VOLUME XXIX.

PILLS

DILLS

I WILL SELL

ALL LINES OF

For the next 30 days.

500 Pr. Oxfords,

THAT MUST BE SOLD.

G. W. NOBLE.

Estate of George V. Ferguson

Present, Jacob J. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of George V. Fergu-

to her the said Mary Ferguson the Executrix named in the will of said deceased, or to some

Last publication Oct. 31, 1895.

DIX & WILKINSON,

BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE.

money to loan.

n large or small sums, a ow rates, on improved

COUNTY OFFICE BUILDING

Who would suppose a first-class pair of shoes for men could be bought for

Yet here is the bargain! Lewis' Ima Calf Shoes are wonderful sellers because

Where is the merit? Right here—solid leather, elegant style, Goodyear sewed, artistic workmanship. Every pair has Lewis' Cork Filled Sole, which

renders them impervious to wet and cold.

High grade in everything save—price.

Talk with your dealer who sells these

SOLD BY G. W. NOBLE.

BERRIEN SPRINGS MICH

ALL WIDTHS.

ALL GRADES.

Curo

REDUCED

PRICE

Curo

DILLS

DILLS

Cure

VILIOUS NESS

Cure

"DIGESTION

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH—Rev. Geo. Sickafoose, Pastor. Sabbath services; Sabbath School 12:00 m.; Freaching 10:30 a.m.; Young Feople's Meeting 6:00 p. m.; Freaching 7:00 p. m. Prayer Meeting and Bible Reading Thursday evening 7:00. Everybody invited to all these services. PRESBYTERIAN CHURCH. Rev. O. J. Roberts, Pastor. Sabbath services: Preaching 10:30 A. M. and 7:30 P. M. Sabbath School 12:00 M. Young People's meeting 6:30 P. M. I'rayer meeting, Wednesday evening, 7:30.

ADVENT CHRISTIAN CHURCH—Rev. A. P. Moore, Pastor. Preaching at 10:30 A. M. and 7:80 P. M. Sunday school at 12 M. Y. P. prayer meeting Thursday evening. Cottage prayer meeting Tuesday evening. Covenant meeting Saturday before the first Sunday of each month, with communion the first Sunday of the month Strangers always welcome. strangers always welcome.

THE METHODIST SUNDAY SCHOOL convenes at 12 o'clock each Sunday. We urge each member to be present, and cortially invite all who are not in any other school to come with ns. A faithful corps of teachers will bid you welcome to the various classes. Again we say come. I. L. H. Dodd, Supt.

DVANGELICAL CHURCH, corner Oak and P Second Sts. Rev. F. C. Berger, Pastor. Residence 47 Main St. Preaching at 10.30 a.m. and 7.30 p. m. Sunday School 11.45 m., Mrs. W. A. Koehler, Supt. Young People's Alliance every Sunday at 6.30 p. m. Prayer service Wednesday at 7.30 p. m. All sects are free. All cordially welcomed.

O.O. F.—Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds its regular meeting, at Odd Fellows Hall, on each Tuesday evening. A. M.—Buchanan Lodge No. 69 holds a regular meeting Monday evening on or before he full moon in each month. O.U. W.—Buchanan Lodge No. 98 holds its reular meeting the 1st and 3d Friday evening of each month.

Y. A.R.—Wm. Perrott Post No.22. Regular T. meeting on the first and third Saturday vening of each month. Visiting comrades alarys welcome. WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS, Wm. Perrott Post No. 31. Meetings held regularly, in Grange Hall, first and third Saturday of each month. OBERT HENDERSON, M. D., Physician and A. Sargeon. Office, Rough's Opera House Block, Residence, No. 90 From Street. Calls answered all hours of the day and night.

T. L. BAILEY, Homeopathic Physician and T. Surgeon. Office and residence in Imhoff's block, Buchanan, Mich. MRS. IVY H. FLOWERS desires pupils on the Piano or Organ. For farther particulars call at 39 Oak street, cor. Chicago.

H. M. Brodrick, M.D., PHYSICIAN, &C. Office at his new residence, Front St., Buchanan. E. O. Colvin, M. D., PHYSICIAN & SURGEON, Office over C. D. Kent's grocery store.
Residence, 15 Cayaga Street.

### MICHIGAN CENTRAL

"The Niagara Falls Route." TRAINS EAST LEAVE BUCHANAN.

 Detroit Night Express, No. 8.
 12:28 A. M

 Mail, No. 2.
 9:48 A. M

 Chicago & Kalamazoo Accost., No. 22.
 7:22 P. M

 TRAINS WEST LEAVE BUCHANAN.

#### VANDALIA LINE TIME TABLE. In effect Sept. 24, 1895. Trains leave

FOR THE NORTH. No. 52, Ex. Sun., 1:35 P. M. For St. Joseph No. 58, Ex. Sun., 8:45 A. M. " FOR THE SOUTH. No. 53, Ex. Sun., 11:23 A. M. For Terre Haute No. 57, Ex. Sun., 6:01 P. M. For Logansport. For Complete Time Card, giving all trains and stations, and for full information as to rates, stations, and for the thickness, through cars, etc., address
C. M. Wheeler, T. P. A.,
Terra Haute, Ind.

Or E. A. Ford, Gen'l Pass. Agent, St. Louis, Mo. Cleveland, Cincinnati, Chicago and

## St. Louis Railway.

BIG FOUR ROUTE. I'IE POPULAR ROUTE BETWEEN THE MICHIGAN CITIES AND ALL SOUTHERN POINTS. Trains carrying passengers leave Niles GOING NORTH. GOING SOUTH.

No. 22 1:18 p.m. No. 13 7:56 a.m.

No. 24 6:03 p.m. No. 25 1:57 p.m.

No. 25 8:05 n.m. No. 27 77:13 p.m.

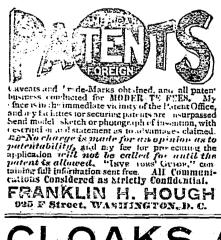
\*The above train rous between Benton Harbor and Elkhart only.

L. O. Schaefer, Agent,
Benton Harbor.
Oscar G. Mukray, Traffic Monager,
Cincinnati, O.
D. M. Martin, G. P. A.,
Cincinnati, O.
C. S. Blackman, Tray. Pass. Agt.,
Anderson Ind.

### The Chicago Times-Herald NEW MANAGEMENT.

Daily Edition. - 12c per week, Daily and Sunday, 17c per week Weekly Edition, \$1.00 per year LEAVE SUBSCRIPTIONS WITH

#### HARRY BINNS OPPOSITE HOTEL.



## COPYRIGHTS. CAN I OBTAIN A PATENT? For a prompt answer and an honest opinion, write to MUNN & CO., who have had nearly fifty years' experience in the patent business. Communications strictly confidential. A Handbook of Information concerning Patents and how to obtain them sent free. Also a catalogue of mechanical and scientific books sent free. Patents taken through Munn & Co. receive special notice in the Scientific American, and thus are brought widely before the public without cost to the inventor. This splendid paper, issued weekly, elexantly illustrated, has by far the largest circulation of any scientific work in the world. S3 a year. Sample copies, 25 cents. Every number contains beautiful plates, in colors, and photographs of new houses, with plans, enabling builders to show the latest designs and secure contracts. Address MUNN & CO., New York, 361 Broadway. CLOAKS AND FURS Astrachan Fur Capes, silk lined, 30

inches long, 100 inches sweep, for \$9.98, Astrachan Fur Capes, silk lined, 30 inches long, 100-inch sweep, for \$11.98, worth \$18. Astrachan Fur Capes for \$18, \$20, \$25,

Coney Fur Capes for \$5, \$6, \$7, \$8, \$10 Electric Seal Capes for \$15, \$20, \$30, \$40, \$50, \$75 and \$100. \$85, \$100, \$125 and \$150.

Black Martin and Beaver Fur Capes for Plush Capes, silk lined, for \$8, \$10, \$15, **S20 and \$30**. Beaver Cloth Capes for \$4, \$5, \$6, \$8 and

Jackets in plain and rough cloth for \$3.98 \$5, \$7, \$8 and \$10. Seal Plush Jackets for \$25, \$35 and \$40.

Our Cloak and Fur Department is the largest and most complete in the city, and prices the lowest for first class goods. Call and see us when you want Cloaks, Furs or Millinery. ROSE & ELLSWORTH, South Bend.

# BUCHANA

BUCHANAN, BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1895.

Then the victory was won, but not on

the side of duty. And only then, when

sho had fully determined on her plan

did she find peace or rest.

That night she arrayed herself in her

richest robes. Never had she looked

more beautiful. The graces themselves

might have envied her. And Nisus

smiled a welcome to his daughter as she

entered the banqueting hall. All traces

of hor grief at the sacrifice had disap-

peared, and the king was glad. Scylla suffered all his attention and

endearments, but hurried to her apart-

ments as soon as she could. She feared

lest her resolution might weaken and so

How many of us have stood in a like

position, with all the seasons for and

against our actions crushing us down,

our life and death in the balance, which

It was after the midnight watch had

been called and the palace was sunk in

slumber that a figure enveloped in a

dark cloak glided through the wide cor-

ridor to the king's apartments. At the

door a challenge rung out, but a mo-

ment later the sentinel knelt and the

Nisus slept, and the daughter slowly

approached his couch. How noble he

looked, but the girl steeled her heart

A moment later the dark figure fled

down the corridors as it had come, but

a gleam of triumph shone from the eyes

and love and victory struggled for mas-

tery in the countenance. And the king

slept on, but the purple lock had left

So Scylla went through the dark city

and left it behind her as the passed the

wall through a secret gate. Swiftly she

entered the camp of the enemy and de-

When the king beheld her, he thought

so lovely a woman had never before

walked the earth, but when holding out

the purple lock she said that she gave

up her city, her father, herself. he

himself was cradled, he polluted by this

monster? Infamous woman, begone and

may neither land nor sea afford thee a

I given up everything! Aye, I am de-

serving of death, but thy hand should

But Minos would have nothing to do

with her, and the next morning, giving

orders that equitable terms should be

allowed to the vanquished city, he sail-

As the ships were departing Scylla

jumped into the sea, and grasping the

rudder of the vessel that cenveyed

Minos was carried along with it till an

eagle, into which her father had been

changed, darted down and pecked at her

with its beak and claws. Scylla cried

for mercy, and some pitying deity

And to this day the eagle pounces

upon the gull, ever seeking vengeance

for the old crime.—Virginia Horton in

MINING OF PHOSPHATES.

Where Deposits Are Found and How

They Are Prepared.

The Florida phosphate deposits are of

great importance, yet their existence

was discovered so recently and their

extent is still so uncertain that few per-

sons not engaged in the sale of fertiliz-

ing materials have much knowledge of

the large industry which has sprung up

in the Peninsular State. It has practical-

ly created a new city-Ocala-which

had a population of but a few hundred

in 1870, but is now a thriving business

center with modern improvements,

banking facilities and ample railway

and transportation facilities. Engineer-

ing, the leading engineering journal of

the world, makes the following state-

ments concerning the region, which are

of considerable interest as coming from

an unbiased source: "There is no phos-

phate region in the world known today

that possesses so many advantages for

successful mining as the Florida depos-

its. The grade of material is the highest

average that is being worked anywhere.

The facilities for moving the products

to points for distribution are good. The

average distance from mines to ports

"The distributing stations for the hard

rock district are Port Tampa, Fernan-

dina, Brunswick and Savannah, the

largest tonnage being moved from Fer-

nendina, where storage bins are located

and loading facilities are good. Port

Tampa, the terminus of the Plant sys-

tem of railroads, is constantly adding

facilities for prompt handling of cargoes

of phosphate and at present very nearly

equals Fernandina in the amount of its

shipments. Railroad are numerous and

cheaply constructed when necessary to

extend them into new sections. The

machinery needed to mine and prepare

the material is simple and inexpensive

compared with that generally used in

other mining operations, and the cost

of a plant with sufficient land to work

upon is within the reach of small in-

are about 280 during the year. The cli-

mate is healthful, laborers readily ob-

tained at a fair compensation, and

skilled operatives are at hand who are

regulated, and proprietors and employ-

ees can reside at the mines with safety

and with little inconvenience, as sup-

plies of all kinds can be readily obtain-

ed at the towns located in the near

vicinity of all the large mining fields.

Telegraph and mail facilities are within

easy access of nearly every mining camp

in the state. Florida phosphates are

mostly shipped to European ports and

are manufactured into fertilizers in

England, Ireland, Germany, France,

and quite recently shipments have been

made to the Sandwich Islands. Foreign

agents of consumers and dealers in phos-

phates have their offices near the center

of production, and contracts for deliv-

ery and prices are commonly fixed at

points of shipment, the material being

sold at a price per unit of its contents

of phosphate of lime. The Florida phos-

phates are all used in the manufacture

of commercial fertilizers and superphos-

Trunk Labels.

Continental last night. The guest as he

spoke pointed to three big trunks that

were covered with the various labels

that indicated that they had made a

long continental journey. In days gone

by these labels were the proper thing,

and the man just home from Europe

"I wish you would have a porter

phate."—Boston Transcript.

"The mining camps are generally well

becoming familiar with the business.

vestors. The working days at the mines

for shipments is about 150 miles.

not be the one to deal the blow!"

"Alas!" cried Scylla. "For thee have

"Shall Crete," he cried, "where Jove

manded to see King Minos.

spurned her from him.

ed away with his fleet.

changed her into a bird.

Philadelphia Times.

resting place!"

princess passed in to her father.

against him l

his head forever!

her happiness be forever lost.

a breath could give or take!

LESSON OF THE LILIES. Dear lilies of the field, they grew In sweet profusion by the road, Where passed the Sunday people through To worship in their church abode. "Why are we daily wasting here?"
The lilies asked in mild complaint—

"There is no shade protecting near. In heat and dust we often faint. "Twas cruel of our Lord to make His flower children suffer so!' Then answered one, "For his dear sake
It might be here we ought to grow."

There passed that way a maiden fair, In spotless white for church arrayed. She saw the lilies blooming there— "I'll gather them to wear," she said. That morn a youthful preacher stood To break the bread and speak the prayer, Then waited in a thoughtful mood To find his inspiration there.

When soft to her accustomed place The little maiden gently trol, The preacher bewed his annious face, And in his spirit prayed, "Thank God!" Here was his text, his ser non, too, "The lilies of the fig. 14," he spake

In words of love, with meaning new The bread of life to them he Lrake And in the little maiden's eyes He saw delight and sweet content, Then said the lifter, growing wise, "Our Lord this very lesson meant." —Mrs. M. L. Payne in D. reeft Free Press.

#### A LOCK OF HAIR.

The city of Megara lay smiling in the summer sun. Its marble palaces, its tall columns, its towers and turrets were gay with flowing plame and flag, for it was a feast day. The sun had been up only an hour, but already the streets were swarming with children, who had risen early to gather flowers to decorate the temples. Soft laughter rose on the fragrant air, and looks of trouble were for the time cast aside.

Could one conceive of a more peaceful and contented people? Yet sincere as their happiness-was now, it was only as a ray of broken light streaming through a rift in the dark clouds.

For Megara was besieged and the camp of the enemy lay just outside the walls of the city. A truce had been declared that the people might celebrate their holy rites to the gods. And so, grateful for the Iull in the

strife which for six months had borne heavily upon them, the people threw STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—ss Probate Court for said County. At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Ptobate chies, in the City of St Joseph on the 4th day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninetycare to the winds and put all their hearts and souls into the pure pleasure of this one blessed day. They heeded not that this reprieve was but the false hope sent by a cruel fate and that the darkest hour of their trial was coming swiftly on silent wings. The people now passed in throngs, all

on deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Mary Ferguson, widow of said deceased, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that Administration of said estate may be granted gayly attired in their holiday clothes, which for months had been put aside. It was time for the ceremony of sacrifice, and the young maidens, dressed in named in the will of said deceased, or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 4th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the Probate office, in the city of St. Joseph, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Bichanar Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[SEAL]

JACOB J. VAN RIPER, (A true copy.)

Judge of Probate. spotless white, with white flowers entwined in their locks and trailing over their flowing robes, looked like scraphs, with their young faces all aglow with holy enthusiasm. On a smooth, rolling plain, covered

with its natural carpet of green and dotted with flowers which seemed like a sprinkling of sunbeams, the altar had been erected. The procession formed slowly, the white robed maidens coming first, chanting and swaying slightly to an easy dancing step. Then followed the youths of the kingdom, their boyish voices taking up the strain of the maidens, swelling it louder and rolling it over the long ranks.

When these had formed a circle about the altar, a long avenue was left clear, and then the glory of the procession came into view. Six tiny maidens, clad in rainbow hue, held in their hands masses of flowers intwined about ribbons and leading by them a snow white bull. Its horns were like ivory and shone in the sunlight. No flower or ornament was needed to add a charm to the perfect animal.

Walking beside it, her arms thrown caressingly around its neck, was the pride of the kingdom, Scylla, the king's daughter. She was tall and slight and as graceful as a reed. Her dark hair hung about her in lustrous coils and swept over the back of the bull. Her robe was of cloth of gold, and deep purple amethysts fastened its folds and glistened from her black hair. Other ornaments she had none:

Closely following her was Nisus, the king, surrounded by his guards. He, like his daughter, was tall and dark, with the same kind of hair, except that one lock, falling over his shoulder, shone purple, like the light from her

No wonder the daughter loved the purple stone, even as Nisus treasured the purple lock, for it reflected the light from that lock on which depended the safety of the country.

The children led the bull to the altar. Scylla stood beside it, till the king approached with the gleaming knife. Then, with a low cry, she threw her arms about the creature's neck and pressed a kiss on its white face. But her grief did not interrupt the ceremony, and the sacrifice was made.

