrs. D. Edwards is a missionary in Pekin, China. Carson Geyer is a successful minister in the Methodist Episcopal denomination. It is reported that Ernest Hall and a brother went into active Christian work, but details have not been obtained.

Thus we see that the Presbyterian Church of Buchanan has projected itself literally into all parts of the earth. Its influence has spread abroad. We can not measure its results, for they have multiplied by proportions. But we do rejoice that it ministers in lands that we have never seen and in tongues that we do not understand.

We have faith to believe that soon we shall be able to erect

a building suitable to our needs and dedicated to the promotion of Christ's Kingdom thruout the earth.

## ST. ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH

Struggles of Early Pioneers to  
Establish a Mission Here—  
Now Thriving Society.

By VIVIAN K. JOHNSON.

Few, outside those in the know, appreciate the struggles of the faithful to establish and maintain the mission of St. Anthony in Buchanan. The story is an interesting one, savoring of early pioneer, early frontier days.

St. Anthony's is of Three Oaks parish. The original mission was in Dayton, but finally was abandoned there, many Catholic families moving away to seek fortunes elsewhere.

It was Father John Lynch who, many years ago, came to Mrs. H. R. Adams and asked her if mass might be celebrated at her home. There were five persons present at that first mass. Others came to learn of it and attended. Mrs. John Long also opened her house for the purpose. Finally, Father Lynch rented the G. A. R. hall. The number now attending had increased to 35 families; and in 1910, under the direction of Father Welsh, now of that rather famous St. Charles Church at Coldwater, the members of St. Anthony's mission met to decide upon a building of their own.

Theirs was not a wealthy mission and did not attempt a costly, showy edifice. Instead, they purchased a barn belonging to Cliff Hamilton and moved it to a lot on Detroit street which they owned.

The ideal followed and maintained so far as possible in the architecture of the building was based upon that of the early mission churches. The interior of the church is of an aesthetic simplicity.

The church has grown and expanded beyond the dreams of those

early pioneers of St. Anthony. Pew seats that were originally intended for the accommodation of five persons are crowded to care for seven and sometimes eight persons. The present membership comprises 60 families.

A plan of development for the coming year is contemplated. An addition is to be built and the plan calls for many improvements which will greatly enhance the beauty and value of the property.

The trustees of the church are: H. R. Adams, chairman; Ray Travis, Leo Heubner, John Long, Alvin Minzel.

The ladies of the Altar and Rosary Society have supplemented the expected deficits of the church budgets with baked goods sales, with wonderful chicken dinners, with card parties and what not. The officers of the society are: Mrs. H. R. Adams, president; Mrs. R. B. Franklin, vice-president; Mrs. Ed Hess, treasurer; Mrs. Russel Atherton, secretary.

Mention here should be made of the choir which, in Catholic churches, plays no small part. The members, who serve most loyally regardless of weather conditions and personal inclinations are: Mrs. Jessie Lowman, organist; Mrs.

(Continued last page, this section.)

COMPLIMENTS OF

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## History of the First Methodist Church

This church was first given a place in the list of Methodist churches in 1844, the first pastor being Theron H. Tooker. In 1845 T. B. Granger and R. C. Meek were appointed to this charge. From 1846 to 1852 the church seems to have been absorbed by the Berrien Circuit, and in that way lost its identity during that period. In 1849 the Presbyterian church, which was founded in 1847 under Rev. Porter Parry, aided by the Methodists and outside friends, built a church, which, under contract, was used a portion of the time by the Methodists and until the year 1860 when their own church was dedicated. In 1852, S. A. Osborn and C. Hendrickson were appointed pastors, and Francis Glass came in 1853 and Richard Pengelly took possession in 1854. The church was on the "to be supplied list" in 1855, but in 1856 J. W. Robinson was appointed pastor and he was followed by E. J. Boyntles in 1858. The builder of "the old church on the hill" was W. W. Johnson who came to this charge in 1859, the church being dedicated in 1860. The address at the laying of the corner stone was given by Dr. Thomas M. Eddy. A. C. Day and wife gave the land on which the church was built. A subscription list dated Dec. 15, 1859 shows the following contributors: W. H. Bainton, John Blake, W. J. Robinson, James Swift, John Buckles, Lewis V. Baker, F. A. Howe, Fredrick Howe, Burch Blake, F. W.

Howe, Milton Blake, George S. Ferguson, Jonah Threadkill, John Borden, Silas York, J. D. York, J. P. Alexander, H. P. Strong, Albert Hoag and E. M. Plimpton. In addition the above named contributors the following named persons aided very largely in the building of the church: Stephen Hobart, Nelson Bromley, W. H. Chambers, N. B. Collins, S. L. Estes, Celinda Ingersoll, B. K. Peer, Elmira Harrison, Mrs. E. S. Dodd, mother of the late I. L. M. Dodd, Eli Egbert, Lucy Richards, Joseph Miller, H. L. Carlisle, James Glover, Rebecca Binns, Ellen Swift, Benjamin Chamberlin and Susan B. Strong. The following named persons were indentified with the church and went into the war of the rebellion either as soldiers or nurses: H. M. Wade, B. F. Swift, A. H. Carlisle, Silas York, Henry Hobart, F. Stevens, H. Brant, H. L. Carlisle, H. P. Mason, Willis Rose, E. M. Scott, Cecelia Scott, Tammerson Carlisle and G. Phillips. There may have been others, but their names are not obtainable at this time. L. M. Edmous became pastor in 1860, G. W. Hoage in 1861, J. S. Harder, in 1863, J. Fowler in 1864, T. T. George in 1866, and during his pastorate the parsonage was built. Next came J. R. Berry in 1868, E. M. Coplin in 1870, N. L. Brockway in 1872, he being followed by Levi Tarr in 1873 and A. J. Russell in 1875. In 1876 Henry Worthington was appointed pastor who, as a boy, traveled

the circuit as a circuit rider 38 years before with one R. C. Meek. The following then became pastors: J. White 1880, W. J. Cogshall 1882, C. G. Thomas 1883, S. L. Hamilton 1886, J. H. Ruttleman 1889, W. Cook 1890, Isaiah Wilson 1892 and W. W. Divine 1895. Following W. W. Divine came H. L. Potter, W. J. Douglas, F. C. Waters, G. B. Millard, E. O. Mather, W. H. Irwin and W. Maylan Jones, the present pastor. The late I. M. Vincent bequeathed his home to the church and in 1907, during the pastorate of F. C. Waters, the present church home was erected. It was during the pastorate of E. O. Mather that the pipe organ was placed in the church. While W. H. Irwin was pastor, the church was enabled, through the generosity of Jennie John-

son, to make a substantial payment on the house and lot adjoining the church property on the north, and on this lot the church hopes to erect a church house sometime in the future. The church at present has about 250 members. Rev. W. Maylan Jones came to this charge in Sept. 1924, and although he was handicapped during his first year on account of his sickness, under his leadership the Sunday school nearly trebled, and the congregation doubled and the congregations doubled, and still growing. During this conference year a new furnace has been placed in the church, the interior of the church decorated and a new lighting system installed. Rev. Jones is full of resources, is on the job all the time, and his pastorate here promises much for the church.



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GEORGE S. ROE, Clerk



G. H. BATCHELOR, Attorney

ACTIVITIES OF THE YEAR  
1925



GLENN E. SMITH, Councilman



C. V. GLOVER, Councilman



H. S. BRISTOL, Councilman



A. VOORHEES, Councilman



ED MITCHELL, Chief of Police



H. A. HATTENBACH, Councilman

BUCHANAN FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Enjoys Distinction Of Being The Oldest National Bank In Berrien County Having Been Organized In 1888

It is not generally known that Buchanan is distinguished in banking circles through having the oldest national bank in all of Berrien County. It is a fact nevertheless and Buchanan people are very proud of the distinction.

The bank was established in 1888 and thus ante-dates any other bank. It came into being in the earlier life of Buchanan but at a time when Buchanan had many more industrial plants than she has today. It saw

(Continued on next page.)

ONE GLANCE at the group above will satisfy anybody that Buchanan is well governed. Everyman in the city government is an earnest, indefatigable hustler for Buchanan. It had been hoped that long ere this Buchanan would be incorporated as a city of the fourth class. Indeed, the necessary steps were taken and the people voted for the transformation almost to a man some time ago. There was great rejoicing when the result of the vote was announced, but it was found, much to the regret of the people, that owing to a technical error their long-cherished hopes had not been realized.

The matter has not been permitted to die out. There will be another attempt made in the early future and then Buchanan expects to issue forth with all the attributes of a city and the determination to make it climb up through the various classifications until it reaches the top. Buchanan people are getting awfully sick of wearing swaddling clothes and will no doubt cut quite a dash when she is legally entitled to put on the habiliments of maturity. Just watch her smoke!

In this connection it might

not be out of place to say that there has developed a very pronounced sentiment in favor of a new charter which will admit of the commission form of government or the more new-fangled form of the city manager. There are those, however, who are strongly opposed to both, and particularly to the latter, which they term autocratic government. They will not stand for further centralization of power, they say, so that any attempt to introduce the newer form of city government is bound to meet with strenuous opposition.

The form which it is believed will suit most of the people will be the mayor and aldermen form—two aldermen from each ward, the latter responsible to and representing directly the people of their own particular ward. The appointive power in the hands of the mayor, all appointments subject to the confirmation of the aldermen. Election to be held every two years instead of every year as at present; the recall privilege to be vested in the voters at all times. It will not be long to wait until the mountain is through with its travail and then we shall see what it has brought forth.

BUCHANAN STATE BANK A LEADER

Financial Institution Which Occupies High Place In The Community And Renders Much Valuable Service

The Buchanan State Bank is an organization which has done much toward the upbuilding of the commercial and industrial life of the village and still continues to take an active part in the furtherance of its interests.

It succeeded the private bank of Lee Brothers of Dowagiac who had it as such for many years. It has been in close touch with the local needs and requirements and has never failed to render wise counsel and advice on all financial questions which may have been submitted to

(Continued on next page.)

## The Interesting Bear Cave Near Buchanan

Jump into your automobile and drive a few miles north of Buchanan into a rugged country through which the purring St. Joe River wends its way, and you will find a road to the right leading to the river.

But you must stop on a plateau from which will be seen a landscape which cannot be described, the slopes in the nearer foreground covered with dense undergrowth with here and there a giant oak or elm which have stood sentry for ages and have witnessed the passage of the bark canoes of the Pottawatomies and of the other tribes of Indians who made this happy hunting ground their never-ceasing battle ground.

Outcropping upon the plateau you will find great rocks and at your feet a little stream which, if you follow it in its apparent race to nowhere, your ears will soon become attuned to its splashing as if into some great bowl. And very soon you find the bowl. It is a bayou of the river. Your curiosity is thoroughly aroused and so you follow a well beaten path which leads you down the face of a basaltic cliff and there you are at the opening of Bear Cave. To facilitate your approach a rustic bridge has been constructed but you must tread carefully; it is very fragile made all the more so by the thousands of names which have been whittled upon its every vantage point by the countless thou-

sands who have come here before you.

Here lived Bruin—many bruins, in fact. Here they took their long winter sleep. Here winked the Indian to his squaw as he contemplated the glorious feast of bear meat which would be theirs in due time. And so have winked thousands of the aborigines of the past, and so have the tribes feasted for time immemorial.

The entrance to Bear Cave is very narrow and for a way very tortuous, but ultimately the explorer finds himself in quite a spacious cavern and it is not long before he discovers in the dim light another passage way. If he has still courage to continue he must go thenceforth on hands and knees the bottom taking here a decided dip. But presently another chamber opens to view larger than the first. He might thus continue until four such chambers have been explored, each succeeding chamber larger than the other. In all this space a hundred bears could find ample sleeping room for Dame Nature never devised a bear hotel more ideal.

There are a number of people in Buchanan today who have explored every inch of these remarkable caves, but since the Kentucky cave disaster people are satisfied, as was the writer, to feast their imagination from the outside looking in, leaving to the more

## The First National Bank (Conclusion.)

the rise and fall of most of them and took a prominent part in the developing of others. It has also been regarded with favor by the fruit growers and the farmers of the county and has been favored with their accounts for years.

The report which it was called upon to make Sept. 28, 1925, shows the bank to be in excellent condition, to be in fact one of Berrien County's strongest financial institutions.

On the date above mentioned the bank showed resources as follows: Loans and discounts, \$293,199.42; U. S. government bonds, \$121,675.00; other securities, \$285,188.99; banking house and other estate, \$13,451.00; overdrafts, \$624.85; due from the U. S. treasury, \$2,500.00; cash and due from other banks, \$98,996.60, a total of \$815,635.86. Its liabilities consist of capital and surplus, \$75,000.00; undivided profits, \$13,102.82; circulation, \$49,000.00; bills payable, \$50,000.00; deposits, \$628,533.04, totaling \$815,635.86.

The officers and directors of the bank at the present time are; President, Dickson S. Scoffern; vice president, Charles F. Pears; vice president, Alonzo F. Howe; cashier, Walter E. Shoop; assistant cashier, Geo. S. Roe.

The First National Bank is known as the bank with the chimes. Every quarter of an hour the chimes ring out the time, reminding everybody of the passage of the hours and of the necessity of taking advantage of them before they have gone forever. This pertains more particularly to the starting of a savings account, of course, to provide for the inevitable rainy day and it is said that these very same chimes have caused many a man and woman and boy and girl to take the first and essential step toward the acquiring of a competency for their old age. It is a pity that everybody cannot hear them.

courageous and less imaginative, the pleasure of being shown. By all means when next you visit Buchanan see Bear Cave.

## Buchanan State Bank (Conclusion.)

it. It was organized as a state bank in 1917.

The last statement of the bank showed it to be in an excellent condition and we take great pleasure in touching upon this phase briefly: According to the report which was published Sept. 28, last, the bank had a capital and surplus amounting to \$50,000 and undivided profits of \$12,680.45; it had deposits totaling \$395,765.90, of which \$5,000 was a deposit of the state; its book accounts and club savings deposits amounted to \$111,093.57, making a total of \$569,480.92. The resources represented by bonds, mortgages, cash on hand and due from banks and other sources, together with the banking house and other property, made the account balance, showing a substantial increase over the last report.

This bank has been unfortunate during the past year, having lost a vice president and one of its directors by death, both of whom were sterling citizens who gave close attention to the interests of the bank and its clientele. Their demise has been deeply regretted by every bank officer, and every customer, and it is generally conceded their places will be hard to fill.

The banking house is modern in every particular and is fitted up with every device to safeguard the money entrusted to its charge. There is a splendid safety deposit system which permits of the access of customers directly from the bank lobby and does away with the general custom of going through the work-room of the bank. The interior finish is marble and mahogany and presents a rich and substantial appearance.

Herbert Roe is the obliging and capable cashier, with Charles Landis as his assistant, both of whom have grown up in the banking business and are familiar with its every detail. Miss Estier Walls is the competent bookkeeper and stenographer. Since the last report was made the bank has increased its capital and surplus to \$65,000.00.

Good printing at The Record.

# 1852 THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK 1926

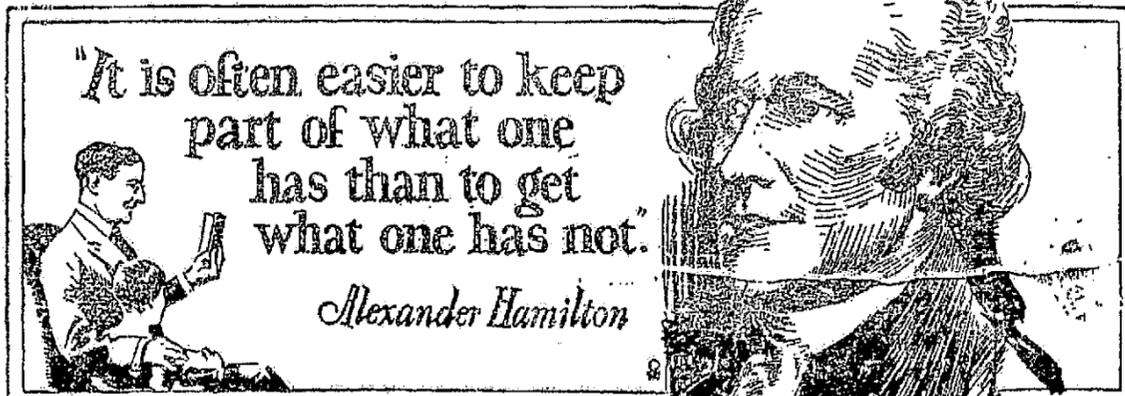
### Officers

D. S. SCOFFERN,  
President.  
C. F. PEARS and  
A. F. HOWE,  
Vice-Presidents.

### Directors:

D. S. SCOFFERN  
C. F. PEARS  
A. F. HOWE  
M. L. HANLIN  
SIG DESENBERG  
F. A. TICHENOR

A SERVICE of untold value has been done by this Bank to the citizens in this community for almost three-quarters of a century. For this record we feel justly proud. We believe that our responsibility to the present and coming generations is not lessened, but greatly enlarged and that when the affairs of this institution have passed on to our successors, they will have cause to feel proud of the faithfulness and progressiveness exercised today.



Your Bank Book Protects  
Your Earnings

Buchanan

Michigan

## PHYSICIAN MAYOR GUIDES BUCHANAN

DR. STRAYER, NOTED AND HIGHLY RESPECTED PHYSICIAN OF BUCHANAN, IS SERVING HIS FELLOW CITIZENS AS MAYOR.

It is not often that business or professional men can be induced to enter into public service, but when a municipality is so fortunate as to enlist the interest of men of this character, it is sure to be greatly benefited thereby.

Buchanan is fortunate in this regard. It has for its mayor Dr. J. C. Strayer, one of the town's leading and much-loved physicians. Dr. Strayer is not a mayor in name only. Instead, he takes a lively interest in all public affairs and is especially watchful for every opportunity which promises to accomplish something for Buchanan. He believes in public improvements but is ever thoughtful of the people who have to pay for them. A proposition to secure his approval must be shown to be, first of all, a necessary public improvement and to be possessed of real merit. No half way measure can get by the doctor and yet he is not penny-wise-pound-foolish.

The doctor came to Buchanan from Pittsburg, Pa., eleven years ago, de-

termined to become part and parcel of the town of his choice. He has been singularly successful and has shown his faith in the town of his adoption by investing his earnings here. He believes that Buchanan is destined to become a much larger city but realizes that its people must be constantly on the alert to take advantage of opportunity whenever it presents itself. He would go even farther. He would create the opportunity where it does not already exist—a thing which it is quite possible to do, since all opportunity is the result of an idea born of a fertile imagination. He believes that when the way has been pointed out by some dreamer, dreaming to a purpose, it is the duty of the people of Buchanan to get together as one man and put the thing over. That is the reason the doctor has given the Chamber of Commerce his endorsement in its effort to put Buchanan on the map through the special edition of the Berrien County Record it is sponsoring.

### ST. ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH. (Conclusion.)

H. C. Stark, director; Mrs. Ray P. Stults, Miss Louise Adams, Miss Mary Franklin, Miss Dorothy Barnoski, Miss Mary Voss, Miss Augusta Heubner, Mrs. W. Blaney, Mr. James Gallagher, Mr. George Franklin, Miss Eva Ellis, Miss Grace Letcher, Mr. Edgar Heubner.

Three Oaks parish is a very large one and Father Hammer is kept busy going from place to place. During the winter months he comes to Buchanan the second and fourth Sundays in each month. During the summer months he is kept busy at the summer colonies and Buchanan is served by Notre Dame priests every Sunday.

Besides Buchanan, there are six ish, viz: New Troy, Sawyer, Union

Pier, New Buffalo, Grand Beach and Chicago Commons, which, together with the parish church at Three Oaks, makes for a considerable mileage.

It should be of interest to all other missions in Three Oaks parishes, as well as others, to know a bit about Chicago Commons. It is a settlement between New Buffalo and Grand Beach along Lake Michigan, to which are sent during the summer months, by the charities of Chicago, many children of poor parents—children of the stockyards district, and of the tenement districts who are sufferers from malnutrition or from improper living conditions. At Chicago Commons these children become healthy, tanned individuals, and are given instructions in citizenship, health and religion under the auspices of the mission of Chicago Commons, Three Oaks parish.

## WISNER PHARMACY

E. H. WISNER, PH. C., Manager

### Drugs, Flowers and Floral Pieces

All orders for floral pieces and designs filled with the choicest Flowers and made up by one who knows how.

Telegraph orders promptly filled.

TYPEWRITERS, PHONOGRAPHS and RECORDS.

### RADIOS and RADIO-PHONOGRAPHS

Corner Days Ave. and Front Sts.

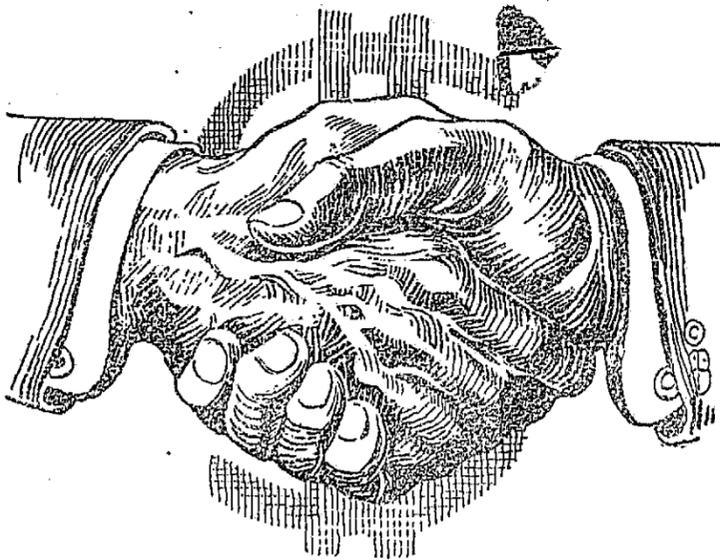
Phone 212

### Buchanan State Bank

Capital and Surplus  
\$65,000

4% Paid on Sav-  
ings Deposits.

WE SOLICIT YOUR  
BUSINESS.



OFFICERS:  
HENRY M. LEE,  
President.  
GEORGE B. RICHARDS,  
Vice-President.  
HERBERT ROE,  
Cashier.  
CHARLES W. LANDIS,  
Assistant Cashier.  
DIRECTORS:  
HENRY M. LEE  
GEORGE B. RICHARDS  
E. W. CLARK  
W. J. MILLER  
HERBERT ROE.

## The Helping Hand of Financial Advice

Is always ready to grasp yours at this bank. Both the officers and the personnel await your coming in to get acquainted and to make you feel that this Bank is your Bank with all its facilities at your command.

There are ever so many of you folks who have financial worries of some kind yet you feel that you are at a loss to know just where to get dependable and reliable information. Your problem may be a matter of Savings, a Loan, Investment Advice, the making of a Will or on some other financial subject.

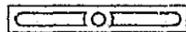
That's why we take this means of letting you know that you're always welcome here. Why not stop in today and let us be of Service to you in solving your Financial Problems?

# BUCHANAN STATE BANK



## NEW TROY

*Invites You to Share Its Advantages  
and Its Opportunities*



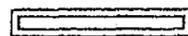
**N**EW TROY is pleasantly situated in a territory of exceptional value.

NEW TROY farms are good farms and they can be purchased today far below their value.

NEW TROY is near enough to the main highway to profit by its advantages and far enough from it to escape its dust and constant turmoil.

NEW TROY is within a stone's throw of Lake Michigan—an ideal place for a summer home.

NEW TROY has choice property for the summer visitors which may be obtained at remarkably low prices.



Any of the undersigned will be glad  
to show you.

