

BUCHANAN RECORD.

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NUMBER 29

TEMPTED AND HE FELL

POSTMASTER AT RAPID CITY IS IN SERIOUS TROUBLE.

OVER SEVEN HUNDRED DOLLARS SHORT IN HIS ACCOUNTS.

ARRESTED AND PLACED IN JAIL AT GRAND RAPIDS.

Rapid City, Mich., Aug. 23.—Considerable excitement has been caused here by the arrest of T. G. Anderson, postmaster of this village, by United States Deputy Marshal Ed O'Donnell, for alleged embezzlement of United States funds to the amount of \$700. Mr. Anderson is well known in church and society circles in Kalkaska county and his wrongdoing comes as a complete surprise. He was taken to Grand Rapids by Officer O'Donnell, where he will be brought before the United States Court. W. A. Seger will act as postmaster until a regular appointment is made.

OUR BUTTER PLEASES.

There Is Said to be a Good Demand in England.

Washington, Aug. 23.—Michigan producers of dairy products will be interested in the forthcoming report of Chief Alvord, of the dairy division of the department of agriculture, on experiments made under the auspices of the department in shipments of American butter to England. Maj. Alvord shows by data collected by agents of the department that a splendid market can be established in England by a continuous supply of good butter, maintaining the quality at all times. The report points out that the chief difficulty with American exporters is that they neglect the foreign markets except when there is an overproduction in the United States. "If our exporters will persevere," said Maj. Alvord, "they will be rewarded for their efforts, as the prices generally attained in England are good. Inquiries are frequently coming to our department from English merchants asking us to recommend American exporters who can supply choice butter continuously the year round."

Christian Endeavor Societies.

Ionia, Mich., Aug. 23.—The conference committee of the Seventh Day Adventists, at their annual meeting here, adopted resolutions approving the appointment of a conference superintendent of church schools, the appointment of a teachers' examining board for those who design teaching in the church school; the putting of one or more foreign missionaries upon the payroll of the Michigan conference; special efforts in evangelistic work in the northern peninsula; change of time of the annual conference and camp meeting to September; the organization of Young People's Christian Endeavor societies and the establishment of reading circles for study for foreign missionary fields.

Company Will Sue the City.

Menominee, Mich., Aug. 23.—The city of Menominee has been notified by the water company that an action for damages will be brought against it for allowing the sewage to flow into the river and bay, which, it is claimed, pollutes and makes the water unfit for domestic purposes. Some time since the city secured a favorable decision in the Circuit Court in its suit with the water company, brought for the purpose of testing the validity of its franchise, and the latest move on the part of the company is causing quite a commotion. The case will be brought up for trial at the November term of the Circuit Court.

Found in the Woods.

Allegan, Mich., August 22.—Daniel Doud left his son's home at Diamond Springs July 24, saying he was going away. As he was over 80 and slightly demented they took no notice of it. He has a son Charles living near Cadillac and they thought he had gone to him. Ernest, the son here, wrote to Charles, but the old man had not been to see him. Mr. Reed, who lives three miles east of South Monterey, said his wife spoke to him about an old man calling at the back door and asking for a drink of water. Mr. Reed drove to Ernest Doud's Monday and told him what Mrs. Reed said, and they both started out to search. They found the old man's body in the woods opposite Reed's, badly decomposed and lying by a log. He must have starved to death.

Rural Free Delivery.

Ionia, Mich., August 22.—The prospects are that Ionia county will soon be among those localities in Michigan and the country at large having rural free delivery service. It was a part of Congressman Smith's mission to this city last Friday, and through his energy arrangements have already been started to have the service in operation here about September 1. Four routes will be established with this city as the center and the scheme will be given a thorough trial. A special agent of the postal department will be here at the above date to set things running right.

DEAD AND WOUNDED.

Casualties in the Philippines Reported by Gen. Otis.

Washington, August 23.—Gen. Otis has reported by cable the following additional casualties in his command: Killed—Near Angeles. Twelfth Infantry. Musician Edwin S. Boatwright; John P. Brooks, Edward E. Householder, First Lieut. Alfred W. Drew. Wounded at San Fernando, hospital corps. Geo. W. Greenwell, head, moderate; Thirty-sixth Infantry. John G. Tahl, foot, slight; Twenty-second Infantry, near San Luis. James O'Connell, leg, slight; Twelfth Infantry, near Angeles. First Lieut. Wm. H. Williams, eye, severe; Chas. C. Knighton, arm, slight; Corp. Frank J. Raft, foot, slight; Henry Malcoest, elbow, severe; Fred P. Steiger, leg, moderate; Carl Hennings, hand, severe; Jordan Rogers, leg, slight; Ansel F. Ware, arm, moderate; Mm. I. Messelheimer, arm, moderate; Albert Irvin, abdomen, severe; Louis R. Stroup, forearm, slight; Musician Milton Roeder, leg, slight; Stephen Braddish, forearm, slight; First Lieut. Willis Gline, neck, severe. At Bacolor. Quartermaster-Sergeant Fred S. Beach, thigh, moderate; First Washington, near San Pedro Mucati, Corp. Otis L. Denny, chest, severe; Twenty-third Infantry, near Guadalupe, Cebu. Second Lieut. Alx J. McNabb, Jr., scalp, slight.

BRIEF DISPATCHES.

There were 240 enlistments in the volunteer army Tuesday, swelling the total to 15,152 men.

The contributions to the Dewey home fund yesterday were \$101.20, making a total to date of \$19,229.51.

The feature of Tuesday's session of the Dreyfus court-martial was the enthusiastic reception which greeted the return of Counsel Labori, whose assassination was recently attempted.

The resignation of Thomas B. Reed, a congressman in the first Maine district, was received by Gov. Powers Tuesday. It is to take effect Sept. 4, and it has been accepted by Gov. Powers.

Beginning Sept. 1 the Baltimore & Ohio railroad will operate the West Virginia & Pittsburg railroad under a 999 years' lease. The jurisdiction of General Superintendent Fitzgerald will be extended over West Virginia & Pittsburg.

The surveying steamer Pathfinder has reported her arrival at Valparaiso en route to Hawaiian and Alaskan waters. She is due at San Francisco the middle of next month and will then proceed to hydrographic service along the Hawaiian coast.

Postmaster-General Smith has issued an order declaring that the use of the words "private mailing cards" on printed matter or cards which do not conform to the prescribed size and quality of card, is unauthorized, and that such cards are accordingly unmailable.

The transport Burnside has sailed from Cienfuegos to Havana on her way to New York. The authorities at San Juan, Porto Rico, would not allow the Burnside to enter that port because she came from Cienfuegos and there was a reported case of yellow fever on board her.

Acting Secretary Meiklejohn has appointed James A. Spaulding, of Washington, D. C.; David G. Belt, of Iowa; H. C. Lappin, of Washington, D. C.; and William L. Spaulding, of New York, clerks at \$1,800 a year, to assist in taking the census of the people of Cuba. They have been ordered to proceed to Santa Clara.

Assistant Secretary Vanderlip has instructed the collector of customs at Key West not to institute proceedings against the seven Canadian fishing vessels seized last month near Port Roberts for fishing, as alleged, in American waters. The instructions were based on a careful investigation by the United States district attorney, who reported that in this instance he was satisfied the fishermen were not intentional poachers in American waters.

The agitation in Germany over the growth of American trade continues to be shown in reports to the state department from consuls in Germany. Vice Consul General Hanauer has forwarded from Frankfurt the annual reports of a number of leading chambers of commerce throughout Germany, all showing the apprehension felt in commercial classes over the growth of American trade in China, Japan, Australia and elsewhere, and the effect on German commerce.

Largest Telescope in the World.

Kingston, Jamaica, Aug. 23.—Prof. Edward Charles Pickering, of the Harvard observatory, says he is here seeking a suitable location for the largest telescope in the world, which is being constructed at Cambridge, especially for observing the new planet, which is due to pass very close to the earth eighteen months hence. He is favorably impressed with Jamaica's advantages. Prof. Pickering established the Misti observatory of Peru.

Hillsdale's New Principle.

Hillsdale, Mich., Aug. 23.—Harry Howe, who has been principal of the Litchfield schools for the past two years, has been elected principal of the Hillsdale high school to succeed Prof. S. J. Gier, who is to be superintendent of the schools at St. Clair. Mr. Howe had engaged with the Litchfield school board for another year, but has been released and accepted the position with the Hillsdale schools.

SALT IS TOO CHEAP

ANOTHER ATTEMPT TO GET MANUFACTURERS TOGETHER.

SALT NOW SOLD AT A PROFIT OF FIVE CENTS A BARREL.

MICHIGAN SALT ASSOCIATION APPARENTLY UNCONCERNED.

Detroit, Mich., August 22.—For some months those interested in the Michigan Salt Association have been trying to effect a combination of the salt manufacturers of the state, but seemingly without success. Last January it was reported that a salt trust had been formed, and the same rumor has cropped out again, though it is denied by several manufacturers, who are practically fighting the members of the association on prices.

Several outside manufacturers assert that the association is now cutting prices to a point where there is very little profit. One member of the association offered to sell an outside firm for sixty-five cents per barrel, leaving only five cents profit on 280 pounds of salt. If the cutting continues, the manufacturers say they will have to do something in order to establish better prices, and some sort of combination may result.

For several years the Michigan Salt Association has endeavored to induce the outside manufacturers in Mason, Manistee, Wayne and St. Clair counties to join the association, but without avail, the outsiders making certain demands which the association would not grant.

Association is Independent.

Officers of the Michigan Salt Association at Saginaw claim they know nothing regarding the formation of a salt trust, and President Eddy said none of the members of the association, which controls 65 per cent of the Michigan product, is concerned in any trust. He thought, perhaps, some of the manufacturers outside of the association, who are said to be dissatisfied with existing conditions, may be casting about for some way out of their troubles. The Michigan Salt Association is doing a highly satisfactory business and salt is selling much more freely than is usual at this season.

IT PASSED EASILY.

Pontiac Street Railway Company Gets What It is After.

Pontiac, Mich., August 22.—The agreement relative to the street railway dispute in this city which was drawn up by the paving committee of the city council and the Detroit & Northwestern Railway Co. a week ago and submitted to the council, was passed by that body Monday evening by a vote of 7 to 2. The agreement gives the company about everything it wanted, and although most of the aldermen have been outspoken in opposition to it, it went through with little trouble. The agreement provides that all suits brought by the city and now pending are to be discontinued, the company is to patch up its tracks all over the city and re-locate those on Saginaw street, and no other companies are to be allowed to use the company's tracks. Another clause of the agreement provides that nothing contained in it shall affect the rights granted to the company in its franchise secured in 1895.

COLORED PREACHER.

Attacked a Woman and Man—Both Will Probably Die.

Huntingdon, Pa., Aug. 21.—A probable double murder was committed here Sunday evening. Basil Bell, a licensed colored preacher, who has been living with a white woman named Mary Waters for several years, while in a drunken frenzy attacked the woman with an axe with which he knocked her down. He then hiked her in a brutal manner. Bell then called on John Tumpert, a neighbor, whom he accused of making love to Miss Waters. He cut him dangerously with an axe. Neither of the injured persons is expected to recover. Bell is in jail.

Gold From the Klondike.

Seattle, Wash., Aug. 21.—The steamer Roanoke has arrived from St. Michaels, Alaska, with 350 miners and gold dust estimated at \$250,000. Most of this was brought out of the Cape Nome district. G. Price had the largest individual amount, about \$60,000. The failure of the Roanoke to bring a large amount of gold dust from Dawson is explained by the fact that she failed to make connections with the Yukon river boats at St. Michaels.

Cigar Men in a Trust.

New York, Aug. 16.—Reports to the effect that a combination of leading cigar manufacturers in Key West, Tampa and Havana is being organized are current in the tobacco trade in this city. Many of the principal firms are said to have given opinions to the promoters of the scheme, but as yet a definite plan has been formulated.

MICHIGAN FLASHES.

Wm. Estep, a farmer living five miles north of Milliken, committed suicide by taking poison Monday.

William Booth was crushed by a log falling from a car at Weidman Monday morning and died three hours later.

John Nisla, a Finnish miner, was found dead on the railroad track between Atlantic mine and Redridge, with a deep gash in his head.

Mrs. Leonard Finch, a pioneer of Ingham county, died at her home in Mason Monday morning, aged 65 years. She leaves a husband and two sons.

J. W. Nara, aged 22, a veteran of the Santiago campaign, was taken with a cramp while bathing at Portage Entry and drowned before assistance could be secured.

W. H. McPhee, of Durand, was bound over for trial in the Circuit Court on the charge of fraudulently obtaining a signature to a note. His bond was fixed at \$2,500.

Charles Destros, of Mt. Clemens, a Frenchman, aged 43, was found hanging from a hook in an old boat, where he had made his home for several years. July returned a verdict of suicide.

Rev. J. T. Oxtoby, pastor of the Presbyterian church, of Ionia, Sunday tendered his resignation and asked that his church unite with him in urging the Presbytery to release him from his pastorate.

Yerrington's college at St. Louis, caught fire from a gasoline stove Monday afternoon about 3 o'clock. Prompt work by the fire department saved the building. The loss was partially covered by insurance.

Henry Reeves, one of Mason's oldest residents and a pioneer of Ingham county, died at his home, just east of the city Monday, of heart trouble, aged 75 years. Deceased was born in York state and came to Mason when a young man.

Mrs. Frances P. Shank, the aged widow of the late D. H. B. Shank, died Monday at the age of 67 years. She had been a resident of Lansing for fifty-two years, and gave birth to the first white child ever born within the city of Lansing.

John Gigley, of Dexter, died at the University hospital, Ann Arbor, Monday forenoon. He fell upon a pitchfork last Friday while thrashing and drove the handle into his abdomen. He was brought to the hospital, but the wound was necessarily fatal.

While fixing the veneer machine at Gorham Bros' basket factory in Mt. Pleasant this afternoon Wesley Chapman accidentally threw the knife bar into gear with his leg while his head was under it, and his head was crushed so badly that his recovery is doubtful.

General Manager H. W. Ashley and Supt. W. F. Bradley, of the Ann Arbor and Supt. Cotter and Architect Cooper, of the Grand Trunk, held a meeting at Durand and finally approved plans for a new union depot at Durand, construction to be begun at once.

Bicycle thieves are getting in their work around Ann Arbor, several wheels mysteriously disappearing during the past few weeks. Judge Newkirk lost a bicycle Monday belonging to his little daughter. The officers are making efforts to get track of the thief or thieves.

The stock and grain barn on H. E. Adams' farm, one mile from Montgonery, burned Monday night, with all its contents, consisting of forty acres of hay and fifty acres of wheat. The fire was caused by putting some wet hay on top of dry and putting ten acres of wheat over all.

Riverside campmeeting grounds, five miles north of Niles, are filled with evangelists from all over southwestern Michigan, who are here for the purpose of attending the annual conference and campmeeting. Religious services are held under a large canvas tabernacle on the grounds.

Secretary of State Stearns will commence the distribution of the session laws of 1899 within the week. The publication of the laws of the last legislature has been completed fully two months earlier than usual on account of the dispatch with which they were compiled by the secretary of state.

Commissions have been issued by the adjutant-general to Sherman T. Dickinson as captain, Jacob Diekema as first lieutenant, and John Hinzenaga as second lieutenant, of Company G, Second Infantry, M. N. G., at Grand Haven. The resignation of Paul W. Geddes, second lieutenant of Company L, Second Infantry, Battle Creek, was received by the adjutant-general.

A telegram was received Monday announcing the sudden death at Wichita, Kas., of Charles M. Jones, well known throughout this state as a business man and a prominent Mason. For fifteen years he was teller in the First National bank of Ann Arbor, and later in business at Saginaw and Charlotte. During the past year he was chief of police at Wichita.

Menominee on a Tandem.

Menominee, Mich., Aug. 23.—A novel team of tandem riders left Menominee for a trip to Niagara Falls. They are Fred Butch, a wealthy cigar dealer, who is totally blind, and George Mack, a young man who has been an attendant on the former for several years. They expect to be gone five weeks and will visit Detroit, Buffalo and several other eastern cities, and also pass through Canada. This is their third annual bicycle tour.

FIVE MORE LAKE VICTIMS

SCHOONER HUNTER SAVIDGE CAPSIZED IN LAKE HURON.

WENT DOWN IN A SQUALL OFF POINTE AUX BARQUES.

LIST OF THOSE KNOWN TO HAVE LOST THEIR LIVES.

Harbor Beach, Aug. 21.—The schooner Hunter Savidge capsized in a squall on Lake Huron Sunday afternoon when off Pointe Aux Barques. Five persons were drowned.

