PAYABLE IN ADVANCE. ALL SUBSCRIPTIONS DISCONTINUED AT EXPIRATION

 One week
 \$ 3^h per inch

 One month
 90 "

 Two months
 1.50 "

 Three months
 2.10 "

 Six months
 3.40 "

 s..... 3.4 YEARLY CONTRACTS.

One column, \$120 for year of 52 insertions. OFFICE-In Record Building, Oak Street

## Business Directory.

TNITED BRETHREN CHURCH-Rev. J. F. MITED BRETHREN CHURCH—Rev. J. F. Battmess, Pastor. Sabbath services: Sabbath School 12:00 m.; Preaching 10:30 A.M.; Young People's Meeting 6:00 r. M.; Preaching 7:00 r. M. Prayer Meeting and Bible Reading Thursday evening 7:00. Everybody invited to all these services. ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Rev. E. W. Shepard, Pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sunday school at 12 M. Y. P. prayer meeting Thursday evening. Cottage prayer meeting Tuesday evening. Covenant meeting Saturday before the first Sunday of each month, with communion the first Sunday of the month Strangers always welcome.

PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Rev. O. J. Roberts, Paster. Sabbath services: Preaching 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School 12:00 M. Young People's meeting 6:30 P. M. Prayer meeting, Wednesday evening, 7:30.

Buchanan Assembly No. 2, International Congress, holds its regular meetings in A O. U. W. hall on the second and fourth Mondays of each

R & A. M.—Buchanan Lodge No. 68 holds a regular meeting Monday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

A. reular meeting the 1st and 3d Friday even ng of each month. A.R.-Wm. Perrott Post No.22. Regular U. meeting on the first and third Saturday vening of each month. Visiting comrade al vays welcome.

DOBERT HENDERSON, M. D., Physician and D. Sargeon. Office, Rough's Opera House Block. Residence, No. 90 Front Street. Calls answered all hours of the day and night.

M. BRODRICK, M. D., Homeopathic Physician, &c. Office at his new residence, Front St., Buchanan. E. O. Colvin, M. D.,

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Office over ' armer & Carmer's shoe store. Residence, 15 Caynga Street.

# MICHIGAN CENTRAL

TRAINS EAST. LEAVE BUCHANAN.

TRAINS WEST. LEAVE BUCHANAN.

A. F. PESCOCK, Local Agent. O. W. Russles, G. P. & T. A.

## VANDALIA LINE TIME TABLE.

In effect June 20, 1897. Trains leave Galien, Mich., as follows: FOR THE NORTH, For St. Joseph For St. Joseph For St. Joseph For St. Joseph

FOR THE SOUTH.

No. 5, Fx. Sun., 4:6 A. M.
No. 3, Ex. Sun., 11:43 A. M.
No. 15, Ex. Sun., 6:14 P. M.
No. 17, Sun. only, 7:11 P. M.
For Logansport For Complete Time tard, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rates stations, and for initial through cars, etc., address
C. M. Wheeler, T. P. A.,
Terre Haute, Ind.

Or E. A. FORD, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Louis, Mo.

BIG FOUR ROUTE. THE POPULAR ROUTE BETWEEN THE MICHIGAN CITIES AND ALL SOUTHERN POINTS. Trains carrying passengers leave Niles as

L. G. SMITH, Agent,

OSCAR G. MURRAY, Traffic Manag
Cincinnati, O
C. S. BLACKMAN, Trav. Pass. Agt.,
Auderson, Ind.
E. O. McCormick, Pas. Traffic Man,
Cincinnati, O.

First publication, July 1, 1897.

prepared to render his final account as such Administrator.

Therenpon it is ordered that Monday, the 26th day of July next, at ten o'clock in the lorenoon, be assigned for the examining and allowing such account, and that the heirs at law of said decassed, and all other persons interested in said esate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the city of St. Joseph, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account, should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said Administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[FMAL]

JACOB J. VAN RIPER,

A true copy.

Jindge of Probate

A true copy. Last publication July 22, 1897

SCHUYLER SIGLER, HILMA O. SIGLER and ARCHUR II. HOPKINS, Defendants. First publication July 1, 1897. estate of said millor, at private sale as in said petition described.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 25th day of July next, at 10 o'clock in the forenon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said millor, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the Probate Office, in the City of St. Joseph, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

LACOR I VAN RIPER

# BUCHANAN RECORD

VOLUME XXXI.

BUCHANAN, BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1897

NUMBER 26

# FENCE POSTS, FENCING LUMBER.

OF ALL KINDS,

--AT---

WM. Monro's



Anyone sending a sketch and description may quickly ascertain, free, whether an invention is probably patentable. Communications strictly confidential. Oldest agency for securing patents in America. We have a Washington office. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the SCIENTIFIC AMERICAN,

beautifully illustrated, largest circulation of any scientific journal, weekly, terms \$3.00 a year; \$1.30 six months. Specimen copies and HAND BOOK ON PATENTS sent free. Address MUNN & CO., 361 Broadway, New York.

# HUMPHREYS'

No. 1 Cures Fever. No. 2 " Worms. No. 3 Infants' Diseases. Diarrhea. No. 4 No. 8 " Neuralgia. No. 9 Cures Headache. No. 10 No. 11 No. 12

" Dyspepsia. Delayed Periods. Leuchorrea. Skin Diseases. No. 14 No. 15 Cures Rheumatism. No. 16 Malaria.

Whooping Cough No. 20 No. 27 " Kidney Diseases. No. 30 Urinary Diseases " Colds and Grip. No. 77 Sold by Druggists, or sent prepaid on

receipt of price, 25c., or 5 for \$1. DR. HUMPHREYS' HOMEOPATHIC MANUAL OF DISEASES MAILED FREE. Humphreys' Med. Co., 111 William St., N. Y.

uf you want to BUY or SELL REAL ESTATE, call on or address 'THE REAL ESTATE REGISTER,

NOBLE'S BUILDING. BUCHANAN, MICH.

—THE—

THE BEST WEEKLY

IN SOUTHWESTERN MICHIGAN

52 DOSES, \$1.00

SEND IN YOUR ADDRESS,

AND DON'T FORGET TO ENCLOSE

THE DOLLAR.

MACKINAC DETROIT **PETOSKEY** CHICAGO

The Coast Line to MACKINAC

New Steel Passenger Steamers The Greatest Perfection yet attained in Boat Construction—Luxurious Equipment, Artistic Furnishing, Decoration and Efficient Service, insuring the highest degree of COMFORT, SPEED AND SAFETY FOUR TRIPS PER WEEK BETWEEN Toledo, Detroit and Mackinac

PETOSKEY, "THE SOO," MARQUETTE
AND DULUTH.

LOW RATES to Picturesque Mackinac and
Return, including fleals and Berths. From
Cleveland. \$18; from Toledo, \$15; from
Detroit, \$13.50.

DAY AND NIGHT SERVICE. **Between Detroit and Cleveland** 

Connecting at Cleveland with Earliest Trains for all points East, South and South-west and at Detroit for all points North and Northwest.

Sunday Trips June, July, August and Sept. Only-EVERY DAY BETWEEN Cleveland, Put-in-Bay #Toledo Send for Illustrated Pamphlet. Address
A. A. SCHANTZ, Q. P. A., DETROIT, MICH. The Detroit & Cleveland Steam Nav. Co.

CHANCERY NOTICE. STATE of Michigan, Second Judicial Circuit. In Chancery. Cassius H. Cuteman, Complainant;

SCHYLER SIGLER, HILMA O. SIGLER and ARTHUR II. HOPKINS. Defendants.

Suit pending in the Circuit Court for the County of Brien, in Chancery at the city of St. Joseph on the first day of June, 1897.

In this cause it appearing from affidavit on file that the defendants are none of them residents of this State. That the defendants Schuyler Sigler and Hilma O. Sigler are residents of the City of Chicago, in the County of Cook, and State of Illinois, and that that the defendant Arthur H. Hopkins is a resident of town of Rennselaer in the County of Jasper, and State of Indiana. On motion of D. E. Hinman, complainant's solicitor, it is ordered that the appearance of said defendants, Schuyler Sigler, Hilma O. Sigler and Arthur H. Hopkins be entered herein within four months from the date of this order, and in default thereof, said bill will be taken as confessed by said defendants; And it is further ordered that within twenty days the complainant cause a notice of this order to be published in the Buchanan Recorda weekly new spaper printed, published and circulating in said county, and that said publication be continued therein ence in each week, for six weeks in succession; or that he cause a conv of this order. ence in each week, for six weeks in succession; or that he cause a copy of this order to be personally served on each of said defendants at least twenty days before the time prescribed for

BUYTHE BUCHANAN EXTRACTS.

ORVILLE W. COOLIDGE,

THOS. S. SPRAGUE & SON.
Attorneys and Solicitors of Patents. United States and Foreign.
Correspondence solicited. Instruction pamphletfree. 37 WEST
CONGRESS STREET, DETROIT,
MICH. Established 1865.

festivities concluded with a ball in the

NEWS OF GENERAL INTEREST TO OUR

Important Happenings in the State During the Past Few Days Reported by Tele-

Lansing, Mich., July 15.-In the case of James O. Murfin vs. The Detroit and Erie Plank Road company, the supreme court on Tuesday handed down an opinion of great interest to wheelmen. Murfin brought action against the company for preventing him from riding his bicycle upon its road without paying toll. The company appealed from a directed verdict in favor of Murfin. The only question involved was the right of the company to charge toll for the use of its road by persons riding bi-

In deciding the case the court says that, while the bicycle is a vehicle, a distinction may be made between vehicles propelled by man, and those depending upon animal power, or mechanical motors for propulsion, and that this would not do violence to the law which had always been construed to permit the use of highways by persons who do not depend upon some means of conveyance aside from their own powers of locomotion. The bicycle, the opinion says, is propelled and managed by the feet and hands of the rider, and uses the traveled roadway only when it is the better part of the highway, just as the pedestrian does.

opinion of the court, sufficient to protect the companies from a use of their road by substitutes for those vehicles which the law contemplated should be charged for, and at the same time protect the pedestrian in his increased power of locomotion by aid of the wheel The judgment was affirmed. The court expressed the believe that

the case was brought for the purpose of ascertaining whether the company might safely provide exceptional facilities for wheelmen, with the expectation of collecting toll.

SAGINAW PEOPLE WALKING. The Street Railway System Completely Tied Up.

Saginaw, Mich., July 19.-The city's street railway system is completely tied up as a result of a several months fight between the city and the Union Street Railway company, which culminated recently in a decision by the supreme court sustaining the right of the city to take any measures to compel the railway company to settle certain special improvement taxes. Following this the common council declared the company's franchise forfeited. Action like that was not expected, however, until

During Friday night the police placed a big steam roller across the car tracks leading to the main lines and are guarding the machine against any molestation. The bondholders and stockholders of the company have vainly tried to agree on a basis of settlement of the trouble, the bone of contention being a debt of \$45,000, which the bondholders

Famous Casino Burned. Colorado Springs, Colo., July 20 .- The famous Broadmoor casino, the \$100,000 pleasure resort of Colorado Springs, was burned to the ground Monday morning. Flames were discovered about 4 o'clock in the boiler room and in about one hour the site formerly occupied by one of the handsomest buildings, devoted exclusively to pleasure, in the west, was covered only with a mass of ruins. There was no water available and in ten minutes after the flames were discovered all hopes of saving the structure were given up and efforts directed towards saving the Hotel Broadmoor adjoining. This was saved through the timely assistance of United States

soldiers camped at Broadmoor. Newspaper Men Have Privileges. Grand Rapids, Mich., July 16.—The state supreme court holds that a newspaper editor, reporter or proofreader is not a laborer to an extent to entitle him to preference under the labor lien law. When The Democrat went into the hands of a receiver last December Colonel M. Almy Aldrich had \$700 coming in back salary as managing editor, and other editors, reporters and proofreaders were creditors to an amount that would bring the total up to \$1,000. The circuit court allowed them to intervene as preferred creditors under the labor law, but the supreme court holds that their work was professional and not manual, and the law does not cover

Tax Titles Are Good in Michigan. Houghton, Mich., July 19.-Judge Haire, at L'Anse, has issued a writ of assistance to put Ball and Begole, of Marquette, in possession of the Ridge copper mine, Ontongan county. Ball and Bogole secured a tax title on the property and under the recent ruling of the supreme court this is a valid title to the property. Work was recently resumed at the Ridge, an assessment having been levied on stockholders to develop the property, but work was stopped by Ball and Begole, who demanded \$25,000 for

Triple-Headed Family Clebration. Grand Rapids, Mich., July 19.-The Michlerhuisin family, of Oversel, All:gan county, will have a triple-headed celebration Aug. S. Hewitt G. and wife will celebrate their golden wedding, their son, Hewitt, Jr., and wife, will celebrate their silver wedding, and their daughter Jennie, aged 22 years, will be married to Abel Boldhouse.

Flyers Pace Against Time. Detroit, July 20.—In the pace against time yesterday afternoon at Grosse Point John R. Gentry made a mile in 2:04%, and Robert J. in 2:05%. Gentry holds the world's record at 2:001/2.

Spoke Without Authority. Cleveland, O., July 20.—From a statement made by Receiver Myron T. Herrick the inference is drawn that Superintendent Roby of the Dillonvale mine spoke without authority when he informed the strikers their places would be filled with new men if they did not go to work by Monday morning. "We to not intend to put in new men, not just at present." said Colonel Herrick. 'If our old men want to go to work we will protect them. Our men, the majority of them, at least, were perfectly satisfied with their condition and did not want to strike, but were persuaded into doing so by outsiders."

HONOR TO A DEAD EXPLORER.

Man for Whom It Was Named. Marquette, Mich., Ju'y 16.-The booming of cannon forty-five times marked the beginning of the unveiling-day celebration here yesterday when the canvas was taken from Trentanove's heroic bronze statue of Father Marquette, after whom the city is named. This noisy welcome to the day was made by the revenue cutter Gresham. The celebration was not a local, but a peninsular affair, and thousands of visitors from the iron and copper counties attended. Don M. Dickinson, of Detroit, delivered the main oration. The statue was presented to the municipality by Peter White, who was the chief promoter. Peter Primeau made an address in the French tongue. A feature of the celebration was the part taken by a band of fifty Indians that had been collected between here and Sault Ste. Marie. These rode in the parade. The present monumnt is said to stand

The statue is a bronze replica of the effigy made in marble, which now occupies a place in Statuary hall in the Capitol in Washington, though the objectionable book has been replaced with a map and explorer's compass, both of which are held in the right hand. In deference to religious opinion a change is also made in the inscription on the base. The Washington statue carries the line; "James Marquette, S. J.," the letters being the initials of the title of the Jesuit order. The inscription on the replica reads: "James Marquette, n-trepid Explorer." The original statue was presented to congress by the state of Wisconsin, and vigorous protests were made against its reception on

religious grounds. FIREMEN'S TOURNAMENT.

Annual Event of the Upper Peninsula to Take Place at Ironwood. Ironwood, Mich., July 20.-The third annual tournament of the Upper Peninsula Firemen's association is to be held in this city Aug. 3, 4 and 5, and will be a monster affair. Every fire department in the association will be represented, and the contests for the prizes which the local committee will offer will be lively.

A. J. Scott of Hancock, president of the association. was in Ironwood Friday to talk with members of the local committees. He was pleased to note the interest the business men are manifesting in the tournament. He inspected the course on Ayer street, over which the various races will be run, and expressed the opinion that it would delight the visiting running teams, and prove the best track ever provided for the association races.

Held a Clinic on Himself. Decatur, Mich., July 19.-Dr. Tyler Hull, a leading physician of Dimondale, contracted blood poisoning ten days ago and refused all medical assistance. He insisted on a large mirror being placed at the foot of the bed, from which he viewed the progress of the disease until his death Saturday.

Burglars Make a Good Haul. Monroe, Mich., July 20.—Burglars entered the general store of John F. Colburn at Newport, this county, and carried away a large quantity of merchandise, \$90 in cash and \$200 in checks and certificates of deposit. Local talent is suspected, and the officers are in hot

Minister Angell Leaves for Turkey. Ann Arbor, Mich., July 16 .- President James B. Angell and wife have left here on their way to Turkey. They will take the steamer Normandie for Havre, from where they go by overland route to Constantinople

Peaches from Michigan. Benton Harbor, Mich., July 19.-The first shipment of Michigan peaches this season was made by Thomas Archer of

fruit to Chicago Friday night.

B. C. Wright was shot and killed at Coleman, Mich., by some person unknown. A daughter of Peter Leech of Niles

St. Joseph, who sent four baskets of the

Mich., drank some kerosene and died in great agony. Mrs. Margaret Guy, of Ionia, Mich. aged 99 years, died from drinking car-bolic acid by mistake. She leaves thirtyone great-grandchildren and four greatgreat-grandchildren.

A swarm of bees lighted in front of the Steel hotel at St. Johns, Mich. Brave men flew to cover, and no one knew what to do till a frail little woman donned a veil, borrowed a pair of gloves and, getting a box, easily hived the stingers.

The Michigan crop of hemlock bark is now being harvested, and it is estimated that it will amount to 200 000 cords, which is about an average crop Six miles northeast of Midland, Mich. Mineral Development company found a vein of coal 32 inches thick at

a depth of 229 feet. Thomas Allen, a farm hand employed near Clifford, Mich., fell from a load of hay and struck on a pitchfork. The prongs penetrated his abdomen, causing

death. Miss Mamie Scott, a young society woman of Bellevue, Mich., ate poisoned cheese and died. Jackson Allen, while bathing in Gull lake, near Niles, Mich., was stung by a

bee. He died in a few hours, Mining work has been resumed at the Fulton mine, Keweenaw county, Mich., under Captain John Polglase after years of idleness.

Anton Olson, a miner, was killed by a premature blast at the Winthrop mine near Ishpeming, Mich. The body of an unknown man was found in the woods near Whitney, a small station in northern Michigan. It is believed that he was a victim of foul play.

Big Boats in Collision. Chicago, July 20.-There was a collision between the Goodrich line steamer Virginia and the whaleback Christopher Columbus just as the two big boats were leaving iMlwaukee Sunday evening, T force with which t he monsters came together crushed one of the Virginia's lifeboats and tore six awning stanchions from the whaleback. By the barest margin no passengers were hurt, but there was a panic on each boat. Those on the Columbus were the most badly frightened, but the coolness of Captain John Keith, general agent of the whaleback company, prevented serious trcuble.

Government Job for Powderly. Washington, July 19 .-- The president sent to the senate the following nominations: Terence V. Powderly of Pennsylvania, to be commissioner general of immigration. To be collectors of internal revenue-Frederick E. Coyne of Illinois, for the First district of Illinois; David A. Nunn, for the Fifth district of Tennessee. Postmasters-M. A. Gilson, Harvey, Ills.; Samuel Dinglee, Wilmette, Ills.; Huitt H. Hunter, Martinsville, Ind.: John W. Dexter, Croswell, Mich.; S. Hart, Lyons, Neb.; William R. Duvall, Circleville, O.

