



practical manner.

pointing. Yet during the past week the record shows that ten iron works have started, and nine more are about ready to start, while three have suspended. Similar things are seen in other industries; and the additional establishments are not starting without some increase in orders received.

Lynn Spaulding, only 15 years was arrested Saturday for robbing Barker's hardware store. He came yesterday and was sentenced to industrial school at Lansing until 15 years of age.

Ring'g noises in the ears, snapping, b  
roaring, caused by catarrh, all disappear w  
use of Hood's Sarsaparilla.

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28						

CAPITOL BUILDING DOOMED.

**Fire Breaks Out in the State House at Harrisburg, Pa.**  
Harrisburg, Feb. 2.—Fire broke out at 1 o'clock in the senate wing of the state capitol and at 1:30 the building seemed to be doomed, as the fire department was unable to control the flames. The fire originated in the rooms of Lieutenant Governor Walter Lyon, over the senate chamber. It is supposed to have been started by an electric light wire.

**LEAVENWORTH SOLDIERS' HOME.**

**Congressman Warner of Illinois Is Hearing Testimony.**  
Leavenworth, Kan., Feb. 2.—Congressman Warner of Illinois is a member of the congressional committee investigating Governor A. J. Smith's management of the soldiers' home here, has arrived in Leavenworth, and is hearing testimony both corroborative and in rebuttal to that given before the committee in Washington recently by Miers Powell, who charged Governor Smith with drunkenness, with treating the inmates harshly, and with compelling them to take the Keely cure.

Mr. Warner examined several witnesses. Veteran Louis Helich, a member of the congressional committee, testified that he had been in the hospital to be examined as to the ill-treatment alleged by Powell when he was an inmate of that part of the home. They all testified that Powell had been well treated. Several other witnesses were examined. There was some testimony corroborative of that given by Powell, but in the main the evidence was favorable to Governor Smith.

**MURDERED FOURTEEN MEN.**

**Famous Australian Criminal Captured by San Francisco Police.**

San Francisco, Feb. 2.—The bark Swanhilda, having on board the Australian murderer, Butler, arrived Tuesday morning at 6:30 after a passage of some days from Newcastle. The police and detectives after a three weeks' vigil, boarded the vessel as she entered the harbor and captured Butler. Butler is extremely tall, with a fair complexion and speaks with a pronounced English accent. He gave his name as Eagan, Butler is credited by the police with having murdered fourteen men. His plan was to entice men who knew to have money into the interior under the pretense of being a partner in a claim and then murdering them. His last victim was Captain Lee Weller, a retired sea captain. Butler took his money and clothes and fled to the Swanhilda under the name of Weller.

**NINE STUDENTS IN ALL EXPELLED.**

**Howard C. Means of Bloomington Dismissed from Illinois University.**

Champaign, Ill., Feb. 2.—Howard C. Means of Bloomington, a sophomore, was Monday evening expelled from the University of Illinois on the charge of being connected with the recent trouble between the sophomores and freshmen classes. This makes a total of nine young men who have been expelled from the university as a result of the recent trouble. At the close of the session of the general faculty Monday evening President Draper said he was of the opinion that the worst of the trouble had been disposed of, and this is taken to mean that there will be no more expulsions.

**Turk Is Terrorized.**

Marselles, Feb. 2.—Tewfik Pasha, until recently Turkish minister of foreign affairs, has arrived here. He states that a reign of terror prevails among the entourage of the sultan. He is fearful as to the fate of his family, whom he was compelled to leave behind him at Constantinople under the protection of the foreign embassies.

**Brokerage Firm in Trouble.**

Boston, Feb. 2.—The brokerage house of E. C. Hodges & Co. of this city has failed. They were heavily overextended on the New York Stock exchange, and were in the habit of taking some pretty heavy "flyers" in wheat at Chicago. The downfall of the firm is attributed to the heavy break in wheat at Chicago.

**Bread Riots at Madrid.**

Madrid, Feb. 2.—Serious strikes and bread riots have occurred here. There have been manifestations before the town hall, windows have been broken and many arrests have been made. The municipal authorities have resigned owing to their inability to suppress the disturbances and martial law has been proclaimed.