*E. A. Brodbeck      J. H. English      Charles Ludlum  
Thos. Christiansen      John Woods*

# NEW TROY

**NEW TROY**—A pretty little village situated on the north branch of the Galien River is one of the oldest settlements in the southern part of Berrien county. It was a solid forest of the choicest timber when the first settlers, mostly from New York state, arrived on the scene in 1858-60. These were Ed. Hill, Ambrose Morley, Russ Brewer, Henderson Ballangee and others. The first activities at that time consisted in the hewing of square timber which was taken out in tree lengths, most of it being exported. It comprised beech, maple, pine, walnut and oak, mostly the latter, some of the trees being five feet in diameter at the base. Ed. Hill and Ambrose Morley were the first lumbermen. The others worked for them. Hill and

Brewer started a store.

Soon thereafter Morley built a dam to furnish him with a mill pond. That created a water power and Richard Cawl, a newer arrival, built a substantial flouring mill. All this time the land was being rapidly cleared up and agriculture began to flourish. In 1873 the present village school was built and it was considered a pretentious structure for those times. It comprised five rooms. At present eight teachers are employed. R. A. Hickok is the superintendent and Muri Momany is the principal. An old school house which had served the district up to 1873 was converted into an M. E. church. The United Brethren built a church in 1874. They are the churches of the village. Rev. D. N. Mat-

thews is the pastor of the M. E. church and Rev. J. E. English is pastor of the Brethren church.

In 1870 P. J. Pierce & Son took over the general store of Hill & Brewer and conducted it for about twenty years, finally selling out to R. B. Jennings who conducted it for about ten years. The "Center of the World" store was started about fifty years ago by N. O. Fansler of Buchanan who came to New Troy to dispose of a bankrupt stock and gave his store the above rather peculiar name. Afterwards J. B. Terrill acquired the property and the name and so it has been known ever since.

J. S. Addison started a general store in 1885 and continued for five years. Wm. Pierce

succeeded Addison for ten years and then sold to S. G. Pennell. Pennell sold to E. A. Brodbeck in 1921 and the latter has greatly enlarged the business. Mr. Brodbeck is one of the leading lights of New Troy.

John Wood started up in the hardware and implement business in 1920. This business was first organized by S. E. Pletcher who retired in 1900. New Troy has a good flouring mill, three good stores, two fully equipped garages, a well-drilling outfit, good transportation by bus and truck and is surrounded by farming land than which there is none better. Chicago people are now buying lots in the New Troy neighborhood and there is every indication it is bound to grow.

## NEW TROY HAS FINE PEOPLE

Just a Little Farming Community But Every One is Proud Of It

"Fall oaks from little acorns grow!" That is the thing which is kept ever in mind in New Troy and with this ever to stimulate what appears to be a towering ambition. New Troy people have ceased to look backward and are looking confidently to the future which is to transform them into a bustling, bustling city with ten story skyscrapers and the ever present remark that where that huge tenement house now stands my grandfather could have had a deed to it for fiddling one night at a dance and refused it, and all that sort of thing.

All joking aside, New Troy is on the move and when they get that new school house, which they sorely need, there will be no holding them. The village is one of the oldest in the county. All around about the finest timber in Michigan and this fell a prey to the woodsman's axe. There was a good water power and that meant sawmills and shingle mills and lots of lumberjacks. Michigan was not

dry at that time or even seriously thinking of it. Consequently the old men wag their heads and say those were the good, old days. Nevertheless, whether they were or not, the good people of New Troy didn't sit down and wait for their return.

New Troy is heralded to the world as its geographical center. A big sign as you enter the town says so. There it stands and has stood for years. "Center of the World." Resorters drive for miles out of their way to stand upon the spot and feel as fearsome about it as Dr. Cook must have felt when he didn't straddle the north pole.

There's a hang-up flouring mill in New Troy which has been operated by the same family for three generations. There are two good garages, two general stores, a hardware store, an implement warehouse, etc.

But New Troy has stirred up something which holds high promise for the future. It has sold a tract of land to a Chicago concern which is plating it and selling homes thereon which they are building to meet the demand. Quite a tract of land immediately adjacent to the village is coming under this form of development. Under the plan a person may buy one acre or five acres, or even ten acres, have a home built upon

it, have it planted to fruit or berries or both, and have it taken care of until it comes in to bearing and get both the home and the service at a nominal payment per month until it is all paid for. Men who work in the shops and offices in Chicago are buying these places on which to keep their families, not merely in the summer, but the year around. They find they are healthier and better in every way. Chicago is near enough so that daddy can spend the week end with his family, and Lake Michigan is only four miles away. Many people who have small children prefer to have them at a place like this rather than on the crowded highway where they are constantly in danger of being run down by automobiles. At that M-H is only half a mile away.

The land all around New Troy is very rich and all kinds of farm crops can be grown in abundance. In addition to all the staple grain crops fruits of all kinds can be grown. Many hundreds of acres are under peppermint and that means that the producers are rolling in money this year for never before has peppermint brought such an enormous price. As in other localities in Berrien County, land is selling away below its real value. If you want further information on this score get in touch with

New Troy's chief booster, Mr. F. R. Maxim, and he'll tell you all about it.

### L'Après-midi d'un Faun

Willy (at philharmonic concert, testily)—"I'm always hearing 'The Afternoon of a Faun.' For heavens' sake, what did he do with his evenings?"—Musical Courier.

### Led by Instinct?

Sea lions by the hundreds come to the safe refuge of the Ana Nuevo islands, a government lighthouse reservation off the coast of California, where the animals are protected by state laws.

## CANDY

Sweetens and Completes

THE HOME  
THE PARTY

THE TETE-A-TETE

Delicious Home Made Candies  
Fresh Daily

Best Boxed Sweets  
Ice Cream  
Fountain Drinks

**Buchanan Candy  
Kitchen**

A. Storti, Proprietor

Buchanan, Michigan

## C. and K. Garage

JOHN CHRISTIE, Proprietor

### GENERAL REPAIRING

OF ALL KINDS OF CARS

FULL LINE OF ACCESSORIES

NEW TROY, MICH.

## JOHN WOOD

International Harvester Line of

FARM IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY

OF ALL KINDS

FRUIT PACKAGES, PERFECTION PACK APPLE  
PACKAGES

In business in New Troy since 1896.

NEW TROY, MICH.

## EMLONG'S STEVENSVILLE NURSERIES

One Of The Leading Houses In The Nursery Line Which Has Helped To Make Western Michigan Famous

Stevensville, a busy little burg on M-11 is the home of the celebrated Stevensville Nurseries which are owned by Henry Emlong & Sons and which does one of the biggest volumes of business in that line.

The Stevensville Nurseries have grown to be famous because they early adopted the rule that nothing should ever go out of their establishment that was not true to name. Nobody ever expects to grow figs on thistles if his foundation stock has been bought from the Emlongs. Figs on figs and thistles on thistles it will be—nothing else. But if by chance nature should happen to play some of her unaccountable pranks and produce the unexpected, the Emlongs have made it a rule that they will replace to the very last farthing, so that the customer shall not suffer a penny of loss through any of his dealings with them. This has become known far and wide and has really been the basis upon which this fine business has been founded.

Included in the stock the Emlongs furnish are thoroughbred strawberry plants, raspberries, blackberries, grapes and all kinds of fruit trees and, as we said before, they are all guaranteed to be free from disease and true to name.

Besides supplying the growers of Michigan, the Emlongs do an enormous business in other states and some of their very choicest plants have been shipped to foreign countries from which they are constantly receiving repeat orders. This is a testimonial of which the Emlongs are inordinately proud, as well they might be.

The business was started by the senior partner many years ago and the sons have grown into it with a perfect knowledge gained of a life-long experience.

## MAXIM'S STORE AT NEW TROY

Five years ago there came to New Troy from Osceola county, this state, a man who had, through long training, familiarized himself with the needs of a village of this size for a general store.

He had been engaged in the same line of business in his native county and had made a great success of it. He knew goods from every angle—the buying, selling, and all there is to know about them. He was in a splendid position to give the people of New Troy the kind of service for which they craved.

The people found that they had not only hold of a good merchant when F. R. Maxim came to them but that they had also gotten hold of a live booster for his town wherever that might chance to be.

When Maxim came to New Troy on March 26, 1920, his entire stock comprised about \$3,000 worth of merchandise. There is not a minute now when from \$7,000 to \$10,000 is not carried and at some seasons of the year it runs much higher. It follows, therefore, that the people of New Troy have a wide range of selection at the Maxim store, a fact which they appreciate since it enables them

to get the necessary goods without having to go to the larger places to get them. A point Mr. Maxim has always made is to see to it that whatever may be called for, and no matter what it costs, if he happens to be without the article in question, he will send and get it for the customer without additional cost. That element of service has brought the Maxim store many satisfied customers and will undoubtedly hold them.

Mr. Maxim is for the special edition idea because he can see that all this country needs is advertising.

## NEW TROY MILLS ONE OF OLDEST

The principal industry of New Troy is the New Troy Mills, established in 1867 by Ambrose H. Morley, one of the earliest settlers in the New Troy region.

This is a water power mill and is equipped with every modern appliance for the milling of all kinds of grain, its products finding a ready market in all of the surrounding towns and having many customers in Chicago where its flour is regarded with favor by many of the best bakers. In addition to flour and feed the mill also deals in coal.

At present the mill is operated by

F. H. Morley, Sr., a son of the original founder, and his two sons, F. H. Morley, Jr. and E. D. Morley, the business being now in the hands of the second and third generation of the same family.

The beginning was modest and only about 3000 square feet of floor space were required for its operations. Additions have been added from time to time, however, as the business grew and prospered, until today over 10,000 feet of floor space are in use. The amount of capital at first was quite small but it can be said without qualification that its present capital is ample and enables it to take advantage of the markets and pass along to its customers the savings it is enabled to effect.

The company now has a retail store and warehouse at Sawyer where it handles flour and feed, and enjoys a liberal patronage. Its specialties are Perfect Bread Flour, Morley's Pancake Flour, and Perfection Graham Flour, all of which are known far and wide, as the very best in their class.

The Morleys, father and sons, are heart and soul for New Troy and look forward to the time hopefully and expectantly when it will be not the least of the places of importance in South Berrien County. It is a sure thing that they can be counted upon at all times to do everything in their power to bring about the much desired results.

GENERAL MERCHANDISE

NEW TROY F. R. MAXIM MICHIGAN

# STEVENSVILLE NURSERIES

HENRY EMLONG & SONS, Proprietors

Grow Our

Thoroughbred Strawberry Plants for Quick Money Also Raspberries, Blackberries, Grapes and Fruit Trees Guaranteed Free from Disease and True to Name.

Stevensville

Michigan

U. S. A.

# NEW TROY MILLS

F. H. MORLEY, Sr.

F. H. MORLEY, Jr.

F. D. MORLEY

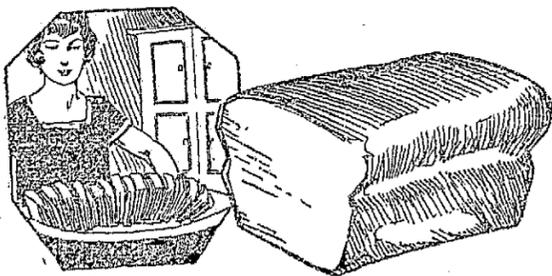
MILLERS SINCE

A1  
FLOUR

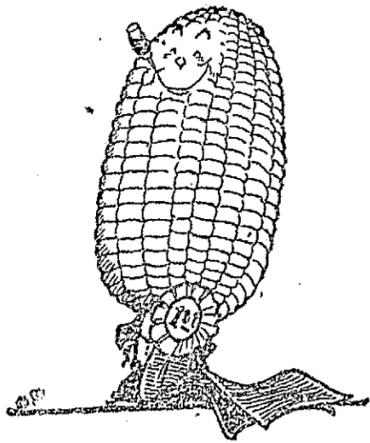
1867

A1  
FLOUR

## Manufacturers



A PERFECT BREAD FLOUR

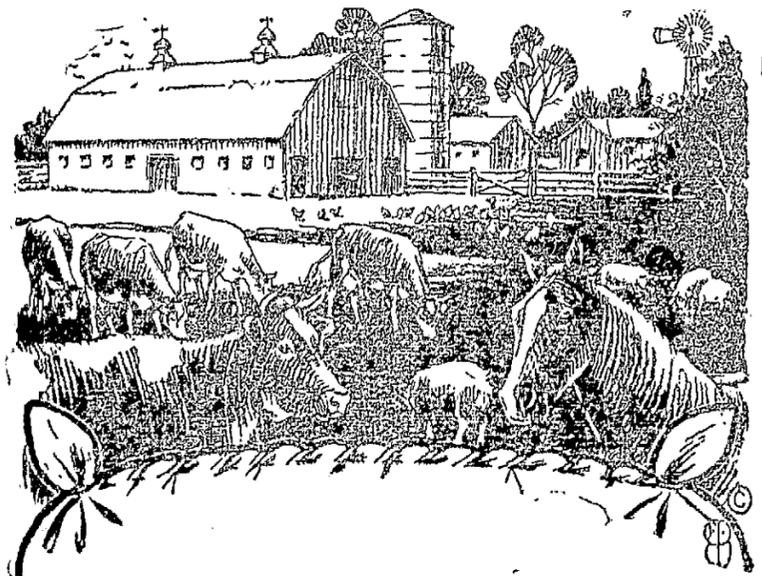


MORLEY'S CORN MEAL

All Kinds of Feeds  
Morley's Pancake Flour  
Perfection Graham Flour

CITIZENS PHONE

18



JOBBERS

*Red Comb*

POULTRY FEEDS

DAIRY FEEDS

CALF MEALS

C - O - A - L

# NEW TROY MICH.

# G A L I E N

Travel where you will in this or any other state you will not find a better little town for its size than Galien. Please do not make a mistake in the pronunciation of this name. The Galien people do not like to hear the name of their town pronounced incorrectly. The correct way to pronounce the name is as though it were spelled "Galeen" with the accent on the last syllable.

The town was founded in 1819 when G. A. Blakeslee built a sawmill and opened a store. With him came A. J. Glover, a famous millwright who built more than thirty sawmills in his time and was known the length and breadth of the state. Later in life Mr. Glover retired to a farm at what is known as "The Bend of the River," near Buchanan. His son, C. A. Glover was born there. He is now agent of the New York Central at Galien.

With the sawmill came the necessary families to work it, many of them coming from New York State. Soon there were more stores and, of course, a school, so that it was not long before the new town began to put on airs and get up in the world. It now has a population of about 500 and there is good reason to believe that this will be greatly increased within the not far distant future for, on account of its situation, there is every reason why people should want to live at Galien.

There are three churches in Galien—German Lutheran, presided over by Rev. Kling; the Methodist Episcopal, presided over by Rev. R. E. Matthews, and the Latter Day Saints which, at the present time has no regular pastor. There is a splendid school at Galien on the township unit system which has always been on the University list until last year. It was denied this privilege because it was found that Galien needs a new school building and it will not be replaced until the new school has been built. Needless to say the people of Galien are much chagrined at this condition and propose to take early steps to remedy it in spite of what appears to be a determined effort on the part of some to prevent the building of the new school. There are nine teachers besides Supt. K. C. Inselman and the principal, Miss J. Raymond. The first house built in Galien is still standing and is today occupied by Mrs. Casper Holz. Galien has a splendid lodge of Odd Fellows and a lodge of the Rebekahs. There are Galien Lodge, No. 47, I. O. O. F. and Silver Leaf Rebekah Lodge, No. 133, the former having a membership of 150 and the latter a membership of 210.

Galien is an incorporated village officered at the present time as follows: President, O. A. VanPelt; clerk, Ray Babcock; treasurer, Ensel Swen; trustees, H. D. Roberts, B. J. Bobcock, Ernest James, Fred White, S. P. Roberts, and F. F. Lintner, recently appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of Ed. Heckerthorn to

Porter, Ind. The village has a commodious and well-built town hall, a chemical engine outfit for fire protection, a main street well paved with brick, electric lights and other conveniences. It also has a good bank—the Galien State Bank, of which C. A. Clark is president, Clayton Smith vice president and Hailey R. Ball cashier. The directors of the Bank are: C. A. Clark, Clayton Smith, Horace Morley, Ray Babcock, O. A. VanPelt.

A splendid condensary plant owned by the Elgin Milk Products Co. is located at Galien and gives employment to quite a number of people. It turns out high-grade butter in connection with its condensary business. There is also a cement working plant which manufactures silos, burial vaults and other specialties in cement. There is also a Reed-Murdoch pickling station which handles the large quantity of cucumbers grown in the Galien territory. The Farm Bureau also maintains a Co-operative Exchange at Galien. There are also two good garages which are equipped to do anything to an automobile. The Chevrolet garage is one of the best in the state. Holsteins and Guernseys are the two breeds of cattle

which are mostly favored by the dairymen of this section, many pure-breds being among the number.

Galien is 78 miles from Chicago, only twelve miles from Lake Michigan and only two and one half miles from the Indiana state line. It is within easy reach of South Bend, St. Joe, Niles and Michigan City, so that its people can enjoy every advantage of the larger cities without their high living expense. There are numerous small lakes within a radius of four miles and the Galien people expect to largely add to their resort visitors when their excellent location and superior facilities become better known. The land about Galien cannot be excelled. It grows good crops of wheat, corn, oats, sugar beets, peppermint and small fruits. All of these are quick money crops and the prices for them are constantly advancing, insuring to the growers and the business people of the village a constant and ever-increasing income. Despite the wonderful opportunities and the good prices to be obtained for all kinds of produce, land may still be bought in the Galien region for much less than it is really worth.

One of the first pieces of

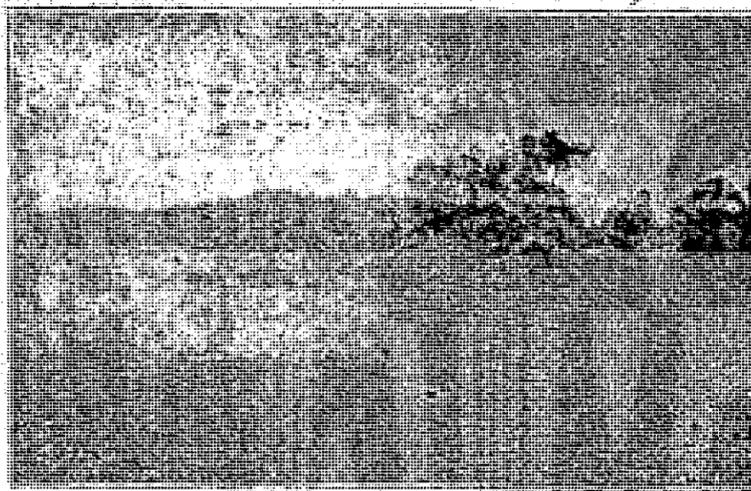
stone road ever constructed in Michigan was built near Galien and G. A. Clark, president of the Galien State Bank and for many years a representative of his township on the board of Supervisors, introduced the resolution providing for its construction. He and "Good Roads" Darle, were for many years the warmest of friends.

## BERRIEN COUNTY IN THE FORE FRONT

Certainly the Progressive Farmers of this County Began to See The Cat

It is gratifying to realize that according to the evidence now at hand and still being accumulated, Berrien county farmers have begun to see the cat. Do you remember that seeing the cat was Henry George's quaint way of announcing he had made another convert to his single tax idea? Well, that's the fact anyway, whether you remember it or not. We are using it now as an apt phrase to indicate that Berrien county farmers are waking up to the fact that alfalfa is the big thing to lift mortgages or to swell the old bank account. There are now upwards of nine thousand acres under alfalfa in this county. This includes this year's planting, of course. It is not as much as could be wished for but it is a marked increase in one year. If the same ratio of increase can be maintained for a few years longer, there is no telling to what heights we may attain. Certain it is that this sort of procedure will add value to every acre of land in the county, to say nothing of the added profits which will be reaped by the dairymen and feeders.

Good printing, prompt printing at right prices at the Record.



BATCHELOR ISLAND ON THE S T. JOSEPH RIVER

## GALIEN STATE BANK

BANK BOOK

INDEPENDENCE

GALIEN
MICHIGAN

## LINTNER SELLS THE CHEVROLET

In One Of The Handsomest And Largest Garages In Western Michigan—Has Record For Large Sales In His Territory

In a handsome garage of pressed brick with plate glass front Floyd E. Lintner sells the Chevrolet cars at Galien.

The building has a frontage of fifty-eight feet on the main thoroughfare extending back one hundred and forty feet. In this is installed one of the very best service departments and his patrons can rely upon it that their every want can be supplied promptly and efficiently upon a moment's notice.

Mr. Lintner has only been in business less than two years yet in that time he has disposed of more than one hundred and fifty Chevrolets of various models. His territory includes Buchanan where a sub-agency is maintained and where quite a number of cars are also disposed of.

In addition to the Chevrolet sales and service Mr. Lintner is also handling the celebrated Atwater-Kent sales and service and has succeeded in disposing of a good many of this company's wonderful radio sets. To this branch of the business Mr. Lintner gives his personal attention more particularly, insuring to his patrons courtesy and consideration at all times.

As might be expected Mr. Lintner is deeply interested in the welfare of Galien and is an enthusiastic booster for the town, doing everything in his power to help it grow and thrive. At the present time he is the Commander of the American Legion and is well regarded by all of his comrades. He wants to see Legion Post one of the best in the state and feels that if he can have the co-operation of his fellows and the citizens in general that this can be accomplished.

## MICHIGAN PEOPLE ARE WAKING UP

Western Michigan In For A Grand Rejuvenation Within a Few Years—The Great Trek Has Already Begun

The people of Western Michigan are waking up at last to the great possibilities of this marvelous summerland of ours. Within a very short time now we shall see folks here from all over the south and Florida will be sending to us in the summer time as many, if not more, than we are sending to them for the winter. Michigan is in for a great rejuvenation and it will be a lasting one, for values once created will surely remain, for there is only one Michigan.

The most encouraging evidence we have encountered of late in support of this contention was made manifest at Benton Harbor recently when that city celebrated the election of

a new president of the Chamber of Commerce and that gentleman made a noteworthy speech. Of course we take exception to one remark of the distinguished gentleman—that in which he said that the twin cities are the gateway to Michigan's summerland. We claim that the gateway to Michigan's summerland is at the Indiana state line—that you are in summerland the minute you cross the boundary and that South Berrien County is part and parcel of the Michigan paradise. However, we are pleased to be privileged to read such good stuff as this enterprising and enthusiastic president produced. And we esteem it a privilege also to reproduce it. This is the way it appeared in the Benton Harbor News-Palladium:

"The next two or three years will see a Western Michigan boom such as that which has swept over Florida. The twin cities are the gateway to the western Michigan region and it behooves us to get ready for that big event," said J. T. Townsend, manager of the Hotel Whitcomb today.

Mr. Townsend was elected president of the Chamber of Commerce at the organization's annual banquet Tuesday evening at the Whitcomb.

The new Chamber of Commerce president has certain definite ideas for civic growth and he hopes that the Chamber of Commerce, with the public's support, will be able this year to accomplish great things.

### Values Going Up

"Indications of the approaching boom are everywhere," continued Mr. Townsend. There is no lake shore property for sale now and the building of the proposed new shore highway from the state line and the widening of the Dunes highway in Indiana will give tourists wonderful access to western Michigan. We have fine roads and excellent water, highway, train, and electric transportation facilities. It is not too much to say that before long the twin cities will be part of a vast urban territory with Chicago as its hub.

"The Chamber of Commerce will continue to work for factories and industries. We have ideal living conditions and fine factory locations. We shall strive to bring industry here."

Perhaps because as a hotel fan he has seen the stupendous growth of the tourist business, Mr. Townsend believes the Chamber of Commerce should do its utmost to benefit from it.