Big Money in Insurance. Des Moines, Ia., July 16.-The annual insurance report of State Auditor Mc-Carthy has been made public. The premiums collected during the year by all kinds of insurance companies amounted The gross profit of the companies was 62.7 per cent. During the year the life insurance companies received in premiums \$2,861,532 and paid out \$770,707. The fire insurance companies received \$4,185,046 and paid out \$1,764,402. The other companies received \$109,101 and paid out \$46.069.

Shortage Made Good. Sioux City, Ia., July 17.—Receiver Goss of the bankrupt Sioux City Savings bank has received \$28,000 from the bar directors. It is alleged that the institu-

tion lost that much by the speculations

of the absconding cashier. Edward ]

tors' carelessness. The payment releases them from liability. It is also agreed the indictments against Stone for forgery and fraudulent banking shall be quashed. He will return to Sioux Chicago Times-Herald Sued. Chicago, July 19 .- The Chicago Times-Herald company has been made defendant in a libel suit instituted by Thomas Cusack, vice president of the board of education. The suit is the outcome of an article published in The Times-Herald a month ago, containing affidavits charging that Mr. Cusack, as a member of the board, was in the pay

of a book company. Mr. Cusack,

HOUSE ADOPTS THE CONFERENCE REPORT ON THE TARIFF.

in the House Could Begin at Once-Adjourn by the End of the Week-Washington, July 20.-The Republican members of the tariff conference members at 10 o'clock Monday morning. Among the Democrats there was a disport at once, so that the debate in the tions committee room, at which, as the the Democrats the Republicans said they were ready to report and would report the bill at once. The Democrats were given an opportunity to sign the conference report and withdrew for a consultation among themselves as to whether or not they would sign.

In the sugar schedule of the tariff bill the conference inserted the words "ninety-five-one hundredths of" in line thirteen before the words "one cent," so that it will read: "One and ninetyfive-one hundredths of one cent per pound," and struck out the words "three-one hundredths" In line fifteen and inserted the words "thirty-five-one thousandths. The rating makes the duty begin at 95-100 of a cent a pound on sugar testing 75 degrees according to the polariscope and makes a polariscopic gradation of 35-1,000th of a cent or 314-100 on each additional degree. Hides of cattle, raw or uncured, whether dry salted or pickled, 15 per cent. ad valorem; provided, that upon all leather exported made from imported hides there shall be allowed a drawback equal to the amount of duty paid on such hides to be paid under such regulations as the secretary of the treasury may prescribe.

afternoor. The report was adopted at 12:15 Tuesday morning and was then sent to the senate.

HOPE TO CLOSE THIS WEEK. Unless Senate Talks Too Much Congress

Will Soon Adjourn. Washington, July 20.-Congress met Monday with a larger attendance and more cheerful faces on the members The feeling generally seemed to be that the final adjournment would come befor the close of the week and the man who attempts to stand in the way of the programme in either house will meet scant consideration from his colleagues Speaking of the outlook for the bill Representative Dingley said: "The house of representatives may not consider the senate amendments in detail. 1 should presume the house will adopt the report of the conference committee as a whole. There is likely to be a discussion of details when the bill is returned to the senate, because there is no limit to debate in the senate and the bill as agreed upon in conference is not

disposed to either delay or prevent its passage. This is, of course, common rumor and I cannot vouch for the truth or falsity of rumors. Apropos of Mr. Dingley's suggestion of attempt to delay in the senate it is known that Senator Teller of Colorad will make a speech of considerable length. Senator Jones of Arkansas intends to speak in opposition to the duty on cotton ties and against the bill in general way. Senator Burrows of Mich. igan has prepared and will deliver a speech in defense of the duty on pine lumber. It is anticipated that other senators will consume time in delivering speeches on the various schedules affecting their districts and states, so that it

is quite conservative to predict that ful-

satisfactory to some senators who are

ly one week will elapse before the bill can be passed and sent to the White House. Considerable Damage by Lightning. storm and lightning storm struck this city at about 6 o'clock Sunday evening and within an hour a rainfall of .72 inches had been precipitated. The lightning was unusually sharp and made strikes within the city, doing considerable damage, but no lives were lost. Among the buildings struck were the Thirty-second ward schoolhouse and the fifteen-story Park building on the corner of Fifth avenue and Smithfield street. A large piece of the cor nice was thrown to the street and smashed into a thosuand pieces, but on account of the heavy rain the crowd of people usually passing that point were under shelter and no one was hurt.

Lieutenant in Disgrace. St. Paul, July 20 .- Second Lieutenant William H. M. Morford, Third infantry, U. S. A., is in close arrest in Camp Lake View, near Lake City, Minn., where the Third infantry is spending its summer encampment on a charge of conduct unbecoming an officer and as a gentleman. The specifiations are as yet unknown, but are reported to be in connection with money matters. Lieutenant Morford enlisted as a private from Ohio in 1889, and three years later secured his commission as second lieutenant, being assigned to the Third infantry. Mrs. Morford is quite prominent socially in the east. The penalty

for the offense charged is dismissal. Opera House Destroyed. Akron, O., July 20.-The Academy of Music block, containing the local opera house, was almost destroyed by fire Sunday. The loss on the block, owned by Sylvester T. Everett of Cleveland, is \$25,000: th t on the opera house is \$10.000, while smaller losses to offices and stores will amount to another \$10, 000. The insurance on the block and the

Girl Shoots a Burglar. The girls feigned sleep and after the fellow had ansacked th house Miss Plumback secured a shotgun and shot the thief as he was leaving the house He will die. TELLS OF A TRAGEDY.

Witness Gives Startling Testimony in the Cornwall Case. St. Louis, July 19.—At the preliminary

Stone, rendered possible by the direcplied nonchalantly in the affirmative.

### statement was that the night before the murder old Dr. Cornwall said he was not afraid of Herbert, but he didn't want to have it on his cons

The doctor was acquitted.

Virginia, Chicago, July 20.-Striking coal miners make gains in West Virginia. Several hundred men quit work in the Fairmont district, and others are expected to follow after the meetings which Eugene V. Debs is to address. Debs is in Fairmont. More cheering for the operators is the news that the employes of several mines in the Elkhorn district, who Saturday voted to strike, went to work Monday morning as usual. The strike is menaced by two factors in the Pittsburg district. One of these is the substitution of coke for coal in big factories; the othwould be necessary, so that the prostheir strength in order to reopen one or of deputy sheriffs.

> More Illinois Miners Out. St. Louis, July 20.—Information just received is to the effect that 450 miners employed in the shafts of the St. Louis Consolidated company at Col-Olive coal mines. They created no disvisiting miners were in attendance employed by the St. Louis Consolidated

> Chicago, Ills., July 19.-The second ime within two months a jury in the criminal court Friday afternoon found Charles W. Spalding, ex-treasurer of the University of Illinois, not guilty of embezzling the endowment bonds of that institution. There are still twenty-five indictments against Spalding and he wil

and without further debate. The vote stood 29 to 16. A. Throwing Stick. The bushman of Australia has a way of throwing a long, straight spear that will appeal to some of our boys who are

fond of outdoor sports. Each warrior carries as a part of his equipment a throwing stick very simply made. It is about 18 inches long and has a hook on the end, usually made from the root end of a young tree. Into this hook the bushman fits the end of his spear, and then, with two fingers around the spear

shank and two fingers and the thumb around the throwing stick, he is ready to make his throw. An expert bushman can hurl a spear several hundred yards

in this way, often so accurately as to kill a bird on a distant limb. An American boy could make such a thrower, using only his jackknife, and with it he could have any amount of fun. The picture will show how the

published a volume of verse, to be sold for charity. She was only 6 years old when she undertook this literary labor, or, as she says. "I talked it, and mamma wrote it down for me just as I talked it." In one story she tells how typhoid fever broke out among the fairies. When the fairy doctor came, he talked to the fairy godmother about microbes and germs and "told her to boil the water." Then she, who was of an inquiring mind, asked if a hair was a sidewalk for a microbe. "Oh, no," said the doctor, "they are much smaller." "But if the germ had the fever," persisted the godmother, "why didn't the fever, which killed little boys and girls, kill the germ? And if the germ didn't have the fever how could it give the fever? How could a thing give a thing it didn't have?" This was too much for the fairy doctor, who could only an-

swer, "Nobody knows but God." Later The flower that bends down to the earth

The same as it was plod. In an apparently much needed foot note the author explains that "this poem, which came into my head quick and sudden, doesn't make sense because the word 'plod,' which rhymes so nicely with God, doesn't mean what I want it to."

The Old Tin Sheep. 'Creak!'' said the old tin sheep on wheels; "I'm growing old, and down my back I'm very sure there's a dreadful crack Chere's nobody knows," said the old tin sheer "till he's old how an old toy feels."

But that was when I was young and new; It's something that now I could not do. No; I shall quietly rest myself on this shelf behind the door.

never can go like this!" But Tommy pulled the sheep around: About the nursery it went so fast
The floor beneath seemed flying past,
While creakety-creakety-creak, the wheels
went round with a doleful sound.

Then Tommy left it there on its side;

The wheels moved slowly and stopped with And the wax doll heard it faintly speak

ma that grandpa "had something to tell how many hots it is."--Youth's Com-What She Said. During a call that little 4-year-old Mary was making with her mother a

slice of cake was given her. "Now what

are you going to say to the lady?" asked the mother. "Is you dot any more?"

said little Mary demurely.-Exchange. Taking Precautions.

pad the pants. - Montreal Star.

MANAGE AND LINE OF THE PARTY OF

His Words.

They Fear the Effect of the Speech of His Life-After a Flying Trip Through West Virginia Debs Will Visit the De Armitt Mines-Union Miners at Bloomington Ills., Vote to Go on Strike - Latest

Fairmont, W. Va., July 20.-The ranks of the strikers in this district are being rapidly swelled by miners, who have taken the advice of Eugene V. Deba and quit work to aid their fellow work ers who are battling for a living wage in other states. The operators have dropped their confident tone and are using every means possible to keep their workmen in line. Increases in wages are being offered. Many operators had already advanced wages 13 cents a ton besides promising bonuses from the extra profit made by the increase in the price of coal. Some of these operators have made a further advance of 3 cents a ton. Debs spoke to the miners in a grove at Willow Tree. He appealed to their manhood, saying that the happiness of 1,000,000 people in the coal district depended upon their action.

defeating the strike of miners in othe zation was formed.

A report from King's mine of the Virginia Coal and Coke company says that sixty of the eighty miners quit, and that the others will be out before night. The owners of the mines declare that short work will be made of all labor agitators, and that if the latter persist in trespassing on the grounds of the company they will be shot. Debs will take a flying trip through West Virginia, and will then be sent to the mines of the New York and Cleveland Gas Coal company. Operators acknowledge that West Virginia will be tied up before next Monday. When this is accomplished the entire force of organizers will be sent to join Debs in an effort to stop work at De Armitt's mines. Trouble is expected there, but the case is a desperate one, and the strikers declare that something must be done to bring De Armitt to terms.

on Strike. Bloomington, Ills., July 20 .- A conunion men, who are by far in the majority, but who were not well repreafternon, when they are confident

Stopped Sovereign's Speech. arrived Tuesday from Pocahontas, Va., when the mayor, by proclamation, stopped "all public meetings or assemblages of more than three persons in any public place within the corporate limits." alleging that such meetings were Ratchford copied the proclamation for future use. Mr. Sovereign reported to President Ratchford that 100 business the act of the mayor and that Colonel J. S. Browning of the Browning com-

Referendum to Decide Columbus. O., July 20.-The national

Indiana Men Restless.

interrupt the shipments is found.

Hat Boxes. Boxes are now made for women's

those long bought for men's high silk hats. They are of leather and lined with soft quilted silk, but must, of course, be of a much larger shape to hold the biggest possible picture headgear. ''Tea baskets' are another English novelty, like a bag in form, but so constructed as to make a safe receptacle for a couple of persons bound for an afternoon in the woods or on the shore.

West Virginia Miners Listen to

Wages Would Be Dropped. He also declared that the advance given by the operators was to aid in keeping them at work, but warned then that the moment they had succeeded in states their wages would be dropped down below the amount paid before the struggle began. Debs made the speech of his life. After its conclusion the palefaced men who had toiled for years in the darkness underground for less than enough to keep soul and body together gathered around him and one at a time they shook his hand. They followed Debs around wherever he went, and seemed never to grow tired of hearing him speak. Every miner present at the meeting signed his name to a paper declaring he was willing to join the union, and then a meeting was held in a nearby schoolhouse, where on organi-

MAY RESULT IN TROUBLE.

Union Miners at Bloomington Vote to Go test is on between the union and nonunion miners of the Bloomington shaft that may be followed by serious consequences. The consolidated meeting of the two factions held Monday decided by a close vote to stay at work. The sented at the gathering Monday, were chagrined at the outcome, and decided to call a second meeting in the after-

Columbus, O., July 20.-J. R. Sovereign, president of the Knights of Labor. where he spoke ten minutes to miners, inimical to the public peace. President men of Pocahontas apologized to him for pany, coming away on the train with

executive board of the United Mine Workers, in session here, decided to refer the matters suggested by the strike to the miners themselves. When a proposition meets the board's approval they will refer it to the miners, who will be asked to vote on the referendum plan. All matters in dispute will be re-

Indianapolis, Ind., July 20.-Indiana miners are restless under the continued shipment of coal through the state to the Chicago market, and it is threatened that trouble may break out or the men may resume work unless some way to

ROAD TO THE YUKON.

Are at Work. Seattle, Wash., July 20.-Hon, C. B. McIntosh, governor of the northwest territory, in which is included the farfamed Klondyke district, is in Seattle. The governor freely subscribed to the truthfulness of the stories sent out as to the richness of the new diggings. He estimates that the Klondyke and its tributaries vielded over \$3,000,000 in gold last winter. Of this amount he says \$2,000,000 and upward came via the steamships Portland and Excelsior. More than \$1,000,000 in dust, he says is now stored away in the cabins of miners along the creek being developed. "The British Yukon yield of gold for 1897," the governor resumed, "will not be less than \$10,000,000." He says surveyors are now at work trying to ascertain the feasibility of a construction of a railroad into the Yukon. One route contemplates a line of steamers from Fort Wrangle up the Styken river.

hats exactly like, in general style, to for cups and saucers and alcohol lamp,

Mrs. Nellie Sawyer Kedzie is to be professor of household economy and hy-

# Something More About **HAMMOCKS**

Traver's Bros.' (they make the best) braided edge Mexi-

can hammocks. 13 ft. Sisal Natural Color, 2½ lb. 70c

13 ft. " Colored, 2½ lb. 14 ft. " Natural color, 3 lb. 85c 14 ft. " Colored, 3 lb. 15 ft. " Natural Color, 3½1b. \$1.00

15 ft. " Colored, 3½ lb. \$1.10 Anchor hammock ropes, 20c pair with hammock 15c.

With these adjustable ropes a hammock can be hung at the desired

height in two minutes. Aurora Lace Spreaders 20c pair with hammock, 15c a pair.

### BINNS, NEXT TO POST-OFFICE, BUCHANAN

NEWS CONDENSED.

History of the Past Week Given in Brief Paragraphs.

An Atlanta, Ga., baggage smasher was handling a large box roughly when it broke, and a live 16-foot alligator made his appearance. John Otto of Watseka, Ills., 14 years old, was rescued from a tramp at Gos-

port, Ind. He had been kidnaped.

The Syracuse (N. Y.) Standard says

that Joshua Forman founded that town

and suggested the Erie canal, and for those reasons it wants the state to erect a bronze monument to his memory in Syracuse. Massachusetts ranks sixth in the distribution of the appropriation granted by congress for the militia of the sev-

eral states. Her share is \$12,000. William Ibach of Eldora, Ia., Democratic politician, dropped dead of heart disease. The Illinois Central Railroad company has given Lucia B. Griffin, the eiocutionist of Ottumwa, Ia., a check for \$11,324 in payment of the judgment re-

ceived in a Michigan court by Miss

Griffin for personal injuries.

struck by lightning and killed.

. . . A \$5,000 orchid from Venezuela is on exhibition in the Temple gardens, in London. It has a white flower shaped like a sea gull with outspread wings and gold vermilion heart. James Swiss of Petersburg, Mich., was

Six Moroccan students, who have com-

pleted their studies at the Italian naval academy, have been sent back to their country on the warship Lepanto. A boiler with the plates welded to gether, no rivets being used, 32 by 61/2 feet, has been built at Gleiwitz, Saxony. It has been decided to build Boston's new Masonic temple upon the site of the burned structure at Tremont and Boyl-

ston streets.

ty. Pa., in which Senator Quay was born, is to be purchased by the Republicans of the town and neighborhood, and used as a clubhouse by them. The Red Lion hotel, at Ardmore Pahas been licensed since 1798 and is about entering into its 100th year of continuous service as a public house. \* \* \*

The old house in Dillsburg, York coun-

Peter Grimley, living near North Judson, Ind., was fatally injured by the accidental discharge of a shotgun. Mrs. Martha A. Darnell of Mount Vernon, Ills., aged 44, died from blood poisoning caused by a scratch from a thorn of a wild cucumber. Every neighborhood on the Hawaiian islands with as many as forty children

is provided with a schoolhouse.

of a hospital, and subscriptions, many of them liberal, are still being made. Herman Porter, 15 years old, shot himself in the head with a revolver at Sistersville, W. Va. He had been in ill-health. Three men in Lowell, Mass., who were

The citizens of Albany, N. Y., have

contributed \$117,735 for the endowment

The bones of buried soldiers at Malvern hill battlefield are coming to the surface through some phenomenal action of the earth's crust. Eight out of the forty-eight socialists

in the eGrman reichstag, including Herr

Liebknecht, Herr Luetgomau and Herr Stadthagen, are serving terms of imprisonment for the offense of lese ma-A knighthood was recently given to Mr. R. Guinness, the acting manager of Guinness & Co. His brewery firm had already received two peerages and

the ribbon of St. Patrick. Mr. R. Guin-

ness is a cousin of Lord Iveagh and the

David Myers of Eldora, Ia., a veteran,

brother of Lady Iveagh.

is missing. Te drew \$135 pension money at New Providence last Friday. John D. Rockefeller has notified the Des Moines, Ia., Baptist college that he will give \$3 for every \$1 the college will raise from other sources. Frederick Hoag of Reading, Mich ..

of disappointment in love. The murder of James Sokop at Milwaukee last Monday is now charged to the Italian Mafia society. The Prince of Wales will be president

shot himself through the heart because

of the royal commission having charge of the British section of the Paris exposition of 1900. The Paris Figaro announces that Princess Isabelle of Orleans is shortly to be betrothed to Prince Albert of Belgium. The notorious King Milan, late of the throne of Servia, has taken up his residence in Vienna and has moved all his furniture and household belongings

from Paris to a house in the Austrian

Abraham Shoemaker of Chandlerville,

Ills., was killed by a train. He was a

Thomas W. Stanford, who has made

veteran of the war, aged 65 years.

capital.

a great fortune in Australia, is a brother of Leland Stanford, deceased, Thomas has given \$300,000 outright to huild a library for the university which bears the family name, and has also given notice that his will makes other liberal endowments for the university. Samuel Johnson, a well-to-do farmer

of Belle Plaine, Ia., committed suicide

because he could not satisfy his broth-

ers and sisters in the distribution of

their father's estate. Mrs. Amelia Kohler, who inspired Thomas Moore to compose "The Last Rose of Summer," has just died at Mount Vernon, N. Y., at the age of 92. Only one marble statue of the human figure with evelashes is known. It is one of the gems of the Vatican, the

Sleeping Ariadne, and was found in 1503. The bronze statue of Harriet Beecher Stowe, which will soon be erected in Hartford, Conn., will be 12 feet high and will represent Mrs. Stowe seated, with suppliant figure of Uncle Tomstretch. ing forth a pair of brawny aims, from which hang broken shackles. Eight-year-old son of W. G. Mercer,

chief of the fire department of Fre-

mont, Neb., was thrown from a buggy

and killed. Nebraska farmers have paid off \$30,-000,000 of mortgages during the last eighteen months. Two 12-year-old boys named Boger and Shandy were drowned in White river at Petersburg, Ind., while bath-

General Farnsworth Dead. Washington, July 16 .- General John F. Farnsworth, ex-congressman from

chial troubles.

thing to patent? Protect your ideas; they may bring you wealth. Write JOHN WEDDER-BURN & JO., Patent Attorneys, Washington, D. C.; for their \$1,500 prize offer.