When Scylla reached home, she went up into, the high tower of the palace, from which she could look down over the whole city and beyond it. Outside the walls she saw, as she had seen for the last six months, the camp of King Minos of Crete, and beyond the wide plain the ocean stretching out, out, to liberty. For though she was a princess, Scylla felt like a bird in a golden cage. As she looked down over the camp and watched the tents a figure issued from one of then. During the whole time of the siege she had watched the enemy from the tower, and had learned to distinguish the officers by name. And he who but now emerged from his tent was no other than King Minos himself. It was easy to know him from the others, for, tall as they were, he overtopped them all, as a great oak in the midst of a beech grove. Then, too, his bearing was that of a king. That noble brow revealed a character grand, good and just. In fact, the king was what a king should be, and when, dressed in his flowing nurnle he rode his white horse he had all the charms that a knight

could wish to win a fair lady's heart. And Scylla looked till he passed from her view, as she had done every time she had seen him. Then wild thoughts coursed through

her excited brain. How cruel a war was, yet she blessed this war that brought Minos to her sight. But how terrible if he should be killed. Oh, if only peace might be had, she would have offered herself as a hostage. Then came the wild thought of delivering the city up. She could easily do

it, but one obstacle was in her way. The fates had decreed that so long as the purple lock remained on her father's head the city should stand. It needed but that she should remove it and all would be well, for surely Minos would be grateful to her and she would be happy.

And then came the thought of that father's shame and degradation, but only

considered those glaring tags as almost sacred. But fashion has changed this year, thanks of the Prince of Wales setting the pace, and now these glaring for a moment, as one thought after anshowbills indicative of travel are no other coursed through her mind. She longer in vogue. - Philadelphia Infelt that she could pass through fire and quirer. water to serve Minos, yet that was not

needed. Another woman would dare as much, and could any one dare more than

THE ODDS ARE TWENTY TO ONE

ed Daily From Washington.

the time? You always have it correct.' between them. Every time the statehouso bell strikes a hundred men pull with an expression of extreme surprise. We all live, flourish and die in time, but no one keeps the correct immediate record of the moments that beat out slowly and surely the limit of longevity. An experienced jeweler and watch-

maker, when asked the reason why so few people kept good time, said that nine-tenths of the causes of bad running watches was due to carelessness and irregularity in winding. A watch should be wound at the same time every day, and it ought to be regulated on one day every week at the noon hour, when both hands come together. The finest watches cannot be made perfect, and the best way to detect any difference between the two hands is to reset them at 12 o'clock, and if they are not exactly together make them so by holding the longer and winding the hour hand up to it.

An expensive jeweled watch ranging from \$500 to \$1,000 is very seldom in good running order simply because the owner is afraid to let a jeweler tamper with it and does not dare touch it him-

correct time, is a matter between some dozen or two of men who follow almost every stroke of the pendulum and correct their chronometers with as much daily regularity as Captain Cuttle did his famous timepiece. Women are said to be the most careless in the attention to watches. A lady has a watch presented to her by a gentleman friend and voluntarily promises to keep it in the very best running order. The gentleman friend has his misgivings on that score, but he gets the jeweler to put it in good shape a couple of weeks ahead and thereupon hands it over to the lady. Now, that watch has been running like a chronometer until the fair owner gets hold of it. The first thing she does is to notice the time in a store window, and as her watch does not agree with it she sets it accordingly, putting the regulator away over to one side. That night she forgets to wind it up, the next morning she winds it up only half way for fear of breaking the main spring and sets it by another clock in the afternoon. Then it runs down inside of eight hours, and she thinks it is running wild-as it very likely is, since she has put the regulating lever back and forth no less than six times in the course of a week. After this she wonders why the watch is always wrong and blames the jeweler. Correct time comes into Philadelphia every day at moon by telegraph from the United States time observatory at Washington, where the "drop ball" makes an electric contact that sends the signal all ever the country. The first clock in

tendency to go wrong. The Washington observatory clock runs for years together and has never

AT THE MERCY OF A CATARACT. Perilous Adventure of an Acrobat Under the Niagara Falls.

Mr. Prentice and Thomas Adamson went to the falls, and they tried to keep stood in the baggage room. The trunks there. Mr. Adamson turned about and

### HAVE YOU THE TIME?

THAT YOU HAVE NOT.

Ninety-nine men out of a hundred keep incorrect time. Ninety-nine men out of a hundred are just-in the act of regulating their watches in front of a window that has a chronometer in it. If you ask a man the time, and his watch is wrong, he is invariably going to the watchmaker that very day to have it put in order. No one has any idea of keeping the correct time. All believe that they have it in their pockets, and none ever gets it except at the moment of setting his watch.

in a large city correct time, absolutely

varied more than six seconds for any

one year. It is kept true by continual quadrant observations on the altitude of the sun at its meridian. As the earth's revolutions become slower only by the fraction of a second in a thousand years it may be said that we are unable to take advantage of the natural means afforded for absolute time regulation in spite of the care that has been exercised in the making of timepieces. For 26,000 years, since the first recorded mention of any instrument to measure time, in Isaiah xxxviii, 8, men have been at work constructing appliances of all descriptions, all of them more or less faulty, to tell them when to eat, sleep and get up again. Is there no one to invent a fin de siecle watch that shall be able to keep up with the earth in point of exactitude?—Philadelphia Times.

"I was pretty near heaven for half an hour," said H. C. Prentice, the acrobat. Acrobat Prentice's remark just quoted was the prelude to the story he told the come up and wash the labels off my | Buffalo Express reporter of his adven-

Some of the Reasons Why Most Timepieces Are Always More or Less Out of the Way-How Correct Time Is Receiv-

If you have a friend in the railroad business and stop him in the street with a friendly "Hello, old fellow, what's he will haul out his timepiece with an important air and give the hour in a voice that shows he knows what time it is and that he is never wrong. A equare or two farther on you chanco to meet another friend in the same line of business. You ask him the time, receive an answer, smile to yourself and pass on. There was ten minutes' difference ont their watches with a confident air of being correct and put them back

ers how incredibly prejudiced French persons of both sexes are upon this subject it is enough to say that a young lady who attempted to turn her wounded feelings into cash would be regarded as only a degree less mean than the faithless man. The very small number of suits for breach of promise have always been supported by a plea that the lady was put to expense, and there must be besides evidence of an intent to deceive. Damages in any case are very small beside the royal amounts awarded by English juries. Recently an action for breach of promise a l'Anglaise was brought into the Third Paris police court. The lady and her father, as nearest friend, produced a bill showing that they were £50 out of pocket for the broken engagement. They might have had this; but, badly advised, they put on another item of £350 for the moral prejudice. The French judge did not understand this, and he dismissed the case. —London News. Napoleon's Statement About Englien. When Napoleon was on his deathbed, maladroit attendant read from an English roviow a bitter arraignment of him as guilty of the duke's murder. The dy ing man rose, and catching up his will wrote in his own hand: "I had the Duc d'Enghien seized and tried because it was necessary to the safety, the interest and the honor of the French people,

the city communicating with the observatory wire is at the Maritime Exchange. At 56 minutes after 11 the hands of the clock automatically click into place by the action of the magnet and the little train of wheels attached to it. Thus the Washington time ball becomes at once the authority for all clocks and an infallible adjuster. The statehouse clock is wound and regulated weekly by an expert chronometer maker, who sets his own watch by Washington communicated time and carries it immediately to Independence hall. Many large manufacturers and business places where it is necessary on account of the number of men employed to have strictly conscientious time employ a man to wind, keep in order and regulate their clocks the year round. Clocks kept closely to the mark in this way are very seldom in need of extensive repairs, and like intelligently regulated watches have less

trunks," remarked a well dressed man turns while viewing Niagara falls for as he signed his name to the book at the the first time.

together as they went from point to point viewing all the famous spots about the cataract. They spent an hour or so in viewing the falls from above, and then they put on rubber suits and started below. They went down the elevator and then down the stairway to the rocks. After a time they concluded that they had seen all that was to be seen below, and were upon the point of returning when Prentice told Adamson to go and ask one of the guides if there were anything else to be seen down

NUMBER 41

WHEN RICHARD LOVELACE CAME TO WOO. The feet of time make fast their pace And we, like players in a play, Strut up and down our little space
And act our parts as best we may.
Alas! Alack, and well a day!
The stage is dight in somber hue,
Where once that stately vogue held sway,
When Richard Lovelace came to woo.

RECORD.

went to hunt for the guide. He was

gone about five minutes, and when he

came back his friend Prentice was

missing. Adamson was puzzled at the

disappearance of Prentice. Adamson

had spent about half an hour looking

for Prentice, when the news reached

him that his companion had been found

down between the rocks up to his neck

in water. In a few minutes after this

news reached Adamson he was joined

by Prentice, who told of his experiences

after Adamson had left him to look for

Mr. Prentice said that after Adamson

turned back he thought he would walk

down into a gully between the rocks.

He noticed that it was comparatively

dry there. He was therefore considera-

bly surprised soon after he got down

into the gully to have a stream of wa-

ter two feet deep and moving with

great violence strike him in the back

of the legs. The stream was so strong

that it staggered him, and to avoid be-

ing swept from his feet and carried on

into the river he crouched down in an

angle of one of the rocks, with his back

to the torrent and braced himself to re-

sist the power of the stream that had

cut off his line of retreat. He had hold

of the edge of the rock with his hands

and he did not dare to let go for fear

the current would sweep him out from

behind the angle. He yelled for help,

but the noise of the water drowned his

cries. At one time he looked over the

edge of the rock and saw the Maid of

the Mist 100 feet away in the river. He

shook his head, hoping that the passen-

gers on the little heat would notice the

After he crouched down behind the

rock the water washed over his body up

to his neck. He was on the point of giv-

ing up when a stranger who had also

come down to the rocks saw him and

notified the guides. Prentice was hauled

out with a pole. The stream of water

that surprised him came from a millrace

BROKEN HEARTS IN FRANCE.

Held of Less Account by the Law Than

Broken Legs.

In no instance does the profound dif-

ference of national character in England

and France appear more striking, says

our Paris correspondent, than in the

views held on both sides of the channel

regarding breach of promise. Of course

engagements are broken off in France

as well as in England, but it is only in

England that heavier damages are

awarded for a broken heart than for a

broken leg. The offense is all but un-

known in the French law courts,

whether it is that Frenchmen are less

inclined to it or that the French girl

dislikes bringing her sentimental trou-

bles into court. To show English read-

when by his own confession the Comte

d'Artois was supporting 60 assassius in

Paris. Under similar circumstances I

would again do likewise." Neverthe-

less he gave himself the utmost pains on

certain occasions to unload the entire

responsibility on Talleyrand. To Lord

Ebrington, to O'Meara, to Las Cases,

to Montholon, he asseverated that Tal-

leyrand had checked his impulses to

clemency .- "Life of Napoleon," by

Professor William M. Sloane, in Cen-

A GAME OF NINEPINS.

1 Munchausenlike Story of a Beheaded

In an imperial city lately a criminal

German Criminal.

was condemned to be beheaded who had

a singular itching to play at ninepins.

While his sentence was pronouncing he

had the temerity to offer a request to

be permitted to play once more at his

favorite game at the place of execution,

and then he said he would submit

As the last prayer of a dying man

his request was granted. When arrived

at the solemn spot be found everything

prepared, the pins being set up and the

bowl ready. He played with no little

earnestness, but the sheriff at length,

seeing that he showed no inclination to

desist, privately ordered the executioner

to strike the fatal blow as he stooped

The executioner did so, and the

head dropped into the culprit's hand as

he raised himself to see what had oc-

curred. He immediately aimed at the

nine, conceiving that it was the bowl

which he grasped. All nine falling, the

head loudly exclaimed, "I have won

His Account With His Dentist

Brown has the reputation of being

one of the most miserly of men, but he

plumes himself on his inexorable sense

of justice. For 15 years he owed a den-

tist \$22 for filling a front tooth with

gold, refusing to pay it because he said

the bill was exorbitant. The other day

the filling came out. He took the gold

to a jewelry store and had it valued.

Then he wrote to the dentist and in-

closed a check for his account, based on

the following computation: "Actual

value of the gold, \$3.50; amount of

labor (which I deem liberal), \$5; for use

of the tooth 15 years, \$5; total, \$13.50.

I return gold on account and inclose

check for the balance, \$10."-Washing-

Thus Endeth the Lesson

to see my little girl show such a lack of

respect for her seniors. When a neigh-

bor comes to call on us, you should sit

quietly and not speak unless you are

spoken to. You do not mean to be dis-

respectful, I am sure, but you should

think of the impression you are making

on your neighbors, and you will try

Bessie-You'd better look out, mam-

ma. You'll talk yourself to death .-

hereafter, I hope, to-

Chienge The Real

Her Mother-Bessie, dear, I'm sorry

the game!"-From the German.

without a murmur.

for the howl.

ton Post.

motion, but no one saw him.

that is closed part of the time.

the guide.

And much we marvel as we trace
The feuds and foibles passed away, While pomp of power and pride of place
Troop down the years in grand array.
In court and camp, in fete and fray,
Fickle and flippant, stanch and true,
Such were the gallants, bold and gay,
When Richard Lovelace came to woo.

In doublet fine and frills of lace,

The lover sought his suit to pay, With such a form and such a face, Who could resist his plea, I pray? And then that tender roundelay, So like a wood dove's plaintive coo Sweet Lucy could not say him nay, When Richard Lovelace came to woo. Ho. Kentish towers! Your lordly race Ho, Kentish towers! Your lordly race
Had swords to draw and deeds to do,
In that eventful year of grace,
When Richard Lovelace came to woo!
—L. H. Foote in Overland Monthly.

A VALUABLE DIME.

Fen Cent Pieces Coined In San Francisco

In 1894 Are Worth \$5 Each. Whoever has a dime of 1894 coined by the San Francisco mint has a coin for which \$5 has already been offered, and when all the facts are known regarding its scarcity it is not unlikely that it will command a much higher premium.

Inquiry at the mint elicited the information that during the fiscal year of 1894 only 24 dimes were coined at the San Francisco mint. How this came about was told by Chief Clerk Robert Barnett. "All undercurrent subsidiary coins-

viz, those containing other than the design now being used-when received at the subtreasury are not again allowed to go into circulation, but are sent to the mint to be recoined with the current design. In the course of the year 1894 we received a large sum in these coins, but having an ample stock of dimes on hand it was not intended to coin any of that denomination in 1894. However, when nearly all of this subsidiary coin bullion had been utilized, we found on our hands a quantity that would coin to advantage only into dimes, and into dimes it was coined, making just 24 of them.

"My attention was first drawn to the matter particularly by the receipt of a letter from a collector somewhere east requesting a set of the coins of 1894. In filling this order I found there were no dimes of that date on hand. Subsequently I received quite a number of similar letters and in each case was of course unable to furnish them.

"Plenty of dimes were coined that year at Philadelphia and New Orleans mints, but there are many collectors who accumulate the coinage of each mint, as each has its distinguishing mark. Those coined here hear a letter S under the eagle. New Orleans uses the letter O and Carson City the letter C. while Philadelphia coins are identified by the absence of the letter.

"We receive each year about 50 requests from coin collectors for coins, mostly for those of silver. "-San Francisco Bulletin.

Lincoln's Good Breeding.

The writer remembers very well to have heard a very fastidious lady, a member of the Speed household, say that, though at that time Lincoln had none of the polish and gracefulness to be expected from those acquainted with the usages of society, he was one of nature's gentlemen because of his kindliness of heart and innate refinement. And after saying this she recalled an instance of real good manners on his part. At dinner there was a saddle of mutton. The servant after handing the roast passed a glass of jelly. Mr. Lincoln took the glass and ate the jelly from it. The servant got another glass and passed if around. Mr. Lincoln noticed that the others at table merely took a spoonful. Without embarrassment or apology he laughed quietly and remarked, "I seem to have taken more than my share," and then he went on with his dinner. Most persons, this lady thought, after committing such a solecism would have been covered with confusion and profuse in apologies.—John Gilmer Speed in Ladies' Home Journal.

Beggars Bothered the Bostonian. Last week a citizen of Boston was 'touched for a dime' four times in walking two blocks on Broadway, New York. All of the beggars were well dressed. It was rainy, and two of them had silk umbrellas. One of them sported a watch chain, while the tops of a couple of cigars stuck out the vest pocket of another. How such men have the nerve to beg on the street in a brisk, businesslike way is a mystery to a man from Boston.—Boston Post.

Equal to the Occasion Mrs. Luhm, an Oshkosh (Wis.) woman, had arranged to have an addition built to her barn, but a neighbor threatened to enjoin her from building. She was equal to the occasion. During the night she hired 20 carpenters, and with the aid of an electric light the building was erected before day broke.

There is an English superstition alluded to by Milton that when cats wash their faces and lick their bodies more frequently than usual a change in the weather is imminent and that rain with wind may be anticipated. Eve must have felt that she had lost

one of the chief joys of fresh young lov when she reflected that she could not ask Adam if she was the first woman he had ever cared for. Get your enemies to read your works

in order to mend them, for your friend is so much like your second self that he will judge too much like you. - Pope.

There are two sides to every question -ours and the wrong side.

Mozart had a memory for music and for nothing else. On attending the Lapal mass at the Sistine chapel he was greatly impressed with the musical service and asked for a copy, but was told none could be given him, as the music was not allowed to go out. He went to the next service, listened attentively, went away and wrote down the whole from memory. When "Don Giovanni" was first performed, there was not time to copy a part for the harpsichord, so Mozart conducted the entire opera, about three hours long, and played a harpsichord accompaniment to the songs and choruses without a note of music to assist his memory

He-See that nice looking chap over there? She-Of course I do. Would I miss

anything like that? He-Well, you want to watch him. He'll take anything in sight. She—Gracions. Is he a kleptomaniac? He-No. He's an amateur photog-

rapher.—Detroit Free Press.

