TERMS, \$1.50 PER YEAR PAYABLE IN ADVANCE.

ADVERTISING BATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION

OFFICE-In Record Building, Oak Street Business Directory.

SABBATH SERVICES. SERVICES are held every Sabbath at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at the Church of the "Larger Jope;" also, Sabbath School services immediately after the morning meeting. Prayer and conferdance meeting every Thursday evening. A cordial invitation is extended to all.

UNITED BRETHREN CHURCH—Rev. H. H. Flory, Pastor. Sabbath services: Sabbath School 9:15 a. m.; Preaching 10:30 a. m.; Young People's Meeting 6:00 p. m.: Preaching 7:00 p. m. Prayer Meeting and Bible Reading Thursday avening 7:00. Everybody invited to all these services. 0.0. F.—Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds its regular meeting, at Odd Fellows Hall, on sech Tuesday evening.

R & A. M.—Buchanan Lodge No. 68 holds a regular meeting Monday evening on orbefore the full moon in each month. P. OF H.—Buchanan Grange No 40 meets on the second and fourth Saturday of each nonth, at 2 o'clock P. M. O.C. W.—Buchanan Lodge No. 98 holdsits A. reniar meeting the 1st and 3d Tuesday even-ing of each month.

A. R. -Wm. Perrott Post No. 22. Regular IX. meeting on the first and third Saturday vening of each month. Visiting comrades always welcome.

WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS, Wm. Perrott Post No. \$1. Mectings held regularly, in Grange Hall, first and third Saturday of each month. RS. HENDERSON & BRADLEY, Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Opera House Block. Residence No 90 Front St., one door Westof Perry Fox's. Calls answered all hours of day or night. One always in the office. R. Henderson and W. J. Bradley.

Y L. BAILEY, Homeopathic Physician and T. Surgeon. Office and residence in Imhoff's lock, Buchanan, Mich. M. WILSON, Dentist. Office, first deer north of the Bank. Charges reasonable and satisaction guaranteed. 1. S. MEAD, Manufacturer of Lumber. Cus ton Sawing promptly attended to on short potice. Buchanau, Mich.

H. M. Brodrick, M. D. Graduate of the St. Louis, Mo., Homoeopathic College, and Member of the Royal College of Physicians of Ontario, Diseases of Women and CONSULTATION FREE. Office and residence in Mrs. Dunning's building, Front Street, Buchanan, Mich.

BUILDING BRICK, ---AND----

JUNE BET Having recently erected an Improved Brick and Tiling Kiln I am now propared to furnish the

Meest Euricla the marketaffords. 11se

FIRST CLASS TILL C rauging in a sectrom two to eightinches.

HINRY ELODGETT. Normal & Collegiate INSTITUTE.

Benton Harbor, Mich. 25th Session Begins Sept. 1st, 1891. This Institute offers the highest inducements to students in Academic, Business, Elecution, Teach-ers, Music, Art, Kindergarten and Preparatory Courses Courses.

Business Course as thorough as, and Cheaper than at any other school. Teachers' Course unthan at any other school. Teachers' Course under the immediate charge of the Principal.

Academic Diplomas honored in all Courses of Michigan, W. Hesley, Oberlin, and other Universities and Colleges.

Superb Collecti: n of Apparatus; 16 experienced instructors; daily Delsartean and gymnastic drill; pleasant rooms; delightful location, and thorough discipline render the is stitution one of the most popular schools for higher education in the west.

Send for Annual Catalogue, free.

G. J. EDGCHMRE, A. M. Ph. D. G. J. EDGCUMBE, A.M., Ph. D Principal,

Dr. J. T. SALTER Would inform the citizens of Buchan in and and SUBDUER

Buchanan Drug Stores.



TRAINS EAST. LEAVE BUCHANAN.

 Mail, No. 4.
 10:03 A. M

 Day Express.
 12:07 P. M

 Kalamazoo Accommodation, No. 8.
 8:07 P. M

 Night Express, No. 12.
 12:08 A. M

 TRAINS WEST. LEAVE BUCHANAN.

Kalamazoo Accommodation, No. 13... 7:52 A. M. Mail, No. 11... 4:29 P. M. Evening Express, No. 7... 3:23 A. M. Pacific Express, No. 9... 4:23 A. M. A. F. PEACOCK, Local Agent. O. W. Rusches G. P. & T. A.

St. Joseph ValleyRailway.
On and after Sunday, Dec. 14, 1890, trains will run as follows:

Leave Berrien Springs..... 8:00 

DIX & WLKINSON.

MONEY TO LOAN.

n large or small sums, at low rates, on improved

COUNTY OFFICE BUILDING

BERRIEN SPRINGS MICH. MORTGAGE SALE.

# BUCHANAN RECORD.

VOLUME XXVI.

BUCHANAN, BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1892.

NUMBER 7.

Model Husband.

family of seven children, her mother

and three section men who board with her. I don't think she would marry

you, because Con Regan, the track

Let us examine into your qualifica

tions as a model husband after your

you shoulder a barrel of flour and car-

ry it down cellar? Can you saw and

split ten cords of hickory wood, in the

fall so as to have ready fuel all win-

ter? Can you spade up half an acre

of ground for a kitchen garden? Do you know what will take the lime

taste out of the cistern? Can you patch the leak in the kitchen roof?

Can you bring home a pane of glass

and a wad of putty and repair damages

in the sitting room window? Can you hang some cheap paper on the kitchen? Can you fix the front gate so it will not sag? Can you do anything about the house that Con Regan can? My

dear, dear boy, you see Nora Mulligan wants a higher type of true manhood. You expect to hire men to do all the

men's work about the house, but you

want your wife to do anything any

Believe me, my son, that nine tenths

of the girls who play the piano and sing so charmingly, whom you, in

your limited knowledge, set down as

mere butterflies of fashion, are better

fitted for wives than you are for a hus-

band. If you want to marry a first-

class cook and experienced housekeep-

er, do your courting in an intelligence office. But if you want a wife, marry the girl you love, with dimpled hands and face like the sunlight, and her

love will teach her all these things.

my boy. long before you have learned one-half of your own lesson.— Robert J.