### Everybody Profits

"More than \$100,000,000 was spent in Michigan alone by tourists in 1924," according to government statistics," declared Mr. Townsend. The tourist business is our largest industry, with no invested capital. It is here for us to take. Many people do not grasp its significance. They are of the opinion that only the hotels and restaurants reap any profit. By a little reasoning it is

obvious that we all benefit. Our own jewelry, clothing and shoe merchants, as well as many others, say that their business is better during the tourist season than at any other time of the year, including the Christmas holidays. More money is in circulation, and more money flows into productive channels. Farmers are selling their entire fruit farms. Tourists are glad to go to the farmer."

Mr. Townsend has been in the hotel business for 35 years. "I don't know much about it yet, but everyday one can learn something," he laughed.



# 150



# CARS

SOLD IN

# ONE ONE-HALF YEARS

## Floyd F. Lintner

### GALIEN, MICH.

Complete Garage Service  
Atwater Kent Radios  
CHEVROLET—Sales and Service

**G. A. BLAKESLEE & Company**

General Merchandise  
Galien, Michigan

Located in Galien since 1856 and still going

Look for their special sale before the Inventory. A closing out of some lines.

CHAS. A. CLARK

## The County Agent a Wizard of Progress

In building up a locality, whether it be as a single county or an entire state, it is necessary that the farms and farmers within the territory be given the attention which the importance of their industry warrants. The old axiom that when the farmer is doing well everybody else is doing well, holds good everywhere and at all times, and any sort of exploitation which leaves the farmer out, is doomed to failure.

For that reason it will be found that much of this number is devoted to the farmer and the industry he represents. Much pains have been taken to gather information and statistics which cannot fail to be of value to him. We can vouch for the authenticity of the statements made for they have come to us from undoubted sources.

Many times it has come to our attention that the farmers themselves fail to recognize the value to them of the county agent, so-called, some of them appearing to think he is a useless appendage, calculated only to swell their taxes and produce for them no lasting good in return. This feeling becomes apparent each year when the question of his continuance comes up at the board of supervisors.

There are always some members on the board of supervisors who practice false economy. They are opposed to every movement out of the usual order; they would continue to live in the dead and buried past, and every forward movement, especially if it entails the expenditure of money be it ever so small, is frowned upon and held up to ridicule. Ultimately, however, it is pleasing to note gets in its work and those who would see the county grow and prosper are generally triumphant.

We hold no brief for the county agent as such, but we do hold a brief for South Berrien County and this paper can be counted upon to do its bit in every forward movement. It happens that we have become satisfied the county agent is doing more for the farmer and the advancement of the county than any other media we know of, and for that reason we are for the county agent strong.

The more we learn about him and the multitudinous duties he performs, the more we are for him. We cull from official reports a few stories of what the county agent is expected to do and how well he does them:

### Arenac County People Made Prosperous

Several of the county agents gave dairy projects as the most valuable they had fostered. E. J. Carter, of Arenac County, told how the farmers of the Alger community, an oasis of fertile land in a desert of jack pines, had been induced to join in keeping cattle of the Ayrshire breed. Now the long-horned Ayrshires give promise of making the desert bloom and of bringing prosperity to the people of Alger.

### Cows and Fruit Ideal Combination

O. G. Barrett, of Mason County, upon taking up his job last July, learned from the raising cows and fruit were the most prosperous. He determined to persuade his farmers to concentrate on one breed, and sent out questionnaires asking their opinions. They voted for Guernseys. The bankers helped finance the purchase of a carload of pure-bred bulls from Waukesha County, Wisconsin.

### Getting Rid of The Scrub Bulls

A special campaign to replace the scrub bulls with pure-breds has been made throughout the Upper Peninsula within the last year. Much of its success has been due to the efforts of the county agents. Art Lonsdorf, of Dickinson county, has brought the number of purebred sires from less than 30 to 83 in his two years of work. He expects to have most of the 83 exhibited at the County Fair next fall.

### Another Incident

L. R. Walker, of Marquette County, writes: "When I came into the county I was told that if I could place three pure-bred dairy sires a year I would have earned my salary. I feel as though it was earned, besides leaving a goodly balance for the good of the county. There has been placed, traded and replaced a total of 117 registered dairy sires. Seventy-six farmers who had been using scrubs have signed an agreement to use none

### but pure-breds in the future." Wonderful Results Clearing Land

Land-clearing has been the most important project stressed by others. A. B. Love, of Saginaw, estimates that the distribution of 50,000 pounds of sodatol, the war salvage explosive, has saved his farmers more than \$7,500, as compared with what they would have had to pay for dynamite. The orders were taken as a matter of public service by leaders in each community, who collected the money and turned it over to the county agent. Arrangements were made to truck the sodatol to the sections where it was to be used, with the result that no farmer was obliged to go more than two miles for his supply. Many had it delivered at their doors. The cost of this delivery service was nominal.

Earl R. Roberts, of Iron County, reports that farmers in his county used 60,000 pounds of sodatol and cleared 3,200 acres last year—more than in any previous year. But Ontonagon County, where W. N. Clark is agricultural agent, used 156,000 pounds and led the state.

### Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication

Sometimes achievements of persuasion are of great consequence. C. L. Bolander, of Livingston County, and C. P. Milham, of Ottawa County, have done their best work in getting their boards of supervisors to appropriate funds for bovine tuberculosis eradication. It took Mr. Milham three years, but he succeeded at last.

"It was a well-known fact that Ottawa had a large per-

centage of infection in dairy herds, flocks of poultry and herds of swine, in addition to many crippled and infected children, all contracting the disease through infected milk," he writes.

"Nine thousand dollars was appropriated and in April the work started. To date more than 40,000 head have been tested and more than 3,000 reactors removed. The total amount received by dairymen in salvage and indemnities exceeds \$200,000. Cattle have been removed which were a menace to human health and happiness, as well as to Ottawa's great poultry and dairy business, and in a lesser degree to the swine produced. Farmers received good prices for these liability cattle.

Mr. Bolander figures that the tuberculosis eradication has been most valuable to Livingston County in dollars and cents, but that educationally the seeding of 6,000 acres of alfalfa has been of even greater importance.

### Marl Digging

Harold M. Vaughn, of Manistee County, considers the digging of marl from the county's lakes and swamps as of the most value. These are some of the results of the campaign: Schneider Bros., of Chief, discovered that the only catch of clover on their farm was on a field which had been marled 11 years ago. Two men dug a ditch for August Lipkoski for the marl they got from it. Eleven men have been digging for marl in the shallow water of Portage Lake this winter by cutting through the ice.

(Continued on next page.)

# BABCOCK BROTHERS

Galien, Michigan

HARDWARE, FARM IMPLEMENTS, LUMBER,  
BUILDING MATERIAL, FURNITURE

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Mowers	Oils
Binders	Paints
Rakes	Leads
Plows	Varnishes
Harrows	Cement
Cultivators	Brick
Harness	Plaster
Rudy Furnaces	Plumbing
South Bend Malleable	Hot Water Plants
Ranges	Rugs
Crosley Radios	Bed Springs
Heatrolas	Mattresses
Kitchen Cabinets	Linoleum

Fencing  
Aermotors

**BABCOCK BROS.**

Galien, Mich.

**G. W. MECK-  
LENBURG**

General Merchandise

Cash for Butter, Eggs,  
Cream

Bell Phone 16

Galien, Michigan

At  
**O. A. Van Pelt**  
Galien

Ask anyone in Galien or vicinity about CLOTHING or SHOES and they will all say, if you want "GOOD GOODS at RIGHT PRICES" buy them of

**O. A. Van Pelt**

## The County Agent a Wizard of Progress

(Conclusion.)

Man has been tried for various purposes, such as feeding to hens in place of shell, to cure anthracnose on pickles and to grow ginseng. Approximately 1,000 acres of land will be sweetened and ready for alfalfa and other legumes by spring, thus adding at least \$15,000 to the farm revenue each year, besides increasing the fertility of the soil.

### Uniform System of Bookkeeping

William Murphy, of Macomb County, thinks the most important piece of work he has done was persuading the board of directors of the county farm bureau to adopt a uniform system of bookkeeping in six local co-operative elevators so that results obtained by the locals might be compared, the good points of the successful ones emphasized and the weak points of those less successful avoided in future operations.

### Gets His People Federal Farm Loans

John D. Martin, of Sanilac County, has concentrated on Federal farm loans, with the result that farmers of his county have obtained long credit totaling \$514,000 within the last three years. More Federal loans have been negotiated in Sanilac County than in any other three in the State.

### Pear Blight Arrested

In Allegan County pear blight has caused great losses in the past. One demonstration of methods to control it by H. A. Cardinell, M. A. C. horticultural specialist, paved the way for a solution of the problem, reports O. E. Gregg, the county agent.

### Dairying Development in "Thumb"

The swift growth of Detroit has caused an enormous expansion of the dairy industry in the Thumb. Carl M. Kidman, of St. Clair County, who recently resigned as county agent of St. Clair County, devoted his efforts to the introduction of efficient methods of dairying, such as the growing of alfalfa and the keeping of records through co-operative cow testing associations.

### Shows 'Em How To Blow Up Stumps

Mr. Love tells how one incident went far to establish the prestige of extension specialists in Saginaw county. N. A. Kessler, land clearing expert, was giving a demonstration of stump extraction. One tough and gnarled pine stump had been blown out of the ground but had not been split. Mr. Kessler prepared to split it by putting a charge of explosive on the outside, just as is often done with boulders. But a number of the farmers were skeptical and many a hat was wagered that the trick couldn't be done.

At last Mr. Kessler called "Fire" and the charge was exploded. Lo! the stump was completely broken up and laid over on its side. The astonishment on the faces of the doubters was as much of a sight as the shattered stump.

### Irish Woman Convinced

Mr. Milham writes:

"The most interesting experience I have had was convincing an Irish woman that I could

separate hens that laid from those which would not. I culled the flock of 100 birds and placed 56 of them in the 'cull coop.' The Irish woman looked them over when the culling was complete and remarked in angry tones:

"You've made a terrible mistake, because you placed my best birds in the cull coop and my poorest birds in the good coop."

"Of course I knew I was right, but to satisfy her I said:

"Maybe I am wrong. Maybe I made a big mistake. You just keep these birds shut up and give them all they will eat for two weeks and let me know how many eggs they produce."

"About three weeks later I saw my Irish friend and she informed me:

"The 56 cull hens that looked so nice laid two eggs in two weeks and the 44 birds in the other coop produced more eggs than the hundred had been doing."

"She is a county agent booster now."

## BERRIEN COUNTY FARMER THRIFTY

On a rolling farm of 160 acres, embracing high land and low land, situated about five miles north-west of Buchanan, lives Dean Clark, one of Berrien county's more enterprising farmers.

Realizing the value of alfalfa, Mr. Clark has eighteen acres under this money-making legume and is planning to add to this acreage as soon as the land can be fitted for the purpose. But he is especially proud of his twelve-acre orchard of apples, pears and grapes.

His crowning achievement, however, is the splendid flock of grade Shropshire sheep he has developed. He finds the Shropshire ewe an ideal producer when crossed with the Delaine. This gives a long staple, glossy and fine and much in demand by manufacturers and consequently bringing higher prices than the ordinary wool. The weight of the fleece, too, is of no little importance. It is quite common for these to average ten pounds to the fleece while some have even gone as high as twelve pounds. Mr. Clark has also had remarkable success in his breeding of these animals. For instance, it is common for seventy-five per cent of his ewes to have twin lambs. Lambs bring in the neighborhood of fifteen cents a pound at the first of September. It is easy enough to figure out what can be made on sheep under these conditions. The Clark flock numbers seventy-five head but it will be greatly increased as quickly as possible.

During the past summer Mr. Clark has been experimenting with the growing of tobacco for a Canadian firm which wishes to enter into the manufacture of nicotine on this side of the border. Nicotine is the base of certain spraying materials which farmers and fruit growers have to have. It will be to their advantage if the raw material can be produced in Berrien county since it will be the means of greatly reducing the price. The experiment has been successful so far as the growing of the plants is concerned. They must now pass

through a process of analysis to determine their nicotine content. It is believed, however, by those who are competent to judge, that even in this regard the plants will meet the expectations of the company, and that next year they will contract a large acreage throughout the county. In that event the company would erect a distilling plant and manufacture its spraying material in this territory.

There are two cranberry marshes on the Clark farm; likewise two pretty lakes, so that it is in a sense is good fishing in the lakes and it is no trick at all to develop a desire for a nice black bass for dinner or supper and to step right out and satisfy it within ten minutes. That's living. Incidentally, Mr. Clark is engaged in dairying and expresses a preference for the Guernseys. He is a member of the Farm Bureau and believes that Berrien county is one of the very best counties in the United States.

## BERRIEN COUNTY'S TREMENDOUS FARM

Out in Baroda township, is the great vegetable ranch of G. A. Beebe of Niles. This ranch comprises 1100 acres, all cleared and under cultivation.

The business is conducted by Mr. Beebe in person, who is known almost as well in Chicago, Detroit and other large cities as he is in his own county, as the "Sauer Kraut King."

But it is not sauer kraut alone which has made the Beebees famous, for there is a brother, N. P. Beebe, who is now mayor of Niles, who, together with G. A. owns 1100 acres at Niles and 1400 acres at Glenwood which is devoted to celery culture to such an extent that they are known as the celery kings of Michigan. They are, indeed, the largest raisers of Golden Heart celery in the world. Their cold storage plant at Niles has a capacity of 65 cars while at Glenwood they have cold storage capacity for 150 cars.

We started to tell about the big farm in Baroda township. Well; imagine if you can 150 acres devoted to cabbage alone. It looks like as though that might be enough cabbage to supply the whole world. Another field measures 50 acres and is devoted to beets alone—not sugar beets, but red beets for canning. Then there are 100 acres of corn, forty acres of tomatoes, 100 acres of spearmint and peppermint and other crops in like proportions.

It requires from forty to fifty men and a herd of about fifty head of horses to work this big farm and then there are about thirty-five women employed also, for the farm has its mint distillery, its sauer-kraut factory and its canning factory, together with power and heat buildings and the necessary barns and outbuildings for the

housing of the large stock maintained upon the farm.

When one approaches the property it appears like a village there being a large cluster of tenant houses on both sides of the road to accommodate the families which find constantly employment on the farm and in its varied industries.

The farm was established in 1910 by its present owner who has spent thousands of dollars upon its development. The whole tract was formerly a vast swamp through which has been driven a county drain, draining it perfectly. Tile laterals have been put in so that every portion of the place can be said to be "under the ditch." As might have been expected the ground is largely muck with a clay subsoil and is consequently very rich.

The sauer-kraut factory is one of the largest in the country, having a capacity of thirty-five carloads per person. Notwithstanding this large output it is always sold out in advance. Its canned tomatoes are known and sold readily in the best markets, while its baby beets are also sold out long before they have been placed in the cans.

## Michigan Farmers Rapidly Learning Lesson of Alfalfa

Do you know that Michigan farmers have planted 85,000 acres to alfalfa this season?

That's more alfalfa planted in one season than existed in the whole state in 1919 when the total was 79,000 acres.

The other day the editor of the Record got to wondering how extensively the farmers are going into the alfalfa business, so he got the figures on several of the important forage crops for the past season, and is presenting them herewith.

For the crop year just closing, Michigan Farm Bureau members and others planted the following acreages to Farm Bureau Brand guaranteed, northern origin, Michigan adapted seeds:

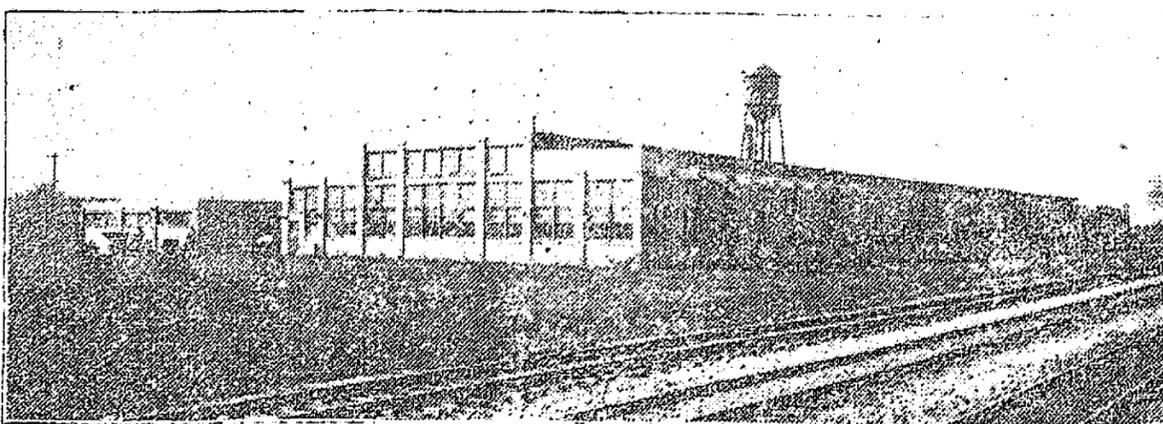
85,000 A. Alfalfa  
30,000 A. Clover  
33,333 A. S. Clover  
75,000 A. Timothy

### Beyond Harns

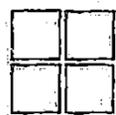
Attendant (at show for adults only):  
—I'm sorry, madam, but you can't take your dog in with you.

Lady—Don't be so ridiculous. Why, Tootsy's over five and has quite a big family.—Passing Show.

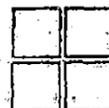
Good printing at The Record.



CLARK EQUIPMENT COMPANY, BATTLE CREEK PLANT



# BARODA



*Ah! There's the Town for the Enterprising Young Man!*

Oak forest invaded by the Chas. Stahelin sawmill in 1885.

Village platted upon opening of Michigan Central branch from South Bend to St. Joe in 1889.

Postoffice and store established by A. E. Holmes 1889.

Grist mill built by Putnam Brothers in 1892.

Rapid growth from 1892 to 1895, population reached 200.

School established by consolidating two rural schools in 1893.

Odd Fellows lodge established in 1896—built hall in 1911.

Woodmen Hall burned in 1910; rebuilt of brick in 1911.

School attendance, 250.  
Population 1925, 350.

Ever been to Baroda? Do you know where it is? No? Then you must be informed for you have been missing one of the best bets in South Berrien county. Well; Baroda is just a trifle north and three miles east of Bridgman on M-11. Off the main highway, you say? Nothing doing, my friend, because Baroda has a main highway of its own—the one which was the main highway for years before M-11 was ever thought of. The regular bus route between St. Joe and Michigan City, if you please.

Baroda is located on the branch of the New York Central from South Bend to St. Joe and is one of the most important shipping points on the

division. The land all about is some of the finest that ever lay out of doors. You can grow anything on Baroda land, including choicest fruits of all kinds. Baroda soil will also produce sweet potatoes of quality to make the sunny south feel ashamed of itself. There may be some poor farmers in the Baroda territory but there are no poor farms. People get rich in spite of themselves in this locality and live happy ever after.

The village, for it has been duly incorporated, was born when the old Vandalia put its branch through from South Bend to St. Joe. That was in 1889. Until that time it had been purely a farming country with no thought of a village on that particular spot. With the railroad came people, however, and Michael House, who owned all the land thereabouts saw that a town was about to spring up in spite of him. He bowed to the inevitable and gave the railroad not only the right of way it required but also gave the newly-born bailiwick a strip alongside for a public park. He also gave anybody who would erect a house upon it a lot free and clear. And that was Baroda's accouchement.

Al. Holmes built the first

store. Then came in rapid succession Ed. Brown and Bill Parrish. About this time the people found that they would have to change baby's name for they had named it Pomona in the beginning and Michigan didn't propose to have two Pomonas in one family. A solemn conclave was held and after much deliberation, it was determined to give it the name of Baroda and so it has continued ever since for, you see, it wasn't the kind of baby the name Pomona would suit anyway.

Like all kids it had its ups and downs but it kept right on boring in until today it is in such a likely position as to justify the statement we made at the outset that if you haven't seen Baroda you have been missing one of the best bets.

Baroda has a dandy school which takes its pupils up to and including the twelfth grade. It has two splendid churches—United Brethren and German Evangelical Lutheran; the snappiest bank building, and a bank within conducted solely by farmers—quite some bank; a pickle salting station, a good lumber yard, a basket factory, a sash and blind factory, two good garages, a cider mill, a bang-up flouring mill, an independent oil company, a well

equipped cement works, several good warehouses for the shipping of farm produce, a fine little station and good shipping facilities in every direction. Of course Baroda has the usual quota of stores of all kinds, some of them as well stocked as stores in towns ten times its size.

As in other localities in South Berrien County, land can be bought in the neighborhood for much less than it is really worth. It is hoped that the attention of outsiders can be focused upon Baroda for the townspeople believe it will be for the best interest of everybody to have the very large farms cut up into smaller holdings. This will insure more intensive culture and add considerable to the sum of the neighborhood's wealth.

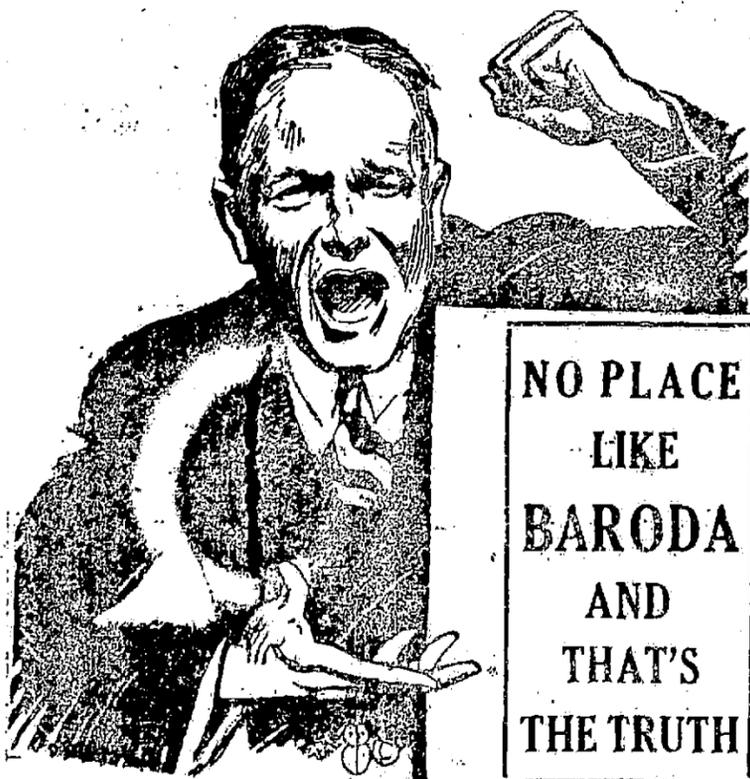
Baroda is ready to talk turkey to any sort of an enterprise which will employ labor and will welcome such with open arms.

**Fruit and Live Stock**

Townley—Any poultry, fruit or live stock on your place, old man?

Subdubs—Yes; an old hen of an aunt, a donkey of a nephew and two penches who are visiting my wife.

Good printing, prompt printing at right prices at the Record.



—Write the Village Clerk for full information.

WE CANNOT EMPHASIZE THE POINT TOO STRONGLY

# BARODA

IS THE HUB OF THE FINEST FARMING LAND IN MICHIGAN

NOW IT WANTS FACTORIES

AND OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR THOSE SEEKING A NEW LOCATION

## We Have Everything in Baroda

TWO GOOD CHURCHES, FINE SCHOOLS, A DANDY BANK, PRETTY NATURAL PARK, ALL KINDS OF RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES AT TWO BEAUTIFUL LAKES NEAR BY, STORES, RESTAURANTS, TWO GOOD GARAGES, ETC., ETC.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR THE BEST LAND IN THE U. S. A. FOR GENERAL FARMING OR FOR FRUIT GROWING THIS IS THE PLACE TO STOP.