They are: Mrs. John Mullerweiss, wife of the owner and captain; Miss Mullerweiss, daughter of the captain and Mrs. Mullerweiss; Mrs. F. Sharpsteen; Mr. Sharpsteen, son of Mrs. F. Sharpsteen; Thomas Duby, mate of the schooner.

The schooner was without cargo and was caught in a squall, which threw her on her side.

The boat built from Alpena. She was built in 1879 and rates only 154 net tons.

Flouring Mills Destroyed.

Vicksburg, Mich., Aug. 21.—The three-story steam roller city flouring mills burned here Sunday forenoon, causing a \$15,000 loss, with no insurance. The mill was owned by S. J. Wing, but Stackhouse & Barrett, formerly of Marshall, operated it. The latter firm lost about \$700 in wheat and flour. The fire broke out about 10 o'clock, having evidently been smoldering several hours, but the cause is unknown. The fire department did good work in saving adjoining property, but the mills were too far gone to be saved. It is a severe loss to the town.

With His Wheel.

Ridgeway, Mich., Aug. 21.—United States mail free delivery was established from the Ridgeway postoffice on May 2, 1898, covering a distance of 22 miles through Ridgeway and Macon townships, serving a population of 850. There were 6,985 pieces of mail delivered and collected during the year ending May 1, 1899. Carroll Culbertson, the deliveryman, makes the trip daily. On Aug. 11 he delivered 297 pieces, a total weight of 39 pounds, making the trip in three hours.

Advised to Strike.

Ishteping, Mich., Aug. 21.—At a mass meeting of mine workers Sunday afternoon Matt Wasley and Bob Askew, union officials, advised the men to make an immediate demand for more pay at all the mines on this range. The workmen at section 21 mine, Lake Superior company, appealed to the men at the city mines to stand by them in their effort to win out in a strike from now on.

Bicycle Thief in Church.

Lapeer, Mich., Aug. 21.—An exciting chase of a bicycle thief occurred here Sunday. The wheel was stolen from a church and pursuit was immediate. The thief finally left the wheel and entered a cornfield through which he fled to the woods. He has not yet been located.

SUPPLIES FOR SUFFERERS.

Eight Hundred Tons Will Leave for Porto Rico.

Philadelphia, Aug. 21.—Five hundred tons of supplies for the Porto Rican sufferers have been placed on board the transport Panther here. It is expected that 500 additional tons will arrive, in which event Lieut.-Commander Aaron Ward says the vessel will be ready to sail Monday afternoon.

Major Ashbridge will send a telegram to Secretary of War Root informing the latter that the Panther will be loaded to her capacity in this city and asking that Commander Ward be instructed to sail direct to Porto Rico. Capt. Ward said that if these orders were not forthcoming he would stop at Baltimore, but could receive no more supplies there, as the Panther is not able to carry more than 800 tons, owing to the bulk of the cargo.

Trolley Cars Collide.

Philadelphia, August 21.—A head-on collision between two trolley cars occurred today on the Norristown, Chestnut Hill & Foxborough railway in Plymouth township, Montgomery county, a few miles north of this city. Thirty persons were injured, several fatally. The railway is a single track road with switches. The passengers of the south bound car assert that the motorman failed to wait at the switch for the arrival of the car going north, and the accident resulted.

Killed His Brother-in-Law.

Philadelphia, Aug. 21.—Edward F. Rich, of Schuylkill, Otsego Co., N. Y., was shot and killed by William J. Haugh, his brother-in-law, late Saturday night at Paulsboro, N. J., a few miles south of here. Rich arrived in Paulsboro on Thursday to visit his sister, Mrs. Haugh. On account of an old feud Rich and Mrs. Haugh met at the house of a friend. The murderer was arrested.

POLICE AND MOB FIGHT

THE FRENZIED FRENCH ANARCHISTS' RAVISH PARIS CHURCHES.

SUNDAY'S SCENES RECALL THE BLOODY DAYS OF COMMUNE.

COMMISSIONER OF POLICE STABBED BY THE RIOTERS.

Paris, Aug. 20.—Paris was on Sunday the scene of most serious disturbances, recalling some aspects of the Commune. In response to an appeal of the journals Le Peuple and La Petite Republique, groups of anarchists and socialists gathered about 3 o'clock in the afternoon in the Place de la Republique. The police had taken precautions and there seemed no danger of disorders.

Sebastian Faure and Faberot, well-known revolutionary anarchists, were the ringleaders. Faure, standing on the pedestal of the statue which rises in the center of the Place de la Republique, addressed the crowd. Among other things he said that the anarchists should be masters of the streets.

The police men interfered and dislodged Faure and Faberot, making three arrests. The crowd at this point dispersed, but a column of demonstrators, headed by Faure and Henri d'Honn, made for the Place de la Nation.

The police broke through the column and a struggle for the mastery followed. Shots were fired and a Goullier, commissary of police, was twice stabbed with a knife.

The police threw the police into momentary confusion. The mob reassembled and ran toward the Place de la Nation. The police, reinforced by a squad that had been in reserve, made another attempt to stem the current, and fresh, fierce fighting occurred, three constables being wounded.

Leaders Arrested.

Faure and d'Honn jumped into a passing street car that was going to the Place de la Republique and the car driver on arriving there gave a signal to the police, who immediately arrested them both, together with two other anarchists, Joseph Ferrier and Jean Perrin.

All were conveyed to the Chateau Fleau barracks. Only d'Honn was found in possession of firearms.

Meanwhile the anarchist mob attacked the Church of St. Ambrose, smashing windows, breaking statues, chopping furniture, and tearing down the crucifix and statue of the virgin, ending by setting fire to the pulpit, when police succeeded in gaining the mastery, arresting 25 anarchists.

Guerin Still Holds the Fort.

There is no change in the situation at the building in the Rue de Chabrol, where M. Jules Guerin and his anti-Semite companions are entrenched in a state of siege against the police who have orders for their arrest.

Crowds Dispersed.

Paris, Aug. 21.—Shortly after midnight noisy crowds began demonstrating in the Rue de Chabrol, but they were soon dispersed by the police. Up to the present hour 100 persons have been reported injured, including several policemen. No one, so far as known, was injured by firearms. Nearly all were hurt by being crushed or trodden under foot.

A body of rioters, who had taken refuge in the court yard of the Gare de l'Est, was expelled by the police, who made 25 arrests. Quiet has now been restored.

STARTLING STATEMENT.

Alleged That an Important Document Has Been Withheld.

Paris, Aug. 21.—The Echo de Paris, in commenting upon the testimony offered at Rennes Saturday by Capt. Guignet, the former attache of the ministry of war, to whom was assigned last year the task of collecting matter bearing upon the Dreyfus, Picquart and Esterhazy affairs, says:

"Capt. Guignet's evidence shows that the whole secret dossier has not been communicated to the court-martial. A document has been withheld which proves the existence of a vast network of espionage under the direction of foreign military attaches and of negotiations on the subject of the Dreyfus case between several French notabilities and the representatives of foreign powers.

"The dossier, however, contains proofs that the sum of \$5,000,000 was received in France from abroad for the purpose of prosecuting a pro-Dreyfus campaign.

Killed With a Stone.

Marysville, Mo., Aug. 21.—Albert Anderson, aged 21, was instantly killed near Allison Sunday by Thomas Downing, a boy aged 17. Two weeks ago the boys quarreled. Anderson was riding past Downing's home on horseback and met him walking on the road. Words passed between Downing and Anderson and the latter dismounted, threatening to whip him with a large whip he carried. Downing instantly picked up a heavy stone and threw it at Anderson, whom it struck in the right temple. Anderson fell to the ground, dying instantly.

POULTRY YARD

Our readers are invited to send in any questions for information on this subject, and any communications bearing on poultry will be received with pleasure and will be fully discussed in this column.

PLYMOUTH ROCKS AND DOMINICKS.

In order that some who are not familiar with these breeds may know the difference between them, as they are nearly alike in color, we will state that the Plymouth Rock is larger, and has a single comb, while the Dominick has a rose comb. The latter has long sickle feathers, while the tail of the former turns over something like that of the Brahma. Both have yellow legs, but the Dominick is a brighter yellow on the legs than the Plymouth Rock. It is also more active and can fly over a tall fence. The Plymouth Rock is the larger of the two breeds in size of individual.

PERCHES FOR HEAVY FOWLS.

The Brahma or Cochon cannot fly, nor can they jump upon a high roost. They should be so situated as to roost very close to the floor. A piece of 3x4 scantling, with the edges rounded off slightly, makes the best roost. All birds that get off or on the roost reluctantly, as with difficulty, do so because they have sore feet, and they will gradually become lame if they are compelled to go upon high perches.

FATTENING CHICKS.

In feeding large quantities of food to growing chicks do not be disappointed if they do not fatten. A growing chick does not fatten very rapidly, but if well fed will increase in weight, however. A chick appropriates all the food for growth until maturity, when it will then fatten easily.

TONTOS.

Late in the summer, when the hens are moulting, a tonic of some kind will be found beneficial. This need not consist of any expensive material, as many cheap substances may be used. The Douglass mixture, composed of a pound of coppers, two gallons of water, and a gill of sulphuric acid, is one of the best; but if preferred the acid may be omitted. A teaspoonful of the solution to each quart of drinking water is sufficient. A few drops of tincture of iron in the drinking water to chicks will be found excellent, and a teaspoonful of lime water in each quart of drinking water has often been serviceable. When the growing chicks are debilitated, a teaspoonful of the mixture of chloride of iron and phosphate of soda makes an excellent invigorator, and if given in the drinking water they will not use too much.

YOUNG GOSSINGS.

Young goslings are nearly grown now, and will soon be large enough for market. Always keep the old geese for breeding and sell the young ones. A good feed of mashed potatoes, thickened with ground oats, is the best food for young geese until they are nearly ready for market, when they should be confined for a week and fed on corn and corn meal. If the grass becomes dried up it should be the aim to give the geese a mess of chopped clover. Cut the clover into short lengths, pour boiling water over it at night, in a tub, then cover the tub with a piece of cloth and allow to steep over night. In the morning take out the clover, sprinkle with meal and feed to the geese. The water, which will be a decoction of clover, may be used for mixing soft food for the other fowls.

WILD TURKEYS.

Wild turkeys, if taken when very young, can be tamed, and it will cross with the common kinds. A half-bred wild turkey will become almost as domesticated as those raised on the farm from ordinary stock, but it will have a better constitution, can be more easily raised and will add vigor to the flock. They are no larger than the common turkeys, and do not mature as soon, but a cross of the wild and common turkeys will die off as fast as hatched.

ANIMAL FOOD FOR YOUNG TURKEYS.

As long as the supply of insect food lasts the young turkeys will make rapid growth, but as soon as you notice the crop disappearing, and the insects less abundant, begin feeding a small quantity of meat to the young turkeys at night, so as to promote and continue the growth. You should not aim to get them very fat. What is desired is to secure as large frames and bone as possible, so as to have the frames on which to crowd the meat and fat later on, hence, do not allow them to cease growing but push them until ready for market, putting them up for the purpose of being fattened about ten days before selling. P. H. JACOBS.

ROMANCE OF A HORSE.

BETTER LOVED THAN ALL ELSE BY HIS MASTER.

The Woman Proving False and Killing the Horse She Herself Was Shot by the Man She Forgot.

In the garden of a house at Riccarton, Africa, there lies a tombstone, sacred to the memory of Kind Sir and visible to passengers on the road. It is white and the lettering is carved into the stone, while among the racing stables which have sprung up in the neighborhood within the past few years the resting-place of Kind Sir is a hallowed sanctuary. There is an element of tragedy in the romance which is connected with the spot, but the years have dimmed it, leaving only as the visible external sign this white marble, "Sacred to the memory of Kind Sir." It has been so long there that an inn upon the other side of the Riccarton road is designated the Cornerstone, and from an iron bar, swung in the northwest wind, which sweeps the white dust of the road in sheets before it, suspended a painting of the stone and its inscription.

The story is the story of a man's love for a woman, a dainty Lucy with fair hair and pale-blue eyes, and an even greater love for his horse. It was in the early days and a settler had given his horse to the woman who had given him her love. The man's affection for the horse is still local history, and the dumb faithfulness of Kind Sir is told with tear-dimmed eyes by the grooms and horsemen who go to gaze upon the stone. There is nothing which touches the heart of a horseman so readily as his horse, and the love of this animal and this man was passionate and human. The man owned a section of land beyond the province and used to ride to Riccarton to meet his betrothed. He was working to clear the place, preparatory to starting a farm, a small holding upon such as in the early days wedded folks were proud to start. One day the maoris swept the settlement and the lover escaped upon Kind Sir to the township.

Ruined and homeless his two possessions were his horse and his love for the woman at Riccarton. Buoyed up by the hope with which a woman's love can inspire a man, he started out again, striking north to the gullies in the mountains in the search for gold, while, as an earnest of his love, he gave his horse, an animal which he loved as largely as he loved the woman into her keeping. For a time no one saw him; then, in the passage of a year or two, he came back, having crossed the ranges to the west coast in the search of gold. What he had found there was ample for his future needs and his success created the gold rush to the west coast.

What he met with upon his return killed everything. The woman had married, and, the horse proving an incumbrance, Kind Sir was shot. Of the tragedy which followed there are two versions. The one is that the man, finding his horse dead, killed himself; the other that he murdered the woman and shot himself. Whichever is correct the stone exists in the garden of the house upon the Riccarton road. It lies upon a mound, buried amid the silt which the winds have swept from the surface of the road. The township is now a colonial city, but to strangers who visit it the resting-place of Kind Sir is always shown, the connecting link between an old-time tragedy and the present which has no other sign of life. The action of the woman is condemned by those who now tell the story. The horse served her as faithfully as he had served his master, and should have received more gracious treatment. The woman is a shrew in local fame, the horse a saint; and the grim fierceness which the story arouses against her memory has paths for those who ride and love their horses.

Just the Man For the Place.

When George C. Perkins was sent to the senate by Governor Markham upon the death of Senator Stanford, his friends said that at the meeting of the legislature, two years later, Senator Perkins would make way for somebody else, says the San Francisco News-Letter. But when that time came the senator thought he would like to serve out the balance of Senator Stanford's term, and so he was elected for two years more. And when it became necessary to choose a senator for the full term of six years, Mr. Perkins again leaped into the breach. His friends considered that he was entitled to one full term—only one—as an indorsement of his congressional record. He secured the indorsement and also the term, which will expire in four years more.

Ambition now being fully satisfied, his friends felt free to consult Senator Perkins upon the selection of a worthy citizen to succeed him.

"Well," admitted Senator Perkins, when spoken to on the subject, "I have in mind a gentleman whom I have known for a long time. I believe he is just the man for the place. His name? They call him Perkins."

Their Names Are Old.

The instruments now known as the telephone and microphone are of comparatively recent invention, but the origin of the names dates back many years. In 1827 Wheatstone gave the name of microphone to an apparatus invented by him, to render weak sounds audible, and in 1845 a steam whistle or trumpet giving roaring signals in foggy weather was called telephons by Captain John Taylor, while Sudre used the same name in 1854 for a system of musical telephony.

TOLD OF RATS.

A Few Stories Showing Their Natural Shrewdness.

The London Field tells this story: A rat was caught alive on board a British naval vessel in a trap and the beast, was thrown from the trap into the water without being killed. A large gull that was following in the wake of the ship to pick up scraps of food thrown overboard by the steward swooped several times, endeavoring to pick the rat up. Once the bird got too close to the rat's jaws and the beast grabbed it by the neck. After a short fight the rat succeeded in killing the bird. When the gull was dead the rat scrambled upon the bird's body and, hoisting one wing as a sail and using the other as a rudder, succeeded in steering for the shore. Whether the rat reached shore or not is the question, since the ship soon got out of sight of the skipper and its craft.

A two-horse load of tin clippings was being transferred to the rear basement of a prominent hotel. It had come from a can factory, and the narrow, curling strips had become so twisted and intertwined as to form a conglomerate mass that was moved with the greatest difficulty by two sturdy fellows with stable forks, says the Philadelphia Record. A bystander, who was curious enough to inquire what use a swell hotel had for such trash, was answered by an attache of the house: "We use it for rats. I mean the big, gray fellows, bolder and wiser than any other rat. He laughs at traps, fattens on poison, and the killing or chasing of dogs, cats and ferrets is his pet diversion. Even when energetic measures have rid us of the pests they are with us again in augmented force within a day or two. They will tunnel through almost anything for incredible distances. It is their boring ability that has given us so much trouble hitherto. No matter how we closed up their passageways the routes were promptly re-opened. Filling the holes with broken glass was considered a good scheme until we found that with marvelous patience they removed the glass piece by piece. "But we think we've got them now. With this tangle-up tin we construct a sort of abatis, covering all places where the beasts are likely to enter our cellars. They can't get through it. They can't chew it and they can't carry it away as they do broken bottles, for when Mr. Rat takes hold of a single strip of the tin he finds it an inseparable part of a network weighing many pounds."

