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RETREATS ACROSS TUGELA.

WARREN WAS FORCED FROM SPION KOP.

Buller Failed to Give Casualties, but the Boers Claim the British Left 1,500 Dead on the Field.

Pretoria, January 30, 1900.—A dispatch from Colesburg, Cape Colony, dated 27th, says Commandant Delarey reports that a large body of British advanced Thursday, Jan. 25, and he attacked them, causing the British to retire after suffering severe loss. The Boer casualties were two men slightly wounded.

London, Jan. 30.—A special dispatch from Durban says a refugee who has arrived there from Johannesburg reports the destruction of the Boer shell factory at that place on Jan. 20. The loss, it is added, is irreparable.

London, Jan. 29.—Gen. Buller's dispatch, dated Spearman's Camp, Jan. 27, states that after Gen. Warren was forced by the Boers to give up Spion Kop that Buller ordered a retreat across Tugela because "second attack on Spion Kop was useless, and enemy's right was too strong to force." Boers claim Buller left 1,500 of his men dead on the field.

Ladysmith's capture is almost inevitable. London, Jan. 26.—The war office at 11:10 this morning posted the following dispatch from General Buller, dated at Spearman's Camp, Thursday, Jan. 25, noon:

"General Warren's garrison, I am sorry to say, I find this morning, had in the night abandoned Spion Kop."

General Buller also reports that the British casualties Jan. 24 were 24 killed and 156 wounded. Missing, 31 men.

General Buller's dispatch was dated Spearman's Camp, Jan. 26, 10:25 a. m., so there has been no delay in the communications passing between General Buller and the war office. The killed include Colonel Buchanan Riddell, of the King's Royal Rifles. He served in the Niger war of 1891. It is not clear whether the casualties include those at Spion Kop or only those resulting from the fighting prior to the Spion Kop engagement.

London, Jan. 25.—The war office has received a telegram stating that Gen. Warren has occupied Spion Kop.

London, Jan. 25.—The war office has just issued the following dispatch from Spearman's Camp, dated Jan. 25, 12:30 p. m.:

"Warren's troops last night occupied Spion kop, surprising the small garrison, who fled. It has been held all day, though we were heavily opposed, especially by a very annoying fire."

"Near our casualties are considerable. I have to inform you, with regret Gen. Woodgate was dangerously wounded."

"Warren is of the opinion that this rendered the enemy's position able. The men are splendid."

Sheriff Dies of His Wounds.

Evilville, Ill., Jan. 29.—Herman Kol, Sheriff of St. Clair County, here last night. His death was due to a wound received two weeks ago in quelling a mutiny in the jail. One of the prisoners made a break for liberty. They overpowered the sheriff, Fred Phillips, and took his rifle from him.

The sheriff went to Phillips' assistance and Benton Revelle, one of the men, shot at him. He threw his arm over his heart and received a bullet in his forehead. He shot through the body. Revelle died next day.

Two Killed in Trolley Wreck.

Dayton, O., Jan. 30.—Two people were killed and four injured when a car on the Dayton & Xenia Traction Company line, with fifteen passengers aboard, could not be controlled by the motorman, and, flying down a steep hill, was thrown from the rails at a curve. The car toppled over on its side and traveled fifty feet before it came to a standstill.

Guard Against a Holdup.

Kansas City, Mo., Jan. 29.—In anticipation of a holdup six local policemen in citizens' clothes and a number of Pinkerton detectives occupied the express car on the Missouri Pacific passenger train leaving Kansas City at 9 p. m. Sunday for St. Louis. The officials of the road, it is said, received information that an attempt would be made to rob the train, but refused to make known the point at which the attack was expected to take place. No report has been received in this city from the fortified train.

Girl Gets Rich Birthday Gift.

New York, N. Y., Jan. 27.—Miss Jennie, 19 years old, a daughter of United States Senator Edward J. Kelly, of Troy, had an unusual birthday celebration on Wednesday, being down to breakfast in the big she found under her plate a young woman during the day many congratulations and several handsome presents from her friends.

Blue Law in Baltimore.

Baltimore, Md., Jan. 29.—Not even a bottle or a seedling powder could be sold in Baltimore today. For the Sunday in many years all the stores, corner groceries, bakeries, the like were closed up tight. Few stores kept open. Those that did stayed placards informing the pub the soda fountains were closed, and absolutely nothing would be sold but a prescription.

HOUSE AND SENATE.

Proceedings of Both Branches and General News Notes.

Washington, Jan. 29.—Apology and indemnity for killing of six Americans by order of General Torres likely to be asked of Mexico.

Testimony in Clark contest showed sudden increase in wealth of Montana legislators.

Congressman Joy favors amendment of constitution to control trusts.

Brigham H. Roberts of Utah trying to collect \$1,000 mileage.

Lawton fund has reached \$96,400.

Washington, Jan. 25.—Favorable reports on bill to permit ex-confederates who fought in Spanish war to receive pensions.

Hanna introduced bill to give congressional recognition of National Association of Manufacturers.

Heated debate in senate between Money (Miss.) and Chandler (N. H.) over cause of the civil war.

House refused to admit Roberts by a vote of 268 to 50. State of Utah likely to appeal to Supreme court.

Chicago delegation urged foreign affairs committee to reform consular service.

Washington, Jan. 26.—Shippers told senate committee of necessity for giving Interstate Commerce commission power to enforce rulings.

House military affairs committee will investigate troops' conduct in Coeur d'Alene strike.

Nicaragua Cantl bill likely to pass House in three weeks and Senate not much later.

Washington, Jan. 24.—Senate caucus elected Daniel L. Ransdell Sergeant-at-Arms and Charles G. Bennett Secretary. Clarkson beaten by one vote.

Quincy man petitions Congress for exclusive right to fish in Mississippi River.

Landis spoke in House, ridiculing proposal to admit Roberts and then expel him.

Senate passed Pettigrew's resolution asking information as to Sulu treaty.

Washington, Jan. 23.—Debate on admission of Roberts developed a new orator, Littlefield of Maine, who argued eloquently for seating. Roberts defended himself and said Christ did not condemn polygamy.

Senate ordered commissioner of labor to investigate effect of international copyright.

All but two powers have filed written agreement to maintain open door in China.

President received Porto Rico delegation. He is anxious for legislation for island.

Montana legislator said he was told he could get \$15,000 if he voted for Clark.

Majority report of Senate committee opposes seating of Quay.

Montagu White, Boer agent, will ask Revenue law not likely to be changed.

Plans For Great Shipyards.

Pittsburg, Pa., Jan. 27.—H. C. Frick, Henry Phipps, A. W. Mellon, J. M. Schöonmaker of Pittsburg, J. J. McCook, Jay Phipps and H. L. Shaffer of New York, and Henry C. Morse, are in conference in Philadelphia, their reported purpose being to double the capital of the New York Shipbuilding Company, which at present has a capital of \$5,000,000. The site is at Camden, N. J., and work has been started. All the steel to be used at the yard, it is said, will be furnished by the New Union Steel Company, with which H. C. Frick and A. W. Mellon are connected. It is said that the new yards will be made the greatest in the country.

Plot to Wreck Stores.

Terre Haute, Ind., Jan. 27.—Dr. J. C. Casto and four of his clerks were arrested today charged with conspiring to burn and blow up his drug store this morning. The fire was discovered, and after it was extinguished dynamite and powder were found to have been placed where they would do the most destruction. Thirty-two lives were endangered. Fuses were attached to barrels of oil. The paints and oils in a stairway had been connected with the fire. Holes had been cut through the floor to make drafts.

Unknown Vessel Is Wrecked.

St. John's, N. F., Jan. 25.—News is received that a large unknown vessel, thought to be American, went ashore on Foxtail Point, in Bay St. George, on Wednesday, Jan. 17.

Nobody seemed to be on board and no signs of boats were to be seen about the wreck.

An offshore gale which raged all day Saturday drove the wreck seaward.

Calls an Election in Utah.

Salt Lake, Utah, Jan. 27.—In compliance with the Revised Statutes of the State of Utah, Governor Wells has issued a proclamation calling an election to be held on Monday, April 2, for the purpose of electing a representative in the Fifty-sixth Congress to fill the vacancy now existing.

Explosion in Indiana Town.

Marion, Ind., Jan. 26.—The explosion of a big nitroglycerin magazine located near Warren, twenty-five miles east of this city, at 10 o'clock tonight, shook buildings in this city and alarmed residents. The shock was so distinct that the explosion was thought to have occurred a short distance from the city.

Woman Hurt in Mill Fire.

Philadelphia, Pa., Jan. 26.—During a fire this afternoon in Mill No. 2 of the Angora Manufacturing company, Sixtieth street and Baltimore avenue, over a dozen women employees were burned or injured by jumping from windows and fire escapes.

TRY TO SAVE AGUINALDO

HONGKONG FILIPINO JUNTA'S FIVE LAUNCHES.

Designs Sending Them to Different Points on the Luzon Coast, in An Attempt to Carry Their Leader Safely to Singapore.

Hongkong, Jan. 27.—Orisanto Lichuaco, of the Hongkong Filipino Junta, has purchased five launches with the design of sending them to different points on the coast of Luzon in an attempt to find Aguinaldo and take him to Singapore.

Two of the launches have been under steam since Jan. 4, but Lichuaco has found it impossible to get crews unless regular papers were obtained from the American consulate, and all his attempts to get these papers from Consul Wildman have failed. Mr. Wildman told him that he could obtain the clearances only by taking the oath of allegiance to the United States.

This Lichuaco will not do, and he now declares that he will send the launches over under British papers.

Washington, Jan. 26.—General Otis reports that General Schwan has defeated southeast of Laguna de Bay what is probably the last considerable force of insurgents remaining in one command, with small loss to himself and heavy loss to the enemy. Schwan struck the enemy at San Diego, and in an engagement lasting two hours killed eighty-two and wounded a large number.

Our casualties were one enlisted man killed and fourteen wounded, including three native scouts; captured several rifles, ammunition, bolos, and stock of uniform clothing.

NEW EMPEROR OF CHINA.

Kwang Su Forced to Abdicate in Favor of Pu Chung.

London, Jan. 26.—The Chinese emperor, Kwang Su, the friend of America, England, and Japan, and the most advanced ruler the empire has seen in several centuries, and who has been the victim of innumerable conspiracies during the last few years, has at last been forced to abdicate.

The Empress Dowager, as usual, was the prime mover in this latest and most successful plot, in which she was undoubtedly aided by the Russians and French.

The Empress Dowager will now be the real sovereign, though she has selected as the successor of Kwang Su, the 9-year-old son of Prince Tuan. He is to be proclaimed on the Chinese New Year anniversary, Jan. 31, with the title of Pu Chun.

Citizens Must Not Sue.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 27.—Judge John C. Ludwig has signed a temporary injunction restraining all citizens, taxpayers, and abutting owners in Milwaukee from bringing any further suit against the Milwaukee Street railway company and the City of Milwaukee for the purpose of defeating the street railway ordinance. It also restrains further action being taken in the cases which were brought by C. M. Paine ex relative to the State of Wisconsin and by J. G. Trentlage. In this particular the court is enjoining itself. About 60,000 taxpayers are enjoined.

THE BUBONIC PLAGUE.

It Is Making Headway in Honolulu and That Place Is Isolated.

Victoria, B. C., Jan. 26.—Honolulu now is practically isolated from the rest of the world. The mail steamers refuse to carry passengers from the city, and even the other towns of the islands barring their doors against the people, mail, and goods.

Up to the time the Mowers, which stopped off the port, left for Victoria, there had been thirty-nine deaths from the dreaded bubonic plague, including a white woman, Mrs. Boardman, wife of an importer of Japanese laborers. This was on Jan. 17.

Smallpox in Many Towns.

Indianapolis, Ind., Jan. 26.—Superintendent Holloway of the Fifth Division railway mail service has received an order from Washington directing him to have all postmasters in the counties of Clay, Montgomery, Putnam, Owen, Vermilion, Greene, Sullivan and Vigo thoroughly fumigate all mail matter before it leaves their offices.

This postal order is only issued, it is said, whenever smallpox is considered epidemic. It has spread so rapidly in Indiana that it is feared there is grave danger of the disease being carried through the mails.

Large Loss of Life.

Wilkesbarre, Pa., Jan. 26.—Five men were killed and seven injured, as far as is known, by the explosion of a car of dynamite in a wreck in the yards of the New Jersey Central railroad at Ashley, three miles from here, at 9 o'clock tonight.

A runaway train dashed down the mountain into the Ashley yards, a car of dynamite exploded, wrecking the roundhouse and several engines and cars, blowing up several men. The dead and injured were all railway employees.

Sues an Automobile Company.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—Mrs. Kate Armitage, who was injured in an automobile collision on Jan. 17, has filed suit against the Illinois Electric Vehicle Transportation company for \$20,000.

Mrs. Armitage was driving in a carriage when an automobile struck and demolished it. Mrs. Armitage was thrown to the pavement, her head striking the curb, and she was injured severely. The vehicle was crushed to pieces.

Negro Postmaster May Quit.

Hogansville, Ga., Jan. 27.—President McKinley seems to have recognized the impossibility of reconciling the citizens of Hogansville to a negro postmaster by summoning T. H. Loftin, the incumbent, to Washington, where, it is understood, Loftin will be given a good departmental position. It is stated he will resign in a few days and a white Republican will take his place.

P. D. ARMOUR, JR., DEAD.

Dies in California After an Illness of Only Twenty-Four Hours.

Chicago, Jan. 27.—After an illness of only twenty-four hours, Philip D. Armour, Jr., died last evening at Montecito, a suburb of Santa Barbara, Cal. Congestion of the lungs was the immediate cause of his death. Mr. Armour's wife and two children were at his bedside during his last moments. His father, P. D. Armour, who is now at Pasadena, was prostrated when the news of his youngest son's death was announced.

Philip Danforth Armour, Jr., was born at Milwaukee, Wis., thirty-one years ago, residing there until the removal of his parents to Chicago in 1875. At the time of his majority he was admitted to membership in the firm of Armour & Co., and had ever since devoted his whole time and attention to its affairs.

He was married ten years ago to Miss May E. Lester, daughter of the late John Lester. Mrs. Armour and two sons, Philip D., Jr., and Lester, survive him.

KILL CROOKS IN A FIGHT.

Police and Safe Robbers Have a Lively Duel in Quincy Hotel.

Quincy, Ill., Jan. 29.—In a running fight through the corridors of Moecker's Hotel early Sunday morning the careers of two expert safeblowers were put to an end by the revolvers of Quincy policemen. The same agency disposed of a confederate last night on the street in front of the Newcomb Hotel, when Detective Koch instantly killed a stranger who attempted to shoot him when asked to accompany him to the station and explain his business in the city. With two of the trio of crooks dead and the other confined in jail with a bullet in his knee, the police are confident one of the most dangerous gangs of safe workers in the country has been wiped out.

Garbel Wins on a Test.

Frankfort, Ky., Jan. 27.—The first actual test of strength between the Republican and Democratic forces in the Goebel-Taylor controversy came today, and by the admission of the Republican leaders proved a victory for Goebel.

The Democrats claim the result of today's struggle as decisive, while the Republicans, although freely admitting a defeat, declare that they will fight to the finish, and have still strong hopes of retaining Governor Taylor in his seat.

Citizens Must Not Sue.

Milwaukee, Wis., Jan. 27.—Judge John C. Ludwig has signed a temporary injunction restraining all citizens, taxpayers, and abutting owners in Milwaukee from bringing any further suit against the Milwaukee Street railway company and the City of Milwaukee for the purpose of defeating the street railway ordinance. It also restrains further action being taken in the cases which were brought by C. M. Paine ex relative to the State of Wisconsin and by J. G. Trentlage. In this particular the court is enjoining itself. About 60,000 taxpayers are enjoined.

THE MARKETS.

Chicago.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 65c; No. 3 red 62c; No. 2 hard winter, 60c; No. 3 hard winter, 58c; No. 1 northern spring, 73c; No. 2 northern spring, 66c; No. 3 spring, 62c; No. 2 white, 61c; No. 3 white, 59c; No. 2 yellow, 54c; No. 3 yellow, 52c; No. 2 white, 51c; No. 3 white, 49c; No. 2 white, 48c; No. 3 white, 46c.

Barley—Feed lots, 34c; malting, 30c; No. 2, 28c; No. 3, 26c.

Rye—May 52c; No. 1, 50c; No. 2, 48c; No. 3, 46c.