Now that the little ones are confined to the house by this cold and rainy weather, and are fretful and pettish at the restraint and dullness, see that they have

#### Some Desirable Playthings

WE have received our Fall Stock of TOYS, GAMES &c, and have a larger, cheaper, and more attractive line than ever before. Don't say that you "can't afford it" for you can buy almost an armful of 'em for a quarter at

#### BINNS,

OPPOSITE HOTEL, BUCHANAN

### SUNDAY SCHOOL EVANGEL

EDITED BY REV. O. J. ROBERTS.

This column is open to any who has any communication bearing upon practical Sunday School work, or has any news concerning the progress of the work. We solicit correspondence along these lines from all workers.

Seventeenth Annual Convention of

Berrien Co. S. S. Association. The seventeenth annual Convention of the Berrien Co. Sunday School Association was held in the Town Hall at Berrien Springs on Tuesday and Wednesday, Oct. 29 and 30. Notwithstanding the threatening weather, a large number of delegates were in attend-

andce at the opening session, on Tuesday morning. The convention was opened by a song service, led by R. E. Jennings, of South Haven, Miss Harmon of Oronoko presiding at the piano. The convention proper was called to order, at 10:45, by Preside t E. K. Warren of Three Oaks. D. H. Bower of Buchanan was elected Secretary pro tem. The session included the following program: 10:00—Praise Service.

10:30—Free Parliament. Conducted by President E. K. Warren, Three Oaks. Aunouncements. Song. Benediction was pronounced by Rev.

The afternoon session was attended by nearly four hundred persons, and was called to order promptly on time. The following was the afternoon program: 1:15—Song Service.

F. C. Berger of Buchanan.

1:30-Miscellaneous business. Township reports. 2.00—What proves a teacher's efficacy in seruice? J. O. Lowrie, D. D., Niles. 3:10-How I conduct the opening and clos-

ing exercises. Mr. D. M. Keene. Discussion by Superintedents and 4:00-Normal training lesson. Rev. O. J. Roberts, Buchanan. Announcements.

Song. Benediction.

and next week we will have a full account of the balance of the convention which promises to be the most interesting ever held in Berrien county. This section of the state ought to be

Our report closes with this session,

well and largely represented at the State Sunday school convention at Detroit, Nov. 19-21. We clip the following from The Gos-

pel Message published at South Bend by Alfred Curl: Berrien County, Michigan, will hold their Sunday school convention Oct. 28 and 30. We wish them a God speed

in the work of building up the Sunday The Sunday school work in this county is moving on slowly but surely to the "front line."

We are in receipt of the October number of The Awakener, the organ of the Sunday school association of Indiana, published at Indianapolis. It is a wide awake publication, admirably qualified by its contents to "hustle" the workers. On the title page is a cut representing a line of wee tots headed for somewhere, and this legend heads the illustration, "Our Coming Man-Somebody head him off please, and turn him into the Sunday school."

The following bas its application to teachers as well as to parents: MAKE COMPANIONS OF YOUR

CHILDREN. Do not terrify them and quench the love in their hearts by playing the tyrant. The pain will recoil on your head some day, if you do, and, besides, you are missing a foretaste of heaven in thus forfeiting your children's confidence, for no earthly happiness can surpass that of a good father and mother, surrounded by a loving trustful family. No character but has a key to it. Draw out your children's ideas of themselves, their longings and ambitions, their sorrows and their joys, and remember that these all bear as weighty a value in their esteem, and depress or elate them as your mature

thoughts do yourself.

We clip the following from the Awakener:

If a county Sunday school can do more for ten cents than a church can for a dollar, don't give up the church! No! no!!! Perish the thought! But add the Sunday school association to the church and work it for all it is

worth. But, suppose it does cost a county president and secretary, a little money to secure the workers needed and have the work done? What if you pay out \$10 to \$25 or \$50 for printing and postage and livery hire, right out of your own pocket? If you are trying to make your county work go without its costing you anything, we will warrant it is not going very fast, or very far either. If you are afraid to spend a little of your own money in this work to make it succeed, then, dear friend, let us say in all kindness that the convention made a mistake when it elected you as

a leader. We were told by one of our district presidents last week, that he made three trips into one of his counties, in intends making a fourth trip when the convention is held, and he added, "It cost me \$25 of my own money to be district president last year, but I don't mind that.

County officers, if it costs you \$5 or \$10 or \$25 of your own money to make of your county a "Banner County." put up the money, and thank God you can it in where it will do so much good. For county and township officers

give us men who will give us time and money, and we can make the Sunday school association of Indiana worth ten times its cost, and the most powerful religious organization in the whole state.

### HOUSED

This is the way chronic catarrh usnally begins: A person catches cold, which hangs on longer than usual. Then follows a senstiveness of the air passages, which inclines to catch cold very easily. At last the person has a cold all the while, seemingly. More or from the throat, nostrils stopped up, full feeling in the head, cracking in the ears. The Pe-ru-na treatment for this disease is the only treatment that has withstood the test of time. Pe-runa should be taken without interruption until every sympton disappears.

Send to The Pe-ru-na Drug Manufacturing Company of Columbus, Ohio, for a copy of their latest book on chronic catarrh. This book is a complete guide to the cure of all forms and stages of this dreadful disease.



Geo. Wyman & Co. can now tell you how Hats and Bonnets are made. Did you ever go to a corn popping bee, where a pretty girl pops corn with a hand popper over a hot fire, and the more she shakes it the more the corn pops? Well, Bonnets and Hats are made just that way. They put feathers, and flowers and ribbons and things into a corn popper and shake it, and shake it over a hot fire and a lot of girls other crops, one half to my sons and one-half to my estate. stand ready to catch the hats reason they cost so little to sonal property. After the death of my make. Of course we have to pay for the gas fire, and the girls don't care to work where it is so hot for nothing. So there is a little expense attached to it—but per piece they cost very little. That's the reason we sell them so cheap. The crowds seen in our millinery department show that our prices are appreciated.

SICOME ANDESEE US.

## GEO. WYMAN & CO,

South Bend, Ind.

We close our store every evening at 6 o'clock, except Saturday.

BUCHANAN RECORD

D. H. BOWER, PUBLISHER AND PROPRIETOR.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1895.

The American Newspaper Directory for 1895 accords to the Record the largest circulation of any weekly published in Berrien County. Another Proposition.

The columns of the RECORD have always been open to all parties, regardless of political faith or creed, whenever they desire to discuss any matters of interest to the village or its resi-

In another column of the RECORI will be found a card from Mr. Peter Peter English, who has requested it: publication and inasmach as Mr. Eng lish framed his request in a gentlemanly manner, we take pleasure in giving him the space he desires, and we also publish it among our news matier and not as an advertisement. While we publish this card, yet we do not abate one bit the opinion we have expressed heretofore, and while we have no disposition to "kick a man when he is down", yet we are surprised that the proposition should be considered for one moment, in vier of the fact that the village chartestrictly prohibits anything of the sou calling for such an outlay. Even allowed by the charter, it is the opin ion of the RECORD (and in this opinion we are upheld by a large majority c our best citizens) that it would be exceedingly unwise to bond our village to the extent of \$125,000, in these hand times. The prosperity of our villege depends on low taxes and an economi. cal administration of village affai :. Further than that must be adde a disposition on the part of all curi i zens and business men to pull teg ther for the best interests of our vil ge, and give every one the same rights that you expect for yourself. . cept the marjority, and then a strong pull altogether, and the beneficial results will be apparent at once. N thing is ever gained by sulking, or a '101 can't

Mary J. Beverly of Case polis will receive a pension.

play in my yard" spirit.

John Andrews' Will.

Considerable interest has been aroused as to the terms of the will of the late John Andrews by reason of newspaper accounts published and in justice to all concerned we publish the will in

I, John Andrews, of Buchanan township, Berrien County, Michigan, farmer, about seventy two years of age, and being of sound mind and disposing memory, do hereby make and declare this to be my last will and testament, hereby revoking and less discharge from the nose, hawking | making null and void all former wills by me at any time heretofore made

First, I will and direct that Louisa Andrews, my dear wife, with whom I have lived for many years, shall during her natural life, provided she remains unmar-ried and my widow, live in and have her home in my dwelling house with my minor children as long as they remain single And my executors hereinafter appointed by me shall, from the proceeds of my farm, leliver to her each year one hundred bush els of wheat, one hundred bushels of oats and two hundred bushels of corn. My said wife may also keep upon said farm three cows, fifteen sheep and five hogs, the same on the farm, said hay and fodder to be put in barn when needed, and I here-

and shall have pasture, hay and fodder for by give and bequeath to my said wife three cows, fifteen sheep and five hogs, also my mare Doll and my covered carriage, single harness and cutter, all my poultry and all my household goods. Any grain to be fed any of the stock herein given to my said wife shall be furnished by her out of the grain herein given her. Should said mare Doll die or in any way become useless then my said wife shall have furnished her from my estate another horse for her use

Second. I will and direct that my two minor daughters. Lelia. about 16 years of age, and Alma, 11 years of age, shall durwith my said wife and have their board, clothes and schooling and necessary medieine and medical attendance out of my esate, and in case of the death of either of them, their burial and all expenses of last sickness shall be paid out of my estate. Third. I will and direct that my two sons, Frederick and William, shall work my farms during the life of my widow upon the same terms upon which they are now working my lands, each having an equal and fair chance in working the same, and that they at all times shall keep seeded down in clover not less than sixty acres and should be about seventy-five acres in

clover constantly.

My said sons, nor my executors herein-after named, shall not at any time cut and sell any wood or timber off from any of my said lands, but necessary fire wood and timber for fence posts and for repairs of fences and buildings may be cut on the same. Any lumber necessary for fencing shall be purchased and not cut on said lands. My said sons, if they work my said lands, shall haul to market free o charge any grain my said wife shall have for sale, and also shall haul her wood for her free of charge, she paying for cutting the same. Any clover seed grown upon said farm shall be divided equally the same as the wheat and other crops, my said sons having one-half and my estate the other haif thereof, and in seeding down any of said lands with clover my estate shall furnish one-half of said seed and my said sons the other half. They shall also work all the road taxes assessed upon any and all of my said lands without charge to my estate. And as to fruit grown upon said lands or any of them, my said wife shall have all she may need for family use, and the balance shall be equally divided between my said sons and my estate, my said sons said sons raise potatoes or other vegetables as a crop, (not grown in garden), then said crop shall be divided between my said sons and my estate just the same as wheat and

as they come out hot and put wife, if accepted by her, is to be accepted them up to cool, and that's the of her thirds and other interest in my perin lieu of her dower in my real estate and said wife, or in case she should again marry, then when my youngest child shall arrive at twenty-one years of age, my said estate shall be settled in the following manner, to-wit: To my said sons Frederick and William each five hundred dollars. Then all the residue and remainder of my property, real, personal and mixed, shall be equally divided between all my children share and share alike, and their heirs according to representation, to be unto them and their said heirs forever. And further, n case my said wife should again marry. then in that case all her rights to live in and occupy my said dwelling shall cease and she shall not thereafter occupy the

same as her home. I hereby constitute and appoint my son Frederick and my son-in-law, George Ream, husband of my daughter Caroline, to be the executors of this my last will and tes-

In witness whereof I have this 26th day of August, A. D. 1889, at Berrien Spring, in said county, hereunto set my hand and

John Andrews. [SEAL. Signed by said testator, John Andrews, as and for his last will and testament, in the presence of us, who at his request and in his sight and presence, and in the presence of each other, have subscribed our

DAVID E. HINMAN. Berrien Springs, Berrien Co., Mich. HERBERT L. POTTER. Berrien Springs, Berrien Co., Mich.

I. the said John Andrews, the above testator, do hereby change my said will as follows: My said executors are hereby authorized and directed that in case my said wife should need the same in any way for her comfort, to pay her \$28.00 each and every year out of the income from my

Having paid out the sum of four hundred eighty-five dollars to my daughter, Sarah Meffert, wife of George Meffert, and for expenses of her last sickness and burial including money paid for her husband, I now will and direct that there shall be deducted from the share that will go to he infant child said sum of four hundred eighty-five dollars, and should she die be fore she arrives at twenty-one years of age not leaving issue surviving her, then all that would have passed to her under this will, or in any way, shall revert back and become a part of my estate and be distributed among my other heirs share and share

Witness my hand and seal May 29, 1891 JOHN ANDREWS. [L. S.]
Signed, sealed, declared and published by the said John Andrews as and for codicil to his last will and testament, and we, in his sight and presence, and in pres ance of each other, have signed the same as attesting witnesses at his request, May

alike, according to representation.

THOMAS CARMODY, Berrien Springs, Mich. DAVID E. HINMAN, Berrien Springs, Mich.

I, John Andrews, the testator named in said will, having on the 26th day of Aurust, 1889, executed said last will, do now in all things ratify and confirm the same, anless changed by the codicil attached thereto, made May 29, 1891, or by the following, which shall be and is an additional codicil thereto. And I hereby will and lirect that my daughter Mary shall receive 3300.00 less than her full share as provided in said will. My daughter Matilda Fox wife of Ernest Fox, shall receive \$175.00 ess than her full share as provided in said will. My grand-daughter, child of my .laughter Emma Fritts, shall receive \$450,00 ess than the full share of her deceased mother would be as by the terms of said will, and my daughter Caroline Ream, of Niles, Michigan, shall receive one hundred dollars less than a full share as by said will provided. The reasons for said deduction is that I have made advancements of the several sums above named to my said chil-

JOHN X ANDREWS. [L. S.] Signed, sealed, declared and published by the said John Andrews, as and for a codicil to his last will and testament, and we in his sight and presence, and in the presence of each other, have signed the same as attesting witnesses at his request. this 28th day of November, A. D. 1894. John Searls, Buchanan, Mich. DAVID E. HINMAN, Buchanan, Mich.

Make Yourself Strong

If you would resist pneumonia, bronchitis, typhoid fever, and presistent cough and colds. these ills attack the weak and rnn down system. they can find no foothold where the blood is kept pure, rich and full of vitality, the apetite good and digestion vigorous, with Hood's Sarsaparilla, the one true blood purifier.

Hood' Pills cure liver ills, constipation, biliousness, jaundice, sick headache,

A CARD. The following explain themselves: THE MICHIGAN TRUST Co. GRAND RAPIDS, Sept. 28, 1895

Mr. Peter English. Benton Harbor, Mich. Dear Sir :- Yours of the 26th inst. is received, but it will be impossible to follow out the plan which you suggest, of having me make a proposition to the town of Buchanan. It should be just the other way: The town of Buchanan should make a proposition to the Receiver, which should be passed upon by the court, and it is possible that the court might order a sale at public auction, in which case it could

be bought in for the town, at the price agreed upon. \* \* \* Yours truly, LEWIS H. WITHEY, Receiver.

The following proposition is of vital

importance to the voters and property owners of the village of Buchanan: It is proposed by the Buchanan Power & Electric Company, through the Michigan Trust Company, Receiver, to sell to the village the water power, electric plant, and all property owned by it in the village, for the sum of \$75.000. This plant, water power and property can be owned and operated by the village to good advantage, and in fact save money for the village, as per the following statement, which shows what the street lighting, water works and the interest on \$50,000 costs the village per annum, at present, and also what the electric plant, water

total indebtedness of the village \$125,-PER ANNUM-PRESENT EXPENSES. Int. on \$50,000—present indebtedness.....\$2 500 per statement of Village Clerk for past year..... 1 900

operate per annum, should the village

purchase the property of the Compa-

ny, for \$75,000 which will make the

PER ANNUM-PROSPECTIVE EXPENSES. nt. on \$125,000, at 5 per cent......\$6,250 Labor for electric plant........... 1,800 Labor for water works..... 960 

Total.....\$9,110 Prospective expenses, as per above ncome at present from electric light plant..... 6,000

Net prospective expense for operating water works, electric plant, and interest on \$125,000 should the village purchase the plant.......\$3,110

Present running expenses, as per above statement......\$6,200 Prospective running expenses, as per above statement.... 3,110

Net saving running expenses, as per above statement, should the village purchase the water power and

electric plant for \$75,000.....\$3,090 To sum up, the village can purchase the entire property of the Buchanan Power & Electric Company, thereby having power to offer factory as an ir ducement to locate here, and to make a net saving for the village of \$3,090 per annum, in operating the electric plant, and water works, which is costing today \$6,200, and which, under the new system, would cost \$3.110, thus making a saving of \$3,090. It will be noticed in the item for prospective expenses for the water works, that no provision has been made for fuel. None is necessary, as the water can be pumped by an electric motor.

PETER ENGLISH.

NEW CHARTER. CHAPTER XII SECTION 1. It shall be lawful for any village having a resident population of not less than five hundred in habitants, to acquire by purchase or to construct. operate and maintain either independently or in connection with the water works of the village, either within or without the viliage works for the purpose of supplying such village and the inhabitants thereof, or either, with gas, electric or other lights, at such times and on such terms and conditions as the ceunci

of such village shall direct. SEC. 2. Whenever the council of any village shall, by resolution, declare that it is expedient for such village to acquire by purchase, or to construct, as the case may be, works for the pur pose of supplying such village and the inhabitants thereof, or either, with gas, electric, or other lights, then such council shall have power to take such action as shall be deemed expedient to

accomplish such purpose SEC. 3. In case the council shall declare that it is expedient for such village to acquire by purchase or to construct, as the case may be, works for the purposs of supplying such village and the inhabitants thereof, or either with electric or other lights, then the council shall cause to be made and recorded in their proceedings an estimate of the expense thereof, and the question of raising the amount required for such purpose shall be submitted to the electors of the village at its annual election, or at a special election called for that purpose by the council, as provided in this act, and shall be determined as two-thirds of the electors voting at such election by ballot shall

SEC. 4. It shall be lawful for any such village to borrow any sum of money not exceeding five per cent of the assessed value of the property in said village as shown by the last preceeding tax roll, to be used exclusively for the purpose of purchasing or constructing and maintaining such lighting works as provided in the proceeding sections of this chapter. The council shall have power to fix the time and place of the payment of the principal and i te es' of the debt contracted under the provisions of this chapter, and to issue bonds of the village thereof, but the rate of such interest shall not exceed six per cent per annum, and such bonds shall not be sold for less than their par value Provided, That the total amount expended for the purchase or construction of such lighting works shall not exceed the amount of the estimate of expense therefor provided for in section three of this chap-

The Columbian is the name of a new monthly magazine published by the Columbian Publishing Co. of Chicago, Ill., and edited by Rev. Henry W. Dowding, A. M. It is an excellent pe- names, and nicely quilted in flowers, riodical, both in typographical appearance and in excellence of subject mat- to the highest bidder. This quilt is to ter. The subscription price is only one | be found in the store of G. A. Blakesdollar a year. Sample copies are sent lee & Co, and any one wishing to exfree on application.