Farm Notes.

Real good onion seed will sink when

Sow plenty of seed so there will be

no breaks to fill up with weeds.

Making the yield as good as possible

The value of manure does not de-

pend upon its bulk, but upon its con-

Getting the work done in good sea

Corn cobs contain a considerable per

The farm should be credited for

In sowing grass seed on hill sides go

Manure poor land to make it rich.

The best manure is that obtained by

saving both the liquids and solids. To-

gether they supply all of the clements

When commercial fertilizers are to be

used, it is quite an item to understand

what the soil needs, and then supply

Red clover and orchard grass make

a good mixture together, as they ripen

at almost the same time. Mammoth

clover and timothy also go well to-

to a good advantage in many ways, no only in preparing the soil for planting, but with the wheat and meadows.

Secure a good roller. It can be used

There are some ways at least in

which more protection would help the

farmer. If he would protect his cattle

from cold storms and winds, his poul-

try from vermin and his tools and ma-

chines from sun and rain, it would in-

crease his income and reduce his ex-

Swallowed a Horse.

Rev. Dr. W. C. Parker, a respected

preacher of Bremen, is authority for

the following tale, as reported in the

medicine in Carrollton. He now keeps a botel in Bremen. He went to Car-rollton the other day in his buggy, and

while there traded an old debt for

a good horse, and started out for

Boston in his buggy, leading bis new

Tallapoosa river bridge at Kingsbury's

m.ll be suddenly heard a roaring among

the trees, which he supposed to be a

storm. Looking up at the hill he saw

the forest in commotion and the trees

falling and bending toward him, and

in the midst of it a huge body which

proved to be a snake. The doctor put

whip to his horse and was quickly on

the horse he was leading, and plunge

into the river just above the bridge;

and as the snake poked his head out of

the other bank of the stream, his tail

still upon the other side of the hill, his

The horse having on new shoes kick-

ed through the stomach of the snake,

and the snake stopped and the stream

was dammed, and the water rose and

floated the snake to a level with the

bridge. The doctor jumped out of the

buggy, took out a big knife, and, cutting the hole larger where the

horse's feet were sticking out of the

snake's body, the horse flounced out

and mounted the bridge. The doctor

secured him to his buggy and drove

on, but by this time the water had

backed till the horse had to swim the

low ground, but they made their es-

Three Hundred Years Old.

The following superstitions are found

n an old German work on astrology,

embodying popular notions and re-

ceipts, printed in Leipzic in 1695. Some

To step over a child will stop it

from growing unless the same person

step back the same way.

If any one meets a hare or rabbit

when on a journey it is better to turn

Any one going to bed without mov-

Any one that has an empty purse

should be careful that the new moon

does not shine in it, or that purse will

not have anything in it as long as that

moon doth last.

A spider on your clothes in the

morning is not good luck, but in the

When a cat washes itself and puts

Anyone hearing dogs howl shall stop

and into your shoe, and you will have

afternoon or evening all is well.

ears, there will be rain.

good luck that day.

back unless the person turns around

three times.

body reached clear across the river.

When he was nearing the Little

"Dr. I. N. Chaney used to practice

penses .- Live Stock Indicator.

Atlanta Constitution:

furnishing a home, and in many cases

for a good supply of fruit and vegeta-

cent of potash; see that they are prop-

son is an important item in securing

the best results with all crops.

erly added to the manure pile.

educes the cost of the production.

woman can do.

Burdette.

evenly.

too much.

gether.

bores.

plant growth.

it as fully as possible.

oured into water.

dition and material.

own matrimonial ideas, my boy.

walker, is her style of man.

#### CARPETS

INOLEUM

Carpets are cheaper. In January of last year, all the old surplus stock of Carpets were sold at auction: The prices then made on Carpets were the lowest ever known. The manufacturers of new goods, in order to compete and sell their products, had to meet the prices made at this auction sale of old goods. We own the New Carpets at the low prices and will give our customers

A beautiful line of Smith's Nimes Mouquettes at 90 cents. Hartford Mouquettes, best quality, \$1.25. Hartford Mouquettes, choice patterns,

Wiltons, from \$1.50 to \$1.75. Velvets, from 90 cents to \$1.25. Body Brussels, good styles, at 75 cents, 85 cents, 90 cents and \$1.15. Tapestry Brussels, new styles, at 40 cents, 50 cents, 65 cents and 75 cents. In All Wool Extra Supers we can show all the newest and latest designs at from 50 to 65 cents. Cotton Chain Carpets, in all qualities and good value in each grade.

Large assortment in Plain Terry. New designs in Straw Matting. We are showing an India Matting, with Cotton Chain, something new and good, prices from 25 to 75 cents. Art Squares and Rugs in all sizes, shades

and prices.
Linoleum at 35 cents, 50 cents, 75 cents, \$1, \$1.25, and at \$1.75 Linoleum with figure printed clear through. Our shapes are made of handsome Opague, which will neither spot, fade or crack. We are showing the most beautiful line of Portieres ever displayed, and you can buy every kind of Lace Curtains, from Nottingham at 50 cents a pair, to a Real Swiss at \$50 a pair.

During this sale, all carpets made without extra charge. Come early and get the

Rose & Ellsworth.

South Bend, Ind.

Teeth! Teeth!



ARTIFICIAL TEETH, from one tooth to full sets. Filling Teeth with Silver, Bone or Amalgam 50 CENTS.

Fine Gold Fillings and Crown work a specialty. All work warranted for five years. STI still keep the Nitrous Oxide Gas.

OSTRANDER.

THE DENTIST. Redden Block Buchanan, Mich. New England Magazine,

THE LITERARY MAGAZINE OF BOSTON.

IT IS UNIQUE, CONTAINING AMERICAN LEGENDS, TRADITIONS, HISTORY, STORY and POETRY, PHILOSOPHY and MUSIC; SCIENCE and ART.

A Few Articles for 1892: STORIES OF SALEM WITCHCRAFT, Illustrated JAMES PARTON, Illustrated HOWELL'S BOSTON, Il'ustrated.