## BARODA ZION EVAN CHURCH

Grews From Eight Members To  
Church of Seven Hundred In  
Twenty-two Years

The Evangelical Zion Church of Baroda, Mich., was founded February 16th, 1903, by eight men who desired to have a place of worship of the Lutheran order in this part of the county. The first edifice was dedicated October the 25th, 1903.

Already in the year 1921 the congregation decided to build a new house of worship, as the old building did not supply enough room for the ever-increasing congregation. The new church which has a seating capacity of 650 and which represents a value of about \$50,000.—was dedicated March the 11th, 1923.

Serving about 700 people the congregation is perhaps the largest in the rural district of southern Berrien County. Besides the active members of the church there are supporting the congregation: two choirs under the leadership of our organist Mr. Von Wolfskeel; the Sunday School of 260 members of which Mr. C. Nitz is president; the Ladies' Aid, having a membership of 70 of which Mrs. Herm Schultz is president; the Young People Society with a membership of 80; Mr. Albert Melchert being president.

The running expenses of the congregation amount to \$5,000 a year.

The officers of the congregation proper at the present time are: Rev. C. Seidenberg, pastor; C. Till, finance-secretary; F. Klackle, treasurer; C. Mueller, secretary; trustees, John Reich, Henry Reisig, Jul. Roman, Fred Rennhack and Elmer Kesterke.

Rev. Beutenmueller, was the first pastor, and served the congregation faithfully and well for five years, during which time the church made marvelous growth.

It was during the pastorate of Rev. C. Howe, which continued for a period of sixteen years that the church was established firmly a one of the leading religious institutions in this part of Michigan.

Under the present pastor, Rev. C. Seidenberg, the church continues to render service to the people of Baroda and to justify its existence in the community.

## BARODA'S LEADING DEPARTMENT-STORE

E. W. Kraus Carries a Complete  
Stock Of General Merchandise,  
Including Dry Goods, Shoes,  
Groceries and Hardware

Baroda has one store of which a city of ten times its size might well feel proud. It is the department store of E. W. Kraus which was es-

tablished by Mr. Kraus in 1921.

Since that time the business has prospered and the stock has been constantly increased and now comprises all the best goods in the numerous lines handled. The store is a large one, comprising nearly four thousand feet of floor space, every inch of which is utilized.

Michigan City was the former home of the Krauses but they are now ardent supporters of their new home town. They have a host of friends all through the Baroda region who esteem it a pleasure to trade at the Kraus store, being assured always of getting the best goods at the most reasonable prices. Another thing they like about the Kraus store and that is the prompt and courteous attention they receive from the genial proprietor and his corps of clerks. This is a point Mr. Kraus insists upon from all who work for him.

"What we need now," said Mr. Kraus, "is industrial development. We have a number of good things already but we need more. It is practically settled that we are to have a garment factory soon. This will help some, but still it is not enough. We should have the canning factory which burned, rebuilt. We grow strawberries, raspberries, grapes, peaches and apples in abundance—enough to furnish the materials for a canning factory; it is a good opening for one.

"Only half a mile from town is the celebrated Dunham farm which has the largest peach orchard in Michigan—one hundred acres of peaches. The same distance away is the Baldwin-Whitten-Ackerman nurseries. And the great Beebe sauer kraut farm and factory is only three miles away.

"Baroda might be called the market basket of Michigan and it would be correctly named for certainly we grow more foodstuffs than any other place I know of. Just think of it, this market basket in only 12 miles from St. Joe, 32 miles from South Bend and 88 miles from Chicago. Trucks make the run to any of these places almost while you wink. Are we well situated? I'll say we are, and there is no reason in the world why we should not go forward in seven-league boots. All we need to do is to get the Exchange Club func-

## BROWN BROTHERS FORD DEALERS

Carry Full Line of Ford Products  
and Genuine Ford Parts and  
Have Best Equipped Machine  
Shop in These Parts

Brown Brothers, F. E. and L. D., operate a Ford Garage in Baroda and carry a full line of the industrial wizard's products including genuine Ford parts.

The partnership was organized in 1923 in very modest quarters but the business has grown to such an extent that over 3000 square feet of floor space is now required and, in addition there will be erected in the immediate future another building which will have a floor space area of 2000 square feet. In addition to this the company has plenty of yard space for parking and storage.

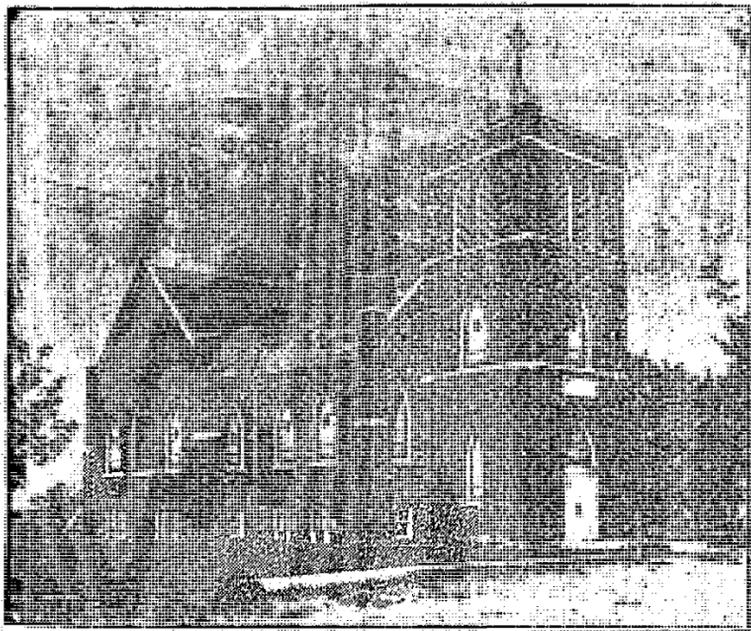
The remarkable thing about this establishment is the machine shop which is equipped with every modern device and requirement for the speedy handling of repair work and the most skillful mechanics to do the work. Repairing batteries is also included.

It is the service department of their business which receives the closest attention of the brothers. This means service night and day and a wrecking car which is subject to call at any moment and to go any distance to help the unfortunate motorist out of his difficulties.

(Continued on next page.)

tioning again and make up our minds to pull together.

"Bear in mind, also, that we have many advantages to offer the summer visitor. Only one mile from town are Singer and Hess lakes, two as pretty bodies of water as one could wish to see and good transportation—the Michigan Central Railroad, the St. Joe-Michigan City bus line and dandy stone roads in every direction if the visitors wish to drive themselves. It is a cinch that Baroda is on the map and is destined to loom larger before many moons."



BARADO ZION EVANGELICAL CHURCH

## J. M. RAAS

All Kinds Of

### Farming Implements

Wagons and Tractors. Sprayers, Pumps, Oil and Twine,  
Rudy Furnaces. DeLaval Cream Separators,

Buyer of Peppermint Oil.

Stoughton Trucks. Sherwin Williams Paint

Baroda, Michigan

## E. H. SWOPE

MANUFACTURER OF

High Grade Cement Blocks,  
Cement Posts, Brick,  
Block Silos, Draining  
Tile, Dun Building Tile  
and Ornamental Work

No Contract Too Large for Us to Undertake

Additional Power Machinery Just Installed

Your Patronage Solicited

BARODA

First, Last and All the Time

## BANKING HOUSE WORTH WHILE

Baroda Has Safe and Sound Banking House Installed in Fine Building

There is no discount on the Baroda State Bank, the only bank in Michigan, perhaps, established and conducted solely by farmers and run so well that it is not only pointed to with pride by the department but has made itself the envy of banks in other and much larger places.

The bank was established in 1920 by the following men, every one of whom is a Berrien County farmer: C. J. Till, president; Cleon Miller, vice-president; Frank Bihlmire, vice-president; E. A. Boal, Albert Shafer, Fred Heyn, directors. Richard Tollas, is the cashier. Of the latter it might be said that he, too, is a farmer, having been born on a Berrien county farm not far away and upon which he has spent all of his life except the time he was away getting his education. He entered the bank two years ago in a minor position and has passed through the various grades of promotion until reaching the place of cashier. It is claimed that he is one of the youngest bank cashiers in Michigan.

The bank has a capital and surplus of \$24,000 and its last statement shows that it had on deposit \$207,104.75. It pays four per cent on deposits and carries saving deposits to the extent of \$34,966.03. This in itself is considered unusual in a place the size of Baroda and shows the thriftiness of its people.

The building is one of the handsomest bank buildings in the county. It is a two story building of pressed brick with sandstone trimmings, ornate in design and occupying one of the most prominent corners in the village. The interior is fitted with every banking convenience. It is not the building alone which attracts people to this bank however. It is the uniform courtesy of its officers and directors—the splendid comradeship which is exercised alike with men in all stations of life. The bank is

out to help Baroda quite as much as Baroda can help the bank. It is for every civic improvement and can be relied upon at all times to do its share in every forward movement. Baroda is to be congratulated upon having such a fine and such a worthy institution.

## TOLLAS BROTHERS VERY POPULAR

Carries a Full Line of General Merchandise and Specialize in Choicest Fruits in Season

When E. A. Tollas and his brother, H. Tollas, opened a new store in Baroda in October there were those who wagged their heads and declared it was a questionable venture. They did not take into account that H. Tollas had behind him several years of experience in merchandising and had made hosts of friends while thus engaged, all of whom felt it incumbent upon them to place their business with the Tollas Brothers.

The result of this has been that the store has established a record for quickly acquired results never before reached in this locality. By reason of their close attention to every detail of their business this is being augmented from day to day and the Tollas store is becoming known favorably far outside its regular trading area.

The slogan the boys have adopted is one of compelling force: When strictly lived up to, as it is in their case, it never fails to produce results. It is this: "Highest quality merchandise at fair prices and prompt service." Besides this the boys make it a point to stand back of every purchase and are ready to make everything as right as a trivet at all times.

## Brown Brothers Ford Dealers (Conclusion.)

Brown Brothers are both young men fully imbued with the spirit

which moves mountains and builds cities. They are in love with Baroda and propose to do everything in their power to further its interests. Their page advertisement in this number is practical evidence of their faith in the community. Both of them are members of the B. P. O. E. and are proud of their membership in the organization.

Asked what they considered the best thing for Baroda in order to promote her interests they replied in unison: "Patronize home industries and home merchants and let there be perfect harmony and co-operation in everything we undertake for the general good."

## REICH'S POPULAR PLACE TO TRADE

Have a Fine Store Filled with General Merchandise and Enjoy a Splendid Run of Business

Of the many splendid places to trade in Baroda none is more popular than the establishment of J. J. Reich.

Here will be found at all times a complete stock of staple and fancy groceries, dry goods, notions and, in season, the choicest of fresh fruits. Of the latter there is always carried in stock a larger supply than any other house in Baroda offers.

Mr. Reich is a native of Berrien county, having been brought up on a farm not far away from the village. Three years ago he purchased the stock of Raymond Kenney who had purchased the stock from another party two years previous. Since embarking in business Mr. Reich has been remarkably successful and has come to be regarded as one of Baroda's solid and substantial citizens. He is a member of the village council and gives faithful service to his fellow townsmen in that capacity.

It is not unlikely that his fellow citizens will show their appreciation of his efforts in their behalf by promoting him to a higher position when the opportunity presents itself.

## BARODA MAKES CEMENT BLOCKS

One of the Leading Industries of the Village Conducted by Men Who Are Out for Baroda First, Last and All the Time

E. H. Swope is the owner and general manager of one of the best cement block establishments in the county and enjoys a large trade because of the superior quality of his product. This is made possible because of the fact that Mr. Swope has a gravel pit of his own a short distance from the village which furnishes him raw material for his purpose of the best possible quality. The quality of this deposit is so high that much of it is sold to the road commissioners for the county roads.

Mr. Swope started in business in 1910 in a small building with only 600 feet of floor space. He erected a modern and completely equipped plant as the business continued to grow and now has over 5000 feet of floor space besides yard capacity of four by eighteen rods.

The output of the factory comprises cement blocks, cement posts, brick, block silos, drain tile and the celebrated "Duntile," besides all kinds of ornamental work on special order. The output goes chiefly to various supply houses throughout the county, although special orders for individuals receive prompt and efficient attention.

Mr. Swope is a valued member of the village council and is glad to give his fellow citizens the benefit of his services in this regard without hope of reward. He is a Baroda booster and believes that a publication such as this one will go far toward giving Baroda that prominence and notoriety to which she is justly entitled.

### Detroit Plans Polar Flight

Detroit, Mich.—Edward S. Evans, financier, announced plans for a flight to the North pole to be made next spring with the object of finding uncharted lands and claiming them for the United States.

## J. J. REICH

### General Merchandise

PHONE, BARODA 63

### BARODA, MICHIGAN

OUR STOCK IS ALWAYS NEW AND UP-TO-DATE AND COMPRISES

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND CHOICEST FRUITS IN SEASON

FLOUR, FEED AND SALT IN ANY QUANTITIES

## "BOOST"

Baroda and South Berrien County

## KRAUS' CASH STORE

Baroda, Mich.

### The Store With a Million Dollar Smile!

The Home of the following most reliable well known merchandise:

STAR BRAND SHOES, MUNSING WEAR UNDERWEAR, ROLLINS HOSIERY, BALL BAND FOOT WEAR, MONARCH BRAND CANNED GOODS, E. D. LEE UNION ALLS AND OVERALLS, BLUE GRASS HARDWARE

and all the other goods carried in this store are equal in quality to those mentioned above at prices that are no sacrifice in quality but a concession in price. When you buy anything, no matter how small your purchase, you must be pleased or your money is returned to you. There is no compromise.

We operate the only general CASH store in Berrien county at the lowest overhead expense, quickest turnover, hence lowest cash prices, and are also the only store in Southern Michigan which, besides the favorable prices afore mentioned, passes on to its trade the discount earned by cash payments in giving S & H Green Trading Stamps.

SECURITY

SERVICE

"THE BANK FOR EVERYBODY"

# Baroda State Bank

Capital and Surplus \$24,000.00

BARODA, MICH.

*4 Per Cent Paid on Deposits*



We solicit your business with the assurance that your account, large or small, will be given uniform attention.

## OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

C. J. TILL, President

CLEON MILLER, Vice President

FRANK BIHLMIRE, Vice President

RICHARD R. TOLLAS, Cashier

DIRECTORS:---C. J. Till, Cleon Miller, Frank Bilhmire, E. A. Boal, Albert Shafer, Fred Heyn, Richard R. Tollas.

SOUNDNESS

SATISFACTION

# DAYTON

This little place has the distinction of possessing the oldest flouring mill in Michigan still in operation. The millstones in this mill were imported from France in 1827 and the mill was built the next year. It has thus almost rounded out a century of usefulness.

Dayton is also famous for the Dayton Lakes, so-called, in which it is claimed there is the best fishing in all Berrien county. The lakes are not really lakes at all but simply low places in the terrain which are filled with water, sometimes high and sometimes low, but never entirely dry. The Galien river rises in this neighborhood and flows a slender ribbon for miles until near Three Oaks it develops into a more pretentious body of water and at New Buffalo where it empties into Lake Michigan, has become a fair-sized stream.

The country about Dayton is some of the best farming land in the county—and that means as good as any land that lays out of doors. It is good for general farming and is also good for fruit. It is ideal dairy land, alfalfa growing luxuriantly wherever it is sown.

Dayton has one general store, two churches, the grist mill before mentioned, a good school and a good garage. It is on the main line of the Michigan Central and thus has first-class transportation facilities.

## LABOR DAY PICNIC DAYTON FEATURE

Annual Gathering Sponsored By Odd Fellows Draws Thousands Of People From All Over Berrien County

The Odd Fellows picnic at Dayton on Labor Day has become a fixed institution and draws people by the thousands from all over Berrien and adjoining counties. There is always a splendid program, including music, speaking and athletic games, and, in later years it has become the rallying point for those who have political axes to grind and seek in this way to get into closer touch with the voters.

It is estimated that fully three thousand people attended the picnic last Labor Day and when one looks at Dayton and thinks of dropping three thousand people into it, one wonders where the citizens of the enterprising little burg puts them all. It must be remembered, how-

ever, that this is a basket picnic and that the eats are all brought in, by the visitors, who find places under the trees and along the shores of Dayton Lake upon which to lay their tablecloths.

Dayton Lodge, No. 214, I. O. O. F., which sponsors this big picnic every year, has a membership of only sixty-eight. What it lacks in numbers is made up in enthusiasm, however, and it is thus able to put to shame the bigger lodges of the state many of whom would be scared to death if asked to tackle of such proportions. The Noble Grand of the lodge is M. J. Martin, and Floyd Martin is the Vice Grand.

The Daytonites have concluded that they have something worth while to offer to the summer visitor and next season they will be eager contenders for a share of the resort trade. If they put into this effort the same degree of enthusiasm that they have put into their picnic, there are some places making much greater pretensions that will have to look well to their laurels.

### Upholstery Is Old

The art of upholstery originated in the East. It is known that from the earliest times the Egyptians used upholstered couches and chairs and the Assyrians, their neighbors, who were masters in the art of weaving, introduced the rich woven draperies used both for covering the seats of furniture and for the draping of walls.

# GLENDORA

Glendora is a pretty little gem of a village reveling in a setting of the richest farm lands in Berrien County. It is located on the branch line of the Michigan Central running from South Bend to St. Joe.

There is upland and lowland in and about Glendora so that all the grains are grown, as well as an abundance of alfalfa, sugar beets and peppermint. The sugar beets are shipped to the Holland-St. Louis Sugar Company and it has been found that the sugar beets grown in the Glendora territory test higher for sugar contents than they do at any other place, not even excepting the Saginaw Valley where sugar beet raising is the principal industry.

Glendora has a good school and two churches—Evangelical Lutheran over which Rev. Albert Krug presides, and the Christian Church which has no regular pastor at the present time. It has also an Odd Fellows lodge and a lodge of Rebekahs, both of which are in a

most thrifty condition. There are two pickle factories in Glendora, a vast amount of cucumbers being raised in that territory. It also has a chicken hatchery equipped with four 3,000 egg capacity incubators and ships day old chicks all over the country by mail and express. There is also a great deal of fruit grown in the Glendora region and in shipping time there is a lively business done at the several warehouses which handle it. The loading and shipping of sugar beets also furnish employment to a large number of men in the shipping season. There are two general stores and a good garage in Glendora.

The officers of Weesaw Lodge, No. 340, I. O. O. F., at the present time are: Noble Grand, Dana W. Hill; Vice Grand, Norman H. Wetzel; Secretary, A. E. Roundy; Treasurer, J. W. Harroff; Warden, George Purdy; Conductor, Bert Wetzel.

The officers of June Rebekah Lodge, No. 368, are Noble Grand, Ina Hill; Vice Grand,

(Continued on next page.)

GENERAL MERCHANDISE,  
COAL, PAINTS, OIL, FERTILIZER,  
HARDWARE, RUBBER GOODS,

**BERRIEN COUNTY THE BEST**

1914 **SAMUEL WOOLLET** - 1926  
GLENDORA, MICH.  
Phone, Galien 78F11

**THE BEST IN BERRIEN COUNTY**

Groceries  
Flour - Shoes  
Dry Goods  
Notions

**DAYTON MILLING CO.**

Built 1828

Custom Grinding

**P. L. SCHULZ**

Dayton, Michigan

## STRUNK'S GENERAL STORE AT DAYTON

Dayton is not large and one is really surprised to find within its confines so good a store as that conducted by F. E. Strunk.

The Strunk store is well supplied with a well-selected stock of general merchandise, together with tires and other automobile accessories, and also carries a line of radio outfits which cannot be beaten.

Mr. Strunk is also a notary public and does quite a business in that line. He is also the postmaster of Dayton and is thus well known to every body in the whole countryside. He is so well known, in fact, and has worked up such a reputation for fair dealing, that people come for miles outside his regular trading radius to trade with him.

Besides general merchandise and the other lines mentioned Mr. Strunk also carries coal and does a large business in that line. He is especially enthusiastic about Dayton Lake and the surrounding territory and hopes for the day when the city dweller will be made to see that there is no place he can go where he will have better recreational features than the Dayton country affords. He calls attention particularly to the splendid fishing in his territory.

The Strunk store is a two-story frame building with 2800 square feet of floor space on each floor. The upper floor is occupied by the Odd Fellows, the lodge having comfortable and well-furnished quarters. On account of its being on the main line of the Michigan Central Railroad and on the stone road from the Indiana state line to M-60, Dayton is easily reached from any point and there are indications that what Mr. Strunk hopes for may yet come to pass.

## GLENDORA'S BEST GENERAL STORE

Glendora is one of those quaint but thriving villages for which Berrien county is famous, set in attractive surroundings of well-tilled farm homes.

Its population is small but none the less energetic. It is an ideal location for a good general store and so Samuel Woollet found it to be. Mr. Woollet came to Glendora from South Bend some nineteen years ago and opened a store in company with a man named Findel. Upon Findel's retiring in 1919, Mr. Woollet became the sole owner and has conducted it ever since. He is also postmaster of Glendora and is said to be the best postmaster Glendora ever had.

Besides the goods which are usually comprised in "general merchandise" there is also a stock of hardware specialties and the firm also deals in fruit packages, for which there is a great demand in the Glendora section. Coal is also handled in any quantities and a very large business in this line is done.

The land throughout the Glendora region is very much similar to the Saginaw Valley land—ideal for sugar beets—and tons upon tons are grown here. The farmers are, therefore, thrifty and a general store such as the Woollet store is the very thing they need and are glad to have.

Mr. Woollet is one of South Berrien County's biggest boosters. He believes he is living in the best county in Michigan and is doing everything he can to bring this fact to the attention of the greatest number of people that he can. He is a credit and a valuable asset to the community.

## GLENDORA (Conclusion)

Maudie Lewis; Secretary, Iva Pletcher; Treasurer, Etta Harroff; Financial Secretary, Iulu Stybwicki; Warden, Laura Wetzel; Conductor, Rose Strauss.

The subordinate lodge has a membership of 106 and the Rebekah lodge has 114 upon its membership roll.

## WHEN GOOD FELLOWS GET TOGETHER

Fancy yourself one of a party of good fellows who have decided to enjoy an outing at beautiful Clear Lake. You know where it is—just 2 miles from Buchanan and a peach of a road to get there. The tent is pitched, the fire is started and that ravenous appetite of yours makes you all impatient. The chef knows his business but he can't work fast enough to suit you. You grab up a casting outfit, kiss the lure and cast it into the hly pads just off shore. Bing! Something happened to the world right then. The juice came to you direct without going through the transformer—more electricity chasing up and down your spine than you ever experienced before. It didn't affect you as much when the good-looking nurse informed you it was the boy you had been hoping for. But there is no time for dreaming. King Bass resents your intrusion and your reel is already singing a merry song. Primitive instincts are aroused; the lust of conquest is upon you, you will never surrender! Oh! the line slackened just then; he is coming toward you. Perhaps he would take stock of his enemy. In any event he goes into the air—a flash of silver, a beauty if there ever was one. Now you are thoroughly excited. You would not lose him for the world. Betimes, the war is over for it is an unequal contest at the best—the triumph of man, fulfilling the promise that he shall have dominion over all things. The line is taut and he is coming in. A flash with the landing net and he is yours. To the camp with a rush to exhibit your prize and to hear the plaudits of your fellows who frankly say they never thought it of you. Such a moment once lived can never be forgotten. But it is not an unusual circumstance at the beautiful St. Joe River or the lakes which dot the county in almost every direction.