Charles H. Hackley, whose gifts to various educational and charitable objects in Muskegon have already reached nearly \$300,000, has come to the front with a present to the board of education of \$130,000 to build a manual training school, and a guarantee of \$5,000 for its maintenance. At his death it is to have an endowment of \$100,000. Boys and girl are to be educated free of charge.

From our Regular Correspondent. After a trial which lasted two and one-half days, young Huston was found guilty of stealing a bicycle. He

will be sentenced when court re-con-

Quite a number of Buchanan's colored population were in town lost week attending court.

Court has adjourned for one wesk. The Judge was obliged to go to Casso-This is rough weather for lake traffic

The big steamer, "Pee less", of the L.

M. & L.S. T. Co. was driven upon the

s and bar, just inside of the piers, while trying to find shelter in this harbor Sunday night. The dome is being put on the new court house, which adds very to its beauty and completness. We understand that the "birds" from Berrien

Springs are to be brought to their new quarters this week, all togged out in new clothes. Ground has been brok-n for a new parsonage for the Evangelical church.

Revival meetings are in progress at

the Evangel cal church. Considerable

interest is being manifested, and a

number have been converted

GLENDORA. From our Regu'ar Correspondent Ben Bilmire met with quite a sad accident, the other day, while working upon the redge, occasioned by the fall of a limb which struck him on the power, and water works will cost to head, cutting his head open quite badly. He is g-tting along eigely. Mr. Sam Grice moved into the Mills

John Bis ell is home from his work, near Niles with a felon in his thumb.

The surprise party at Wm Squires, Saturday bight, there being sixty-eight present at lunch time. A pleasant evening was spur, and each went their way rejoicing.

Corn husking is the order of the day, and it turns out well. Some like S. Stevens' potatoes, large and a good many in the hill. A son came to bless the home of

Mr. and Mrs. D. Blackman. Mrs. Blackman is still quite poorly. Miss Alta Wrigot has been quite

sick with fever, but is some better at this writing. Miss Ida Kool visited friends near

Galien on Sunday. Mrs. Schlappe are getting ready to move to Ohio. We wish them success in their new home.

BERRIEN CENTRE. From our Regular Correspondent.

Erastus Murphy is visiting his son H. Colfax, in Indianapolis this week. S. H. Brenner, actuary in the freight department of the Big Four, Cincinnati, Oh o, was here last week calling on friends. J. O. Patterson went to Indianapolis

to seek work. Delegates to the County Sunday school convention were elected forn the Berrien Centre Sunday school.

C. B. Groat, of Niles, . was at Berrien Centre on Friday last. Fire is completely barning out the big tamarack marsh north of this

Coro husking is very much hindered by the dry and windy weather. The Berrien township tax roll is pro-

gressing finely. Two of our citizens have b en held up by tramps and their pockets gone through recently.

Miss Howell of Buchanan visited Miss Taylor on Friday. Hiram Michael, Geo. Webster, and Isaac Murphy, jc., have folded their tents, taken up their baggage and silently stolen away into the north woods where they will spend a menth

hunting deer. H. S. Robinson is on the sick list, Some of our farmers are threshing their corn fodder thus putting it in fine condition for feeding.

Mr. and Mrs Norman Nims returned last week from a long visit among friends in the east. Miss Anna Snorf closed her school

in Niles township on Friday. Ella Snorf closed her school in Berrien township District No. 8, the same day.

DAYTON.

From our Regular Correspondent. Miss Ella Ashpangh spent Sunday with her parente.

Miss Lizzie Paul closed her fall term of school at Galien Centre, last Friday for a short vacation.

Clyde Martin entered school last

Mr. and Mrs. John Gogle and little son, Morris, of Middleville, Mich., who have been visiting parents and friends here, returned to their home Monday. Bert Dalrymple was in town Tuesday. Mr. John Leiter is reported dangerously ill, from he morn hage of the lungs. A. C. Weaver was in Buchanan Mon-

day evening. Mr. Redding of Waterford, is the guest of Neison Reduing of this place. The pupies of this school are preparing for the township and county spelling tests to be held next month, Mr. L. Dempsey and family will soon move into Mr. Sheldon's lause.

Report of the Dayton public school for the month ending Oct. 25, 1895: Number enrolled, 55; average daily attendance, 47; 18 c-nt of attendance,

Names of pupils neither absent nor tardy during the month. Carrie Paul, George Arnold, Schoyler Althar, Lydia Althar, Millie Remlse, Leo Rechter, Leo Arnold, Eddie Arno'd, Bell Marston, Emma Dreger, Clyde Aithar, Charlie Marshall, Rose Marsin, Hazel Bedding, May D mosey, Nelli: Marshall, Clarence Wolley.

The Ladies A'd Society of the Unite ed Brethren church, at Olive Branch has completed a quilt containing 262 which they will now offer for sale to amine it can do so. All hads must be sent sealed to Mrs. James Renbarger Galien Mich., on or before Nov. 15.

U. S. Brooklyn.

The splendid New York, the pride of our navy, and has just'y esteemed one of the finest specimens of naval architecture afloat. But big and powerful as she is, she lost her primacy on Oct. 2, when the Brooklyn took the water fr m the ways at the Cramps' yard. where for nearly three years her bull and engines had been under construction. Twenty feet longer than

her sister ship and incorporating the latest ideas, her vital parts protected by a steel deck of from three to six inches, and by a belt of armor on the sides, with funnels of enormons height to keep her furnaces blazing without resorting to forced draught, with a battery of eight eight-inch rifles so mounted that six of them can be trained together upon any point of the compass, and a powerful seconda y battery of rapid fire guns and torpedoes, this latest addition to our naval strength may be confidently reckoned as the

peer of any similar construction the morld over. Nothing but a battle-ship could warn her, and her great speed of 21 or more knots would enable her easily to keep out of the way of these more powerful but slower craft. Her coal capacity will permit her to steam at full speed 1,702 knots; at the usual cruising speed of 10 knots she would be able to cross the ocean and return without re-coaling. Her complement will consist of 566 officers and men. When completed, she will have cost upward of \$3,000,000, exclusive of ordnance armor.—Information.

Search for a Noted Bigamist.

William White, Credited With Nineteer Wives, Evades Efforts of Police. William White, whose many alrases are held to be as numerous as the women he has duped and swindled, is wanted by the police, who has lost the record of his present address and are anxiously seeking it. White is charg ed with larceny, embezzlement and bigamy, in which latter felony he is said to be an adept, having been married to nineteen women, during his ca-

Detectives who been working on the case assert that White, whom they designate as a clever matrimonial juggler, is even now engaged to four elderly Chicago widows, all in prosperous circumstances. White, they say, has represented to them that he is a Lon doner, says he has a good business there and wants them to convert their property into cold cash and accompany him across the ocean.

White has one presevering enemy among his many victims. She learned that White had come to Chicago a month ago, and immediately got warrants for his arrest. When these had been secured and officers went to a west side flat where the bigamist was located, they found the room vacant and the former occupant flown.

The detectives claim that White has made over \$200,000 by swindling wo men whom he married to gain possession of their property. When arrest some years ago he offered an officer \$5,000 for an opportuity to escape, but finally evaded conviction under a technicality in the law.-Chicago Chron-

Indians Coming.

Probability that Benton Marbor will be Soon Taken by the Pottawatomies. \$146,250 to be Distributed Here

The Government paymaster, who is to disburse the sum of the judgment obtained by the Pottawatomie Indians in their claims against the United States, amounting to \$146,250, is now at South Haven, and as soon as the in dians can be collec ed at one point the money will be paid over. The probability is that Benton Harbor will be selected as the place of meeting, and that descendants of the noble red man, to the number of about two hundred and fifty, will assemble here within the next two weeks to be paid off.

George Miller, Esq., of this city bas twenty years to secure this claim, and after the lapse of two decades he is in a fair way to see the object of his prolonged and poorly paid labors realized When the Indians come to town,

and especially after they receive their money, it is hoped they will not be induced to spend the proceeds in firewater, or any other useless or harmful way.—Benton Harbor Palladium.

R. G. Dun & Co's Weekly says: Ten days ago gold reports seemed very near. But the break in cotton which then began ripeaed on Monday into a collapse in hopes to justify hope of a free movement. Hides have also dropped sharply at Chicago, leather is weaker, and the adjustment of prices to real instead of imaginary conditions progresses rapidly. Already lower prices in iron have brought out some important contracts. Labor difficulties, though including a strike of many Pennsylvania coal miners who do not seem to be succeeding, are on the whole of no serious importance. Money markets cause remarkably little trouble. considering the heavy move neat of products. Cooler weather has gener ally helped retail trade, and with itcreased consumption by the milions the way will be clear for better businese. Already payments through clearing houses cl sely approach for October those of the best year in history, though reflecting in part past transactions, and new orders are still much

needed by the great industries. We are capturing the markets of the world in great shape. Our provision trade exports show that we shipped abroad to the extent of \$3.106,000 less last month than in September, 1894. We sold over \$800,000 less cattle, \$1, 730 less hogs, \$125,000 less canned beef, \$300,000 less fresh beef, \$55,000 less salt beef, \$55,000 less tallow, \$1, 800.000 less bacon, \$130,000 less hams, \$13 000 less oleomargarine, \$43,000 oleo oil, and \$447,700 less cheese. This is a remarkable record of captures in one month. It is a record that farmers will appreciate. Strange that the Free Trade papers don't make much of it. Why so silent? - American Economisl.

LITERARY NOTES.

A Romarkable Announcement.

A brief paragraph can hardly do justice to the interesting announcements which The Youth's Companion makes for the coming year. Not only will some of the most delightful story-writers empinent statesmen, jurists and scientists of the world. No fewer than three cabinet Ministers are announced, among them being the Secretary of Agriculture, who chose for a subject "Arbor Day," the celebration of which be originated; Secretary Herbert writes on "What the President of the United States Does," and Secretary Horbert writes on "What the President of the United States Does," and Secretary Horbert writes on "What the President of the United States Does," and Secretary Horbert writes on "What the President of the United States Does," and prenticeship," Frank R. Stockton tells how he became an author, General Nelson A, Miles gives reminiscences of his army days, and Andrew Carnegie recalls his carllest struggles in getting a business footing.

The Publishers of Ture Youth's Companion make the following liberal offer: New subscribers who will send at once their name and address and \$1.75 will receive free a handsome four-page Calendar for 1896 (7 x 10 in.), lithographed in nine colors, the retail price of which is 50 cents, The Companion free every week until January 1, 1896, the Thanksgiving, Christmas and New Year's double-knumbers iree, and The Youth's Companion, 1897. Address, The Youth's Companion, 1907 of the Hoston.

The Musical Monthly for O tober has two charming vocal selections, "Ope to thy blue eyes" A Remarkable Announcement.

The Musical Monthly for O tober has two charming vocal selections, "Open thy blue eyes" by Massenet, and "Rosa Lee". Four fine instrumental pieces complete the number which is unusually interesting. R. A. Saaifield is the publisher. lisher.

James Whi'c mb Riley has completed a new series of poens in which he varies the treatment of each one to such an extent that they are said to show the Hoosier poet's versatility to a remarkable degree. He has given the series to The Laddes' Home Journal, in which the first is 10 mi to be published. A. R. Frost has been engaged by the magazine to illustrate the poems.

magazine to illustrate the poems.

Not long before his death the poet Longfellow told Hezekiah Butterworth one evening in his library how he came to write "The Psalm of Life," "The Bridge," "Excelsior," "Hiawatha," "The Old Clock on the Stairs." and some of his other great poems. Mr. Butterworth has now embodied the evening's talk in an article on "How Long-rellow Wrote His Best-known Poems," which The Ladies' Home Journal will publish in its next number, Facts and Opinions, by H S. Ringree, mayor of Detroit, is issued from the press of F, B, Dieterson & Co., publishers of Detroit. In this volume the author gives his opinion on many, of the questions that confront those who are ende av-

oring to solve the lahor problem.

One of the leading features in Harper's Magazine, at the close of this year and the beginning of the next, will be a novel by William Black. The title of the story, Briseis, is taken from its heroine, a Greek maiden who is first introduced to the reader among the hills of Aberdeenshire. It is a tale which has long occupied the thought of the novelist, and into which he has put some of his best work. Bach of its six monthly parts will be illustrated from drawings made in Scotland and London by the well-known New York artist, W. T. Smedley.

With its Greek heroine, British background, and American illustrator, Briseis will offer the first installment of its attractions, drawn from sources so various but not conflicting, in the December number of Harper's. oring to solve the labor problen BUSINESS ,

The editors of McClune's Magazine call attention to the unaccountable neglect of Lincoln as a subject for a magazine serial. Books about Lincoln have necessarily—like all books of biography—a limited circulation, and only once before has a magazine published a life of Lincoln. People at large know little of the first forty years of Lincoln's life. Few know that he was a man grown before he left Indiana for Illinois. He spent fourteen years in Southern Indiana, and left there in his twenty-second year.

There is a remarkable teemblance between the early portrait of Lincoln in McClune's for Nevember and the pottraits of Emerson.

Rudy and Kipling's new story, which The Ladies' Home Journal is about to begin, is a romance of India—really a strong love story—and has for its litle "William the Conqueror."



Rossmoyne, Ohio. Terrible Misery Helpless With Rheumatism and Without Appetite

Tired Feeling and Pains Dispelled by Hood's Sarsaparilla. "I was in terrible misery with rheumatism in my hips and lower limbs. I read so much about Hood's Sarsaparilla that I thought I would try it and see if it would relieve me. When I commenced I could not sit up nor even turn over in bed without help. One bottle of Hood's Relieved Me

so much that I was soon out of bed and could walk. I had also felt weak and tired all the HOOD'S Sarsa illa CHIES
Sarsaparilla restored my appetite so that I could eat without any distress, and I have gained rapidly in strength. I have taken five bottles of Hood's Sarsaparilla and I am as well as ever "Mrs. S. A. Leferer, Rossmoyne, O.

The Prairie Farmer

Hood's Pilis cure liver ills, constipation

GREATEST OF ALL FARM PAPERS.

Each number contains more odd reading matter than any other agricultural paper, and covers a broader field.

Subscription Price, One Dollar a Year.

It is the Paper for the People.

Sample Clubbing Offers for 1895-6. THE PRAIRIE FARMER | Both Papers one year for \$1.25. WEEKLY INTER OCEAN

THE PRAIRIE FARNER | Both Papers one year CHICAGO WEEKLY TIMES THE PRAIRIE FARMER, OHI AGO

BIG FOUR" ROUTE TO ATLANTA. Cotton States and International Exposition

Travelors to the South during the fall and the early part of the winter season will have an unusual opportunity of seeing the South at its best advantage. The Atlanta Exposition is the largest exposition of its kind in this country, with the exception of the World's Fair at Chicago.

How to reach atlanta.

From Chicago, Peoria, Indianapolis, Terre Haute, La ayette, Benton Hartor and intermediate points, the North and Northwest, the "Big Four" route offers the choice of the two gateways to the South—Ciacinnati and Louisville. Solid trains with Parlor Cars, Maguiñeent Sleeping Cars and Dining Cars run daily from Chicago and Indianapolis to Cincinnati and Louisville.

From New York, Boston, Bufialo, Cleveland, Columbus, Springfield, Sandusky, Dayton and intermediale points, magnificent through trains run daily into Cincinnati. all trains of the "Big Four" arrive at Central Union Station, Cincinnati, making direct connections with through trains of the Queen & Crescent Route to Atlanta. Through sleeping cars via the Q. & C. Route run directly to Chattanooga, thence via Southern Railway to Atlanta Many points of historical interest as well as beautiful scenery may be enjoyed en route. Of these Chickamanga National Park and Lookout Mountain at Chattanooga are foremost, and should be visited by every one on the way to Atlanta.

For full information as to rates, route, time of HOW TO REACH ATLANTA. lants.
For full information as to rates, routes, time of trains, etc., call on or address any agent Big Four Route.
E. O. McCORMICK, Pass. Trailic Manager.

D. B. MARTIN, Cen'l Pass, & Ticket Agt. Estate of John Andrews First publication Oct. 17, 1895. TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien .- 85 At a session of the Probate Court for said County held at the Probate Office, in the city of St. Joseph, on the 14th day of October, in the year one thousand, eight hundred and ninety five.

Present, Jacon J. Van RIPER, Judge of Probate In the matter of the estate of John Andrews, decreased.

In the matter of the estate of John Andrews, deceased.

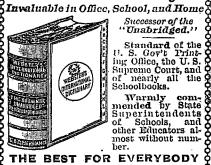
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Fred II. Andrews, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate and that administration of said estate may be granted to him, the said Fred H. Andrews, and George C. Reum, the executors in said will named, or to some other suitable person. utors in said will named, or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered that Monday, the 11th day of Novemberr next, at 10 o'clock in the foremon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the City of St. Joseph, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted.

And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchauan Record, a newspaper printed and circulating in said county. newspaper printed and circulating in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of JACOB J. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate

Webster's Enternational Dictionary

Last publication Nov. 7, 1895.



It is easy to find the word wanted.
Wordship given their correct alphabetical places each one beginning a paragraph.
It is easy to ascertain the pronunciation.
The pronunciation is shown by the activation. The prominciation is shown by the ordinary discritically marked letters used in the schoolbooks.