Bull Whipped by a Sow.

A rather unusual battle occurred on the farm of James A. Bill, at Lyme, on Saturday last. A prize-winning Devon bull owned by Mr. Bill had been out to pasture for some time, and in his solitude had come to look upon himself as monarch of all he surveyed. On Saturday last Mr. Bill turned into the same lot a sow that has also won prizes for beauty at many of the fairs held in the state. No one had hitherto suspected her possessing fighting qualities, and it was not until brought to test that she developed her most remarkable traits.

The big Devon bull resented the approach of the sow, and almost at once proceeded to attack her. The sow at first was inclined to run, but as there was no place to escape, she turned about and faced her assailant. When the bull made a charge Kansas Bill and one of the farm hands who saw the combat expected to see the sow swept into the next field. When almost upon her the sow shuffled quickly to one side and planted her teeth in the jaws of the bull, who shook her off and made a second attack almost immediately. Again did the sow pursue the same tactics and succeeded in getting even a better hold. When the bull finally shook her off there was blood on his neck and jaws and he was enraged to the point of madness. The bull continued the attack, but could not manage to gore the sow, which fought much as a bulldog would, depending chiefly on her teeth to do damage. The combat lasted for fully ten minutes, when the bull, covered with blood, ran to the furthest corner of the field and remained there for the rest of the day. It was with difficulty that he was driven home that night. The sow was not much injured in the fight. —Middletown Penny Press.

Tenacious of Life.

The record of an experiment begun sixteen years ago has just been published by the French savant, M. Miquel. He took from a public park a sample of earth, dried it for two days at a temperature of 30 degrees C., reduced it to powder, and placed it in sterilized glass vessels, which were sealed and kept in a place not reached by the light. The freshly dug out soil contained 6,500,000 bacteria per gramme, which were reduced to 3,900,000 by the pulverizing and drying. After sixteen years the glass tubes were opened and there were still found to be 3,580,000 micro-organisms in a gramme of earth. Inoculated on a porpoise, they produced after two days the characteristic symptoms of tetanus attending wounds.

Great Touring Club.

The Touring Club of France certainly caters for the comfort of its members far better than any other touring club in the world. And it helps others. It makes frequent benefactions to invalided and aged roadmen. This is excellent. Roadmenders can make a road very uncomfortable for wheelmen; also they can make it comfortable. A little benefaction now and then would effect wonders in keeping roads in condition. The Touring Club of France keeps an eye on the road menders and makes substantial donations to the benevolent funds in connection with the cantonniers and the gen-darmier.

WINS \$30,000 ON ONE RACE.

A Snug Little Fortune Was Made in a Few Seconds.

The largest amount ever won on one race in the United States was taken down by F. T. (Plunger) Walton, who a few weeks ago filed a petition in bankruptcy. It was at Sheepshead Bay, Sept. 14, 1882, the race being a sweepstakes of a mile, \$500 each, with \$2,500 added, between Pierre Lorillard's Barrett, 103 pounds; Dwyer Bros.' Bootjack, 108; and Suedeker & Co.'s Girofle, 108. Whorton, the English bookmaker who came to this country with a lot of money and pluck, and returned home with a small bank roll and a weakened spirit, was doing business on the race. He laid Walton \$25,000 to \$10,000 against Girofle at the opening of the betting, and shortly afterward gave his \$15,000 against \$10,000, making a total of \$40,000 against \$20,000, which is still the heaviest transaction between any two individuals that has ever taken place on a race in this country. Girofle won, Barrett was second, and Bootjack third. Walton won \$40,000 more from other bookmakers, and cleared \$80,000 on the race. Billy Donahue rode the winner, Hughes was on Barrett, and McLaughlin on Bootjack. Lorillard and Mike Dwyer were heavy losers on the race.

The greatest wager between individuals ever noted at a Chicago track was made during the Washington Park meeting of 1890. But it was not on a race at that track. It was on the match between Tenny and Salvator, a mile and a quarter, at Sheepshead Bay. George Wheelock, who was booking on the local races, offered to lay 6 to 5 against Tenny. James A. Murphy asked if he would take \$5,000. Wheelock answered: "Yes. Do you want any more?" Murphy replied that he would double it, and Wheelock called out, "\$12,000 to \$10,000," which was registered with less trouble than attends the average \$2 bet. Wheelock was confident Salvator would win, and Murphy, with a telegram from Dave Pulsifer saying, "Tenny will run in two-five," in his pocket, was equally confident that Salvator would not win. The race was run in 2:05, and Salvator won by a head. Isaac Murphy, when he dismounted, told Matt Byrnes Salvator won in hand, and afterwards emphasized that assertion. Of the spectators who were in position to give their good views of the finish of the race nearly all emphatically or profanely declared Murphy and Salvator were both "all out."

Securing Recruits.

One afternoon in December two young men came sheepishly into the barrack square. That they were regular country bumpkins was patent at a glance. A smart sergeant of Hussars, spotting them as likely subjects for that branch of her majesty's service which he himself adorned, hastened up and accosted them:

"Well, my lads! You'd like to join the army, I dare say? How would you like to come into my regiment, wear a smart uniform, carry a sword and have a fine horse to ride? Come, what do you say?"

"That would be prime, wouldn't it, Bill?" eagerly exclaimed the first yokel. "Us'll come, mister."

"That's right, my men! Come along and have a drink with me.

Just at that moment up came recruiting sergeant No. 2, a gunner, who also had an eye on the men, and likewise on his recruiting fee.

"Hi, you men!" he broke in, "what's that chap there been sayin' to yer? He's been a-kiddin' you, 'e'as! You're fond of 'osses, I dessey? Well, then, just you come along with me, and you'll 'ave two 'osses each to ride, and when you're tired of riding, why, you can sit on the gun-carriage. What do you think of that, now?"

"Orl' right, sergeant. That'll suit us, won't it, Bill?"

"Ay, that it will!" replied his companion, apparently dazzled by the thought of the stud of horses waiting for him and the prospect of wearing a gold-braided jacket like the sergeant's. At this point my friend Sergeant Gibson, arrived on the scene, and, quickly divining the circumstances, exclaimed: "Come, my fine fellows! Don't you believe a word of what these two chaps have been a-telling you! You take my advice, now, and just let me send you into my corps. I've got two vacancies in the regiment, one for sergeant-major and one for quartermaster. You can toss up, between you, which you'll have!"

"I've got them two blokes," said old Gibson, with a chuckle. "They're in India now. They've been six years in the regiment and they're both privates still." —From the Queen's Service.

Possibilities of Language.

A number of commercial travelers were telling stories in an uptown restaurant last night, and this was vouchered for by some one who used to be a railroad conductor in eastern Pennsylvania:

"My train had always reached Lebanon just after an express train, but the schedule was changed so as to bring my train into the station first. A voluble Pennsylvania Dutch woman was a regular passenger on market days, as my train stopped at her station, while the express whizzed by. The first evening that I ran my train in ahead of the express she was much astonished and delighted. She rushed up to me and exclaimed, in the high key and peculiar dialect of that region:

"'Vy, you're early of late; you're first at last; you used to be behind before!'" —New York Tribune.

Brazil as a Coffee Producer.

Brazil is now the principal coffee-producing country of the world. In 1895 the crop was estimated at 7,000,000 bags.

MONEY FOR FRANCE.

Great Sums Spent in That Country For Women's Clothes.

Probably it is the good taste, color and form sense of the French which accounts for the fact that English and American women annually spend so much money on French dress goods and accessories. British women buy no less than \$24,000,000 worth of silks in the course of a year and for ribbons pay \$6,000,000 more.

Of the \$8,000,000 worth of feathers prepared in and exported from France each year Great Britain takes \$4,000,000 and the United States \$3,000,000 worth, leaving only \$1,000,000 worth for the rest of the world.

So far as bulk goes most of the furs are exported from France to Spain and South America, but the small proportion shipped to English-speaking lands is in value one-fourth of the whole. Every pound of manufactured whalebone, one-third the corsets and nearly half the buttons exported from France are taken by Great Britain and the United States.

These sums are what the wholesale traders of France receive and in addition must be counted the vast sums American and English women pour into the coffers of the retail merchants when they go to Paris to shop and the big trade that goes on by letter or what in this country is called mail orders.

Rise of a Baker.

The diploma of the Ecole du Louvre, Paris, has recently been awarded to a working baker for a successful thesis on the book of Daniel. It fell to M. Ledrain, professor of the Ecole du Louvre, and M. Oppert, member of the institute, to examine the theses, and they and others were convinced of the profound and accurate knowledge of Hebrew possessed by the baker. So brilliant is the thesis that an effort is being made to interest the state in its publication. M. Galle, this scholar in humble life, has ceased to make rolls. He is now a corrector for the Imprimerie Nationale, and it is expected that he will save even the most learned from making blunders in their books.

HORSE MEAT PATTIES.

Parisians Have Been Eating and Liking Them For Years.

Perdon, a provision merchant of Paris, has been justly sent to prison for eight months on a charge of selling horse patties, says a Paris correspondent of the London Telegraph. There was no doubt in the least about his guilt, and he can never be held up to his contemporaries or to posterity as the victim of a judicial error. The bordereau in his case was a small jar or pot which was produced in court. It was marked outside with the mysterious letters "M. H." and the magic words pate de foie gras which generally appeal to epicure. This alleged pot of goose liver was simply horse-flesh, and, as an official analyst remarked in court, it was bad at that. Perdon also sold pots or jars of alleged patties of duck, pheasant, quail, hare and lark, but they were all of the same foundation. He bought old horses in the knackers' yards, boiled their flesh, mixed it with a little pork fat, spiced it with nutmeg, ginger and cayenne pepper, poured some rum kirsch or eau de vie over it, and then put it into the duly labeled pots. The letters "M. H." were originally intended to mean honorable mention, but, being brought to bay in court Perdon tried to defend himself by asserting that they signified "melange hippo-hagique" and that surely the customers knew what they were buying. It was no wonder that the learned magistrate presiding in the Correctional court remarked with more emphasis than elegance, "Vous avez un rude toupet!"—"You have a hard cheek."

Perdon had been booting his customers with horse patties for the last eight years. He has now gone to rejoin in jail the man who sold skinned cats for rabbits and dead dogs for mutton.

Which One Governs.

"Now, then, government by conjunction—"
"You mean government by injunction."
"No, I don't; I was thinking of matrimony."
"Oh!"—Indianapolis Journal.

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WHY SOWS ARE VICIOUS.

HOW THE EFFECTS OF THIS CAN BE OVERCOME.

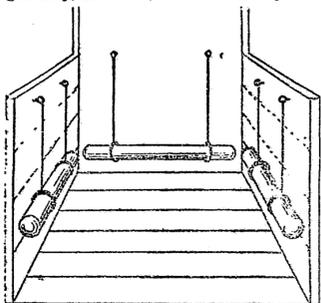
Simple Devices by the Use of Which Biting and Squeezing of the Young Pigs Can Be Stopped.

The number of hogs lost because of insufficient care of sows at the time of farrowing has been a source of regret to many swine breeders. In cases of especially vicious animals there are on record many cases in which every pig was lost, either because the mother ate up her offspring after birth or on account of her lying the pigs to death.

The cause of viciousness in sows at the time of farrowing is often the pain occasioned by normal narrowness in the lower part of the genital organs. The mucus membrane will sometimes be pushed up into folds—"curtains"—which obstruct parturition. A great deal of relief may be effected by introducing a clean hand in the vagina and pulling forth the young pig.

Each new-born pig should be placed at once into a basket, and fed on cow's milk and water (equal parts). One teaspoonful of this mixture generally suffices for each animal.

After the farrowing the young pigs are brought to the sow, and here comes the dangerous moment, when one or more of the young ones are bitten or smothered to death. The danger may, however, be considerably less-



ened by the following simple devices: Biting the pigs is prevented in the following manner:

A leather strap is laced about the sow's neck, due care being taken that the animal can breathe freely. Then the snout and the lower jaw are tied together by means of a strong flexible, soft (cotton) cord, the ends of which are carried up to the leather strap, above and between the ears of the animal. To prevent this cord from slipping off two more fastenings are made, one on each side of the lower jaw. As a rule this muzzle can be removed in a few days' time.

"Lying to death" is frequently obviated by the insertion of a small sheaf, under which the young pigs may rest safely, in the wall of the pen, a short distance from the floor. Much more effective, however, is the device shown in cut. Round wooden bars are suspended from the walls of the pen, at a distance of about six inches above the floor. These bars should be five inches in diameter. When the sow throws herself down she will be pushed away from the wall, the place where young pigs are most frequently caught and choked.—J. Christian Bay.

Repairs For Machinery.

The farmer has two or three well-founded grievances against many manufacturers of farm implements, and it may pay to give them a little public discussion. The first one, and by far the most vexatious, is the failure to furnish the owner of an old machine with the exact counterpart of casting or other repair wanted. I do not claim that all manufacturers are careless in this respect, but very many are. They are continually changing some parts of the machine they make, presumably for the reason that the changes will be an improvement, and after a lapse of ten years the owner of an old machine finds that repairs do not fit, no matter how carefully he gives the order. In some instances five years are sufficient to throw everything into confusion. The casting or other repair comes, true to the number and letter it may be, but changed just sufficiently in form to make a misfit.

Another grievance is the cost of repairs. The machine is sold cheap enough, if sold for cash, but the repairs are usually outrageously high-priced. The manufacturer knows that when his machine is placed he has a grip on the owner and can charge what he pleases. It is true that parties are engaged in the business of making and selling duplicates of parts of most standard machines, offering their wares at a lower price, but these goods I never order because the fit and quality of goods are not usually the best. The company that makes and sells an implement should be ready to furnish repairs for that implement whenever needed, no matter how long a careful man may be able to make the implement work, and the repairs should be furnished at fair prices. The present system of doing business is exasperating.—Farm and Fireside.

Hoing Corn.

I have been obliged to go back to "first principles" and go into the corn-field with a hoe. The rains prevented cultivation while the corn was small, and weeds came up and overtook the corn. I see several others have taken a fancy to hoeing lately, and are hacking away at the common enemy. One can get close to the corn-plant with the cultivator and root out or cover up a weed if it is not directly in the hill and high as the corn. In that case there is no way of getting it out except by hoeing or pulling. In my opinion it will pay to hire men (but not boys) at \$1 a day to get the weeds out of the hills and rows where they cannot be reached by the cultivator.—Ex.

POTATOES AND MELONS.

The Two Can Be Planted and Raised on the Same Ground.

For several years I have practiced a method of combined potato and melon culture that has proved very economical and satisfactory. The potatoes are planted in drills in the usual way, except that they are covered very lightly. As soon as they begin to peep through the ground I put on a heavy coating of mulch. This has been of different materials. Straw, damaged prairie hay, marsh hay, fine leaves and coarse manure are all very good. The manure will cause a larger growth than any of the others because it contains more fertility.

By the time the potato-sprouts come through the mulch so the rows may be seen, if the weather is warm. I make the melon-hills. In every other row, about twelve feet apart and alternately, so the hills will not come in squares opposite each other, I raise the melon, dig out two potato-plants, make the hills, and plant the watermelon and cantaloup seeds. When it is time to begin digging the potatoes for family use early in the season I take them out next to the melon-hills and finally dig all before the melon-vines need the whole space.

The mulching keeps the soil moist and cool, and no cultivation is needed for the potatoes or melons. Better crops of both I have never seen. The mulching is just the thing for the tendrils of the melon-vines to catch hold of and prevent the wind from disturbing their growth. For a small patch of early potatoes and melons enough for family use I know of no way to grow them so easily and so surely. I have tried cultivation instead of mulching, but it is much more work and the crops have not been so large.

A very good plan for field culture of melons is to sow a bushel of cow-peas to the acre just before the last cultivation, working them in and allowing them to grow without further attention. They do not detract from the melon crop, but afford convenient shade for it, and enrich the ground wonderfully, besides making a pasture for hogs, sheep or cattle that would furnish very cheap and most excellent feed. I hope many will try both of these plans the coming season.—H. E. Van Deman.

Ohio Breaks Another Record.

Even the hens of Ohio are ambitious. One fowl owned near Bucyrus recently laid an egg which is dividing the attention of the citizens of the state with the street car strike at Cleveland and



the campaign for governor. It is a Siamese twin egg, consisting of two complete eggs joined together by a connecting link. Ephraim Moore, who owns the hen that laid the famous egg, is as proud as if he had just been nominated for the legislature.

Things to Avoid on the Farm.