**Four Murderers to Hang.**

San Francisco, Feb. 2.—Frank and Antonio Borrego, Sauriano Alarid and Patricio Valencia, the four conspirators who murdered Sheriff Charles Chase and whose conviction was recently affirmed by the United States supreme court, have been re-sentenced to be hanged Feb. 23.

**Overcome by Coal Gas.**

Sheboygan, Wis., Feb. 2.—Mr. and Mrs. Carl Larisch, an aged couple, were found in an unconscious condition at their home Tuesday morning. During the night a stovepipe became unjointed and the room was filled with gas. It is thought that they cannot recover.

**Legislators at Houghton.**

Houghton, Mich., Feb. 2.—The Michigan legislature upon peninsular asylum and branch prison committee members left their families and homes to spend a Monday night. They visited the big copper mines in the county Tuesday.

**Passenger Train Wrecked.**

Madrida, Cal., Feb. 2.—The local passenger train was wrecked eight miles south of here Tuesday morning. The accident was caused by a washout. Two coaches were wrecked. Seven people were hurt but none seriously.

**Divorce in High Life.**

London, Feb. 2.—Countess Cowley was Tuesday granted a divorce from her husband, Earl Cowley, in the division of the high court of justice, on the grounds of desertion and adultery.

**Siam Apologizes.**

Bangkok, Siam, Feb. 2.—The Siam government has apologized to the German minister for the attack made upon him and the king has conferred a decoration upon him.

**Case of the Three Friends.**

Washington, Feb. 2.—The supreme court has granted a writ of certiorari asked by Attorney General Harmon in the case of the steamer Three Friends and set the hearing for the third Monday in February, the 15th.

**TRAIN ROBBERY IN OREGON.**

**North-Bound Express Held Up and the Safe Looted.**

San Francisco, Jan. 30.—The following particulars of a train robbery near Roseburg, Ore., were given out by Southern Pacific officials here: Train No. 15, north-bound Ogden express, was held up Friday morning at Shady Point, two miles south of Roseburg, by two or three men. The express car was detached from the train by the robbers and the door blown open with dynamite. Two small safes in the car were then blown open and looted. The express car then took fire. The conductor and trainmen worked hard to save the car after the robbers had gone, but the car and contents were destroyed.

## TRAINS BLOWN UP.

INSURGENTS USE DYNAMITE WITH TERRIBLE EFFECT.

**Place Two Bombs on a Train and Fire Them by Electricity at the Proper Moment—Captain of the Successful Band Is an American from Indiana—**  
Cincinnati, Feb. 2.—The Commercial-Tribune's special correspondent writes that one of General Weyler's supply trains was dynamited on the railroad near Cleve, north of Cleonago. Two bombs were exploded under the engine and four under the train, being fired by electricity as the train was crossing a trestle. The engine was blown apart and all the cars were splintered. They rolled over the trestle into the ditch, the left completing what the dynamite had left undone. Out of the guard of 100 soldiers on it, forty-five were instantly killed or seriously injured. The others surrendered, as a force of 200 Cubans appeared.

**Looted the Train.**  
The train was looted by the insurgents securing a small field piece that General Weyler had just ordered from Havana. After securing all the provisions and ammunitions, the train was turned over to the prisoners and the Cuban captain sent Weyler a box of sweetbread with a polite note. The captain of the Cuban train, Colonel San Martin, named Burke from Indiana. The train was looted of the people in Pinar del Rio section, and especially at Arimao, where the Cuban captain, Pinar del Rio city, is well known. Hundreds of country people have flocked to these cities, in obedience to the cruel orders of the Cuban government, and the Cuban and Colonel San Martin.