## NILES' LEADING INDUSTRY

Niles has an industry than which there are very few like it in the country. It is the plant of the Michigan Mushroom Company just outside of the city of Niles and it commands the attention of every person who drives along the road connecting Niles and South Bend and this is legion.

The plant has what is known as three and one half acres of bed space and is equipped with every modern device and apparatus for the purpose, its cooling outfit alone being beyond compare.

The plant produces on an average one hundred and fifty tons of mushrooms a year, and such mushrooms! These are all sold fresh from Niles and find their market at Detroit, Cleveland and Chicago, principally.

Associated with the Niles plant is the largest plant in the world which is located at West Chester, Pa. The plant at West Chester is devoted to canning mushrooms and they are shipped from this plant all over the world.

The plant at Niles was established in 1919 because of the good shipping facilities, the good soil and other favorable conditions. It is a remarkable institution and the Niles people esteem it highly.

## ACRES OF GRAPES IN BERRIEN COUNTY

Up around Paw Paw and Lawton is where they are supposed to grow grapes, but they don't grow them all, not by a long shot. Vineyards of fifty, seventy-five or even one hundred acres in extent are not uncommon in Berrien county and the writer has seen them and sampled of their product.

In the Bridgman neighborhood there are several large

vineyards, among the number being several owned by "Bun" Baldwin of Bridgman, comprising altogether nearly one hundred acres. When it becomes known that grapes in full bearing can be counted upon to turn into the exchequer one year with another upwards of three hundred dollars an acre net, one can well believe that a stampede is liable to occur any day to get into the business.

When it is considered that the soil of Berrien county is the finest general farming land out of doors and that it is possible to reap big money on the side from the fruits of all kinds it will produce also, it will not be at all surprising if Berrien county should receive within the next few years a great influx of people from states not so fortunate.

Referring to Berrien county's remarkable versatility it may be interesting to know that sweet potatoes—as good as any that were ever grown in the south—are produced in Berrien county and find a ready market wherever they are offered. Many people who have used them declare that they are superior in many ways to the southern grown tuber. Upon calling on one of the growers we were informed that he considers the growing of sweet potatoes in this locality both profitable and pleasant. They bring more than the Irish potato and yield about the same.

All things considered, then, it would seem that anybody looking for land could do no better than think seriously of locating in South Berrien county.

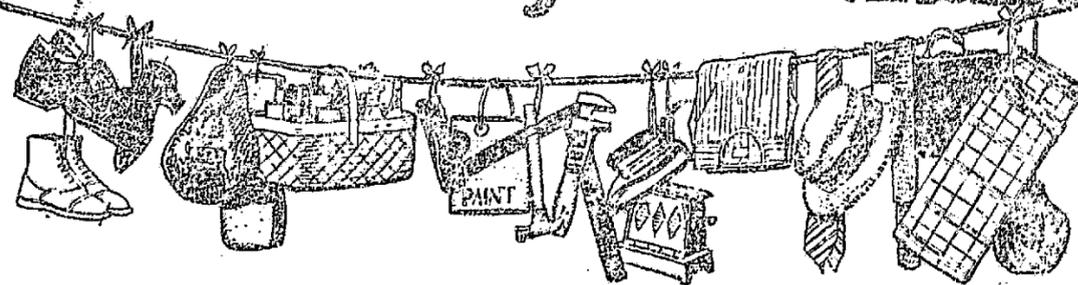
### Biggest Auto Dump

Thousands of junked cars from New York city are placed on the city dump every year. A large gang of junkmen make a living by stripping them of everything of any value.

### Man Dresses for—?

"My idea of a paradox," chirped Antwerp Andy, pointing to the gay young blade crossing the street, "is a woman later with six extra suits of clothes in his closet."—Hamilton Royal Gaboon.

# A Full Line of Merchandise



F. E. STRUNK — DAYTON, MICH.

1911 - 1914 - 1919 - 1925

General Merchandise, Coal, Tires, Radios

Notary Public

THE FISHERMAN'S PARADISE IS AT DAYTON LAKE

# Emmanuel Missionary College at Berrien Springs Michigan

## Founding the College

Emmanuel Missionary College is the successor of Battle Creek College which was established in 1874 at Battle Creek, Michigan and was the first institution of its kind founded by the pioneers of the Seventh-day Adventist denomination. Its object was to educate for Christian service, and its ideals have been high from the first. The necessity of moving Battle Creek College into the country and on to a tract of land where students could receive an all-round education was often impressed upon the board and the faculty. Finally, in the spring of 1901 it was unanimously voted to sell Battle Creek College and move to some desirable place where students might have the benefit of combining instruction in the industries with their intellectual and spiritual training. The removal to its present site near Berrien Springs, and its reorganization as Emmanuel Missionary College was begun in July, 1901. The summer term was held in tents in the oak grove near Berrien Springs, and the remainder of that school year was spent in the old court house building of Berrien county.

## The New Home

Two farms adjoining each other containing two hundred seventy-two acres of land were purchased as a site for the new school. This land is situated in the southwest corner of Michigan, a mile and a half from Berrien Springs, and about twelve miles inland from Lake Michigan. It is bordered on one side by the historic St. Joseph River. The bluffs, wooded banks, springs and tributary brooks of this river, together with the adjacent groves, vineyards and cultivated fields, forms an attractive environment for the college homes. Later, more land was purchased, giving the college four hundred forty acres.

As the school grew an inter-urban line was built across the college farm, connecting the college with the cities of St. Joseph, Benton Harbor, Niles and South Bend. This brought the college within easy reach of city advantages, without subjecting it to the distractions and other disadvantages of city life.

Believing that the best training any school can give is in actual service, the founders of the school began the erection of college buildings with student labor, under the direction of an experienced mechanic. For the benefit of the agricultural department a greenhouse was built. The continually increasing enrollment made it necessary to enlarge Birch Hall for the young women, and to build Maple Hall for the young men. North Hall, the first young men's dormitory was remodeled into two-room suites for the use of married couples. During this same year a central heating plant was installed. The next year, in twenty-nine days the students raised six thousand dollars for a music building, and this was soon followed by

the erection of the Home Economics building. Better water facilities were provided by the installation of a water tower and a centrifugal pump to bring spring water from three covered reservoirs placed in the grove.

The summer of 1921 marked the beginning of a twelve weeks' summer school, giving both college and preparatory students a chance to secure recognized credit in literary subjects during the summer period. Owing to the large number of students and patrons in the community the old chapel in the Administration building was not adequate, so early in 1924 we moved to the basement of our new auditorium. The old chapel was converted into administrative and business offices, also some class rooms. The mechanical building was also found too small, so an addition of fifty feet by sixty feet, and three stories high was made. A new cannery building was necessary to take care of the increased business there. The growing dairy herd made necessary the enlargement of the dairy barn. This will now accommodate fifty cows.

All present students are given about seventy-five thousand dollars worth of work each year. About one-half the students work their way through college by earning scholarships or otherwise. The college is a training school for Christian workers, and the organization, rules, and courses of study are all conducive to this end. Instruction offered by the College is especially adapted to students of mature minds. All who enroll are expected to have a definite object in view.

Students who have not previously been members of this school must send their application with recommendations signed by reputable persons other than their parents. Each applicant must satisfy the college officials that he is of good moral character. Students of any religious belief, or of no religious belief are welcome, but since this is a religious institution, having for its aim the highest development of Christian character it is expected that all students shall show due respect to the Word of God, and to the religious belief for which the college stands. Students of mature years, whose preparation is irregular, are permitted to enter classes for which they are prepared. They enter as special students, but will not be regarded as candidates for a degree.

In 1910 the Emmanuel Missionary College was incorporated under the College Act of Michigan. This institution is therefore empowered to bestow literary honors upon its graduates. Since that year it has graduated four hundred sixty-seven students from all the college courses.

## Improvements Show Growth of the College Dept's

Substantial building improvements have been made at the College within the last two years. These include additions

to the dairy, mechanical shops, and bakery. A new cannery and several dwelling houses have also been built.

A fifty foot addition has been built to the dairy, providing for twenty-four head of milk cows.

The mechanical shop has been enlarged by a fifty by sixty, three-story building, which cares for the millwork on first floor, assembling on second, while the finishing work is done on the third floor. Very substantial machinery equipment has also been added. A lumber shed that will house eight carloads of lumber has just been finished.

The College has a good-sized new cannery that prepares for market the large crops of tomatoes, beans and other vegetables as well as fruit that is grown on the farm. This product is known as the College Brand, and is being shipped out by car-load lots.

The bakery in which the baking is done for the patrons of the large dining hall and store was also enlarged this past summer, making a comfortable working space for that department.

Riverside Apartments (East Hall) a remodeled two-story building, is now nearing completion and will accommodate four student families who desire to attend school. Several bungalows have recently been erected on the College grounds, as well as a number of garages to make room for the automobiles.

In order to care for the increasing number of Students, the different departments must expand, so the growth as a whole has been steady.

## The Dining Room

Hundreds of Berrien County business men will testify that the vegetarian cafeteria of the E. M. College furnishes food that will tickle the palate of any man. Even the surroundings of the cream and white walls makes the dining room a pleasant place to visit. Over two hundred students, including those in the dormitories and several resident students, eat daily in this cafeteria. Many visitors coming in for the weekend testify to the fact that the

food is the best that can be obtained.

The food is of the highest quality and is prepared by skilled cooks. These cooks are young women who wish to defray their school expenses by working part of their spare time. Most of this group of workers are taking some course in the Home Economics Department and are tested before allowed to take charge of the work.

Mrs. Sorenson, who oversees this work, believes in the reports of medical men and therefore prepares a well-balanced ration, leaving out all flesh food and strong spices that irritate the stomach.

Most of the vegetables are raised on the college farm. By getting the goods first-handed she is able to greatly reduce the cost of food. All food is served at cost, thus enabling the students to live on a small sum each month. All other expenses are reduced as far as possible and students pay for only as much as they use. The account of each student is placed on his monthly financial statement, thus preventing the unnecessary handling of money each day.

From the health reports of each individual, it is seen that a diet of well selected food is beneficial as most of the students who arrive at school under weight soon notice a decided increase of weight, until they arrive at normal.

## Physical Examination

"Physical-examination of the students at the Emmanuel Missionary College revealed a healthier student body this year than last; fewer goiters, not so many inflamed sinuses, also a general improvement in posture is found. This is due to the fact of a strong health campaign, having been carried out during the whole school year of 1924 and 1925," says Dr. O. R. Cooper, the College physician.

Health in the school days as well as health in after life is the objective of this supervision at the Emmanuel Missionary College.

(Continued on next page.)

## DEPENDABILITY!

Our service is at your command. We are equipped to handle anything from a business card to a hundred and fifty page booklet. Repeat orders from customers shows that they can depend on us.

The College Press  
Thoughtful Printing  
Berrien Springs, Michigan

## Emmanuel Missionary College

(Continuation)

To carry out this ideal each student's eyes, ears, nose, throat, teeth, heart, lungs and general physical condition is carefully examined. There is an accurate record of every test which is kept for the purpose of constructive health suggestions to the individual.

When the examinations are completed, Dr. Cooper writes a personal letter to each student suggesting such medical attention as is needed or the necessary change in diet, also the amount of school work to be taken, the time and kind of manual labor for the student who is working his way through school. Further direction is given as to setting up exercises or hours to be spent in the physical culture class. All of this is according to the individual need.

The whole student body is urged to spend from thirty minutes to one hour at least out of doors each day, preferably in some sort of constructive work.

The equipment employed to safeguard the health of the students is a recently installed X-ray which is used in examinations. The ultra violet ray, the high frequency and sinusoidal currents with an excellent arrangement for nose and throat work are a part of the complete office equipment.

The College hospital, supervised by a trained nurse, provides well for the more serious cases of illness. A trained lady nurse for the women's dormitory, and also a gentleman graduate nurse for the men's dormitory are always ready for service.

The charge for the doctor's services either in the office, home, or hospital and the nursing and general hospital care are placed at a very low rate so that each student may have the best of professional care if illness should occur.

### Bells

Would you believe it?—Forty-two times a day there sounds a ringing and a dinging of bells about our college campus, enough hours in beauty sleep, or that it is only five minutes before class meets; or that already the door is closing against tardy "Eds" and coeds, or that a savory meal is cooked and waiting to be served, or that we may be seated at the dining tables, or that someone has an announcement to make, or that it is time for vespers where the dean may dispense much-needed advice on how to live another day punctuated by the ringing and the dinging of the bells. Sometimes it seems as if we never should get used to being belled around so much. And one night, as if we did not hear enough of bells during the day, the music clock went off on a tangent and dizzily rang the electric bells twice an hour from midnight till dawn.

Perhaps it was because of lack of experience that Edgar Allan Poe left the College bells out of his famous poem. If he had once begun to write about them, I'm very sure his chime-rings and his rhymings would have lengthened into an epic. And where would he have found

words to describe all the happy thoughts the sounds of these bells ring into our minds when we hear them in memory?

It doesn't take many weeks to soften our irritation at living according to schedule into an intense longing to hear the markers of the schedule again. Before an ordinary vacation is over most of us are homesick for even the rising bell.

Here at E. M. C. the great bell on the College building jars our pleasant dreams at 5:30 A. M. Those who aspire to greatness arise then, but the rest of us turn over to dream again.

All my life long I'll never hear a college bell without thinking of all the big things the one at E. M. C. rang into our school days. It not only calls us to keep trust with each new day but it proclaims in stately tones the chapel hour—that period of devotion and inspiration, when our president reproves and counsels the men and women of tomorrow who sit before him today.

At twelve noon that same bell closes the morning session, announces the dinner hour and sends every last one of us rushing to the dormitories to feed our hungry selves, and perhaps to find the weekly letters from home or friends.

I'll never hear an ordinary handbell rung anywhere in the world—Shanghai or Timbuktu without thinking of the mornings one has rung at school to awaken the late sleepers.

It calls to morning prayers and evening vespers, too—those fifteen minute periods when Birch Hall girls meet in their own assembly room for worship.

There is another bell that is exclusively Birch Hall property which hovers over the kitchen roof. Its use is obvious, and it has a friendly tone that endears it to our hearts through the same old way that leads to a man's heart.

One little bell that rings by a tap on its head is worthy of the last but not least mention. It is our matron's special mascot and by it she rules our dining-room, and incidentally us. Oh, the tinkle of that little bell and the ringing of the bigger bell.—

### Dinner bell

Hear the hand bell as its chime Wakes us to a sense of time, Making all the day seem like a rhyme.

### O bells, bells, bells.

Listen to the chapel bell— To the tale it has to tell To the youth that passes by: Let not aspiration die

### But swell, swell, swell.

Like the music of the bells— Chapel bell, dinner bell, rising bell—

All the college bells.

—By a Student

### College's Missionary Feature

Foreign missions is a live topic at Emmanuel Missionary College. One hundred twenty-two graduates of the institution have entered foreign service under the denominational mission board, and alumni on furlough almost always give the college a call. Foreign mission bands meet regularly to study conditions in the heathen world, the members signifying their readiness to accept a call to overseas service should Providence point in that direction.

Weekly collections for missions are taken at the college, practically every student giving regularly. Once in three months a special mission ser-

vice is held, the latest of which called out an offering of \$438 for work among the Indians of the Lake Titicaca region in Peru, South America.

Once a year the members of Emmanuel Missionary College enlist the help of their friends and neighbors in supporting their missions program. No other college activity develops more enthusiasm or co-operation on the campus. Committees are appointed, territory is distributed, transportation is arranged, many wishes are heard for fair weather.

Last October thirty hands were organized for a two-days drive, visiting cities, towns, and farms from South Haven on the north to Valparaiso on the south, and from Three Rivers to the Lake. An attractive magazine had been prepared, containing pictures and stories from the year's work in heathen lands, for free distribution to the public. Everybody was given a chance to contribute, and few refuse. Many gifts of fifty dollars and twenty-five dollars were received from business firms, ten-dollar donations were quite common, and the many smaller offerings from individuals helped to raise the grand total.

The goal has always been three thousand dollars, and never have they failed to reach it, though sometimes it has taken a strong pull at the end. The exact figures for 1924 were \$3107.50.

Students who have had several year's experience say that the public is divided into two classes, those who give regularly to missionary societies in their own churches, and those who do not. As a rule the former are easier to solicit and more generous, doubtless because they are better informed on missionary questions in general, and more in sympathy with such efforts. However, many non-church goers take this opportunity of doing their bit for those less fortunate.

President and Mrs. Griggs, who last June severed their connection with the College to accept a call to educational work in the Far East, sailed from Vancouver Aug. 20, and will locate in Shanghai. They were accompanied by their son, Dr. Donald Griggs, an E. M. C. literary graduate of the class of '22, and recently of California, who, with his wife, will take up medical missionary work in

China. Through its recent president the school will be in direct touch with the Orient, which will add materially to the already established interest in foreign missions.

### Social Activities

That man is a social being is indicated by the fact that each year at the College a series of very interesting and helpful social events is planned.

The chief social event at the beginning of the college year is the reception of the new students by the college faculty. The students and teachers are made to feel at least remotely acquainted by an evening of introductions, hand-shaking, speeches, and music. This first program seems to "break the ice" and before many weeks pass students heretofore unacquainted are seen strolling about the campus enjoying the privileges of new acquaintance.

As a visitor enters the college dining room he is impressed with the pleasant social atmosphere. It seems to be the intention of the faculty that the dining room be a place of social culture. The tables are reseated frequently enough so that by the end of the year nearly every dormitory student knows every other student.

Among the social evenings of the year most enjoyed by the students are those devoted to the regular college lyceum course. Such lectures as travelogues, inspirational talks, stereopticons, and educational motion pictures are delivered. This year's course promises such numbers as the Florentine Trio of Chicago; Gorki, the bird man; Edgar Guest, the poet; and Lowell Thomas, world traveler and lecturer.

"From these lectures the student gains a knowledge of world affairs which prepares him for life's duties," said Paul N. Pearce, chairman of the lecture-course committee.

### Society Fostered by E.M.C.

To foster the social life at Emmanuel there have been instituted literary, inspirational, musical and scientific organizations. Each is unique in itself, giving to its members a broader and more complete vision.

Patterning after ancient Rome the

(Continued on next page.)

# AGRICULTURAL DEPARTMENT

## Holstein Cattle

Holstein cattle for sale, ranging in ages from a few weeks to mature animals.

## Leghorn Chicks

Tancred S. C. W. Leghorn Chicks and pullets in season.

Phone 87 J

## Emmanuel Mis- sionary College

(Conclusion)

young ladies of Birch Hall have organized a society known as "The Forum." One hour a week is devoted to the discussion of the problems that concern the young woman of today. Any resident of Birch Hall is eligible. "Every Man's Club" is a society composed of the young men of Maple Hall. At different times prominent speakers are invited to address the young men on problems that are of vital interest. This organization to which every man of Maple Hall is eligible, gives a brighter and more comprehensive outlook on the work which lies before the Christian young man.

From the wilds of the Dark Continent came the name for our literary and scientific club, "Induna." This society holds meetings twice a month, one meeting being a "closed session" and the other being open to the entire student body. Questions of literary, scientific and political importance are taken up and discussed.

Of great importance in the school activities comes, The Student Association which includes in its membership every matriculated student. The scope of the activities controlled by this organization through its executive committee and student-teacher council includes the editing and publishing of its official organ, "The Student Movement" magazine, the management and conducting of the annual soliciting for missions, maintenance of decorum at public gatherings, and such features and activities as may reasonably come within the sphere of this organization.

Poetry has its place in the "Reboses Club." This club is to promote, foster the study, production, and appreciation of poetry by the students. In this group we find many promising poets.

Rapidly increasing in importance as a school factor is our college orchestra. The number of instruments is being increased constantly, causing the organization to rapidly approach the standard of a symphony orchestra. Twice during the year the best of classical and standard music is given in important public concerts.

Besides the ones mentioned are various other clubs that help to give the student a more perfectly rounded education.

### Station W E M C.

In the spring of 1923, there came to this institution a young man by the name of John E. Fetzer from Purdue University. Not long after he appeared, innumerable wires were noticed streaming from the window of his room in Maple Hall, the men's dormitory. It was not long before everyone realized that something was going on in the little radio "world" which he had set up in his room. Other young men became interested in the "game." One cannot control or set bounds about genius, and it was not long before these young men had set up a ten-watt broadcasting station in

the peak of the old College tower. There they worked out their experiments.

No one knew what could be accomplished with this pile of "junk" such as rusty wire, insulators and amplifiers that was collected in the little room in the tower. Word immediately went around that the College had a broadcasting station. These men kept on working day and night until eventually news reached us through the "Radio News" that this "baby" station had been heard in sunny France.

So tremendous was the interest manifested in this that the College friends immediately began to search for apparatus that would better serve the purpose of the station. These young men scouted about until they found a station in Indiana which had been abandoned because of a lack of broadcasting talent. This station had been heard in Hawaii. But the College had no money with which to purchase this equipment. These men were undaunted. They studied and prayed until a solution of the problem presented itself. It was decided to ask a benevolent friend of the College to donate a sufficient amount of money to purchase the station. Correspondence with this friend proved successful.

It was not long after this that the station was on the ground "bought and paid for." Then began the real work. For months, day and night, these same young men by whose efforts this station was brought here, worked, improving, rebuilding, and putting in first-class shape the apparatus which was later to be named the "Radio Lighthouse."

In six months, everything was in readiness. The first concert proved successful. Letters, telegrams, and telephone messages poured into the office during half of the night. It was evident that the work of the station would be a success. From February until July programs were broadcasted regularly.

In the summer of 1924, the station had already been heard from Edmonton, Alberta to Florida; and from Quebec to Texas. The reception of our programs in 38 states in America has been verified, and a report was heard in July to the effect that KFGZ had been "picked up" by the wireless

operator on the Dutch S. S. "Batavia" in the North Sea. The management felt pleased that this and other foreign records could be established during so brief a period of operation. The station has also been heard at Liverpool, England.

### From All Parts of the World

Thirty-one states and twelve foreign countries are represented among the 437 students at Emmanuel Missionary College according to the latest reports from the registrars office of the school.

In the class rooms are students from Canada, West Indies, South America, The Canal Zone, Germany, Holland, Denmark, China, Korea, India, Siam, and South America. A total of seven percent of the students enrolled are from outside the United States, the figures indicate.

Over one third of the student body came from states other than Michigan. California, Colorado, Florida, Maine, Oregon, and Texas are among the states represented.

A large percent of these students expect to earn the greater part of their expenses in the industrial plants connected with the college which provides these plants for the benefit of the students.

It is possible for as many as 150 to earn enough to pay their entire way through college each year, officials of the school state. Among the plants provided by the institution is a print shop, a carpentry and

woodwork shop, a camery, a laundry, a dairy, and a poultry farm.

### Pres. Wolfkill Optimistic for E M C Future

"There shall be no Alps" seems to be the slogan adopted by President G. F. Wolfkill of Emmanuel College when it comes to the completion of the college auditorium, the foundation of which was begun three years ago.

The auditorium contemplated for the college will be constructed of steel and brick, with a seating capacity of eight hundred. The main floor will be used for a chapel and as a church. The assembly or lecture room below will be used as an auditorium and recreation center, according to President Wolfkill.

Those residents of Berrien County who contributed to the erection of this building a few years ago may now feel that their efforts are not in vain. It is pointed out that building programs at institutions of this character go slowly unless there is an endowment or other proceeds which can be used for construction purposes. For a number of years the college has been glad to welcome members of the various county agricultural associations to the college for their annual meetings which have been held in the main auditorium. It seems that a seating capacity of eight hundred will be none too large for the friends of the college and the student body which now numbers nearly five hundred.