THE FUTURE OF ELECTRICITY,

Illustrated STORIES A PROMINENT FEATURE.

YOU want this carefully edited and finely illustrated literary magazine of Boston, whether you have any other or not. Every Number Finely Illustrated. IT TREATS OF AMERICAN SUBJECTS, past and present. Social questions are discussed in its PRICE,\$3.00 A YEAR. SEND 10C. FOR SAMPLE COPY.

For sale on all newstands. Address, NEW ENGLAND MAGAZINE, 86 FEDERAL STREET, BOSTON, MASS.

FARMERS, DEHORN YOUR CALVES ----WITII-----

LEWIS & BENNETT'S MULEY MAKER.

The Cruel Saw Displaced. The horns removed from any Calf three weeks old or under by the use of Fluid. No sawing; no gonging; no catting; no burning; no shock to the system; no raw sore; no blood; no after-treatment. Guaranteed or money refunded. MERRY BROS, Benton Harbor, Mich., agents for Michigan, Ohio and Indiana.

FLUID FOR SALE BY FLGID FOR SALE BY
TREAT BROS. & CO., Buchanan.
F. W. RICHTER & CO., Niles.
W. L. HOLLAND, St. Joseph.
C. L. SHERWOOD, Dowagiac.
WALTER A. WARD, Eau Claire.
H. KEPHART, Berrien Springs.
ALGER'S FEED STABLE, Benton Harbor.

Commissioners' Notice.

First publication Feb. 11, 1892.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien—ss.

Probate Court for said County.

Estate of Alexander Lamb, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate of said county, Commissioners on Claims, in the matter of the estate of Alexander Lamb, and six months from the 25th day of January, A. D. 1892, having been allowed by said Judge of Probate to all persons holding claims against said estate, in which to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment. Notice is hereby given that we will meet on Monday, the 21st day of March, A. D. 1892, and on Monday, the 25th day of July, A. D. 1892, at 9 o'clock A. M. of each day, at residence of Hoel C. Wright, in the township of Weesaw, in said county, to receive and examine such claims.

Dated, January 25, A. D. 1892.

HOEL C. WRIGHT,

AARON E. GARDNER,

CHARLES NORRIS

Last publication March 10, 1892. Commissioners' Notice.

Last publication March 10, 1892.

THE METROPOLITAN Accident Association, Royal Insurance Building,

ALL WHO OWE

G. W. NOBLE

NOTE OR CASH.

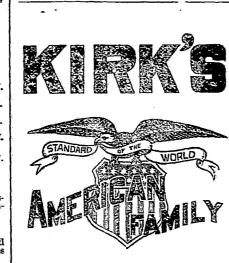
HE WANTS TO



H. E. LOUCH, Watchmaker and Jeweler. MAIN STREET.



There is nothing like the RESTORATIVE MERVINE discovered by the great specialist. Dr. Miles, to cure all nervous diseases, as headache, the blues, nervous prostration. sleeplessness, neuralgia, St. Vitus dance, fits, and hysteria. Many physicians use it in their practice, and say the results are wonderful. We have hundreds of testimonials like these from druggists. "We have never known anything like it." Snow & Co., Syracuse, N.Y. "Every bottle sold brings words of praise. J. G. Wolf, Hillsdale, Mich. "The best seller we ever had." Woodworth & Co., Fort Wayne, Ind "Nervine sells better than anything we ever had." H. F. Wyatt & Co., concord, N. H. Trial bottle and fine hook of testimonials FREE at druggists. Dr. Miles Medical Co., Eikhart, Ind.



A LAUNDRY SOAP, PURE AND SANITARY BEST FOR



It Cures Coughs, Colds, Sore Throat, Croup, Whosping Cough, Bronchitis and Asthmat. Accrtain cure for Consumption in first stages, and a sure relief in advanced stages. Use at once. You will see the excellent effect after taking the first dose, Sold by dealers everywhere Large Bottles, 60 cents and \$1.00. It Cures Influenza.

SHILOH'S **CONSUMPTION** CURE.

The success of this Great Cough Cure is without a parallel in the history of medicine. All druggists are authorized to sell it on a positive guarantee, a test that no other cure can suc-Royal Insurance Building,
CHICAGO.

If Your Time has a Money Value You should Protect It.

Indemnity \$100 per Month.
Death Benefit \$5000.

Life Pension for loss of Limbs.

H. D. ROUGH, Agt., Buchanan, Mich.

Cessfully stand. That it may become known, the Proprietors, at an enormous expense, are placing a Sample Bottle Free into every home in the United States and Canada. If you have, a Cough, Sore Throat, or Bronchitis, use it, for it will cure you. If your child has the Croup, or Whoopig Cough, use it promptly, and relief is sure: If you dread that insidious disease Consumption, use it. Ask your Druggist for SHILOH'S CURE, Price to cts., 50 cts. and \$1.00. If your Lungs are sore or Back lame, use Shiloh's Porous Plaster. Price 25 cts. cessfully stand. That it may become known,

UNCLE NICK ON NEIGHBORHOOD GOSSIP. BY HENRY REED CONANT. When people git to gossipin', som'times they'll

Fer hours an' hours together, jest ez reg'ler ez s pose they think folks love But when Samantha's talked a while she knows enough to stop.

When Mrs. Jones wuz tellin' et our place the other day, Thet Mrs. Williams tol'her thet her neighbor, Mrs. Gray, Said she never saw so big a story teller's Wid-Samentha sat there quiet with her tongue be-

She often sez, "et's bad enough neighbor's blab;" But she jes' stays et home instead an' 'tends to fam'ly cares An' never tells the

well supplied Fer the neighbors tell death an' suicide; When Mrs. Jones comes up our walk a sque in' them new shoes, etimes Samentha'll say to me comes the daily news."

We don't take any papers, but with news we'r

BESS.

BY STELIA KIMBALL.

"You inhuman wretch! Don't touch that horse again!" The old mare had plowed only by dint of kicks and blows, but had fallen in her tracks. She turned her face toward Bess as she heard her voice, and with a look of almost human intelligence, faintly whinnied.