ADVERTISING RATES. LESS THAN ONE YEAR.

One inch, \$6.00 for year of 52 insertions. Two inches or over, \$5.00 per inch, for year of

CHRISTIAN CHURCH. — Sunday tservices: Preaching at 10:30 a. m. and 7:00 p. m.; Junior C. E. at 3:00 p. m.; Sen. C. E. at 6:00 p. m.; S.S. at 12:00 m Other services: Cottage prayer meeting Thesday evening at 7:00; Church prayer meeting Thursday evening at 7:00; Ladies' and every Wednesday afternoon at 4:30; Teachers' meeting Friday evening at 7:00. Pactor's receiving days—Tuesday and Friday afternoon, 2 to 4.

E. R. Black, Pastor, 11 N. Detroit St.

METHODIST CHURCH, Rev. W. W. DIVINE, Pastor, Sabhath services. M Pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching 10:30 a.m. and 7:00 p m; Sabbath School 12:00 m.; Junior League 3:30 p. m.; Epworth League, 6:00 p. m.; Prayer meeting Thursday evening 7:00 p. m. Members are expected and strangers are always welcome.

L'VANGELICAL CHURCH, corner Oak and L' Second Sts. Rev. F. C. Berger, Pastor. Residence 47 Main St. Preaching at 10 30 a. m. and 7,30 p. m. Sunday School 11.45 m., Mrs. W. A. Koehler, Supt. Young People's Alliance every Sunday at 6.30 p. m. Prayer service Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. All serts are free. All cordially welcomed.

O.O. F.—Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds its regular meeting, at Odd Fellows Hall, on each Tuesday evening.

NYLVIA CHAPTER, No. 74, O. F. S. holds a regular meeting Wednesday evening on or he fore the full moon in each mouth.

"The Niagara Falls Route."

No. 6, Ex. Sun., 1:21 P. M. No. 2, Ex. Sun., 11:24 P. M. No. 14, Ex. Sun., 8:55 A. M. No. 16, Sun. only, 9:46 A. M.

Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and St. Louis Railway,

No. 22 1:18 p m | No. 23 7:55 a m No. 24 5:45 p m | No. 25 1:57 p m No. 28\* 5:02 a m | No. 27\* 6:13 p m \*The above train runs between Benton Harbor and Elkhart only.

Estate of Alfred P. Eastman. OTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—s. Probate Court for said County.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office, in said county, on Monday, the 28th day of June in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety seeven. Present, Jacob J. Van Riper, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Alfred P. Eastman, Freeman Franklin, Administrator of said estate, comes into Court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such Administrator.

Estate of George G. Vetter, Minor. First publication July 1, 1897.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien.—se
Probate Court for Said County.

At a session of the Probate Court for said Connty held at the Probate Office, in the city of St. Joseph, on the 24th day of June, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and ninety-seven.

Present, JACOB J. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate In the matter of the estate of George G. Vetter, Minor.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Ida L. Vetter guardian of said minor praying for the reasons herein stated that she may be authorized, empowered and licensed to sell the real estate of said minor, at private sale as in said petition described.

JACOB J. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate. Last publication July 22, 1897. WANTED-AN IDEA Tho can think of some simple

Vanilla, Lemon, Wintergreen, Peppermint, Ja-mica Ginger, Orange Pineapple, Rose, Cinna-mon, Almond, Sure Catarh Cure. Manufactured by JOHN SHOOK. arrh Cure. JOHN SHOOK. Buchanan Mich MICHIGAN MELANGE.

READERS.

graph-Matter Selected for the Benefit of Our Own People.

The distinction mentioned is, in the

were unwilling to assume.

the tax title, which cost them \$30.

Marquette, Mich., Unveils a Statue to the

through his attorney, Wilson J. Haynes, asks \$50,000 damages. on the spot where Marquette landed, more than two centuries ago. The day's

# SENATE HAS BILL.

emocrats Disposed to Let Republicans Have Things Their Own Way So Debate Prospect That Congress Will Be Able to committee called in the Democratic position to allow the Republicans to have their own way and make the relower branch of congress could proceed. Before the full committee met in the room of the finance committee of the senate the Republican members held an hour's consultation in the appropriafinal act of their labors, they affixed their signatures to the conference report. When the bill was submitted to

Sugar Schedule Changes.

Dingley presented conference report on the tariff bill to the house Monday

Pittsburg, July 20.-A heavy thunder

opera house is about half the loss. Webster City, Ia., July 19.-Miss Theo Plumback and Gertie Farrell were alone at their home, when a burglar entered.

trial of Dr. Richmond Cornwall for the murder of his prother, Hugh Finerty testified that he heard three shots, then a moan, then two more shots. Then he looked into the chamber of death and saw Herbert Cornwall motionless and prostrate on the floor, and Richmond kneeling on his chest, and pounding his head with a heavy jug. He testified that he remarked to James Leathers when he heard the shots that somebody was killing a dog. Leathers re-Then came the moan, and Finerty cried, "Oh, that is no dog," and, rushing to the partition, saw the bloody tragedy. Another startling statement made by Finerty was that he was subpoenaed to appear at the inquest, did appear, was sworn with the rest of the witnesses, but was not called to testify. Mrs. Nellie Cornwall, Herbert's widow, was a tearful but rather an unimportant witness. Her most startling

# COAL MINERS' STRIKE. Points Are Won by Both Sides in West

OPERATORS BECOMING ALARMED. Strike News.

two of the larger mines under protection From Iowa comes word that the opera tors of that state will aid the strikers by refusing to sell coal in Illinois. Iowa operators say Illinois miners work so cheaply they can not stand the competition, and they would like to see wages raised in Illinois. Missouri mines repor greatly increased activity.

linsville, Ills., went out Monday at the request of the marching delegation from Staunton, Glen Carbon and Mount order, merely laying down their tools and refusing to go into the pits. This action was taken after a massmeeting held Monday afternoon, at which the The crusaders will march to Belleville, where they will try to get the miners Coal company to go out. Spalding Again Acquitted.

McCord's Nomination Confirmed. 1 Washington, July 19.-McCord has been confirmed as governor of Arizona. The vote on Myron H. Cord's confirmation as governor of Arizona was taken immediately after the senate went into executive session Saturday

thrower is used.—Chicago Record. A Little Girl's Poetry. A little girl in Chicago has recently

the child breaks out into verse: Will soon go back to God, But never again will it return

I used to trundle about the floor; Creak!" said the sheep: "what's gone amiss Some one is taking me out, I know.

They're pulling my string, and away I go.
Stop, oh, stop!" cried the old tin sheep. "

'There's nobody knows what he can do," said the sheep, "till he has tried." —Katharine Pyle in St. Nicholas. Edith's Explanation. Grandpa had a new thermometer, and the first time little Edith saw it she had many questions to ask about it, so when she went home she told papa and mam-

Tailor (to mother who is having a suit made for her boy)—Do you want the shoulders padded? Little Boy-No, mamma; tell him to

Threaten to Shoot.

caught giving bribes to a city official for a municipal franchise will pay a fine of \$500 each and pass one year in the result would be changed.

Mr. Sovereign, also apologized to him for the act of the mayor.

ferred to the miners, and in case of disagreement, a convention will be called. It is the first time that the referendum system has been called into play.

Governor McIntosh Says the Surveyors

An Authority on Hygiene

giene in the Bradley Polytechnic institute in Peoria, Ills. Mrs. Kedzie leaves a similar chair in the Agriculture college of Kansas. She was the wife of Robert F. Kedzie, professor of mathematics in the Mississippi Agricultural college. After his death, in 1881, Mrs. Kedzie started the household economic department in the Kansas college and has conducted it ever since.

Must Follow the Course. Madrid, July 19 .- The superior council of marine has investigated the proceedings in connection with the !rial of members of the alleged filibuster Competitor crew in Cuba and has decided that these must follow the course.

Illinois, is dead at the age of 77 of bron-The same of the sa

## Shafer Selis It

The Delicious OOGI Pure uncolored Japan Tea.

At this season we receive supplies of fresh vegetables and fruits daily.

Our goods in this line are well cared for, kept fresh, and delivered promptly, which is a point to be considered when buying fruits or vegetables.

Just received a new lot of Minneapolis Spring wheat

I.C. SHAFER.

# FOR JULY. GEO. WYMAN & CO

offer Unlaundered Shirts that are good values.

One made of Wamsutta muslin 1800 linen, linen neck band, continuous facing, reinforced back and front, bosom set in-it compares favorably with any dollar shirt-50 cents each.

One made of Foresdale muslin similar to above, for 30 cents each.

We offer a new line of bed spreads Honeycomb quilt, 72 by Xo 1. 80, 55c.

No. 2. Marseilles pattern, 70e. No. 3. Marseilles pattern, \$1.

We offer new a line of linen table damask, napkins, towels and towelling. This may be your opportunity before the new tariff goes into effect

## DOMESTICS.

to buy them cheap.

Standard Prints and Challie, 3, 4 and 5 cents.

Domestic Flannels, 4 and 5 cents. Shirting Cambrie, 30 inch, 64e; Lockwood, S-4 Sheeting, 124e; bleached, 14c, other widths in proportion,

We take 25 per cent. off on Parasols and millinery until closed. We have made reductions in other summer

COME AND SEE US.

# GEO. WYMAN & CO,

a outh Bend, Ind.

Closed evenings except Saturday.

Ladies' and Children's TRIMMED and UNTRIMMED HATS

At Cost during July

and August at

'THE PARIS

DR. D. N. SWIFT,

DENTIST. OFFICE OVER TREAT & REDDEN'S STORE

L. E. PECK, W. D. Homeopathic Physician and Surgeon, OFFICE IN NOBLE BLOCK.

Residence at H. N. Mowrey's, No. 11 Lake St

## Physician and Surgeon. Office, Main street, adjoining First National Bank building.

Office hours until 9 a. m., 1 to 3.30, 7 to

# Wilford C. Stryker,

Over Mrs. Berrick's Millinery Store, Main St Buchanan, Mich. All kinds of modern Dental Work. Prices reasonable. At Dr. Buhland's old

J. Asa Garland, M. D.,

Miss Viola Conrad's KINDERGARTEN SCHOOL, will open at the Old School House, Second street, next Monday, June 14. Sessions from 9 to 12 o'clock. Terms, 50 cents per week in advance.

## BUCHANAN RECORD

D. H. BOWER,

THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1897.

We present on our fourth page the full text of the new tariff law as it will be passed by Congress.

After an unceasing warfare for near ly fifteen years, Edwy. C. Reed of the Allegan Gazette has demonstrated his ability to conduct a successful newspaper, and last week the Gazette absorbed the list good will and advertising contracts of its bitter rival, the Allegan Journal.

President McKinley will soon see the realization of his wishes in the passage of a tariff bill that will be designed not only to provide sufficient revenue but also to protect our various industries so that the manufacturer will be enabled to give his workman not alone more work but also better pay.

the true inwardness of ea h proposition could be discussed.

PASSES THE HOUSE.

The conference committee on the tariff bill reported to the house on Monday at 10 a. m. and after an all day session and remaining until 12:15 Tuesday morning a vote was taken and the report adopted by a decisive majority. Evidently the house of representatives believes in doing business promptly. The report is now in the Senate and it is expected that it will pass without much delay, and will become a law before the week is out.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS.

the Narsh. The M., B. H. & C. have a large force at the St. Joseph river, cutting a wagon road through the bank and making and it has been necessary to remove many tons of earth form the top of the bank to the marsh below.—Benton Harbor Palladium.

anan Commencing at 10 o'clock a.m., Monday, Aug. 9, and closing at 4 p. m. Friday, Aug. 13.

A good institute is of inestimable value to the teacher and to the person preparing for the profession. It gives inspiration and suggestion to the progressive teacher, and leads the novice to prepare more thoroughly and hold higher ideals of the teacher's work.  $\Lambda$  good institute is a genial, lively, methodical, systematic, orderly, enthusiastic school, Instructors have been selected who have had much practical exterience in the school room and know how to give others a portion of what they have thus leasned. It is confidently expected that this will be one of the best institutes ever held in the county.

The work will combine professional exercises, singing, marching, and the like, so as to make the work move off

cheerily and without fatigue. The time for study at the institute class exercises, the following topics are suggested, so that those who purpose attending may be thinking and reading along the lines to be followed.

ARITHMETIC-(1) Mental arithmetic drill. (2) Cancellation as applied to to analysis, proportion, and percentage (including bank discount). (3) Busi-

ness forms. ALGEBRA—(1) Analysis of definitions and discussion of signs. (2) Factoring. (3) Affected quadratics.

GEOMETRY—(1) Definitions. (2) Con struction of problems, with demonstration of the same. BOTANY-Elementary instruction.

CIVIL GOVERNMENT-(1) Similarit of government of county, state, and nation. (2) Discussion of last special session of congress,
HISTORY—(1) Progress during the

industry, and education. (2) Finance. (3) Important current events. GEOGRAPHY—(1) Lessons on relief forms and the causes that produced them. (2) Study of the forces that are everywhere at work modifying the earth's surface. (3) Practical illustra-

tion of how to correlate geography and history, by topical lessons about the countries now attracting universal attention.

(2) Common errors of speech. (3) Analysis of sentences selected from the little classic used for literary work, or of difficult sentences handed in. LITERATURE-Any one of he follow-

ing may be used for this work, as the instructor may select: "Irving's West-minster Abtey," No.93 of the Maynard & Merrill Classics; Lowel's "Vision of Sir Launfal," No. 50 of the Houghton & Mifflin Riverside Series; "Merchant of Venice," American Book Co's

ORTHOGRAPHY-(1) Word Analysis using the little classic selected for literary work. (2) Pronunciation contest (either oral or written) making the list from physiological terms (including the names of diseases) geographical terms, names of noted personages, and words

that are generally mispronounced.
PHYSIOLOGY—(1) School hygiene
(2) Prevention of communicable diseases-see Health Office circulars. (3) Critical analysis of the progress of human growth and repair, with special eference to concise and

ods of expression. PEDAGOGY—(1) Child Study. (2) Talks based on "Psychology and Psy

chic Culture" by Halleck, the book adopted for the Reading Circle work for the coming year,

The preceding topics are given to aid in a proper preparation for the work. Teachers should bring books for reference along the lines of the topics suggested, and even a week's institute may be made very profitable with class work and lectures combined. The institute law allows teachers,

There will be no enrollment fee, and every teacher or would-be teacher should arrange to attend every session. Try to be bresent at the first session. Full particulars in regard to board, etc., may be obtained upon application

to the local committee. E. P. CLARKE, Committee COMMON COUNCIL.

[OFFICIAL MINUTES ] A special meeting of the Common Council of the village of Buchanan was

held in the Council Chamber, Monday evening, July 19, 1897. President Sanders presidir g. Prese, t Trustees-Messrs. Bainton

Boardman, Corey, Richards and Wood. The following resolution was read to he Council by Mr. Boardman: WHEREAS, Death in his merciless grasp has taken from our number our esteemed Brother Councilman, Levi L. Redden, and,

WHEREAS, In him we have lost a worhty ember and active co-worker, and, WITEREAS, The entire community, with us, mourns the loss of so estemimable a citizen. Be it

Resolved, That this Council, at this special meeting called for this special purpose, offer as the only tribute it can now oring, expressions of condolence and sympathy to the bereaved family and friends, and be it also Resolved, That a page of the record be devoted to his memory and, that the Clerk engross a copy of the minutes of this meet-

ing and present the same to the family of our lamented Brother Councilman. Moved by Mr. Wood, supported by Mr. Richards, that the above resolutions be adopted. Ayes, 2. On motion of Mr. Wood, supported by Mr. Boardman, the Council adjourn-

COUNTY SEAT NEWS.

W. N. BRODRICK, V llage Clerk.

A night session of the Circuit Court was held. Tuesday night of last week. to hear further testim my in the Eldred-Godfrey case involving the disagreements at the close of their canning factory partnership, some years ago. The case was not concluded.

The Toledo Brewing and Malting Co. have filed a suit against Rudolph Wohlrab to recover \$650 alleged to be

The June session of the Court was adjourned, last Wednesday noon, until the October term. Judge Coolidge has not yet decided where he will spend his vacation, but will probably spend it in Massachusetts.

Radical chauges were made in the new State drain law, which took effect June 2. The office of township drain commissioner was abolished, and all the duties of looking after drains are placed upon the County Commissioner who is to be appointed annually by the Board of Supervisors. Mr. J. F. Burbank of Bridgman will hold this office until next January, when his successor, to be appointed at the Octobor meeting of the board, will step in. All funds are now turned over to the county treasurer, whose duties are thus increased by the addition of several hundred accounts. Other important changes are made in the law relating to drains, and additional facilities are given for the settlement of drain controversies in the Probate court.

Foreclosure proceedings were filled, yesterday morning, by Dennis Lynch on property belonging to Israel and Rebecca Bath. G. W. Bridgman is the attorney for the complainant. NEW CASES.

Jennie Glavin has filed a suit against school dictrict No. 3 of Chickaming township to recover the sum of \$200 alleged to be due her.

John J. Hoopingartner has filed a foreclosure suit against Elizabeth Walners et al to recover \$2,500 alleged to be due on certain mortgages.

REAL ESTATE TRANSFERS. Hattie M. Horn, et al, to Lizzie White, lot 278, 279, 280, Lacy's 2d add to the city of Niles, \$1.

Isaac M. Vincent and wife to Margaret Briante, e 12lots 23 and 24. Rynearson's add to the village of Buchananan, \$300.

Geo. Pierce and wife to Rebecca Salsbury, lot 3 blk 9, Blakeslee's add to the village of Galien, \$1000. Louis Wehrle and wife to Benj. D.