**ANOTHER SERIOUS WRECK.**

**Military Train Blown Up with Dynamite at Havana, Feb. 2.**

Havana, Feb. 2.—A military train with engine No. 17, carrying Captain Dupla and a force of engineers, left Artemisa, and while passing a culvert at a place called Ocegueva, between Artemisa and Mangas stations, a dynamite bomb exploded, blowing up the engine and the armored tender, as well as the culvert, also wrecking several of the cars. Engineer Genaro Rodriguez, the fireman, and three soldiers were killed. Military Doctor Gonzales Aedo, the conductor, the brakemen and twelve private soldiers were wounded. Captain Dupla and the sergeant escaped injury. The bodies of the engineer and the fireman were sent to Havana for burial. A repair train went from Candelaria for the purpose of repairing the injuries to the lines. All the wounded were sent to Candelaria. Rafael Rodriguez, 60 years of age, the driver of the engine, was at the station awaiting the arrival of the body of Genaro Rodriguez. The family of Captain Carreras, a fireman, was at the station. An immense crowd gathered and escorted the bodies to the final resting place.

**Cross the Trocha.**

Havana, Feb. 2.—Other reports from the province of Pinar del Rio announce that Mayra Rodriguez and 1,500 men of the insurgent force, under the leadership of General Lulu Rivera, have crossed the trocha, entering Havana province, and it is now claimed that they are in charge of the insurgent force in this province. Since the death of Aguirre the insurgent force in this province has been without a leader, though they have been provisionally commanded by Rafael Decardenas. It is now expected that an aggressive campaign will be carried on in the province of Havana by General Lulu Rivera.

**Spanish Vessels Sunk.**

New York, Feb. 2.—A dispatch to The World from Key West says another marine disaster to the Spaniards is reported. Fifteen vessels are said to have been sunk, 100 men are reported to have been killed or to be missing, and the number of wounded is put at 200. The vessels were sunk near Pinar del Rio, in Santa Clara province, on the river Caueno. General Weyler has made no official report of this disaster.

**GAGE GETS THE TREASURY.**

**Kilgus Banker Accepts a Portfolio in McKinley's Cabinet.**

Chicago, Jan. 30.—Lyman J. Gage returned Tuesday at 11 o'clock Tuesday morning, bringing the treasury portfolio in his inside pocket. He confirms the story of his formal appointment to Mr. McKinley's cabinet. The next secretary of the treasury reached the city on the Pennsylvania limited and was driven directly to the bank. Here he was kept busy receiving congratulations of his numerous friends. The story of his visit to Canton and his connection with the affair had been briefly told, but without particulars as to all that was said. Mr. Gage said he had convinced the major that there were no serious reasons why he should not assist him in administering the financial department of the national government, and accepted the offer of a position among his advisers.

**DAVES FOR CONTROLLER.**

**He Hopes, However, That Eckels Will Serve Out His Commission.**

Chicago, Feb. 2.—Charles C. Daves, who was seen by a representative of the Associated Press Monday morning, said: "The Associated Press report that I have been tendered the appointment of controller of the currency is true. I have much regretted the early publicity which has unavoidably been attached to the matter, for it seems to me that the inference that I had some desire or expectation of succeeding Mr. Eckels prior to the expiration of his commission in 1898, is entirely unfounded. I sincerely hope Mr. Eckels may see his way clear to the retention of his position until the expiration of his commission. His distinguished services as controller of the currency rendered amid so many embarrassments and complications have earned him the gratitude of the nation."

**Wilson in the Cabinet.**

Washington, Feb. 2.—Ex-Congressman James Wilson of Iowa has accepted the office of secretary of agriculture in the McKinley cabinet. Senator Allison received a telegram from Mr. Wilson Monday saying he had accepted.

**Alger in the Cabinet.**

Canton, O., Feb. 1.—The visit of General Alger of Michigan to President-Elect McKinley offered the general a few portfolio and it was accepted. General Alger then returned to his Michigan home.

**ARBITRATION TREATY.**

**It Is Favorably Acted Upon by the Foreign Relations Committee.**

Washington, Feb. 2.—The senate committee on foreign relations has agreed to report favorably on the arbitration treaty with amendments. The committee was in session for three hours, at the conclusion of which time it adjourned after having passed an almost unanimous vote to recommend the ratification of the treaty with amendments. All but two of these amendments were merely verbal. One of two which are essential strikes out the clause providing for the selection of King Oscar as umpire, leaving it to the two powers to select an umpire when one is considered necessary. The other amendment is to add to article 1 of the treaty and reads as follows: "No question which affects the foreign or domestic policy of either of the contracting parties, or the relations of either with any other state or power, by treaty or otherwise, shall be subject to arbitration under this treaty except by special agreement."