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**CANNED FOODS**

Golden Wax Beans	Stringless Green Beans
Red Cherries	Strawberry Jam
Nut Foods	Strawberries
Black Raspberries	Red Raspberries
Black Raspberry Jam	Red Raspberry Jam

Packed by

**EMMANUEL MISSIONARY COLLEGE**

Berrien Springs, Mich.

**E. M. C.**

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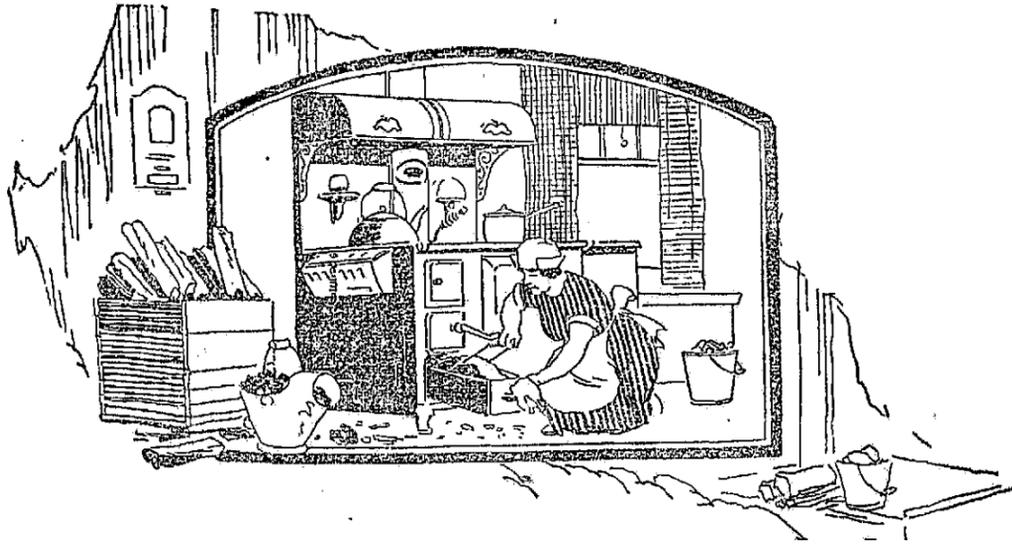
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## College Supply Store

**Groceries, School Supplies and Notions**

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## Women Who Operate Their Own Gas Plants

**W**OMEN who use coal or wood in their stoves, really cook with gas—but it's gas of their own manufacture.

They buy fuel in the raw (just as we do) and then endure drudgery, dirt, soot, smoke and ashes before they finally convert it into fire.

We take the raw fuel, treat it to recover valuable by-products, dispose of the useless residue and deliver the clean, useful element—gas fuel—direct to you through a pipe.

Ten million American women have already junked their individual gas plants and have cast their fuel burdens on the gas companies. Other women are joining them at the rate of 400,000 a year.

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“If it's done  
with Heat-  
you can do  
it Better  
with GAS”  
❖

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Buchanan Division

# SCHOOL PUPILS WRITE ABOUT SOUTH BERRIEN COUNTY

Of the sixty-three country school teachers who were asked to have their pupils write informational essays about their districts for the special Chamber of Commerce Booster edition of The Berrien County Record, thirteen responded with materials that showed a lot of work on the part of the teachers and the pupils. More than seventy essays were received.

The judges, Harold Stark, superintendent of the Buchanan schools, Rev. W. Maylan Jones, pastor of the Methodist Church, and Leon Wood, editor of The Record, found it a large task to read them and select the best from each district. From some more than one has been chosen for honors.

Unfortunately many of the teachers did not send a list of the numbered essays with the names of the pupils who wrote them. We are printing the pupils' names wherever possible, or the number given by the teacher, hoping that she will be able to inform us of the gifted ones who wrote acceptably. The teacher's name is printed with the name of the school district.

No attempt has been made to rank the essays, except in the district. We leave it to the readers of the Booster edition as to who did the best work in gathering and organizing information.

## BERTRAND SCHOOL

Pearl Brooks, Teacher

Seventeen of Miss Brooks pupils took part in the essay writing, and it was hard to select two to print as typical of the big bunch.

### WHERE I LIVE

By No. 3

I think I have a more interesting district to write about than any other child in any other district. One of the most interesting parts of Bertrand is its history, so I will begin with it first.

About two hundred thirty years ago a little place known as Bertrand was founded by a French trader, Joseph Bertrand. Bertrand was the home of the Pottawattami Indians. It was once owned by France, England, and Spain. The main road through Bertrand today was then a trail for the Sauk Indians whose homes were in Green Bay, Wisconsin, and were taking furs, blankets and pottery to the French trading post in Detroit, in exchange for heads, guns, trinkets and sometimes whisky, if they could get it. The Sauk trail became a stage coach road from Chicago to Detroit and later the U. S. mail road in 1825.

Bertrand married Madelin, daughter of the chief of the Pottawattamies. The Indians were removed in

1833 to Kansas, but Bertrand and his wife didn't go until 1858, because the trading advantages were better here. He was then ninety years old, but in good health.

The village flourished from 1832 to 1848 and then, on account of the building of M. C. R. R. through Niles, the stopping of the steamboat, keelboat and stage traffic, the people made large rafts and put their houses on them and floated them down the river to Niles and thus reduced the population. There were at one time over one thousand inhabitants, even dry goods stores, various other stores, a number of hotels, one of them being four stories high, a Catholic church, St. Mary's academy, later moved to its present location just north of South Bend.

Squire D. C. Higbee was postmaster for fifty years. The postoffice was in a building on Chicago avenue, which is still standing. He died in 1902, being ninety years old.

People who have lived in cities are very glad to live in so quiet a place as Bertrand, where they can raise chickens, a cow, pigs, and a garden and still work in South Bend, a city of 104,000 population, seven miles distant, or in Niles, three miles away, with a population of 7,000. They can get a bus or an interurban that runs every half hour.

We have the St. Joseph river, and have fresh air, good water and beautiful scenery. We have one and one-half miles of macadam known as the Dixie highway. Bertrand has the second bridge across the St. Joseph river from South Bend, the telephone from Niles, and electricity from Buchanan.

Bertrand has twenty-five farms, but the rest of the land is divided into lots with comfortable houses on them. Those who have farms are: The Roths, 110 acres; W. King, 33; C. Poynter, 8; E. Brothers, 35; W. Schroeder, 13; The Hastings, 40; F. Dignan, 35; B. Rosenberger, 6; A. Schindwein, 10; S. Papai, 16; J. Dwyer, 9; C. Washburn, 28; W. Zientowski, 133; A. Abraham, 40; J. Vida, 40; E. Walsh, 149; A. Kanarr, 35; S. Purucker, 38; The Kersays, 100; J. Fisher, 13; A. Barcus, 16½; A. Kale, 5; C. Bolon, 50; C. W. Bookwalter, 24.

The different kinds of soil are: sand, clay and gravel loam. We raise vegetables, corn, potatoes, wheat, white beans, oats, rye, bulbs and some fruits. The fruits are apples, plums, peaches and cherries. There are about fifty acres of alfalfa. There are 377 people in Bertrand. There are a few dairy cows, but are kept for home use.

Our school is a two-room standard school. The census roll has 117 from the ages of five to twenty years. The school house is lighted electrically. We have a Parent-Teacher association one year old, that is interested in us and helped us get \$190 worth of playground equipment.

Last year our school banked 100% throughout the year. We are also taking the Health Crusade and expect to win a national pennant. We are trying to raise \$100 for library books this year, as books teach us how to read, keeps us from thinking and doing bad things, and when we grow up furnishes self entertainment. Last year our school was second in the Berrien County spell-

ing contest. We have a baseball team and have formed a basketball team. The pupils names, grade and standing are:

8th Grade—Russel Ryor, G; Elmer Babcock, G; Rector Weaver, G; Arthur Barcus, G plus; Hazel Kale, G plus; Florence Zientowski, G minus; Mary Dwyer, G; Victoria Abraham, E.

7th Grade—Clarice Milner, G; Joseph Turk, G minus; John Bolon, G; James Bookwalter, E; Evelyn Eiman, G; Bernard Walsh, G; Doris Whitmore, G; Arthur Samson, G.

6th Grade—Thomas Walsh, E; Richard Walsh, G plus; William Pawlak, G; Henry Purucker, G; Glen Purucker, G; Joseph Nemeth, G; Alice Zientowski, G; Albert Kanarr, G; Theo Fairchilds, G; Louis Vida, G; Forest Brant, G.

5th Grade—Joseph Cady, G; Elinor Eiman, G; Mary Bolon, G minus; Helen Kale, G plus; Rae Groschans, G minus; Otho Risher, G; Edward Calloway, G; Mae Rosenberger, G plus; Marie Schnellie, G; Everett Curtis, G; Joe Bolon, G; Jack Turk, G minus.

The teachers names are Miss Edna Garlenger and Miss Pearl Brooks.

Our district has no church, but do not think that we have neglected religion. On the boundary of our district is the Bertrand Community church, which our district helped to build. We attend church in South Bend, Niles and Notre Dame.

That is a pretty thorough account of the district. Another one is about the same subject. We print it, omitting the lists of names, just to show that the work was original.

## IT CAN'T BE BEAT

By No. 18

I think our district is very interesting.

Bertrand is very old. It was founded by a Frenchman, Joseph Bertrand, about two hundred and thirty years ago. Its main street, Chicago avenue, was once the Sauk Indian's trail, extending from Detroit to Green Bay, Wisconsin. It was later used as a stagecoach line from Detroit to Chicago. Lasalle is thought to have stopped at Bertrand many times on his voyages up and down the St. Joseph river. Bertrand has been owned by Spain, France and England. Bertrand was at first a trading post, and Joseph Bertrand built his first house on the Adolph Mohn farm, just across the river. Joseph Bertrand married Madelin, daughter of Topenebec, head chief of all the Pottawatamies. In 1833 the Pottawatamies were taken to the Kansas reservation, but Joseph Bertrand and his wife, Madelin, did not go to the reservation until 1858.

Bertrand has many advantages; they are: getting electricity from the substation at Niles, its location on the Dixie highway, the Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan railway passes through our district, the Michigan Central railroad and the bus line run through here too. We are seven miles from South Bend, a city of 104,000 people, and three miles from Niles, a city of 7000 people.

Bertrand is at the second bridge from South Bend. There are many country homes here and quite a few have Niles telephones.

There are twenty-six farms in the

district, but not a single farmer makes his whole living off the farm. Many people have small homes and work in South Bend and Niles. (He lists the farms, with acreage and number of people.) The crops that are raised are corn, wheat potatoes, bulbs, hay, grapes and vegetables. There aren't very many fruit trees. About 50 acres of alfalfa is raised.

The dairy cows that are kept are Jersey, Guernsey, Holstein, and are kept mostly for home use. A certain family kept a record of butter made and they found that it was five hundred twenty-one pounds of butter for one year from two Jersey-Guernsey cows.

There are one and one-half miles of macadam road, four and one-half miles of gravel road, five miles of dirt road.

We have a two-room, electrically lighted standard school. There are one hundred seventeen pupils in the census roll. The Parent-Teacher's association helped us get one hundred ninety dollars worth play ground equipment. The equipment consists of a slide, a giant stride, a set of swings, a baseball outfit, and a basketball outfit. We have school banking and the pupils of all the grades except the eighth grade are taking the Health Crusade. We are raising money to get library books. Bertrand has second place in the spelling championship of Berrien county. The pupils are deeply interested in civic pride and have a great educational interest. (He gives the names and grades of the pupils in various grades.)

There is no church in our district, but about ninety-five percent of the people go to church and we are helping to build a community church just on the boundary of our district.

## WEST THREE OAKS

Mrs. C. McKenzie, Teacher

Here we find no name of the pupils who competed—eight of them. They did some very close work. A comprehensive tabulation of the farm crops was worked out, but cannot be printed for want of room.

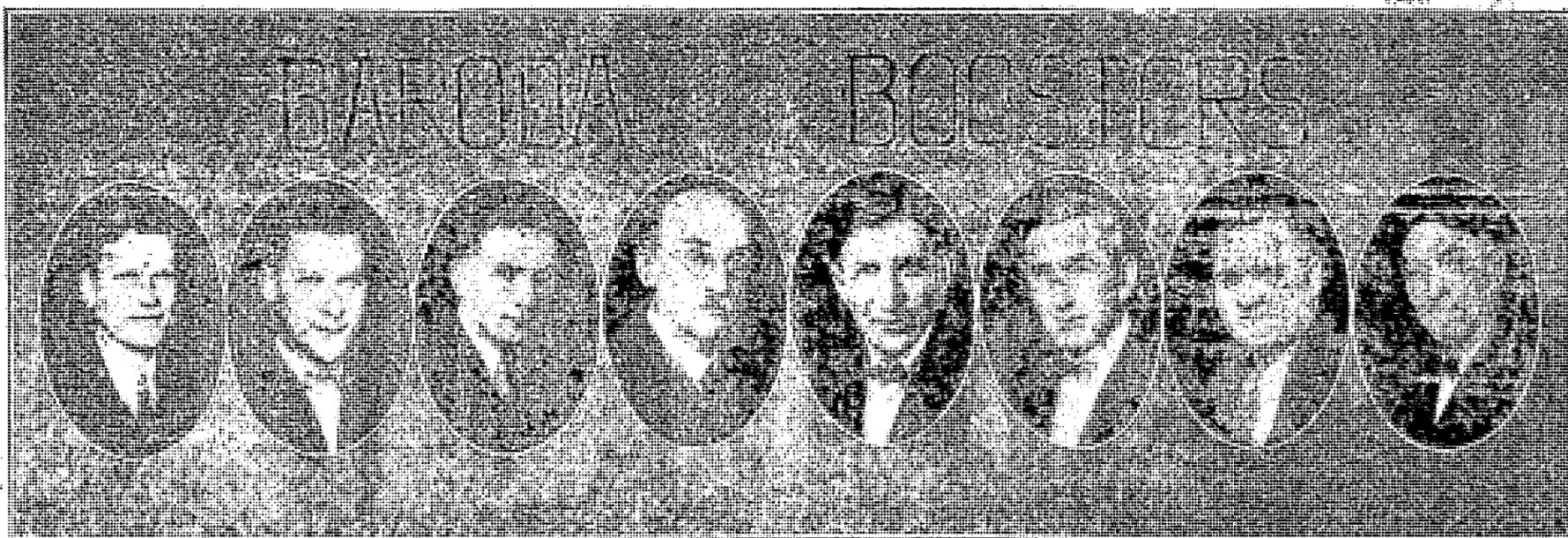
## WEST THREE OAKS SCHOOL

By No. 3

The district is located in the south western part of the county. The school house is two miles from Three Oaks. It is a one room building, situated in the south central part of the district, with one-half acre play ground. Twenty-five scholars attend school. The eighth grade is the largest, having six pupils.

There are about forty-three farms in the district, with a total acreage of about 3,144 acres. Most every farm has quite a variety of different kinds of soils, such as sand, clay, muck and gumbo. The result is a great variety of crops, as wheat, corn, oats, barley, potatoes and hay, as well as many kinds of vegetables. Many fruits too are found on almost every farm—apples, pears, peaches, plum and cherry trees are found in abundance, while many farms raise grapes, raspberries, strawberries and dewberries, not only for home use, but for the market as well. Only two or three farmers in the whole community are without cattle, most farmers keeping enough not only for their own use, but market consid-

(Continued on next page.)



E. NITZ

E. TOLLAS

R. TOLLAS

H. K. NOLD

E. W. KRAUS

J. REICH

E. E. BRUNER

C. PRIEBE

## School Pupils Write About So. Ber. Co.

(Conclusion)

erable milk and cream. We have 11 miles of road made of asphalt, gravel, stone and cinders. There are very few dirt roads in the district. All the roads are properly taken care of and repaired.

There are no churches in the district, but most of the people attend church in Three Oaks. The nearest postoffice is in Three Oaks, but a mail man delivers the mail to the farmers. The nearest city is Michigan City.

(The writer lists 46 farmers and in a table tells how many acres, Holstein, Jersey, Hereford and mixed cattle, apple, peach, pear, plum, quince, cherries, mulberries and crabapple trees they have. We print the names only.)

Ainsley, M., Bocensky, Childs, T. D., Mrs. Childs, Cibulka, F., Conrad, A. and G., Cleck, J., Gluth, A., Gluth, E., Hatfield, G., Hesie, L., Jelinek, J., Koth, K., Koth, O., Kane, Mrs. J., Kataska, J., Kozlsloska, A., Kardyka, F., Lee, Dan, Lange, J., Leathermen, W., Long, J., Lange, H., Luso, Mrs., McCarten, F., McCarten, E. H., McCarten, E. and M., McCarten, C., Meyers, W., Novacek, J. J., Paff, C., Rist, M., Ray, S., Schelley, F., Stump, F., Stump, J., Van Wieman, J., Vary, W., Vetterly, Mrs. Ed., Wells, A., Waldo, F., Wahl, J., Warren, C. K., Zebell, W., Zebell, A., Statmiller.

### Names of Pupils:

8th Grade—Cibulka, Frank, 15; Ray, Anna, 15; Van Wieman, Elizabeth, 14; Cleck, Frances, 14; Gluth, Minnie, 13; Zebell, Maynard, 14.

7th—Van Wieman, Minetta, 12; Prestine, Warren, 14.

6th—Novacek, Anton, 13; Long, Lucille, 12.

5th—Fleck, Vancel, 11; Zebell, Louise, 11; Jelinek, John, 11.

4th—Novacek, Bessie, 9; Cleck, Josephine, 9; Jelinek, Edward, 8.

3rd—Whal, Victor, 8; Kalaski, Stanley, 8; Slovak, Edward, 9.

2nd—Fleck, Mildred, 6; Cibulka, Mildred, 6; Slovah, Rose, 6.

1st—Van Wieman, John, 6; Novak, Jesse, 6; Jelenik, Ernest, 6.

### MEAD SCHOOL

Miss Lillie Schaub, Teacher  
This essay contains an immense amount of information, which has taken much time to compile.

### OUR DISTRICT

By No. 1  
There are twenty-five farms in District Number five. Their owners are:

Mr. Wales. He owns 25 acres: 1½ acres alfalfa. He raises grain and fruit. He is farming 8 acres. The trees are apples and peaches. He has one dairy cow, Holstein, butter fat test is 4.

Mr. Herrman owns 20 acres and raises 129 fruit trees: apples, plum, cherry and pears. His crops are fruit and vegetables. One Jersey cow, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. B. D. Davis has 20 acres. Raises apples and pears, also some vegetables.

Mr. B. C. Geyer owns 90 acres and farms 90 acres. Has 20 fruit trees, apples, pears, peach and cherries. He raises 9 acres alfalfa and 6 dairy cattle, Jerseys.

Mr. R. N. Haslett has 120 acres, raises fruit and grain; has 700 peach trees, 700 apple trees, 30 acres of alfalfa, 6 cattle, Guernsey.

Mr. R. O. Zerber owns 80 acres, has 48 fruit trees, apples, cherry and peach. He raises 8 acres of alfalfa. He also has 12 head of cattle, Guernsey.

Mr. John Naugle owns 55 acres, raises grain and truck; has 110 fruit trees, apples, pears and cherries.

Mr. C. Ritter has 20 acres and 500 peach trees. Raises truck.

Mr. Postlewaite owns 20 acres. He has a summer home on it.

Mr. F. Montgomery is the owner of 1 Guernsey cow and is farming 29 acres. He owns 50 acres. Raises grain and vegetables.

Mr. C. Baker owns 80 acres and is farming 40 acres. Raises grain and 2 acres of alfalfa; 4 Holstein cattle, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. Cagle owns 20 acres and he is building a house on it.

Mr. Bouchman owns 50 acres. Raises wheat, corn, oats and potatoes; has 2 Holstein cows.

Mr. A. Denno is the owner of 70 acres and 17 fruit trees, apples, cherries and pears; 1 Guernsey cow, butter fat test is 4.

Mr. Geo. Shipperly owns 16 acres, raises fruit and truck; 40 fruit trees.

apples, pear, plum, and cherry. He has 2 acres alfalfa; 1 Jersey cow, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. B. Weaver owns 100 acres, 32 fruit trees, apples, pear and cherry. He is farming 90 acres.

Mr. Pease rents Mr. C. A. Halllock's farm of 180 acres and is farming 100 acres corn, 10 acres alfalfa, potatoes, rye and spelts. He has 6 cows, Jerseys, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. F. L. Chilcoat and his mother own 11 acres with 902 fruit trees. They are peach, apple and plum, 3½ acres of alfalfa; 2 Jersey cows.

Mrs. E. Mitchell owns 50 acres and raises 7 acres of alfalfa. She has one Jersey cow.

Mr. H. N. Capen owns 20 acres; 2 acres of alfalfa, 1 Guernsey cow. He has 100 fruit trees, peach, apple and pear.

Mr. Bliss owns 180 acres; 39 fruit trees, apple and pear; 3 Jersey cows.

Mr. I. Long owns 80 acres; 5 Guernsey dairy cows; 13 fruit trees, apples and pears.

Mr. Ed. Brouns owns 40 acres; 48 fruit trees, peach, cherry and pears; 15 acres alfalfa; 2 Jersey cows, butter fat test is 4.

Mr. Shrowder owns 40 acres, 1 Guernsey cow, butter fat test 4½; ½ acre alfalfa; 5 cherry trees.

Mr. B. Burdett owns 20 acres of land. He has 10 fruit trees, apple and cherry. He also has 2 acres of alfalfa.

The different soils found on the farms in this district are sandy loam, gravel and clay. There are 19 pupils in our school: Elsie Herrman, Junior Earl Gordon, Charles Wales, Eleanor Naugle, Leonard Pease, are all in the first grade. Thelma Bliss is the only pupil in the second grade; and on the third grade, Mary Jane Zerbe.

Dorothy Shipperly and Theo. Buland are in the fourth grade, Emily Wales, Tommy Zerbe and Russell Wales are in the fifth grade. Ollie Buland and Florence Shipperly are in the sixth grade. Ethel Buland, Charles Davis and Ralph Zerbe are in the seventh grade. George Shipperly and Robert Geyer are in the eighth grade.

Miss Lillian Schaub is our teacher. The nearest postoffice is in Buchanan. Buchanan is the nearest trading center. Niles is the nearest city.

### WEESAW NO. 1

Archie C. Morley, Teacher

By No. 1

District information of Weesaw township, District number 1. We have about 60 farmers in our district and the names are as follows:

Burr Nelson has 56 acres and rents the farms.

Joe Smith has 48 acres and 10 acres cultivated, all kinds of fruit trees and 1 cow.

Wilbur Smith, 100 acres and all kinds of fruit trees and 7 cows.

Charley Shaw has 160 acres and rents farm.

Henry Stauffer has 30 acres and a few apple trees and 5 cows.

Clarence Haynes, 40 acres and a few pear trees and 2 cows.

Worth Leo Kennedy has 10 acres.

Dell Blackman, 15 acres and 3 cows; has fruit trees.

George Boyce, 40 acres and has sold his farm.

Con Kelley has 1 acre and a few apple trees.

Ray Weaver, 240 acres, with fruit and 5 cows.

Clarence Weaver, 80 acres and rents.

Dick Beeson has 160 acres, with a few trees and 3 cows.

Lewis Houch, 20 acres and few fruit trees.

Samuel Woollet, ½ acre and a few trees.

Dick Roybuck, 17 acres and all kinds of fruit trees and 1 cow.

John Fletcher rents.

Jerry Wetzel has 77 acres and all kinds of fruit trees and 2 cows.

August Mensinger, 20 acres, and 2 cows and a few fruit trees.

George Kool, 80 acres and rents.

August Klug, 80 acres and a few fruit trees and 2 cows.