Harper. property in the village of Buchanan, \$650. H. S. Cone and wife to Geo. W. Minster, property in the village of Galien,

Geo. W. Minister and wife to Geo. Pierce, lots 7 and 8 blk 13, villags of Galien, \$500

Sarah A. Baxter and husband to Wm. Baxter, s 2 3 of lot blk 22, village of New Buffalo, \$1. Silas Ireland and wife to James D.

Dalson, lot 01 Green & Hoffman's add to city of Niles, \$600. Auditor-General to Emma Alderson, lot 2 blk, L village of Eau Claire, \$6.29.

Warren Toney and wiie to Aug. Villwock, 10 acres in Berrien tp. 60. Chas. Stafford to Aug. Villwock, 314 acres in Berrien tp, \$1.

Flora Allen and husband to Edward K. Warren, 39 acres in Three Oaks tp,

MARRIAGE LICENSES. Morris Daken, 21, Beuton Harbor; Min nie Scapio, 19, Chicago. August Kohlow, 21, Bridgman; Emma Nenuts, 21, same,

Chas. Haase, 26, Bridgman; Bertha Dohner, same. H. B. Montague, 30, Covingtog, Ky.; Kathryn A. Dolley, 22, Benton Harbor. J. J. Lash, 27, Benton Harbor; Mina Ventworth, 23, same. Howard N. Wise, 24, Weeson, O.; Edith

eck, 22, Watervliet. Seth A. Tubbs. 25, Alma, Mich.; Nellic Forton, 25, Benton Harbor. Geo. W. Hess, 24, Galien; Mina R. Hall,

BARODA, From our Regular Correspondent.

Miss Alma Gardner will teach in our primary room, this year. Miss Jennie Lemon spent a few days with friends in St. Joseph. last

Freeman Evans was in Milwuakee on business, last week. Miss Alta Brown has returned home

some better. A. L. Nickerson has sold his barber shop and gone to Benton Harbor, where he will make at his home,

After all said and done, the jury on the Hickory Creek trial decided that the drain shall be laid, and the opposing parties will have the cost to pay. There are plenty of berries and berry pickers in and near Baroda, only there is no money for the one who

PERSONAL. Wellie Papson returned to Buffalo,

Mr. J. O. Becraft was over from Dowagiac, Tuesday. Miss Helen Sparks of Chicago is vis-

iting relatives in town. Mrs. Fred Smith of Detroit is visiting Buchanan relatives, Miss Wilkinson of St. Joseph visited

Buchanan friends, Tuesday. Mr. J. C. Griffin of Waukesha, Wis spent Sunday at Clear Lake. Prof. J. W. Cupples was a Buchanan

visitor, a few days last week Mes.rs. I. L. H. Dodd and A. B. Sew ell went to Eikhart, last week. Miss Sadie Oman returned from her visit at Michigan City, Monday.

Mrs. E. Meager and children of Niles visited relatives here, over Sunday. Mr. and Mrs. Clark Bristol of Battle Creek are visiting relatives in Buchan-

Miss Eva Richerson returned from ber visit in Battle Creek, last Thurs-Mrs. A. J. Case of Red Wing, Minn

are visiting Mr. and Mrs. J. V. Voor-Mr. F. Dunbar and family of Cassopolis visited relatives in town, the

Judge Ira Sparks is spending a few

weeks visiting friends at Ishpeming, this state. Mr. and Mrs. W. S. Wells and children of Manstique are visiting relatives here.

Misses Mary Grover and Maggie Donnelly went to Benton Harbor, Tuesday morning. Mr. and Mrs. Clyde Valentine of

Soeth Bend are spending their vacation at Clear Lake. Ora Remington and family, with the exception of Miss Mary, returned to their home in Marcellus, Monday.

Rev, Milo Smith of Berrien Springs was in town Tuesday, and made the RECORD office a very pleasant call. Mrs. Lou Smith and sister. Miss Clara Wilson, visited friends in Ber-

ren Springs and vicinity, Saturday and Mr. and Mrs. W. P. Carmer started, yesterday morning, to drive through to Reading, Hillsdale county, where they will visit Mr. and Mrs. W. W. Bower. Mr. and Mrs. E. A. Bartmess, who

have been visiting their parents in Buchanan for the past two weeks, return ed to their home in Yonkers, N. Y., Misses Winifred Noble and Zula Redden wheeled to Niles on Tuesday, and on Wednesday wheeled to Dowa-

grae in company with Mr. and Mrs. Walter Noble. County Clerk John W. Needham has been confined to his home for several days with an abcess in his ears. He recovered sufficiently to return to the County Seat, today.

Rev. W. T. Cook, former pastor of the M. E. church of Buchanan, and his family who reside near Phonix, Arizona, came to Buchanan on Saturday to visit relatives and friends.

Miss Blanche Peck returned home from a visit at Berrien Centre, Monday morning, accompanied her aunt, Mrs. Will Hill, who was the guest of Mrs. Chas, Bishop, Monday and Tues-Mrs. John Bowes of Monrovia, Cal.

arrived in Buchanan Saturday morn-

ing, to spend the summer with her sis

ters, Mrs. Dr. Biodrick and Mrs. Dr. Dodd. Mrs. Bowes was accompanied by a lady friend, Miss Mollie Price. Mrs. W. M. Nichols of Scribner, Neb., and Mrs. W. E. Royce of Fremont, Neb., who have been visiting their sister, Mrs. W. H. Ingles, left for their homes this afternoon. Mrs. A. E. Ludington, another sister, leaves for Shelby tomorrow, from which place she

will return to her home in Middletown,

THREE OAKS. From our Regular Correspondent.

Refreshing showers, which occured last Friday afternoon, paved the way for an excellant Sunday-school rally Saturday. This was a rally of the Sunday schools from New Buffale, Three Oaks, Chickaming, Weesaw and Galien townships. A permanent organization of the above named townships with the addition of Lake, was established. Mr. D. W. Kean of Weesaw was chosen president. The rally was ben-

Saturday afternoon at 4 o'clock the Maple City team and the Featherbones crossed bats on the Three Oaks diamond. The result of the seven first innings was one score for Maple City. Nine innings gave Maple City four

and Featherbones one. Rev. Frank Fox will preach at Spring Creek School House next Sun-Misses Coral and Lulu Paxson, teachers at Adrian Industrial school,

are visiting relatives and friends. Miss Clara Wilson of Chicago is vising friends here, this week.

One of the citizens of Three Oaks, in order to avoid had roads, rode his wheel a few rods on the sidewalks of Stevensville last week, for which short excursion he was fined \$1.00 and costs amounting in all to \$3,25. The enforcement of laws regulating the use of bicycles is all right if not carried beyond reason, but when in the absence of signs and without warning, a total stranger who unwittingly tra nsgresses is arrested and fined, it seems rather like a light heade d and unwarrantable if not illegal proceeding.

BENTON HARBOR From our Regular Correspondent.

July 20, 1897. Rain is needed badly. Three hundred and fifty tons of steel were used in building the new railroad

The first peaches of the season were shipped from St. Joseph, Thurrday. A big time is anticipated in St. Joe, Aug. 26, the date of the Maccabee picnic. A dozen bands are expected to be present.

A manufacturing establishment will come here from Kalamazoo, if this city will furnish a year's rent. The track of the St Joseph Valley road is now completed and Mr. Patter-

son promises that trains will begin making regular trips, Aug. 1st. Rev. Wallace Mays preach ed at the union services at the Methodist church Sunday evening. He is a Berrien county boy, and devotes his time largely to evangelistic work in the East. Some of our merchants are thinking

of instituting a boycott against the Big

Four road, to compel them to drop the

Bell telephone company and patronize

the new home company, as nearly

everyone is doing. Someone, who probably does not ride

of wheelman from Chicago were the first to discover them.

Rev. Henshaw, a Baptist minister of Chicago, has leased a house on Pavone street for the summer, and will use it as a home for poor and unfortunate children of that great city, who will be given a week's outing at a time.

The Big Four tracks are being ex-'ended so as to meet the car ferry. which will soon be in operation beween here and Manitowoc. Two boats will be put on which measure 320 ft in length and can carry 28 to 30 cars apiece: It will take 28 to 30 hours to make the trip and return.

In the tunnel road lawsuit, Judge Coolidge ruled against H. S. Deam and ordered him to open the company's safe and deliver up the papers.

WASHINGTON LETTER

From our Regular Correspondent.

WASHINGTON, D. C., July 19, 1897. Now that we are about to bid adieu to the Wilson law, it may not be uninteresting to point out some of its failures, since it is impossible to say anything good in taking leave of a measure which has brought such distress to the country and the Treasury. The deficit of \$125,000,000 which it has made up to the time of Mc Kinley's inauguration has been somewhat reduced by the enormous importations of the past three months which were made in order to escape duties under the new tariff law. Notwithstanding the increase in receipts by reason of this flood of importations, since the inauguration of President Mc Kinley the customs, internal revenue, and total receipts under this law have been much less than in the corresponding months of the history of the Mc Kinley law. This is especially interesting and important because of the statements made from time to time by the Democrats to the effect that the Wilson law was more successful as a revenue producer than the Mc Kinley law. The absolute falsity of this statement is shown by the official figures covering the receipts of the Wilson law from the beginning of its operations down to the present time and comparing those with the receipts under the Mc Kinley law in the corresponding months of its existance. The Wilson law has now been in operation 34 months. In those 34 months the customs receipts aggregated \$497,465, 248, while in the first 34 months of the McKinley law the customs receipts were \$548,452,414. The internal revenue receipts under the Wilson law in its first 34 months were \$382,722,453, and in the first 34 months of the

McKinley law were \$433,772,458. The total receipts under the Wilson law in its first 34 months, ending June 30, 1897, amount to \$904,200,952, while the Mc Kinley law in its first 34 months produced \$1,041,048,677, a balance of more than \$137,000,000 in favor

of the Mc Kinley law. PROGRESS OF THE TARIFF. Progress in the consideration of the tariff bill by the conference committee character. A large proportion of the amendments made by the Senate have been discussed and easily agreed upon only a few knotty problems still remain and with every prospect of these being disposed of very soon. Wool, sugar, lumber, lumber, cotton ties, and a few of the less important subjects apparent that the final result would be such as to meet the popular approval. One question, however, the conferees have been compelled to keep constantly in mind, and that relates to the effect of their action upon the chances of final passage of the bill in the Senate. The fact that the Republicans do not and cannot control that body still makes it absolutely necessary that they move with the greatest caution and exercise a vast amount of diplomacy in their final shaping of the bill in

order to absolutely assure its final passage in that body. HOSTILE TO TRUSTS The work upon the tariff bill in conference has been as unsatisfactory to the trusts as was that of the House and Senate. Every step in the framing of this bill has shown a determination on the part of those in charge of it to avoid the mistakes which the Demo crats made in the framing of their tariff bill and by which that party gave to the trusts, and especially the sugar trust, such enormous advantages. Of course the Democrats have tried to make it appear that the Republicans were laying themselves liable to as grave charges as were successfully made against their own party and tariff bill, but have failed in that attempt, and there is good reason to assert that the new bill, when it gets upon the statue books, will be less satisfactory to the trusts than any measure

THE CURRENCY COMMISSION, will be sent to Congress, as soon as the tariff bill is out of the way, asking that the President be given authority to appoint a commission to consider the currency question and frame a measure for a general currency law. The delay in sending in this message has been due to the fear that this action might precipitate a currency discussion and thus delay action on the tariff bill, but there is reason to believe tnat the message will be forthcoming as soon as the tariff bill is disposed of. Whether it will be possible to pass a measure of this character through the Senate without very great delay is of course uncertain, but if Republican votes can pass it, it will become a law promptly. It is felt that a commission selected from the best students of finance in the country will be able to frame a much more satisfactory currency measure than would probably be prepared by any general committee of Congress, which could not of course be made up of men who have made a lifelong study of this complex and difficult subject.

THE FARMER'S OUTLOOK. just ended show that the agricultural element of the country has enjoyed a greatly improved condition during the eived here are equally gratifying as to

ed to \$189,838,828 in value against \$136,846,845 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1896, and \$110,967,758 in the fiscal year ending June 30, 1895. This is an increase of \$53,000,000 in the pockets of the farmers for the year just ended for breadstuffs alone, as compared with the preceding year, and an increase of \$79,000,000 compared with the year 1895. The exportations of cattle for the fiscal year just ended amounted to about \$2,000,000 more than in the preceding year, fresh beef increased about \$4,000,000, hams \$3,

## CHICAGO LETTER.

Last week, it was claimed that the world's conditions were favorable to a higher price for wheat, and the view then taken was fully justified by the events of the succeeding four days, during which time wheat steadily advanced until it reached 751/2c for the July option and 71 3-8c for September. This was an extreme rise of over 6c in two weeks, or practically 10 per cent on the price of the product when the rapid appreciation began. From that high point there has been a natural reaction, but it is noticeable that there has been thus far no prospect of a return to former low figures.

On the other hand, the feeling is one of buoyancy, and there is a belief that not only have the better prices of the past week come to stay, but that there is also a very good chance of even further betterment. That the foreigners are in immediate need of our grain is now beyond question, the only point being how much their requirements will aggregate. From information secured by their agents in the principal European markets, Schwartz, Dupee & Co., estimate this shortage at from 125,000,000 to 150,000,000 bushels. There is no other place than the United States where this wheat can be bought, as India and Argentina are out of the market as sellers, and will be for months to come. Our crops of wheat and corn will undoubted be generous, but with present prices maintained, or more likely improved upon, an abundant harvest will be a source of enormous income to this country. There was a feeling when the mar-

to force prices down still further, they having succeeded in knocking them off over a cent from the high point. Cable were a trifle lower, and the opening trades at 60½ to 69½, were nearly a cent under the Saturday close. There was a rally to 67%, however, and then an easier feeling, 69c for Septexber being reached. There was quite a bunch of buying orders from abroad, and the later cables were more favorable. A sale of 140,000 bushel cash wheat for export hardened matters so that September rebounded to 701/2 and was hard to beat below that point. An hour before there was a report that the English visible had decreased 1.367,-000 bushel and 240,000 bushel were taken here for export. This sent the bears flying to cover, and September went to 7114, c'osing only an eighth below that point, a net gain of 11/2c from Saturday's close. The following table shows range of prices during the last 10 days: 69%@75½ 65½@71% 69 3<u>4</u> 65 5<u>8</u>

Wheat-July, Sept., 25½@26½ 26¾@27 July, Oats— 17%@18½ 17%@18½ July, 17% 18½ Mess pork-7 321/2@7.521/2 July, 7,35@7.60 Lard, per 100 lbs.-July, 3 90  $3.77\frac{1}{2}@4.02\frac{1}{2}$ Sept. 3 95 3.85@410July, 430  $4.15@4.32\frac{1}{2}$ 4.354.221/2@440

FINANCIAL. There has been a strong feeling in all forms of securities during the last week and, considering the considerable advance had previously, it is remarkable how well the market has held up. Sugar has been the leader, reaching 144% today, a price never before known in the history of the stock, but the fluctuations of this security although showing that there is plenty of money to invest in dividend paying stocks, cannot be taken as a criterion of the general situation of the market. But the steady rise of the granger railroad stocks is something whose significance cannot be gainsaid. It shows that the present big crops and good prices for grain are taken as certain indications that the roads will have good business this fall, not only on the long hauls of grain but also in inter-state commerce which will begin as soon as the crops are sold, and the farmers and all who depend upon their success have money. Some of these evidences of prosperity are being discounted by shrewd men of means who are not afraid to let their capital follow their judgement, and the result is an unusually firm summer market for securities.

LITERARY NOTES. McClure's Magazine for August will be a Midsummer fiction number, with stories by the greatest living writers in that kind. But it will not ignore graver interests. Mr. H. J. W. Dam will describe the daily life and work in the greatest dynamite factory in the world: Anthony Hope, the author of "The Prisoner of Zenda", will give his impressions of C. D. Gibson, the American artist who, in his drawings, has lately shown the people of London what they are like; Madame Blanc, of the staff of the "Revue des Deux Mondes," will describe the Paris gamin as she has herself seen him in his native haunts; and Hamlin Garland. drawing upon unpublished original documents and testimony, will tell the story of the first meeting of Lincoln and Grant-a meeting as picturesque and dramatic as it was important.

Lynde's "Diana of the Ephesians", a dainty love story with a setting among the mountains of Northern Alabama, being complemented by the fascinating narration of an encounter with a Paris necromancer, which forms the second of Martin Orde's serial accounts

of the Creole influence in that interest ing semi-southern metropolis. No. 4 of Jeanie Drake's New York Types is devoted to a sprightly and amusing analysis of the women who shop. Dr. Grace Peckham Murry continues her "Talks on Health and Beauty" with a discussion of the various forms of exercise especially beneficial to her sex. The Golf of America is authoritatively treated by Mrs. Reginald de Koven with some account of noted feminine players. Especially suited to the dogdays are the directions for making various salads and salad dressings, and Francis Leeds' recipe for a summer GRAIN-O, made of pure grains, that takes pick-me-up. Young people looking for the place of coffee. The most dilecate M. Robbins' description of "A Butterfly Party". Mrs. Witherspoon's teatable includes mention of some of the novel uses now made of precious stones. Mr. Vick's Flower Gar en is supple mented by practical answers to various inquires, the books of the month are noticed, and the usual pages ard devoted to needle work.

PROVING HIS POINT,

How the Mesmerist Convinced His Audience of His Power. Several prominent people were talk ing together recently in the billiard room of the principal hotel in a large provincial town in the north when well-known conjurer and mesmerist came to see if the bill poster had left any of his programmes, says the Scottish Nights. Two or three gentlemen began to poke fun at the professor and intimated that there was some trickery in his performance.

Finally the mesmeric professor stood upon his dignity and offered to give a free exhibition of his skill then and there. He said that he would so place one of the party when under his influence that when he had caused the subject to grasp his own nose he could not leave the room without taking his fingers from his nose.