Oats—No. 2, 22c; No. 3, 20c; No. 2 white, 21c; No. 3 white, 19c; No. 2 white, 20c; No. 3 white, 18c.

Butter—Creamery, 24c; factory, 22c; No. 1, 20c; No. 2, 18c; No. 3, 16c.

Cheese—Cheddar, 12c; Swiss, 10c; No. 1, 8c; No. 2, 6c; No. 3, 4c.

Eggs—Receipts, 47c; firm; western ungraded, extra, at mark, 50c.

Wheat—July, 72c; No. 2 red, 71c; No. 3 red, 69c; mixed red, 67c; No. 1 white, 71c asked.

Corn—Cash, No. 2, 34c; No. 3, 32c; No. 4, 30c; No. 2 yellow, 31c; No. 3 yellow, 29c; No. 4 yellow, 27c; nominal, 25c; No. 3 white, 27c.

Rye—Cash No. 2, 52c; No. 1, 50c; No. 2, 48c; No. 3, 46c.

Oats—No. 2, 22c; No. 3, 20c; No. 2 white, 21c; No. 3 white, 19c.

Butter—Receipts, 24c; firm; western creamery, 22c; factory, 20c.

Cheese—Receipts, 12c; Swiss, 10c; No. 1, 8c; No. 2, 6c; No. 3, 4c.

Eggs—Receipts, 47c; firm; western ungraded, extra, at mark, 50c.

MICHIGAN STATE NEWS.

FEAR A REOPENING OF THE MILITARY CASE.

Surety Company Files Notice on Michigan That It Will Not Pay General White's Bond—Other Notes.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 27.—The chances of the state emerging from the military scandal without pecuniary loss were diminished when the Fidelity and Deposit company of Baltimore served notice of denial of liability. This company furnished Quartermaster General White with a \$50,000 bond, but it makes the point that the bond did not cover any of General White's acts in connection with the war loan fund, but only his acts as Quartermaster General in handling the regular National Guard fund.

Attorney General Oren announces that he will at once bring action to enforce payment by the surety company, and the company has intimated that it will go further into the military fraud than the grand jury had time to do, and bring to light features that are far more sensational than any thus far made public.

Caught at Goshen, Ind.

Marshall, Mich., Jan. 26.—Sheriff Williams received word that Anna Loring, the woman who is alleged to have secured blank checks on the First National Bank of this city in December and passed them in Ann Arbor and Detroit, had been arrested in Goshen, Ind. Extradition papers were secured today and the woman, who passes under many aliases, will be landed in the Calhoun county jail tonight. She was traveling with a male companion; alleged to be another crook. Her forgeries in the aggregate amount to a large sum.

Killed in a Mine.

Lansing, Mich., Jan. 26.—Eluid Nickerson, of this city, received word that his son George was recently killed in a mine in Idaho. The particulars of the accident have not been learned. Over two years ago young Nickerson and his brother Angus left for the Klondike, but not striking pay dirt, returned to the states and went to work in the mines. The aged parents had heard nothing from them for several months. Where the other son is now they do not know.

Rescued From Drowning.

Mason, Mich., Jan. 26.—Charles E. Ball and Felix McDaniels, of this city, went to Hewes Lake on a fishing trip. Ball, who weighs over 200 pounds, broke through the ice and came near drowning. It required the efforts of his companion and two other men to rescue him from his perilous position.

Soldier's Remains Taken Home.

Homer, Mich., Jan. 27.—Yesterday the body of Gilbert A. Brown, a private in a Kansas regiment during the war with Spain, was brought here from Santiago, Cuba, where he died of fever in September, 1898. He was the son of Waldo J. Brown, who lives near Homer.

The Fowls Had Been Cooked.

Monroe, Mich., Jan. 24.—The chicken coop of James McCron, of Strasburg, was raided. The fowls were alleged to have been found in the possession of a man who had already cooked part of them in a logging camp, near the scene of the theft.

Gas and Electric Plant Sold.

Kalamazoo, Mich., Jan. 27.—W. A. Foote, of Jackson, has purchased the plant and franchise of the Kalamazoo Gas & Electric Co. H. C. Hoagland becomes the manager and business will be pushed if a decision of the Supreme court is favorable.

Drew His Pay and Dropped Dead.

Saginaw, Mich., Jan. 27.—George Wesolek, fireman at Pere Marquette mine No. 1, dropped dead. Heart failure was the cause of his death. He resided at 958 South Twelfth street, and leaves a widow and six children.

Sued For Breach of Promise.

Standish, Mich., Jan. 26.—Matilda Pelkey, of Standish, brought suit against William Goodroe, of Sterling, today for \$10,000 damages for breach of promise. It has created quite a sensation here. Goodroe was married Monday.

Business Failure at Standish.

Standish, Mich., Jan. 26.—Daniel W. Richardson, of this village, has just been adjudged a bankrupt at Bay City. Liabilities \$27,854, assets nothing. Mr. Richardson was in business here many years as a general merchant.

Fell Down a Plaster Mine.

Sebewaing, Mich., Jan. 27.—Word was received here that Chas. Knecht formerly of this place, was killed by falling down a shaft of a plaster mine at Oakfield, N. Y. His remains will be brought here for burial.

Homer Wants to Improve.

Homer, Mich., Jan. 27.—A movement is on foot at Homer to benefit the town by a municipal improvement association. A meeting is to be held Monday evening to organize and plan for a campaign.

Woman Killed by Frigate.

Kokomo, Ind., Jan. 29.—On Saturday night Frank Probst tapped on the window of his house before entering and Mrs. Probst, who was alone, fell dead before him.

Rode Into Town Dead.

Leonidas, Mich., Jan. 28.—William Miller, living three miles east of this place, came into Factoryville dead on his load of wood. Cause supposed to be heart failure.

Hustlers at Lawrence.

Lawrence, Mich., Jan. 27.—A local board of trade will be formed here. Lawrence is now enjoying a greater degree of prosperity and sound, healthy growth than she has known

before for many years. Several new and important business enterprises have been secured by the aid of the people who have come to believe that Lawrence ought to be and shall be a city of shops and factories.

Serious Accident to Old Lady.

Lenox, Mich., January 28.—Mrs. Smith, wife of a Casco township farmer, was seriously, if not fatally, injured in a runaway accident near the Grand Trunk depot. The driver had left the old lady alone in the buggy for a moment. The horse, becoming frightened, ran away. In rounding a corner the entire outfit was overturned. Mrs. Smith was badly cut about the head and received internal injuries which may result fatally.

Reports Shortage in Accounts.

Marshall, Mich., Jan. 27.—The special committee appointed to investigate the accounts of many officers, including the Superintendent of the Poor, has filed its report. It alleges a total shortage of \$16,851 in accounts of A. O. Hyde, who was arrested Wednesday for embezzlement. Of this amount he has paid \$4,387 into the county treasury.

Trainmen Escaped by Jumping.

Boyer Falls, Mich., Jan. 23.—The southbound freight met a runaway logging train coming down the grade from Elmira. The freight was switching at Robbins siding, and had time to get under way before the runaway struck them. They were unable to stop and, coming to the switch here, the logging train and caboose left the track. Trainmen escaped by jumping.

Little Child Bitten by a Horse.

Reading, Mich., Jan. 28.—The little nine-year-old daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Taylor, living southwest of the village, was attacked by a horse in a playful mood while she was leading the brute to water, and was severely bitten over the stomach. The little one is resting easy today and is in a fair way to recover.

Gaines Wants Electric Lights.

Durand, Mich., Jan. 26.—The village of Gaines is contemplating having its village furnished with electric lights. They wish to bond themselves for \$2,000, which would pay for the wiring and lights. The idea is to have the plant here at Durand supply the power. A meeting will be called at Gaines to perfect an electric light commission.

Rescued From Drowning.

Mason, Mich., Jan. 26.—Charles E. Ball and Felix McDaniels, of this city, went to Hewes Lake on a fishing trip. Ball, who weighs over 200 pounds, broke through the ice and came near drowning. It required the efforts of his companion and two other men to rescue him from his perilous position.

THE FARM

Usefulness of Wood Ashes

The value of wood ashes as a general fertilizer, replete in phosphoric acid and various oxides, is well understood; but its usefulness for lawn dressing alone is not so well known. Beautiful turf is sure to develop where wood ashes are used. Aside from fertilizing properties, which increase the luxuriance and quantity of root growth, wood ashes seem to have the power of awakening dormant life, and white clover is sure to appear wherever an application has been made. A better and surer foundation for a velvet turf cannot be found.

Ashes must, of course, be sifted out of deference to the machine. If bits of iron nails are found in the rubbish it should be buried around fruit trees or grape vines; one large pear tree, by the way, never bore decent fruit until old iron was buried about its roots.

Wood ashes not only give a rich coloring to the lawn, but improve the foliage of all vegetation. Potted tomatoes in the hot bed or cold frame respond very quickly to a dash of ashes. Related transplanting often induces yellowish foliage, which will assume a blue-green tone, sometimes within three days of a single application. There are a few-potted plants, either indoors or out, which are not benefited by this clean and simple substance within the reach of all agriculturists.

To Exterminate Live-forever

Live-forever is a plant long ago introduced into this country from Europe, and is now well established in many places. It is exceedingly tenacious of life, and on this account more difficult to exterminate than some other weeds. Fortunately it is not generally very abundant and does not spread rapidly. It is usually found in small patches or in limited areas, and in such cases a little labor devoted to digging it up and destroying the plants and roots is all that is necessary. When the patches are more extensive other methods may be adopted. The infested land is sometimes surrounded by a fence and hogs turned in to root out the weed and destroy it. A liberal application of salt may be made, or the plants may be killed, if in tillable land, by ploughing them under and keeping them under by ploughings repeated so often that no new shoot will be able to come to the surface during the season of growth. Covering the patches with a mulch of straw or other material so thick that no stem could come through to the light would probably destroy the plants in one season. It has been asserted by some that there is a disease of the live-forever which is fatal to it, and that diseased plants placed among healthy ones will communicate the disease to them, and in time the whole patch will be destroyed.

To Prevent Trees Being Injured

One way to prevent mice from injuring apple trees in winter, and a pretty sure way, too, is to wrap around the trunks strips of tin, or sheet iron, rolled in the form of tubes, and a trifle larger than the diameter of the trees. The fact is, tin cans in which vegetables, meats, fruits and the like have been packed, may, when empty, be employed for this purpose to good effect. Simply place them on a hot stove, or better yet, in the fire, until the solder which holds the heads and fastens the sides is melted. This much achieved, take two cans of equal size, rivet them together with malleable tacks, and to keep the tube thus obtained in position on the tree, pass around it a small wire, twisting the ends together. Provided such a protector is promptly removed in the spring, it does no harm to the tree, but affords a vast amount of good in keeping mice and other rodents away from its trunk. If a mulch of straw, meadow hay, leaves or anything else has been applied to young trees during the summer or autumn, as not infrequently is the case, it ought by all means to be removed before real winter weather has set in, otherwise it will afford a most excellent retreat during winter months for ground-pests of every description.

Making a Cement Floor

A good way to make a cement floor is to excavate to the depth of about five inches and fill in about four inches of this with broken stone, as in preparing for macadamizing a road. Mix the cement with sand and water, so that it will be quite thin, and will run easily. Let it fill all the openings and cover all the stones. Allow this to set. Then give the whole a coating with a trowel, using the same as in cementing a cistern, using one part of cement to three parts of good sand. A floor built in this manner will last indefinitely if the cement used is first class.

What Is Good Elder Vinegar?

Pure elder vinegar should be the fermented juice of apples without the admixture of any foreign matter of any kind. It is properly made, it usually contains from two to five per cent of solid matter and from three to five per cent of ash. The vinegar has a decidedly fragrant odor, is of a dark brown color and has a flavor characteristically its own. A good elder vinegar contains, on an average four per cent of acids. This may fall to three per cent, and rise to six. North Dakota Experiment Station.

FEEDING HORSES

Grain Should Be Given More Liberally Than the Ruminants

A celebrated veterinary surgeon says the attempt to make hay the chief ration for horses imposes a severe tax upon them, and the result is seen in their distended stomachs, and the spiritless and clumsy horses of many farmers. All intelligent students of the horse give little hay, and feed grain more liberally than the ruminants, for the double reason that a horse makes poorer use of the hay than a steer or sheep will, and will be less of motion. Good horse breeders give but ten or twelve pounds of hay a day, and feed once or twice daily. A colt is kept for his muscle, hence a fattening diet is out of date until matured and set to work. For the horse, bran mixed with corn meal will serve to assist digestion while incidentally it will make more valuable manure. For traveling horses there seems to be but little doubt that oats are the best, although the most costly food. Horsemen agree that for a road horse oats has no substitute.

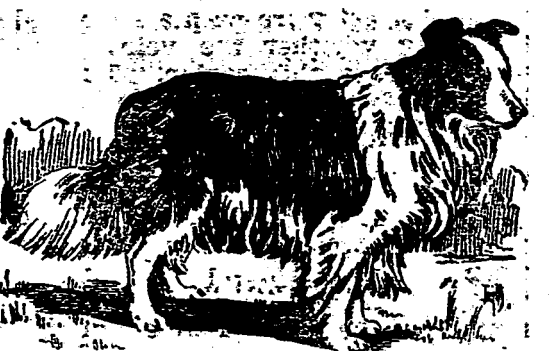
A great authority on horses has been making some experiments recently in feeding horses. The result is that he advocates giving one feed of oats a day, and the rest corn, with a little bran mixed with it, on the score of economy. A trial of feeding grain before and after watering resulted in an advantage of importance, to the practice of watering before feeding. This matter he went over with some care, and believes it invites a change of practice on the part of those who feed grain before watering horses. Grain mixed with hay for the horses was more effective than when fed alone.

Hardest Breed of Horses in the World

The hardest breed of horses in the world, says the London Live Stock Journal, is probably that on Sable Island, notorious for the number of wrecks which have occurred upon it. Sable Island, at the end of the last century, was about 40 miles long by 2 1/2 miles at its widest. It has now been worn down to a length of 20 miles and a maximum breadth of 1 and consists of two parallel ridges of loose, gray sand, which grows coarse grass and nothing else. It is subject to most violent storms and the densest of fogs, and lying about 85 miles from the coast of Nova Scotia, it may be imagined the climate is a cold one. The original horse stock is supposed to have been introduced about the year 1738 by the Rev. A. Le Mercier, a Huguenot, who obtained leave from the Canadian government to try and make this wretched spot inhabitable, chiefly with the view of extending aid to shipwrecked persons. The horses, which were of the ordinary New England stock, have now dwindled in size to mere ponies, from 12 hands to 14; the latter height being seldom attained. Big headed, Roman nosed, coarse jawed and with very heavy coats, they are not very attractive beasts to look at, but they are extremely hardy, and the only shelter they seek from the worst weather is under the lee of a sand dune. If caught and confined, they will escape in the roughest weather, caring nothing for shelter.

To Train a Shepherd Dog

Some years ago you gave instructions how to train dogs. I then had no occasion to practice them. Since needing instructions I have been looking over my files of the P. F., but cannot find the article I want. Can you give me volume and number of the paper on enclosed postal? Wyoming Co., Pa. J. Bartolet.



When our residence was destroyed by fire, all files of papers and everything else went up in smoke. That file was among the number. But the instructions are simple. Attach one end of a long leash or cord to a young dog's neck, begin at the other end and wind the cord round the left arm, bent. Hold the cord between the thumb and first finger and wind around and around the arm back on the elbow and between thumb and finger. Start to drive a flock of sheep slowly. When one lags behind, or strays at the side, start towards it, point with the right hand and set the dog on. If he does not go towards the straggler jerk him back a little, and keep him at it until he reaches the right one. Just before he reaches the animal tighten the cord so he cannot touch the straggler. This will frighten it along. After a few such exercises, the leash may be omitted as he will have learned that he must not touch the animal. After that all is done with the shepherd's voice and motions of the hand and arm. A young shepherd dog is an apt pupil and soon learns what his master's words and motions mean and will keep a sharp watch for them. But never attempt to teach an old dog new tricks.

A TALE OF 'WHOA'

(Sunday Morning)
Good bye, old horse, we'll turn you out
To roam o'er hill and plain,
We've bought a horseless carriage and
We'll ne'er need you again.
(Sunday Evening)
Come here, old horse, we need your
pull
To get us home to-night,
This nasty, stinking, puffing thing
Is not perfected, quite.
Ten miles from home it fussed and
fumed
And then refused to go;
And minis both a push and pull
It was a case of, whoa!
If you'll return so will our joy,
Good boy, old horse, good boy.