There are a good many foolish things in this world and these are a few of them: To winter calves around a straw stack and in the spring find fault with their pot bellies and curved backs; to yell at the cow as though she were deaf and emphasize it with a whack from the milking stool; to trade stale butter for groceries brought home in a jug and which are usually denominated as wet groceries; to keep scrubs and despise pedigrees; to drive cows with a dog and plant potatoes in the dark of the moon when it is known that the bug is no respecter of seasons; to go to a fair and spend the greater portion of the time in the side shows; to let the hens roost on machinery for which a note has been given; to put off fixing the ditch until the irrigating season comes on; to let grass get dead ripe before making it to hay; to sit down and say, "I have no luck;" to say that you have forgotten more about farming than the papers ever knew. There are others.—Field and Farm.

Thinning Fruit.

The practicability of thinning fruit and its feasibility from a commercial standpoint, have been pretty well demonstrated in the last few years. In western New York it has generally proved profitable wherever tried. Mr. John Craig reports, in the publications of the (Canadian) central experimental farm, some results in thinning peaches and plums which corroborate the notes given from Mr. Beach and others. He concludes that, when a large crop of fruit is set, thinning peaches is highly remunerative for the following reasons: (1) It increases the weight of the yield. (2) It largely increases the size of the fruit. (3) It reduces the number of matured seeds, thereby considerably lessening the drain on the vitality of the tree. (4) It renders the crop less liable to rot. Thinning plums likewise proved altogether worth while.

Eggs and Extras.

It is not difficult to keep two or three hundred hens on a farm, and two or three hundred dollars thus picked up will buy all the extras which a farmer finds necessary to purchase during the year. In this way he need not go in debt for the numerous small things which cannot be produced on the farm, and which of necessity must be purchased. Every time he goes to town he can take chickens and eggs enough to pay for his purchase. It is the small things on the farm that run up the profit or the loss in the aggregate, and poultry-raising is one of the most important, though most neglected, industries on the farm. Other countries have found profit in poultry, and are now shipping to America to supply the demand which should be met right here at home.

IOWAN RAISES SILK WORMS.

A New Industry in This Country If This Succeeds.

Mark Ghiesa, a well-to-do Italian of Des Moines, Iowa, is successfully raising silk worms. The eggs were brought from Italy by a relative. Two years ago he tried it but the person who brought the eggs carried them in his pocket and they hatched on ship-board so the worms had to be thrown into the sea. This time the person to whom the eggs were entrusted suspended them by a string, so they got cool air on the ocean and on the railway trains. Arriving here they were put into cold storage until the mulberry leaves were ready for them. Then, upon being put into a warm room they hatched in one day. Of the supposed 8,000 eggs from ten silk moths, about 4,000 hatched, which Mr. Ghiesa says is better than can be done in Italy. The greatest difficulty has been to find the mulberry leaves for the worms. They eat about three wagon loads a day and never stop for a minute but eat all the time, day and night. They must be fed about fifteen times a day and several times during the night. The worms, in devouring the mulberry leaves, make a noise like rain on the roof. By lively hunting the food for the worms has been provided. The worms are well developed and healthy, about three inches long and are just beginning to weave their cocoons. There seems to be no reason why the industry should not succeed here. Mr. Ghiesa has brought a woman from Italy who has had thirty years' experience with silk worms and she says they are doing as well as she ever saw them. The experiment is the first one that is known to have been tried in the west and is certainly the first that has been successful. It has attracted as much attention as a circus in this city and the number of visitors is large. The owner is a good-natured man and he cheerfully and proudly shows the industrious 4,000 to all who care to see them. If they turn out as well as they promise to, Mr. Ghiesa will buy a large farm near this city, plant it to mulberry trees and go to raising silk worms and producing silk on a large scale. From the experience he has had in America and Italy, where his father is a silk producer, he sees no reason why the industry should not be entirely practicable and successful in Iowa.

Grass and Growth.

It has been said that all flesh is grass. Whether this is strictly true or not at least all flesh produced by grass is the cheapest flesh produced on the farm. The man who attempts to grow hogs without pasture is certainly standing very much in his own light. He is a back number. He is "left" in the language of the street. Grass is a necessity for the profitable production of pork. It not only contributes to the health of the animal, but to the gain of flesh. While grass is not a complete ration for the rapid growth of an animal, it furnishes its proportion and enables the animal to get more out of its grain than it otherwise would. It is the equalizer and completer of the grain ration. Mr. W. E. Spicer, that wide awake breeder and exhibitor of Berkshire, says: "An acre of good clover will make 600 pounds of pork. Grass is the cheapest food for all stock. Grass or green food of some kind is absolutely necessary in the cheap production of pork and indispensable in keeping the breeding herd in the best condition at a reasonable expense. There is nothing better for hog pasture than red clover or a mixture of grasses with red clover forming the greatest part of it. Give the hogs a run on green pasture and keep them there as long as you can." Mr. John B. Scott, a practical Iowa breeder, says: "The hog pasture is the key to success. The pasture question should be agitated as it is the lever with which many a mortgage has been lifted from the farm. Yet there are tens of thousands, especially on the prairie farms, who do not realize the economy of pastures for hogs, nor do they know the importance of having hog pastures of sufficient extent and variety for their herds. Pastures of blue grass and clover need not be discussed except to urge that they be of sufficient extent. The mere hog lot, eaten down and tramped out by being overstocked is not even an excuse for a pasture. One of my standard pastures is rye. In a season when corn was scarce and high in price my rye pasture was worth \$50 per acre. While this was an exceptional profit, as a standard pasture it has never failed to pay. A great advantage is with pasture the herd will do the harvesting and there is small expense for seed and culture."

Fat Hens and Conditions.

Close observation will soon teach the inexperienced that a hen is too fat when she is lazy and cares nothing for work, seeking only to have the owner to feed her. She cannot easily fly, soon becomes tired from exertion when chased, does not lay, though in good health, and is very heavy when held in the hands. It may not be that any one of the above causes indicates a fat hen, but observe her in all of them. Of course, the surest method is to lift her and the weight will be there. Examination of the body will also show the fat under the skin by its color. As to what should be the character and quantity of the food required to keep hens in a healthy condition, and not too fat, cannot be correctly stated, as no two hens are alike. Leghorns and Brahams (or other large breeds) should not be kept together. If hens are in good condition the best food is all the chopped clover hay (chopped half an inch in length, and scalded) that they will eat in the morning, a tablespoonful of ground meat to each hen (moistened with mashed potatoes), and a little wheat scattered for them to pick up before going to roost.

Flies at Milking Time.

Flies are here again, and milking is not the pleasantest job in the world. I milk in a dark stable, but if one remains in it long he begins to think of Turkish baths. The stable is on the east side of a barn and the milking is done in the morning before the sun heats it, and in the evening the barn shades it long enough to have it somewhat cooled by milking-time. Still, when one gets in there with a cow the temperature rises at a remarkable rate. When I had no dark stable to milk in I used to have a cover of light gunny-sacking to spread over the cow. It reached from her head down over her tail and touched the ground on either side of her. When a cow gets used to it she seems glad to have it on, but a nervous or "scary" cow will have to be tied a few times and given a little bran or shelled corn to keep her quiet. Such a contrivance is next to a darkened stable, and after one uses it a week he would not be without it for twenty times the few cents it costs.—Ex.

RAISE YOUR HORSE POWER.

Well Bred Colts Can Be Raised at Little Trouble.

When the bottom fell out of the horse market a few years ago many farmers not only quit breeding horses but sold their best mares. Now these same farmers find it necessary to buy their work horses. While it may not pay to raise horses for the market under present conditions, I believe it certainly does pay to raise enough horses to furnish the necessary horse power for the farm. It is decidedly unpleasant to hitch two strange horses together which are continuously picking at each other and it is still more unpleasant when three or four are worked together. The trouble extends from sundry skirmishes when in the harness, to pitched battles when turned into the pasture. It is annoying to say the least to find one of your horses has tried to collect a pound of flesh from the shoulder of another, making it necessary to lay him off two or three days, perhaps, when you are needing his services most. In buying horses for the farm care should be taken to buy good mares which can be used for breeding purposes and they should be bred to the best stallions. It costs no more to breed to a first-class stallion now than it did to breed to a scrub when scrub horses were selling for what good horses now bring. I believe a colt's future is much controlled by the care received during the first year of its life. A well-bred colt which was intended for a 1000-pound horse may be reduced to a 1000-pound chunk by being compelled to rustle its living from a stalk field with a barbed wire fence for shelter. Provide comfortable quarters and plenty of good feed in which oats should have an honored place. A colt needs exercise, but should not be compelled to exercise too much to find food especially if it is one of the draft breed. I find two mares sufficient to supply what colts I need. They are bred to foal at such time as will cause the least inconvenience to me, either before heavy work begins in the spring or after plowing is done and during the pause between planting and corn plowing time. The early colt has the preference. Horses weighing from 1400 pounds and upward will always be in demand, and while speedy drivers and roadsters are also in good demand I believe the heavy horse is the one for the farmer to raise, not only because it is possible for him to do so, but because they are the kind he needs.—Prairie Farmer.

Weed Seed.

Last spring, 1898, I bought a quantity of timothy seed that was said to be exceptionally free from weed-seeds and sowed it in my orchard. I wanted the timothy in there to hold up the clover. This year I have an immense crop of oxeye daisy wherever I sowed that seed. Had I examined the seed carefully with a glass I would have seen the trash among it, but I took the word of the dealer that it was all right and sowed it. He ought to be compelled to pull out every one of those daisies by hand. Three years ago I hired a man to bring me several loads of manure, which he said he could get for next to nothing. It appeared to be good, half-rotted stable manure, and I had him spread it on a small field of timothy and clover. Last summer I discovered that there was an average of one yellow-dock plant to each square foot of land that he manured. The only thing to be done was to plow it up and put it in corn. I showed it to a farmer friend and he laughed heartily. "Got more than you paid for that time; but not what I would consider a first-class bargain!"—Ex.

Food For Young Turkeys.

The first month with young turkeys is when the most care should be given. As a diet for them prepare the food so as to have it nourishing. Into a shallow pan placed over the fire pour one pint of sweet milk; into this drop two eggs, well beaten, add a little corn meal and chopped onion tops, and stir the mixture until it boils and assumes the consistency of thick jelly. It should be made fresh every day, and in warm weather kept in a cool place to prevent its becoming sour before eating. After the first few days, and the young turkeys have learned to eat the mixture, it should be seasoned with a pinch of black pepper. When they are ten days or two weeks old the mixture, after it is thoroughly cooked, may be thickened with stale bread and corn meal, and after the turkeys are a month old put a pan of fresh milk on the stove, and when it comes to a boil add also potatoes with the bread and meal, and let it cook until quite thick. The onion tops, finely chopped, should always be included.

YES
THIS IS THE PLACE.

Groceries.
Our line of Staple and Fancy Groceries is second to none in this city. We have at all times Fruits and Vegetables in Season.

Crockery.
We have one of the largest and best stocks to select from in Buchanan and at Lowest Prices.

G. E. SMITH & CO.

Hadden and Bell Phones.

THIS IS OXFORD WEATHER.

I have Toe Oxfords,
Tie Oxfords,
Button Oxfords,
In Tan and Black.

FULL LINE OF ALL KINDS OF FANCY FOOT WEAR.

GEO. W. NOBLE, BUCHANAN, MICH.

At The "Popular Store."

QUICK SUMMER SELLING!

Items of interest for summer buyers. Low prices on Dry Goods and Millinery that make it worth your while to come to our store these hot summer days.

While prices on

DOMESTICS

are advancing sharply all along the line, I sell them at prices lower than they were ever sold before.

Fancy Prints.....2c yd.	36-inch Percales.....3c yd
Challies.....2c yd.	Cotton Crash.....2c yd
Standard Prints.....3c yd.	Linen Crash.....5c yd
Turkey Red Prints.....3c yd.	Table Cloth.....12 1/2c yd
Indigo Blue Prints.....4c yd.	Plaid Linen.....10c yd
Bleached Muslin.....4c yd.	9-4 Sheeting.....10c yd

Ellsworth's Famous Shirt Waists

This store's Shirt Waists have been town talk this season. Down stairs in the south aisle you will find a Shirt Waist bargain—something to come to town for—50c, 75c and \$1 Shirt Waists only.....**25c**

Up stairs you will find a lot of slightly soiled

White Shirt Waists

These have served their turn as forward samples and now they are mussed by handling. Can you use them at 1/2 their former price?

White and Colored

P. K. Skirts

Just the thing for hot August days, at prices to suit my customers; must clean them out to make room on the racks for new goods coming.

Millinery Bargains

Flowers that sold from 10c to 25c per bunch now.....**5c**

Children's White Duck Tam O'Shanter hats, mussed by handling, only.....**10c**

Wide brim sun hats for children.....15c	and 1 color red.....38c
Sun bonnets.....15c and 25c	\$3.50 sail or hats for only.....\$1.98
Linen outing hats for children.....25c and 38c	\$4.00 sailor hats for only.....\$2.48
	Walking hats.....25c each

Are you Interested?

Walking hats and trimmed hats at half price

OTHER BARGAINS—Ladies' Gents and Misses' hose—broken lines—to close, formerly sold for 10c per pair, are in a big heap marked per pair.....**5c**

Travelers' samples of Ladies' Neckwear set out for quick selling

25c Ladies' Neckwear.....19c	10c Ladies' corded, hemstitched handkerchiefs enter the quick selling at.....5c each.
75c Ladies' Neckwear.....59c	35c and 50c Fancy Ribbons.....25c yd.
\$1.25 Ladies' Neckwear.....89c	
50c Ladies' Neckwear.....38c	
\$1.00 Ladies' Neckwear.....78c	
\$1.50 Ladies' Neckwear.....98c	
\$2.50 Ladies' Neckwear.....\$1.49	

The above reductions are guaranteed bona fide.

JOHN CHESS ELLSWORTH.

SUCCESSOR TO ROSE & ELLSWORTH.

113-115 N. MICH. ST. SOUTH BEND, INDIANA

Store Open Wednesday and Saturday Evenings.

Official Directory.

Circuit Judges... OFFICERS... CLERK... JUDGE... SHERIFF... REGISTER... PROSECUTOR... COMMISSIONERS... SURVEYOR... COMMISSIONER... SUPERINTENDENTS...

VILLAGE OFFICERS: President... Clerk... Treasurer... Assessor... Trustee... City Marshal... Health Officer...

TOWNSHIP OFFICERS: Supervisor... Clerk... Treasurer... Highway Commissioner... Members Board of Review... Justices... School Inspectors... Constables... Health Officer...

Business Directory.

CHRISTIAN CHURCH - Sunday services: Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3:30 p. m.; Sen. C. E. at 6:00 p. m.; S. S. at 12:30 m. Other services: Cottage prayer meeting Tuesday evening at 7:00; Church prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:00; Ladies' aid every Wednesday afternoon at 4:30; Teachers' meeting Friday evening at 7:00. Pastor's receiving days - Tuesday and Friday afternoon, 2 to 4. E. R. BLACK, Pastor, 11 N. Detroit St.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH - Rev. G. S. Slusser, Pastor. Sabbath services: Sabbath School 12:00 m.; Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Young People's Meeting 8:15 p. m. Prayer Meeting at 7:00. Bible Reading Thursday evening 7:00. Everybody invited to all these services.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH - Rev. E. W. Shepard, Pastor. Sabbath services: Sabbath School 10:30 a. m.; Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m.; Sunday School 11:45 p. m.; Mrs. Lucy A. Brown, Sup't. Young People's League, 6:00 p. m.; Prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:00 p. m. Members are expected and strangers are always welcome.

METHODIST CHURCH, Rev. H. L. Porrett, Pastor. Sabbath services: Sabbath School 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.; Sabbath School 12:00 m.; Junior League 3:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:00 p. m.; Prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:00 p. m. Members are expected and strangers are always welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH, Rev. James Prvan, Pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.; Sabbath School 12:00 m. Young People's meeting 6:30 p. m. Prayer meeting, Thursday evening, 7:30 p. m. cordially invited.

EVANGELICAL CHURCH, corner Oak and Second Sts. Rev. J. R. Niergarth Pastor. Residence 47 Main St. Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m. Sunday School 11:45 p. m. Mrs. Lucy A. Brown, Sup't. Young People's League, 6:00 p. m. All seats are free. All cordially welcomed.

I. O. O. F. - Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds its regular meetings at Odd Fellows Hall, on each Tuesday evening.

F. & A. M. - Buchanan Lodge No. 68 holds its regular meeting Monday evening on before a full moon in each month.

A. O. U. W. - Buchanan Lodge No. 98 holds its regular meeting the 1st and 3rd Friday evening of each month.

G. A. R. - Wm. Perrott Post No. 32. Regular meeting on the first and third Saturday evening of each month. Visiting comrades always welcome.