The wager was accepted and one o the party, an alderman, gave himself up to the influence of the mesmerist, who placed him by the side of an iron column at the end of the room, told him to close his eyes, and made a few passes over his face. He then took the alderman's arm, brought it round the column and put his nose between his fingers. After a few more passes the professor said:

"Now, sir, you cannot leave the room without taking your finger from your The victim opened his eyes and at

One of Maine's little lakes is called Toddy pond. This name was inspired by toddy, they cut a hole in the ice, poured in their rum, mixed their toddy, and drank it. So the pond has ever

unique punch. Civic and Philanthrop'c Conference. A conference of men and women interested in the great social, hygenic, and philanthrophic questions pertaining to the welfare of human society

since been associated in name with this

Rev. Samuel G. Smith. D.D., pastor of the People's Church, St. Paul, and Professors of Sociology in the Minnesota State University, will be President and J. H, Kellogg, M. D, Supt. of Battle Creek Sanitarium, Vice-President. The following well known workers have promised to participate: Hon. Henry Wade Rogers, LL. D., President of the North-Western University; Gov. H. S. Pingree; Very Rev. Dean Harris, LL. D., of the Roman Catholic Church in Canada; Dr. Arthur Edwards, Editor of the North-western Christian Advocate, Chicago; Mrs. Henry W. Rogers, Evanston; Mrs. Lucy Rider Meyer, Supt. Chicago Training School; Mrs. Lucy L. Flower, Chicago; Prof. C. R. Henderson, Professor of Sociology, Chicago University; Rev. H. W. Benn ett, D. D., Pastor First Methodis Church, Fort Wayne, Ind.; Henry N. Hart, President of United Hebrew Charities, Chicago; Dr. H. B. Baker, Secretary of Michigan State Board of Health; Rev. Morgan Wood, D. D., Toronto; Rev. J. P. Brushingham, D. D. President Methodist Social Union, Chi cago; Hon. C. C. Bonney, Ex-President World's Fair Congresses; Rev. W. H. Manss, Pastor of the Church of the Redeemer, Chicago; Rev. Frank Crane, D. D. Pastor of Trinity Church, Chi-

cago; Dr. 1. K. Funk, New York City; Bayard Holmes, M. D., Chicago. One day will be devoted to a special conference of the mayors, of cities and executive county officials of Michigan and adjoining states to consider the industrial questions, Counties and all

make reduced rates and there will be ample hotel accompodations at low rates. For all particulars and official program, address with stamp,

Visitors to Lincoln Park in Chicago Will be delighted with the souvenir book of this beauitful spot now being distributed by the Chicago, Milwankee & St. Paul Railway Company. It is a mignificent publication of 96 pages full to overflowing with delicious half-tone pictures of one of Creation's most charming places of resort for citizens

of the Great Republic. No stranger visiting Chicago should be without a copy of the "Souvenir of Lincoln Park." It can only be procured by enclosing twenty-five (25) cents, in coin or postage stamps, to Geo. H. Heafford, General Passenger Agent,

Try Allen's Foot-Ease A powder to be shaken into the shoes. At this season your feet feel swollen and hot, and get tired easily. If you have smarting feet or tight shoes, try Allen's Foot-Ease. It cools the feet and makes walking easy. Cures and prevents swollen and sweating feet, blisters and callons spots. Relieves corns and bunions all pain and gives rest and comfort. Try it today. Sold by all druggists and shoe stores for 25c. Trial package FREE. Address, Allen S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y. There is a Class of People Who are injured by the use of coffee. Recently there has been placed in all the gro-

a new entertainment will enjoy Lucia stomach receives it without distress, and but few can tell it from coffee. It does not cost over 1/2 as much. Children may drink it with great benefit. 15c and 25c

stores a new preparation called

FAC-SIMILE signature of CHAS, H. FLETCHER is on the wrapper of every bottle of Castoria. When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria

per package. Try it. Ask for GRAIN-O.

Fill a bottle or common glass with urine and let it stand twenty-four hours; a sediment or settling indicates a diseased condition of the kidneys. When urine stain linen it is positive evidence of kidney trouble. Too frequent desire to urinate or pain in the back, is also convincing proof that the kidneys and bladder are

WHAT TO DO. There is comfort in the knowledge so often expressed, that Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, fulfills every wish in relieving pain in the back, kidneys, liver, bladder and every part of the urinary passages. It corrects inability

to hold urine and scalding pain in passing it, or bad effects in following use of liquor, wine or beer, and overcomes that unpleasant necessity of being compelled to get up many times during the night to urinate The mild and the extraordinary effect of Swamp-Root is soon realized. It stands the highest for its wonderful cures of the most distressing cases. If you need a medicine you should have the best. Sold by druggists, price fifty cents and one dollar. For a sample bottle and pamphlet both sent free by mail, mention The Record and send your full post-office address to

Dr. Kilmer & Co., Binghampton, N. Y.

All Kinds of Fruit C.D.KENT'S

Clothing made to fit and fit to wear.

PARKINSON

MAIN STREET.

D. W. BURT V. S.

Honorary Graduate of the Ontario Veterinary College. Member of Veterinary Medical Association. Creats all diseases of the domesticated Animals.

flice at Batchelor's Dav's Avenue Livery Barn.

Residence, North Detroit Street.

Estate of William Burrus. First publication July 15, 1897. CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—ss.
At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office, in the city of St. Joseph, on the 13th day of July, in the year one thousand eighthundred and ninety-seven.

Present, Jacob J. Van Riper, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of William Burrus, deceased.

In the matter of the estate of William Burrus, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of John Burrus, son of said deceased, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that administration of said estate may be granted to him the said John Burrus the Executor named in the will of said deceased, or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 9th day of August next, at ten o'clock in the tore noon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said cour then to be holden at the Probate office, in the city of St. Joseph, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) JACOB J. VAN RIPER.

ng. (A true copy.) JACOB J. VAN RIPER, [SEAL.] Judge of Probat Last publication August 5, 1897. 410 Old Colony Building, Chicago, Ill. Much Alive.

The State Fair.

The Michigan State Agricultural Society has been reported as dead. This ia not true. It is full alive to the industrial interests of Michigan, and will hold one of its Old Time State Fairs at

Crand Rapids, September 6 to 10, 1897. Large Exhibits. Fine Attractions. Good Accomodations. Keep this date for your Outing. Premium lists mailed on application to

H. S. FRALICK, Secy., Grand Rapids, Mich. WILLIAM BALL, Pres.

The Evening News, "THE GREAT DAILY OF MICHIGAN."

A MICHIGAN NEWSPAPER FOR MICHIGAN PEOPLE.

The August number of the Delinea-THE DETROIT EVENING NEWS has over 1090 special correspondents who are ever on the alert for items of news which might interest State readers. If you would have all the general news of the day, try it for a month.

Two cents a copy.

Ten cents a week \$1.25 for 3 months (DELIVERED). (BY MAIL).

AGENTS IN EVERY TOWN IN MICHIGAN.

The Evening News, Detroit. r is called the Midsummer Number, and its exposition of hot-weather modes and fabrics is made graphic by fullpage color plates and intertextual illustrations, supplemented by a special article on mourning attire. The number is notable for its fiction, Frances

grows the fruit. the prospects for the coming year. a wheel, scattered two or three papers of Clive Rayner's adventures. Mrs. A. The drug store, formerly owned by J. The exportations of breads tuffs during T. Hollis, is now owned by J. F. Knight. of tacks in the path at the corner of S. Potter writing of the social life of St. Louis shows the continued potency Empire and Colfax avenue. A party the year ending June 30, 1897, amount-

DENTIST. office, Galien, every Wednesday.

PHYSICIAN & SURGEON. Office:-Roe Block, Front Street.

Residence:-Front St. opp. Presbyterian church.

PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

Why Not Organize. In view of the opportunities afforded Buchanan to secure factories by concerted action, the RECORD would urge the formation of an association among our business men and others who are interested in the welfare of our town. With such an association in existence the various factories seeking locations could be investigated and

The New Wagou Road. Over the St. Joseph River, Gradiing Acros of men at work near the new bridge, a road on the marsh leading to the new bridge. The cut is a heavy one,

The State Teachers' Institute For Berrien County will be held at Buch-

and academic instruction. The institute will be divided into sections; and the instructors will cor duct classes for the purpose of reviewing some studies, and also to illustrate up-to date methods of instruction. The workers have been urged to arrange for calisthenic

will be necessarily limited and, in order to permit the most profitable of

last thirty years in science, invention,

GRAMMAR—(1) Practical drill in the art of expression, both oral and written.

Eclectic English Classes.

whose schools are in session at the time appointed for the county institute held under the direction of the State

Superintendent, to close their schools during the continuance of such institute, without forfeiting their wages. for as many half days as they are in attendance at the institute.

ets closed, Saturday night, that the bears would today make strong effort

has been rapid and gratifying in its proved the most difficult in the attempt to bring about a final agreement between the two branches of Congress, and in all there was a disposition to | Corngive thoughtful consideration to the best interests of the people and to meet the popular demand as it became

enacted in many years. It is still understood that a mes age

The statements of the fiscal year past year, while other statements rec-

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria HOW TO FIND OUT.

out of order.

nose. once saw the point of the joke. Toddy Pond.

an incident of long ago, which tradition relates as follows: In the winter season some woodsmen were traveling to their work across the pond one brisk morning. They became a little thirsty or chilled with the frosty air. They carried with them, as was customary in those days, some New England rum. Having no vessel in which to mix their

will be held at Battle Creek, Mich, October 12-17, 1897.

municipalities are invited to send delegates. Prof. E. O. Excell will have charge of the music of the conference.

S. SHERIN, Secretary, Sanitarium, Battle Creek, Mich.

The Railways have been asked to

The Tailor,

\*Will save you money by ordering your Spring Suit of him.

# Look at These Prices.

Fine all-wool Suits made to order for \$16, \$17, \$18, \$19 and \$20. Pants made to order from \$4.00. A fine line of Fancy Vestings. A large line of Piece Goods to select from.

W. TRENBETH, MERCHANT TAILOR.

Buchanan, Mich.

IF YOU

have used your eyes thirty years, they are no doubt beginning to show signs of wear. Consult me about this matter. I am prepared to restore your eyes to a normal condition by fitting with easy wearing glasses.

H. E. LOUGH

# Dr. E. S. DODD & SON



FRENCH TISSUE PAPER.

Have added a full stock

of all colors of

We also have all kinds of

Dyes and Dye Stuffs.

DODD'S GERMAN COUGH BALSAM,

Dodd's Sarsaparilla, 75 cents a bottle, ALWAYS IN STOCK.

# New Meat Market

I have purchased the market formerly owned by Mr. J. G. Corey and will constantly have on hand all kinds of meat, poultry, lard, etc Especial pains will be taken to procure the best that can be obtained. Call and give me a trial, I will give you perfect satisfaction.

FRANK A. TREAT.

Laporte Top Buggies

\$55.

Kalamazoo

Top Buggies \$50.

H. R. ADAMS

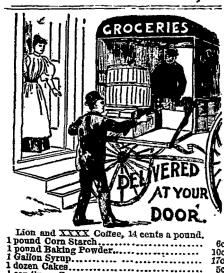
DON'T FAIL to take in **BOARDMAN'S** 

Harvest Crockery Sale.

The Buchanan Floral Co. AVA SCHRAM, MANAGER. Cut Flowers, Fern-leaves, Smilax, Palms; Roses Carnations, Azaleas, Pansies, Primroses, Hyacinths, Easter Lilies, etc., etc. Greenhouse No. 19 River Street.

I have secured the agency for the celebrated Dowagiac Flour, and have the same on sale at my





BUCHANAN RECORD.

THURSDAY, JULY 22, 1897.

Entered at the Post-office at Buchanan, Mich. as second-class matter. Only 165 out of a possible 575 of the weekly newspapers in Michigan are accorded a circulation in actual figures by the American Newspaper Directory for 1898, and the publishers of the Directory will guarantee the accuracy of its rating by a reward of one hundred dollars to the first person who successfully assails it. Advertisers should note the fact that the Buchanan Record is one of the 166 that are not afraid to let their customers know just what they are buying.

Buchanan Markets. Hay-\$\$ @ \$10 per ton. Lard-So. retail. Salt, retail-\$1.00 Flour-\$4.50@\$5.00 per bbl. Honey-12c.

Live poultry- 5c@8c. Butter-120. Eggs-10c. Wheat-70c.

Oats -17c. Corn-200 Clover Seed-\$3 50@\$4.50 Rye-- 30c. Beans-\$.80@1.00

Live Hogs-\$3.00.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

All "copy" for change of advertise-ments must be in our office by Wednes-day of each week to ensure the change

Lady's cape lost. See loca. Card of Thanks. See local. State Fair at Grand Rapids. C. M. & St. Paul Ry. See local. Bargains in wall paper at Binns. See Read Henry Lough's new adv., in this

H. Binns has something to say about hammocks, in this week's space. E. S. Roe, the hardware man, is advertising fly nets, dusters, ice cream freezers, and other seasonable goods.

R. L. Schell has been appointed postnaster at Dailey, Cass Co.

Jacob Gunsaul has been appointed postmaster at Covert, Mich.

The Council room is draped in memo ry of the late Levi L. L. Redden.

Mr. F. Wade has been appointed postmaster at Saugatuck, Allegan Co. The Eastern Star Lodge held a spec-

ial meeting, last evening, followed by

W. F. Runner has a very unique arrangement of corn, in his show window, and is designed to advertise a

Word received here gives the sad information of the severe illness of the wife of President D. S. Scoffern of the First National Bank.

Two candidates received the third degree at a special meeting of Buchanan Lodge No. 68, F. & A. M., Monday

Two-color posters are being distributed about town, advertising the Berrien County Battalion Reunion, at

The Twelth Annual Farmer's Union Fair will be held at New Carlisle, Ind., Oct. 5, 6 and 7. The premium list is now being distributed.

The Board of Trustees of the M. E. church passed suitable resolutions on the death of Mr. L. L. Redden, who was a member of the Board.

A special meeting of the village poard was held, Monday evening, to take appropriate action on the death of their associate, Mr. L. L. Redden.

We have arranged to publish a weekly grain letter, for the benefit of our farmer subscribers, and we trust that the letter may prove interesting to

Congressman Hamilton has recommended C. C. Hodges for postmaster at New Buffalo, this county, and Frank Wright for postmaster at Fairfax, St. Joseph county.

There are a number of defective sidewalks in town and if the owners realized to what an extent they were eopardizing the lives of passers by they would see to it that they were put in shape at once.

The funeral services of little Robbie, the infant son of Mr and Mrs. H. F. Kingery, occurred last Friday afternoon, at 3 o'clock, and were conducted bor Rev. F. C. Berger of the Evangelical church, in the presence of a number of fri'nds. Interment was made at Oak Ridge cemetery.

Wm. Murphy was sentenced to ten days in the county jail for violation of the state game laws. Murphy is aled to have caught trout in large number from Estus Creek and shipped them out of the state, which is in the violation of the law. He was arraigned before a Justice of the Peace in Buchanan, last week, and sentenced to ten

The School Board at their meeting, Tuesday evening, selected John W. Rittenger of New Carlisle as principal of our schools, for the ensuing year. Mr. Rittenger comes highly recommend as a young man of good qualifications and excellent character. He has had about eight years' experience as a teacher, and is a graduate of the Michigan agricultural college, at Lansing, Mich.—Walkerton, Ind., Independent

Several months ago the RECORD pubished an account of one Carlo Hess, who was tramping from San Francisco to New York under the auspices of a ling lodge. German daily paper. This morning we were much pleased to receive another call from Mr. Hess, but could scarcely consider the well-dressed, complacent German, who appeared on the scene today, and the travel stained dusty German, as one and the same, Mr. Hess is on the way back to San Francisco, and as he so naively remarked, "I don't like to walk; I go by the train, or ride". Mr. Hess reached New York just four days behind his

schedule time.

# It Pays to Trade at MORRIS' THE FAIR.

Dealer in Almost Everything.

The Watchword for Economy.

CHURCH NOTES.

METHODIST. The Devotional meeting of the Epworth League will be held, Sunday evening, at 6:15. Subject, "St. Paul as the Prisoner of Jesus Christ". Ref.,

Epn. 3:1; Act. 16:23; 24:25-27; 18:16 Leader, Alfred L. Sewell. UNITED BRETHREN Preaching, next Sunday, at 10:30 a. m. and 7:30 p. m., by the pastor. Sunday school, at 11:45 a.m. Young

People's meeting, at 6:30 p m. There is talk of a picnic, in the near future by the superintendent and chil dren of the Sunday school.

Obituary. NANCY L. INGALLS was born at Pittsford, Vermont, July 4, 1810, and died at Burhanan, at 7 o'clock this morning (July 22, 1897) aged 87 years and 18 days. She was married, in 1837, to William Woods and moved to Buchanan, in 1852, having resided here since that date. Five children were born, of whom three are dead and two sons, James K. of Buchanan and Oren E. of Cassopolis, survive her.

The funeral services will be held on Friday afternoon, at 2:30 o'clock,

LEVI LISTER REDDEN was born, April 22, 1838, on the farm known as the Farren place, situated about one mile south of Bak rtown, in this county, the old Redden homestead being about forty rods from the log house in which the subject of this sketch was born. His parent's names were Samuel and Sarah Redden, and Levi was a lifelong resident of this county. When thanks to the many friends who so but four years of age his father died, kindly ministered to us during our reand young Levi grew to young man- cent bereavement. hood upon the farm assisting his brothers in the work about the place. During the war, he came to Buchanan and his brother, Mr. S. W. Redden, remaining with him a little over a year when, his health failing him, he removed to Mis. L. L. Redden will retain her his farm south of Buchanan, and late husband's interest in the firm of about three-quarters of a mile east of the Redden homestead, the place being known as the Samson farm.

to Marietta Treat who, with their Restaurant. daughter, Miss Florence, and his three brothers, Samuel W., William and John Redden, and one sister, Mrs. Mary Per-

In 1881, having recovered his health the grocery business with Mr. Chas. B. easy time payments by Treat, since which time he has been identified continuously with the business interests of Buchanan, being at the time of his death in partnership with Mr. Willis W. Treat, under the

firm name of Treat & Redden. For some months past, Mr Redden seem seriously ill until quite recently, although he was under medical treatmember of the Village Board of

Trustees, and a member of the Board

of Trustees of the Methodist church. The funeral services were held from his late residence on Front street, Sunday afternoon, at half-past two, and were conducted by Rev. W. W. Divine of the M. E. church, assisted by Rev. J. W. H. Carlisle of Niles and Rev. J. F. Bartmess of the U. B. church, Buchanan. The attendance at the funeral years. Several musical selections were | Limited until July 29-97. beautifully rendered by a quartet consisting of Mrs. E. S. Dodd, Mrs. M. M. Knight and Messrs. J. W. Beistle and Claude Molton. The floral tributes were numerous and very teautiful After the services, a long procession of carriages containing the relatives

ing place. Resolution of Respect.

Redden was consigned to its final rest-

The undersigned, members of the Board of Trustees of the Buchanan M. E. church, in view of the removal from our midst of Levi L. Redden, who has been for many years a member of this Board, do hereby express our lively appreciation of his uniform interest in, and many acts of service to promote, the welfare of our church and. while with his afflicted family, we share their keenly-felt loss, we can only com-mend them to the God of the widow and the fatherless, and pray that by His own presence in the bereaved hearts of these dear ones, and the entire church member

ship as well, we may come to realize His promise to supply all our needs.

I. M. VINCENT, N. Norris, H. G. Holliday, W. F. RUNNER,

GALLEN.

From our Regular Correspondent P. C. Nichols of Niles was in town Monday and Tuesday of this week. Mrs. Rose and daughter Bessie were at Buchanan over Sunday.

Quite a number from here went to of cholera infantum. Chicago, on the excursion, Saturday | 7. Because it is the most prompt and and returned Sunday night. Aubrey Tracy of Elkhart is visiting

relatives here. E. E. Finney of Hinchman was in town the first of the week. Mrs. S. W. Doty has returned from

Three Rivers where she has been visiting with her parents. Geo. Minster and John Chilson were in Buchanan Monday evening, attend- you will not find another medicine

Jesse Goodenough of Hollywood is visiting with James Renbarger this A new platform was built on the east side of the M. C. depot this week.