I is easy to trace the growth of a word. The expendegies are full, and the different meanings are given in the order of their development. G. & C. MERRIAM CO., Publishers, Springfield, Mass., U.S.A. 3 na Specimen pages, etc., scut on application

HOOD'S PILLS cure Liver Ills, Biliousness, Indigestion, Headache A pleasant laxative. All Druggists.

mversitet. 11 -19 WILCOX AVE.

DETROIT. MICH.

g men and women to maintain them
save money and accumulate wealth.

SATURDAY, NOV. 2d.

On the above date the representative of Walter Buhl & Co., one of the largest exclusive Fur Manufacturers in this country, will be at our store, with their entire line of samples of Ladies' Fur Garments of every description, which will be sold at a very small advance above

## & Manufacturer's Cost, &

Thus offering our customers a rare opportunity to buy first-class Furs direct from the factory, at the

We carry the largest line of Ladies', Gents' and Children's Underwear and Rubber Boots and Shoes in the County, and sell them below all competition.

## B. R. DESENBERG & BRO.,

The One Price Big Double Store.

### **GROSSMAN'S** FALL AND WINTER BARGAINS.

Cloaking and Overcoating. If you cannot be suited in a Cape or Jacket for yourself or children, we have the cloth in ASTRACHAN, B'AVER, CHINCHILLA, VELVET AND PLUSH AND FANCY CLOAKING for children's wear. We have also the trimming in FUR, such as Beaver, Marten, Orter, Mink, Ermine, Electric Seal, Ostrich Feather Trimming and a full line of cheaper furs. CLOAK SPECIALS.

adies and Misses Jackets, extra good value, at \$3.75, \$5.00, \$5.50, \$9.00 and \$12.50 (b. Electric Seal Capes, full length and sweep heavy silk lining, reduced from \$20.00 to \$13.18 MACKINTOSHES. In 2 or 3 capes, detachable; made of heavy covert cloth; worth \$5.00; special for this sale...........\$2.98
Also a full line of black and navy at special

H-siery and Underwear, Never before were such values offered in Ho-siery and Underwear. We handle only Ladies' imported Swiss Ribbed Vests, full regular made, high neck with long sleeves or short sleeves, black and white, reduced from \$1.50 to.....\$1.00 each KID GLOVES-SPECIAL.

fortable and graceful fitting corsets made Try them. If not satisfactory, your money

TREAT & REDDEN'S

Decorated Semi-Porcelain Ware

CALL AND SEE THEM.

Old Line Patterns at Cost.

For largest stock and best prices on

SCHOOL BOOKS

### CALL EARLY AT

Estate of Edward S. Marble. First publication Oct. 10, 1895. First publication Oct. 10, 1895.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien.—ss.
At a session of the Probate Court for said
County, held at the Probate Office in the city of
St. Joseph on the 4th day of October, in the year
one thousand eight hundred and ninety-five.

Present, JACOB J. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Edward S. Marble
deceased. In the matter of the estate of Edward S. Marble deceased.
On leading and filing the petition, dnly verified, of Lucy E. Bevilhymer, daughter and heir at law of said deceased, praying that, administration of said estate may be granted to Theodore R. Marble, or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 4th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon' he assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the city of St. Joseph, and show cause; if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said Courty, three successive weeks previous to said duy of hearing.

(A tree cony.) JACOB J. VAN RIPER.

Last publication, October 31, 1895.

First publication, Oct. 31, 1895.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—88.

Probate Court for said County.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate office, in said county, owednesday, the 23d day of October, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninetyfire.
Prescnt, JACOB J. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate,
In the matter of the estate of Eli J. Roe, In the matter of the estate of Eli J. Roe, deceased.

Ellis S. Roe, Administrator of said estate, comes into Court and represents that he is now prepared to render his final account as such Administrator.

Thereupon it is ordered that Tuesday, the 26th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the formoon, be assigned for the examining and allowing such account, and that the heire at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the city of St Joseph, in said county, and show cause, if any there be, why the said account, should not be allowed. And it is further ordered, that said Administrator give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of raid account, and the hearing thereof, by qualing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchnan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[FEAL.] JACOB J. VAN RIPER, Judge of Probate,

Estate of Eli J. Ros,

FUR

Capes & Jackets.

lowest possible prices.

trustworfhy and reliable maker, at the low-est prices. EXTRA SPECIAL.

Best \$1.00 Gloves for.

Best \$1.25 Gloves for.

Best \$1.50 Gloves for.

Best \$2.00 Gloves for.

In black, white, brown, tan, red, navy and green; every pair warranted, and largest assortment in the city to select from. BLANKETS. SHAKER FLANNEL. 2,000 yards gray Shaker Flannel in remnants of 2 to 10 yard lengths, good value 10c, for

Special Bargains in MUSLIN UNDER-WEAR, SILK WAISTS and UMBRELLAS. CORSETS,

Leo Grossman & Co., - South Bend.

### ARRIVED!

EVER SHOWN IN THE CITY.

AND SCHOOL SUPPLIES.

RUNNER'S

(A true copy.)

[L. S.]

JACOB J. VAN RIPER,

Judge of Probate. Judge of Probate Last publication Nov. 21, 1895.

### FINE CUSTOM MADE CLOTHING. 1-4 OFF FOR 30 DAYS,

FOR CASH ONLY

All accounts must be settled immediately, as we must have

Call and See Bargains.

W. TRENBETH,

MERCHANT TAILOR.

### NECESSARILY FOLLOWS

that long experience in buying and judging the value of furniture enables us to meet your wants wisely and well. We've mastered our business. So experience and eare have brought us a stock this season that will more than please you. Come and see.

O. B. RICHARDS,

**FURNITURE STORE** 

AT THE OLD



H. E. LOUGH.

In order to adjust the affairs of Chas. S. N. Dodd, the books of Dr. E. S. Dodd & Son must be settled. Therefore, ALL persons knowing themselves indebted to us will please call at once,

Yours Respectfully,

DR. E. S DODD & SON.

HYACINTH, SACRED LILY, EASTER LILY, and and hardy BULBS, are a new feature of our seed department.

Buy and plant them early.

#### D. L. BOARDMAN

I handle the celebrated Lackawanna and Lebigh hard Coal, and Jackson Hill Domestic Lump soft Coal, Blacksmith Coal. Orders may be left at Runner's drugstore. J. A. STEELE.

For a Good Shave or Hair Cui

WALTER HOBART'S BARBER SHOP, Front St., second door east of Roe's hardware. ALSO AGENCY FOR STAR LAUNDRY.

Late Rains Find Leaky Roofs.

CULVER & MONRO

**SELL SHINGLES** from 75c up to the very best. Now is a good time to make fences. The ground is soft. We have a nice lot of 7 ft.

CEDAR POSTS that we are selling cheap.

D. N. SWIFT D. D. S., DENTIST Office, Treat & Redden block. Successor to S. Ostrander.

GOLD CROWN AND BRIDGE WORK.

I will have constantly on hand Hocking Valley Soft Coal and Lehigh Hard Coal of the best quality, at the lowest prices. Orders may be left at Morris' prices. Orders Store, TERMS CASH.
C. L. WILSON.

### Our Cider Mill

Is again ready for making Cider. We also Grini All Kinis of Feed and Grain. Mill five miles west, on Telegraph road. W. P. GAUNTT.

C. W. MYLER, TOBACCO, CIGARS,&C.

CHOICE CONFECTIONERY. "Seldenberg's Best 5 Cent" and "Cuban King" Cigars, Front Street.

### BUCHANAN RECORD.

THURSDAY, OCTOBER 31, 1895. Entered at the Post-office at Buchanan, Mich.

The American Newspaper Directory for 1895 accords to the RECORD the largest circulation of any weekly published in Berrien County.

Buchanan Markets. Hay-\$12 @ \$16 per ton. Lard-10c.

Salt. retail-\$1.00 Flour-\$3.60@\$4.00 per bbl., retail. Honey-12c.

Live poultry-5@7c. Butter-18c. Eggs-18c. Wheat-60c. Oats -20c

Corn, 45c. Clover Seed-Rye, 58c. Beans-\$1.30 @1.50.

Live Hogs-312c

IMPORTANT NOTICE. Our friends who have appreciated

our efforts to run a newspaper on a business basis, will begin to reap a substantial benefit as the result of their co-operation with us. Beginning with May 1, we shall make a reduction in the subscription price of the RECORD, making the price only one dollar a year in advance. All subscriptions will be discontinued upon the expiration of same, as in the past. Send in your subscriptions and take advantage of our liberal rate.

Big Cloak opening at the big double

store, Nov. 2. Scott Whitman purchased the Jacob

Baker stock yesterday. Alonzo Vincent, mine host of Hotel Whitcomb at St. Joseph, has been granted a pension.

A large number of Buchapan people attended the Sunday school convention at Berrien Springs this week.

Bainton Bros. are putting in buckwheat grinding machinery at their Niagara Mills. Read their advertise-

A telegram from St. Joseph says, six hundred acres of cranberry marsh near Stevensville is on fire and the town in

The school house at Sodus was burned Monday with all its contents. The Big Four depot was badly scorched, and it took hard work to save the vil-

The wind of Sunday night filled a cut on the C. & W. M. road south of Joseph with sand, blocking the road until Monday noon, when the sand had been removed by a large force of men

A petition has been filed to have Mrs. Melvina Weaver of this township adjudged insane and sent to the Kalamazoo asylum to be supported by the

The jury in the case of the condemnation proceedings of the Benton Harbor and St. Joseph river railroad against F. A. Ogden is hearing testimony here this week.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the post-office at Buchanan, Mich., for the week ending Oct. 28, 1895: Mrs. Sadie Rogers, Mr. Henry York, Mr. Frank Gallinger, Mr. A. E. Howe.

Call for letters advertised. JOHN C. DICK, P. M.

The pupils and friends of the Howe school in Bertrand held a literary and musical entertainment, followed by a pie sociable, on Friday evening last. all kinds of Winter blooming | Ev ry one had an enjoyable time and the affair netted the library fund the sum of \$8.25. This school, under the lead of their teacher, Mr. F. G. Lewis

of Buchanan, is making a good record. REV. IRL R. HICKS, editor of Words and Works, has designed a family record book that is unique in its character, and is something that every family should possess. It is handsomely bound, is especially arranged for keeping a history of the various members the family and its ancestors. Its price places it within the reach of everyone,

Address, IRL R. HICKS, St. Louis, Mo.

The Newburgh (N. Y.) Daily Journal of Oct. 26 had an account of the wedding of Mr. Grant Kenny. of Brooklyn. and Miss Edith Symington Dickey, daughter of City Treasurer and Mrs. J. N. Dickey, of Newburgh. It may be of interest to RECORD readers fo know that one of the bridesmaids at this wedding was a Niles young lady—Miss Anne Beeson,-and the bride was a schoolmate of Mrs. D. H. Bower, of Buchanan.

Married, at the residence of the brides' parents, Mr. and Mrs. Eli Helmick, in Buchanan, Mich., Oct. 24, 1895, by Rev. Geo. Sickafoose, Mr. Fred C. Hathaway and Miss Wilmer Helmick. After the ceremony an elegant wedding supper was served, to which the guests did ample justice. Mr. and Mrs. Hathaway have gone to housekeeping in their new home on Moccasin avenue, we wish them a long and

happy life. Mrs. May D. Pearl, widow of Joseph | Townsh F. Pearl, the passenger who lost his Bainb life on the Chicora, has begun suit against the Preferred Masonic Mutual Accident Association of Detroit, to re-Bento cover a policy of \$5,000 and \$1,000 damages. In view of the fact that the other companies in which he held insurance have promptly settled the Galier claims, it looks very much as if this com pany would be compelled to pay.

A Correction.

In our issue of last week we published an excellent communication from Mr. F. J. Millar relative to a young men's reading room. Our types made made us say something which was not the intention of either Mr. Millar or the RECORD We intended to say "papers devoted to pugilism excepted" but the misplacement of a type made the sentence read "papers devoted to pugilism expected" which it is needless to say was an unintentional error on

#### Church Notes.

Rev. W. G. McColley will preach at the church next Sunday, on the following themes: Morning, "Christian Union"; evening, "The Kingdom of God."

Prof. S. L. Umbach, from Northwestern Bibilcal Institute of Naperville, Ill., will deliver a lecture under the auspices of the Y.P.A. at Evangelical church, Portage Prairie, on Sunday evening, Nov. 3. No admission fee will be charged, but a collection will be lifted.

#### PERSONAL.

Harry Bailey was in Niles yesterday. Mrs. A. Cottrell of Jackson visited friends in Buchanan this week. J. E. Barnes of Benton Harbor was

in town yesterday. Miss Ella Hahn returned on Friday evening from her visit in the West. Clayton Niles is now employed in the office of the Standard Oil Company

at Benton Harbor. Miss Adah Kingery returned yesterday, from a few weeks visit with

friends in Dowagiac. Mrs. C. E. Kerr of Saginaw has been visiting friends in Buchanan the past

Mr. and Mrs. Al. Emerson have been enjoying a visit from Mr. Emerson's mother and brother, the past week.

Dudley Stevens, who has been em-

ployed in H. E. Lough's jewelry store, eturned to his home in Coldwater on Chas. Gardner, foreman of the Hess Spring and Axle Works of Cincinnati,

is in Buchanan for a few days visit Harvey Sharts of Cincinnati came to Buchanan on Saturday, having secured employment in the Lee & Porter

Mails leave this place, as follows:

9:45 a. m., 12.45 p. m. and 5:35 p. m. WEST 12:00 m., 1:57 p. m., 3:13 p. m. and

5:35 p. m. The east mail closes 30 minutes sooner than above time.

Was it an Earthquake.

At a quarter of five this morning a distinct shock resembling an earthquake was noticed by a number of our citizens. In several instances the phenomenon was so noticeable as to rattle the window and a perceptible movement of the house was noticed.

Special meeting of Sylvia Chapter No. 74, O. E. S. will be held Saturday evening, Nov. 2, for practice and balloting, and Wednesday evening, Nov. 6 for initiations. A full attendance is desired at both meetings.

MRS. DELIA SCOTT, W. M. MISS C. R. WILLIAMS, Sec.

At high noon Tuesday, Miss Margaret Graves, daughter of J. B. Graves, a prominent wholesale lumber merchant of Benton Harbor, and Geo. F. Parsons, of Watervliet were married. George A. Dunham, cashier of the Manistee National bank, was groomsman. It was the swellest social-event of the season.

Real Estate Transfer. Walter Hatch and wife to Marv Wilte Eils. Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 16, 17, 18, 19 and 20, in Block 1, and Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, in Block 2, Lots 1, 2, 3, 4, 5, 6, 7, 8, 9 and 10, in Bleck 3, all in Hatch addition to the village of Buch-

John G. Holmes and wife to Kate Beckwith Lee, et. al., property in the village of Buchanan, \$8,500. .

Simon 'P. Gangler and wife to Wm. F. Bullard and wife, property in the village of Berrien Springs.

Sophia Merwa and Leonhart Knoll to William Kramer. lot 7 and 8 in Ryther's addition to the village of Three George A. Bryant and wife to Theo-

dore Dittmar, lot 4, blk. B, in George Zimmerman's addition to the village of Galien, \$500.

Marriage Licenses. R. A. Shaner, 30, Niles; Alta P. Cran-Wm. E. Abee, 18, Watervliet; Hattie Hinkley, 18, same.

Jacob L. Clavenger, 20, Niles; Edith E. Edward Glens, 25, Cerro Gordo; Bessie Trayler, 18, same

John Faulkes, 28, Terre Haute; Bertha Chrest, 26, St, Joseph. Chas. W. Brockway, 28, Galien tp.; Nora Dunkleberger, 20, Weesaw tp. Fred C. Hathaway, 22, Buchanan; Wilmer Helmick, 25, same.

George Fox, 26, Lake; Ella Emerson, Ralph Schrimer, 27 Coloma; Effie Dunbar, 27, same.

Merit E. Wayner, 24, Derby; Carrie Curis, 20, Royalton. Ellery Bagley, 25, Watervliet; Jennie

George Frederick Parsons, Grand Rapids; Marguerite M. Graves, Benton Harbor. Earnest Moennick, 27, Watervliet; Nettie Ethel Charpening, Covert. Isaac N. Barnhart, 21, Weesaw; Lizzie Huss, 29, Buchanan.

Fred B. Ullery, 25, Berrien Centre; Grace Simmons, 22, Fairland. Roman Cigauck, 21, Chicago; Mary Kozowski, 21, Lincoln tp. Stephen E. Ball, 33, Benton Harbor; Clara J. Drew, 23, Pipestone.

James Olds, 27, St. Joseph; Anna Stark,

Emil F. Kruger, 21, Buchanan; Maude The Board of Supervisors have decided and count

cided that the following is the real	۱ ٔ
and personal valuation of Berrien	١
county:	ì
Township or ward. Total.	۱ ۱
Bainbridge \$ 488 480	ŀ٠
Bertrand 1 055 822	1
Berrien 931 253	١,
Benton 899 877	ľ
Benton Harbor—	ľ
1st and 2d ward 553 340	Г
3d and 4th wards 754 129	ı
Buchanan 1 231 840	l
Chikaming 234 206	ı
Galien	1
Hagar 256 310	Í
Lake 443 000	L
Lincoln 283 515	1
New Buffalo 260 964	1
Niles City—	١
1st and 4th wards 568 615	ı
2d and 3d wards 1 005 818	
Niles 1 084 735	1
4	1

ipestone.....

-1st ward.....

2d ward....

Three Oaks.....

Watervliet.....