SLAVIA CHAPTER, No. 74, O. E. S. holds a regular meeting every evening on or before the full moon in each month.

ROBERT HENDERSON, M. D., Physician and Surgeon. Office, Rough's Opera House Block. Residence, No. 40 Front Street. Calls answered all hours of the day and night.

Dr. E. O. Colvin, PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Telephone from office to house accessible from the street at all hours of day or night. Office over Carmer & Carmer's shoe store. Residence, 15 Cayuga Street.

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BUCHANAN RECORD.

D. H. BOWER, EDITOR.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY

TERMS \$1.00 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE

THURSDAY, AUG. 24, 1899.

Ex-Speaker T. B. Reed has resigned as congressman from his Maine district.

The big Maccabee picnic is being held at St. Joseph to-day and is a great success. The committee of arrangements deserve great credit for their work in this matter.

The 47th annual meeting of the Allegan County Agricultural Society will be held at Allegan, Oct. 3-6. The Society have a large number of attractions for the fair and promise a large time to all who attend.

An order was entered last Thursday issued by Judge Coolidge at Niles, giving Joseph W. Sheldon, receiver of the Citizens' National bank of Niles, personal property and real estate of the bank, to pay taxes and other claims and make an accounting to the court October 1 and quarterly hereafter.

Ex-Senator Arthur Brown, of Salt Lake City, Utah, a former resident of Kalamazoo, this state, and a member of the law firm of Brown, Howard and Ross, was stricken with blindness while trying an important case in Montana, last week. He appeared before the jury and made his argument, won his suit and returned by first train to Salt Lake City, where he is now lying in a darkened room.

Berrien County Battalion.

The annual meeting of the Berrien Co. Battalion took place on the Indian Field grounds at Berrien Springs last week and was largely attended by the veterans. Auditor-General Roscoe D. Dix, of Lansing, was made president of the day. The officers for the year were elected as follows: Harry Mitchel, president; Benjamin Wing, secretary; Mr Rowe, treasurer. The next annual meeting will be held at Eau Claire.

People's University.

The following is the program for the meeting to be held in the big tent at Berrien Springs

Thursday, Aug. 24, 7:30 p. m. "The Home School," Rev. H. H. Flory, Pastor U. B. Church, Berrien Springs. Friday, Aug. 25, 8:00 p. m. "The Industrial System of Christianity," Prof. J. W. Coultas, A. M., of Chicago.

Saturday, Aug. 26, 7:30 p. m. "The Church and the Social Problem." Sunday, Aug. 27, 3:00 p. m. "John Wesley as a Social Reformer." Rev. David D. Thompson, Asst. Editor N. W. Christian Advocate, Chicago.

OBITUARY.

The funeral services of Mr. Samuel W. Becker of Eau Claire were held at the Christian church at that place at 2 p. m. last Saturday. Elder Wm. M. Roe, who was visiting his son at Bryan, Ohio, was called to conduct the funeral services. Mr. Becker was a noted leader of song and was stricken with apoplexy while in the choir at church. He was universally loved and many who came to attend the funeral could not find sitting room in the church. He leaves a wife and daughter to mourn his departure. He was a faithful member of the Christian church, and his death was triumphant.

The frontispiece and a story, "The Play's the Thing," show illustrations in color by a young man, W. Glackens, who has the cleverness of the modern French illustrators applied to New York themes. By an ingenious use of half-tone plates and hand-engraving the color pictures are reproduced with striking truth to the originals. In color work Maxfield Parish has shown brilliant examples heretofore in Scribner's, but never has he been so successful as in the cover of this number.

Notice to Township Library Patrons.

All persons having books belonging to the Buchanan township library are requested to return the same to the library as soon as possible for the purpose of re-cataloging the same. CLAUDE MOULTON, Librarian.

The Ladies Aid Society of the Presbyterian church will give a lawn social next Wednesday at the home of Mrs. C. E. White, corner of Front street and Moccasin avenue.

COUNTY SEAT NEWS

THE PROBATE COURT.

Joseph D. Boyer and George W. Boyer filed and settled their accounts as administrators of the estate of William S. Boyer, deceased, and an order was entered for the final distribution of said estate as provided by law.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

Julius Spelzer, 28, Paulina Friez, 20, St. Joseph. Wilbert P. Conrad, 20, Cora P. Hamilton, 22, Buchanan.

Mr. Frank Ward, of Hartford, is the new agent of the M. B. H. & C. Ry., at Buchanan, in place of Mr. Corey, resigned. Mr. Ward's family arrived here Saturday.

Henry Eilers who drives for Mr. J. M. Hubbell, was arrested Saturday and brought before Justice Keller on the charge of using indecent language. He was assessed \$5.45 which he paid.

During the dry spell and in consequence of so much travel to the Riverside Camp Grounds the water board have given special permission to sprinkle from twelve o'clock noon until one o'clock. The permission will be withdrawn after camp meeting closes.

About twenty tickets were sold at Buchanan for the Knights Templars excursion to South Haven, Tuesday. Among the Buchanan Sir Knights who went were N. Hamilton, S. Barmore, J. M. Rouch, Chas. Groves, J. A. Ray, S. A. Wood and I. L. H. Dodd, a number of the Sir Knights being accompanied by their ladies.

The urgent need of a hose tower for properly drying the hose of our fire department was emphasized at the Blodgett fire this morning. Several lengths of hose burst, presumably from weak spots in the hose caused by inability to drain the water out of the hose. We understand that plans are already prepared for a tower and it would be a good thing to push right along.

Tomorrow afternoon the new ball park on North Detroit st. will be opened to the public by a game between Eau Claire and Buchanan. The Eau Claire team has been strengthened greatly for this game by securing the services of the Dowagiac Indian pitcher, accordingly a warm game is expected. Everyone turn out and help the boys. Admission, 10 and 15 cents. Game will be called at 2:30.

A number of residents of Buchanan enjoyed a pleasant dinner with Mr. Freeman Franklin and his estimable family last Friday. After dinner the afternoon was passed with music, croquet, and social conversation. Those present were Rev. and Mrs. E. R. Black and family, Mr. and Mrs. A. C. Roe, Mr. and Mrs. L. S. Bronson and Miss Bronson, Mrs. Kear, Mrs. Hays and Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Bower and daughter.

Hire's Root Beer at Broderick's.

SALARIES OF PROFESSORS.

The Pay of Many in Scotland Is So High as to Cause Surprise.

The lists have been formally opened for candidates to the chair of physiology in the University of Edinburgh left vacant by the death of Prof. Rutherford. A number of quite distinguished names have already been presented. The emoluments of the chair are officially announced at \$7,000 per annum, says the Medical Record.

Not a few of the Scotch chairs are surprisingly well paid. The chair of anatomy in Edinburgh, by dint of various "hereditary" grants and dues, which have been accumulated, is reported to be worth \$20,000 per annum. Several chairs in both Edinburgh and Glasgow draw from \$8,000 to \$12,000, and even in Aberdeen, far north as it is, a number of the chairs, both scientific and medical, run about \$5,000.

Military Musicians. The German army includes more than 10,000 military musicians. Other powerful nations on the continent employ rather less numbers in military bands.

HER FIRST ALLOWANCE.

Spending It Had an Intoxicating Effect Upon This Care Free Maiden.

The spending of her first allowance has an intoxicating effect on the average maiden, says the New York Commercial Advertiser. Power and freedom and extravagance are hers to use and abuse, and she indulges herself in all three. This is the way one maid's monthly allowance of \$25 vanished in a day, according to her own account: "Rode in an automobile for the first time in my life, \$1.50. Stopped at D... to buy a duck of a white stitched hat, \$5. Saw the loveliest ties in the world with red heels and was crazy for them. Bought them for \$7. Never had a kimona like other girls, but bound to have one; \$1.75 was all they asked for the sweetest pink one I ever saw. Thought I needed two or three new ties and found such darlings for \$1.25 apiece and Etons for 75 cents each. Bought four, two of each kind. Saw such a lovely dear turquoise buckle. I adore turquoise, always did, but never owned one. Had to pay \$5 for it, but it is worth it. Met Bessie B... as I was waiting for change and asked her to come along. Went and had an ice cream soda each, bought a box of chocolate caramels and was dumfounded to find I had just five cents left to pay my fare in the 'bus home. But—oh, what a lot of things I bought and what fun! I'll surprise papa. He always said I could shop as well as anyone if I had the chance!"

MAINE CHEWING TOBACCO.

Farmers Flavoring It with Maple Syrup Just as Their Grandfathers Did.

Since the price of plug tobacco went up, a good many farmers in Maine have been making their own chewing tobacco, just as their grandfathers did. Tobacco seed is bought in Virginia or Kentucky, and planted in hot beds or boxes early in the spring. After danger from frost has passed, the seedlings are transplanted in rich ground and allowed to grow until September 1. The stalks are cut off near the ground on a dry day and the whole plant, with leaves attached is hung in a loft to cure. In May the dry leaves are stripped off, and when the ribs are taken out the mass is wetted with a sweetened water containing an infusion of licorice root. As soon as the flow of maple sap diminishes, the spigots are taken from the trees and the auger holes that held the spigots are crowded full of the prepared tobacco leaves. A tapering pine plug is then driven into the hole on top of the tobacco, and sawed off flush with the tree.

In midsummer, when the maple flavoring has had time to permeate the mass and the wad of leaves has turned dark and shrunken to half its original bulk, the plug is bored out and a solid cylinder of excellent chewing tobacco is found. Nearly all the farmers in northern and western Penobscot county are making their own chewing tobacco this year.

A QUICKSILVER FOUNTAIN.

An Odd Exhibit from Queensland Which Is Soon to Be Made in London.

The government of Queensland are going to show the world, or such portion of it as may visit the forthcoming exhibition at Earl's court, that the colony can produce quicksilver equally with America, Spain and Austria, says the London Mail.

A mere pool of quicksilver in a glass case would be no indication at all, so those responsible for the arrangement of the Queensland section propose to show this precious liquid mineral lending a new and effective beauty to a fountain.

Mr. C. Bright, F.R.S.D., A. M. Inst. C. E., is the engineer responsible for this novel departure in the way of fountains, and he gave some interesting details of its construction to a Daily Mail representative the other day.

"This," he said, "can hardly be called a fountain in the ordinary acceptation of the word, for the difficulties of dealing with such a heavy body as mercury are too great to allow of a jet such as one sees playing in Trafalgar square. What we are going to have is an arrangement of two basins, one above the other. These will be of iron, enameled black, to give a greater effect to the falling quicksilver."

FISH IN HOT WATER.

If We May Believe This Account They Enjoy It and Seem to Grow Fat in It.

A fish is naturally a cold-blooded animal, but if you take a fish and keep him in slightly tepid water for a month or so he will soon get used to it, and be perfectly healthy, says Public Opinion. Then, if you like, you can increase the water's temperature. The fish will not pay any attention to the change if it be made gradually, and will eat a good deal more than in quite cold water. Increase the heat still more and he will develop a strong appetite and his skin will look clean and glossy.

You may go on with this treatment for any length of time, always slightly adding to the heat of the water, and giving the fish more and more to eat, until the water is as hot as your hand can bear. If you then put the fish in a radiated aquarium—that is, an aquarium with heat playing on a part of it, so that one-half of the water is colder than the other—the fish will keep to the hot part and bask in it. It is said that a fish will even live a little while without outward discomfort in water not a great deal below the boiling point. A fish certainly seems to derive benefit from living in hot water, and is better eating after such a life when it is dead.

Here! Here! Here! Is the place and now is the time to get Good Goods Cheap. 15c Lawns... 10c Prints... 28-inch Madras... Ladies Gauze Vests... Children's Gauze Vests... ALL COTTON DRESS GOODS AT REDUCED PRICES AT S P HIGH'S

Best Groceries at Best Prices. C. KENT.

Seasonable Goods. ANTI-PAIN—FOR HEADACHE. FINE PERFUMES—FOR BEST GIRL. TANGLEFOOT—FOR FLIES. PARIS GREEN—FOR BUGS. RUNNER'S.

IT IS ECONOMY TO BUY SPRING WHEAT FLOUR. GOLD MEDAL IS THE BEST. FOR SALE BY TREAT BROS.

RICHARDS & EMERSON. Want you to see their... Sideboards, China Closets, also Spice Boxes, and Those little KINDERGARTEN CHAIRS

A FEAT IN GLASS BLOWING. An Unpretentious Russian Peasant Shows Experts a Trick in Their Own Trade. Emperor Nicholas wished to illuminate the Alexander column in a grand style. The style of the round lamps to be used for the purpose was indicated, and the glasses ordered at the manufactory, where the workmen exerted themselves in vain, and almost blew the breath out of their bodies in the endeavor to obtain the desired size.

Send your Laundry to the Elkhart Steam Laundry. R. H. KEAN, Agent. Office at Claude Monitor's.

Unedea Suit. —1 SELL— SCHOOL BOOKS, SCHOOL SUPPLIES, WALL PAPER, NEWS BOOKS and STATIONERY. We carry an immense assortment. When you buy of me you get your money's worth and a square deal every pop. BINNS. Next to Post-Office. Buchanan, Mich.

Shaming Delinquents. Russian photographers shame delinquent customers by hanging their pictures upside down in their glass cases. This method soon compels them to pay up.

Dr. E. S. DODD & SON.

DRUGGISTS AND BOOKSELLERS,

Have now on hand a large stock of

SCHOOL BOOKS.

Books for Every Grade. All the new ones.

We also have TABLETS, INKS, PENCILS, SPONGES and SLATES.

PERFUMERY, TOILET SOAP, TOOTH BRUSHES and

Dodd's Sarsaparilla, 75c. Per Bottle.

For Sale or Trade.

I have 80 acres of land lying two miles west of Buchanan which I wish to sell or exchange for Buchanan property or Western lands.

Anyone having anything of the kind can get a good trade by addressing: E. H. CLARK, Owen, Wisconsin.

Kodaks

.. and ..

Camera

Supplies

-AT-

A. JONES & Co.,

Jewelers and Opticians...

BUCHANAN, - MICH.

You See Us Grow

Ten days ago to day we opened our New Bakery and Restaurant—the business done, has told us in a forcible way how well you like it. Every day bringing new friends, new patrons, new admirers. The phenomenal growth of our Bakery and Restaurant (short order) business, reflects at once not only your instant recognition of the superior quality of our baked goods, but this constant, ever-widening CONFIDENCE comes to us, day by day, spurring us still better to deserve your FAVORS. Successfully yours.

WM. VAN METER.

One Door East of Morris the Fair.

Old Papers

Putting under Carpets. Putting on Shelves. Wrapping Furniture. Cleaning Glassware. Always Useful.

5 cents a package.

For sale at THE RECORD office.

LEE BROS. & CO., BANKERS

Four per cent. interest paid in both Commercial and Savings Departments on time deposits.

Money to Loan on Approved Security.

Exchange bought and Sold. Your patronage solicited.

R. E. LEE, CASHIER.

BUCHANAN RECORD.

THURSDAY, AUG. 24, 1899.

Entered at the Post-office at Buchanan, Mich. as second-class matter.

Only 168 out of a possible 375 of the weekly newspapers in Michigan are accorded a circulation in actual figures by the American Newspaper Directory for 1898, and the publishers of the Directory will guarantee the accuracy of its rating by a reward of one hundred dollars to the first person who successfully assails it. Advertisers should note the fact that the BUCHANAN RECORD is one of the 168 that are not afraid to let their customers know just what they are buying.

ADVERTISING RATES.

DISPLAYED advertisements, on any page, at publisher's option, whether for 1 inch or 1000, or for 1 week or 52... 10c. PER INCH. "Locals," "Business Notices," "Cards of Thanks" and similar notices 5 cents per line per insertion.

OFFICE—In Record Building, Oak Street

BUCHANAN MARKETS.

Butter—14¢. Eggs—11¢. Wheat—67¢. Oats—18¢. Corn—37¢. Rye—48¢. Flour, per bbl—\$3.60 to \$4.80. Live Hogs—\$4.00. Honey—14¢. Live poultry—6@7c. Hay—\$6@7 per ton. Lard, retail—8¢. Salt, retail—30c. Beans—80¢@1.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

All "copy" for change of advertisements must be in our office by Wednesday of each week to ensure the change being made.

Sheriff's Sale—See legal. Mortgage Sale—See legal. Notice to Library patrons—See local. W. H. Keller has a change of adv. this week. Read it. Wm. Van Meter has a fine change this week. Read it. R. M. Kean has a new adv. of the Ek-hart Steam Laundry in this issue. E. S. Roe, the hardware man wants you to keep your eye open for "Round Oak" Goods. See his adv.