Wm. Carlisle says he would as soon spend a day at a summer resort as to rational treatment of chronic or linthresh. He reports a pleasant trip to ough examinations and true diagnosis. the lake, last Sunday, in spite of the You can secure this with a full explanmany difficulties encountered.

O. R. Butler and S. A. Clark spent Sunday at Hudson with friends.

Buchanan, Mich. in Chicago, Saturday and Sunday. Utah Smith and Mr. Tracy were in

> St. Joe Monday. Miss. Emma Jones returned to her home in Chicago Monday. L. H. Kempton of Glendora was in town Tuesday.

> > In Luck.

In a dispatch from Port Townsend, Washington, the Detroit Evening News of Saturday has the following reference to the g.od fortune of a Berrien

county man: Frank Phiscator of Baroda, Mich., is another lucky miner. He went to the Klondike, last autumn, and is now returning with \$96,027, I aving worked two claims with nine men three months and he still owns the claims. He was one of the discoverers of the Eldorado

A Great Opportunity.

We have made arrangements whereby we can offer an opportunity to secure a year's subscription to the Semi. Weekly Detroit Journal and the Bucii-ANAN RECORD for only \$1.50 for the two. or 156 papers for \$1.50—less than a cent a copy. Send in your name and secure this offer for your family.

Card of Thanks.

We wish to express our gratitude to our friends and neighbors for the comfort they have given us in our bereavment, in the beautiful tribute of flowers, by spoken and written words of sympathy, and by their many deeds of kindness MRS. REDDEN AND FLORENCE.

We desire to return our heart-felt

MR. AND MRS. H. F. KINGERY. List of letters remaining uncalled for entered the grocery store conducted by in the post-office at Buchanan, Mich., for the week ending July 19, 1897:

> Mrs. Lee S. Buchanan, F. Farrautte. Call for letters advertised. JOHN C. DICK, P. M.

Lost, Ladies' Silk Lined Cloth C pe. Finder leave at RECORD office. On January 1, 1868, he was married For a good meal, go to Arthur's

A. B. CHASE.

STERLING HUNTINGTON. This incomparable line of the world's

to some extent, he again imbarked in best Pianos is for sale for cash or on

ELBEL BROS., 114 N. Mich. St., South Bend, Ind.

We are glad to note that the State Agricultural Society, which has been reported as being too much embarrass ed with indebtedness to be able to hold a complained of ill-health, but did not Fair in 1897, has emerged from its creditors as to put it on its feet again

The Society has held Forty-seven ment for some time past. The end Annual Fairs, and has been of great came early on Friday morning. July service to the State in agricultural and 16, 1897. Mr.: Redden was a man whose industrial lines. Its exhibitions have kind and sympathetic nature made always been creditable and full of infor him a host of sincere friends, to terest. The Fair goes to Grand Rapids whom his death comes as a personal this year, where there are fine grounds, loss. At the time of his death, he was good transportation, and an attractive city with plenty of accomodations for exhibitors and visitors.

Our readers should remember the date Sept. 6th. to 11th, and make a point to attend and help sustain this very useful society.

The M. C. R. R. Co. will sell excursion tickets to Chicago on July 21&22 good only for trains arriving in Chicago before twelve o'clock noon, that was the largest in Buchanan for many date at one fare for the round trip.

A.F. PEACOCK My home, 82 Front St., and two good offices over millinery store for rent.

M. E. BERRICK. "Anyone who has had a public

school sehool education can win a wended their way to Oak Ridge, where prize if he or she will only be careful all that was mortal of Levi Lister enough. This is what The Century Co, New York, publishers of the Century Maga-

zine, say about a competition they have organized, and as the largest prize is \$500 and the smallest \$10, we incline to think that a cousiderable number of public school graduates will reveal large bumps of carefulness. The Century people seem to think that the easiest questions in their examination paper are likely to prove the most insidious, because the competitors will try to answer them off band. They distribute the questions, without charge, to applicants who write for them.

Reasons Why Chamberlain's Colic, Cholora and Diarrhoea Remedy 1. Because it affords almost instant relief in case of pain in the stomach, colic and cholara morbus.

2. Because it is the only remedy that never fails in the most severe cases of dysentary and diarrhoea. 3. Because it is the only remedy that

will cure chronic diarrhoea. 4. Because it is the only remedy that will prevent bilious colic. 5. Because it is the only remedy that epidemical dysentery.
6. Because it is the only remedy that can always be depended upon in cases

most reliable medicine in use for bowel complaints.

8. Because it produces no bad results.
9. Because it is pleasant and safe to take.

10. Because it has saved the lives of more people than any other medicine in the world. The 25c and 50c sizes for sale by Bar-more, Druggist. July

You may hunt the world over and equal to Chamberlain's Colic, Cholers and Diarrhoea Bemedy for bowel com-plaints. It is pleasant safe and relia-ble. For sale by Barmore, Druggist. Jul Clairvoyant Examinations Free.

The first and most important thing for the proper understanding of and ation of the cause, nature and extent of your disorder free of charge by enclosing a lock of hair, with name and Sunday at Hudson with friends.

D. B. Prince and Chas. Swartz were N. Y.

age, to Dr E. F. Butterfield, Syracuse,
—adv. Mar. 1-8mo ROYAL BAKING POWDER CO., NEW YORK.

Those who have attended our sales know they are money savers.

# 

35c All Wool and Silk Novelties

25c Wash Silks

50c Checks, Plaids and Fancy Suitings

\$1.00 Fancy Suitings, 48 inches wide

75c Fine Silk mixed Suitings, Beauties -

# SPECIAL PRICES FOR OUR JULY CLEARING SALE.

## WASH DRESS GOODS.

Here is your chance for	or unque	stionable	Bargains.	
36 inch Fine Percales	-	-	-	6c
Bc Printed Dimities -	-		-	- 6c
2½c and 15c Organdic and L	ace effec	ts	-	10c
2½c Ducks and Picquets -			-	- 9c
5c Satin Striped Crepes	_		-	<b>₫</b> 0c
Oc Fancy Striped Lappeds			_	15c
Oc Lappeds and Tambours	-	-	• -	22c
Oc Tissue Brode -	-		-	26c
5c Imported Scotch Zephyr	-	-	-	16c

## SHIRT WAISTS.

Here are some values that you can't afford to miss. We have divided all the balance of our Waists in three lots and offer 75c and \$1.00 Waists, detached Collar and Cuffs

\$1.25 Finest Percale and Lawn, detached Collar and Cuffs 89c

\$1.50 Fine Organdie Waists, detached Collars and Cuffs 96c

UMBRELLAS and PARASOLS.

Just received a large lot of Black and Colored Umbrellas and Parasols, bought at greatly reduced prices and sold equally

EMBROIDERIES.

A large lot of remnants from 1 to  $4\frac{1}{2}$ yd length will be sold at about two-third former price.

\$4.00 Black Brocaded Mohair Skirts, Taffeta lined \$5.00 Fancy Mixed Suiting Skirts, latest design \$3.00 75c Calico Wrappers -\$1.00 Lawn or Calico Wrappers - 63c 76c \$1.25 Nicely Trimmed Wrappers -SHOE DEPARTMENT.

We don't intend to carry over a single pair of Oxfords and to

Lot 1. All \$1.00 and \$1.25 Black and Colored Kid Oxfords.

that end have assorted all of them into three lots.

WOOL DRESS GOODS.

All other suitings 25 per cent off.

SUITS AND SKIRTS.

Fine Linen effect Tinsel Mixed Tissue Suits, Waist and Skirt, Handsomely Trimmed, Cheap at \$3.50 - \$2.00

\$4.00 Navy Blue All Wool Serge Skirts, Taffeta lined

All \$1.50 and \$1.75 Black and Colored Oxfords. Reduced to Lot 3. All \$2.00 and \$2.25 Black and Colored Oxfords.

# CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

## MEN'S CLOTHING 25 per cent OFF.

We have placed all of the remainder of our men's suits on our front counter, they are broken lots and odds and ends of this season's goods. There are all sizes among them and if you can be suited, you can make your selection at the following reductions:

\$5.00 Suits at \$6.00 All Wool Suits at **\$4.50** \$7.00 All Wool Suits at \$5.25 \$10.00 All Wool Suits, fine selection of patterns \$7.50 \$12.00 Suits, the very best **\$**9.00

**BOYS AND CHILDREN'S SUITS** all at 25 per cent. off.

MEN'S AND BOY'S PANTS 25 per cent off. MEN'S HATS Fine Fur Derby Hats in Black, Brown, Pearl and other colors all regular \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00, \$2.50

Your choice during this sale \$1,29 MEN'S COTTON PANTS 69° MEN'S and BOY'S GOOD SHIRTS 19c. MEN'S and BOY'S TAN and LOW SHOES

Straw Hats, 25 per cent off-

Two weeks of red hot bargains in every department of the Big Double Store.

B. R. DESENBERG & BRO.,

## I have just received\_\_\_\_\_ Full Lines of Children's Two Piece Suits

In all the shades at prices that will be Still the sale of eye openers.

Shoes at 57c, 93c and \$1.19

goes on. These are good goods, not shoddy stuff to make a show but clean new good. The best

# plow shoe in Berrien County. G. W. Noble.

## ELLSWORTHS'

DOMESTICS ARE NECESSITIES

that make a home comfortable. We have received several carloads of domestics this week and our Domestic Department is newly equipped with the largest aud most carefully selected stock of staple goods ever shown in South Bend. We have worked hard to get the best things and we have them. Our way of doing business is founded on the principal that nothing is cheap that is not of good quality. We do not sell the cheapest goods but we do sell the best goods cheapest. Boy's waists will be closed out at 21 cents and 48 cents; Good values there. Men's working shirts, 25c, 39, 50c; a lot worth 75 cents will be sold for 48 cents. 22 cents buys a good strong table linen, 54 inches. Red table Damask at 121/2 cents. We have the largest stock of PRINTS and CAMBRICS ever shown in

South Bend. All new goods latest fall patterns fresh from the mills, 3 cents up. JOHN C. ELLSWORTH,

113--115 N. MICHIGAN ST., - SOUTH BEND, IND.

NEW GALLERY Having purchased the Photograph Gallery two doors west of the Post object for you to buy of us. Remem-Office, of Miss Park, I am now ready to welcome all my old friends in Buchanan and vicinity to my old place of busines Photos, in all the latest

s'yles. Call and see me. H. E. BRAD LEY VILLAGE TAXES The village taxes are now due, and payable at the First National Bank. HERBERT ROE.

Village Treasurer. FAC-SIMILE SIGNATURE OF CHAS. H. FLETCHER is on the wrapper of every bottle of CASTORIA.

I AC-SIMILE signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER is on the wrapper of every bottle of Castoria FAC-SIMILE signature of CHAS. H. FLETCHER

Absolutely Pure.

ation conmon to the cheap brands.

PEELPS GOOGE Phelps, Dodge & Palmer Co.'s TRILBY SHOE Made of Selected Dongola Leather. Either Lace or Button. STYLES UNEQUALLED QUALITY GUARANTEED

If you need Wall Paper and will buy

All goods at a great reduction the

should look trim and neat.

to give the best wear should fit

In no way can these things be better accomplished than by

rest of the season.

A LADY'S FOOT

A LADY'S SHOE

perfectly.

BINNS' next to P. O.

it before Ang 10, we wil make it an

Celebrated for its great leavening strength and healthfulness. Assures the food against alum and all forms of adulter-G. E.SMITH & CO., Buchanan, Mich.

For Sale by

This cut represents the famous Oxford made by DREW, SELBY & CO., and sold only by Carmer & Carmer.

**&** SPECIAL SALE

32 FRONT STREET.

SHIRT WAISTS.

50c Waists for 29c. \$1.00 Waists for 50c. \$1.25 Waists for 75c. \$1.65 Waists for \$1.

The Special Sale of all other Summer Goods continued. Now is the time to get hot weather goods cheap and the place is at

P. - G- 3.

SPLENDID LINE OF

RUNNER'S

FLY NETS,

DUSTERS,

HARNESS, ICE CREAM FREEZERS.

GASOLINE STOVES,

# HARDWARE

Prices Low; Treatment Square.

E.S. ROE.



W. H. KELLER.

# NEW TARIFF BILL

Changes That Have Been Agreed Upon by Conference Committee.

The Differences Between the House and Senate Are Very Clearly Explained.

Mr. Dingley States the Amount of Revenue That Is Expected to Be Realized.

The Conference Bill as Passed by House and Sent to the Senate.

Enll Text of the Sugar Schedule -Analysis of the Whole Bill as Finally Agreed Upon.

Washington, July 20 .- The tariff bill was pushed through the conference stage yesterday after two hours' discussion before the full conference committee-democrats and republicans. The democratic conferees offered amendments to the report, but were met with the statement that it would merely consume time to urge amendments, as they would be rejected.

Mr. Wheeler (dem., Ala.) offered amendments placing cotton bagging and cotton ties on the free list; also a substitute proposition for rebates on these articles. These and other amendments were withdrawn, however, as there was no prospect of favorable action on them.

Revenue Expected. As to the question of revenue to be raised by the bill, Mr. Dingley, in his speech, pointed out the difficulty resulting from the large anticipatory importations. The bill next year, he calculated, would raise \$225,000,000, \$75,-000,000 more than the present law. Over \$40,000,000 had been lost in this year's revenues by the importations of wool and sugar and other things, the duty on which was raised in the bill. so that he calculated that the bill this year would raise \$185,000,000. New Sugar Schedule.

The full text of the sugar schedule as finally agreed upon by the house and sen-ate conferees is as follows: "Sugars not above No. 16 Dutch standard in color tark bettems, sirups of cane juice, melada, concentrated melada, concrete, and concentrated molasses, testing by the polariscope not above 75 degrees, 95 per pound, and for every additional degree shown by the polariscope test .055 of one ent per pound additional, and fractions of a degree in proportion; and on sugar above No. 16 Dutch standard in color, and on all sugar which has gone through a process of refining, 1.95 cents per pound; molasses testing above 40 degrees, and not above 56 degrees, 3 cents per gallon; testing 56 degrees and above, 6 cents per gallon; sugar drainings and sugar sweepings shall be subject to duty as molasses or sugar, as the case may be, according to polariscople test. Provided, that nothing herein contained shall be so construed as to abrogate or in any manner impair or affect the provisions of the treaty of commercial reciprocity concluded between the United States and the king of the Hawalian islands on January 30, 1875, or the provisions of any act of congress heretofore passed for the execution of the same."

Duty on Sugar Cane. The conference restored the house rate of 20 per cent. on sugar cane. Saccharine is made \$1.50 per pound and 10 per cent. ad The confectionery paragraph is changed

to read as follows "Sugar candy and all confectionery not specially provided for in this act, valued at 15 cents per pound or less, and on sugars after being refined when tinctured, colored, or in any way adulterated, 4 cents per pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem; valued at more than 15 cents per pound, 50 per cent. ad valorem. The weight and the value of the immediate coverings, other than the outer packing case or other covering, shall be included in the dutiable weight and the value of the mer-The republican conferees also made pub-

lic a statement concerning the conference report in which it reviewed the changes made. Of sugar the statement says:

"The house differential between raw and refined sugars and the general features of the house scholars are recovered and the the house schedule are preserved, and the senate amendments increasing the differ-ential to one-lifth and providing for a reduction of one-tenth of the duty on rav sugars not above 87 degrees, which would have given a duty of 1.89 on 88 degree sugar and only 1.26 on 87 degree sugar, are not adopted.

"In deference to the wishes of those interested in beet sugar production, that the senate rate of 1.95 cents on refined sugar might be retained as an increased encour-agement to this industry, the duty on raw sugars is increased  $.07_2$  cents, so as to make the increase on them the same as the increase on refined sugar, and thus leave the differential between raw sugar and refined the same as in the house bill. And to meet the objection which has been urged that the house rates on low grade raw sugar show a higher ad valorem than those on the higher grades the duty on 75 degree sugar is reduced .05 cent and then the duty per degree increased regularly from .63 cent (as proposed in the house bill) to .034 cent, in order to raise the duty on raw

sugars the same as on refined.
"By this arrangement the duty on raw sugars of 100 degrees purity is raised from 1.75 cents (as proposed originally by the house) to 1.822 cents, and the duty on refined sugar is raised from 1.5742 cents (as proposed originally by the house) to 1.95 cents, thus giving the same differential of 1.212 cent between raw and refined sugar at this point as was originally given by the

"As this arrangement will increase the revenue over \$2,000,000 and at the same time give additional encouragement to the production of sugar in this country, it is thought to be a desirable consummation.'

Wool. The changes in the wool schedule made in

conference leave the duties on disputed items as follows:

Paragraph 254—The duty on wools of the first class, which shall be imported washed, shall be twice the amount of the duty to which they would be subjected imported unwashed; and the duty on wools of the first and second classors which will be the first and second classes which shall be imported scoured shall be three times the duty to which they would be subjected if imported vinwashed. The duty on wools of the third class, if imported in condition for use in carding or spinning into yarns, or which shall not contain more than eight per cent. of dirt or other foreign substance, shall be three times the duty to which they would otherwise be subjected. The conference restored the house rates on first and second class wool.

Paragraph \$55—On wools of the third-less and on emply heir of the third class.

class and on camel's hair of the third class. the value whereof shall be 12 cents or less per pound, the duty shall be four cents per pound.
Paragraph 359—On wools of the third class and on camel's hair of the third class

the value whereof shall exceed 12 cents per pound the duty shall be seven cents per

Paragraph 362-Shoddy, 25 cents per pound: on oils, wool extract, yarn waste, thread waste, and all other wastes, composed wholly or in part of wool, and not

specially provided for in this act. 20 cents Paragraph 365—On yarns made wholly or in part of wool valued at not more than 30 cents per pound the duty per pound shall be 2½ times the duty imposed by this act

on one pound of unwashed wool of the first class; valued at more than 30 cents per pound, the duty shall be 31/2 times the duty imposed by this act on one pound of unwashed wool of the first class; and in addition thereto, upon all the foregoing, 40 per

Paragraph 367—On blankets and fiannels for underwear, composed wholly or in part of wool valued at no more than 40 cents per pound the duty per pound shall be the same as the duty imposed by this act on two pounds of unwashed wool of the first class and in addition thereto 30 per cent. ad valorem; valued at more than 40 cents and not more than 50 cents per pound, the duty per pound shall be three times the duty imposed by this act on one pound of unwashed wool of the first class and in ad-

dition thereto 35 per cent. ad valorem.
On blankets composed wholly or in part of wool valued at more than 50 cents per pound the duty per pound shall be three times the duty imposed by this act on one pound of unwashed wool of the first class and in oddition thereto the per cent ad wallong. and in addition thereto 40 per cent. ad valo-rom. Flannels, composed wholly or in part of wool valued at above 50 cents per pound shall be classified and pay the same duty as women's and children's dress goods, coat linings, Italian cloths, and goods of similar

character and description provided by this

character and description provided by this act; provided, that on blankets over three yards in length the same duties shall be paid as on cloths.