The young girl had come to call the farmer to his dinner, and had stolen unawares upon a scene of cruelty that changed for her in an instant the sunny June landscape, with its serene and smiling blue sky, its nodding butter-cups and daisies, into a veritable wilderness, and filled her soul with passionate rage, hatred and revolt. She felt that if she had the strength she could kill the man, brother-in-law though he was. She looked the embodied picture of one of the furies as she stood there, bare-headed, her cheap print dress hanging about her straight, slender body. Her large black eyes were blacker than ever, and fairly scin-

tillated with rage; every vestige of color had faded from her face, even to her beautiful red-lipped mouth, which was compressed into a firm, straight line, and trembled with passion; the very ribbon that tied her broad black braid vibrated with the storm that convulsed her. As the old horse's plaintive whinny

fell upon her ears, passionate tears of sorrow, of rage, of helplessness pour-"Shut up!" howled Jake Clark. "The darn cuss is playin' possum, but I'll fix her!" and he rushed toward the poor creature. "Stop! Stop!" screamed Bess, grasp-

ing him firmly by the arm. "Don't kill the old horse!" He paused, not because of the horse's suffering and Bess' anguish; but her words aroused his cupidity. Therefore he unhitched the other horse from the mare and left her where she had fallen, defiling the pure air with oaths and threats of what he would do when he returned.

Bess went to the fallen beast's side as soon as Jake Clark disappeared, and putting her arms around the animal's neck, buried her face in her soft mane, and sobbed in a nutter abandonment of "Poor Woolly!" she said softly as to

a human being. "He has gone and left us with a wolf! It was all right as long as you could work, but your working days are over; he shall never again abuse you, even if I end your misery with my own hand. I will not leave you to suffer, so do it I must and will, God helping me!" With determination written in every

line of her face, she drew a little penknife from her pocket. 'I know where to strike; only a few noments and her sufferings are over forever," she said to herself. Five minutes later Bess made her

way to the house—a square, white building surrounded by trees and flowers; it looked the abode of peace and prosperity. She did not go into the kitchen, where she could hear Jake's harsh voice narrating the late scene to Mary Jane, his wife and Bess's sister, and her weak, plaintive tones in reply, but went up to her own room. After Jake had eaten dinner and gone out to the barn to do his "noon

chores," the kitchen door opened and Bess stepped into the room, neatly clad in her best dress, hat and cloak, and bearing in her head a small satchel. "For mercy sake! Where be you goin'?" And Mary Jane, a faded little woman with blue eyes and a timid manner, dropped the dish-cloth on the baby's head, who resented the attack

with sunndry howls. Picking up both baby and cloth, she dropped helplessly into a chair as Bess advanced. Peering cautiously about to make sure that Jake was out of the way, the girl held up a warning finger,

"Hush! I can't stay here another day, and I won't! If I did I should kill him! You know how he has abused old Woolly-the wretch!-the faithful horse my father drove, and that never knew what a blow was. Well, he won't abuse her any more!" drawing along breath. "I am going," she resumed, "to stay away from this place until I am twenty-one; then I shall come back for my portion—half of this farm. I shall not tell you where I'm going, for then he would find out; and as he is my guardian and a very fiend, he would make me come back. Poor daddy! Had he known the true character of the wretch, he would have cut off his right hand rather than place me in his care. He kept well masked, but I never liked him, child though I

By this time tears were dropping down Mary Jane's faded cheeks and falling on the baby's bald pate. "Oh, Bess, for pity's sake don't! What'll become of you, and you only fifteen to day?" "I can take care of myself if I am only fifteen, and that's more than you ever could do, or you would have killed yourself sooner than marry that brute. I am glad to go. I only regret leaving you. Oh, Mary Jane, come

"Mercy, Bess, how can I, with the children and all? Mary Jane cried, "Well, well, suit yourself; I can go alone," said Bess, sadly. "Poor daddy has only been dead six months, and his baby is reduced to this!" She wiped the gathering tears away, and going to her weeping sister caught her and the baby to her warm, girlish heart, then kissed a little boy who sat at the table in his high chair, and turned toward the door.
"Oh, Bess, eat something before you go!" pleaded Mary Jane.
"No—a mouthful would .choke me.

Don't worry about me—I've got a place in my mind—and tell Jake Clark that in just six years from to day-the day I am twenty-one-I shall return, if God lets me live, and then I want my money—every cent of it!" And turning bravely, without a backward glance, she opened the door and passed out and down the read.

He soon came back, however. He was wild with rage; he stamped the floor and endeavored to swear and storm and vell, but passion choked him, and it was only after a violent effort that he was able to roar out,— "Bess! Where's Bess?"

hardly knew what she was about. "Gone where? Jest let me lay hands on her! Et she don't git one whalin'— 'cause she's fifteen won't save her! I've got the right—I'm her guardeen." "What's she done?" asked his terrified wife.

"Done!" he echoed, bursting into a torrent of oaths in the midst of which he poured forth the details of the tragedy that had taken place in the field. "What am I goin' to do fur a hoss to plow buckwheat ground? An' soon hayin' il be here; l'il have to go an' buy one summers" Again he stamped and swore. "But where is the girl? Bring her out!"

"She's gone, I tell you," said Mary Jane, weeping again. "In the name of Satan imps, where?"

"I don't know." And thereupon she gave him Bess' message. Jake, after showering reproaches upon his wife for not summoning him, started at once in pursuit of Bess; but although he spent that day and the next in the search, and circulated freely the fact of her running away, he found no trace of her. Had the earth opened and swallowed her up she could not have disappeared more completely. Six years soon pass away, and ere Jake Clark realized it the time had

It was again a smiling day in June the breeze was balmy, the buttercups and daisies nodded in countless profusion, and all nature was as lovely as it had been six years before.