Mr. H. N. Mowrey has sold out his blacksmithing interests to Mr. Burgess Miles.

Mrs. G. H. Parkinson is having a cement walk laid in front of her store property on Main street.

"Uncle Josh Sprucey" played to a good house, last Friday and gave excellent satisfaction to all present.

Forty six tickets were sold over the M. B. H. & C. Ry., for the Mac-cabee picnic at St. Joseph to-day.

Mr. Geo. A. Corbus has accepted a situation as foreman of the Niles Sun and Republican and began work at that office today.

The Christian Sunday School and their friends will have a picnic next week Friday at Samson's woods, just south east of town.

The gravel put on Front street has improved the street so much that the street committee are giving Main, Oak, and River streets a similar dressing of gravel.

Mr. P. E. Wright, of Indianapolis, Ind., was in town yesterday exhibiting to the members of the School Board the Crowell Physical apparatus and cabinet. The board decided not to purchase at present.

The barn belonging to Lafayette Lewis who lives 1 mile northwest of Glendora was burned Friday night. Several horses and a considerable amount of grain and agricultural implements were burned. The loss is estimated at \$1000.

The users of electric power are happy once more. The power current was turned on Monday until 4 p. m. and on Tuesday the power was furnished at six o'clock until midnight and yesterday and to-day it is running on the old schedule.

A leak was found in the wheel pit nearest the power house, at the river, and on examination it was found that the planking of the pit had been forced up by the pressure of the water in the next pit. A gang of men in charge of Mr. Willis Weaver repaired the break and it is expected that no further trouble will be experienced.

FOR YOUR

Shoes, Hats and Caps, Gent's Furnishing Goods, Tin Ware, Granite Ware, Cigars and Tobacco.

And Ten Thousand other articles go at

MORRIS, THE FAIR, BUCHANAN.

Dealer in Almost Everything.

LOCAL NOTES

The dry spell is telling severely on corn and other crops. Sugar beet growers say that rain is needed badly.

Mr. Wm. Monro is putting in a fine Fairbanks platform scale on the north side of his lumber and coal office.

Messrs. H. A. Hathaway and Frank A. Treat were fishing last Friday at Clear Lake and caught 40 fine blue gills.

Mr. Ed. Mittan has one of the finest wells in Southern Michigan. It was put down by R. H. Bolster of Benton Harbor.

Mr. Will Vinton is running the pumps at the water works while day engineer R. A. Myler is enjoying a well earned vacation.

An alarm was given early this morning at half-past 2 o'clock. The fire was at the brick yard of Mrs. H. Blodgett and Sons but was soon put out when the department got to work. The boiler house and tile shed were damaged to the extent of \$200.

The production of "Monte Cristo" at Raugh's Opera House was an excellent one, and witnessed by a fair audience. The acting of Mr. C. H. Farnum as *Edmund Dante* was very well done, and the general verdict was that the performance was above the average.

Married—Sunday morning at the home of the officiating clergyman, Rev. G. S. Slusser, Miss Bertie Spencer to Mr. Wm. A. Leiter, both of Dayton. The newly married couple will commence housekeeping in the John Leiter property near the old Wilson farm.

The Buchanan Commercial Club had a meeting Tuesday night and the matter of a new location was discussed. A committee was appointed who will report at the meeting of the club to be held next Tuesday night at 8:00 o'clock. A full attendance of members is desired.

At the meeting of the members of the Advent Christian Church held on Monday night, to consider the resignation of Rev. E. W. Shepard, it was voted to accept the resignation to take effect September 24th. Mr. Shepard has been an earnest worker in his pastorate here and we understand resigns to devote himself to evangelistic work.

Mr. Daniel Whalen who has been for the past eight years in charge of the Standard Oil Co.'s interests in Niles and Buchanan, has received a substantial promotion and will go on the road for the company after September first, with headquarters at South Bend. Mr. A. M. Warner, of Crown Point, Ind. succeeds Mr. Whalen in this territory.

Mr. Wilbert A. Conrad and Miss Cora Hamilton were married on Tuesday afternoon at two o'clock, Rev. E. R. Black officiating. Mr. and Mrs. Conrad left for a brief wedding trip to Cassopolis, Dowagiac and other points. The young people are well known in town and their many friends wish them abundant prosperity in their journey through life.

All lovers of fine art will find it worth their time to call at Dr. Curtis' office. A beautiful painting by the celebrated artist L. H. Smith of New York, handsomely framed was recently presented to the doctor by his mother who has been spending a few weeks' visit in this vicinity. This painting adds much to the doctor's already beautifully furnished rooms.

The Pears-East Grain company have been seriously inconvenienced by the break down of the electric power plant owing to their inability to run their machinery at the grain elevator, and consequently were unable to fill orders for grain. They have been able however to get caught up quite a bit by running day and night.

PERSONAL

Miss E. Logan is visiting in Chicago.

Mr. H. H. Porter was in town yesterday.

Mr. Glenn E. Smith was in Galien, last Thursday.

Mrs. G. H. Parkinson went to Chicago Saturday.

Mrs. Clyde Valentine is visiting Buchanan relatives.

Mr. J. D. Boyer was in St. Joseph on business Monday.

The Misses Shafer returned Monday from their vacation.

Mrs. Chas. A. Clark, of Galien, is visiting relatives in town.

Mr. Oscar Myler, of Utah, visited relatives in town the past week.

Mr. Geo. Churchill was in New Buffalo, on business, Saturday.

Miss Effice Sellers visited friends at Edwardsburg, the past week.

Mrs. J. W. Broccens and children, are visiting relatives in Chicago.

Mr. Jacob Bressler, of Adamsville, is here attending the campmeeting.

Miss Lena Weaver, of Wolverine, Mich., is visiting friends in town.

Miss Blennie Waterman is spending this week with friends in Cassopolis.

Mrs. Alfred Richards jr., and Mrs. E. S. Roe are visiting in Berrien Centre.

Messrs. Arthur Smith and John Vaughn, of Niles spent Sunday in town.

Miss Mabel Burgoyne, of Chicago, is visiting her friend, Jennie Churchill.

Mrs. Kerr who has been visiting friends in town has returned to Saginaw.

Mr. F. W. Mitchell, of Portland, Me., spent Saturday with Miss Lulu Wynn.

Mr. and Mrs. Ed Baker, of Chicago are visiting Mr. and Mrs. W. A. Sparks.

Mrs. Belle Proper, of Hornellsville, N. Y., is visiting her nephew Mr. S. A. Vinton.

Mrs. Leland Townsend, of St. Joseph, is visiting friends in Niles and Buchanan.

Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Voorhees returned home from their visit at Joliet, Ills.

Mrs. H. H. Hutchinson, of Glendora visited Mr. and Mrs. W. H. Keller, Monday.

Mr. and Mrs. Will Hunter and Mr. and Mrs. Chas. Black went to Chicago last Saturday.

Miss Hawkins, of Remington, Ind. has returned from a visit with Rev. J. F. Bartmess.

Mr. Harry Bailey wheeled to Benton Harbor Sunday and returned Monday morning.

Mr. and Mrs. W. M. DeWing, of Kalamazoo, spent Sunday with S. A. Vinton and family.

Mr. Ed. Breccens and his sister Lennie are spending this week in Chicago with friends.

Miss Beryl Wynn, of Kalamazoo, is spending a few days with friends in Buchanan and Niles.

Miss Mary Fitzgerald, of Bellevue, Mich., is the guest of Miss Georgia Wilcox for a few weeks.

Miss Pansy Thomas, will leave this week for Chicago which city she expects to make her home.

Col. Geo. M. Stadelaker, of South Bend, was in town yesterday, the guest of Mr. H. H. Porter.

Mr. Guy Zulner, of Dowagiac, returned home to-day after a few days' visit with Miss Alta G. Iswold.

Mr. Arthur Wray returned to St. Louis, Mo. last Saturday after a three weeks' vacation with his parents.

Miss Daisy Emery will leave tomorrow to spend her vacation in Toledo, Sandusky and Cleveland.

Mrs. M. E. Berrick and daughter Miss Gertrude, of New York City, were in town on business last week.

Mr. I. Hershnow, cutter of Mr. Parkinson's Merchant Tailoring establishment spent Sunday in Chicago.

Miss Alta Jeffries, of Lansing is spending a few weeks' visit with Mr. and Mrs. Wm. Waterman and family.

Mrs. Butler and daughter, Miss Susie were called to Joliet, Ills., this week by the illness of Mr. Butler's mother.

Mr. and Mrs. Ankerman, of South Bend, spent Sunday with Mr. Ankerman's parents, Mr. and Mrs. Joseph Shook.

B. R. DESENBEG & BRO.

Shirt Waists . .

The ridiculously low price of 69c made by us to close out \$1.00, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75 Waists has taken them with a rush, as was expected. There are yet a limited quantity on hand, so if you are not yet supplied, we would advise you to take immediate advantage of this sale.

Dress Skirts . .

And here we are again with another BIG BARGAIN in ready made Skirts, all marked down in about the following proportions. A handsome black brocaded Silk Skirt, full width, lined with Percale, interlined and faced with velvet—cheap at \$6.00, your choice of patterns : : : \$3.50

B. R. DESENBEG & BRO.

THE ONE PRICE LARGE DOUBLE STORE.

G. H. PARKINSON, Merchant Tailoring,

BUCHANAN, MICH.

J. HERSHENOW, CUTTER.

Keep your eye open for a new line of : : :

Round Oak Goods

-AT- E. S. ROE'S HARDWARE.

Miss Ora Quint who has been visiting in town the past few months returned to her home in Carroll City, Ia. last Monday.

Miss Nettie Wenger returned yesterday from a visit with friends in Edwardsburg. She was accompanied by Miss Vera Light.

Auditor-General R. D. Dix accompanied by Mrs. Dix, and daughter Miss Kittie, were in town Saturday on their way to Lansing.

Mr. John Stevens, of Columbus, Ohio, who was formerly with the Hatch Cutlery Co., is spending the week in town with friends.

Mrs. S. Barmore and daughter went to Benton Harbor Tuesday and from there went on the Knights Templar excursion to South Haven.

Mrs. W. A. Magoon, after a visit of several weeks with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. Alex. Emery, will leave for her home in Sandusky to-morrow.

Mrs. Wm. Waterman and sons Earl and Charley returned home last Friday, from a two weeks' visit with friends and relatives in Churubasco, Indiana.

Mr. R. G. Clarke, of Michigan City, Ind., was in town Saturday, the

guest of his sister Mrs. A. M. Glover. Mr. Clarke was formerly a Buchanan resident.

Rev. Wm. Roe went to Bryan, Ohio last Thursday for a visit with his son, but was called back to preach the funeral services for Mr. Samuel Becker at Eau Claire.

Mr. W. P. Mapes, of New York City, who is connected with the Warren Featherbone Co.'s New York office, and an old time friend, spent Friday evening with Mr. and Mrs. D. H. Bower.

Mr. and Mrs. John W. Koons who have been visiting their daughter Mrs. Carrie Cain and their son Mr. William Koons the past four months returned Tuesday to their home in Exeter, Mo.

Mr. Washington Acheson who has been for sometime in the employ of the Record office left on Saturday for Chicago, where he will receive treatment for his eyes which have been giving him considerable trouble.

A good young work-horse for sale by EDWARD ABELL.

You should read the RECORD, \$1

All Kinds.
It is only the same old story.
This life is the greatest pleasure;
With its tales of adventure and glory
And its chapters of hoping and care.

But a story depends on the telling.
And each must strive on as he may
With his narrative, carefully dwelling
On its incidents, day after day.

Some tell with an epic completeness;
Some are tragic and stately and slow
And some give a lyrical sweetness
To the hours as they greet us and go.

And the world coldly pauses to edit
The efforts brought forth from the
franks;
And some achieve here and credit
And the rest are declined without
thanks.

IN HIS OWN TRAP.

The June sun glared dully through the morning haze, a sign of the heat to come. In Park lane the gay stripes of the awnings in the balconies, and the masses of brilliant flowers beneath, made a spot of color pleasing to the eye.

Early equestrians cantered slowly along the cool tan of the Chain ride, enjoying to the full the snatches of breeze which later on in the day would be but a memory.

Francis Aspiden noted but little of this. His straight brows had met in a frown which disfigured his good-looking face, and made it ill to look upon. He read the note through word for word:

"Dear Frank: I am duly installed as your future wife's companion. Funny, isn't it? What splendid jewels, eh? The jewels are worth—how much? If you are short we can imagine it. Come down."

He swore softly beneath his breath, and tore the note into a thousand fragments.

Taking a case from his pocket, he selected a cigar, cut the end carefully and methodically, lit it, and faced the difficulty.

His contemplated marriage with Miss Fallon was of a sort of which people talk. It outraged that sense of fitness which the world possesses so strongly in regard to the marriage, not of itself, but of its friends.

She had inherited the millions of her father, a successful soap manufacturer, whose workpeople constituted a colony of themselves.

He had no millions whatever, but he was young, and the handsomest man about town.

Sinister rumors were afloat as to his past—his present proved food for speculation. Just who he was, and from where he got the money he squandered with such profusion, no one could tell.

These facts notwithstanding, Helen Fallon loved him, and it wanted but three weeks to his wedding-day when this new factor in the case had risen to confront him.

His brow grew dark with fear and anger. He had thought all the old life done with and buried out of sight, whilst here, almost at the very altar, a dread apparition appeared to menace all his dazzling plans.

The situation struck him almost tragically. This woman, Ella Delaney, had been his helpmate in many a great coup in the past.

He had made passionate love to her, love which she had returned. Imperative circumstances had rendered it necessary for him to leave the Antipodes. That he left Ella in duress vile and took her share of the plunder as well as his own had not troubled him then.

Who would have dreamt that she would follow him to England?

He laughed aloud—a grim, reckless laugh—starting a white-dressed nurse who was sauntering by him with her tiny charges more than a little.

"Good heavens!" he muttered. "She will spoil everything. I must think of some plan to get rid of her; she is dangerous!"

He sat in the cool shade of the trees for a considerable length of time before he moved. When he did so his face had cleared. Rising to his feet and swinging his cane lightly, he left the park. At the nearest telegraph office he stopped to send two wires.

The first, to Ella Delaney, read:

"Meet the 5:40.—Frank."

The other was to his betrothed, Helen Fallon:

"Am inviting myself down for a few days. Expect me tonight.—Francis."

The train was late and Ella Delaney impatient.

As she walked the little platform of the rural station the warm blood ran riot in her veins. This man who was so swiftly coming to her had once—not so very long ago—been her lover. Now he was almost the husband of another woman.

Her dark-gray eyes contracted with the intensity of her emotion.

When they had last seen each other she had stood in the forenoon's dock "under" she had suffered indignity for his sake, love sealing her lips.

For what? she asked herself bitterly. To be tricked, robbed, cast off like an old, disused glove—deserted for another!

Could she ever forget or forgive such baseness, such dastardly treachery?

A bell rang somewhere, and a minute later the train ran slowly into the station.

Aspiden sprang out of the "smoker," his quick eyes taking in at once the tall white figure waiting for him.

He raised his hat to her, for the benefit of the few inquisitive onlookers, and held the slim hand for a moment.

"Let us get out of this," he said bluntly. "I am known here."

She followed him through the little white gate on to the dusty road.

"There is a short cut across these fields and through the plantation," he went on in a softer tone. "We can say our say as we go along."

Her eyes had been searching his face for some token of the old affection in vain, and a revelation had come over her. This man with the light gray suit, the crimson flower in his buttonhole, the faint perfume of the cigar he had been smoking lingering about him, was callous, heartless.

What she had undergone for his sake

was as nothing to him. She felt her heart grow cold and cruel and revengeful as she thought of her wrongs.

II.

"Beautiful weather, Ella," he said, as they got into the second field, and safely out of earshot of the station.

Beautiful weather! She could have laughed aloud. The plan which had matured in her brain when she wrote him the note which had brought him hither recurred to her.

"Yes, the weather is perfect," she said, calmly.

"I never expected seeing you here," he exclaimed, slashing the heads off the big golden daisies with his cane.

"Nor anywhere else?"—cynically.

"Oh, I won't say that"—reddening. She gazed at him from under her long lashes.

"What I can't understand," he continued irritably, "is why you have taken up the position you have done."

"I took the situation before I knew that Miss Fallon was engaged to you," the girl answered gravely. "I should not have known you by your new name or found you at all had I not seen your photograph at the hall."

"Since when have you taken to the 'companion' business for a living?" he asked, with a short laugh that ended in a sneer.

"Since I came out of prison and found myself homeless, friendless, penniless, and deserted!"

He clutched her arm, and glanced around.