Paragraph 370—On clothing, ready made, and articles of wearing apparel of every description, including shawls, whether knitted or woven, and knitted articles of the paragraph of the every description made up or manufact-ured wholly or in part, felts not woven and not specially provided for in this act, com-posed wholly or in part of wool, the duty per pound shall be four times the duty imposed by this act on one pound of un-washed wool of the first class and in addi-tion thereto 60 per cent. ad valorem.

Schedule on Carpets. Paragraph 372 — Aubusson, Axminster, Moquette and Chenille carpets, figured or plain, and all carpets or carpeting of like character or description, 60 cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Paragraph 373—Saxony, Wilton and Tourney, which corrects figured or plain and all

nay velvet carpets, figured or plain, and all carpets or carpeting of like character or description, 60 centis per square yard, and, in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem. Paragraph 374—Brussels carpets, figured or plain, and all carpets or carpeting of like character or description, 44 cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Paragraph 375—Velvet and tapestry velvet carpets, figured or plain, printed on the

vet carpets, figured or plain, printed on the warp or otherwise, and all carpets or carpeting of like character or description, 40 cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Paragraph 376—Tapestry Brussels carpet, figured or plain, and all carpets or carpetings of like character or description print-

ings of like character or description printed on the warp or otherwise, 28 cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Paragraph 37.—Treble ingrain, three ply, and all chain Venetian carpets, 22 cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Paragraph 378—Dutch wool and two-ply carrets 12 cents per square yard and in carpets, 18 cents per square yard, and, in addition thereto, 40 per cent. ad valorem.

Wood. The following was substituted for the The following was substituted for the paragraph on hewn timber:
"Timber hewn, sided, or squared (not less than 8 inches square), and round timber used for spars or in building wharves, one cent per cubic foot."

The paragraph relating to sawed boards and planks was amended by seriking out the words "white pine" at \$1 per 1,000 feet and by restoring the house rate on all the other items of the schedule, making the rates 50 cents per 1,000 feet for each side planed or finished, \$1 for tongued or grooved, and \$1.50 if planed on two sides and tongued and grooved. The legislative proviso to this paragraph inserted by the senate was changed so as to read as follows: "That if any country or any dependency shall impose an export duty upon saw logs, round manufactured timber, stave holts, shingle bolts, or heading bolts, exported in the United States, or a discriminating charge upon boomsticks or chains used by American citizens in tow-ing logs, the amount of such export duty, tax, or other charge, as the case may be. shall be added as an additional duty to the duties imposed upon the articles men-tioned in this paragraph when imported

from such country or dependency."

Fence posts are reduced from 3 to 10 per cent. ad valorem. The house rate of 30 per cent. ad valorem is restored on casks and The house rate of two cents per thousand and 15 per cent. ad valorem is restored on toothpicks, as is the house rate of 40 cents per thousand upon butchers' skewers.

Tobacco. The conference accepted the senate rate and language on wrapper and filler to-bacco, except that the rate on wrapper tobacco was made \$1.55 per pound instead of \$1.75. The house rate on imported cigars, cig-arettes, etc., of \$4.50 per pound and 25 per cent. ad valorem was restored.

The senate made the rate \$1 per pound and 25 per cent. ad valorem. There were no other changes in the schedule on imported tobacco.

Silk. The conference accepted paragraph 286 as amended by the senate with the addition of the words "or plush" before ribbons in the first line, making plush ribbons duti-able at \$1.50 per pound, and 15 per cent. ad

Paragraph 387, relating to woven silk fabrics, was accepted as amended by the senate, except that the rate on cloth other than black dyed in the thread or yarn and weighted in the dyeing so as to exceed the original weight of the raw silk was changed from \$2.25 per pound to \$2.50 per pound, and that on cloth dyed or printed in the piece from \$3.25 to \$3.50. Cotton.

Paragraph 291, relating to manufactures of silk, is changed so as to modify the de-scription of jacquard figured goods by providing that they shall be "made on looms." and that they should be "dyed in the yarn and contain two or more colors in the fill-The rate is left at 50 per cent ad va-

Paragraph 302, in relation to cotton thread and carded yarn, was amended by the conference so as to provide that thread colored, bleached, combed, etc., so as to he advanced beyond the condition of singles by grouping or twisting of two or more single yarns, on all numbers exceeding 20, and up to 80, are made dutiable at one-quarter of a cent per number per pound, and on threads of the same class numbering 80 and above, three-tenths of a cent per pound per number. In the original house bill there was no division as to numbers, all being made dutiable at the rate of three-tenths of a cent per num-ber per pound. The senate left the house rate of three-tenths of a cent on the first division, and provided an ad valorem of

50 per cent. on the second.

A portion of that part of paragraph 315 relating to plushes, velvets, etc., which was stricken out by the senate, was inserted, though in changed form. The insertion is a proviso to the effect "that corduroys composed of cotton or other vegetable fiber weighing seven ounces or over per square yard shall pay a duty of 18 cents per square yard and 25 per cent. ad valorem."

In paragraph 320 the senate amendments

are all accepted, except that reducing the rate on cotton suspenders and braces from 45 to 40 per cent. ad valorem. The paragraph inserted by the senate (2914) providing for an additional duty of 10 per cent. ad valorem on all cotton yarns finer than No. 10 single and on all manufactures made of such yarns, was stricken out by the con-Agricultural.

Raw cotton, which the senate made dutiable at the rate of 20 per cent. ad valorem, was restored to the free list. Paragraph 218, relating to cattle, as it bassed the senate, was changed somewhat as to rates, \$3.75 being fixed as the rate on cattle valued at not more than \$14 per head, instead of \$3.50, while a rate of 2714 per cent. ad valorem was fixed on cattle of a greater value, instead of 25 per cent. in the senate

The difference between the two houses on beans was compromised, being made 45 cents per bushel. The duty on seeds not specially provided for was made 30 per cent., the senate rate being 25 and the house rate 40 per cent. The paragraph in regard to packed fish was amended as fixed by the senate, so as to be made to apply specially to fish in packages.

Paragraph 261 was amended so as to specifically provide that fresh mackerel, hall-but or salmon should be dutiable at the rate of one cent per pound, as well as the pickled or salted article. Dried Fruits.

Paragraph 262 in regard to apples, etc., was amended so as to omit currants, and the house rate of 2 cents per pound on such dried fruits as apples, peaches, pears, and berries prepared in any manner was re-

The grape paragraph was altered so as to require the payment of 29 cents per cubic foot "of the capacity of the barrels or Orange and lemon peels preserved and

On pineapples the senate rate was re-

On unshelled filberts and walnuts the house rate of 3 cents per pound prevailed, while on shelled filberts and walnuts the senate rate of 5 cents per pound was sus-

The conference struck out the senate amendment providing for a duty of 2 cents per pound on dead game and game meats. Paragraph 282, relating to cocca, amended by leaving out coccanut oil. Spirits and Wines. The conference made but one change in

the schedule relating to spirits, wines, etc... The senate rate of 30 cents per gallon on still wines containing less than 14 per cent. of absolute alcohol in packages was changed to 40 cents per gallon. The house rate was 60 cents.

The rates on mineral waters were com-promised, being made 20 cents per dozen on pint bottles, 30 cents per dozen on quart bottles. House rate of 40 cents and the senate rate of 24 cents. Chemicals.

The conference struck out the senate rate paragraph relating to tartrate of soda and potash and partly refined argols and restored the house paragraph.

There was a compromise on white lead at 2% cents per pound.

The house paragraph in regard to oxide of zinc and white paint was restored. There was a general change of rates on lead, white acetate of lead being fixed at 3½ cents per pound, brown, gray, or yellow 234 cents per pound. These were generally compromises between the rates of the two

Phosphorus was compromised at 18 cents per pound.
The house rate on sulphur was restored. The senate made an amendment to the sulphur paragraph allowing crude brimstone to come in at 50 cents per ton, but the con-ference struck this out, including this arference struck this out, including this article in the \$8 rate, as originally fixed by

Paper. On mechanically ground wood pulp the house rate of one-twelfth of one cent per pound, dry weight, was restored. The paragraph in regard to printing pa-

oer was entirely rewritten. As amended it is as follows:

"Printing paper, unsized, sized, or glued, suitable for books and newspapers, valued at not above two cents per pound, threetenths of a cent per pound; valued above two cents and not above two and a half cents per pound, four-tenths of one cent per pound; valued between two and a half and three cents per pound, five-tenths of a cent; valued between three and four cents six-tenths of a cent; valued between cents, six-tenths of a cent; valued between four and five cents, eight-tenths of a cent;

valued above five cents, 15 per cent. ad There is also a proviso exacting an additional duty of one-tenth of a cent per pound for each dollar of export duty per cord imposed by any country exporting wood pulp to the United States. Lithographic Prints.

There are numerous changes in the paragraph relating to lithographic prints. The rates on such prints on paper not exceed-ing \$-1,000 of an inch in thickness is reduced from the senate rate of 25 cents per pound to 20 cents.

The next classification covers paper ranging from 25 to 400 square inches, fixing

the rate at 8 cents per pound. For paper exceeding 400 square inches a rate of 55 per cent. ad valorem is fixed. The senate rate on prints is reduced from 10 to 5 cents and on lithographic from 9 to 6 ents.
"Books for children's use containing illuminated lithographic prints not exceed-ing in weight 24 ounces each, and all book-

lets and fashion magazines or periodicals, printed in whole or in part by lithographic process or decorated by hand. 8 cents per The senate rate of 20 cents per pack and 20 per cent. ad valorem fixed on playing cards was reduced to 10 cents per pack and 20 per cent. ad valorem

Internal Revenue. The internal revenue tax amendment relating to cigars and cigarettes made by the senate was changed to read as follows: "On cigars of all descriptions weighing "On cigars of all descriptions weighing more than three pounds per 1,000, \$3 per 1,000; on cigars made of tobacco or any substitute weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000, \$1 per 1,000; on cigarettes made of tobacco or any substitute weighing more then three pounds per 1,000; \$3 per 1,000; on cigarettes weighing not more than three pounds per 1,000, \$1 per thousand."

The senate amendment providing for a tax on stocks and bonds was stricken out. tax on stocks and bonds was stricken out.

The house rate of 8-10th of a cent per pound was restored on round iron of less than 7-16 of an inch in diameter and bars specially provided for. The house rate on iron in slabs, blooms, etc., less finished than iron in bars and

Metals.

more advanced than pig iron was also re-The rate on iron bars, billets, etc., in the manufacture of which charcoal is used as fuel, was made specifically at \$12 per ton.
In paragraph 127 the senate rate of 1 2-10 cents per pound on iron or steel anchors was increased to 112 cents per pound, the house rate. The other amendments to the paragraph made by the senate were ac-

Paragraph 129 reads as follows:
"Hoop or band iron, or hoop or band steel, cut to lengths or wholly or partly manufactured into hoops or ties, coated or not coated with paint or any other preparation, with or without buckles or fastenings. for baling cotton or any other commedity, 5-10 of a cent per pound.'

Steel Rails. On railway bars, T rails, and punched lron or steel flat rails the conference restored the house rate of 7-20 of a cent. On railway fishplates the senate rate of 4-10 of one cent per pound stands.

Paragraph 122 providing for an extra

duty of 2-10 of a cent per pound on iron and steel sheets or plates, galvanized or coated, was allowed to stand, but was made to apply only to "zinc spelter or other metals, or any alloy of these metals."

The house rate of 2 cents per pound was restored on polished or planished sheets of estored on polished or planished sheets of iron or steel. On taggers' iron or steel, tin-plates and terne plates the house rate of 1½ cents per pound was restored. The house receded from its proviso that the benefit of the drawback provision in section 24 shall not apply to articles manufactured in this country from imported

tinplates, etc.

The conference amended the proviso to paragraph 136 relating to wire rods so as to make it read as follows:
"That all wire or steel rcds which have been tempered or treated in any manner or partly manufactured shall pay an additional duty of one-half of one cent per

graph relating to iron and steel wire. In the paragraph relating to cutlery there was but one change from the senate sched-

The conference made material changes from both the senate and house rates on shotguns, both in classification and rates of duty.
On wheels for railway purposes a compromise makes the duty 1½ cents per pound and 1¼ cents on ingots, blooms, etc. Aluminum, in crude form, was made dutiable at 8 cents and in plates at 13 cents

The rate on Dutch metal was made 6 cents per package of 100 loaves.

The language and rates of the senate amendments of the paragraph in relation to lead ore were accepted without change, but lead in pigs was made dutiable at 21/8 cents per pound, instead of 2 cents, as fixed by the house, and 2½ cents as fixed by the

The senate rates on mica were advanced, those on the unmanufactured article being fixed at 6 cents per pound and 20 per cent. ad valorem, those on cut mica at 12 cents per pound and 20 per cent. ad valorem. The rate of 6 cents a pound on nickel, as provided by the house, was restored.

Earthenware. The senate language in paragraph SS, relating to tiles, is retained, except that the requirements that the tiles shall be for floors and walls is stricken out. The house rates were restored on Portland, Roman

Paragraph 91, relating to gypsum, was amended so as to read as follows: "Plaster rock or gypsum, crude, 50 cents per ton: if ground or calcined, \$2.50 per ton pearl hardening for papermakers' use 20 per cent. ad valorem."

The paragraph relating to pumice stone

was totally changed, the rate being made \$6 per ton on the manufactured article and 15 per centum ad valorem on the unmanu-The house paragraph relating to clays

and earths was adopted, and the house rates on dried asphaltum and bitumen. On fuller's earth the rate was fixed at \$1.50 per ton on the unmanufactured article and \$3 per ton on that which has been manufac-The house rate on undecorated rocking-

ham earthenware, paragraph 94, was restored.

In the next paragraph, relating to china, the house provision including clock cases, with or without movements, was restored, making the duty 60 per centum ad va-

to the rates on plain bottles, jars, etc.

Glass. The paragraph (100) in regard to cut or ornamented glass bottles was not changed as to rates.

The conference restored the house rates

and language on unpolished cylinder, crown and common window glass, but retained the senate rates and language on polished cylinder and crown glass. polished cylinder and crown glass.

In the paragraph (103) relating to fluted, rolled, ribbed, or rough plate glass the senate rates and language were retained except the house proviso to the effect "that all the above plate glass when ground,

smoothed, or otherwise obscured shall be oolished plate glass unsilvered." The senate rates were retained on cast polished plate glass, both unfinished and silvered, as provided in paragraphs 104

The house rate of 10 per cent. ad valorem, in addition to other rates chargeable on window, crown, cylinder, or plate glasses where those glasses are bent, ground, frosted, etc., is reduced to 5 per The conference adopted the senate amendments in paragraph 108 relating to spectacles, eyeglasses, etc., with one ex-

Paragraph 112, relating to stained or painted glass windows, remains practically as left by the senate. The two houses compromised the rate on freestone, granite, sandstone, unmanufactured or undressed, making it 12 cents per

Flax. The thread paragraph (330) is a compromise between the two houses, making a duty of 13 cents per pound on threads made from yarn not finer than five lea or nummer, and three-fourths cent per pound additional for each lea or number in excess of five made from yarn finer than five lea or number.

graph, relating to single yarns in the gray, reducing the senate rate on yarns not finer than 80 lea or number to 40 per cent. ad valorem, which is a compromise between the two houses. Floor mattings, which are taken from the free list, where they were placed by the senate, are made dutiable at 3 cents per square yard where their value does not exceed 10 cents per square yard, and at 7 cents per square yard and 25 per cent.

There is also a change in the next para

ad valorem where their value exceeds 10 cents per square yard. Bags or sacks made from plain woven fabrics and bagging for cotton, gunny cloth and similar fabrics were taken from the free list and the language of the house practically restored in both instances. On bags the rate was made seven-eighths cent per pound and 15 per cent. ad valorem. The senate rate on handkerchiefs was ac-

cepted.

There were comparatively few changes in the sundries schedule. The senate amendment on bituminous coals fixing the rate of 67 cents per ton was accepted with-The house rate of one cent per thousand on loose matches was restored,

Sundries.

The house rates on haircloth were restored.

The senate rates on jewelry were retained.

monds stored. Paintings, drawings and statuary were again made dutiable at 20 per cent. ad va-

The house provision in regard to dialorem.

Free List. The following changes were made in the free list:
The provision allowing cattle, horses,

sheep, or other domestic animals, straying or driven across the boundary line of an-

other country for pasturage purposes, to be brought back free of duty is modified so as to continue this privilege for the speci-fied time of six months. The conference restored to the free list the house paragraph on books and engravings imported by authority of the United States for the library of congress.

The paragraph relating to the free introduction of books, libraries and reasonable furniture of persons from foreign ountries was altered so as to provide that where they were not introduced for sale they were to be allowed free entrance where they had not been so used for less than one year.

The conference restored the house provision on camphor.

The following is the paragraph agreed

upon on anthracite coal in the free list: Anthracite Coal. "Coal, anthracite, now especially provided for in this act, and coal stores of American vessels, but none shall be un-Following is the paragraph agreed upon on coal tar in the free list:
"Coal tar, crude pitch of coal tar, and products of coal tar known as dead or cresote oil, benzol, etc."

The conference restored raw cotton to the free list.

The paragraph in regard to the free admission of fish caught by American fisher-

men was amended so as to include salmon on the free list, which were especially excepted by the senate bill, and as agreed upon reads as follows: "Fresh fish, frozen or packed in ice, caught in the great lakes or other fresh waters by citizens of the United States.".
On hide cuttings the house paragraph was restored. Manganese ore was restored to the free list, as was cocoanut oil. The house phraseology of the paragraph in regard to ores of gold, silver, etc., was restored, which has the effect of making

free nickel and nickel matte.
The senate amendment making free paintings, drawings and statuary was also Reciprocity. The reciprocity provision, as agreed to by the conference, contains some of the features of both the senate and the house bills on this subject. It also contains some retaliatory measures. It sets forth its purpose to be that of

"equalizing the trade of the United States with foreign countries exporting to this country the following articles: "Argols, or crude tartars, or wine lees crude: brandles or other spirits manufactured or distilled from grain or other ma-terials; champagne or all other sparkling wines; still wines and vermuth; paintings and statuary."

The president is authorized to enter into negotiations or commercial agreements in which reciprocal concessions may be se-cured in favor of the products of the United

States. He is empowered to suspend by proclamation the duties upon these articles whenever equivalent concessions may be obtained, as follows: Brandies or other grain spirits, \$1.75 per Champagne in bottles containing one quart. \$5 per dozen; containing one pint. \$3 per dozen; containing one-half pint, \$1.50 per dozen; containing more than one quart, in addition to the \$6 rate, \$1.90 per gallon.

Still wines and vermuth, 35 cents per gal-lon, and other rates in proportion where the goods are bottled. Paintings, etc., 15 per cent. ad valorem.
The president is empowered to revoke the concession when satisfied that the agreement is not adhered to in good faith by any other country with which an agreement shall have been made.