A. Rosenthal has a few fruit trees and 3 cows.

S. Stevens, 80 acres and 3 cows and a few fruit trees.

Albert Rick, 120 acres and 4 cows and fruit trees.

George Hartline, 10 acres and 1 cow, with a few fruit trees.

Mrs. Wilkins, 20 acres and a few fruit trees.

Wm. Strauss, 20 acres and 1 cow.

Lawrence Strauss, 40 acres and 2 cows, and a few fruit trees.

Jog Pazder, 23 acres, and fruit trees and 1 cow.

George Washburn, 38 acres and fruit trees.

Victor Styburske, 14 acres and 1 cow and trees.

Mr. Priebe, with a few fruit trees and 2 cows and 10 acres.

Miles Devoc, 10 acres and a few fruit trees.

Clom McClellan, with 1 apple tree.

Bill Gardener, 1 acre.

Charley Oris, 70 acres and 1 cow and a few fruit trees.

Emil Villard, has just bought 10 acres.

Gene Boyce, 14 acres and fruit trees.

Mr. Crandell, ½ acre.

Mr. Kruge, ½ acre and 1 peach tree.

George Allen, 1 acre and a few fruit trees.

Edd. Shepardson, 50 acres and 2 cows.

Ale Shepardson, 80 acres and 11 cows.

Guy Shepardson, 40 acres and 3 cows.

James Raber, 65 acres and 1 cow and a few fruit trees.

Charley Klug, 2 acres and 1 cow and a few trees.

We have in our district wheat, oats, peppermint, buckwheat, pickles, sugar beets and berries, and we also have 10 acres of alfalfa.

We have 10 miles of stone road and 3 miles of gravel road and 5 miles of dirt road.

Our school is a 1-room country school and it consists of 40 children. The kinds of soil are clay, sand and muck and gravel.

Names of pupils and Standings: Elliott Boyce, G.; Vira Woollet, G.; Fae Fletcher, G.; Helen Fletcher, G.; Raymond Woollet, G.; Lidia Tador, G.; Linda Tador, G.; Ivan Yeske, E.; Irgan Yeske, E.; Caroline Yeske, G.; Walter Yeske, G.; Agnes Yeske, G.; Walter Wetzel, G.; Dale Wetzel, G.; Kenneth Styburski, G.; Ralph Styburski, G.; Stanley Styburski, G.; Irene Styburski, G.; Josephine Kennedy, G.; Fred Kennedy, G.; Charles Kennedy, G.; Paul Strauss, G.; Helen Pazder, G.; Isabell Pazder, G.; Helen McClellan, G.; Earl McClellan, G.; Dewayne Fletcher, G.; Clarence Fletcher, G.; Fred Shanner, G.; Virginia Shanner, G.; Hope Kelley, G.; Janet Kelley, G.; Eugene Kelley, G.; Fred Houck, G.; Holdena Houck, G.; Marjorie Weaver, E.; Delbert Dean Pierce, G.; Donald Nelson, G.

The name of the teacher is Mr. Morley.

We have a German Lutheran Church, and the pastor is Mr. Krug, and it consists of 60 members.

The nearest postoffice is Glendora; the nearest city is Niles, and the nearest trading center is St. Joseph.

### GEYER SCHOOL

Miss Ruth Agnes Hauser, Teacher

DISTRICT NO. 14, NILES TWP.

By No. 2

Our farm of seventy-four and one-half acres is located one and one-half miles north of Buchanan, Michigan, facing the St. Joe river.

The soil varies; a small portion is clay, sandy soil, muck, and gravel. The farm is generally rolling, with a high hill on the northeast corner.

On our farm we have 200 peach trees, 4 plum trees, 80 apple trees, 3 pear trees, 1500 grape plants at the bearing age.

The crops we raise are as follows: 11 acres of field corn, 5 acres of sweet corn, 1½ acres of white marfat or soup beans, 1½ acres of potatoes.

We have 4 cows, 1 Holstein, 1 Jersey and the other two grades. We have 6 hogs, 14 sheep, 2 horses, 30 hens, they are Plymouth Rock hens.

There is about 1 mile of gravel road in the district and about 6½ miles of dirt and gravel mixed.

The names of the families in our district are as follows: Dan Rannah, Charlie Zobac, Oden Mitchell, Ralph Johnson, William Beardsley, Arthur Mead, 40 acres; George Marks, 20 acres; G. W. Sherman, 27 acres; Clarence Huss, 112 acres; J. W. Terrell, 110 acres; Smith Bros., 120 acres; Guy Burk, 10 acres; Ray Banke, 10 acres; Bert Mason, 80 acres; M. Crouch, Earnie Bunker, 20 acres; Andrew Huss, 80 acres; Andrew Lyddick, 120 acres; Herbert Briney, 10 acres; Charlie Briney, 60 acres; Elmer Butts, 440 acres; Ben Watson, 32 acres; Bert Mason, 80 acres; William Beardsley, 32 acres; Charles Engles, 70 acres.

About 30% of every farm is maintained for dairy purpose, 60% for poultry. The other 5% is given over to various pursuits. There are about 100 acres of alfalfa.

There are about 1000 peach trees and about 5000 fruit trees.

There are three kinds of cattle: Jersey, Holstein and Guernsey. There are about 57 head of cattle.

The butter fat test is about 65.2. This high record is held by Andrew Huss. His cow is a Holstein.

There are about 1732 acres of cultivated land in our district.

The nearest postoffice is in Buchanan.

The nearest trading center is in Buchanan.

The distance from our farm is about two miles to school.

The school has a large playground and good grass sod. There is about three-fourths of an acre. There are six trees in the yard.

Ours is a one-room school house. It is painted white. It is not a standard school.

About 90 years ago there lived a man named Mr. Brodus. He lived on a farm next to the school house. Mr. Andrew Lyddick lives there now. He had several children and he wanted them to have a good education. So he donated a piece of land, the corner of his own field, to build a school house upon. We were greatly indebted to him. There was a man named Mr. Geyer that later taught.

The first director's name was Mr. James Swift.

The first teacher that taught our school was Mrs. Bently from Niles. When she taught our school they only had eight months of school. At that time about 40 pupils attended during the winter months.

Zullie Tuttle was the second teacher. Other teachers who have taught here are as follows: Mrs. Harry Marshall, Martha Sharp, Miss Emmy Weaver, Mrs. Mettie Revin, Frank Fish, Mrs. Mary Geyers, Mrs. Hattie Ireland, Mrs. Hattie Searls, Jim Woods, John Beckwith, John Platts, Josephine Swift, Flossie Bunker Meyers, Minnie Smith Lyddick, Jessie Baker Lightfoot, Fred Lyddick, Miss Agnes Philips, Mrs. Annie Sparks, Miss Edna Long, Miss Elma V. Marshall. We have this year Miss Ruth Agnes Bauser from Benton Harbor.

At present there are 16 pupils in attendance: Paul DeWitt, Irene Walkden, Seventh grade; Harry Penwell, Donabelle DeWitt, Donald Crouch, Anna Grace Rannah, Mary Louise Beardsley, Fifth grade; Floy Huss, Louis Crouch, Third grade; Walter Marks, Second grade; Margaret DeWitt, Virginia Banke, Gertrude Crouch, First grade.

The pupils averaging 90% or above in all their studies are: Harry Penwell, Paul DeWitt, Margaret DeWitt, Gertrude Crouch.

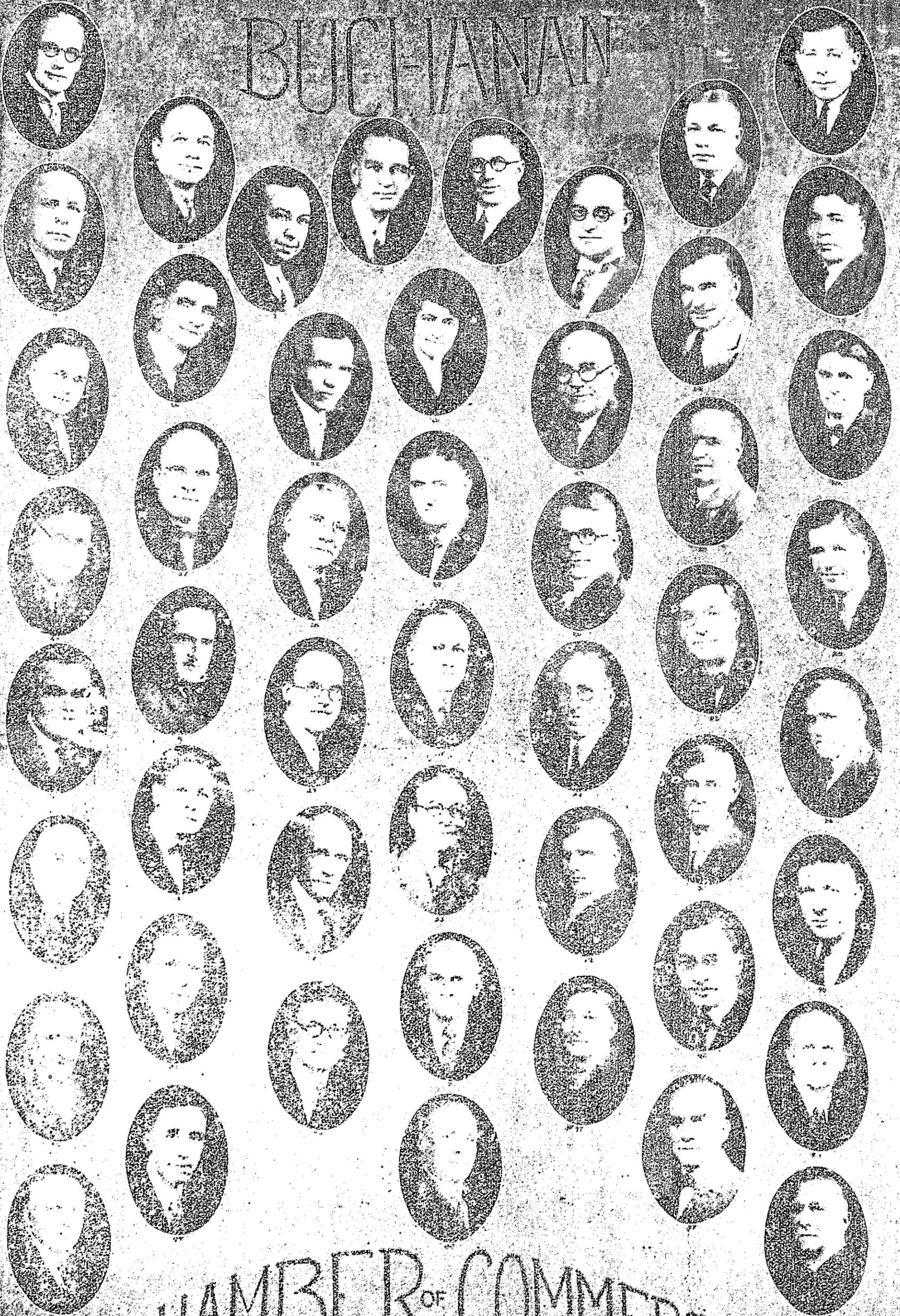
I have lived in this district for eight years, and would rather live here than any other place else. I am proud of my home district and hope to see it grow and improve as the years pass.

## Michigan Co-Op Elevators Do Great Business

One of the great outstanding services to Michigan farming by the Michigan State Farm Bureau was its aid in organizing the co-operative Michigan Elevator Exchange in 1920. For two years the baby exchange was operated as a department of the State Farm Bureau. Today, with 107 member farmers' elevators, the Exchange is standing on its own and often markets \$1,000,000 worth of grain and beans a month for its 25,000 members. Its business for the year ending July 21, 1925 was \$8,000,000.

The Elevator Exchange, with its central sales office in Lansing, in immediate touch with all markets, gives its members the great advantage of prompt information and its knowledge of market conditions. This has been worth many thousands of dollars to the participating co-operative farm communities. The Michigan Elevator Exchange is by far the largest handler of beans in Michigan today.

# BUCHANAN



# CHAMBER OF COMMERCE

1, G. E. Smith; 2, B. Livingston; 3, F. Mead; 4, Al Charles; 5, H. Riley; 6, Dr. Strayer; 7, H. Stark; 8, W. Shoop; 9, Dr. Curtis; 10, Carl Hamilton; 11, M. Pearson; 12, C. Harms; 13, Wm. O'Donnel; 14, Phay Graffort; 15, Ralph De Nardo; 16, M. L. Ihrie; 17, R. Kale; 18, M. Gross; 19, R. Allen; 20, Wm. Donley; 21, A. Storti; 22, Mate Sands; 23 Dr. H. M. Beistle; 24, Fred Schwartz; 25, S. Rouse; 26, L. Campbell; 27, L. Wood; 28, H. Roe; 29, C. Landis; 30, Wm. Rynearson; 31, J. Rehm; 32, A. Hiller; 33, L. Desenberg; 34, H. Weiss; 35, H. Binns; 36, Dr. Godfrey; 37, H. Beck; 38, H. Hattenback; 39, M. Wideman; 40, F. C. Hathaway; 41, M. Wessendorf; 42, Wm. Bell; 43, L. Kolhoff; 44, John Camp; 45, M. Barch; 46, J. Boyle; 47, Sig. Desenberg; 48, George Dressler; 49, F. Moyer; 50, C. D. Kent.

## Buchanan Chamber of Commerce

Herewith is presented a complete list of the membership of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce—the men through whose enterprise and untiring energy this edition of The Record has been made possible. It will be observed that practically every business in Buchanan is represented, and we venture to say there is not a man on the list who does not esteem it a pleasure as well as a duty to do everything which lies within his power to further the interests of the village and of the entire county. This effort might have been made for Buchanan alone, but the men of Buchanan took the broader view of the situation and insisted that the effort should be for the benefit of the southern half of the county at least, assuming that the cities of St. Joe and Benton Harbor could very well take care of the north half. Here are their names and the various interests they represent:

**Officers**—Harleigh Riley, president; Ben Livingston, vice-president; Fred Mead, treasurer; M. L. Hanlin, director; Lyman L. Campbell, director; A. H. Hiller, director; Phay Graffort, director; Al W. Charles, secretary.

**Members**—Ralph Allen, hardware; H. P. Binns, wallpaper, paints, stationery; Leon Wood, Berrien County Record; Earl Beck, tires, radio; J. G. Boyle, St. Joseph Valley Shipping Association; H. H. Beck, meats and groceries; W. N. Brodrick, drugs; M. J. Barch, Michigan Toy & Mfg. Co.; Dr. H. M. Beistle, dentist; D. L. Boardman, dry goods; Wm. Bell, Indiana & Michigan Electric Co.; A. S. Bonner, Clark Equipment Co.; L. L. Campbell, Campbell Transmission Co.; I. Clevenger, planing mill; Dr. O. Curtis, physician; Ralph De Nardo, confectionery; Louis Desenberg, dry goods and clothing; Sig. Desenberg, dry goods and clothing; Geo.

Dressler, farmer; Wm. Donley, tobacco and billiard room; Geo. Foresman, Ford dealer; Dr. J. L. Godfrey, dentist; Leo Gombossi, tailor; M. Gross, dry goods and shoes; P. A. Graffort, Princess Theatre; Gaill Oil Co., gas station; A. H. Hiller, lumber and coal; Carl D. Hamilton, furniture and funeral director; H. A. Hattenbach, coal; A. L. Hamblin, jeweler; F. C. Hathaway, Clark Equipment Co.; Frank Habicht, Clark Equipment Co.; M. L. Hanlin, Clark Equipment Co.; M. L. Ihrie, photographer; C. D. Kent, postmaster; Rev. Roy Kale, Presbyterian Church; Leo Kolhoff, Overland and Willys-Knight cars; Chas. Landis, Buchanan State Bank; Ben Livingston, dry goods; D. P. Merson, meats; Wm. J. Miller, lumber; Floyd Mittan, restaurant; E. C. Mogford, Clark Equipment Co.; Fred Moyer, Studebaker cars and pianos; Fred Mead, barber; Niles Gas Light Co.; Wm. O'Donnell, financial agent; Chas. F. Pears, Pears-East Grain Co.; Martin Pearson, plasterer; Dan S. Robe, Michigan Central Railroad Co.; Herbert Roe, Buchanan State Bank; Harleigh Riley, Ind. & Mich. Electric Co.; Sam Rouse, Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.; Wm. Ryneerson, plumber; J. C. Rehm, variety store; A. Rohl, Indiana & Mich. Elec. Co.; E. B. Ross, Clark Equipment Co.; Mate Sands, meats and groceries; A. Storti, confectionery; Dr. J. C. Strayer, physician; Dr. W. E. Sargent, dentist; Walter Shoop, First National Bank; Fred Schwartz, cigars and tobacco; Glenn E. Smith, shoes; Harold Stark, Buchanan public schools; Dr. Robert Snowden, physician; Standard Oil Co.; Vogue Beauty Shop; Ira Wagner, retired; Henry Weiss, trucking contractor; A. Wessendorf, confectionery; Mearl Weideman, Flint autos; Dr. L. F. Widmoyer, chiropractor; A. A. Worthington, attorney; Al Houk, restaurant.

## SOUTH BERRIEN CO. HAS MANY LAKES

Pretty Lakes Abound in Berrien County and Then There Is the Broad and Beautiful St. Joseph River.

For the summer visitor there is much of interest to be found in Berrien County. There are lakes and rivers innumerable and we shall not undertake to name them all. We shall name a few of the more important, however.

In connection with these natural beauty spots there is their historic associations which cannot fail to appeal to those who love to delve into the lore of the past. Near Summer-ville, a favorite camping spot on the St. Joe River, there are numerous Indian mounds, some of which have been explored but many still retain the secrets of the dead and buried past. This spot is located near Meccasion Bluff, a short distance from Buchanan, and was known to the earlier pioneers as a favorite camping place of the Indians who

dwelt in this territory.

Then there is beautiful Bachelor's Island in the St. Joseph River, and a smaller island near it, which have their attraction for many. The smaller of these islands bears the name of Deb's Island. The more important lakes are Boyle Lake, Madron Lake, Convey Lake, Wagner Lake, Yellow Lake, Round Lake, Clear Lake, Weaver Lake. These lakes are all easily reached from Buchanan or any other place in the county, the roads in every direction in Berrien County being ideal.

In this connection it may not be out of place to state that according to the best information obtainable on the subject, Berrien County was named after one of General Jackson's secretaries; Buchanan after President James Buchanan, and that Bertrand township, this county, had the distinction in 1874 of having grown more wheat than any other township in the state.

**Buchanan Incorporated Early in State's History.**

The first plat of what was subsequently to become the Village of Buchanan was laid out by John Hamilton in 1842. To the original plat has been added at various times 10 additional plats, so that

the Buchanan of today covers a considerable territory.

Buchanan was incorporated as a village on March 3, 1858, the first year after Michigan's transformation from a territory to a state. Its first village officers were: James M. Matthews, president; W. Rook, Dr. J. M. Roe, C. J. Ingersoll, Michael Hess, Alfred Richards, Daniel Fulton, trustees; J. W. Lister, W. Begole, assessors; N. B. Collins, clerk; B. R. Blanchard, treasurer.

**Growth Not Rapid But Consistent.**

The population at the time of its organization as a village was 820. Its population had grown to 2300 in 1878. The population today is over \$500, so that it can be consistently said that Buchanan has grown ever since it was organized. Its growth has not been as rapid as that of some other places in Michigan. Its growth, however, has been a consistent one, nothing having been done to force it unnaturally. There is every indication today to lead to the belief that its growth in the future will be more rapid than it has been in the past, for Buchanan has come to see that it occupies a strategic position in the valley of the St. Joe, which captains of industry declare is destined to become the great industrial center of the Middle West.

**Many Desirable Things In Buchanan.**

Buchanan has churches of practically every denomination, a school system which stands high in the esteem of the state educational authorities, a flare for athletics with a suitable and commodious athletic field, a fine Country Club a short distance from town, two good banks, stores of every kind and character, excellent transportation facilities, factories which give constant employment to nearly 2000 operatives, fraternal societies covering all the more desirable, good roads in every direction, hydro-electric power unlimited and extremely cheap, a good Chamber of Commerce, a building and loan association, a co-operative shipping association, a good flouring and feed mill, numbers of good garages fully equipped, a nice little picture theater, the Clark theater, a first-class band, a cracker-jack of a baseball team, a clean and modern hotel, bus connection with hourly service to Niles and South Bend, beautiful resort lakes nearby, the magnificent St. Joe River passing almost through the village, a good creamery, the Clark Equipment Co., the Campbell Transmission Co., a toy factory which is compelled to run night and day to keep up with its orders, a good semi-weekly newspaper, and many other things which make it in every way desirable as a place of residence.

When all is said and done, Buchanan does not fear the competition of any other town in Michigan. It has so many good things to offer that any of them will have to go some to match her possibilities and advantages.

"We need more houses in Buchanan. There is not a day passes that I do not receive from one to a dozen enquiries for houses from men who work here and want to bring their families to Buchanan."—Al W. Charles.

Good printing at The Record.

## ONE OF BUCHANAN'S EARLIER PIONEERS

Toward the end of the year 1864 Frank A. Stryker came to Berrien County with his parents, who had purchased a farm of 120 acres in Bertrand township. They paid \$7000 for the property, which was considered a high price in those days. The family came from Cayuga, N. Y., which place has contributed many of its natives toward the upbuilding of Michigan.

When the subject of this sketch arrived at the age of 17 he became a teacher in the rural schools and followed that profession successfully for years. He was appointed agent of the American Express Co. at Buchanan in 1891 and continued in that position for eight years. At the same time he also carried on an insurance business and sold binders and mowers to the farmers throughout the county.

During this time he had purchased the property on River street, where he now resides, and erected thereon a modern greenhouse, in which business he continued for 15 years. Subsequently he was elected drain commissioner of the county and served in that capacity for four years, some of the more important drains in the county having been constructed under his administration as drain commissioner.

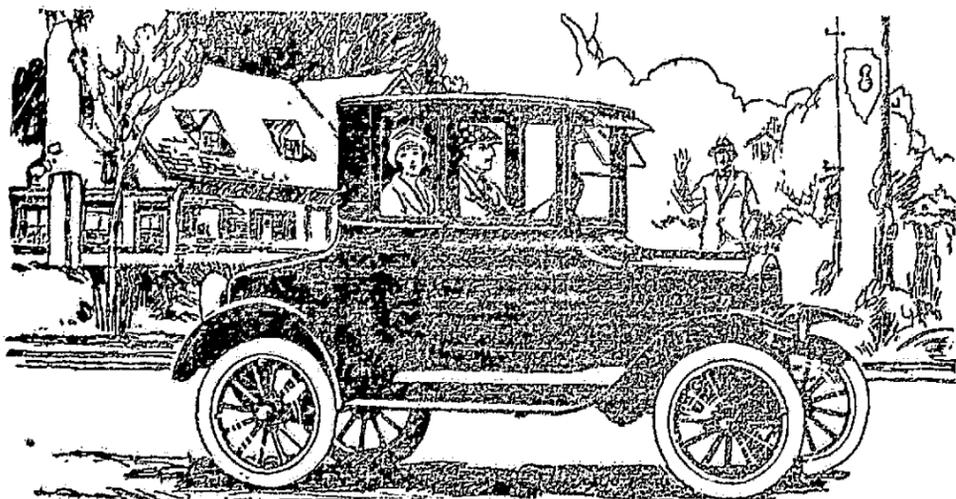
In 1917 Mr. Stryker platted his property into village lots and since that time has disposed of about three-fifths of it, over 40 families now being cozily domiciled on the Stryker Addition.