Oronoko...... 968 233 Clairvoyant Examinations Free. St.: Joseph...... 282 688 Weesaw..... 510 755

Mr. J. M. Russell, who, with Mrs. Russell, will soon leave for Selma, Alabama, to spend the winter with their son, Ralph, was the subject of a surprise at a regular meeting of Buchanan Lodge No. 68, F. & A. M., on Monday evening. Quite a large number of the members were present to congratulate the veteran Mason and witness the exercises. When the proper time the parlor. arrived Mr. F. A. Stryker, who was the principal mover in the project, arose, and in a feeling manner made the presentation, on behalf of the Lodge, of a beautiful and valuable gold headed ebony cane bearing this inscription nicely engraved on the top of

come that it was impossible for him to make a response, begging to be excused from trying at this time. Mr. Russell is one of the oldest menhers of this Lodge, being the first to receive the degrees after the institution' of the Lodge, in 1854, and from that time has continually taken an active interest in the affairs of the order, filling many of its offices, and for many years has been chairman of the relief committee, his conscientious performance of the duties of this position securing his reappointment year after year, and now, in the fullness of years. is assured that he holds a warm place

the head: "J. M. Russell, from Buch-

anan Lodge No. 68, F. & A. M., 1895."

Mr. Russell was so surprised and over-

#### in the affections of his brethren. MIKADO.

A Fine Performance.

The Buchanan Concert Company under the direction of Mr. F. J. Millar, made their bow to the Buchanan people, last night, in Gilbert & Sullivan's

comic opera, of Mikado. When the curtain rose, the opera house was well filled with an appreciative audience. The performance was one that reflected great credit on all who participated. The choruses were excellent. F. J. Millar's interpretation of Koko, Lord High Executioner, was capital; Nankipo was portrayed by Mr. L. Boardmon in an excellent manner; Mrs. D. L. Boardman, as Yum Yum, was charming, her solos being well rendered; Katisha. impersonated by Mrs. H. D. Rough, was excellent and her solo work effective; Claude Moulton interpreted the most difficult character of Pooh Bah

in an exceedingly creditable manner; Mrs. John R. Bishop as Pitti Sing, Bertie Peck as Peep Ba, Mr. Wm. Monroe as the Mikado, and J. W. Beistle as Pish Tush, all filled their role in an excellent style, not forgetting the standing army of Japan, as personified by Walter East as Yeng. The chorus of ladies and nobles of the court were comprised of Mrs. Robt. Blake, Mrs. Dr. Peck, Mrs. Fred Eaton. Misses Grace Palmer, Daisy Emery, Emma Hamlin, Georgia Wilcox, and

Will East, B. F. Bressler and Wm. The entertainment will net a very neat sum for the young men's reading room, which is to be opened here this winter. It was decided to repeat the performance this (Thursday) evening, with a reduction in the price of admis-

tion to 25 and 35 cents.

Try the Record Plan. We have over fifty subscribers who have net paid a cent, and now owe four dollars a piece.-Watervliet Record. These are the kind of men you find everywhere, who boast they do their share in supporting a peper .-Niles Mirror. All patrous should meet their obligations to a paper promptly. The amount to each subscriber is small, but with others it helps to swell the general fund which sustains the paper. The Saturday Herald would like to hear in a "substantial" manner from several of its subscribers who have received many

notices but pay no attention to them. —St. Joe Herald . Gentlemen, follow our plan of cash in advance, stop when time is up, ro money no paper, and you won't le troubled about such little accounts, subscribers will like it better, and you will have less worry and less dyspep-

sia. Try it awhile and see. Editor Buchanan Record:-Last Saturday evening a party of young people met at at the home of one of their schoolmates. After having an enjoyable time their party broke up and they dispersed to their several homes as was supposed. But eight of them, four girls and four boys thought to enjoy a great deal of fun at the expense of one of their companions. They concealed themselves behind the coal shed near the narrow guage track on the Niles hill and when Hugh Stephens after accompanying his friend home was coming down the hill one of the boys dressed in a sheet came out and met him, threw him down, took his watch from him leaving him to conjecture who his assailant was. Fortunately young Stephen had [presence of mind and quickly concluded it was one from the party trying to frighten him or it might have resulted disastrously to one or the other of them The rest of the girls and boys were hidden in the shadow of the building enjoying the fun as they termed it. Wouldn't it be well for the parents of these young people to give them some wholesome instruction of the great risks they run in such sport as this. A curfew bell would not be out of place in Buchanan.

B. R. Desenberg & Bro. will have a representative of the well known fur house of Walter Buhl & Co., of Detroit, at their big double store on Saturday, November 2. He will have a full line of Furs of all kinds in Capes, Cloaks, Jackets, &c., and it will be an opportunity of a lifetime to secure an elegant garment at but a slight advance over manufacturer's cost. Read the adver-

tisement on second page. If your children are subject to croup watch for the first symptom of the disease — hoarseness. If Chamberlain's Cough Remedy is given as soon as the child becomes hoarse, it will prevent the attack. Even after the croupy cough has appeared the attack can always be prevented by giving this rem cdy. It is also invaluable for colds and whooping cough. For sale by Barmore, the druggist.

The first and most important thing for the proper understanding of and fational treatment of chronic or linrering disease of any kind, is its thorough examinations and true diagnosis. You can secure this with a full explantaion of the cause, nature and extent

Shipp-Strong Ceremony.

Miss Lillian Myrtle Strong and Mr. John C. Shipp were married last evening. The ceremony took place at the residence of Mr. and Mrs. F. E. Mc-Gurin, 664 East First South street, and was witnessed by a few relatives and

Promptly at 9 p. m. Miss Sinclair struck the opening chords of the Lohengrin march, and the bride and groom descended the stairway and entered The alcove window had been changed into a bower of autumn leaves, relieved by cosmos and white roses.

Under this canopy stood the Rev. Clarence T. Brown, and as the bride and groom stood before him he read the service making them man and It was a very pretty wedding. The white and green color scheme was carried out in all the decorations. Smilax

entwined in the woodwork, while the white cosmos and white roses were used in greet profusion. The bride wore an elegant gown on Deuchsse satin made plainly, but a. en traine and with large puff sleeves The neck was cut high, and the trimmings were of Duchesse lace. The veil was worn clasped at the crown

hung from the chandeliers, and was

with a white rose. The bride is a daughter of Mr. and Mrs. Howell F. Strong of South Bend, Ind., and is guest of Mr. and Mrs. Mc-Gurrin. The groom is a well-known young business man. Salt Lake will be their future home.

At the conclusion of the ceremony, last night, and after all had congratulated the young couple, the guests sat down to a dainty wedding supper, cov-ers being laid for sixteen. The table was beautifully decorated in white and green and lighted by many wax tapers. The menu was delicions, and merriment raigned supreme until a hour. The wedding presents were numerous and very handsome. Salt Lake City (Utah) Tribune.

Tuesday, a party consisting of Rev. J. F. Bartmess and wife, S. E. Bart-mess and wife, Prof. Nauman and Perry Taylor went up to Cloud Cap Inn. The gentlemen of the party made the ascent of the mountain on Wednesday, in company of Will Langelle. The day was clear and the view perfect. All returned Thursday, after an enjoyable trip.—Hood River (Ore.)

Having returned to Buchanan and resumed dressmaking, I will be pleased to see my old customers and others, at my home, No. 23 North Third street. I will take special pains to have all the latest styles.

HETTIE BURROWS. MISS NETTIE TREAT, teacher of piano, desires a few pupils. Oct24m1 B. R. DESENBERG & BRO. will have

a representative of the leading fur house of Detroit at their big double store, on Saturday, Nov. 2d. Those desiring to take lessons in painting, will find it to their interest

now fully prepared to give instruc-MISS CARRIE SHAFER, dressmaker, over Desenberg's store, guarantees sat-

to call on HARRY WEAVER, who is

isfaction. James McAlpine and Dolly Foster, who formerly played the title roll with "Ole Olson," are now with the "Just Over Co." and will play here with 20

artists, Saturday, Nov. 2. DIAMOND GARMENT CUTTER. Have you seen this system yet? If not call at the school and see it. It is very simple to learn and can be applied to all garments, plain and fancy, including trimmings, sleeves and skirts, following all the styles as they change. Our pupils do practical work in the school. making the course very complete and thorough. Join with the

Edwin Hanford in the Shamrock. WANTED, SHEAR MEN, Inside and outside. Blade, nail, hole and back finishers, and one all arourd man capable of doing pattern work.

Steady work and good pay to immediate applicants. BRIDGEPORT MFG. CO..

Bridgeport, Conn. Our entertainment course of five attractions will open Nov. 9th with Fred Emerson Brooks, the celebrated California humorist. Season tickets \$1.

EXECUTOR'S SALE, At the late residence of Abram Broceus, deceased, on Tuesday, Nov. 12, commencing at 10 o'clock: Horses, cows, chickens, top buggy, double seated buggy, wagons, harness, fanning mill, plows, and other farming utensils, also potatoes, hay, corn, oats, etc., etc.

GEO. W. ROUGH, HENRY BROCEUS, Executive. N. HAMILTON, Auctioneer. We are the largest manufacturing concern in the SLOT MACHINE. Write us. Our Prices and terms will suit THE LEO CANDA CO.,

713 and 715 Sycamore St.,

Cincinnati Ohio. AUCTION. On my farm, 2½ miles south of Galien village, on Saturday, Nov. 9, at 10 a. m.: 2 brood mares, with foal, 2 spring colts, one three-quarter blood Jersey cow, 10 ewes, 1 brood sow and eight pigs, 150 bu. old corn, 150 bu. oats, 7 tons timothy hay, wheat and oat straw, 3 binders and mower, harness, buggy, wagon, farm implements, household furniture, etc.

ALBERT E. CLARK. JNO. BABCOCK, Auctioneer. Mrs. Howard Smith, dressmaking parlors over store of G. W. Noble. All the latest styles.

and Confectionary, at Scott's old stand, Buchanan, Mich. Ladies Visiting Cards. We have just added a new series of script type which is just the thing for ladies' calling cards, invitations, etc. We have the latest styles of cards, and

prices are reasonable. Call and see

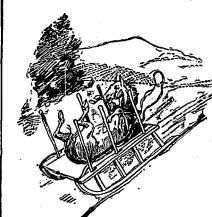
Awarded

them, at the RECORD office.

W. H. KELLER, Groceries, Fruits

Highest Honors-World's Fair. AMERICA CREAM BAKING

MOST PERFECT MADE pure Grape Cream of Tartar Powder. Free Dr. Miles' Nervine Ammonia, Alum or any other adulterant. 40 YEARS THE STANDARD.



### Something Unusual

mas presents in October, but it should be remembered that we have an unusual store.

The ordinary way is to wait till: few days before Christmas and then hurry around and buy presents without giving the matter the consideration it ought to have.

Considering the outlay, nothing is more acceptable than a pair of nice Slippers for a gift. Our assortment is large now. This is the time to make desirable selections. Pick out a pair and we'll lay them away until the holidays.

### **CARMER & CARMER**

32 FRONT STREET.

**FUCHANAN, MICH.** 

PUBLIC SALE. At the Geo. Colvin farm, four miles north of Buchanan and one-half mile west of river road, Thursday, Nov. 7th, at 10 o'clock, 3 horses, 3 colts, 2 cows, 7 pigs, 1 brood sow, 50 chickens, double and single harness, top buggy. Champion self binder, mowing machine, plows, bay tedder, farming implements, wheat in ground, 300 bu. corn, 12 acres corn fodder, other articles too numer-

ous to mention. GEORGE BRADLEY. H. A. HATHAWAY, Auctioneer.

WILL GRIND BUCKWHEAT. We have equipped our mill with the best and latest machinery for grinding buckwheat, and are prepared to do custom grinding. Call and see us at the

Niagara Mill, River street. BAINTON BROS. Quintette, You Bet,

Don't Forget. Best 5c Cigars made. BINNS, Opp. Hotel.

TO RENT. All or part of the desirable house on the Niles hill owned by J. E. Barnes. An elegant home set to fruit, and rightly managed the fruit will pay all the rent. Terms reasonable to the right party. Twelve room house, good barn, all in first-class repair. Possession given at once. Inquire of

M. INGERSOLL, Oak st., opposite saw mill. Shelf and Tissue Paper, all shades, clean and unfaded.

BINNS, Opp. Earl Hotel. Oysters by the quart or can at ARrhur's restaurant. A BARGAIN.

I have 80 acres of good land for sale cheap. Will accept house and lot in Bnchanan in exchange.

Pocket Books and Purses, new stock. If Troubled With Rheumatism, Read This. ANNAPOLIS, Md., April 16, 1894.—I have used Chamberlain's Pain Balm for rheumatism, and found it to be all that is claimed for it. I believe it to be the best preparation for rheumatism and deep seated muscular pains on the market and carefully recom-

mend it to the public. JNO. G BROOKS, dealer in boots, shoes, etc. No. 18 Main St. ALSO READ THIS. MECHANICSVILLE, St. Mary County, Md.—I sold a bottle of Chamberlain's Pain Balm to a man who had been suffering with rheumatism for several years. It made him a well man. A.

DRESS MAKING. - MISS ELMIRA BURKUS is prepared to do all kinds of work in this line, at her home, on Day's avenue, fourth house north of the M. C. depot.

J. McGill. For sale at 50 cents a

bottle by Barmore, the druggist. Oct

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria.

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria.

When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria.

When she had Children, she gave them Castoria

"For Charity Suffereth Long."

"Matron of a Benevolent Home and knowing the good Dr. Miles' Nervine has done me, my wish to help others, over-comes my dislike for the publicity, this letter may give me. In Nov. and Dec., 1893, The immates had the "LaGrippe," and I was one of the first. Resuming duty too soon, with the care of so many sick, I did not regain my health, and in a month I became so debilitated and nervou from sleeplessness and the drafts made on my vitality, that it was a question if I could go on. A dear friend advised me to try **Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine.** I took 2 bottles and am happy to say, I am in better health than ever. I still continu Its occasional use, as a nerve food, as my work is very trying. A letter ad-June 6, 1894. Mrs. LAURA C. PHOENIX. Dr. Miles' Nervine is sold on a positive guarantee that the first bottle will benefit. All druggists sell it at \$1,6 bottles for \$5, or it will be sent, prepaid, on receipt of price by the Dr. Miles Medical Co., Elkhart, Ind.

## A Word With You.

IN NEED OF FALL OR WINTER GOODS?

YOU SHOULD SEE OUR GOODS AND GET OUR PRICES BEFORE YOU BUY

The following will interest you if you are in need of anything

Men's all wool Scarlet, Gray or Fancy Striped Underwear..... 68c Men's pure Australian Lamb's Wool Shirts or Drawers...... 79c Children's wool Underwear.....30 to 50c Children's cotton Underwear....12 to 35c Men's wool Fleeced Shirts, worth \$1.00 68c Men's Cotton Shirts or Drawers, 23 to 35c Ladies Wool Hose, dandies..... 15 to 40c

#### Men's half wool red and white striped Gent's Wool Hose, good value...12 to 30c Shirts or Drawers...... 39c

### Prices are the Convincing Arguments. But Little Talk Necessary.

Come and see the elegant line of Crepons, Novelty Goods, Serges, and all other kinds, in the latest styles and at lowest prices. A full line of Table Linens, Napkins, Prints, Shirting Flannels and Cotton Flannels. Well, a full line of everything

to select from. Come and see the goods. I will be glad to show them. Yours Truly.

### S. P. HIGH.

Greatest Wonder of the Age.

Fire and Waterproof Leather Men's, Boys' and Youths' Shoes.

I have a shoe that you cannot burn and is waterproof. Call and see it before buying.

J. K. WOODS.

FOR SALE ONLY BY



E.S.ROE

HARDWARE.

### Your Wife Can Run

Your household ever so much easier, more economical, and with infinitely less friction and domestic infelicity, if you will only buy her one of the

## TUULIC QUANTING 910AE9.

and see us for anything in the hardware line. Eave troughing and roofing a specialty.

Prices will suit you. 'Come

GODFREY. Restores Health

in this line: | Ladies' all wool Scarlet or Natural Wool Vests or Pants..... 79c Ladies' Cotton Vests or Pants...25 to 50c

OTIS BROS. Second door east of Bank.

absolutely pure

PRAYER.

O thou, at whose command divine The raging storms of ocean cease, This wild, unruly heart of mine This heart, that only feels the glow That every changing passion lends,

And, through its erring love, brings woe Alike upon itself and friends. Deliver it, good Lord, I pray of sinful hast and break the sway Of every passing vain desire, Give it, O Lord, a changeless aim, That, in the contemplation blest, Forgetting doubt and fear and shame,

It may at last find endless rest.

—C. M. A. in Academy.

#### HE KISSED HER.

"I know a story," said my friend, "which proves a considerable number of great truths." "For instance?"

"Well, it proves that circumstances alter cases, and that women are unreasonable beings, and that everything depends upon the point of view." 'Anything else?"

"It also proves that long engagements are a mistake and that there are some trifles about which a man does better to deceive his wife."

It must certainly be your own story if it proves all that you say," I said. "Why don't you write it out-make a book of it, for example, and call it 'Every Man His Own Don Juan?"

But my friend protested. "It wasn't quite so bad as that," he said. "I'll tell you about it if you like and you can judge." So I agreed to listen, and he told me.

"Ours was a long engagement, but at last we ended it."

"You broke it off?" "No, no, we married. It is not an unwhole it has turned out very well. I to surpass Garrick. don't complain. Only there have been awkward moments. I suppose there nearly always are. Moments, for inhave ever loved before."

There is a stereotyped answer to that question, my friend," I interposed.
"I know. I used the cliche. I was cliche printed and framed and glazed and hung up in the bedroom. But the matter did not end there. Pauline was | charge. always fishing for confessions. Had I always been faithful to her during that son at Drury Lane in Smith's "Book long engagement in thought as well as For a Rainy Day," we find that in Garact? If not, I must tell her-I must con- rick's last nine performances Mrs. Sidfess. She was sure there hadn't been

live in a fool's paradise." "And do you mean to tell me that you are actually capable of believing a woman when she says that she doesn't want to live in a fool's paradise?" "Not now, not now. I should always use the cliches now. But I was bolder to each other. His profession made him

"More rash, you mean." "More rash, then, if you prefer the word. You see, the truth was so very

unimportant, and she might be imagining something so very serious. So I thought that if I told her it would clear the clouds away.'

the clouds than in discovering definite spots upon the sun?" Pauline's sense of humor. She had often told me that she had more sense of hu-

mor than the average woman." "Every woman," I insisted, "is an was the exact story that you had to

And he told me all about it, quoting, so far as his memory served him, the exact words in which he had told it to

"'It is nothing so very terrible, Pauline,' I said. 'Such a trifle that, till you questioned me, I had forgotten all "But you must tell me,' she urged.