Retaliatory Clause. What may be termed the retaliatory clause of the provision is that which empowers the president to suspend by proclamation the provisions of this act providing for the free introduction of coffee, tea, Tonquin, or tonka beans, and vanilla beans coming from any country which imposes duties upon products of the United States he may deem to be reciprocally unequal and unreasonable. The rates which he is thus empowered to fix are: On coffee, 3 cents per pound; on tea, 10 cents per pound; on tonka beans, 50 cents per pound; on vanilla beans, \$2 per pound;

on cuts. \$1. The president is required to act within two years in securing these reciprocal trade treaties, and they are to be submitted to the senate for its ratification. Articles are to be reduced to the extent of 20 per cent. in these treaties, and the president is specifically authorized to enter into negotiations which will place certain articles upon the free list for a specified period of five years.

WAS A "LEEMISH" CAR.

The Owl-Car Passengers Finally Found Out. He seemed painfully conscious of the ludicrous figure he cut as he burst through the wildly flapping curtains of a north-bound, all-night car and scraped himself into a seat which had been neglected by the other occupants on account of the sea of moisture which it contained. His face was belligerently red and his widely-staring eyes, anticipating with maniacal vigilance any tendency to laughter which his appearance might provoke, blazed forth a challenge to the entire car and success-

fully dispelled the rising spirit of jocundity. The night was the most tempestuous of the present season, and in order to escape the gusts of wind and water that assailed the car from every direction some of the "owls" had gathered in the aisle, while others had perched upon the backs of seats, and some had opened up their umbrellas. The conductor, with an air of intrepidity born of a familiarity with situations of the kind, passed to and fro among the passengers collecting nickels. He was an ideal "owl" conductor, bristling with sense of his importance, and ostentatiously indifferent to the comfort and

convenience of his guests. "Ez ish leemish ghar?" asked the late wild-eyed arrival as the despot jolted past. The unintelligible gibberish met with

no response. Another block was passed before the street car magnate came for-"Ez ish leemish ghar?" was repeated

somewhat petulantly by the Swedefor he was now discovered. Everyone but the autocrat seemed buried in an effort to translate the jargon, and some even ventured so far as to turn an inquiring eye upon the speaker. But the glances were quickly withdrawn, for the glitter of implacable hostility in those wild eyes had become intensified. Several more blocks elapsed.

"Ez ish leemish ghar?" And this time the potentate, had stopped close by to take a fare. "What?" snarled the latter, with cornful intenstion.

"Ez ish leemish ghar?" For a moment there was a reflective ause-his majesty was thinking. "Limits car? Yes." "Veli, vy don't you say so? I ask you tray or four times."-Chicago Journal.

Just the Place. Cobble—I've got one of the finest suburban homes you ever saw—solid comfort, old man. Stone-That so? I'm thinking about

ouying a suburban place myself.

Cobble-Then buy mine. - Brooklyn Potato Eaters. The people of Germany and Belgium are the greatest potato eaters. The consumption in these countries exceeds 1,000 pounds per head of population.

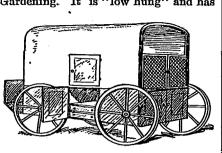
Fatal Flowers. Buttercups were devoured recently by an English child with a fatal result. At least the coroner could find no other

Sample Indian Names. The beauty of American Indian names has been the cause of congratulations to us from foreigners on many occasions. Among the Santee Sioux Indians who petition congress to prohibit the sale of "fire water" to their tribe are Julia Goodthunder, Mary Lightning, Ellen Iron Elk, Nancy Pay Day, G. D. Redowl, J. Crow, D. Coon and Charles Standing Soldier.



FOR MARKETING PRODUCE.

Wagon For Selling From Door to Door. Box For Various Products. Many gardeners and farmers have discovered that much more money is made by selling their produce at first hands from door to door than by selling to merchants or commission men. A convenient wagon is of the greatest importance if one is thus to market his produce. Such a wagon is shown in the cut here reproduced from American Gardening. It is "low hung" and has



A MARKETING WAGON. its lower part boxed in and floored over. Access is had to this inclosed space by raising the driver's seat in front, by a door on each side in the middle and by two doors in the rear.. At one side two drawers are shown. One of these is most convenient for carrying the flat parchment covered prints of butter to market, carrying the drawer to the customer's door to avoid handling. The other can be used for eggs, using the ordinary pasteboard fillers placed one upon another. The rear can have drawers or not. according to the nature of the produce to be carried. Above the rear doors are two metal

openwork doors that hold in the vegetables or other articles that are piled in loosely in the wagon's top. The center of this top space is easily reached from the canvas door in either side. The top is of course covered with canvas and should have the name of the farm painted upon each side, with the nature of the goods carried. This will advertise and enlarge one's trade.

When one carries to the customers on his route or to the general market a variety of farm products, as butter, eggs, berries, etc., it is often desirable to



A MARKETING BOX not long ago in The Farm Journal and is also bere given. This box is made of such light material that it can be carried easily, even when well filled. The handles are arranged to fall down over the ends that the cover may be raised. The shelves can be movable and made either solid or of slats. Make the ends of three-quarter inch stuff and the rest of three-eighth inch pine.

Early Plowing For Wheat. of digestible protein. Wheat needs compact ground, but

not hard or rough ground. The soil ought to be made fine, so that the small roots can get their plant food, and this fine soil needs to be close about them. In commenting on the foregoing J. M. Rice, Oklahoma, explains in Farm, Field and Fireside that in heavy or clay soils this compacting will come naturally and quickly by gravitation and the action of rainfall. In the farther west the soil is light and loose and the rainfall limited. He says:

To get the natural compacting of soil, plowing, as a rule, must be done early. If it is practicable to do so, the plows should be started as soon as the standing grain is cut. Where a header is used this may be the same day, and even where a binder is used a portion of the ground can be plowed among the shocks at once. Of course with the ordinary force of the farm this is not always practicable, but it would be best if it could be so arranged, for the ground dries out rapidly after the standing grain is removed and is likely to be too dry for plowing. With the usual light rainfall the compacting is a slow process, so the longest possible time should be had between ploying and seeding. There are artificial means of compacting, in the use of the roller and press drill. We used both of these in the wheat ground of the present harvest, but early plowing was better than

Does Subsoiling Pay?

all else.

According to The National Stockman, theoretically the use of the subsoil should pay in most soils. The settling of the ground, the tramping of teams in the bottom of furrows and the absence of much organic matter tend to exclude the air from the subsoil. A thorough stirring of this soil, loosening the whole mass to a depth of six or eight inches below the surface soil, commends itself to one's judgment. Granting this, it is a somewhat remarkable fact that very few subsoil plows are ever worn out. A progressive farmer will buy such a plow, use it one season, and then four times out of five cast it aside. His experience does not inspire him with sufficient faith to continue its use. There are exceptions to this rule, but comparatively few farmers practice subsoiling, notwithstanding the antiquity

of the idea. The idleness of the plows all over the country is no slight evidence of lack of faith in their use. The difficulty seems to be that a subsoil that easily packs and becomes hard is of such texture that a few soaking rains will compact it after being stirred by the subsoil plow. Deep plowing is more effective, as it puts sods and other vegetable matter below to hold the clayey particles apart. Mere stirring of the clay beneath, without the addition of material to hold it loose, is chiefly temporary in its effects.

The Riding Plow. What has the riding plow accomplished? This question is answered as follows by a contributor to the Iowa

Homestead: It has made things easier for the driver, but harder for the team. I have two riding plows, both good, but I find that it is about as fatiguing for three horses to draw either of these plows as it is for two horses to draw a common hand plow of the same size at the same depth. The riding plow is the plow for boys, old men, lazy men and cripples. It can be set by means of its levers so as to run at the desired depth, then anybody who can manage a team can plow and do fairly good work and a reasonable amount of it, but it is done at the expense of an extra horse and harness and with three times the cost for a

I have no word of disparagement for the riding plow, because it has come to stay, and I fully appreciate the ride when I am a little tired or footsore. The point I wish to make is that the riding plow is the more expensive, and this extra expense brings nothing but comfort to the driver. A good plowman can turn just as good a furrow by hand as he can by wheels and levers. The inventor should try and modify the riding plow so that it will rest the horse as well as the man.

An Omaha Show. A transmississippi and international

exposition will be held at Omaha from June 1 to Nov. 1, 1898. As reported by Country Gentleman, the grounds include about 200 acres. The company is to have a capital of \$1,000,000, and it is stated that nearly half this amount has been subscribed. The railroads have contributed \$100,000, government and

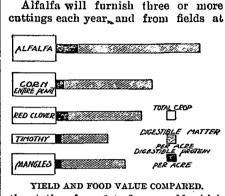
state appropriations amount to \$300 .-000, western states and territories have appropriated \$55,000 and the Illinois appropriation is \$45,000. Agriculture and live stock will be made prominent features. Professor F. W. Taylor is chief of the bureau of agriculture, horticulture, forestry and irrigation and is negotiating with the largest irrigating company in the world, which he hopes will install an irrigating exhibit cover-

ing ten acres. VALUABLE ALFALFA.

Its Increased Cultivation—Compared With Other frominent Forage Crops. Alfalfa has spread by successive steps from its probable native home in the

west Asian valleys to Greece, Rome, the Mediterranean colonies, Mexico, South America, California and our western mountain and prairie states. As lucerne it was raised in New York many years ago without success, but its remarkable popularity in the west has again attracted attention to its merits, and its culture is rapidly extending. It has been grown at the New York station for several years and has yielded heavy crops of very nutritious fodder. Experiments in feeding alfalfa to milk cows has given at this station very favorable results.

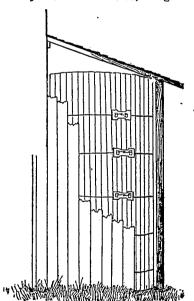
In a bulletin from the New York station alfalfa is compared with corn as follows: Farm animals of all kinds find the fresh material very palatable, as much so as corn, and it is much richer in the nitrogenous, or muscle forming, matters than is corn. It thus supplements the nitrogenous poor corn ration and supplies the lacking ingredient in a highly relished form. As compared with the mature fresh corn fodder fed at the station, the alfalfa forage contains a little more moisture, ash, fiber and fat, much less starch and similar compounds, but nearly 11/4 times as much of the nitrogenous protein, and of this protein about 77 per cent is in the form of easily digestible albuminoids. Alfalfa will furnish three or more



the station from 1 to 3 years old which have hardly attained their prime and on soils not thought to be best adapted to heavy growth the average yield of green fodder from five crops of four cuttings each was over 17 tons per acre. This yield and its food value as compared with high average yields of other prominent forage crops of the farm are graphically shown in the cut here reproduced from the bulletin quoted. The blocks at the left represent by their width the comparative relations between the total crop yields, the shaded portions show the relative amounts of digestible matter in the yields, and the black areas are proportionate to the quantities

THE TUB SILO.

It Does Good Work and Is Becoming More Popular Every Season The farmers who are using the tub silos are in every case, so far as I can learn, well pleased with them. They can be built at half the expense of the square or rectangular silo, and they commend themselves in every way o the small farmer and dairyman. They can be constructed of 2 by 6 scantling. but they should be beveled, not grooved



TUB SILO UNDER A SHED. or tongued, writes a correspondent of

Rural New Yorker and authority for the following: The reason for beveling is this: If put up otherwise, they come in contact only at the interior edge. Should there be a knothole or an irregularity in the scantling, or should it by shrinking become slightly warped there, it would be almost impossible to make it airtight. Have the scantling beveled at the mill. Tell the sawyer what sized silo you purpose to build, and he will bevel them so that they will exactly fit. The additional expense will be less than that of attempting to stop up the cracks with rags. We do not desire to stop all shrinking and swelling. When filled, we wish the silo to swell some to aid in making tighter joints, and then, when empty, we want it to shrink so that moisture cannot collect between the staves and rot them out. The coating of coal tar on the inside, applied after the

hoops are drawn up tight, is entirely sufficient. Hot tar is very penetrating and will find its way into every crevice, thoroughly excluding the air. Whether it will last longer or be more effective than when thinned with gasoline I cannot state. There can now be purchased in the market tar paint ready for application. In our experience with this the man who was painting the interior was twice overcome by the noxious gases and was compelled to leave the silo. Gas tar may be purchased very cheaply and when heated slightly

makes a very efficient paint. Trinidad asphalt may be purchased for about \$3 a barrel. This, if used alone, is so brittle upon becoming hard that it soon cracks and is worthless. Mixed in the proportion of nine parts Trinidad asphalt to one part of gas tar, and heated, it makes a valuable application for roofs, stable floors or silo.

News and Notes. American Agriculturist's special crop report shows a loss in the winter wheat area, but a 20 per cent gain in spring wheat sowing. Earlier weather forecasts are among the probabilities in the service of the

From all accounts American apples have found a place in Australian markets, while American peaches find favor in Italy. Joseph Harris sowed turnips with a

wheat drill in rows 28 inches apart.

United States weather bureau.

The largest present opening for the union of the cultural and mechanical is in beet sugar production. Keep kainit away from manure that is worked over by hogs or poultry.

Farm Journal advises a trial of cab-

PISO'S CURE FOR
GURES WHERE ALL ELSE FAILS.
Best Cough Syrup. Tastes Good. Use
in time. Sold by druggists.

bages in missing corn hills.

Try Grain-O! Try Grain-O!

Ask your Grocer today to show you package of GRAIN-O, the new food drink that takes the place of coffee. The chiidren may drink it without injury, as well as the adult. All who try it, like it. GRAIN-O has that rich seal brown of Mocha or Java, but it is made from pure grains, and the most delicate stomach receives it without distress. 1/2 the price of coffee, 15c and 25c per package. Sold by

rests the wasting of consumption.

Oil made as palatable af honey.

tarrh Cur, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitional remedy on the market. It s taken internally in doses from ten For more than a hundred years the Shadrops to a teaspoonful. It acts directkers have been studying the remedial properties of plants. They have made many y upon the blood and mucous surfaces discoveries, but their greatest achievement of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. was made last year. It is a cordial that contains already digested food and is a di-Send for circulars and testimonials. gester of food. It is effective in removing Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. distress after eating, and creates an appenetite for more food so that eating becomes Sold by all druggists, 75c. a pleasure Pale, thin people become plump and healthy under its use. It ar-

There never has been such a step forward in the core of indigestion as this Shaker Cordial. Your druggist will be glad to give you a little book descriptive of Give the babies Laxol, which is Castor

Hall's Family Pills are the best. Shake Into Your Shoes,

There is more catarrh in this section

fo the country than all other diseases

out together, and until the last few

ears was supposed to be incurable.

For a great many years doctors pro-

nounced it a local disease, and pre-

scribed local remedies, and by con-

stantly failing to cure with local treat-

ment, pronounced it incurable. Sci-

ence has proven catarrh to be a consti-

tutional disease, and therefore requires

constitutional treatment. Hall's Ca-

Allen's Foot-Ease, a powder for the feet. Is ures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantcures painful, swollen, smarting feet and instantly takes the sting out of corns and bunions. It's
the greatest comfort of the age. Allen's FootEase makes tight fitting of new shoes feel easy.
It is a certain cure for swearing, callons and hot,
tired, aching feet. Try it today. sold by all
druggists and shoe stores. By mail for 25c in
stamps. Triai package FREE. Address, Allen
S. Olmsted, LeRoy, N. Y.

# AN OPEN LETTER To MOTHERS.

WE ARE ASSERTING IN THE COURTS OUR RIGHT TO THE EXCLUSIVE USE OF THE WORD "CASTORIA," AND "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," AS OUR TRADE MARK.

/, DR. SAMUEL PITCHER, of Hyannis, Massachusetts, was the originator of "PITCHER'S CASTORIA," the same that has borne and does now bear the fac-simile signature of hat Hitchir wrapper. This is the original "PITCHER'S CASTORIA" which has been used in the homes of the mothers of America for over thirty years. LOOK CAREFULLY at the wrapper and see that it is the kind you have always bought, and has the signature of hat H. Flitcher. wrapper. No one has authority from me to use my name ex-

cept The Centaur Company of which Chas. H. Fletcher is

President. March 8, 1897.

1897.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, TT MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

# Do You Want Satisfaction?

THE DETROIT JOURNAL SEMI-WEEKLY.

lished in Michigan.

young and old.



Michigan's

Newspaper

The De roit Journal

SEMI-WEEKLY.

Every Tuesday and Friday.

\$1.00 per year.

50 cts., 6 months.

Greatest

MORE PEOPLE READ The Detroit Journal, Semi-Weekly, in Michigan, than any similar newspaper published. Here are a few The Market Reports are the very best.

is the most satisfactory and popular twice-a-

The Detroit Journal, Semi-Weekly, is d s-

tinctively a Michigan newspaper devoted to

the state in all its various interests and is the

best, cheapest, and largest newspaper pub

week newspaper published in Michigan.

The Latest News is in every issue. The Editorials acknowledged the choices The Journal Cartoons have a national repu tation. The Journal's Stories are a pleasure to

There are Carefully Edited Departments for all kinds of Readers. The Detroit Journal, Semi-Weekly,

IF NOT A READER SUBSCRIBE AT ONCE (Write your name and address on a postal card, address to J. C. Scott, Mgr. Detroit Journal, Semi-Weekly, for free sample copy.)

8 PAGES, 64 COLUMNS, 104 EDITIONS.

\$1.00 PER YEAR.

The BEST and CHEAPEST NEWSPAPER published for the money

SemiWeekly JOURNAL and BUCHANAN RECORD Both One Ye r for \$1.50.

SPECIAL SUBSCRIPTION OFFER.



Graham & Morton Transportation Co., Steamer Lines from Benton Harbor and St. Joseph, Mich., to Chicago and Milwaukee, connecting at St. Joseph with the Vandalia Line, and at Benton Harbor with the C. C. C. & St. L. R. R. This line operates the first class side wheel steamers "City of Chicago" and "City of Milwaukee" and the propellors "City of Louisville" and "Woods," making trips twice daily to Chicago during June, July, August and September, daily trips remainder of season, and tri-weekly trips to and from Milwankee. Service first class, fare lower than all rail routes. Through tickets on sale from all Vandalia Line and Big Four stations.

J. H. GRAHAM.Pres.

# The New-York Weekly Tribune



EVERY member of EVERY family on EVERY farm, in EVERY village, in EVERY State or Territory.

FOR Education,

FOR Noble Manhood, FOR True Womanhood.

IT GIVES all important news of the Nation. IT GIVES all important news of the World. IT GIVES the most reliable market reports.

IT GIVES brilliant and instructive editorials. IT GIVES fascinating short stories. IT GIVES an unexcelled agricultural department.

IT GIVES scientific and mechanical information.

IT GIVES illustrated fashion articles. IT GIVES humorous illustrations. IT GIVES entertainment to old and young.

We furnish the Record and N.Y. Weekly Tribune 1 Year for \$1.25.

CASH IN ADVANCE.

Write your name on a postal card, send it to Geo. W. Best, Room 2 Tribune Bullding, New York City, and a sample copy of THE NEW YORK WEEKLY TRIBUNE will be mailed to you.

Address all orders to THE BUCHANAN RECORD CONSUMPTION S

Benton Harbor, Mich. Chicago, foot of Wabash Avenue; Milwaukee, foot of Broadway; St. Joseph, E. A.