ASPARAGUS BEDS.

The Notion That Manuring in November Does More Harm Than Good.

The time for applying manure to asparagus beds and the placing of it are matters of importance, concerning which some interesting advice is furnished as follows by R. B. Handy in a bulletin on asparagus culture. In the use of stable manure many writers and growers say, "In the autumn, after the stalks have matured and been cut, manure should be applied on top of the rows," some giving the caution not to put it over the crowns, lest the "shocks" next spring be injured by contact with it; but this plan is gradually giving way to the more rational dressing in spring and summer. It was believed that autumn dressing strengthened the roots and enabled them to show up stronger shoots the following spring. This is a mistake, as it is during the growth of the stalks after the cutting season was over, that the crown forms, the buds from which the spears of the next season spring, and it is probable that it is principally during this period that the roots assimilate and store up the material which produces these spears.

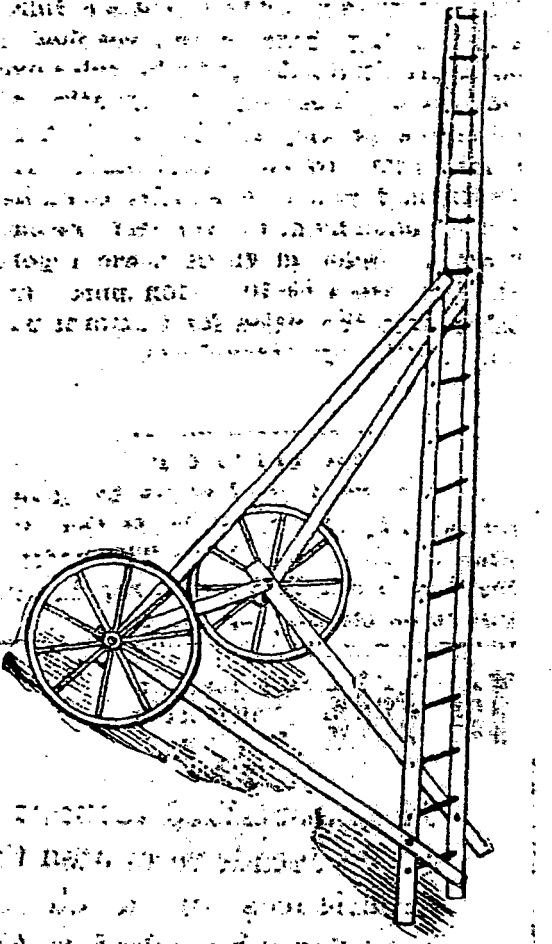
This being true, the plant food added to the soil and becoming available after the cessation of vegetation in the autumn can have little effect upon the spears cut out the following spring. It first becomes of use to the plant after the crop has been cut and the stalks allowed to grow. Thus the manuring of the autumn of 1897 will not benefit the grower until the spring of 1899. In the use of fresh manure it may be that the water is none too long to permit the fertilizing elements to become available and well distributed throughout the soil, but if well rotted manure is used there is danger of the fertility being leached out of the soil by the rains and melting snows of winter.

That is, if the food is ready for assimilation, give it at the time when the roots are ready to absorb it instead of when the roots are at rest. Stable manure applied when the cutting season is over acts as a mulch in preventing the growth of weeds, keeping the soil light and cool and preserving the moisture.

Manuring in November does more harm than good, as the mass of manure causes many roots to decay and those which do survive are likely to be weak. The roots of asparagus are, perhaps, always active, but less so in winter than in any other season, and will obtain as much manure for the soil as they can use. If heavily covered with manure the sunshine is excluded, growth is checked and the roots have a fight for existence when they are none too strong. As to manuring in or between the rows, the latter is the most advisable, as placing in the row only reaches the storage roots to be found, but the crowns, whereas between the rows it is where the rains will wash it down into the open mouths of the feeding roots.

A Ladder of Wheels

I have often thought that a ladder like mine—call it a step-ladder—on wheels, should be in every orchard of any importance. A man can move it around the outside of a tree and get the large, nice fruit that is so hard to get with a common ladder. It can be



backed into a tree or run sideways to it, or with some tilting and twisting can be worked in among the outer branches. There is no patent on it. I had one twenty years ago and have one now.

This is really a handy style of ladder and if properly made is safe to use where another ladder has no support and can't be used with safety. J. A. Cunningham, Cass Co., Ill.

Harley Oats and Beans

Next to hay and corn, the crops prized so highly by the dairyman as the grains above mentioned, either alone or in combination with each other. These crops have three distinct uses. First, as a green soiling crop, second, when cut and cured as hay, and third, when allowed to ripen, cut and threshed, and the resulting grain fed; while the straw is valuable for bedding or to a small extent for feeding purposes. They are the earliest crops to sow in the spring, and follow rye and wheat in succession for soiling. For this purpose they are only surpassed by clover. They are greatly relished by stock of all kinds and have a comparatively high feeding value.—E. C. Powell.

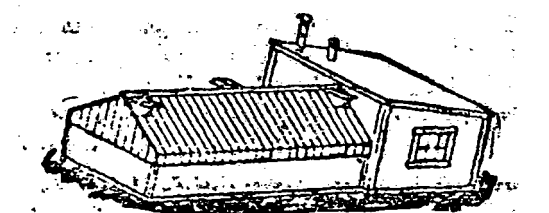
Selection of Rimes

It is a good time now to select your ram for next season's use. A change is indispensable to keep up the stamina of the flock. Rams to be kept on should have the best attention and care from now on to the breeding time. Improvement of condition is a slow process, and should be begun in good time.—American Sheep Breeder.

CHEAP GREENHOUSE.

Hints as to the Construction of the Same Are Always in Order.

Hints about the construction of greenhouses are always in order. By means of the accompanying illustration I simply wish to give a suggestion. It shows a low-cost greenhouse and boiler-room, which is owned by Chas. S. Bingham, of Massachusetts, and described by him in American Gardening. Of course you can make a house of this kind of just the dimensions required. A small structure will do very well for the average market gardener. It is mainly needed for starting plants, beginning in January, the plants afterwards to be transferred to frames, or the open ground, as the case may be. But I would not care to engage in market gardening without



such a house, no matter how small. During the earlier part of winter, a crop of two of lettuce and radishes, with cresses, mushrooms (under the benches), parsley, mint, etc., may be raised before the time is needed for plant growing. Mr. Bingham says that it only takes two tons of egg-coal, and one-half ton of screenings for the year-round, by putting on a little coal four times a day. There is about 112 feet of two-inch piping in the form of the letter L running under the west side and end of the bench. This is done to allow of making the east bench portable, as he wants to take it down for a while to place chrysanthemums on the ground. After they are gone, the bench is put up again and everything is all right. The house is 20 feet long by 9 feet wide; the boiler room 10x12 feet.

Pigs in the Orchard

I like pigs in our orchards, they do all the plowing that seems to be needed and have proved to be the very best manure spreaders that we have ever used, says M. A. Charles in the Rural New Yorker. They are by all odds the cheapest team to harrow and make a dust mulch in the orchard. For us they have taken the place of a sprayer. If one cut open the apples lying under the trees he will find but few worms in them. I have tried this many times. When these wormy apples fall from the tree, Mr. Worm comes out and gets ready for more mischief. Mr. Worm (in company with the apple) is soon on the road that leads to five-cent pork. By keeping the pigs year after year in the orchard, one will find only a small per cent of wormy apples. I do not allow the pigs to root too deep, and look out that they do not eat the bark from the trunks of the trees.

How to Save Time

The time of year is now upon us when, if proper care is not exercised in keeping all milk utensils perfectly sweet and clean much milk will be lost by souring and much time wasted in washing cans, pails, etc., in which the milk has soured or dried on the sides. It is frequently the practice at creameries to leave the weigh can, milk and cream vats, and tanks unwashed for several hours after using, not realizing that the delay causes extra labor.

At the Kansas Agricultural College dairy a few days ago a number of sample bottles were necessarily left unwashed until the next day. It took just three times as long to wash them as it did on other days when they were washed as soon as the milk was thrown out.

In washing milk utensils, they should first be rinsed out with cold or tepid water, then washed in water as hot as the hand can stand and finally scalded thoroughly, and then if possible set out in the sun. If more care is used in cleaning the pails, cans, etc., there will not be so much sour milk sent back from the creamery; the patron will feel happier and so will the creameryman.—J. A. Conover.

How Butterflies Sleep

Walking through a field some evening you may notice on the long flowering stalks of grass what look like small blossoms hanging to the sprays. Looking more closely one sees that they are butterflies asleep. Thus dozens of these dainty creatures slumber until sunrise announces that it is time to awaken and get to work. One cannot but marvel at the instinct, which guides the frail butterflies to so safe and comfortable a sleeping place, for should a storm arise the slender grasses bend in the gale, and the butterflies are rocked as if in aerial cradles. If the butterflies rested on shrubs or trees, a blow from a leaf-flicking to and fro in the wind might injure them very seriously.

It is always interesting to know that when they settle down for a nap the butterflies fold their wings tightly together, that the bright colors may not attract the attention of some hungry bird with a weakness for butterflies for supper.

Milk Largely Made During Milking

A cow giving a large quantity of milk has been slaughtered, and every drop of milk has been gathered up, and the largest amount ever found was about four quarts; hence milk is largely made during the time of milking; and the cow must be placed under favorable conditions at the time, or you do not get the regular quantity of milk. Do not think that the milk is already there, and all you have to do is to draw it out. Only a small portion of it is in this state. Most of it is there ready to be changed into milk, but it is not milk, and we must have things favorable for the cow to make this change.—Farmer and Stock Breeder.

A great saving in cost of fertilizer could be made on every farm by growing what is usually allowed to go to waste—beside bringing up the fertility by natural means which in nine cases out of ten will prove more lasting in results than using artificial or commercial means.

James Golden on Spavins.

While talking about splints and hinged bones and spavins such things with the well-known trainer, Mr. James Golden of Boston, Mass., not long ago, he made the startling statement that there never was a trotter that could beat 2:25 that did not have a spavin. I asked for an explanation, and he said: "If you never heard of a trotting horse's hock you should do so at the first opportunity. A very prominent veterinary surgeon down in our country was telling about some of the mysteries of a trotter's hock several years ago, and I received his invitation to help dissect a number of hocks. I found that the bones in a fast trotter's hock showed the ferric strain that they had been subjected to, to such an extent that they frequently resembled wormeaten wood in appearance, and all that I helped dissect were spavined. Of course the majority of these spavins were so small that it would have been a very difficult matter to detect them on the living animal, but I believe that by looking for it I can find a spavin on some part of the hock of most any fast trotter. Understand me, there are spavins and spavins, that may not cause lameness, that depending on their location and size, and while I say that all fast trotters have spavined hocks, the majority of them are of course practically sound." For the benefit of the few horsemen who do not know him, I will explain that Mr. Golden is considered one of the best trainers in America, and while he is an old man in experience he is fully abreast of the times, and is to-day rated as one of the best authorities on trotting-horse matters in the world.—Yarrum In Horse Review

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COUNTY SEAT NEWS

LIST OF JURORS.

The following is the list of jurors drawn for the February term of court: Frank Elgas, Bainbridge. John T. Beckwith, Benton. F. E. Avery, Benton Harbor, 1st wd. W. J. Davis, " 2d wd. H. S. Nelson, " 3d wd. Howard McKee, Benton Harbor, 4th wd.

Otto Radewald, Berrien township. Henry L. Cauffman, Bertrand. Charles E. Russell, Buchanan. Lyman Hutchison, Chikaming. Silas Clark, Galien. Geo. McCray, Hager. Richard Widdis, Lake township. Albert H. Gaul, Lincoln township. Peter Mess, Few Buffalo. Wm. E. File, Niles township. Harry L. Fox, Niles 1st ward. Amos Ribble, Niles 2d ward. Amos J. Stewart, Niles 3d ward. Thomas F. Dougan, Niles 4th wd. James M. Davis, Pipestone. Richard Gallinger, Royalton. Charles Morgan, Sodus. C. P. Phelps, St. Joseph township. W. W. Bean, St. Joseph 1st ward. Frank Rahn, St. Joseph 2d ward. W. F. Sesser, St. Joseph 3d ward. Frank G. Alger, St. Joseph 4th ward. John Siefert, Three Oaks. August Morlock, Watervliet. Horace Morley, Weesaw. Ellis A. Boal, Oronoko.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS.

John Bauman and Louis Augustin to Fred Guthoblein lot 68 Bond's add to Niles \$317.19.

Caroline C. Good to Richmond J. Stahelin property sec. 19 Lake \$400.

Lewis H. Beeson to Annie L. Beeson blks 54, 52, 107, 205, 210, 211, 247, 255, 256, 264, 265, 268, 273, 361, 382 also the fl part of blks 37, 46, 81, 242, 257, 274, 275, 307, 377, 105 Virginia Co's add to New Buffalo \$1.

Emeline B. Pardee to People's University of United States 16 1/2 acres in Berrien Springs \$1200.

Eben C. Clay to Matilda C. London 10 1/2 acres in Watervliet \$1,250.

Edgar A. Lord to Wm. A. Rogan property in sec. 2 Sodus \$2,500.

Wilford S. Gray to Amelia L. Bacon property in Niles \$1000.

James M. Otwell to G. M. Otwell property in Three Oaks \$700.

Wm. Chamberlain to Aug Vetterly property in New Buffalo \$75.

Thos. L. Wilkinson to Chas. Hinch property in sec. 32 Lake \$20.

Elizabeth M. Vadeveer to Orville O. Jordan lots 7 and 8 blk 68 Hoyt's 2nd add to St. Joseph \$5,000.

Soloman Rough to David Knight property in sec 11 Chikaming \$250.

Mary E. Brooks to Henry Taylor property in sec. 29 Coloma \$300.

Cressie A. Carroll to Amy A. Carroll lots 4, 5, 9, and pt lot 8 blk 22 Morley's add to New Troy \$50.

Eliza A. Kipp to Arthur O'Leary s 1/2 lot 7 blk A Eau Claire \$325.

Minnie M. Eldridge to Jas. R. Glass n 1/2 s 1/2 e 1/2 n 1/2 sec. 11 Watervliet \$1.

Anthony Clark to Mary H. Clark e 1/2 w 1/2 s 1/2 sec. 22 Weesaw \$1,500.

Orville W. Coolidge to Andrew Jackson property in Niles \$1.

Franklin L. Gardner et al to Geo. Hartline w 57 feet of lot 15 in Baroda \$131.

John Barber to Lansing Barber 40 acres in Weesaw \$1500.

Jessie B. and Myrta A. Ray to Beales E. Lewis 34 acres in Watervliet \$700.

Rudolph Gross to Walter M. Janery pt. n w 1/2 n e 1/2 sec. 28 lying w of South Bend on w branch of the Michigan Central Railroad in Bertrand \$600.

Amos D. Stoner to David S. Dutton property in Buchanan \$450.

Eliza Welch Harriet Coe Emma Wager and Ellen Wells to Melville E. Harper p s 1/2 n e 1/2 sec. 23 Niles (4 deeds) \$4.

John W. Beistle to Amos D. Stoner property in sec. 22 Buchanan \$1.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Smory J. Rough, 27, Niles; Nettie Wy-1, 22, Eau Claire.

Charles Strieby, 32, Syracuse, Ind.; Jeanie Wiggins, 21, Ind.

CIRCUIT COURT.

Bertha Jones, by her attorneys, Hammond & Hammond, has filed a bill of divorce from her husband, Perry Jones, on the ground of non-support.

Chas. Steele, doing business as Chas. Steele & Company, by his attorney, Theo. G. Beaver, has filed a declaration against Louis S. Hamilton et al as Hamilton-Huston company to obtain \$200 alleged to be due him.

On January 19, 1900, a decree of absolute divorce was granted by Judge Coolidge to Nellie Strickland Berry from her husband, Matt L.

Sadie M. Pipp, of Benton Harbor, by her attorneys, O'Hara & O'Hara has filed a bill of divorce from her husband, Henry L. Pipp, on the ground of non-support.

Christina Wolfart, by her attorney, N. H. Bacon, has filed a declaration against John Bauman, et al. of Niles, to obtain \$5,000 damages, that the defendants sold liquor to her husband, Martin Wolfart, until he became intoxicated and treated her cruelly, causing her great anguish. Hence she brings suit.