Mr. Stryker is an earnest advocate for every measure which has for its purpose the upbuilding of Buchanan. He realizes that times have changed and that the methods of the past are no longer potent to accomplish the advancement of the modern town. He is for the bigger and better Buchanan and is heart and soul with the Chamber of Commerce to bring this about.

# JUNK

SECOND HAND FURNITURE Bought and Sold

L. SHIMKOVSKY  
Buchanan, Mich.



Lincoln *Ford* Fordson  
CARS-TRUCKS-TRACTORS

Buchanan -- Michigan

## Foresman Motor Sales

# BUCHANAN'S PUBLIC SCHOOLS

The first school building in Buchanan that we have knowledge of is the one on Dewey Avenue that is still doing good service, but it has been remodeled several times. Among the first teachers was a Mr. Alvord, then Mr. Barrette with Mrs. Susan Strong as primary teacher. Then about 1872 the village bought the tract of land on the west side of the town, set out a row of evergreens for a wind break, and other shade trees and erected a fine large building of which the town was justly proud. Mr. L. P. Alexander was the head builder and contractor. The first teachers in the new building were Prof. Laird and Miss Emmy Nash, afterwards Mrs. Solomon Estes. Superintendents during the years following were Profs. Kent, Wray, Howell, Elshire, Buck, Swain, Ranklin, Merier, Moore, Eggert.

The present school organization is modern and complete, and is organized on the 6-2-4 plan. The following are the teachers in the several departments.

**Dewey Avenue Schools**—Kindergarten, D. Conant; First grade, M. Voss; Second grade, N. Fishnar; Second grade, M. Wilcox.

**High School Building**—First grade, M. Russell; Third grade, G. Simmons; Third grade, B. Helm; Fourth grade, R. Disner; Fifth grade, F. Thomas; Fifth grade, V. Hopkins; Sixth grade, L. Abell; Sixth grade, D. Reams.

**Junior High**—Principal, J. Pennell; Science, C. Wheeler; Mathematics, L. Weaver; History, Marion Peacock.

**High School**—Principal, E. Ormiston; Science, C. King; English, H. Mills; History, G. Saunders; Mathematics, J. E. Bromley; Languages, A. Moflett; Commercial, K. Minshall; Agriculture, A. Muir; Manual Training, R. Miller; Domestic Science, J. Robertson; Music, H. Easton.

The High School is of first rank in the state, having been placed on the University list continuously since 1892, and

placed on the accredited list of approved schools of the North Central Association in 1923, which is the highest endorsement a High School can receive.

The total enrollment for the year to date is 841, of which 202 are in the Senior High and 123 in the Junior High.

It is the aim of the Board to secure the best teachers both as to educational qualifications and experience—none but college graduates are employed in the High School and Normal graduates in the grades.

## Department of English

The aim of the work in the English department is two-fold: first, to teach the basic principles of English composition and to give training in the mechanics of correct English expression by the study of grammar and rhetoric; and second, to stimulate thought, to give breadth of view, to make books and reading attractive, to arouse a love for the best writing of the past and the present thus forming the habit of discriminating reading for the future, through the study of the works of the best authors. Emphasis is placed on the study of the literature itself rather than on its history. Connected with this department are two literary societies: the Velmorian, which is composed of Senior English students and which has for its objects the teaching of Parliamentary Law and the acquiring of proficiency in planning and giving programs; and the Phi Kappa which is especially devoted to competitive work in oratory and debating.

## Department of Manual Training

Buchanan Public Schools is equipped with an up-to-date Manual Training Dept. This department was started two years ago and courses are offered to the Junior high and Senior high pupils. This department is very popular among the pupils and justly so for it teaches the pupils to use their hands as well as their heads. Many things of usefulness are made in this department, and the school profits by this.

## Department of Thrift

"The margin between success and failure is measured by a single word—Thrift. On it is built character. The man who saves is the man who will win." —Calvin Coolidge.

When public schools were organized it was with the intention of teaching the young people of the country as many of the important things of life as possible. Everyone agrees with that and, accordingly, the three R's are taught in the public schools. But it has only been for the past few years that Thrift has been included in the school curriculum. There is no one who can truthfully say Thrift is not necessary and important in attaining success.

Every Tuesday morning the students in the Buchanan schools are urged to bank. It is regular bank time, and if every student banks at this time, every student will acquire a most desirable habit. The amount deposited is not nearly so important as the fact that something has been deposited. The teachers act as cashiers, and the money is collected each Tuesday, then taken to the banks downtown, where it is deposited and draws interest like any other money.

During October the average per cent of weekly depositors was 71.7 per cent. There is about \$5000 in the School Thrift Fund.

## Department of Mathematics

The work of the mathematics department is being carried on in such a way as to fit in with the general program of the school. The aim of the department is to give to every pupil a command of the fundamental principles of mathematics sufficient for the ordinary citizen. It is not within the field of the High School to make mathematicians but there is much included in the work that will prove useful in the vocations. Mathematics is excellent training in logical thought. The knowledge gained along this line will prove invaluable in later life regardless of the occu-

pation that one might take up.

There are four courses offered in mathematics this year. At the present time there are two sections of Elementary Algebra, two sections of Plane Geometry, and one section of Advanced Algebra. Trigonometry will be given during the second semester of this year. The size of the classes, with the exception of Advanced Algebra, runs from twenty-two to twenty-six pupils. There are one hundred and six enrolled in the department.

## Department of Science

In our work in Physics and Chemistry we attempt to attain two objectives. The first is to prepare the High School student to carry on more advanced courses in the same subjects in college, and second, to give him a practical working knowledge of every day science that he can apply to the things he sees around him.

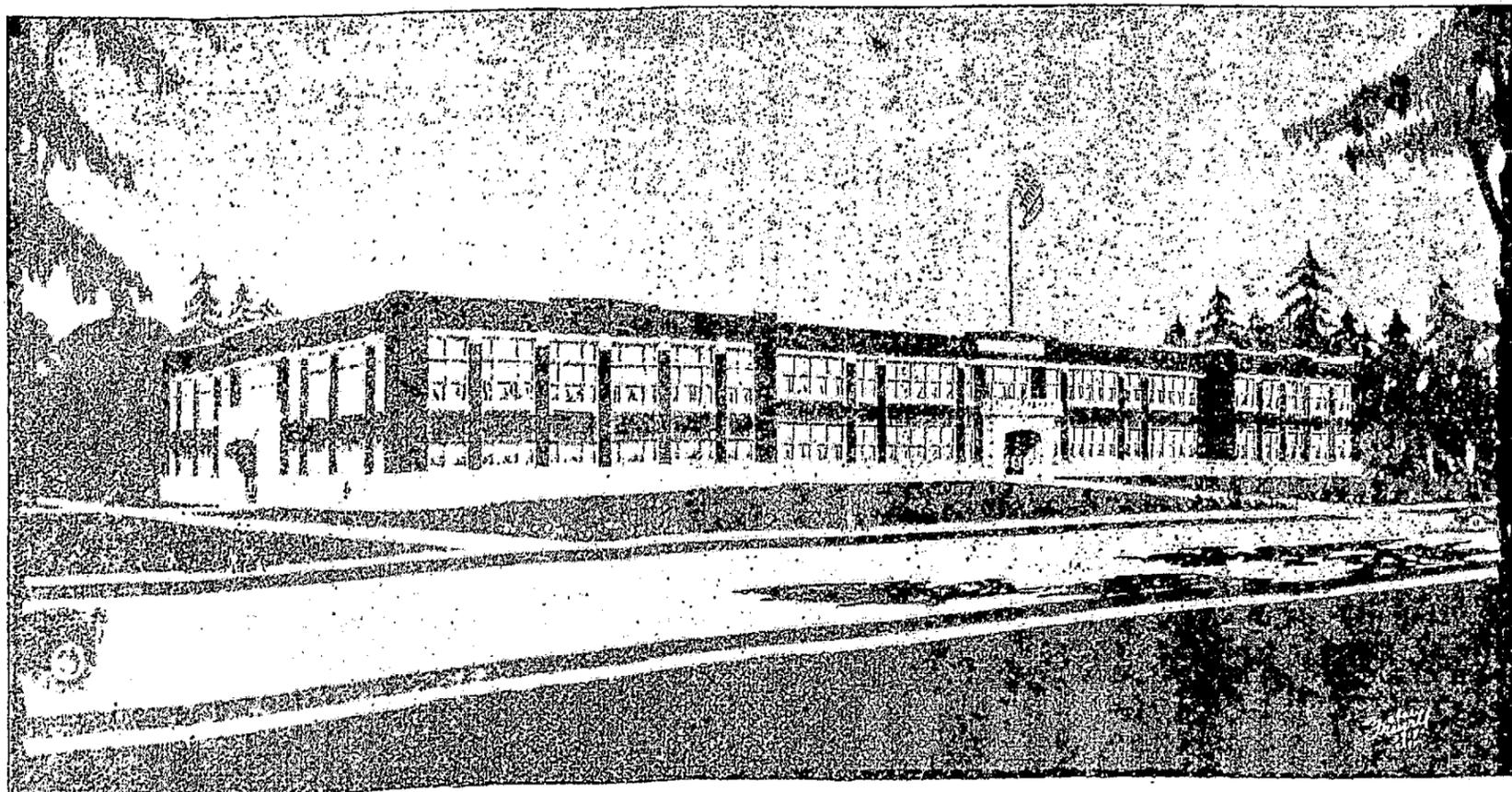
We learn to do by doing. The boy or girl will soon forget the things he learns in the classroom if he has no opportunity to apply his knowledge to some practical purpose. Consequently, we spend two days out of every five actually performing in the laboratory the experiments involving the principles of the classroom. The student learns there that he can purify water by distilling it, he learns that a body will sink in a liquid if it is heavier than the liquid it displaces. He verifies by experiment, and so increases studies.

Although much of the apparatus for experiment must be improvised, the equipment of the Science Department of Buchanan High School is still considered among the best and most complete among the smaller schools of the state. It has been commended by the representative of the State Department, and further improvement should add greatly to the general efficiency of the department.

## Department of Language

Two years of foreign lang-

(Continued on next page.)



BUCHANAN HIGH SCHOOL

## Buchanan Public Schools

(Conclusion.)

uage work are required for graduation.

There are seventy-seven students enrolled in the Latin department this year, twenty-eight of whom are beginners. Since the aim of that department is "the attainment of the progressive power to read and understand Latin," the mastery of a vocabulary is very important. This is attained through daily vocabulary and form drills. There is abundant practice in translation, both written and oral. Only the essentials of grammar are studied the first year.

The second year students read portions of Caesar's Gallic Wars. In the translation work, special attention is paid to the comparison results of the campaign. One day each week is devoted to composition work.

The French department aims to teach the student to carry on a simple conversation in French and also to read and appreciate the literature of France. As much of the class room work as possible is carried on in French. The advanced class is carrying on a correspondence with some students in France.

### Commercial Department

The commercial department was introduced into high school at the demand of the commercial world. This demand has been so great that the department is growing larger each year, not only in Buchanan High School but in all high schools throughout the state. This department incorporates the following courses: Book-keeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Commercial Law and Commercial Arithmetic. The ideal or objective of these courses is to develop efficient citizenship and this is done to a large extent. Each year several of our graduates take their places in the commercial world winning success and proving that their training in high school has not been in vain. In this department we endeavor to make the work as practical as possible. In our bookkeeping course, we not only study the theory, but we do the actual work. In typewriting and shorthand certain standards are set up and the entire year is given over to the accomplishment of these standards.

### Department of Home Economics

The Home Economics department offers two years of work in the high school and in the junior high school. The seventh grade course aims to teach the fundamental stitches of garment construction and the eighth grade continues this in the making of a cooking uniform preparatory to the study of foods. In the ninth grade, the time is divided equally between foods and clothing. The clothing work includes the study of textiles, the processes of garment construction and the selection of clothing. The foods work covers the source, composition and preparation of healthful foods. The tenth grade work includes home management, the direction of the school cafeteria and advanced clothing in the spring.

The cafeteria which is open

from October until April is most interesting. Its entire management is given over to the tenth grade girls, who work in groups of two, each group being responsible for the preparation of one dish. There is a regular rotation of these duties, including manager and cashier. From sixty to seventy-five children and teachers are accommodated daily. The menu includes milk, soup, cocoa, a hot dish, a salad, bread, and a dessert. It is so planned that those who carry a lunch can supplement it at the school, or they can buy their entire meal there if they wish. The manager plans the menus for the week and does the buying and ordering. A most valuable phase of the work is the experience in large quantity cookery which can be gotten in no other way.

### Department of Agriculture

The Agricultural department was started in the High School in 1919. Meeting the requirements of the Federal Government as laid down in the Smith-Hughes law of 1917, the department immediately became what is known as a "full federal aid" course. This means that the Federal Government appropriates \$1000 per year for the carrying on of the Agricultural work in this school.

The work consists of four years of Agricultural work which is arranged as follows: ninth grade, botany ½ year and zoology ½ year; tenth grade, farm crops ½ year and horticulture ½ year; eleventh and twelfth grades (combined) 1 year of animal husbandry, then the next year is spent in the study of soils. Laboratory work is required in all of these courses, which gives the boys and girls an opportunity to do the things they study about. This links up the application and the theory, and thus enables them to apply their knowledge at home on the farms.

In addition to this work in the school, each agricultural student has the opportunity to take what is known as a project. These projects are simply ideas, which the student may have developed during his year's work in the school room. Here he takes his idea to the farm, subjects it to the same conditions as his dad's ideas and, after keeping an accurate record of all expenses and incomes, compares his results with those of his dad or neighbor. In this way, our boys and girls learn the truth or falsity of the theories advanced in the class-room. All of this project work is carried on under the supervision of the Agricultural instructor, whose duty it is to see that the application of the theory is correct. Upon the completion of such a project, the student makes a report to the Federal Government, stating his own ideas about his project. No project is legal, unless, the boy or girl carrying on such a project, is enrolled in an agricultural course in the High School.

In addition to this the department offers its services free of charge to anyone who may desire some information or assistance. Our laboratories and equipment are at the service of the public and the farmers.

## BUCHANAN TOWNSHIP SCHOLARS IN 1845

Here is a list of the pupils who were in Buchanan township as shown by the school census of 1845, taken in October of that year. The whole number of pupils between the ages of 4 and 18 years was 72. Some of them will be remembered by those now living in Buchanan. The teacher was Theodore Borden:

Leabod Copper, Frances Enos, Sheridan Enos, Jane Enos, Emily Enos, Harriet Enos, George Hamilton, Robert Hamilton, Samuel M. Rader, William William Gray, Jane F. Bennt, Vanderhoof, Polly Halsted, Humphrey Halsted, William Denend, Sally A. Denend, Elizabeth Denend, Charles A. Denend, Frances A. Bennet, Enoch J. Mansfield, Joseph M. Mansfield, Nancy A. Mansfield, John G. Mansfield, Elizabeth A. Williams, Isabel B. Williams, Olive Kellogg, Della Weese, Johnson Weese, Leonard Weese, Sarah Madron, Henry A. Doin, Mary Cathcart, Thomas Cathcart, Mary J. Demont, Nancy Demont, Phebe Canfield, Martha S. Collins, Sarah Slater, Mary E. Slater, James H. Slater, Theodore Slater, Isaac Slater, Warren Slater, Franklin B. Wallen, Harriet H. Critchet, Almeda Critchet, Fanny J. McCoy, Mary Day, Juliet Day, Erastus Munger, Charity Munger, Augustus Munger, Martha J. Munger, Julia A. Hatfield, Charles Hatfield, David White, Nancy P. White, Nathaniel J. Slater, Henry Slater, Leonard H. Slater, John O. Slater, James L. F. Slater, Benjamin J. Slater, Jane Vanderhoof, David Mitchell, Homer N. Hathaway, Jackson Dement, William O. Hathaway, Timothy Halsted, Franklin Vanderhoof.

We will gladly assist in carrying on the great work of food production in any way possible. We also take this opportunity to extend an invitation to those who may be interested, to visit our department at any time, so that successful cooperation may become a reality.

"Give us more factories, more people and more money."—Ender & Banks.

## HATTENBACH; ICE AND COAL

Great Storage Capacity Here And At Hazen Lake Where One Thousand Tons Of Clear Crystal Ice Are Stored

The H. A. Hattenbach ice and coal yards, which occupy some ten thousand square feet of space at the corner of Oak street and the M. C. Railroad, is an industry worth much to Buchanan because it insures to the people of the village a constant supply of crystal ice in the summer time and good coal in the winter time to keep them warm.

The business was established in 1916 when H. A. Hattenbach bought out F. R. Sanders, and so firmly does Mr. Hattenbach believe in the future of Buchanan that he has not hesitated to make such extensions and improvements as prove to be necessary because of the rapid growth of the business. He has 295 feet of private siding so that he is enabled to handle his materials in any quantities. There is an unloading conveyor of 225 tons capacity and two trucks are kept constantly on the road.

At Hazen Lake he has an outfit and storage capacity for 1,000 tons of ice which is put up in first-class manner and has been pronounced ice of high quality.

Mr. Hattenbach is a member of the village council and his friends and neighbors are glad to have him on the village board. They have the utmost confidence in his judgment and ability and feel that Buchanan is profiting greatly through the exercise of his business acumen.

He is deeply interested in Buchanan and wants to see it get its share of the industrial development of the St. Joe Valley which has been so freely depicted. He feels Buchanan's start as an industrial city has been well made and that nothing is needed now but to proceed along conservative lines in securing more factories. He believes that the factories are going to seek locations in the St. Joe Valley and will be coming in in such numbers before long, that we shall be in the position of being able to pick and choose while heretofore we have had to beg and pray. Mr. Hattenbach is an ardent member of the Chamber of Commerce.

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Want—Buy—Sell—  
Trade—See  
H. C. EISELE  
Phone 293. Buchanan.

## H. A. HATTENBACH

DEALER IN

# COAL

and

# ICE

PHONE 23F2.

Office and Yards, Oak Street and M. C. R. R.

Buchanan, Mich.

# The American Legion

National Organization of World-War Veterans  
—The Local Post

Ralph Rumbaugh Post, No. 51, Department of Michigan, Is An Active, Vigorous Organization Of World War Veterans.

To give some idea of what it purports to be and to what it subscribes, we submit the following preamble:

For God and Country we associated our-selves together for the following purposes:

"To uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States of America; to maintain law and order; to foster and perpetuate a 100 per cent Americanism; to preserve the memories and incidents of our association in the great war, to inculcate a sense of individual obligation to the community, state and nation; to combat autocracy of both the classes and the masses; to make right the master of might; to promote peace and good will on earth; to safeguard and transmit to posterity the principles of justice, freedom and democracy; to consecrate and sanctify our comradeship by our devotion to mutual helpfulness.

The history of the local post is largely that of the national organization. After the armistice in 1918, service men felt the need of an organization to bind them together and perpetuate and make come true those things for which they fought.

From a small gathering in Paris in 1918 the legion has grown to an organization of nearly two and a quarter millions. There are still two millions eligible for membership. Any man who served faithfully and honestly during the World War and who has an honorable discharge, may join the American Legion.

Many of the things the legion has worked for since 1918 have come to pass and many more things will be accomplished through the untiring efforts of its officers and members. The most notable things which have been accomplished are: Compensation, or the so-called "bonns," Vocational Training for Disabled Veterans, Veterans Bureau and Government Insurance.

**Ralph Rumbaugh Post, No. 51**  
The local unit, Ralph Rumbaugh Post, No. 51 was formed in September 1919. It is named after Ralph Rumbaugh, a Buchanan boy who lost his life in action while serving his country. Starting with fifteen charter members it has constantly grown until at the present time it has a membership of 106. The list of Past Commanders in order of service are: N. W. Kritzner, 1919-20; Dr. Snowden, 1920-21-22; Oscar Swartz, 1922-23; Dr. H. M. Beistle, 1923-24; M. H. McKinnon, 1924-25; Geo. H. Chubb, 1925-26.

The first meeting was held in the hose house. Later the post moved to the third floor over the Desenberg store, and meetings were held there until 1922 when the post moved into its own home at the corner of Front and Oak streets. The

acquisition of a permanent home was worked up and secured largely by the efforts of Dr. Snowden during his service as Commander. Through his untiring efforts the post secured about \$4,000 from the unused money in the Buchanan War Chest and this was used as a first payment on the property. From time to time the post has added to its exchequer in an effort to liquidate its obligation as quickly as possible, various sums raised by giving dances and carnivals. Through the kindness of the Buchanan Building & Loan Association the post is given the opportunity to pay off the balance due upon the property on very easy terms and it is the desire of every member that the time for this will be shortened as fast as possible.

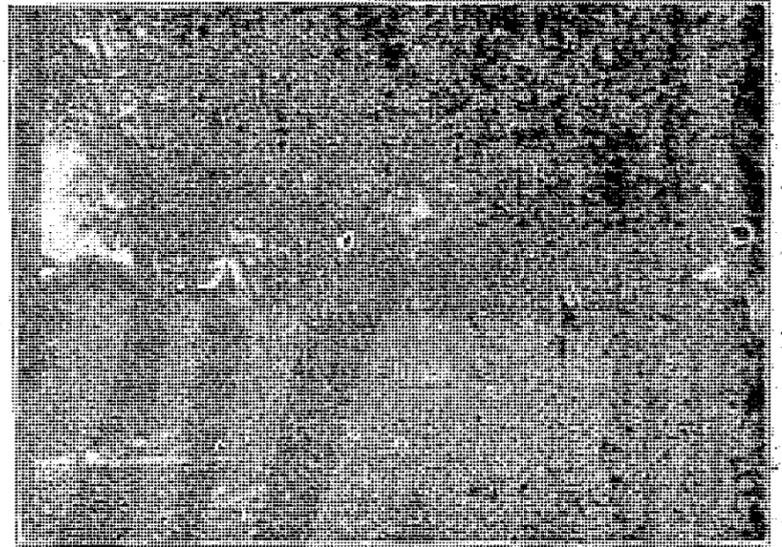
**The Auxiliary a Great Help**  
It is pretty generally conceded by the members of the post that without the Ladies' Auxiliary they would have nothing for they have always

been ready and willing to help the boys in every way to put anything over. They have entirely furnished the hall with piano, floor coverings, window screens, cupboards and dishes, besides always helping to pay the taxes and donating money to the post whenever it has been needed. The boys declare them to be truly the mainstay of the local post.

This unit was formed on May 18, 1920 and the first officers were: President, Mrs. Charles Pears; vice-president, Etta Trewin; secretary, Mrs. Genevieve

Schwartz; treasurer, Miss A. Henbner.

The Auxiliary has always been most active locally and has attained a state-wide reputation for its generosity, having many times sent items of clothes canned fruits, etc. to the American Legion Hospital at Camp Custer. The present officers are: President, Mrs. Marie Beistle; first vice-president, Mrs. George H. Chubb; second vice-president, Mrs. Anna Voorhees; secretary, Mrs. T. Binns; treasurer, Mrs. Bettie Smith.



CLARK STREET

**N**ot so long ago the United States brought back from England the remains of a man and erected a monument to his memory. All that man ever did to deserve such honor was to write a few simple lines, "Home Sweet Home."

Home is where the heart is, and the home town is where the home is. The home town is what we, who live in it, make it. When you trade with me and I trade with you, all of us are building the finest home place on earth.

But when we send away for the things we can buy at home, we are helping other people to build their towns.

If all of us sent away for all the things we need, who would support our Schools, build or roads, and pave our streets? But why ask such a question? There would be no town, and so no need for streets, roads or Schools.

Suppose you look around the old home town and see if you can get what you want at the price you want it.

Lincoln said, "The money we spend abroad is gone, but the money we spend at home comes back to us."

Think it over, and call upon W. E. Rynearson for anything in the Plumbing and Heating line.

Yours for better living,

**W. E. Rynearson**