Jake Clark looked around on his farm, as he called it, and thought of Bess with something like fear.

ed. "I hope she's dead. She must be, or we would have heard something of

"I wonder where she is?" he mutter-

Jane had never dared to do. She was

Mollie also thought anxiously of Bess; she had heard her story often from her husband, and wondered whether the girl would come and deit would ruin them, for Jake had been unlucky, as is often the case with igwas valued at four thousand, half of at her father's death, and a small allowsand; when all was paid Jake would have only his stock, farming implements

saw his elder son-a rosy boy of eight

-running toward him. "Come to the house, pa," he shouted. The blow had fallen! A hand of

"I don't know," said Charlie. "She's a stunner, she is, all dressed up to fits, with great big black eyes, and hair so black it shines. She kissed Tad and "Well, teli her I'll come." Slowly and laboriously he unhitched

Something pierced his heart like knife. He was growing old: he would

She sat in a rocking-chair by the into a radiantly handsome woman, and one divined that she possessed the selfreliance, truth and purity of a sweet and tender womanhood.

bring to the light of day his vileness

and cupidity.
"It will take the farm to pay ye." he gasped, falling into a chair. "I can't help that. The money is mine. I have come for it. I want it." "Would you take the last cent away from your poor dead sister's—"
"Stop!" she cried, putting up one
daintily gloved hand. "I know all you would say. Rest assured that if the children ever come to want it shall | ter it begins to pound every time the | ing the chair they sat in last will be be my duty to take care of them; and wheel turns. Instead of running a subject to the nightmare. brute. I am glad to go. I only regret leaving you. Oh, Mary Jane, come with me—we own the farm—and get a divorce!"

The girlish voice choked with eager
be my duty to take care of them; and wheel turns. Instead or running a true circle as it revolves, the wheel strikes flat on the rail when the flat spot has grown to be 3 or 4 when I left the farm, and I don't mind when the flat spot has grown to be 3 or 4 when I left the farm, and I don't mind when the flat spot has grown to be 3 or 4 linear across it is a very dangerous.

Subject to the nightmare.

If your ears are singing it means some one is talking about you. If the right, it is something in your favor; if the left ear, it is something against the liquor and tobacco habits are caused by an analyzed in the same way. John Smith to right, it is something in your favor; if the left ear, it is something against the liquor and tobacco habits are caused by an analyzed in the same way. John Smith to right, it is something in your favor; if the left ear, it is something against the liquor and tobacco habits are caused by an analyzed in the same way. John Smith to right, it is something in your favor; if the left ear, it is something against the liquor and tobacco habits are caused by an analyzed in the same way. John Smith to right, it is something in your favor; if the left ear, it is something against the liquor and tobacco habits are caused by an array of the liquor and tobacco habits are caused by an array of the liquor and the same way. John Smith the left are supplied in the same way. John Smith the left are supplied in the same way. John Smith the liquor and t telling you why. I went straight to Mrs. Gray, a city boarder in the village. I met her on her way to the station; in by the flat side of the wheel is liable less than ten minutes we were on the to break the wheel and ditch the train." train. I worked for her, but I also studied hard, and when I was eighteen secured a position as teacher. I have taught ever since; but I am going to give up my school soon, for I am engaged to marry the principal." A tender light shone in her eyes, and a rare

> What a surprise it will be when he learns the truth!" "Does he know you've come here?" asked Jake, after a short pause.

"No-nor any one else. I wanted to keep the matter secret.' "Seems to me now that you're goin' to git married, you won't need all the money. Mary Jane'd think it pretty hard for you to rob her children this

"How dare you mention my poor sister's name?" cried Bess. "She would not have died had she not worked herself to death, as you well know, brute that you are!" A flash of lightning illumined the kitchen, to be followed instantly by a

sharp clap of thunder, and suddenly the rain poured down.

"Well," said Jake, after a minute's deliberation, "I must go over to Squire Dodge's—he's long been wanting the farm—an' sell it to him an' gin you the money; though what I'm goin' to do I

don't know." "Ye'll have to hire a farm, I'm thinkin'. I don't blame the girl for wantin' her own a bit," spoke up Mollie, who by this time knew her husband's character thoroughly.

"Well, I can't go through this rain, that's certain. Even if I did, affairs can't be settled up in a minute. Why not stay here all night? I'll git the money fur ye, if I can, in the mornin'." Bess hesitated; she grudged every moment spent under this man's roof. "If matters can be arranged in no other way I suppose I must remain," she said at last. "But I shall insist up-

on paying you for your hospitality."

"Oh, Bess, how can you talk—"

"Stop!" she exclaimed. "You know you hate me and that I hate you.

What's the use of pretending friendship? We will treat each other civilly and as strangers-no more." He did not answer, but his mean lit-

tle eyes glowed vindictively; if a glance could have slain, she would have fallen dead at his feet. Bess retired early, and in the darkness gave herself up completely to the sweet and bitter memories of the past which flooded her soul and overflowed in tears of mingled joy and sorrow. She wept unrestrainedly for a long time, and then, as the violence of her

emotion exhausted itself, lay quietly, not weeping, but with wide-open eyes staring out at the darkness. A feeling of apprehension gradually stole over her. What did it mean? She felt as if she should never see her lover again. What possessed her? Was he in danger? These and kindred thoughts long kept her awake; but at last, wearied in body and mind, she sank into an uneasy slumber.

sank into an uneasy slumber. Suddenly she awoke with a stranging sensation; she could not breathe: something was being pressed heavily against her mouth! She endeavored vainly to scream; she tried to move, but a heavy weight held her down. The rain had ceased, and all was as

silent as the grave. A man's voice broke the stillness—the hated voice of Jake Clark. "You'd rob me, would ye? Struggle away—ye can't help yerself. I'll kill ye! Nobody'll be the wiser, as ye was fool enough not to tell where ye was It was true! She would never never

see Dick again. "God help me!" Then all was a blank. Presently she felt a dash of cold water on her head, and opened her eyes on Mollie's white, scared face. She held a lamp with one quaking hand, and with the other a tin dipper, from which she had literally deluged the

"Jake! Where is he?" said Bess, looking fearfully around. "Oh, don't ye be scart, child! got him all safe. I woke up and missed nim, and I mistrusted. And I lit the light and came here, and just put the lamp down and grabbed his arm. I felt as strong as a lion, and he reeled over in a dead faint. I tied up his hands and feet and dragged him out in the kitchen, where he is this blessed minute. And thin I went for you, and t's the blessed Virgin knows I'm glad o see your big eyes open!"