**Case of the Three Friends.**

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## FARM GARDEN

CONVENIENT HOG TROUGH.

It Prevents Climbing Into the Feed and Has Other Advantages.

The customary V shaped hog trough is probably the most practical, cheapest and easiest made device for the purpose, and with a few changes can be made much more convenient than the narrow little spout which we find on many



IMPROVED TROUGH.

farms. One of these improved troughs was recently illustrated and described in Farm and Fireside. In the illustration it is shown a trough made of two 2 inch oak planks. The one on the side from which the hogs feed is 8 inches wide and the other anywhere from 15 inches upward to the wider the better. The end pieces are also 8 inches wide and are bolted to the whole trough tightly between the sides of the pen the wide plank should be notched so that the upper part is just even with the outside of the end pieces, see A. A wide board is fastened by a couple of cleats, B, to the sides of the pen in a slanting position, as shown in the cut. In a large pen it would be better to use a 2 inch plank for the latter.

The advantages of such a trough are these: The narrow spout is here changed into opening the whole length of the trough, enabling the feeder to scatter the feed to accommodate any number of hogs. This is especially convenient when feeding apples, potatoes, corn or any other kind of grain. It prevents all fighting, pushing and jamming, which can get nastier to the point when being fed.

The slanting board, C, prevents hogs from climbing into the trough, and while it does not interfere or infringe upon the space of the pen, it makes the

feeding place a roomier, which is quite an item in a building of limited size. In emptying the trough it is a great advantage. It allows the trough to be turned almost bottom side up, as can be seen by the cross section shown in the second cut. The trough itself is all that is needed for a partition. It can be easily moved in either direction, and a nail or two driven through each side of the pen into the end pieces will hold it securely in place wherever it is desired.

Another important point about a hog pen, but one which is generally neglected, is a bridge or easy passageway from the pen to the yard. For the health of the stock it is necessary to give them free access to pure air and a chance to keep their pen clean. The bridge should be level with the pen floor, or of easy grade, and slatted or otherwise rigged to prevent hogs from slipping when passing in or out.

**Kaffir Corn.**

In experiments conducted at the Kansas station the largest yield so far obtained of Kaffir corn was with red Kaffir corn, 98.7 bushels of seed and 12.29 tons of fodder per acre. On 48 trial plots the rows varied from 16 to 32 inches and the plants from 4 to 8 inches apart in the row. The largest yield of grain was obtained with plants 4 inches apart in 32 inch rows. Experiments have shown that when corn and nearly all other crops are complete failures, Kaffir corn will yield a fair crop of grain. At this station red Kaffir corn, No. 2, 328 bushels; No. 3, 328 bushels; No. 4, 328 bushels; No. 5, 328 bushels; No. 6, 328 bushels; No. 7, 328 bushels; No. 8, 328 bushels; No. 9, 328 bushels; No. 10, 328 bushels; No. 11, 328 bushels; No. 12, 328 bushels; No. 13, 328 bushels; No. 14, 328 bushels; No. 15, 328 bushels; No. 16, 328 bushels; No. 17, 328 bushels; No. 18, 328 bushels; No. 19, 328 bushels; No. 20, 328 bushels; No. 21, 328 bushels; No. 22, 328 bushels; No. 23, 328 bushels; No. 24, 328 bushels; No. 25, 328 bushels; No. 26, 328 bushels; No. 27, 328 bushels; No. 28, 328 bushels; No. 29, 328 bushels; No. 30, 328 bushels; No. 31, 328 bushels; No. 32, 328 bushels; No. 33, 328 bushels; No. 34, 328 bushels; No. 35, 328 bushels; No. 36, 328 bushels; No. 37, 328 bushels; No. 38, 328 bushels; No. 39, 328 bushels; No. 40, 328 bushels; No. 41, 328 bushels; No. 42, 328 bushels; No. 43, 328 bushels; No. 44, 328 bushels; No. 45, 328 bushels; No. 46, 328 bushels; No. 47, 328 bushels; No. 48, 328 bushels; 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