Emma Scott, by her attorney Chas. E. White, has filed a bill of divorce from her husband, James E. Scott on the ground of non-support.

Cynthia E. Woodward, by her attorney Chas. N. Sears, has filed a bill of divorce from her husband Reul H. Woodward. He has been sentenced to Jackson for three years and two months. Hence she sues for divorce. Court was resumed Tuesday.

SOLDIERS' RELIEF.

The soldier's relief commission for the soldiers of the late Spanish war are in session at the probate office auditing more bills.

David Wilcox writes a paper for the February Forum on "The Futility of the Anti-Trust Issue." He draws attention to the defects that characterize the Sherman Anti-Trust Act, which Congress passed on July 2, 1890. A number of cases are cited to show the scope of the present law, particularly the recent case of the Addyson Pipe Company, which was decided upon on December 4, 1899. The author agrees with President McKinley that further legislation concerning the anti trust issue is necessary; holding that it is quite certain that the platforms of both the Democrat and the Republican parties will contain expressions of some sort bearing upon the subject.

Smoking Stunts the Growth of Boys.

Whatever difference of opinion there may be upon the advisability of smoking for men, there is none as to pernicious effect upon boys. It affects the action of the heart and reduces the capacity of the lungs. Young men who are being trained for athletics are not permitted to smoke by their trainers because, as they say, "It is bad for the wind." The argument that will appeal most forcibly to your boy is that smoking will stunt his growth. It has been proved that youthful smokers are shorter and weigh less than their comrades who do not smoke. Cigarettes are particularly injurious. Nicotine, the active principal of tobacco, is said by chemists to be, next to prussic acid, the most rapidly fatal poison known. The tender tissues of a growing boy cannot absorb even a small quantity of it without the most serious results. —February Ladies' Home Journal.

"The Problems of a Pacific Cable," by Herbert Laws Webb, is another article of importance in our colonial relations, especially at this time when several bills to lay a Pacific cable are before Congress. Mr. Webb is an electrical expert who has taken part in several cable expeditions. He describes briefly all of the proposed routes across the Pacific, and discusses the difficulties which are likely to be met with and the conditions of success.

PICTURES BY WIRE.

Transmitted as Easily as a Message—No Limit as to Distance.

Ernest A. Hummel, of St. Paul, Minn., is the inventor of a device by which photographs can be sent from place to place by telegraph quite as easily as any ordinary message.

There is no limit to the distance over which pictures can be sent any more than the limit to which electricity can carry an ordinary message. Mr. Hummel's experiments which proved the success of his device were made over a wire 320 miles long.

Mr. Hummel is a young manufacturing jeweller in St. Paul, and his invention is the result of numerous experiments thought out and carried out during all his spare moments for the last two years. He believes the instrument will be especially valuable in helping to catch criminals fleeing from justice by scattering their photographs over the country with the speed of electricity instead of by the comparatively slow medium of the mails. This, however, is only an incidental use for the invention. In scores of ways the device can be put to practical use.

The Hummel invention takes up about the same space as a typewriter and its table, or a sewing machine.

Its principal features, of course, are the transmitter and receiver. Each of these is operated by a diminutive electric motor, hardly as large as the case of a pair of spectacles. There is also a rather complicated system of clockwork which controls the movements as part of the machine.

The transmitter and receiver each

has a moving carriage, operated by the electric motor. In these carriages are fixed the pencils which are used in copying the pictures to be sent. The carriage of the transmitter has a projecting arm with a vulcanized rubber extremity, in which is fitted a sharp platinum point.

By an ingenious device the clock work moves this platinum point a very minute distance from the line in which it moved before. A screw and triple series of ratchets are provided by which the width between the lines can be regulated.

When a picture is to be sent over the wire it is first traced through a carbon paper upon a metal plate. Then the lines on the plate are brought out by a solution of shellac, which is a non-conductor of electricity.

After the machine is connected with the electric circuit and the platinum point is set in motion each time it encounters a strip of shellac the circuit is broken. This break in the circuit throws down against the receiving paper in the complementary part of the machine a sharp needle point, which etches into the surface a line corresponding to the course taken by the platinum point while on the shellac insulation. When the platinum point has passed over the shellac and the circuit is again closed the needle point is lifted.

It goes without saying that the harmonious working of the delicate instruments require the most careful adjustment of the clockwork which controls the velocity of the machine. This adjustment Mr. Hummel reaches by several whirling fans, somewhat like the governors of a steam engine, but with discs instead of spheres.—New York Herald.

"OLD COMPARISON."

The Sobriquet Most Fittingly Applied to the Old Man.

The people around the little mountain town called him "Old Comparison." One day an acquaintance was passing his house as he was sitting on the steps of the little vine-clad porch in front.

"Good morning," said the gentleman. "It's a lovely day."
"Finer'n silk," he responded.
"How are you this morning?"
"Friskier'n a colt."
"How's your wife?"
"Fearter'n a pullet."
"The weather is very hot and dry for this season, don't you think?"
"Hotter'n a run horse and drier'n a clean shirt."

"I suppose you went to the wedding last night in the meeting-house? A pretty bride, I thought."

"Putter'n a speckled dog."
"The young man is rich, I hear."
"Richer'n fertilizer a foot thick."
"By the way, are you willing to sell me those sawlogs Brown couldn't take off your hands?"

"Williner'n a girl to get spliced."
"When can I see them?"
"Quicker'n a lamb can shake his tail."
And the old man grabbed his hat and stick and led the way to the river, offering no remark, but answering all inquiries as usual.—Yakima, Wash., Herald.

Mark Twain's Yell.

Mark Twain, when starting on a tour round the world, told an interviewer at Winnipeg how he often felt a desire to "cut loose" from civilization and to get away by himself where he could run and yell to his heart's content. In this connection there is a story about the humorist and Canon Kingsley. Walking along the streets one day Mark felt the impulse to yell coming on him with resistible force, and said to Kingsley: "I want to yell; I must yell!" The Canon said: "All right, yell away; I don't mind." "And with that," said Mark, "I stepped back a few steps, and throwing my arms above my head, let out a war whoop that could be heard for miles, and in less time than you could count ten Canon Kingsley and myself were surrounded by a multitude of anxious citizens who wanted to know what was the matter. I told them nothing was the matter; I just wanted to yell, and had yelled."—Nashville Banner.

Considerate Arab Widow.

When an Arab woman is tired of widowhood and desires to marry again, she goes the night before the wedding to her husband's tomb and prays him not to be offended. To make quite sure of his forgiveness, she brings with her two large goatskins, filled with water, and with these she waters the grave, that the refreshing liquid may soak down to the defunct husband's bones. Having thus done all she can to propitiate his spirit, she goes off with a good courage to start life again as a wife.



A Young Girl's Experience.

My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celery King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night.—Mrs. Lucy McNutt, Brush Valley, Pa. Celery King cures Constipation and all diseases of the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Sold by druggists. 25c and 50c.

Watch for Our Hyacinths AND Primroses, RIVERSIDE GREENHOUSE.

A FASCINATING ISLAND.

Where the Traveler Forgets Everything in Its Languorous Delight.

"Of all fascinating places under the sun," said a gentleman who has traveled much, "the island of Tahiti, one of the Society Islands, is the most fascinating. In that country a little earth lost in a vast ocean, nature has done everything to make indolent souls happy. The climate is temperate and even all the year round, the vegetation is luxuriant, the women beautiful, and the nights, full of perfume and mystical light, stir the most practical mind to love of meditation and dreaming. The influence of this dreamy, lazy life is very insidious. It is not necessary to work, as the island furnishes food without the labor of tillage. I know a number of Americans and French who have gone there for a visit, and have become so enraptured with the languorous existence that, like the visitors to lotus land, they lie down and forget friends, home, ambition and everything. I remember how I used to feel the influence steal upon me. Many a time I wished earnestly to cast my lot with those languorous people. I can look back now and see myself as I lay one night against a cocoon tree in a sort of ecstasy of meditation. Overhead was a sky bright with a million stars. Sounds came to me in a strange fashion, blending into a murmur. A short distance away a group of natives, girls and men, were shouting the rhythmic chant of the upupa dance. I thought of myself on this little isle, with ocean on every side and New Orleans so many miles distant. Nothing seemed real to me but that spot in which one could hear indistinctly the chant of the singers and the sobbing of the waves; a mysterious charm possessed me."—Mexican Herald.

HOW THEY RAILROAD IN CHINA.

Some of the Difficulties Under Which the Roads Are Conducted.

A missionary writing from China to a friend in this city recently described the difficulties under which the newly completed railroads are conducted in that country.

Passengers in the first-class coaches, he said, exhibited so strong a desire to carry off various articles from the cars as souvenirs of their trip that the coaches were speedily stripped of those things that contribute to the comfort of the passenger. They took away with them hat and bundle racks, mirrors, lamp brackets, hooks, small tables, and even doors. They were considerate enough to leave the car frame and wheels. And the purloiners were government officials and people belonging to the wealthy classes.

The stations along the railroad over which the writer traveled were rude sheds, very unclean, and without a chair or bench. The cars, too, were very dirty. While this was especially true of the second-class coaches, which were oftentimes crowded with half-naked, unwashed people, the first-class coaches also became very unclean in a short time. It soon became necessary to take out all the upholstery and replace it by plain seats.

When the railroads were being built reports were spread that the foreign contractors were stealing Chinese children and burying them in the roadbed so as to propitiate the god who rules over railroads. These reports greatly excited the people, and in one instance a mob attacked two missionaries near Peking, and would have killed them had not a detachment of soldiers rescued them. Under guise of these reports children were really kidnapped and taken into the cities for immoral purposes.—Chicago Inter-Ocean.

Inclined to Fret.

It is a great misfortune to have a fretful disposition. It takes the fragrance out of one's life. The habit of fretting is one that grows rapidly, unless it be sternly repressed.

In His Steps

The most talked about book of the decade recounted the experiences of a church company who asked in the face of every situation, What Would Jesus Do? They pledged themselves to do likewise.

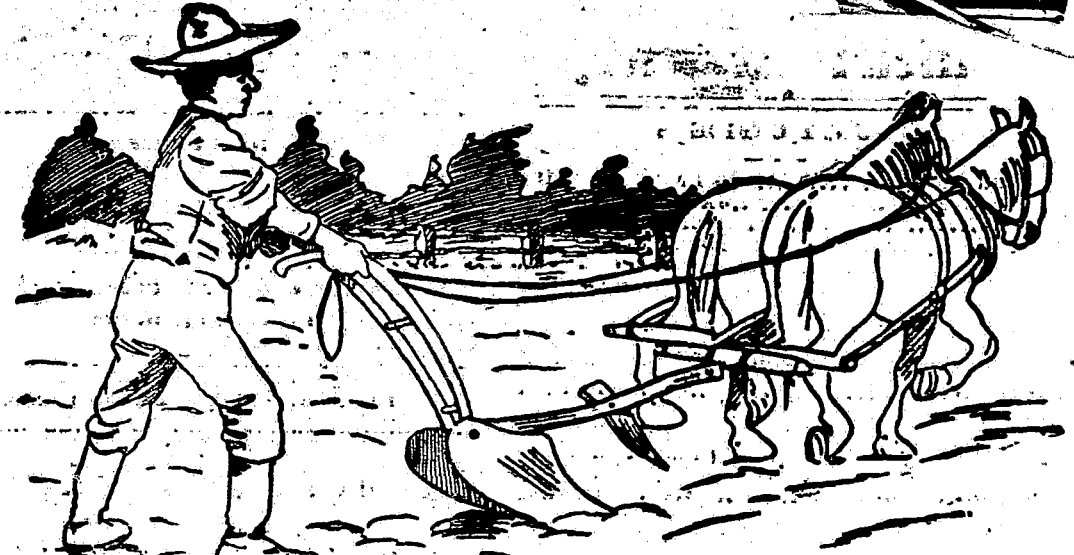
The Crucifixion of Philip Strong

Tells of a clergyman who attempted to preach as Jesus would have preached. His experiences were dramatic, absorbingly interesting and in the end tragic. Both books were written by

Rev. Charles M. Sheldon

who has taken his place among the strongest fiction writers of the day.

The Crucifixion of Philip Strong will be published as a serial in this paper



I am a farmer located near Stony Brook, one of the most malarious districts in this State, and was bothered with malaria for years, at times so I could not work, and was always very constipated as well. For years I had malaria so bad in the spring, when engaged in plowing, that I could do nothing but shake. I must have taken about a barrel of quinine pills besides dozens of other remedies, but never obtained any permanent benefit. Last fall, in peach time, I had a most serious attack of chills and then commenced to take Ripans Tabules, upon a friend's advice, and the first box made me all right and I have never been without them since. I take one Tabule each morning and night and sometimes when I feel more than usually exhausted I take three in a day. They have kept my stomach sweet, my bowels regular and I have not had the least touch of malaria nor splitting headache since I commenced using them. I know also that I sleep better and wake up more refreshed than formerly. I don't know how many complaints Ripans Tabules will help, but I do know they will cure any one in the condition I was and I would not be without them at any price. I honestly consider them the cheapest-priced medicine in the world, as they are also the most beneficial and the most convenient to take. I am twenty-seven years of age and have worked hard all my life, the same as most farmers, both early and late and in all kinds of weather, and I have never enjoyed such good health as I have since last fall; in fact, my neighbors have all remarked my improved condition and have said, "Say, John, what are you doing to look so healthy?"

WARNING.—A case of bad health that Ripans Tabules will not benefit. They banish pain and prolong life. One gives relief. Note the word "RIPANS" on the package and accept no substitute. R.I.P.A.N.S. 10 for 5 cents or twelve packages for 42 cents, may be had at any drug store. Ten samples and one thousand testimonials will be mailed to any address for 5 cents, forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., 26 Spruce St., New York.

The Affairs of Europe

are faithfully portrayed in the original and exclusive cable dispatches which THE CHICAGO RECORD prints daily from the leading capitals of the old world. This magnificent special service is in process of being greatly extended to include every important city in the world; and it is supplemented by the full regular cable service of The Associated Press.

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MAN WANTS BUT LITTLE

HERE BELOW,

BUT When it comes to subscribing for a newspaper he wants the very best for his money.

Are You Acquainted With

the paper that is read by more people in Michigan than any similar newspaper published.

The Detroit Journal

SEMI-WEEKLY?

The Journal is indispensable to the FARMER, with its MARKET REPORTS. Two features of its Saturday issue are COMPLETE STOCK MARKET REPORTS, which are published in no other newspaper, and THE FARM AND HOME DEPARTMENT, edited by a practical farmer, and full of information to the farmer and his household.

The Journal leads in News, Editorials, Stories, Cartoons, Portraits and carefully edited departments for every member of the family.

FOR EVERYBODY

1900—IS PRESIDENTIAL YEAR—1900

You will want to keep informed of all political movements. The Best, Biggest and Cheapest Newspaper published in Michigan in 1900 will be

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WEBSTER'S INTERNATIONAL DICTIONARY

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Business Directory.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Sunday services: Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3:00 p. m.; Sen. C. E. at 6:00 p. m.; S. S. at 12:30 p. m. Other services: Cottage prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 7:30; Church prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:30; Ladies' aid every Wednesday afternoon at 4:30; Teachers' meeting Friday evening at 7:30. Pastor's receiving days: Tuesday and Friday afternoon, 2 to 4. E. R. BLACK, Pastor, 11 N. Detroit St.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH. Rev. C. A. S. Sackoos Pastor. Sabbath services: Sabbath School 12:00 m.; Preaching 10:30 a. m. Prayer Meeting and Bible Reading Thursday evening 7:00. Everybody invited to all these services.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH. Rev. E. W. Shepard, Pastor. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday school at 12 m. Y. P. prayer meeting Tuesday evening. Cottage prayer meeting Tuesday evening. Covenant meeting Saturday before the first Sunday of each month, with communion the first Sunday of the month. Strangers always welcome.

METHODIST CHURCH. Rev. H. L. POTTER, Pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.; Sabbath School 12:30 p. m. Junior League 8:30 p. m. Prayer meeting 7:00 p. m. Members are expected and strangers are always welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Rev. James F. van, Pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m. Sabbath School 12:30 p. m. Young People's meeting 8:00 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, 7:30. Recordalry invited.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH, corner Oak and Second Sts. Rev. R. Niergth Pastor. Residence 47 Main St. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School 11:45 p. m. Mrs. Lucy A. Broome, Supt. Young People's Alliance every Sunday at 8:30 p. m. Prayer service Wednesday at 7:30 p. m. All seats are free. All cordially welcomed.