"Oh, you good creature! How can I ever thank you enough?" And Bess threw her arms impulsively around Mollie's neck. "By jist forgittin' it eyer happened

at all, at all, miss dear; for he's my husband, and the father of your sister's childien." It lacked but an hour of dawn, so Bess arose and dressed. She told the now miserable and crestfallen Jake that for the sake of her nephews his attempt upon her life would never be revealed; but he must bring the money to the village hotel that day in time for

the one o'clock train. "If you do not," she said, her black eyes flashing, "I shall send an officer for you."

"Are you not afraid of him?" she presently asked Mollie.
"'Fraid! Bless ye, no! He knows
better than to touch me; and besides, if he should kill me who could he git to do his work an' take care of his children fur as little money as I git?" replied Mollie, going to the root of the matter at once. "I can't help feelin' a bit sorry for the spalpeen, for the loss the bridge. Feeling the buggy jerk, he looked and saw the snake swallow of the money has about turned his orain. sure."

As scon as it was light enough to see Bess started for the hotel, after bestow-ing her watch and chain upon Mollie, much to her wonder, and obtaining her promise to write if anything happened to the children. She left the village that day on the one o'clock train, her money safely buttoned inside of her stylish and wellfitting cloak-all but two hundred dol-

Mollie's hands through the medium of trusty messenger. What a Flat Wheel is. There's a flat wheel on this touck

lars, which sum found its way into

under this end of the car," said an Erie official who sat in the back seat of the rear of a passenger train, "that must be taken out. It might wreck the

"What's a flat wheel?" asked the

"Listen," said the railroad man. "You hear that rapid pat-pat-pat of the wheels? That's caused by the flat wheel. On a spot on the surface of the wheel a flat place is worn. It may of them are current among people in be done, and is generally, by setting up the United States at the present time: a brake so tight the wheel slips on the rail. Let it slip but the least, yet a small place no larger than a silver dollar will be worn on the wheel. The next time the brake is set up hard the wheel stops with the same spot on the rail, and it is worn larger. By the time it is a couple of inches in diamething. Every stroke against the rail

Around the shops and at nearly every cripple track in the railroad world these flat wheels may be seen. As soon as one is discovered the pair of wheels affected is taken out and sent to the junk track to be cast into new machinery. The flat spots are plainly perceptible, but they would hardly be judged by the uninitiated to be of sufficient importance to be one their ears, for it is a sign of bad luck.

Of the most dangerous elements of Put your right foot out of bed first railroading, yet such is the case.-

Bradford Era ..

**BOOKS PURSES** 

Ladies and Gents. You say you demand a domestic, iseful woman as your wife. If that is so marry Nora Mulligan, your laundress' idaughter. She wears cowhide shoes, is guiltless of corsets, never had a sick day in her life, takes in washing, goes out house cleaning and cooks for BARGAINS

POCKET

And a Large Assortment. HARRY BINNS'.

OPPOSITE HOTEL.

Dwellings in the Arctic. In 1813 Sir John Ross discovered an isolated race of human beings numbering about two hundred souls living on the inhospitable shores of North Greenland. To this community he gave the romantic name of "Arctic Highlanders"—a name which unfortunately is misleading; for they are a littoral people and cannot inhabit the Arctic highland, as it is an everlasting ice cap, and, moreover, they will not even visit it, for this inland ice is to them a region of terror, a land where abide their demons and evil spirits. At the present day they number, as near as they can be estimated, about the same as when the knowledge of them came to the civilized world; nor have they increased their territory, but live on the narrow strip of moun tainous coast, which is left bare during the summer months by the retreat of the winter snows. They could not be more cut off from other human be-ings did they live on some small oce-anic island. Practically, they do live on an island, for they are surrounded by water—by great expanses of solid water; for they never pass the ice barrier of the great Humboldt Glacier, with its sea face of sixty miles; they never ascend to the summer foot of the "ice blink," some two thousand feet above sea level, nor attempt to wander south over the vastice floes of Melville Bay, one hundred miles in extent. At 79° north latitude, near the southern edge of the Humboldt Glacier, is a collection of huts known as Etah, their most northern settlement, while at Cape York, in latitude 75° 55m N., probably their largest encampment, is their northern limit, and which, as near as we could determine by the sign language, they call Pitanito. Their country is about 185 miles ito. Their country is about 185 miles in breadth.—Scribner's Mag.

Regarding the development of the power at Niagari Falls, the Scientific

American says:
It is now the expectation of the company to make its first large contract for the delivery of power at a distance from the falls, with the city of Buffalo, 3,000 horse power being required for the lighting of the city. The present cost of a steam horse pow up and down the hill rather than sideer in Buffalo is put at \$35 per year, and the company offers a contract to wise if the seed is to be distributed furnish power on its grounds at the falls according to the following scale: For 5,000 horse power, \$10 per horse power; for 4,500, \$10,50; for 4,000 \$11; and then manure it to keep it so. There is little or no risk of manuring and so on down to 300 horse power, for which there will be charged \$21 per horse power per annum, each power to be supplied for twenty-four hour days. It is evident, therefore, that if the cost of transmission be within present expectations, the company will be able to furnish power at Buffalo at a much lower price than it is at present to be had at, and for a far greater field of usefurness than the mere lighting of the city. According to the most successful of all the recent efforts of the way of practically transmitting power electrically for a conderable distance, only about 25 per cent of the power was lost in transmitting it by wire a distance of 108 miles. This degree of success was attained at the recent Frankfort exposition. And if power can be at present so supplied for a distance of 100 miles from Niagara, it would be but a rash judgment which would undertake to say that it might not be also, in the very near future, similarly brought as far as New York City, in a way to be utilized at far less expense than the present cost of steam power. It is expected that the company will be entirely ready to furnish power, to those arranging for its use by taking water from their canals and discharging it into the tunnel, by October next, their first contract calling for the ability to

turn wheels by this time. Advantage of Telling the Truth. A boy twelve years old was the important witness in a suit in City Court resterday before Judge Daniels. One of the brow-beating, bullying kind of lawyers, after cross-questioning him severely, said: "Your father has been talking to

you and told you how to testify, hasn't 'Yes," said the boy. 'Now," said the lawyer, "just tell us how your father told you to testify." "Well," said the boy, modestly. "father told me that the lawyers would try to tangle me in my testimony, but if I would just be careful and tell the truth I would tell the same thing every time."—Chicago Herald.