'Oh, yes, you must tell me or I shall be afraid that it is something dreadfull' "Ah! Well then, in that case I must confess.' I said. 'It was a long time ago, when we were engaged—that summer, you know, when I was traveling in Switzerland. I was staying for a few days at the little hotel that stands beside the falls of Tosa, in the Val Farmazza. There was a girl there—a beautiful girl like you, dear, only in a different way-a sweet, helpless, clinging little thing, with a complexion like a peach in bloom, and the very loveliest auburn hair.

"Pauline interrupted. 'You mean red hair. I hate it! I think it very ugly!' she exclaimed. "My friend, that jarring note ought to have warned you," I remarked. "I know. It frightened me, and I tried to stop, but Pauline would not let

And he resumed his narrative. "'I hate red hair too, as a general rule, because your hair is black, I told her. 'But it pleased me then. You see, I was traveling quite by myself, and I was feeling lonely and was glad to find some one whom I could talk to. So I broke the ice at dinner, and afterward the girl and I always chatted with each other when we met.' "'You quite forgot to tell her that

you were engaged to me, I suppose?' Pauline inquired. "I had of course. That was the whole point of the story, and it was inartistic

of Pauline to pretend to be surprised. I did not reproach her for that, however, but continued. "'No, dearest. If I had told her,

there would have been no confession for you to wring from me now. If I had told her, she would never have walked out with me that night to watch the moonlight shining on the waterfall. But she came, and we sat on a rock together listening to its music. You must not be angry with me, Pauline, for I have been sorry ever since. You must rather pity me for being weak. For the whole air seemed full of noetry and passion, and the was very pretty, and she nestled very close to me, and then-forgive me, Pauline, I hardly knew what I was doing, and it all happened such a long time ago-then I put my arm round her waist, and she let her head fall on my shoulder and looked up with her lips a little parted expecting to be kissed. And

then'--"'And then?' Pauline repeated. "And then, Pauline, I remembered you. It seemed to me that, through the hazy white mist of the broken water, I saw your beautiful gray eyes looking at me sadly, reproachfully. I was ashamed and horrified. I wished that I had never

So you never kissed her after all! "She said it jubilantly, and I should have lied. It was the psychological moment for a lie. It was better that she should misindge me than that I should give her pain. And yet it hurt me to be misjudged, and I protested.

"Pauline, Pauline, how could I help kissing her?' I said. 'It was wrong of me—I know it was wrong of me—to have gone so far. I hated myself for it, but how could I draw back? What would she have thought of me if I had drawn back-then? No, no, Pauline. I longed not to kiss her, but I was obliged to. It

was the penalty that I had to pay for doing wrong. Tell me, Pauline, what else could I have done?" "But Pauline knew very well what

else I could have done.

"'You ought to have told her you vere engaged to me,' she said. "'Pauline, Pauline! When I had in my weakness and folly led her on so far that her head was resting on my shoulder, and her mouth was waiting for a kiss, you say that I should have suddenly turned round and told her that I was engaged to you. I could not be so cruel. I do not believe that any man living could have been so cruel. In the beginning I meant to kiss her for my pleasure, and in the end I had to kiss her as my duty. It ended there, for I went down to Domo d'Ossola the next morning, and I have never seen her since. But I insist, Pauline, that my duty my solemn, sacred duty—was to kiss her then. Imagine the poor girl's feelings if I had drawn back from the kiss

to tell her about you.' "But Pauline was inexorable. "You had no business to consider her feelings,' she said, 'when you were engaged to me.'"

The story was over. My friend paused for a minute and then said: "There, doesn't that prove that circumstances alter cases, and that women

ro mireasonable beings?" "Perhaps," I answered. "But I prefer the other moral—that long engagements are a mistake, and that there are some trifles about which a man does better to deceive his wife."-Francis Gribble in New Budget.

Garrick as a Manager.

Many of Garrick's actors thought themselve: in certain characters superior to their manager. Barry as Romeo, Quin as Othello and Foote as Bayes usual alternative, I believe, and on the were considered by their own adherents

Mrs. Woffington's Sir Henry Wildair was so much applauded that Garrick abandoned the part, and, in fact, for the stance, when my wife has asked me if I sake of harmony he often gave up favorite parts to other members of the company. Mrs. Siddons, who acted at Drury Lane during Garrick's last season, complained that she was kept back even prepared if necessary to have the through the jealousy of her manager. We entirely agree with Mr. Knight that there could be no foundation for such a

In a description of Garrick's last seadons acted six times and always in anything serious, and she would forgive leading parts. As a manager Garrick me. I mustn't think that she wanted to was liberal, and his rule was firm and just. Even Mrs. Abington, for many years the most intractable of his subjects and a constant thorn in his side, was obliged to comply with his orders. "Mr. Garrick and his profession," said Johnson, "have been equally indebted rich, and he made his profession respectable."—Athenœum.

The Orator. The Rev. Dr. A. D. Mayo, in a recent interesting address, quoted James Walker, a former president of Harvard, as saying, "The oration will die with "You didn't understand that women Mr. Robert C. Winthrop." But the oraare happier in wondering what is behind tion in no sense died with Mr. Winthrop. What is more, the oration, we may be sure, will never die until hu-Not then. Besides it was rather a man nature is fundamentally different funny story in its way, and I relied on from what it is at present. It is the fashion nowadays to speer at eloquence. One might as well sneer at music or poetry. Walker's reference to Winthrop was fine, considered as a compliment, average woman in her appreciation of a Taken literally, it will not hold water. certain kind of funny story. But what It recalls an assertion made by Mr. Howells a few years ago that the stories had all been told. In fact, hasty generalizers are always with us. People are more critical than they used to be, they are more easily bored, they have less time for anything than they ever had before. Nevertheless the man with a genius for oratory, the man who has something to say and who knows how to say it-who can say it with a silver tongue—is a perennial. He will always command an audience.—Boston Commonwealth.

EPHRAIM AND THE BEAR.

How He Killed a Yearling In a Fair Fight Without Weapons. Old Ephraim Hatfield, father of Anse and Elias Hatfield, of McCoy-Hatfield feud notoriety, was a born fighter. He was also a mighty hunter, and had one ambition. It was to kill a yearling bear in a fair fight without any weapons other than those nature provided him with. Every day that he felt especially strong he would go out with his dogs and his boys, and, treeing a bear, would get him down and fight him. When bruin would begin to get the best of the encounter, he would call his boys to let loose the dogs. Year after year passed

and Ephraim had not yet whipped a One day a fine yearling bear was treed, and as Cuffy was climbing to a place of safety old man Hatfield cut off piece of the animal's tail with a quick plow of his knife, and the bear came down. Ephraim threw his gun and knives to the boys and cried out:

"He's a likely varmint. Stan aside, boys, an watch yo' dad. I'm comin, bar!" And he clutched the bear by the throat.

The animal got its paws around Ephraim, and they fought, rolling in every direction, until it was almost impossible to distinguish man from beast in the cloud. The boys held the dogs and encouraged the old man by shouting to him:

'Go it, pap! You've got 'em! Give it to 'im, đađ!'' Down the hill the two rolled until they could roll no farther.

"Let loose the dogs!" shouted the old

man. "Let 'em loose! The critter's got But the boys thought the old man would never have a better opportunity to realize his ambition and whip a yearling bear and kept the dogs away. Finally Ephraim, seeing that he was not to have assistance, began to use his feet and hands with an energy born of despair, and in half an hour he succeeded in choking the animal to death, but not until his clothes were torn to shreds and his face and body were covered with gaping wounds, from which the blood flowed so freely that it left a crimson trail wherever the man went. Dragging the carcass out of the pit Ephraim started after the boys and it would have fared roughly with them, but they ned. The old man reached his home and was almost dead from loss of blood, but his ambition had been realized-he had whipped a yearling bear in a fair fight. The boys hid out in the woods for several days, and would not return until their father, whose joy at his success had got the better of his pain and an-

Cincinnati Enquirer. It Soothes Lim.

ger, sent them word that he would not

whip them if they returned. Hatfield

never wearied telling how he whipped

a yearling bear, and his sons are equally

proud of their father's achievement.-

After a man has pounded on the door for half an hour it makes him feel pleasant to be asked by his wife if he wants to come in.—Los Augeles Express.

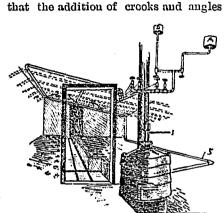


HEATING OF FORCING HOUSES. Steam Compared With Water-High Exnansion Tanks.

The system of heating now used in large forcing houses is that of the closed circuit, in which the warming medium is conducted through small wrought iron pipes, which may be laid either above or below the benches. The warming medium may be steam or water. Each has superlative merits for particular purposes. Various tests have been made at the Cornell university station. The general practical results of the first experiment, as reported by Professor Bailey, were:

1. The temperatures of steam pipes average higher than those of hot water pipes under common conditions. 2. When the risers or flow pipes are overhead, the steam spends relatively more of its heat in the returns, as bottom heat, than the water does. 3. The heat from steam distributes itself over a great length of pipe more readily than that from hot water, and steam therefore has a distinct advantage for heating long runs. 4. Steam is preferable to hot water for long and crooked circuits. 5. Unfavorable conditions can be more readily overcome with steam than with

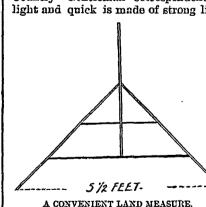
In the second test, one of the points for particular study was the effect of crooks and angles upon the movements of steam and water. The conclusion was



REATING APPARATUS in pipes is decidedly disadvantageous to the circulation of hot water and of steam without pressure, but the effect is scarcely perceptible with steam under low pressure. Another point receiving attention was the time required to heat up steam and water systems. The test showed that "in starting a new fire with cold water circulation begins with hot water sooner than with steam, but it requires a much longer time for the water to reach a point where the temperature of the house is materially affected than for steam to do so." It was also found that "the length of pipe to be traversed is a much more important consideration with water than with steam, for the friction of the water poon the pipe is much greater than the friction of steam, and a long run warms slowly with water."

In 1893-4 a third series of tests was made to again compare water and steam and to determine the effect of different pressures upon the water system by using high and low expansion tanks. The house and heater were the same as those used in the second test, a leanto ttuce house 16 by 27 feet, and a new elty hot water circulator, the apparatus set up. Three 114 inch risers or flow pipes run just under the roof, all unit ing into one return. A delicate thermometer was let into each riser at the farther end (Nos. 2, 3, 4,) and one into the return (No. 5) near the heater. Another was inserted in the riser (No. 1) just above the heater. These recorded the inside temperatures of the runs, for the naked bulbs were let into the very centers of the pipes Two expansion tanks were provided, one (A) 10 feet above the top of the heater and another (13) 20 feet above it. Either one or both of these could be shut off by means of a valve. The heater is designed for water, and the pipes were laid for water, being higher at the farther end. When the apparatus was used for steam, the water was simply lowered in the heater reservoir, so as to make room for evap oration, and the piece of four inch pipe which led out of the top of the heater served for a steam dome. Of course the expansion tanks were shut off when steam was running. The advantages therefore were in favor of the water system, but all former conclusions respecting the superiority of steam over water, for the conditions given, were reaffirmed. It was concluded that "in heating by water in closed circuits a high expansion tank may increase the efficiency by allowing the water to become hotter throughout the system and giving a better circulation." Satisfactory results are reported with illuminating gas as a fuel.

A Land Measure. A land measure recommended by a Country Gentleman correspondent as light and quick is made of strong light



A CONVENIENT LAND MEASURE. wood. It is securely fastened together, after the manner illustrated in the cut.

Its advantage over any similar land

measure is that it turns readily in the

hand. The ends of the legs are pointed, and when fastened to the center pole should be 51/2 feet apart. Three turns make a rod. WHEN TO IRRIGATE AND HO₩. Kansas Farmer.

As Explained by a Correspondent of the The very first duty of the irrigator who has his lands in proper shape to irrigate is to turn the water on in sufficient volume to thoroughly wet the ground, including the subsoil. In all cases where water can be obtained in the autumn, after the season's crops are harvested and before the ground freezes up, turn on a volume equal to four to six inches of water, which will soak into the ground and much of it will be stored there to assist in supplying the requirements for the next year's crops. If this has been done, then when the frost leaves the ground in the spring the soil will be found to be quite fri able; as the freezing expanded the earth particles it left interstices between these particles into which air finds its

It would seem that air is as impor tant and as necessary for plant life and vigor as it is for animal life. Therefore, every effort must be made to retain this air in the soil. A flood of water drives the air out, but if the water be allowed to soak away into the soil and the soil allowed to assume a normal condition before being stirred Ramsay. The song is of uncertain anthe air will follow the receding water | tiquity. One version is dated 1716. An-

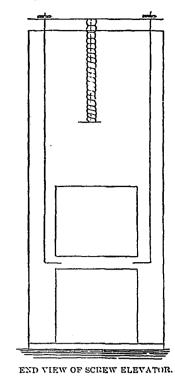
and again take its place. In good time before plowing in the spring water the ground thoroughly. When in good working condition, plow carefully, then as soon as possible harrow or otherwise pulverize the soil very fine. Cultivation, careful cultivation, intense cultivation is more important from now on until crop is harvested. than water. Do not depend on water alone, but depend more on careful and intense cultivation to produce the big

crop yields. Many irrigators just undertaking farming by irrigation are liable to drown the crops. Besides they will waste the water by putting too much on the ground during the growing season, by watering too much at a time or too often.

Eandling Surplus Honey. In handling the heavy surplus ar rangements full of finished honey on the

Simplicity hives, an Iowa contributor to The American Bee Journal uses a "bench screw elevator." It has four three-eighth inch rods bent in at the bottom ends and hung to the four corners of a frame. This simple

and cheap contrivance has been a source



of comfort and a saving of much heavy lifting. The ease with which it can be manipulated and the surprise it causes the bees at seeing their season's surplus soar heavenward, without apparent cause, would bring a grin on a solemn face. So gently is a full case raised that scarcely a bee ever leaves the combs to interview the delighted operator. Nonpatented.

Growing Plants by Electricity. Interesting experiments in electro-horticulture are being conducted at several of the experiment stations, different systems being tested. One of these is the direct application of electricity, furnished by a dynamo, to the plant itself and to the soil in which it grows. Another is the distribution of atmospheric electricity among plants by a similar method. Still other tests are being made with both are and incandescent electric lights for supplying sunlight, so to speak, at night.

At the Ithaca (N. Y.) experiment station Professor Bailey, by aid of electric lights burned all night in greenhouses, forces plants to do both day work and night work. Sunlight as well as atmosphere and water is necessary for a plant's development. The electric light resembles sunlight in its composition more than does any other artificial light. Artificial lights are found to produce much the same effect upon plants as does sunlight, only in a smaller degree.

At the Minnesota state experiment station and on farms in the vicinity the practical method of ridding farms of grasshoppers is known as the "hopper

Until the present season chinch bugs have been unknown in Ohio. Nebraska will produce this year the largest yield of grain in its history. The Western Rural says that sheep are the most popular and a little bit the most profitable stock in Montana. Fruit is abundant in Illinois.

More cattle will be fed in Nebraska this year than ever before. Corn and potatoes promise good crops in Wisconsin.

The best remedy for lice on hogs or other stock is Dalmatian or Persian insect powder, or California insect powder, as it is sometimes called At the Arkansas station the Spanish variety is the peanut preferred as a

PICTURES AND EYES. How to Adjust the Latter to Properly Ob-

food for swine.

serve the Former. The observer, in order to see a picture to the best advantage, must adjust his vision to that of the artist who produced it. Most of us do this justinctively. Not only do we select the best point of view from which to observe a picture, but we r-cede from the painting until the lights and colors blend in fust the right degree. In addition to that many instinctively pinch the eyes together, producing thus a momentary astigmatism, such as the artist had produced in his own eye, and find the picture thus apparently im-

proved. A most useful appliance for viewing pictures is the so called stenopaic slit. This is merely a slit one or two millimeters in width in a card or thin plate of brass. Simple as this device is but few persons are aware of how much it adds to the effect in viewing paintings, as it allows the rays of light in only one meridian to pass through the cornea of the observer. If he wishes to look at a painting done by an artist whose vision is normal, or nearly so, the ob server turns the slit around to correspond with the meridian of his own best vision. If, however, he looks at a picture in which it is desirable to have overlapping of the retinal images—at one where the colors must be mixed in the eye, for example-it is necessary to rotate the slit to another position, usually at right angles to the first, and with this a canvas which before showed too clearly the blotches of color now becomes blended

into a much more perfect whole. I would recommend this simple de vice to any one who has not already experimented with it. Thus, by adjusting our own personal equation of eyesight to that of the artist, we literally obtain his point of view. The colors are heightened, the daubs blend and new beauties appear. Instead of seeking, like our friend mentioned at first, for "the handiest way to get out of this 'ere place," we are glad to stay longer to study and to enjoy. Here, as everywhere, it is art and science together that yield the richest result. If science is allowed to be the interpreter, we may gain a heightened enjoyment of art and the artist a comforting increase of appreciation.—Lucien Llowe, M. D., in Popular Science Monthly.