O. O. F. - Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds its regular meeting, at Odd Fellows Hall, on each Tuesday evening.

F. & A. M. - Buchanan Lodge No. 68 holds a regular meeting Monday evening on or before full moon in each month.

A. O. U. W. - Buchanan Lodge No. 98 holds its regular meeting the 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

G. A. R. - Wm. Parrott Post No. 32. Regular meeting on the first and third Saturday evening of each month. Visiting comrades always welcome.

SYLVIA CHAPTER, No. 74, O. E. S. holds a regular meeting Wednesday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

ROBERT HENDERSON, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office, 90 Front Street. Calls answered all hours of the day and night.

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DR. JESSE FILMAR, DENTIST. OFFICE - POST-OFFICE BLOCK. Will be at Galien on Tuesday of each week

BUCHANAN RECORD.

D. H. BOWER, EDITOR. PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. TERMS \$1.00 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. THURSDAY, FEB. 1, 1900.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DISPLAYED advertisements, on any page, at publisher's option, whether for 1 inch or 1000, or for 1 week or 52... 10c PER INCH. "Locals," "Business Notices," "Cards of Thanks" and similar notices 5 cents per line per insertion.

Congressman Hamilton has appointed Burt Armstrong of Hastings, as clerk in the folding room.

We are under obligations to Congressman Hamilton for a number of interesting public documents.

A special meeting of the Michigan Republican Newspaper Association will be held, February 6 and 7th at Detroit.

Secretary of State J. S. Stearns has our thanks for a copy of his 21st annual report relating to farms and farm products.

The Literary Monthly for January published at the Flint Deaf-mute school, contains a fine half tone of the foot ball team of that school.

We are in receipt of the Report of The Forester of the United States for 1899, and it contains valuable information to all interested in forestry.

The annual meeting of the Michigan Press Association will be held at Grand Rapids, February 15 and 16th. An interesting meeting is promised.

Hon. Frank H. Watson, of Owosso, has announced himself as a candidate for attorney general in case Hon. Horace M. Oren declines to ask for a second term. Mr. Watson is an able man and would make a good showing.

We acknowledge with thanks the receipt of the 37th annual report of the Secretary of the State board of Agriculture, and the annual report of the Experimental Station at Agricultural College.

We are in receipt of the New Years edition of the West-Coast Trade published at Tacoma, Washington. It is a finely illustrated pamphlet of 40 pages and cover and gives an excellent idea of the wonderful resources of the west coast of our beloved land.

An attempt to assassinate Senator Wm. F. Goebel, of Kentucky, was made on Tuesday while he was on his way to the state house to attend a session of the senate. At first he was thought to be mortally wounded but now the physicians have some hopes of his recovery. Martial law has been proclaimed in the state capital.

The Benton Harbor Palladium has moved into larger offices all on the ground floor in the Graham & Morton block and now have a fine office where the American Express Co was formerly located. We trust that Brother Gilson may find so much prosperity in his new location that he will soon have to move into a building of his own.

A special meeting of the common council of the village of Buchanan, Mich., was held in the council chambers of said village, Monday evening Jan. 29th, 1900.

President Keller, presiding. Present Trustees Arthur, Bishop, Black, Pears and Richards. The president appointed Trustee Pears to act as clerk pro tem of the meeting.

Trustee Kent appeared and took his seat. A contract from the Beckwith Estate was presented and read by the clerk.

On motion of Trustee Black supported by Trustee Kent the council adjourned. CHAS. PEARS, Clerk pro tem

A Literary Treat. Arrangements have been made to secure Hon. E. N. Dingley of Kalamazoo, to deliver his lecture on "Washington, and her public men" at Rough's Opera house, Friday evening February 9th at eight o'clock. The lecture is illustrated with 200 fine stereopticon views and will be well worth listening to and seeing. Mr. Dingley is a son of the late Hon. Nelson Dingley of Maine, he is a member of the House of Representatives at Lansing and editor of the Kalamazoo Telegraph and should be greeted with a crowded house on February 9th.

THE MITTAN CASE DECIDED.

Judge Coolidge Decides Money Belongs to Express Company.

"After a careful examination of all the testimony in the case I come to the conclusion that the defendant Mittan abstracted the express package in controversy on Nov. 18, 1896, and that he deposited \$650 of the amount with Miss Edwards, now Mrs. Mittan."

The above is a paragraph of the opinion of Judge Coolidge in the famous Niles express case, which was tried in Berrien circuit court in 1897. Delbert E. Mittan, who was charged with embezzling \$3,000 while employed as manager of the American Express company, was found not guilty and acquitted by the jury at that time. He was married to his sweetheart, Miss Mattie Edwards, in open court immediately after the verdict was rendered and the trial was attended by hundreds of people.

He decrees that the complainant is entitled to \$30 for solicitor's fees to be taken from the money in charge of the county clerk.

The express company recovers costs of the suit to be taxed against Mittan. Mittan is to get \$35 and the American Express company is to receive the rest of the \$640.

OTHER COURT NEWS.

The motion for a new trial in the Totman case was brought up yesterday morning but was not argued.

The case of Shaw vs. Morris, which involves a question of taxation regarding the Galien river drain, was brought up yesterday morning but it was found that Judge Coolidge is interested in a similar question and the trial was deferred until Judge Carr, of Cass county, can hear the matter.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Delos Boyer, 21, Coloma; Ruth Woodward, 22, Coloma.

Wm. Heinsworth, 25, Alta Iowa; Mary Suchmaker, 25, Finley Park, Ill.

SOME WHYS ANSWERED.

The Ancient and Curious Origin of Families. Customs.

It is not surprising that a number of little things we do without knowing the reason.

Why, for instance, do widows wear caps? Perhaps you may say because they make them look pretty and interesting. But the real reason is that when the Romans were in England they shaved their heads as a sign of mourning. Of course, a woman couldn't let herself be seen with a bald head, so she made herself a pretty cap. And now, though the necessity of wearing it has passed away, the cap remains.

Why do we have bows on the left side of our hats? In olden times, when men were much in the open air and hats couldn't be bought for half a dollar, it was the habit to tie a cord around the crown and let the ends fall on the left side to be grasped on the arising of a squall. They fell on the left side so they might be grasped by the left hand, the right usually being more usefully engaged. Later on, the ends got to be tied in a bow, and later still, they became useless, yet the bow has remained, and will probably remain till the next deluge or something of that sort.

What is the meaning of the crosses or Xs on a barrel of beer? They signify degrees of quality nowadays. But originally they were put on by those ancient monks as a sort of trademark. They were crosses in those days, and meant a sort of oath on the cross, sworn by the manufacturer that his barrel contained good liquor.

Why are bells tolled for the dead? This has become so familiar a practice that a funeral without it would appear un-Christian. Yet the reason is quite barbarous. Bells were tolled long ago, when people were being buried, in order to frighten away the evil spirits who lived in the air.

Why do fair ladies break a bottle of wine on the ship they are christening? Merely another survival of barbaric custom. In the days of sacrifice to the gods it was customary to get some poor victim when a boat was being launched and to cut his throat over the prow, so that his blood baptized it.

Why are dignitaries deified by a salute when they visit a foreign port? It seems a curious sort of welcome, this firing off of guns, but it seems the custom arose in a very reasonable way. Originally, a town or a warship fired off their guns on the approach of important and friendly strangers to show that they had such faith in the visitors' peaceful intentions they didn't think it necessary to keep their guns loaded.

Why do we sometimes throw a shoe after a bride? The reason is not very complimentary. From of old it has been the habit of mothers to chastise their children with a shoe. Hence the custom arose of the father of a bride making a present to the bridegroom of a shoe, as a sign that it was to be his right to keep her in order.

Health the Mainspring of Success. The chief essential of success for a young man is what the vast majority of young men think about the least - that is, good health and a sound constitution. This is the first thing nothing precedes it. In the battle for success, that should be a young man's first thought: not his abilities, nor his work, but his health. That is the basis: the cornerstone of all abilities cannot bring health, but health may, and generally does, develop ability. Ladies' Home Journal.

The railroad paymaster is one man who pays as he goes.

PERSONAL.

A. L. Sewell was in Niles today.

Mr. S. G. Deam of Niles was in town Friday.

John Morris was in Dowagiac, on Tuesday.

Mr. C. T. Lee spent Sunday in Benton Harbor.

Miss Maude Evans was a Niles visitor, Friday.

Mr. F. Stearn of Decatur was in town, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. A. F. Peacock were in Niles, Saturday.

Mr. Frank Sunday was over to Niles on Monday.

City Marshal F. W. Eldredge went to St. Joseph, Tuesday.

Mrs. A. Richards Jr. is in Grand Rapids visiting friends.

Miss Winnie Noble has returned from her visit in Chicago.

Station Agent E. E. Simmons was over from Galien, Tuesday.

Mrs. Snow of Paw Paw was calling Buchanan friends, Saturday.

E. R. Black leaves for Louisville, Kentucky, Saturday morning.

Editor D. H. Bower was in Benton Harbor on business, yesterday.

Mr. Julius Desenberg of Lawton, visited friends in town Monday.

Mr. B. F. Needham attended the Farmer's Institute at Berrien Springs Friday.

Deputy C. L. Emens of Battle Creek was in town, Tuesday; on K. O. T. M. business.

Miss Grace Godfrey returned Monday from a visit with relatives at Fairland.

Mrs. Ida Keating of Clyde, Ohio is her cousin Mrs. E. S. Roe and other relatives.

Mrs. D. V. Brown has returned from Elkhart and reports her sister much improved.

Mrs. Nettie Evans who has been visiting relatives and friends here has returned to her home in Jackson Mich.

Mr. Geo. Churchill has returned from the meeting of the Grand Lodge F. and A. M. at Detroit and reports a very fine time.

Miss Gertrude Kean, left on Monday for Evanston, where she will be bridemaid at the wedding of her cousin, Miss Bessie Kean. She will also visit in Chicago before returning.

REV. E. R. BLACK'S SEVERE LOSS.

His Home Destroyed by Fire Early This Morning.

The family of Rev. E. R. Black, pastor of the Christian Church had a narrow escape this morning. About half past three Mrs. Black woke up, and put some more wood in the stove and went back to bed. She was just going to sleep when she thought she smelled smoke, and opening her eyes she was startled to perceive a red glare at the window, and jumping up she ran out doors in the snow barefooted, to see where the fire was, when to her alarm she saw that the western end of their home was in flames. She aroused her husband and son Carey and it was seen that the structure was doomed. They then began the work of saving all the household goods possible, with the aid of the neighbors who quickly arrived upon the scene. The alarm was given by Mr. Frank Devin who ran to the nearest telephone and sent in the alarm. Owing to the cold and the heavy west wind blowing, a great many did not hear the alarm and knew nothing of the fire until this morning on coming down town. When the department arrived on the scene they found the hydrant on the corner of Third St. was frozen and had to go back to the one on Front St. to get any water, thus losing valuable time. The house was completely destroyed, but Mr. Black succeeded in saving nearly all of his valuable library, and about all of the movable articles in the parlor, sitting room and room off the parlor, but lost all of their dishes, and goods in the kitchen, dining room, and upstairs. They will lose about \$500 with no insurance. Mr. G. W. Dalrymple owned the house and estimates his loss at \$900 with \$500 insurance.

The fire originated somewhere on the western part of the house in the wood room, but the cause is a mystery as no ashes or fire have been in the room at any time. Kind neighbors opened their doors for the unfortunate family and kindly hands are aiding as far as possible in saving all that is possible from the ruined home. The entire community sympathized with Mr. and Mrs. Black in their misfortune.

Master Walter East, son of Mr. and Mrs. W. W. East, was at school today for the first time since being confined at home with a severe illness.

A Happy New Year to all. HOLIDAY PRESENTS. Of all sorts and kinds, suitable for Old or Young Large or Small, Rich or Poor. Don't fail to give me a call before buying. S. P. High.

BUY ROUND OAK STOVES OF E. S. ROE, THE HARDWARE MAN.

GROCERIES. Our stock of Groceries is full and complete. We have everything for the comfort of your table. Goods delivered FREE. C. D. KENT.

School Supplies and School Books. A complete stock. AT Runner's.

CHURCH NOTES. ADVENT CHRISTIAN. Elder S. P. Mabey, of Freeport, Ills., will preach at the Advent Christian church, Sunday morning and evening. LARGER HOPE. Eld. Paton will be preach in the Larger Hope church in Buchanan next Sunday at 10:30 a. m. and 3:00 p. m. All are cordially invited. PRESBYTERIAN. There will be no meeting of the Christian Endeavor society on Feb. 4th as the evening church service will be in their charge. A special program will be rendered in connection with the observance of Christian Endeavor day anniversary. Every member of the church and society is not only cordially invited, but expected to be present at this service at 7 o'clock, Feb. 4th. CHRISTIAN. Mrs. E. R. Black will occupy the pulpit of the Christian church next Sunday morning. In the evening there will be a special program including a symposium on "The Bible" by five speakers with special selections of music.

For Rent. A very desirable home on Street, electric lights, city water, good cistern, etc. Enquire of J. L. RICHARDS or G. B. RICHARDS. House for Sale or Rent. An elegant new house in good location will be sold on monthly payments or rented cheap. For particulars call on JOHN C. WENGER. Spectacles Found. A pair of spectacles in a case. Finder can obtain same upon calling at RECORD office, proving property and paying expenses. Notice. The annual meeting of the policyholders of the Farmer's Mutual Fire Insurance Company of Berrien Co., Mich., will be held at the Secretary's office in the village of Buchanan at 2 p. m. on Saturday, Feb. 3, 1900, for the purpose of electing a President and Secretary for one year each and four Directors for three years each, and for the transaction of such other business as may be lawfully transacted. R. V. CLARK, Sec

Card of Thanks. We wish to thank most heartily the many who aided us during the fire this morning, and desire especially to thank publicly our neighbors. Messrs. Kerns and Devin. Frank Devin gave us most efficient service. We have much to be thankful for. E. R. BLACK. L. O. T. M. A special meeting is called of East Hive L. O. T. M. for Friday night, Feb. 2d to receive and ballot on applications under a special dispensation. All members are requested to be present. R. K. Letters unclaimed remaining in P. O. at Buchanan, Mich., for week ending Jan. 30, 1900. E. W. Kughtley, W. A. Hoffman, G. F. Penweit, A. W. Phillips, Thos. Taylor. G. W. NOBLE, P. M.

Wood Wanted. Some first quality 16 inch beech or maple wood. Apply to RECORD office. New Feed and Sales Stable. Having leased the Front street livery barn, I will conduct the same as a first class Feed and Sales Stable. Personal attention given to the feeding of horses put up at my barn. When you come to town, let me see your horse. Satisfaction guaranteed. JOHN C. WENGER.

Call at the RECORD office and out how to secure one of those wonderful Archarena Bows. Cassopolis Genuine Flour sold only by Mrs. Bertha Roe.

SUPPLEMENT.

BUCHANAN RECORD.

THURSDAY, SEPT. 21.

CHURCH NOTES.

PRESBYTERIAN.

The regular church services will be resumed next Sabbath. The pastor will speak at 10:30 a. m. and at 7 p. m.

Note the change of hour earlier in the evening. Special music will be rendered at the morning service.

Sabbath School at noon as usual, and the C. E. Society at 6 p. m. Members and friends of the church will note the above and present themselves before the Lord in His Holy Temple.

SCHOOL NOTES.

EIGHTH GRADE.

Ethel Stryker prepared the best paper on "A Model Home."

Louis Wheelock, Nettie Wenger, Ethel Stryker, Sohn Cunningham, Nellie Clendenen, and Louis Runner stood above 90 in Friday's Arithmetic test.

Louis Runner gave the best talk on the Dreyfus Case, Monday morning. Minnie Graham and Clarence Van Every prepared good papers on the same subject.

The class in literature are learning "The Arrow and the Song" and illustrating the poem with drawings.

The class in civics are learning how to organize a society.

SIXTH GRADE.

We have some fine new supplementary readers, "Story of the Thirteen Colonies."

Mr. and Mrs. E. R. Black gave us a pleasant call, Monday.

Edna Myers and Charlie Lyddick have been visitors in the grade,

THIRD GRADE.

Eva Simpson who has been visiting in Detroit, entered school Wednesday.

Warren Avery is in school again, after an absence on account of sickness.

The rain kept a number of pupils from school Monday forenoon.

The pupils are learning the poem called "The Golden-rod."