The New York City Elevated Railways.

On the Sixth Avenue line there are 500 trains daily each way; on the Third Avenue line, 504 trains; on the Second Avenue line, 272 trains; on the Ninth Avenue line, 204 trains-each way daily. The trains are run from one minute to eight minutes apart, depending upon the hour of the day. From midnight to 5 a.m., fifteen min-

utes apart. Fare, five cents.

Two Heads. A millionaire with more money than brains was anxious to run for an effice. and he sent his agent to consult with the political pawers. "But your man hasn't any brains," argued the politician. But he has money, and besides, two neads are better than one." "Yes, even if one of them is a bar'l

nation. The Love Microbe.

human habits and feelings have been by microbes, like consumption, catarrh and grip: He also thinks there is a microbe of love, and that the reason why a young man's fancy turns to thoughts of love in the spring is because the atmospheric influences of late spring and early summer are favorable to the existence of the microbe. The man who habitually wants to borrow money is, according to this scientist, also affected with a microbe. In short, it would appear that not only all

head," and the rich man got the nomi-

The germ theory is in danger of being overworked. Nearly eyery disease has been credited to bacilli, and at last

its hind legs straight up behind its diseases, but all habits, emotions, feelings, etc., are taken into the system with the air we breathe. The only safe

way is not to breathe,

FRED McOMBER Gen'l Manager.

Law and Abstract Office, BUY AND SEL REAL ESTATE.

First publication Feb. 25, 1892.

THE sum of nineteen hundred twenty dollars is a claimed to be due at the date of this notice on a Mortgage made by George W. Reese to Joseph Coveney, dated February thirteenth, 1882, and recorded April third, 1883, in Liber thirty of Mortgages, on page four hundred fourteen, in the office of the Register of Deeds of Berrien county, Michigan. Pursanat, therefore, to the power of sale in said Mortgage contained the premises therein described, to wit: The north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section six (5), forty acres, and the west half of the south-east quarter of the north-east quarter of said section six (6), town seven (7) south, range eighteen (18) west, twenty acres, containing in all sixty acres of land more or less, in Berrien county, Michigan, will be sold at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the yillage of Berrien Springs, in said county, on Saturday, the twenty-first day of May 1892, at eleven o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount due on said Mortgage, together with the costs of foreclosure

Dated February 25, 1892.

JOSEPH COVENEY, Mortgagee. First publication Feb. 25, 1892.

Last publication May 19, 1892.

Are Invited to

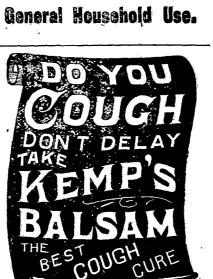
-EITHER BY-



Buchanan, Mich.



TRIAL BOTTLE FREE.



Mary Jane was one of the irresolute kind of women; she didn't know whether it would be better to call Jake and have him go in pursuit of Bess or not; and so she sat and cried, that one sure refuge for all weak souls, till her husband hitched up his horse again and went off to the field.

"She's gone!" gasped Mary Jane, who

Although everything looked the same out of doors, a change had taken place at the farm since Bess left it. Mary months after Jake had led Irish Mollie -a buxom, red-cheeked, good-hearted creature, and his hired girl-to the altar. She was strong, industrious, and had a wild beauty of her own—in short, just the wife Jake wanted; but he soon found that she had a tongue and could use it, something which poor Mary

warm-hearted, however, and kind to the children. mand her money. She knew if she did norant, grasping men, and had mortgaged the farm for a thousand dollars. It which belonged to Bess, besides half of everything that had been on the place ance for the use of her share of the farm, that Clark was to pay her yearly until she reached the age of twentyone; this amounted to another thou-

and household furniture. The day wore away until four o'clock in the afternoon. As Jake was plowing for buckwheat-it chanced to be the same field where he had been plowing six years before—he looked up and

'A girl's come, an' wants to see you right away." iron seemed to grasp the man's craven heart; he staggered and sat down on the freshly overturned turf.
"Who is she?" he asked in a hoarse whisper.

me, an' give us a slue of candy.' his horses from the plow, tied them to the fence, and went toward the house. A voice floated out of the open kitchen window as he neared it. Those sweet, mellow tones-he knew them well. Yes, it was Bess-not a doubt of it; till now he had hoped.

have to leave the farm; he was almost a beggar. He learned against the door for a moment, then impatiently drawing his hand over his forehead, where great drops of sweat stood like beads, he went in. window, the same Bess, and yet not the same, as of yore. She had developed

Jake felt as he looked at her and noted her neat, stylish suit of brown, that the world had used her well, and that he had a formidable enemy to cope with. She said merely. "I have come for my money, Jake Clark," while those black eves scanned him as if they would delve into his mean little brain and

color stole into the soft, creamy cheeks. "He thinks I am as poor as he is.

THURSDAY, MARCH 10, 1892.

The Democrat S ate Convention will

be held in Muskegon, May 4. Gen, Alger has told a reporter that

he is in the Presidential race as a candi-

Indiana has selected a solid Harrison delegation to the Minneapolis convention.

Secretary Blaine has shown a weakness in entering into a contest for the last word with his son's mother-in-law. As is well known by all men with mothers-in-law, he is playing to a losing game.

Local elections were held in New York state last week, and the democrats have been looking the state over with a microscope trying to find an endorsement of Hillism.

It is now given out by a member of the House committee on appropriations, that there will be no river and harbor bill this year. This is done under orders from Holman, on the score of economy. Work already commenced will have to stand unfinished until a congress with some business in its makeup can be sent to Washington.

The Niles Recorder compares Senator Hill, in his political efforts, to the ass in the fable. That corresponds very well with the Republican estimates of the gentlemen who owns New York legislature and electoral vote. It may be interesting to see the Recorder support this same ass, after the Chicago Convention.