"Sh-h-h, Ella!" he ejaculated hoarsely. "Someone might hear you."

She freed herself from his grasp, and walked calmly on. The man felt half afraid of her.

He glanced through an opening in the trees to where the hall stood bathed in the slanting rays of the setting sun.

"You are a reformed character, then?"—lighting a cigarette.

"Yes."

"But your note mentioned something about a necklace?"—tentatively.

"Yes."

"Confound it, Ella, don't be so monosyllabic. I could do with that necklace, I'm denced hard up, and it would only be taking what would soon be my own, in a sense. You must get it for me, that's a good girl."

"You intend to marry Miss Fallon?" she asked.

"Why, of course. That is a foolish question, Ella."

"Perhaps it is."

"And you'll get the necklace, if possible? You are clever, Ella, and can manage it. If there is any contretemps, however, I shall trust to you not to implicate me," anxiously.

Her lips curled with ineffable scorn.

"I will get it," she said; "there is no danger. You can meet me in the long corridor tonight."

He slipped one arm around her waist and tried to draw her to him. She resisted for a moment, and then, pushing back the hair from his brow, she kissed him once with burning lips. And the kiss was the kiss of Judas.

But the man thought he understood.

♦♦♦♦♦

The creaking of a door woke no echo in the wide hall. A window at the end admitted moonlight cloistered in its whiteness. It just touched a softly-stepping figure, dressed in black. In black, of course. How could not tell what trick a stray moonbeam falling on white might play?

There was moonlight enough in the small boudoir to see one's way to the curious cabinet of inlaid Japanese woods that stood in one corner. A fragile thing in appearance, but not in reality, unless you happened to know the mechanism of its secret drawers. When you did, what more easy than to touch a spring and assist the hinge that noiselessly turned, exposing the indistinct contour of the coffer behind?

The box was of light weight, despite the value it represented. But those swift, dexterous fingers had no thought of carrying it. Already they had pressed the secret spring that opened it, and lifted the padded tray. From the delicately-scented satin of its lining the liquid fire of diamonds, the living whiteness of pearl detached themselves.

Just then the moon passed behind a cloud. But there was no possibility of mistake in the touch of those cold, chained stones, slipping like a snake against the palm.

This was the wonderful Fallon necklace, enriched with gems scarce anywhere to be matched. The tray was replaced, the coffer put back, the hinge turned. The Japanese cabinet stood in its corner as if no touch had violated it.

The dark figure in the light of the reappearing moon glided from the room as noiselessly as it had glided in.

Half-way up the long corridor a second figure joined the first.

"Let me see—have you got them?" a man's voice whispered hoarsely. "I must see them—be sure. Come to the window, Ella; the moon will give sufficient light."

His slip on her delicate wrist hurt the woman painfully. Her breath came in short, sharp pants.

Dazzled, bewildering in their beauty, the gems lay in Francis Aspiden's palm.

Outside, the moonlight shone in one long, unbroken path, lighting up the verandah which ran along this side of the house.

He turned to her exultantly.

"You have done well, Ella! These gems are worth a king's ransom! Let us—"

"Gal—"

He stopped suddenly, startled beyond measure at her action. Her outstretched hand pointed to the window behind him. The necklace scintillated like living fire as it dangled from his nerveless hand; his feet seemed riveted to the spot; some strange agency denied him the power to raise his head.

Thus they stood for one long, awful minute; then the man, with a gasping cry, turned to face the unknown.

On the balcony, with the moonlight shining full upon her beautiful face and figure, her white dress swaying gently in the breeze, stood—Ella!

Francis Aspiden gazed at her as if fascinated.

"Who, then, are you?" he cried fearfully, turning to the cloaked and hooded figure by his side.

Even as he spoke the black folds fell noiselessly away, revealing to his startled gaze the face and figure of his betrothed wife—Helen Fallon.

♦♦♦♦♦

From the Morning Post:

"We understand that the marriage arranged between Miss H. Fallon and Mr. Francis Aspiden will not take place."

STYLE IN COURT TRAINS.

The Latest Cues Are Now Made Very Light in Weight.



The cable announces that the sensation of the season in London is the new transparent court trains, first seen at the May drawing-room. Herebefore the trains demanded by court etiquette have been tremendously heavy affairs of silk velvet brocade, lined with satin, and sweeping away

from the shoulders to a splendid length. A woman was almost compelled to take a course of athletic training before venturing to appear in one. The new train, no less splendid in appearance and length, is comparatively a feather. It is made of lace and the various gauze-like materials, such as chiffon, crepe de chine, and mousseline de soie. In some instances cloth of silver and cloth of gold are used. They are puffed with the finest tulle at the edges and lined with tulle equally fine. In order that the new trains may spread as gracefully as those constructed of heavier material the edges are heavily wired.

China's Empress.
The Empress Dowager of China is described by an English lady as a remarkable person. She is an ardent painter, and her pictures are fine specimens of Chinese art. She is well read, is fond of European music, and has some skill as a pianist. Strange as it may seem, her majesty is fond of wrestling, and frequently indulges in this rough exercise. Finally, she is absolutely without fear, although her life has been attempted a dozen times. No wonder such a woman can rule in place of the real emperor.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together and, until the last few years, was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years doctors pronounced it a local disease and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Science has proven catarrh a constitutional disease and, therefore, requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by P. J. Cheney & Co., Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly on the blood and mucous surfaces of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c. Hall's Fam. Pills are the best.

CASTORIA
bears the signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER.
In use for more than thirty years, and
The Kind You Have Always Bought.

It's easy to haul a big load up a big hill if you grease the wagon wheels with
MICA Axle Grease
Get a box and learn why it's the best grease ever put on an axle. Sold everywhere. Made by
STANDARD OIL CO.

For a SUMMER CRUISE take the
COAST LINE TO MACKINAC

NEW STEEL PASSENGER STEAMERS

The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service.

To Detroit, Mackinac, Georgian Bay, Petoskey, Chicago

No other line offers a panorama of 460 miles of equal variety and interest.

Four Trips per Week Between
Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac
PETOSKEY, "THE COO," MARQUETTE AND DULUTH.

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE BETWEEN
DETROIT AND CLEVELAND
Fare, \$1.50 Each Direction.
Berths, 75c. Stateroom, \$1.75.
Connections are made at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and Southwest, and at Detroit for all points West.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and Return, including Meals and Berths. Approximate Cost from Cleveland, \$10.50 from Toledo, \$16.25; from Detroit, \$13.75.

EVERY DAY AND NIGHT BETWEEN
Cleveland, Put-in-Bay and Toledo.

Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address
A. A. SCHANTZ, G. P. O., DETROIT, MICH. Detroit and Cleveland Navigation Company.

Patti's Home.

Should a wet day prevent visitors at Craig-y-Nos from going out they can find plenty of occupation indoors in examining the many beautiful souvenirs which have been given to Mme. Patti during her wonderful career. The house is literally lined with them. There are ornaments of every description in every material imaginable, and trinkets innumerable, besides portraits and letters from many royalties and celebrities. In her boudoir there are signed photographs of Queen Victoria and of the Prince and Princess of Wales. Her majesty presented Mme. Patti with the portrait on the occasion of her singing at Windsor castle two years ago. There is also one of Prince Henry of Battenberg, with a charming letter thanking her for the pleasure he had during a visit to her Welsh home, and a sad little note from Princess Beatrice, written the day after her husband's funeral, full of gratitude for the flowers which had been sent for his grave. But beyond these tributes of affection from all sorts and conditions of people, which are to be seen at every turn, there are stores of treasures which do not often see the light—drawers full of costly fans, priceless jewels—in fact, an endless list of everything it is possible to give to a famous and beautiful woman.

Japanese bicycles.
The Japanese are, as a rule, so small that it is necessary to build specially low bicycles for them.

♦♦♦♦♦

A \$49.00 Bicycle Given Away Daily.

The publishers of *The New York Star*, the handsomely illustrated Sunday newspaper, are giving a HIGH GRADE BICYCLE each day for the largest list of words made by using the letters contained in

T-H-E N-E-W-Y-O-R-K S-T-A-R

no more times in any one word than it is found in *The New York Star*. Webster's Dictionary to be considered as authority. Two Good WATCHES (first class timekeepers) will be given daily for second and third best lists, and many other valuable rewards, including Dinner Sets, Tea Sets, China, Sterling Silverware, etc., etc., in order of merit. This educational contest is being given to advertise and introduce this successful weekly into new homes, and all prizes will be awarded promptly without partiality. Twelve 2-cent stamps must be enclosed for thirteen weekly subscriptions with full particulars and list of over 300 valuable rewards. Contest opens and awards commence Monday, June 24th, and closes Monday, August 21st, 1899. Your list can reach us any day between these dates, and will receive the award to which it may be entitled for that day, and your name will be printed in the following issue of *The New York Star*. Only one list can be entered by the same person. Prizes are on exhibition at *The Star's* business offices. Persons securing bicycles may have choice of Ladies' or Gentlemen's or Juveniles' 1899 model, color or size desired. Call or address Dept. "B," THE NEW YORK STAR, 236 W. 39th Street, New York City.

CELESTINE KING
NATURE'S CURE

A Young Girl's Experience.

My daughter's nerves were terribly out of order. She was thin and weak; the least noise startled her, and she was wakeful at night. Before she had taken one package of Celestine King the change in her was so great that she could hardly be taken for the same girl. She is rapidly growing well and strong, her complexion is perfect, and she sleeps well every night.—Mrs. Lucy McConn, Bush Valley, Pa.

Celestine King cures Constipation and all the cases of the Nerves, Stomach, Liver and Kidneys. Sold by druggists, 25c. and 50c.

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WANTED—AGENTS FOR "GLADSTONE" His Life and Public Services by Thos. S. Spracue & Son. A wonderful story of a glorious career. Over 500 large, radiant pages, 100 engravings, rich set, biggest, best and one of the best 1900-1901 books published. Only \$1.00. Commission 50c per cent. Credits given. Price paid with freight. From all fresh and clean 3 months with the only true and good Gladstone book. Address: THE SPRACUE BROS., 100 N. 2nd St., Detroit, Mich.

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The Kind You Have Always Bought, and which has been in use for over 30 years, has borne the signature of **Chas. H. Fletcher** and has been made under his personal supervision since its infancy. Allow no one to deceive you in this. All Counterfeits, Imitations and "Just-as-good" are but Experiments that trifle with and endanger the health of Infants and Children—Experience against Experiment.

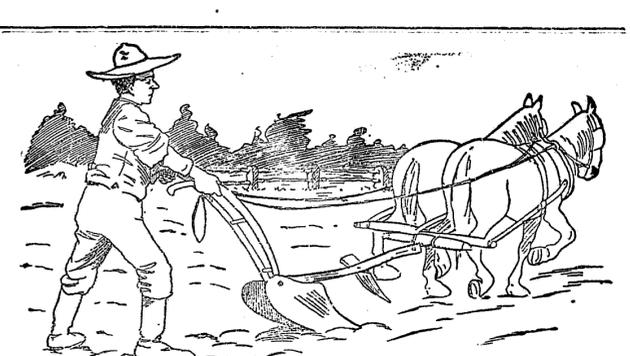
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Castoria is a harmless substitute for Castor Oil, Paregoric, Drops and Soothing Syrups. It is Pleasant. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. Its age is its guarantee. It destroys Worms and allays Feverishness. It cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. It relieves Teething Troubles, cures Constipation and Flatulency. It assimilates the Food, regulates the Stomach and Bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. The Children's Panacea—The Mother's Friend.

GENUINE CASTORIA ALWAYS
Bears the Signature of

Chas. H. Fletcher
The Kind You Have Always Bought
In Use For Over 30 Years.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.



I am a farmer located near Stony Brook, one of the most malarious districts in this State, and was bothered with malaria for years, at times so I could not work, and was always very constipated as well. For years I had malaria so bad in the spring, when engaged in plowing, that I could do nothing but shake. I must have taken about a barrel of quinine pills besides dozens of other remedies, but never obtained any permanent benefit. Last fall, in peacetime, I had a most serious attack of chills and then commenced to take Ripans Tablets, upon a friend's advice, and the first box made me all right and I have never been without them since. I take one Tabule each morning and night and sometimes when I feel more than usually exhausted I take three in a day. They have kept my stomach sweet, my bowels regular and I have not had the least touch of malaria nor splitting headache since I commenced using them. I know also that I sleep better and wake up more refreshed than formerly. I don't know how many complaints Ripans Tablets will help, but I do know they will cure any one in the condition I was and I would not be without them at any price. I honestly consider them the cheapest-priced medicine in the world, as they are also the most beneficial and the most convenient to take. I am twenty-seven years of age and have worked hard all my life, the same as most farmers, both early and late and in all kinds of weather, and I have never enjoyed such good health as I have since last fall; in fact, my neighbors have all remarked my improved condition and have said, "Say, John, what are you doing to look so healthy?"

WANTED—A case of bad health that R.I.P.A.N.S. will benefit. So banish pain and prolong life. Write for the best of the R.I.P.A.N.S. on 15c package and accept no substitute. R.I.P.A.N.S. is for the cure of twelve ailments for 15c. Buy at any drug store. Ten samples and one third stand testimonials will be mailed to any address, for 5 cents. Forwarded to the Ripans Chemical Co., No. 10 Spruce St., New York.

SEND ONE DOLLAR cut this ad out and send to us and if you live East of the Rocky Mountains we will send this HIGH-GRAD Buggy FREE to you by freight C. O. D. subject to examination. You can examine it at your freight depot and if you find it equal to any \$100.00 BUGGY you ever saw, perfectly satisfactory and the BEST BARGAIN YOU HAVE EVER SEEN OR HEARD OF. OUR SPECIAL OFFER PRICE \$55.00. One Dollar sent with order.

\$16.50 TO \$90.00 BUGGIES AND SURREYS.

BUILT IN OUR OWN FACTORY IN CHICAGO, on hand from the best material money can buy. While in our Free Buggy Catalogue we show Top Buggies made by other makers at \$21.50, \$28.75 and \$34.75 the exact same buggy that are sold elsewhere at \$45.00 to \$75.00 and are being widely advertised by many at \$35.00 to \$50.00. **ACME QUEEN** is the best. We have the most wonderful value ever offered. THE LOWEST PRICE EVER QUOTED ON THE BEST Buggy THAT CAN BE BUILT. We maintain our own five story buggy factory for the sole purpose of building and selling a BETTER BUGGY THAN WE CAN BUY ELSEWHERE and to SAVE OUR CUSTOMERS MANUFACTURER'S PROFIT.

Every Buggy We Make is Guaranteed Five Years and They Will out wear Five Ordinary Factory Buggies.

THE MATERIAL LABOR IN OUR ACME QUEEN costs more than double that in the ordinary factory buggy. We use a \$2.50 cushion cloth, some use 50c; we use 25c leather, some use 10c; we use \$2.00 colors and varnishes, some use 75c; and \$1.00 WE PAY ALMOST DOUBLE the price most makers pay for Wheels, Springs, Bales and Bells, because WE WANT THE BEST. Our Wheels, gears and bodies are Water Rubbed and the Material and Labor in Painting OUR ACME QUEEN, would paint three cheap buggies. \$55.00 BARELY COVERS COST of material and labor, leaving no profit in the deal, but we are building 70 buggies a day and to advertise our buggy factory we are willing to SELL THEM ON \$1.00 PROFIT EACH. We know \$70.00 daily profit on 70 buggies will satisfy us, advertise us everywhere, and build up the LARGEST BUGGY BUSINESS IN THE WORLD.

THE ACME QUEEN we build in narrow or wide track, cloth or leather trimmed, end springs, button leather quarter top, solid panel back, springs in back, leather covered fenders and fenders, rubber floor, body 24 inches, No. 1 Sarven's patent screw rim wheels, painted in 16 coats, body black, gear dark green with very delicate modest striping, complete with shafts, side and back curtains, boot storm apron and anti-rattlers and shafts. Pole, helix and Whiffletrees in place of shafts, \$1.75 extra. Buggy weighs 400 POUNDS and the freight will average for 200 miles, \$2.00; 300 miles, \$2.75; 400 miles, \$3.50; 500 miles, \$4.25; 1,000 miles, \$6.00.

SEND ONE DOLLAR with your order, we GUARANTEE the buggy to stand You Satisfy and stand the LARGEST BUGGY BUSINESS IN THE WORLD. If not satisfied, we will return your \$1.00. DON'T BUY A CHEAP FACTORY BUGGY now sold almost exclusively by all Machinery Dealers and Catalogue Houses. BUY THE BEST BUGGY MONEY CAN BUILD, direct from the Maker at the LOWEST PRICE EVER KNOWN. ORDER TO DAY. DON'T DELAY.