Nature Study for this week is the sunflower, golden-rod, aster, thistle, and milkweed.

SECOND GRADE.

Enrollment 36.

Carl Remington is kept at home by illness.

The children have committed a choice Autumn poem.

Fiast fire in the furnace, Sept. 18th.

A beautiful window garden adds to the beauty of our room

Nature Study,—Observation of fall leaves and fruits.

FIRST GRADE.

Ellis Southerton, Nina Binns, Ora Cooper and Florence Keller had the neatest slates in the A class last week.

Julia, Willie, and Pearl Maddron and Melvin Whitesell entered school this week.

Grace and Flossie Baker were absent part of last week on account of illness.

A Wedding And A Surprise.

Yesterday about about 6 o'clock, Mr. Edwin Ashbrook, and Miss Nettie, eldest daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Freeman Franklin, residing just south of town, were married by Rev. E. R. Black at his home. The young couple had planned to be married and quietly return home and spend a little while with their parents before going to their own home, where they were going to housekeeping. Some of the friends of the young people decided upon a different plan, and quietly gathered at Mr. and Mrs. Franklin's home, and when the bride and groom arrived they were surprised to find about thirty of their friends at the house to give them a welcome and congratulations. After Mr. and Mrs. Ashbrook had recovered from their surprise and were duly congratulated, all present proceeded to have a royal good time, and the evening was passed with games, conversation and song. The gathering broke up at a late hour, the departing guests leaving many pleasant words, and substantial gifts for Mr. and Mrs. Ashbrook. Mr. and Mrs. Ashbrook will reside in Bertrand township about a half mile south of the Franklin farm.

M. E. Conference Appointments.

The following are the appointments for the conference district:

R. W. Van Shoick, presiding elder. Bangor, W. H. Moon; Benton Harbor, W. I. Cogshall; Berrien Springs, A. W. Wheeler; Buchanan, H. L. Potter; Bronson, L. L. Thomas; Burr Oak, John Fiedlar; Cassopolis, J. H. Riddick; Coloma and Watervliet, W. J. Douglass; Centerville, J. C. Newcomer; Colon, H. W. Thompson; Constantine, Isaiah L. Wilson; Coldwater, W. B. French; Decatur, A. N. Eldred; Dowagiac, W. A. Stacey; Edwardsburg, E. F. Newell; Galien, J. N. Dayton; Gilead, R. H. Wood; Girard, E. Eagle; Jonesville, F. N. Snyder; Hartford, G. C. Draper; Kinderhook and Silver Creek, B. L. Beeby; Kinderhook, J. Gulic; Lawrence, D. E. Wood; Lawton, S. P. Douglass; Marcellus, A. W. Mumford; Nottawa, C. F. Brown; New Buffalo, Ed. Finch; Niles, T. A. Chapman; Paw Paw, E. O. Mather; Pipestone, J. McDougall; Pokagan, C. D. Tubbs; Riverside, W. A. Robinson; St. Joseph, James Aamilton; Stevensville, T. H. Manning; Sherwood, G. W. Gosling; Sturgis, George A. Buell; Three Rivers, R. A. Wright; Three Oaks, F. M. Whitney; Union City, John Hillenbent; Vandalia, C. L. Keene; White Pigeon, B. B. Cain.

Rev. F. C. Berger came up from St. Joseph last evening en-route to Leslie, Mich. Mrs. Berger had gone to Leslie earlier in the day, in response to a telegram announcing the sudden death of her mother.

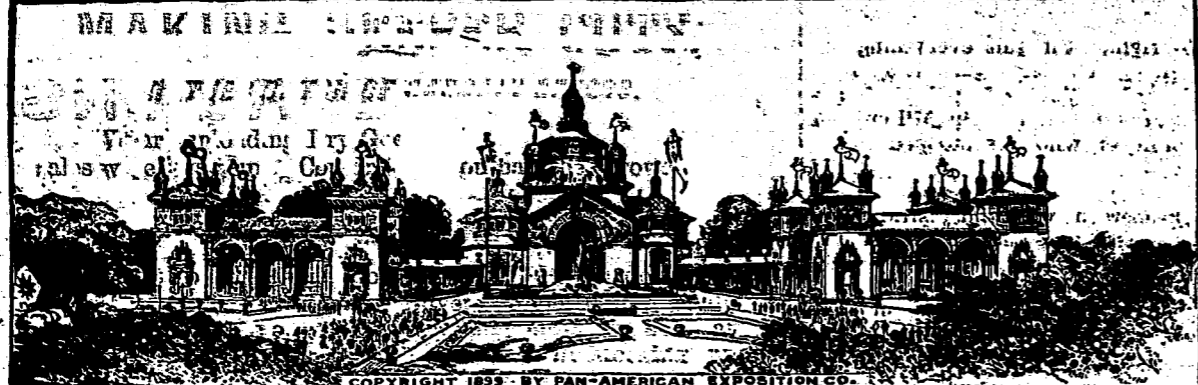
Mrs. Wm. Broceus went to Battle Creek, Saturday evening returning on Wednesday noon. She was accompanied home by her daughter, Mrs. Chas. Broceus and infant son Wm. K. Broceus, of Battle Creek, who will make a visit here with relatives

Mr. and Mrs. J. S. Vernon, of New Whatcom, Wash., are visiting Mrs. Vernon's brother, Mrs. J. V. Voorhees and family.

YOU HAVE A COLD

Do Not Dry It Up With Syrups.

If you have a Cold do not dry up the mucous with syrups or balms, but use Pepto Quinine Tablets. They not only cure the cold but improve the general health. 25c per box.



HORTICULTURE, GRAPHIC ARTS AND FORESTRY.

BUFFALO, N. Y., February 1st, 1900.

The three buildings for horticulture, graphic arts and forestry, of which Messrs. Peabody & Stearns are the architects, form a picturesque group at the end of the West Garden.



There is no greater foe to a woman's happiness than restlessness. This does not of necessity mean actual physical unrest, but the mental quality of discontent with oneself, one's surroundings, one's own actions, is the quality that makes days dark and spirits depressed.

Walk from one to three miles every day in broad-soled shoes and loose clothing, leaving cares at home. You may find them when you return, or they will have fled entirely.

Regular hours for sleeping and for eating are the best means of keeping perfect health. A dentist, on looking at a girl's teeth, found no cavities to fill. She asked in surprise: "How is that?"

Children, says a physician, "should be taught the use of a napkin to wipe the mouth frequently while eating, for hygienic as well as tidy reasons. Cold sores, common with some children, are often the result of careless eating more than anything else."

It has been said that we grow in face as we grow in thought, and that our faces are mirrors of our souls, but do we ever stop to think that our faces affect our souls also?

It is a fact, as we have found out, that a woe-begone expression will drive every one away from us. Even fortune deserts us. If we sink in melancholy and indulge ourselves in our fancied or real ills of mind or body we become diseased.

On the other hand, if a woman sits down and broods over her own ugliness, longing for beauty, she will grow uglier and uglier every day.

Laugh methodically if you cannot laugh any other way. Make it a business to laugh three times a day no matter whether there is anything to laugh at or not.

One woman not long since cured herself of chronic ill which no doctor seemed able to reach by simply making up her mind to treat herself in this manner. Her first prescription to herself was a good hearty laugh at each meal, and the entire family circle were in league to help her.

Simple Aids to Beauty. Sleep on a very low pillow or none at all. Sleeping on a flat bed will help to give straight, firmly-polished shoulders.

To do this, take a teaspoonful of water and hold it close to the eye, against the face, and open the eye in it. Open and shut two or three times to wash out the eye. Then dry with a soft towel.

To relieve a sty, wet a compress of old linen with boiling water and lay on the sty. Repeat every few minutes several times, and do this once an hour as long as may be necessary.

Never press the eyeball, as that flattens it in time and brings on premature loss of vision. If a cinder gets in the eye, wet a flax-seed and put it in one corner of the eyelid.

Courtesy of the Heart. There are two distinct kinds of courtesy; one is of the heart and the other is of the head. One is the expression of genuine kindness and goodwill, while the other is merely the result of good breeding.

Courtesy resulting from mere good breeding says and does pleasant and polite things in an exquisite manner with which the heart has nothing to do. Joab was courteous when, according to the approved custom of the time, he took Amasa by the beard to kiss him, saying: "Art thou in health, my brother?"

This cold-blooded kind of courtesy obtains to the present day, and so well is it affected that it often passes for courtesy of the heart. But it will not stand the tests that true courtesy will stand.

Courtesy of the heart makes no distinctions. It never lapses into unkindness and rudeness when talking to the lowest of one's inferiors, and it is never servile before its superiors. It is an attribute peculiarly gracious and charming in women, and they who possess it add largely to the growing beauty and sweetness and good of the world.—Harper's Bazar.

An Old Time Wrinkle Remedy. Any women who have read the Vicar of Wakefield would give much to know just what herbs and simples were used in the face wash that Mrs. Primrose and her bonny daughters were at such pains to make over the fire. Both dames and demoiselles of those times were famous for their fine complexions, and it is well worth while making a study of their means to this desirable end.

To make: put a cup of good cream in a small saucepan over the fire and stir until it boils; allow to cool and reheat. Do this three times. While hot stir in the juice of two lemons and two tablespoonfuls of cucumber juice. This may easily be pressed from this vegetable by cutting in bits the size of half a lemon and pressing in the squeezer in the same way as lemons. Stir in, also, two tablespoonfuls of glycerine and one of honey.

carline and one of honey. (The former may be omitted if it does not agree with the skin.) At the last add a few drops of any nice scent. The saucepan should be kept in hot water until the ingredients are well mixed, then removed and the contents stirred every few minutes until perfectly cold. It is now ready to be packed in small pots (like those that come with extract or beef), and covered with paper dipped in the white of an egg, to become airtight. The face should be washed with good soap and hot water, shading off to cold, over night, and this ointment carefully massaged into the skin.

When glycerine is omitted use sweet oil instead.

As to Eating Before Sleeping. A short time since physicians held the eating of food immediately before retiring almost a crime. The old theory is quite exploded: One medical journal, in commenting on the subject recently, said that while it is not good, as a matter of fact, to go to bed with the stomach so loaded that the undigested food will render one restless, still something of a light, palatable nature in the stomach is one of the best aids to quietude and rest.

The process of digestion goes on in sleep with as much regularity as when one is taking violent exercise to aid it, and so something in the stomach is very desirable for the night's rest. Some physicians have declared, indeed, that a good deal of the prevalent insomnia is the result of an unconscious craving of the stomach for food in persons who have been unduly frightened by the opinion that they must eat before going to bed, or who have, like many nervous women, been keeping themselves in a state of semi-starvation. Nothing is more agreeable on retiring for the night than to take a bowl of hot broth, like oatmeal gruel, or some good nourishing soup. It is a positive aid to nervous people, and induces peaceful slumbers. This is especially the case during cold winter nights, when the stomach craves warmth as much as any other part of the body.

Even a glass of hot milk is grateful to the palate on such occasions, but a bowl of light, well cooked gruel is better and during the cold months of winter should be the retiring food of every woman who feels, as many do, the need of food at night.—New York Ledger.

The Capable Girl's Lament. "It's a terrible misfortune to be able to do things," commented one girl to her sister, who possesses the knack of doing everything, from millinery to scrubbing. It is true that such a person is apt to be overworked by her friends, who, seeing the deft fingers work so quickly, are too forgetful of the strength used in gratifying their requests to "just help me out on this dear, you do it so beautifully." However, it is well to teach girls to do everything that they are likely to need to know in everyday life or emergencies. But with all the rest of the knowledge, impress upon the girls a regard for their own strength and the power to say no when nerves cry out that the limit of healthful endurance is reached.

Paper Teeth Now. It is certainly a reign of wood pulp that is upon us, for now a German has perfected a process for making false teeth, that is, artificial teeth for human use, manufactured from paper pulp instead of porcelain or the other materials usually used in the imitation of masticators of commerce. They are stated to be very satisfactory in every respect. They are not brittle and do not chip off. The moisture of the mouth has no effect upon these teeth, and they retain their color perfectly. They are lighter than porcelain and cheaper to make.

Tortoise Shell Always in Favor. Tortoise shell will ever remain in favor for hair ornaments, owing to its extreme lightness, which prevents any apparent weight to the wearer. The amber shell from the under part of the tortoise is handsome in light hair and more scarce than the dark veined shell, so it remains 100 per cent higher in price and much sought after. The handiwork shell comes from Ceylon, and the East Indies, with less choice from South America and Cuba. The best shell work is done in Italy.

An Experience Worth Trying. London women have discovered a very agreeable way of ridding their houses of flies and mosquitoes. They burn sandal wood in the house. This is an oriental idea. In London it is possible to get the wood prepared for this purpose, but here it is not so easy, as American women have not yet taken to the practice. Sandal wood can be bought at almost any Turkish or Japanese importing house. It is prepared for burning by being first cut into small pieces, half an inch in thickness and three inches in length. Then it is baked or dried out in a slow oven for twenty-four hours. A piece of the wood is put into a metal urn, lighted and allowed to burn until well aflame, when the flame is extinguished and the red hot ember left to smoulder until the wood is consumed and nothing is left but a heap of fine gray ashes. During the smouldering process the wood sends out a sweet and aromatic smoke.—Philadelphia Ledger.

Conundrum Suppers. A clever woman has invented the conundrum supper for raising money for Cuban relief or other charitable ends. "It is great fun for the guests," she says, "and highly remunerative to the philanthropists." The plan is to serve a supper à la carte, presenting the bewildered guest with a menu card written in enigma. From this he must order at random. Here is a specimen menu: "Pearl

First publication Dec. 14th, 1899. Mortgage Sale. Whereas default has been made in the payment of a certain mortgage dated the 23rd day of July 1898, made and executed by Jacob Imhoff, and Mary C. Imhoff his wife, and John F. Peck and Corinne Peck, his wife, all of said County of Michigan, to Roscoe D. Dix of the same place, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County on the 27th day of July, 1898, in Liber 43 of mortgages on page 140, and

Whereas said mortgage was duly assigned by Roscoe D. Dix to Hanson Hubbard of St. Joseph, Mo., Indiana, on the 23rd day of July, 1898, and recorded in said Register's office on the 28th day of July, 1898 in Liber 44 of mortgages on page 120, and

Whereas said mortgage was duly assigned by Hanson Hubbard to Haven Hubbard by a written assignment bearing date the 23rd day of January, 1899, and recorded in said Register's office on the 14th day of November, 1899, in Liber 45 of mortgages on page 515, and

Whereas the amount claimed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice is the sum of six thousand two hundred seventy two dollars and sixty nine cents (\$6,272.69), and no proceedings have been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof.

Whereas the power of sale contained in said mortgage, and the statute in such case made and provided, the undersigned will sell at public auction to the highest bidder, on the 15th day of March, 1900 at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day at the front door of the Court House in the city of St. Joseph, in said County, that being the place where the Circuit Court for said County is held, the premises described in said mortgage to satisfy said indebtedness, together with the expenses of sale, and the attorney fee provided for by law, and any amount the said Haven Hubbard may pay for taxes, insurance or otherwise to protect his interest as assignee of said mortgage, which said premises are described in said mortgage as follows to wit: All the following described pieces or parcels of land, situated in the Township of Greenlee, County of Berrien and State of Michigan, known as Greenlee, and containing the west half of the south-east quarter of section ten (10), eighty acres more or less. Also the one hundred acres of the south-west quarter of section ten (10).

Also the east half of the north-west quarter of section fifteen (15), eighty acres more or less, making two hundred and sixty acres hereby conveyed. All of said lands being in town eight (8) South, range fifteen (15) west. Dated December 14th, 1899.

First Publication Jan. 11, 1900. Estate of James Callaghan deceased. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien.—As Probate Court for said County. At a session of the Probate Court for said County held at the Probate Office in said County on Monday the 8th day of January in the year of our Lord one thousand nine hundred and one. Present, JAMES C. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of James Callaghan, deceased.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL "The Niagara Falls Route." TRAINS EAST. LEAVE BUCHANAN. Detroit Night Express, No. 8, 12:30 A. M. Mail, No. 6, 12:40 A. M. Express, No. 5, 12:50 P. M. Chicago & Kalamazoo Accom., No. 22 7:23 P. M.

St. Joseph, South Bend & Southern Railway. Time Table in effect Nov. 26, 1899. Southward trains Northward trains

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway. THE POPULAR ROUTE BETWEEN THE MICHIGAN CITIES AND ALL SOUTHERN PORTS.