His English Fit. "What makes the rhinoceros so sulky today?'' asked the gnu. "Some one told him his clothes did not fit him," explained the springbok, "Dear me! And he is very angry at that? He is so thin skinned."-Indian-

"Auld Lang Syne." "Auld Lang Syne" is of uncertain origin, there being several versions of this deservedly popular song. One of the best is by Burns, but only the second and third stanzas are by this poet,

apolis Journal.

other is said to date from the sixteenth A Redeeming Feature. -My dwelling is bounded on the north by a gas works, on the south by an india rubber works, on the west by a vinegar manufactory and on the east

by a glue boiling establishment. B.—A nice neighborhood, I must say. A .- Quite so; but it has one advantage. I can always tell which way the wind blows without looking at the weathercock.—Humoristische Blatter. the second of th

A MORMON LESSON.

AN INDUSTRIAL SYSTEM THAT WAS FOUNDED BY A GENIUS.

Brigham Young Chose For the Corner stone of State the Sound Principle of Industrialism-What He Did With the Problem of Irrigation.

On July 14, 1847, President Young and his follow pioneers passed through the picturesque outlet of Emigration canyon into the valley of the Great Salt lake. Utah was then Mexican soil, and the leader believed he could found whatever character of institution should suit him and his people. In the bitter anti-Mormon crusades of the past it has been alleged that "Brigham Young had chains on men's souls." There is no doubt that religious superstition, rendered effective by the marvelous machinery of the church, was partly the source of the leader's irresistible power with his own people, but back of the religious superstition and the church organization stood the brain of a great and masterful man. He knew that his power, to be enduring, must rest upon something material and tangible, and this something he discerned to be the prosperity of the people themselves. Brigham Young was an organizer of

prosperity. This was the real source of his strength. He did not aim at mere temporary prosperity. On the contrary, he fought everything that tended to that end, going to the length of actually forbidding the opening of the rich mines in the mountains near at hand, because he abhorred the spirit of speculation. He chose for the cornerstone of his state the principle of industrialism, and that principle lies there yet, at the base of a noble edifice of economic fact, reared by human toil and held firmly in place by the average prosperity of all who had part in its building. If the great architect and the superintendents and foreman who surrounded him enjoyed a larger share of the profits than the workmen, it is also true that the humblest hewer of stone and carrier of mortar was paid in proportion to the importance of his labors. And what fair mind can object to an industrial system that yields these results?

So far as can be learned, Brigham Young had no previous knowled to of irrigation when he entered Salt L. he valley. He quickly reulized that he had come to an arid country, which would be hopeless for agriculture unless artificially watered. With marvelous perception, he saw that irrigation was not a drawback, but an advantage of the most important sort. He realized that it meant freed in alike from the dangers of the drought and of the flood. He discovered that, having a rich soil and ample sunshine, and adding moisture by the construction of ditches, it was actually an improvement upon nature to be able to turn the "ra'n" either on or off with equal facility. And therefore he rightly concluded that he had found in these conditions the basis of the most certain workly presperity and the most scientific agriculture.

It remained for a later genius to remark: "Lr gation is not a substitute for rain. Rain is a substitute for irrigation, and a mighty poor one." But if the Mormon leader did not say so he evident y felt it. He perceived, furthernote, that irrigation was much more than an incurace policy upon the crops. It brought all the processes of agriculture which the realm of known facts, an I that is science

It even rendered possible the control of the sira of vegetables, and this becar. . important many years afterward, v.l. the Mermon people added a great sugar : to y to their industrial system, for it is important to grow sugar beets of about a standard size to get the best results. Modernie is required to give the beet a v gorem; growth at the beginning, but when it is well started weeks of uninterpreted sunshine are desirable in order to develop the saccharine qualities. Much ser, here at the wrong time drie up the cop, while much moisture at the wrong time produces a beet pleasing to look upon, but unprofitable at the fac-

tory.
Erigham Young also realized, almost at the first, that the necessity of careful irrigation largely increased the labor upon an acre of land, but he found that this labor was generously rewarded by the increwed yield both in quantity and quality. And from this fact he drew the most important principle of his commonwealth, which was the division of land into small holdings. Closely related to this is the other twin factor in Mormon presperity—the diversification

of farm products to the last degree. Natural conditions, even where there s the most abundant and well distribut ed rainfall, are often favorable to the production of only a few crops. But the Mormons realized that the skillful application of water just where and when needed, and in just the right quantity, and by the very best method, rendered possible the widest variety of fruits, vegetables and cereals suited to the temperate zone. Thus Br gham Young taught the people that no man should own more land than he could cultivate to its highest point by his own and his family's labor, and that no man should go to a store for any article of food or clothing that could be profitably produced on his own small farm .- "The Conquest of Arid America," by William E. Smythe, in Century.

Eighteenth Century Children. A book published in 1726 lays down rules for children's behavior and gives an idea of what was considered proper deportment for boys and girls in the early part of the last century. First, of behavior at home. Children must always bow on returning home; they must never be covered in the house; they must not sit down without permis sion; they must never address their parents without a title of respect, as sir or madam; they must not approach their parents or elders without a bow. Next, of behavior at table. They must not sit down till they are bidden, nor till grace is said, nor must they ask for anything, or help themselves, or speak at table, or look at others eating. Thirdly, of behavior in company. They must enter the room with a bow; they must not speak till they are spoken to; they are not to cross their legs or sit with their knees wide; they are not to laugh loud, but silently smile; they are not to point or boast or to interrupt.

Imagine an American youth of today "silently smiling" if anything struck him as boing funny and think of our infant terribles waiting until they are spoken to before they address their elders. It is just as well that the good old author of this book is dead; he would be made so dreadfally pulnappy by this century's children .- Chicago

About 25 years ago a certain southern man brought a suit against the South

Carolina railroad for damages to his property. He lost the case in the superior court, but insisted upon carrying it to the supreme court, where he represented his own cause. He began his argument by saying whimiscally: "May it please the court, there is an old French adage which says, 'A man who is his own lawyer hath a fool for a

The next week the supreme court pronounced its decision, which was adverse to the southerner. He was in Augusta at the time, but received the announcement of his second and final disappointment by means of a telegram sent him by a prominent judge, who was an intimate friend of his. The telegram read as follows: "Judg-

ment for defendant in error. French

adage affirmed by supreme court,"-

Youth's Companion.

MASSACHUSETTS HIGHWAYS. Work Accomplished by the State Commission-llow Roadbeds Are Made.

The good work already accomplished by the Massachusetts highway commission is making itself felt all over the state, says the Boston Transcript. The comprehensiveness of the task undertaken and the difficulties in the way of its accomplishment are but little understood by the public at large. They have before them now 220 petitions, coming from towns all over the state. asking that work be done on the roads within their borders, and the commission is now building roads in 40 different places, and there will be completed by the end of the year from 60 to 70 pieces of road of various lengths. When all the work asked for in these petitions has been done it will mean the construction of between 700 and 800 miles of first class road. The original estimate for macadamizing a road 15 feet wide was from \$5,000 to \$5,500 per mile. That was under the old law, where the counties, through their county commissioners, were supposed to do the grading, build the fences, etc., leaving only the roadbed for the state to construct.

With one exception all the roads undertaken by the state are being built of broken stone. Where the foundation is clay or wet ground there is put in a foundation course of heavy ledge stone or field stone eight inches thick. A layer of gravel is then put on about four inches deep, and this again is covered with from four to six inches of broken stone. This makes a roadbed of the most approved pattern. Extra precautions have been taken on wet or clay ground by putting in side drains. A ditch is dug two feet and a half below the surface, through which are run drain pipes, and the ditch is then filled in with broken stone. This carries off all the water and leaves the core or roadbed absolutely dry. The natural soil is then shaped to conform to the crown of the road, and it is rolled carefully with a steam roller. Another coating is given of gravel or broken stone, or, on heavy soil, coarse ledge stone. Then the steam roller is passed over every part of it until the surface is left hard and smooth.

It will not cure everything. It is not claimed that it will cure but one complaint. that is dyspepsia. We cannot say that it will cure every case of dyspepsia, but it will cure a large majority of them. Such cases as are adapted to its use will derive immediate benefit. One small bottle will be sufficient to test it.

The Shaker Digestive Cordial is especially adapted for emaciated or elderly people whose food does them but little or no good. because it is not digested. The Cordial contains an artificially-digested food, and is a digester of food happily combined. R ad one of the little books which your druggist is now giving away and learn of this wonderful remedy..
A really palatable castor oil can now be had under the name of LAXOL.

MONEY WASTED ON HIGHWAYS. Most of It Goes For Repairing Our Poorly

Constructed Roads.

The total length of the common roads in this country, good, bad and indifferent, is estimated by General Stone of the road bureau of the department of agriculture at something over 1,300,000 miles. The majority of these roads have been opened by common laborers hired by county supervisors, and no engineerprinciples have been ob their construction, says the New York Post. As a result, it costs more to keep them in repair than if they were so many finely macadamized roads. Keeping these poor roads in repair and opening up new thoroughfares cost Massachusetts in 1893, outside of cities, \$1,-136,944, or \$66.30 per mile; New York \$2,500,000, or \$30 per mile, and New Jersey \$778,470.82, or \$43.25 per mile. The total expenditure for roads in that year amounted to about \$20,000,000. As a greater part of this enormous sum was spent to repair poorly constructed roads that would need exactly the same improvements again the next year, it is not an exaggeration to say that most of the money was wasted.

Fine roads can be constructed all the way from \$400 to \$5,000 per mile, according to the nature of the country through which they pass, the cost of crushed stones and other engineering problems. The cost of keeping these roads in repair is infinitely smaller than that required to repair the ordinary dirt roads each winter and spring, when great gullies and ruts are washed into them by the rains and floods The secret of the success of the fine roads in France is attributed to the prompt and systematic repairs made at all seasons of the year. This principle is observed upon our best railroads, and the great trunk lines that reduce the wear and tear to the smallest minimum by promptly repairing any defect or injury make the most money. This rule is just as true with macadamized roads. It is conomy both for the roads and the vehicles to repair the slightest defect as soon as discovered and before it has had

Deafness Can't Be Cured

by local applications, as they cannot reach the diseased portion of the ear. There is only one way to cure deafness, and that is by constitutional remedies. Deafoess is caused by an inflamed condition of the muccus lining of the Eustachian Tube. When this tube gets inflamed you have a rumbling sound or imperfect hearing, and when it is entirely closed deafness is the result, and unless the inflammation can be taken and this tube restored to its normal condition, hearing will be destroyed forever; nine cases out of ten are caused by catarrh, which is nothing but an inflamed condition of the mucous surfaces.

We will give One Hundred Dollars for any case of Deafness (caused by Cat rih) that we cannot cure by taking Hall's Catarrh Cure. Send for cir-

olars, free. F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75e

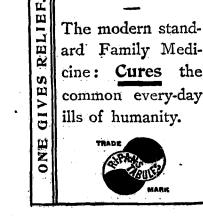
Notice of Sale of Real Estate

First publication Oct. 3, 1895.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—ss. In the matter of the Estate of Blanche A. Peck, In the matter of the Estate of Blanche A. Peck, mit or Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned Guardian of the estate of said Blanche A. Peck, minor, by the Hon. Indige of Probate for the County of Berrien, on the 23d day of September, A. D. 1895, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the premises in Galien township, in the County of Berrien, in said State, on Monday, the 18th day of November, A. D. 1895, at eleven o'clock in the foremone of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwic existing at the time of the death of said deceased, or at the time of the said the coath of said deceased, or at the time of the said the coath of said deceased, or at the time of the said with an undivided one-shall (½) of the east half (½) of the north west quarter (¼) of section fifteen (15), town eight (8) south, range nineteen (19) west, containing 80 acres more or less. Also such undivided interest in the west half (½) of the conth-east quarter (½) of section for the south-east quarter (½) of section for each of the south-east quarter (½) of section for each 190 to we pight (8) quarter (½) of section ten (10, town eight (8) south, range nineteen (19) west, containing 80 south, range nineteen (19) west, containing 80 scree more or less. Also, such undivided interest in the east one hundred (100) scree of the southwest quarter (½) of section ten (10) town eight (8) south, range nineteen (19) west; all in Berrien County, Midd.

ERASTUS MURPHY, Guardian. Last publication Nov. 14, 1895

R·I·P·A·N·S



# CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

"Castoria isso well adapted to children that | Castoria cures Colic, Constipation, recommend it as superior to any prescription rnown to me." II. A. Archen, M. D., 111 So. Oxford St., Drooklyn, N. Y.

within casy reach.'

gestion, Vithout injurious medication. "The use of 'Castoria is so universal and ts merits so well known that it seems a work

"For several years I have recommended of supererogation to endorse it. Few are the ntelligent families who do not keep Castoria

your 'Castoria,' and shall always continue to do so as it has invariably produced beneficia EDWIN F. PARDEE, M. D.

Kills Worms, gives sleep, and promotes di-

Sour Stomach, Diarrhoea, Eructation,

CARLOS MARTYN, D. D., 125th Street and 7th Ave., New York City New York City.

THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MURRAY STREET, NEW YORK CITY.

## New York Weekly Tribune

-AND-

## Buchanan Record.

ONE YEAR.

\$1.25.

Address all orders to

THE BUCHANAN RECORD.

\_\_239 FIFTH AVENUE, NEW YORK

Made from tannery calfskin, dongola tops, all leather trimmed, solid leather

Unequaled for beauty, fine workman-

ship, and wearing qualities. Your choice

of all the popular toes, lasts and fasten-

Every pair contains a paid-up Acci

dent Insurance Policy for \$100, good for

Wear Lewis' Accident Insurance Shoes, and go insured free.

SOLD BY G. W. NOBLE.

FIVE FACTS

**ABOUT** 

Firs. The Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry, runs through Vestibuled Trains daily Chicago to Denver, Colorado Springs and Pueblo, leaving Chicago via Kansas City daily at 5.00 p. m., and via Omaha at 10.03 p. m., arriving mountain cities second morning.

Second. The regular Tourist Car to California via Kansas City runs once a week, and leaves Chicago every Thursday at 6 p. m., Kansas City at 10 50 a. m. every Friday. Tickets based on second ciass rate, and car runs on fastest trains, and known as the Phillips-Rock Island Tourist Excursions. Car arrives at Colorado Springe Saturday, 7.35 a. m., and los Angeles Tuesday.

Third. Many persons are buying farm lands in Texas, Kansas and Oklahoma. The Great Rock Island Truns a Through Sleeper from Kansas City daily at 8.40 p. m., via Topeka, McFarland, Wichita and Fort Woth and Austin to San Anjonio. Two Rontes from there are—International R. R. to Larcuo, and Mexican National to the City of Mexico. Connections are also made at Forth Worth via the Texas Pacific to El Paso, and over the Mexican Central to City of Mexico.

Fifth. Send to address below for a Souvenir called "Summer Vacations," that gives much information to tourists. Sent free.

JOHN SEBASTIAN, G. P. A.,

—THE—

90 days.

soles with Lewis' Cork Filled Soles.

who love outdoors and believe that proper recreation in recreation hours results in better work in working hours, will find their favorite outdoor pastime treated by a master hand in every issue of . . . Outing. FEATURES which give OUTING first place in the hearts and front row on the books, lelves of Outino are: Rowing, Athletics, Hunting, Yachting, Fishing. All Field Games Amateur Photography. 4decuture The Man overworked brain, and in reading its pages is able to dispel visions o The Student cherishes CUTING as a true friend and always jolly companion, and its company passes many a rieasant moment be-n study hours. To know all the pleasure that

SEND 2 CENT STAMP FOR SPECIMEN. THE OUTING PUBLISHING COMPANY,

## Brewer & Son LEWIS' Accident Insurance Accident Insurance \$3.00 Sheet \$3.00 Sheet Accident Insurance \$3.00 Sheet Accident In SATURDAY, NOV. 9TH.



CURE EVERY CURABLE CASE. Consultation Free, and Reasonable Terms

We are prepared to show successful results in treating diseases of the Liver. Heart, Lungs, Stomach, Kidneys, Nerves, Rheumatism, Neuraligia, Debility, Youthful Indiscretion, Cancers, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, Diabetes, Dyspepsia, Dropsy, Chronic Diarrhoea, Eczema, Loss of Voice, Bronchitis. Pneumonia, Catarrh Consumption, Diseases of Women aspecialty, Influenza, Asthma, Tetter, Scrofula, Eruptions, Pimples, Humor, Blutches of long standing Address with stamp, DRS. BREWER & SON, EVANSTON, ILL.

Estate of August H. Kuhl. STATE OF MICHIGAN, Connty of Berrien, ss.—
Probate Court for said county.
At a sersion of the Probate Court for said county held at the Probate office, in the city of St.
Joseph, ou the 3d day of October in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and inety-five.
Present, Jacob J. Van Riper, Judge of Probate,
fu the matter of the estate of August H. Kahl, doceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified,
of Caroline A. Kuhl, widow of said deceased,
praying that administration of said seture may be
granted to Emile Koenigshof, or to some other Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 4th day of November next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to unpure at a respin of said Court then an other persons interested in said court, then a be holden at the Probate office, in the city of the Loseph, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that the said

petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, n newspaper printed and circulated in said count three successive weeks previous to said day hearing.
(A true copy.)

[L. S]

JACOB J. VAN RIPER,
Judge of Probate.

PENSIONS.

If you want a Pension or restuing, or any questions answered in Pension or Patent cases write J. L. STARK WEATHER, Attorney, Romeo Mich.

Mr. Starkwe-ther secured over ten per cent of all o ignal Pensions allowed in Michigan for the north of August, 1890. 503 allowed.—Detroit Deceeow28t

THOS. 5. SPRAGUE & SON Attorneys and Solicitors of Patents, United States and foreign. Correspondence solicited, Instruction Primphlet stree. 3 WEST

AND DON'T FORGET TO ENCLOSE THE DOLLAR,

THE BEST WEEKLY IN SOUTHWESTERN MICHIGAN.

D A CHAMMAN TO COLU A

52 DOSES, \$1.00 SEND IN YOUR ADDRESS.