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CARMER & CARMER,
BUCHANAN, MICH.

CORRESPONDENCE

BENTON HARBOR.

August 22, 1899.

The name of Bluff street has been changed to Wall street.

The Christian church is having an excursion to Marion, Ind., today.

The Knights Templar are taking a trip to South Haven today.

The Baptist ladies will give an excursion to Chicago next Tuesday, Aug. 29th.

More laborers, especially carpenters, are wanted at the new sugar beet factory.

The G. & M. line will have another fine steamer next year and will give a 50c fare to Chicago.

Clerk Needham made out twenty marriage licenses for Chicago couples last Sunday.

The harbor mouth is now clear of the old Duluth wreck, the last piece having been removed day before yesterday.

Recruiting officer Buckingham will be here next week and any man who wishes to join the Thirtieth U. S. infantry regiment and go to the Philippines will have an opportunity.

The body of an unknown man about 60 years old was found floating in the Paw Paw river near the railroad bridge last Thursday. His nose was broken and there was a long gash in the side of his head. A picture of the dead man was taken, and he was buried in the potter's field at Crystal Springs. Later the body was disinterred and a more rigid examination made by several doctors who all agreed that the man was dead before he fell into the water. The bridge tender remembers seeing him cross the bridge about midnight in company with a tough character who has been hanging around here a year or two. He also heard screams not long after. Sheriff Ferguson is searching in Chicago for the tough as he went there soon after viewing the body at the morgue, when he betrayed considerable agitation.

At 2 o'clock a. m., the citizens were aroused from their slumbers by an alarm of fire. Fire was discovered in the grocery store of Mayor A. H. Rowe. How it started is not known. Considerable damage was done, the plate glass was cracked and broken all to pieces by the heat.

FAIRLAND.

Aug. 21, 1899.

B. L. Frank entertained company from Elkhart, Ind., over Sunday.

On Friday last while working barefooted Mr. Frank Harrington stepped on some live coals which were left from burning some old rails. One foot was quite severely burned.

Mr. Ritter, of Niles, is building an addition to Ed Sparks house which makes the same much more commodious.

The Misses Ebert who have been spending a vacation at Herman Villwicks returned on Saturday to their home in Chicago.

A. Matthews our ticket agent, who has been quite sick is improving slowly.

The Fairland Social Club will meet next Saturday evening at the home of Mr. Jacob Ullrey.

Relatives from Baroda stopped over Saturday night with James Smith.

Schuyler Ullrey, who is working in the capacity of book-keeper for the Stevenson Turning Works of South Bend, spent Sunday at home. A professor from the South Bend Commercial College accompanied him on his visit. They drove back to South Bend Sunday evening.

Clyde Struff and Herb Walton started last Monday morning on their wheels for a trip to the northern part of the state. They intend to go to the straits before they return.

D. E. Ferguson and Earl Stowe who went north by team are now beyond Holland. They may locate in that vicinity.

Mr. Porter who has been ill is better.

Many from this vicinity will attend the Riverside Camp Meeting next Sunday if the weather permits.

DAYTON.

Miss Belle Cauffman is visiting her uncle in Battle Creek.

Geo. Martin, of South Bend, and John Martin, of Bertrand, and families visited their parents Sunday.

F. A. Dalrymple had the misfortune of losing his watch Monday. He plowed it under.

Quite a number from this vicinity will attend the road race at New Carlisle today (Thursday).

Mr. Chas. Pears and Mr. Eli Egbert of Buchanan were in town Tuesday.

Wm. Downing of the firm of Williams & Downing, made a business trip to Kalamazoo and Mat-tawan the first of the week.

Miss Cora Allen is visiting her parents, E. S. Allen.

Ed Richter and Sherman Redding attended the show at Buchanan last Friday night.

Miss Mae Dalrymple is visiting at North Liberty, Ind.

Emma Richter is entertaining her cousin, Miss Ida Kroll and friend, of Michigan City.

Mrs. Berrick and daughter, of New York City, are the guests of Mrs. J. T. Dempsey. They go from here to Chicago for an extended visit.

Emma Richter visited at Michigan City over Sunday.

The Epworth League gave an Ice Cream social at the home of Miss Emma Richter Wednesday evening for the benefit of their pastor, Rev. C. L. Keene. A very pleasant and profitable time was had by all.

That new coat of paint on Mr. R. Allsopp's house looks very nice. Frank Stocking, of South Bend, spent Sunday with his uncle, O. H. Williams.

Mr. C. Rozell has been on the sick list but is able to be out again.

THREE OAKS.

Aug. 22 '99.

Mrs. Harve Martin, of Laporte Ind. is visiting in town.

Work on the park is progressing rapidly. The pedestal for the cannon is nearing completion and the ground is being leveled.

The attendance at the Farmer's Club Picnic at Lake, Mich. on last Thursday, was not large, but those present report a pleasant time.

Mrs. Ernest Klockner is visiting relatives and friends in town.

Charles O. Hess, of Chicago spent a few days with his family last week. L. O. W.

Subscribe for the RECORD, \$1.

OUR SCHOOLS.

School opens September 5th. Examinations for classification and admission to the high school will be held Friday, Aug. 25, 9:00 a. m. at the high school room.

Our new school catalog was printed in June. Copies of the same can be had by calling on the director, C. B. Treat or the Superintendent.

Our school offers four courses of studies in the High School. They are briefly described as follows:

Course I—*Latin*: Four years of Latin and two years of German.

Course II—*Scientific*: Four years of Latin or two years of Latin and two years of German.

Course III—*English-Latin* or *English-German*: Two years of Latin or two years of German respectively.

Course IV—*English*: No foreign language.

Course I leads to the Ph. B. degree; Course II, to the B. S. degree. Course III, to the B. L. degree and Course IV, to no degree.

It is earnestly desired that pupils will provide themselves with their books on the first day. The new catalog gives full directions for every needed thing. Pupils in the High School should choose of their own accord the course of study they wish to pursue and continue in the same course until completed.

Pupils who cannot take a full course may select such studies by and with the advice of the superintendent as they are capable of taking.

Riverside Camp Meeting.

The meetings in progress at the above named gathering are well on the way in accomplishing the purpose for which they are being held. The services over last Sabbath were powerful and largely attended.

The Rev. J. H. Lamb, of Tiffin, O. preached two powerful sermons in the morning and evening and Rev. F. C. Berger in the afternoon: Bishop Thomas Bowman, of Chicago will be on the grounds to-day and remain until Friday. He will preach several times during his presence and especially on Thursday morning and in connection with this service he will conduct Communion service. His powerful sermons will be of great good to all who may be privileged to hear him. Rev. S. P. Spreng, of Cleveland, Ohio, will arrive on Saturday and remain over Sunday. These are Gospel privileges above the ordinary and the public is invited to them for its own good. The following ministers from St. Joseph District are present: Revs. N. Fry, G. A. Hettler, W. H. Wagner, W. H. Camfield, L. V. Soldan, F. C. Berger, W. Brown, J. H. Keeler; others will be present over Sunday. All come to the meetings.

Removed to Cassopolis.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Pollock and family removed on Tuesday to their former home at Cassopolis. They have made many friends while in Buchanan, who all regret their removal from our town.

Card of Thanks.

We the undersigned gratefully acknowledge the kindness and sympathy given to us in our sickness and great loss by our good kind neighbors and friends at large. Thanking each and every one we humbly pray that God will restore tenfold to each and every one is the sincere wish of T. J. AND LIZZIE TRAVIS.

HE SAW THE SULTAN.

WHO SEEMS TO THINK HIMSELF MIS-UNDERSTOOD.

Quick at Repartee, Which Has to be Translated—Full of Historical Excesses—Impresses Everyone Brought Into Close Contact With Him.

I had a talk a few days ago with a young American who had spent several years in Constantinople as a Secretary of Legation, and he gave me some interesting glimpses into the character of the Sultan. I should say that, unlike myself—unlike most people in England—this young American was rather an admirer personally of the ruler of the Turkish Empire, and what he said must be taken with that deduction.

As to the Sultan's constant dread of assassination there is not the smallest doubt. His visits once a year to the Mosque to say his prayers—are prepared with an elaborateness that displays the most constant dread of conspiracy and conspirators. Thus it is, for instance, that all the streets along the land route are arranged in the most careful manner for the passing of the Sultan. The banners are out, the roads made smooth—everything is done which seems to prove that the Sultan is certain to go that way and to return by the water route. At the last moment the Sultan goes by the water route and returns by land. These terrors are largely due to the fact that the Armenians are the most capable and reckless throwers of bombs in the world.

The Armenians in Constantinople are a strange mixture. While they are ready to do such desperate deeds, and to take all the consequences to themselves as to others, they have no power of making open resistance, and apparently even little will to do so. For instance, in that terrible riot in which 7,000 Armenians were killed a couple of years ago, eleven Armenians were standing in the streets, all armed with crowbars. Nine Turks with nothing but clubs came up. They killed all the Armenians, who did not even make an attempt at resistance. If they had made any such attempt they would undoubtedly have proved the stronger. When my friend discussed the extraordinary action of the Armenians with an Armenian banker he expressed no surprise. All he could feel was admiration for the men who had thus allowed themselves to be massacred like sheep. They were patriots, he said; they wished to make the massacres as bad as possible, so as to bring about the intervention of Europe.

Although the Sultan does stand in fear of assassination, and although he is undoubtedly guarded carefully, there are few if any signs of this in his immediate neighborhood. It is difficult to get access to the palace, but once you are in there you see fewer soldiers and fewer signs of precautions than in Russia, or even Germany. You see nothing but obsequious servants.

The Sultan impresses immensely by his ability everybody who is brought into close contact with him. In all the years he had seen him, my American friend had never, he said, seen him taken aback; never without an answer, even when things were hottest and darkest against him. He has always a specious argument; a historical illustration—sometimes a sly national recrimination—to urge in defense of his own acts and even of the worst barbarities in his own kingdom. And he says all these things with perfect calm and self-possession; indeed, as a gentleman who is painfully misunderstood. His repartees are, perhaps, the easier to make because he takes plenty of time to prepare them. For though undoubtedly he understands French fairly well, it is contrary to court etiquette that he should speak in any language but Turkish, everything has to be interpreted. And yet now and then the Sultan, when he is taken off his guard, utters a "Merci monsieur," or some other short word in French, which shows that his pretended inability to converse in French is like Oom Paul's professed ignorance of the English tongue.

Niagara Defies Scientists.

Both the interest and the importance of the subject make it worth while to follow out every clew that may lead to the approximate determination of the age of Niagara Falls. During this past season, in connection with some work done for the New York Central railroad upon their branch line which runs along the eastern face of the gorge from Bloody Run to Lewiston, I fortunately came into possession of data from which an estimate of the age of the falls can be made entirely independent of those which have hitherto been current.

In 1841 Sir Charles Lyell and the late Prof. James Hall visited the falls together; but, having no means of determining the rate of recession, except from the indefinite reports of residents and guides, they could place no great confidence in the "guess" made by Sir Charles Lyell, that it could not be more than one foot a year. As the length of the gorge from Lewiston up is about seven miles, the time required for its erosion at this rate would be thirty-five thousand years. The great authority and popularity of Lyell led the general public to put more confidence in this estimate than the distinguished authors themselves did. Mr. Bakewell, another eminent English geologist, about the same time estimated the rate of the recession as threefold greater than Lyell and Hall had done, which would reduce time to about eleven thousand years.

There's Nothing Better.

Come and see our new supply of Sweet Potatoes, Fresh Cabbage, Onions, Celery and Vermicelli for soup. Fancy Bananas, Oranges and Lemons.



Our White Plume Celery is very crisp and tender.

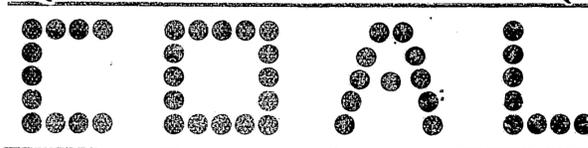
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Our Emerald Green Glassware is spreading like wild fire. Everybody admires it and is buying.

Comfort is economy. You can take solid comfort while eating our Water-melons.

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Telephone—Bell 27, Reddon 31. Buchanan, Michigan

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Prices go up September first. It is a good time to buy Lime, Lumber, Cement and Building Material. We will sell them right.

WM. MONRO.

EXCESSIVE USE OF ALCOHOL.

Coroner's Jury Says It Caused Fenton White's Death.

Marshall, Mich., August 22.—The inquest over the death of Fenton White, which occurred August 4, has been concluded before Coroner Church. Bartender Charles Hunter was the only witness sworn. The jury rendered a verdict as follows: "We find that Fenton White came to his death on the evening of August 4 in the shed back of the Vestibule saloon from the excessive use of alcohol." Immediately after the inquest Prosecuting Attorney Hatch caused warrants to be issued for the arrest of James Finley, proprietor of the Vestibule saloon, and Charles Hunter, his bartender, on the charge of violating the liquor law by selling to an habitual drunkard.

GENERAL MARKETS.

Live Stock.

East Buffalo, N. Y.—Cattle—Market active and strong on all good fat butchering cattle. Good fat shipping steers, \$5 50 to \$5 75; butchers steers, \$5 00 and 1,200 lbs., \$5 15 to \$5 50; medium and common steers, dull and lower; good fat cows and fat heifers, firm; other grades, dull; good fat cows, \$3 75 to \$4 25; common, \$3 25 to \$3 50; stockers and feeders, dull; good quality, \$3 50 to \$4 00; light stockers, \$3 00 to \$3 50; common to poor grades, \$2 50 to \$3 00; Michigan grassy hogs, \$4 85 to \$5. Receipts, 65 loads. Market dull to the lower on all grades. Good to choice ewes and wether lambs, \$6 to \$6 25; good fat bucky grades, \$5 75 to \$5 90. Culls and common thin throw-outs, \$4 25 to \$4 75. Sheep dull; mixed, \$4 to \$4 25; fair to good ewes, \$3 50 to \$4.

Chicago—Market slow; mixed and butchers, \$4 40 to \$4 50; good heavy, \$4 50 to \$4 80; rough heavy, \$4 15 to \$4 30; light, \$4 50 to \$4 80. Cattle—Receipts, 17,000; market steady; beefs, \$4 50 to \$5 50; cows and heifers, \$2 25 to \$3 00; Texas steers, \$3 75 to \$4 75; stockers and feeders, \$3 25 to \$3 75.

Detroit Grain.

Wheat—No. 2 red, 73½c; Sept., 73½c; December, 76½c; No. 3 red, 70½c; Mixed, 72½c; mixed white, 71c; No. 2 white, 75½c; No. 2 rye, 33½c; Oats—No. 2 white, 23c; No. 2 rye, 33½c; October beans, \$1 05.

Chicago Grain.

Wheat—Sept., 73½c; Dec., 73½c; Corn—Sept., 31c; Dec., 28½c; Oats—Sept., 19½c; Oct., 19½c; Pork—Sept., \$8 22; Oct., \$8 22. Lard—Sept., \$9 70; Oct., \$5 25. Ribs—Sept., \$5 07; Oct., \$5 19.

California Fruit Extracts

—TRY THE—

Once try them you will always buy them. Made and sold by L. D. MCGOWEN, Buchanan, Mich.

A full line of **POTTED PLANTS** —AT— **Riverside Greenhouse.** Roses in Abundance

Broderick makes a specialty of Phosphates.

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Abstracts of Title, Loans Negotiated and Real Estate and Conveyancing

Try crushed fruits at Broderick's.

Let us do your printing. We will do it right, the price will be right, and you will be pleased with our work.

For Sale at a Bargain.

The property No. 8, Front St. on easy terms. For particulars call at the Record office.

Piano for rent, for particulars, write to ORRIS BRIGLOW, Dowagiac, Mich.

Broderick handles Collins Bros.' ice cream.

Excursion to Charlevoix.

Special excursion from all points on St. J. S. B. & S. R. R. to Charlevoix, Traverse City and Potosoy, \$5.00 round trip. Tickets good going August 29th with return limit of Sept. 12th. For further particulars address, FRANK R. HALE, Traffic Manager, St. Joseph, Mich.

Letters Unclaimed.

Letters unclaimed remaining in the Post Office at Buchanan, Mich. Aug. 22. Prof. O. E. Aleshire, W. F. Bolle, Mrs. John East, Miss Leda Barrowe, Victor Plummer, Everett Russell.

G. W. NOBLE, P. M.

A "Fine Athletic Club for Women" is the leading article for the September number of *Demorest's Magazine*. There is no finer women's athletic club in the world than the one the Chicago society have organized. An interesting account is given of the formation and resources of the club, accompanied by excellent photographs of the social and athletic departments, and of the president, Mrs. Philip D. Armour.