VANDALIA LINE Terre Haute & Logansport Ry. Co. TIME TABLE. In effect Nov. 26, 1899. Trains leave South Bend as follows:

Milwaukee, Benton Harbor & Columbus Railway Co. Time Table. EFFECTIVE SUNDAY, OCT. 22, 1899, AT 12:05 O'CLOCK A. M.

The Michigan Presbyterian (WEEKLY) (\$1.00 PER YEAR). is the most popular Presbyterian paper that ever entered a Michigan home. It is distinctively a religious publication and strictly up to the times and literature and prose edited by Rev. William Bryant and has a staff of editorial contributors that rank among the foremost divines of Michigan whose writings are choice and whose thoughts give inspiration to every reader.

Foreclosure Sale. DEFAULT having been made in the terms and conditions of a certain mortgage dated the 13th day of August, A. D. 1893, executed by Jacob Imhoff and Corinne Peck, his wife, all of the village of Buchanan, County of Berrien, State of Michigan, to John R. Rough, of the township of Bertrand in said county, which mortgage was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County of Berrien, in Liber 54 of Mortgages on page 378, on the 18th day of August, A. D. 1893, on which mortgage there is claimed to be due on the date of this notice the sum of twelve hundred twenty-eight dollars and twenty-eight cents (\$1,228.28), to which is to be added the further sum of twenty-five dollars as an attorney fee ad valorem for in said mortgage; and no suit or proceeding at law having been instituted to recover the debt secured by the said mortgage, or any part thereof.

How to Clean Old Brass. One of the best methods of cleaning old brass is to pour very strong ammonia over the brass and then thoroughly scrub it with a regular scrubbing brush. After a few minutes of vigorous rubbing the brass will become as bright and shiny as new metal. Then rinse in clean water and wipe dry.

THE CRUCIFIXION OF PHILIP STRONG.

By REV. CHARLES M. SHELDON,
Author of "In His Steps: What Would Jesus Do?" "Malcolm Kirk," "Robert Hardy's Seven Days," Etc.

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SYNOPSIS.

Chapter I—Philip Strong, a minister, receives two calls, one to a college town, where he may live a quiet, scholarly life, to his liking, the other to a manufacturing town, where there is plenty of work to do among the laboring classes. He accepts the more active field.

Chapters II and III—Philip discovers that a number of his wealthy parishioners have properly rented for saloons and gambling houses. He interviews one of them and is advised that he had better not stir the matter up. The next Sunday he preaches upon the subject, and Mr. Winter, one of his most prominent parishioners rises from his seat and walks out of the church. The same evening Mr. Winter calls on the minister and resents what he calls an insult to himself, and threatens to withdraw his support from the church, unless he is satisfied with the sermon. The sermon creates great excitement, and the next Sunday a large crowd attends Phillips church, expecting a sensational sermon, but Philip disappoints them by preaching on an entirely different subject.

Chapter IV—Philip attacks the saloons and preaches against them to a large congregation.

"Men and women of Milton, fathers, mothers and citizens," he said, "this evil is one which cannot be driven out unless the Christian people of this place unite to condemn it and fight it regardless of results. It is too firmly established. It has its clutch on business, the municipal life, and even the church itself. It is a fact that the churches in Milton have been afraid to take the right stand in this matter. Members of the churches have become involved in the terrible entanglement of the long established rum power, until today you witness a condition of affairs which ought to stir the righteous indignation of every citizen and father. What is it you are enduring? An institution which blasts with its poisonous breath every soul that enters it, which ruins young manhood, which kills more citizens in times of peace than the most bloody war ever seen in times of revolution; an institution that is established for the open and declared purpose of getting money from the people by the sale of stuff that creates criminals; an institution that robs the honest workman of his savings and looks with indifference on the tears of the wife, the sobs of the mother; an institution that never gives one cent of its enormous wealth to build churches, colleges or homes for the needy; an institution that has the brand of the murderer, the harlot, the gambler burned into it with a brand of the devil's own forging in the furnace of his hottest hell. This institution so rules and governs this town of Milton today that honest citizens tremble before it; business men dare not oppose it for fear of losing money, church members fawn before it in order to gain place in politics, and ministers of the gospel confront its hideous influence and say nothing! It is high time we faced this monster of iniquity and drove it out of the stronghold it has occupied so long.

"I wish you could have gone with me this past week and witnessed some of the sights I have seen. No! I retract that statement. I would not wish that any father or mother had had the heartache that I have felt as I contemplated the ruins of young lives crumbling into the decay of premature debility, mocking the manhood that God gave them in the intoxicating curse of debauchery. What have I seen? O ye fathers! O ye mothers! Do you know what is going on in this place? Saloons licensed by your own act and made legal by your own will? You, madam, and you, sir, who have covenanted together in the fellowship and discipleship of the purest institution of God on earth, who have sat here in front of this pulpit and partaken of the emblems which remind you of your Redeemer, where are your sons, your brothers, your lovers, your friends? They are not here this morning. The church does not have any hold on them. They are growing up to disregard the duties of good citizenship. They are walking down the broad avenue of destruction, and what is this town doing to prevent it? I have seen young men from what are called the best homes in this town reel in and out of gilded temples of evil, oaths on their lips and passion in their looks, and the cry of my soul has gone up to Almighty God that the church and the home might combine their mighty force to drive the whisky demon out of our municipal life so that we might feel the curse of it again never more.

"I speak to you today in the name of my Lord and Master. It is impossible for me to believe that if that Christ of God were standing here this morning would advise the licensing of this corruption as the most feasible or expedient method of dealing with it. I cannot imagine him using the argument that the saloon must be licensed for the revenue that may be gained from it to support the school system. I cannot imagine Christ taking any position before the whisky power in that of uncompromising condemnation. He would say it was evil and evil and therefore to be opposed by every legal and moral restriction that society could rear against it. In my name, speaking as I believe he could speak if he were here this morning, I solemnly declare the necessity of the part of every disciple of Christ in any church in Milton of placing himself decidedly and persistently and in open battle against the saloon until it is destroyed, until its power in

business, politics and society is a thing of the past, until we have rid ourselves of the foul viper which has so many years trailed its slimy folds through our homes and our schools.

"Citizens, Christians, church members, I call on you today to take up arms against the common foe of that we hold dear in church, home and state. I know there are honest business men who have long writhed in secret at the ignominy of the halter about their necks by which they have been led. There are citizens who have the best interests of the community at heart who have hung their heads in shame of American politics, seeing this brutal whisky element dictating the government of the towns and parceling out their patronage and managing their funds and enormous stealings of the people's money. I know there are church members who have felt in their hearts the deep shame of bowing the knee to this rum god in order to make advancement in political life. And I call on all these today to rise with me and begin a fight against the entire saloon business and whisky rule in Milton until by the help of the Lord of Hosts we have got us the victory. Men, women, brothers, sisters in the great family of God on earth, will you sit tamely down and worship the great beast of this country? Will you not rather gird your swords upon your thighs and go out to battle against this blasphemous Philistine who has defied the armies of the living God? I have spoken my message. Let us ask the wisdom and power of the Divine to help us."

Philip's prayer was almost painful in its intensity of feeling and expression. The audience sat in deathly silence, and when he pronounced the amen of the benediction it was several moments before any one stirred to leave the church.

Philip went home completely exhausted. He had put into his sermon all of himself and had called up all his reserve power—a thing he was not often guilty of doing and for which he condemned himself on this occasion. But it was past, and he could not recall it. He was not concerned as to the results of his sermon. He had long believed that if he spoke the message, God gave him he was not to grow anxious over the outcome of it.

But the people of Milton were deeply stirred by the address. They were not in the habit of hearing that kind of preaching. And what was more, the whisky element was roused. It was not in the habit of having its authority attacked in that bold, almost savage manner. For years its sway had been undisturbed. It had insolently established itself in power until even those citizens who knew its thoroughly evil character were deceived into the belief that nothing better than licensing it was possible. The idea that the saloon could be banished, removed, driven out altogether, had never before been advocated in Milton. The conviction that whether it could be it ought to be suppressed had never gained ground with any number of people. They had endured it as a necessary evil. Philip's sermon, therefore, fell something like a bomb into the whisky camp. Before night the report of the sermon had spread all over the town. The saloon men were enraged. Ordinarily they would have paid no attention to anything a church or a preacher might say or do. But Philip spoke from the pulpit of the largest church in Milton. The whisky men knew that if the large churches should all unite to fight them they would make it very uncomfortable for them and in the end probably drive them out. Philip went home that Sunday night after the evening service with several bitter enemies. The whisky men contributed one element. Some



This time Philip fell.

of his own church members made up another. He had struck again at the same sore spot which he had wounded the month before. In his attack on the saloon as an institution he had again necessarily condemned all those members of his church who rented property to the whisky element. Again, as a month ago, these property holders went from the hearing of the sermon angry that they as well as the saloon power were under indictment.

As Philip entered on the week's work after that eventful sermon he began to feel the pressure of public feeling against him. He began to realize the littleness of championing a just

cause, alone. He felt the burden of the community's sin in the matter, and more than once he felt obliged to come in from his work and go up into

his study, there to commune with his Father. He was growing old very fast in these first few weeks in his new parish.

Tuesday evening of that week Philip had been writing a little while in his study, where he had gone immediately after supper. It was nearly 8 o'clock when he happened to remember that he had promised a sick child in the home of one of his parishioners that he would come and see him that very day.

He came down stairs, put on his hat and overcoat and told his wife where he was going.

"It's not far. I shall be back in about half an hour, Sarah."

He went out, and his wife held the door open until he was down the steps. She was just on the point of shutting the door as he started down the sidewalk when a sharp report rang out close by. She screamed and flung the door open again, as by the light of the street lamp she saw Philip stagger and then leap into the street toward an elm tree which grew almost opposite the parsonage. When he was about in the middle of the street, she was horrified to see a man step out boldly from behind the tree, raise a gun and deliberately fire at Philip again. This time Philip fell and did not rise. His tall form lay where the rays of the street lamp shone on it, and he had fallen so that as his arms stretched out there he made the figure of a huge and prostrate cross.

CHAPTER V.

As people waked up in Milton the Wednesday morning after the shooting of Philip Strong they grew conscious of the fact, as the news came to their knowledge, that they had been nursing for 50 years one of the most brutal and cowardly institutions on earth and licensing it to do the very thing which at last it had done. For the time being Milton suffered a genuine shock. Long pent up feeling against the whisky power burst out, and public sentiment for once condemned the source of the cowardly attempt to murder.

Various rumors were flying about. It was said that Mr. Strong had been stabbed in the back while out making parish calls in company with his wife and that she had been wounded by a pistol shot herself. It was also said that he had been shot through the heart and instantly killed. But all these confused reports were finally set at rest when those calling at the parsonage brought away the exact truth.

The first shot fired by the man from behind the tree struck Philip in the knee, but the ball glanced off. He felt the blow and staggered, but his next impulse was to rush in the direction of the sound and disarm his assailant. That was the reason he had leaped into the street. But the second shot was better aimed, and the bullet crashed into his upper arm and shoulder, shattering the bone and producing an exceedingly painful, though not fatal, wound.

The shock caused Philip to fall, and he fainted away, but not before the face of the man who had shot him was clearly stamped on his mind. He knew that he was one of the saloon proprietors whose establishment Philip had visited the week before. He was a man with a barrel, and there was no mistaking his countenance.

When the people of Milton learned that Philip was not fatally wounded, their excitement cooled a little. A wave of indignation, however, swept over the town when it was learned that the would be murderer was recognized by the minister, and it was rumored that he had openly threatened that he would "fix the cursed preacher so that he would not be able to preach again."

Philip, however, felt more full of fight against the rum devil than ever. As he lay on the bed the morning after the shooting he had nothing to regret or fear. The surgeon had been called at once, as soon as his wife and the alarmed neighbors had been able to carry him into the parsonage. The ball had been removed and the wounds dressed. By noon he had recovered somewhat from the effects of the operation and was resting, although very weak from the shock and suffering considerable pain.

"What is that stain on the floor, Sarah?" he asked as his wife came in with some article for his comfort. Philip lay where he could see into the other room.

"It is your blood, Philip," replied his wife, with a shudder. "It dripped like a stream from your shoulder as we carried you in last night. Oh, Philip, it is dreadful! It seems to me like an awful nightmare. Let us move away from this terrible place. You will be killed if we stay here."

"There isn't much danger if the rest of 'em are as poor shots as this fellow," replied Philip. "Now, little woman," he went on cheerfully, "don't worry. I don't believe they'll try it again."

Mrs. Strong controlled herself. She did not want to break down while Philip was in his present condition.

"You must not talk," she said as she smoothed his hair back from the pale forehead.

"That's pretty hard on a preacher, don't you think, Sarah? My occupation is gone if I can't talk."

"Then I'll talk for two. They say that most women can do that."

"Will you preach for me next Sunday?"

"What, and make myself a target for saloon keepers? No, thank you. I have half a mind to forbid you ever preaching again. It will be the death of you."

"It is the life of me, Sarah. I would not ask anything better than to die with the armor on, fighting evil. Well, all right. I won't talk any more. I suppose there's no objection to my thinking a little?"

"Thinking is the worst thing you can do. You just want to lie there and do nothing but get well."

"All right. I'll quit everything except eating and sleeping. Put up a little placard on the head of the bed saying: 'Biggest curiosity in Milton! A live minister who has stopped thinking and talking! Admission 10 cents! Proceeds to be devoted to teach saloon keepers how to shoot straight!' Philip was still somewhat under the influence of the doctor's anesthetic, and as he faintly murmured this absurd sentence he fell into a slumber which lasted several hours, from which he awoke very feeble and realizing that he would be confined to the house some time, but feeling in good spirits and thankful out of the depths of his vigorous nature that he was still spared to do God's will on earth.

The next day he felt strong enough to receive a few visitors. Among them was the chief of police, who came to inquire concerning the identity of the man who had done the shooting. Philip showed some reluctance to witness against his enemy. It was only when he remembered that he owed a duty to society as well as to himself that he described the man and related minutely the entire affair exactly as it occurred.

"Is the man in town?" asked Philip.

"Has he not fled?"

"I think I know where he is," replied the officer. "He's in hiding, but I can find him. In fact, we have been hunting for him since the shooting. He is wanted on several other charges."

Philip was pondering something in silence. At last he said:

"When you have arrested him, I wish you would bring him here if it can be done without violating any ordinance or statute."

The officer stared at the request, and the minister's wife exclaimed: "Philip, you will not have that man come into the house! Besides, you are not well enough to endure a meeting with the wretch!"

"Sarah, I have a good reason for it. Really, I am well enough. You will bring him, won't you? I do not wish to make any mistake in the matter. Before the man is really confined under a criminal charge of attempt to murder I would like to confront him here. There can be no objection to that, can there?"

The officer finally promised that, if he could do so without attracting too much attention, he would comply with the request. It was a thing he had never done before. He was not quite easy in his mind about it. Nevertheless Philip exercised a winning influence over all sorts and conditions of men, and he felt quite sure that if the officer could arrest his man quietly he would bring him to the parsonage.

This was Thursday night. The next evening, just after dark, the bell rang, and one of the church members who had been staying with Mr. Strong during the day went to the door. There stood two men. One of them was the chief of police. He inquired how the minister was and said that he had a man with him whom the minister was anxious to see.

Philip heard them talking and guessed who they were. He sent his wife out to have the men come in. The officer with his man came into the bedroom where Philip lay, still weak and suffering, but at his request propped up a little with pillows.

"Well, Mr. Strong, I have got the man, and here he is," said the officer, wondering what Philip could want of him. "I ran him down in the 'crow's nest' below the mills, and we popped him into a hack and drove right up here with him. And a pretty sweet specimen he is. I can tell you! Take off your hat and let the gentleman have another look at the brave chap who fired at him in ambush."

The officer spoke almost brutally, forgetting for a moment that the prisoner's hands were manacled. Remembering it the next instant, he pulled off the man's hat, while Philip looked calmly at the features. Yes, it was the same hideous, brutal face, with the barrel, which had shone up in the rays of the street lamp that night. There was no mistaking it for any other.

"Why did you want to kill me?" asked Philip after a significant pause. "I never did you any harm."

"I would like to kill all the cursed preachers," replied the man hoarsely.

"You confess, then, that you are the man who fired at me, do you?"

"I don't confess anything. What are you talking to me for? Take me to the lockup if you're going to!" the man exclaimed, fiercely, turning to the officer.

"Philip," cried his wife, turning to him with a gesture of appeal, "send them away! It will do no good to talk to this man!"

Philip raised his hand in a gesture toward the man that made every one in the room feel a little awed. The officer, in speaking of it afterward, said: "I tell you, boys, I never felt quite the same except once, when the old Catholic priest stepped up on the platform with old man Gower time he was hanged at Millville. Somehow then I felt as if when the priest raised his hand and began to pray, maybe we might all be glad to have some one pray for us if we get into a tight place."

To be continued.



900 DROPS
CASTORIA
Vegetable Preparation for Assimilating the Food and Regulating the Stomachs and Bowels of
INFANTS CHILDREN
Promotes Digestion, Cheerfulness and Rest. Contains neither Opium, Morphine nor Mineral. NOT NARCOTIC.
Recipe of DR. J. C. WELLS, PHARMACEUTICAL
Pumpkin Seed
Aloe
Sassafras
Cinnamon
Licorice
Sulphur
Cane Sugar
Glycerine
A Perfect Remedy for Constipation, Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Worms, Convulsions, Feverishness and Loss of Sleep.
Fac-Simile Signature of
J. C. Wells
NEW YORK.
At 6 months old
35 DROPS - 35 CENTS
EXACT COPY OF WRAPPER.

CASTORIA

For Infants and Children.

The Kind You Have Always Bought

Bears the Signature

of

Dr. J. C. Wells

In Use For Over

Thirty Years
CASTORIA

At The "Popular Store."

AFTER INVOICING SALE!

ODDS AND ENDS.

INVOICING has just been finished, and this week will be spent in interesting you in many odd lots of desirable goods. Remnants, broken size assortments and what not, re-marked at low prices for quick sales. All this means exceptional bargain giving, for I want a clean store in which to receive my new Spring purchases, now on their way to South Bend.

Dress Goods, ODD LOTS.

Some are waist lengths, some are skirt lengths, some broken color assortments in part pieces, but prices on any of them lean very much your way.

A lot of Silk Remnants in this sale. A lot of Dress Patterns that were formerly priced \$10, \$15 and \$25 each, are included in this sale, and you can have your choice for

\$5.00

Some great values for the money here.

Jackets and Capes.

Many are taking advantage of the sale which continues this week in the Cloak department, and they are saving money. Assortments broken now, but style is there, and value is there. Now suppose you see if you can be equally lucky on size; if so, then you've got a bargain sure: \$8.50 to \$8.50 Jackets and Capes are selling for

\$4.98

All prices are reduced in this department.

Kid Gloves.

To close out the Kid Glove department, I offer 500 pairs of 75 cent Kid Gloves at only 40 cents a pair. This is a broken assortment. If you can find your size and the color you desired, you've found a bargain.

NEXT WEEK

In answer to the many inquiries concerning the new goods you are expecting, I will say that your hopes will be realized, next week, when I shall invite you to come down to see the grandest lot of merchandise ever opened in South Bend. No pains or effort will have been spared to bring on the brightest, best and newest lot of Dry Goods this store has ever shown. Read my next week's advertisement. You will find something of interest.

JOHN CHESS ELLSWORTH,

SUCCESSOR TO ROSE & ELLSWORTH.

113-115 N. MICH. ST. SOUTH BEND, INDIANA

Store Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

MAKING DEEPER CUTS

ANOTHER BATCH OF BARGAIN OFFERS!

We are unloading Dry Good rapidly. Last week our sales were away up. Couldn't wait on half the crowd that came.

STILL BIGGER BARGAINS FOR YOU THIS WEEK.

No let up till all our goods are sold. Prices don't cut much figure now. This is the Buyers' opportunity. Only Sixty Days till we close up. Everything must be sold at some price. Small dealers will save money by stocking up here.

Wool Underwear.

Ladies' Union Suits at a great reduction.
 \$2.50 Suits, now \$1.50
 2.00 Suits, now 1.25
 1.50 Suits, now 1.00
 1.00 Suits, now75
 .75 Suits, now50
 50 Suits, now39
 Children Union Suits, 50c quality, now19
 All other kinds Greatly Reduced.

Children's Coats and Jackets.

All this season's make, bring your girls along and let us fit them.
 \$3.00 Jackets, now \$1.50
 5.00 Jackets, now 2.50
 7.00 Jackets, now 3.50
 All Sizes and Colors.

Ladies' Silk Waists.

\$6.50, 6.00 and 5.00 Waists, Black and Colors, now 3.95
 \$7.50 and 8.50 fancy waists now 5.95

Skirt Clearing.

A great cut on dress skirts.
 \$1.75 black brocade dress skirts, now98
 \$4.00 and 5.00 skirts, consisting of black fancies, plaids and greys, now 2.48
 Take your choice now of all our black silk and satin dress skirts up to \$10.00 in value while they last for 5.00

Dress Goods Remnants.

The big sale of last week left a big lot of short lengths of Dress Goods of all kinds and colors.
 These are all piled up on a big table and this week we will let them off at one third and one half regular price.

Hosiery Bargains.

Children's 15c black ribbed hose, now 8c
 Children's 10c black ribbed hose, now 4c
 Infants' Fine Black hose, 20c quality, sizes 4 to 5 1/2, now 5c

Fu

Everything Must Go.
 \$5.00 Collarettes, now \$2.50
 7.50 Collarettes, now 3.00
 10.00 Collarettes, now 5.00
 15.00 Collarettes, now 10.00
 A lot of Black Martin Muffs at half price.

Embroideries, Laces, Yokings, Handkerchiefs, at greatly reduced prices.

Ladies' Suits.

All men-tailored and splendid fitting, blacks, brown, tans, greys and navy.
 \$10 Suits, now 5.00
 \$15 and \$20 suits, 10.00
 \$25 suits, all silk lined now 12.50

Ladies' Jackets.

Deep cuts to close 'em out quickly. No shoddy, cheap jackets here. All made by artists.
 \$ 7.50 black kerseys, now \$3.50
 10.00 Jackets, now 5.00
 15.00 jackets, now 7.50
 These are made from extra fine imported kersey cloths and lined with superb quality fancy silk taffeta.

McHENRY & COMPANY.

215 and 217 South Michigan St.

Auditorium Block, - - - South Bend.

language classes.

The cold weather keeps a number of the pupils at home. Monday the attendance was the smallest we have had this year, there being but thirty-one present.

Gertrude Leonard is our organist this week.

Selections from Lowell are being memorized by the reading classes.

Unusually good work in arithmetic was done last week by Carl Renbarger, Gertrude Leonard, Fanny Smith, Archie Raven, Frances Walters, Eva File, Fred Roe, Clifford Peters, Bessie Davis and Kern Diggins.

FOURTH GRADE.

Most of the pupils did well in the examination.

Van Brown is out of school on account of sickness.

Coal has been quite an interesting topic in Geography this week. The pupils are also drawing a map of the United States.

We are learning the the poem "Excelsior" from Longfellow.

THIRD GRADE.

The storm Monday and Tuesday kept a number from attending school.

The pupils enjoyed an imaginary journey to the north last week.

The story of the life of Hans Christian Anderson was read Friday.

SECOND GRADE.

Per cent of attendance for January was 96. Leland Robinson was the only tardy pupil. There are two cases of whooping cough and two of measles.

After an absence of three weeks Vita Lewis is with us again.

Lessons from the lives of Washington, Lincoln, Longfellow and Lowell will be in order for February.

Our school room was like a summer land Monday morning notwithstanding the severe weather outside.

FIRST GRADE.

Willie Hess is with us again after an absence of six weeks.

We have some lilac buds started which serve as subjects for drawing and nature study.

Each Friday is used as a day of general review. Last Friday we had a spelling match.

CORRESPONDENCE

DAYTON.

Miss Ella Allspaugh was home over Sunday.

Miss Beulah Noyes and Mr. Seba Allen attended the teacher's institute at Galien Saturday. It was very fine and well worth attending.

Mr. Wm. Downing is on the sick list this week.

Mr. Fred Richter is visiting in Michigan City.

Several of our Dayton young people attended the Galien dance Thursday evening, reporting a swell time.

Mr. O. H. Williams of the firm of Williams & Downing went to Niles Tuesday on business.

BENTON HARBOR.

The new Citizens State Bank opened its doors yesterday morning.

The M. W. A. will present the comedy "Old Uncle Jason," Feb. 7, for the benefit of the camp.

The Anderson-Tulby Co. which manufactures fruit packages will build a two story ware house 50x110 feet in the spring.

Charles Foster, who has been the cashier at the Farmers' and Merchant's bank since its organization twelve years ago, has resigned and Warren Barroll has been elected to fill the vacancy.

The Farwell Overall factory, of Chicago, is about to establish a branch factory somewhere to employ about 500 hands. Compliments have been exchanged with Benton Harbor as with Buchanan, Niles and other towns. The one that offers the strongest inducements will probably secure the plum.

This city had a \$26,000 fire Sunday night, starting a little before 1 o'clock and lasting till it consumed three manufacturing establishments on West Main St. Al Emerson's street cornice and metal roofing, Berkhirser's planing and scroll works and Thayer & Co's basket and fruit package factories all yielded to the flames. The St. Joe firemen were called over, with their steamer, but were not pressed into service as by hard work the fire was finally checked, and kept from creeping closer into town. The cause of the fire is unknown. Insurance, \$6300.

SIXTH GRADE.

The following named pupils stood 100 in the physiology test Monday:— Arthur Fowler, Ruth East, Zella Stanton, Harold Wenger, Margaret Devin, Edna-Kean, Fannie Meade and Lulu Broceus.

Olive Curran gave us a call Monday morning.

Edna Kean won in the arithmetic contest.

George Imhoff drew the best map of the United States last week.

Pupils are having a much needed drill in the analysis of sentences.

FIFTH GRADE.

Mrs. Peacock was a visitor Friday afternoon.

The different forms of pronouns are occupying the attention of the

ADVANCE

SPECIAL SALE

BOOTS AND SHOES.

We are receiving our fall stock and are making prices that will make it an object for you to trade with us.

We are going to do

A Big Business

this fall, if good goods and low prices will prevail.

THIS IS YOUR OPPORTUNITY.

COME AND SEE US

CARMER & CARMER,

BUCHANAN, MICH

32 FRONT STREET.

Fairland.

J. B. Ullery went to Benton Harbor Tuesday to attend the Farmers' Institute.

F. D. Matthews went to Elkhart Tuesday morning.

Cash Wolfgang and wife of South Bend spent part of last week with James Wolfgang and family.

Mr. Simmons of Indianapolis was here last week visiting his brother Leonard Simmons.

J. C. Steinbauer is in South Bend having a cancer treated.

Mr. and Mrs. Villwock spent Sunday with friends in St. Joseph.

The F. S. C. met Saturday evening at the home of D. H. Ullery. A most enjoyable time was had and one new name was added to our list of members. The Club now has thirty-four members. The next meeting will be held at the home of Miss Adah Steiner.

NEW TROY.

New Troy is in the swim this winter, we have a Medicine Show every night, church services three nights a week, K. O. T. M. on the war path most of the time, and a L. O. T. M. just started.

The K. O. T. M. are contemplating the building of a hall in the spring. The schools are progressing finely under the management of Prof. Faulkner, Mr. Kean and Miss Knight.

GALIEN.

Mrs. Emma Carlisle returned Saturday from a week's visit with relatives in Pokagon.

Charlie Bower was in South Bend, Saturday on business.

B. R. Jones was in Elkhart over Sunday visiting his brother.

The Wolverine factory are employing a larger force of men than they have at any time in the last ten years.

The dancing party given by the Galien dancing club was a grand success, though the weather was very stormy there were 36 couple present and everyone had a good time. The boys will give another party in the near future.

Supt. Avery of Buchanan attended the teachers' institute here Saturday.

Mr. and Mrs. Williams Niles were in town, Saturday.

The revival meetings at the M. E. Church will continue all this week, great interest is being shown.

Miss Hagley of South Bend is visiting relatives north of town the week. A large delegation from the Gal-

MERCHANT TAILORING.

Best work. Satisfaction guaranteed.

I have purchased the stock of cloths formerly carried by Wm. Trenbeth and at such a figure that I can give you GREAT BARGAINS in SUITS, OVERCOATS, and TROUSERS.

I can make a suit from \$15 and up.

Trenbeth's Old Stand.

J. HERSHENOW, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Nasal CATARRH

In all its stages there should be cleanliness. Ely's Cream Balm cleanses, soothes and heals the diseased membrane. It cures catarrh and drives away a cold in the head quickly. Cream Balm is placed into the nostrils, spread over the membrane and is absorbed. Relief is immediate and a cure follows. Do not try any other remedy. It does not produce sneezing. Largest supply of bottles or by mail; Trial Size, 10 cents by mail. ELY BROTHERS, 50 Warren Street, New York.

CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH PENNYROYAL PILLS

Beware of Counterfeits. Refuse all Substitutes. Safe. Always reliable. Ladies, ask Druggist for CHICHESTER'S ENGLISH in Red and Gold metallic boxes, sealed with blue ribbon. Take no other. Refuse dangerous substitutes and imitations. Buy of your Druggist or send 4c. in stamps for Particulars, Testimonials and "Relief for Ladies," in letter by return Mail. 10,000 Testimonials. Sold all Druggists. CHICHESTER CHEMICAL CO., 2100 Madison Square, PHILA., PA. Mention this paper.

Livery Notice.

After Jan. 1st I will be at my Day Ave. barn only, where I will let single rig to South Bend for \$1.50, two seat \$2.00, three-seat \$3.00, and other trips in proportion.

Township Taxes.

The warrant for the collection of Township Taxes has been in my hands and I will be ready to receive payments on the same at Bros. & Co's Bank, on and after ember 9th.

HERBERT ROE, Treasurer.

A remedy for Nasal Catarrh which is not only exciting to the diseased membrane but not to be used. What is needed is that cleansing, soothing, protecting and healing a remedy is Ely's Cream Balm. Prices 50c per bottle. Sold by all Druggists or by mail, by Ely Bros., Warren St., New York. Upon being placed in the nostrils it spreads over the membrane and relief is immediate. It is an agreeable

Pepto Quinine Tablets. These tablets relieve and cure constipation. 25 cents.

EDUCATIONAL.

SCHOOL NOTES.

The following is a list of the classes in the Buchanan High School with the number of pupils in each class:— British Literature, 12; American History, 15; Review, General History, 8; Review, Algebra, 6; 9th Grade English Classics, 43; 10th Grade Algebra, 17; 9th Grade Algebra, 41; American Literature, 17; English History, 24; 10th Grade English Classics, 17; Geometry, 11; Astronomy, 8; Botany, 42; Physical Geography, 12; Chemistry, 11; Physics, 15; Vergil, 1; Cicero, 4; German, XII, 7; Caesar, 5; German XI 18; Latin Lessons, 24; General History, 16.

EIGHTH GRADE.

Director G. B. Treat visited us Wednesday.

Clarence VanEvery, Lois Wheelock, John Cunningham and Nellie Clendenen, did the best work in object drawing.

Clarence VanEvery, Grace Rouse, Bertha Edgin and Nettie Wenger stood 100 in Arithmetic last week.

The class in Civics reproduced the speech of Mr. Beveridge the youngest senator in Congress.

The following pupils averaged between 95 and 100 last month:— Clarence VanEvery, Grace Rouse, Bertha Edgin, Lois Wheelock, Nettie Wenger, Louis Runner, Nellie Clendenen, Manna Fydel and Vera Glidden. Only two stood below 80.

John Cunningham brought into class a picture of Perry's statue which he photographed himself during his recent visit to Cleveland.

"The Vision of Sir Launfal" is being read, a review of which will be prepared for Friday's lesson in literature.

The Class of '04 held their first, social meeting at Mauna Fydel's Friday evening, Jan. 26th. The Literary Committee prepared a program which was enjoyed by all. Clarence VanEvery received a volume of Whittier's poems for answering the greatest number of geographical questions, and Lois Wheelock received a volume of Lowell's poems for best representing a song, Ice cream and cake were served, and all departed having had a very pleasant time.

Fern Southerton will write the school notes next week.

SEVENTH GRADE.

On the afternoon of February 21st, this grade will celebrate Washington's birthday. This birthday was chosen in preference to the others of this month on account of the work we are now having in history.

In the physiology class, for the past week, we have been studying the names and classification of the bones. The skeleton has been used and has found a great help.

Anna Farling was kept from school last week by a severe cold.

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