There has been a hitch in the proceedings in the Behring sea controversy. which looks as if the United States would be obliged to keep a navy in the · Alaskan waters to protect her rights there, and may lead to a fight. England has refused to comply with her agreement to help protect the sealeries while arbitration of the controversy is progressing.

Kaiser Wilhelm is realizing more forcibly every day that the assertion of absolute despotism over the intelligence of the German Empire is a good deal like monkeying with a buzz saw. He has seized a number of papers for speaking in support of the democratic rights of the people, and may silence them, but the freedom of thought is likely to keep growing notwithstanding his claim of absolutism.

His Patitudinous Ponderosity.

Mr. Cleveland's speech at Ann Arbor boiled down: "This is a great institution. Washington was a great man. We are a great people. Public office is a public trust. Let us remember these things and be good, and we shall be happy. Bless you, my children!" Chicago Tribune.

Tariff Pictures.

The twelve months ending January 31, 1891, showed an export trade of \$864,920,901. Of course the McKinley law must have cut the exp rts down for the year ending January 31, 1892. The free traders said it would. But then it didn't. The exports for the year in question were \$988,018,063.

Democrats say "reciprocity is Republican humbug." Let us see how the "humbug" works. In January, 1891, the United States sold to Cuba 9,234 sacks of flour. In January, 1892, the first month of reciprocity in flour under the McKinley act, we sold to Cuba 67,478 sacks. The Democratic party will itself claim the credit for reciprocity one of these days.—N. Y.

#### He Resigned.

EGULLS PINT, Feb. 29, 1892. Honerabul John Wannermakur, Postmaster, General, Washington, D. C. Dere Sur -I hearwith tender my ressignashun as postmaster at Eguil's

Pint as my bruther is here frum the eest an we want tu go on a huntin trip in the mountins, i wood nott do thiss if there was ennything in the offiss butt they aint. I took holt eight munths agow an hev maid 297 sents. All the peeple around hear git thar male off me an by postidge stamps but when itt comes to malin letters they mostly takes em down to Bridgly Stashun when they goes in with butter an egz. Three dollars may be a good deel of munny in yure kentry but it wunt go verry fur here. I kin make a better livin huntin snakes fer thare fir. Bill an i hev naled upp the shop an if there is ennythink hear yu want yu better send an inspektur tu git it. i will be back hear about aprill 11. Yures respektedly, John merritt.

Rising of the Storm.

From the small town of Charlotte, Monroe county, N. Y., comes a story that shows the desperate devices to which the Democrats of that State are ready to resort. When the polls opened at the recent election for supervisors the Republicans found that the name of their candidate had been entirely omitted from the official ballots which the law compels all vote:s to use and that of his Democratic competitor inserted in its stead; not only that but the names of the Republican inspectors of election were also left off these socalled official ballots, which were printed in the job office of a leading Democratic organ of Western New York. published in Rochester.

But the game was not successful. Hardly had the polls been opened when the rascality was discovered and the Democratic election officials were compelled to allow the Republicans to use pasters so that they could vote for their candidate. It was by methods akin to this that the Legislature of the State was made Democratic at the election last November and Mr. Flower became Governor.—Chicago Inter Ocean.

Michigan Leads Again. CHICAGO, March S .- According to the Farmers' Review summary of the winter wheat crop two-thirds of the correspondents in Michigan report the condition as good, 30 per cent fair and the rest poor. In some places the plant has been heaved out of the ground and the fly did some damage in the fall and nits are now in the plant. In Illinois one-half of the correspondents report the crop in good condition, about 35 per cent report the condition as fair and 15 per cent report poor. In Indiana 55 per cent of the correspondents report good. 40 per cent fair and the | no amount of artificial trappings can | be the work of an apprentice of his. others poor. In Ohio only 20 per cent of the correspondents report good, 56. per cent report fair, 24 per cent poor. In Missouri one-third of the correspondents report good, one-fifth fair and the rest poor. In Kansas 40 per cent of the correspondents report the condition as good, 20 per cent as fair and the remainder as poor. In Iowa 60 per cent of the correspondents report good, 30 per cent report fair and the others poor. In Wisconsin one-

fair and the rest poor.

Instructions to Voters

For the annual election to be held in the Village of Buchanan, on the second Monday in March; the method of voting under the election law of the State of Michigan now in force, and approved July 3, 1881. Voters will receive their ballots from

the inspectors of election only. See that your ballot has the initials of one of the inspectors of elections endorsed upon the back. Voters must mark their ballots se

cretly in one of the booths. All necessary instruments for marking ballots will be found in each booth. First mark or stamp a cross (x) in the square under the name of your party at the head of the ballot. If you desire to vote a straight ticket, nothing

further need be done. If you desire to vote for candidates on different tickets, also erase the name of the candidate on your ticket you do not want to vote for and make a cross in the square before the name of the candidate vou desire to vote for or write his name in the space under the

name erased. A ticket marked with a cross under the party name will be deemed a vote for each of the candidates named in such party column whose name is not

Before leaving the booth fold the ballot so that the initials of the in

spector may be seen from the outside when folded. If you tear or mutilate a ballot return it to the inspectors and they will give you another.

Let no one see your ballot after you have marked it. It is the duty of the inspectors to reject ballots which have been seen by any person except the

Deliver your ballot, when marked and folded as above, to one of the in spectors. No one is allowed in the booth longer

than five minutes. It shall be unlawful for the board, or any of them, or any person in the polling-room or any compartment therewith connected, to persuade or to endeavor to persuade any person to vote for or against any particular candidate or party ticket. By order of

BOARD OF ELECTION COMMISSIONERS.

There is Room at the Top. No. 2. We now come to the young physician whose school days and later years of medical study have all been spent in a frivolous and a careless manner; whose only thought was to get through, it | severely bruised, mattered not how, and in thus acting greatly deceiving himself and friends. But time trings him among us. He establishes his office, and with great pomp and much style, sits down and awaits results. Judging from his past history, he expects a silk hat, much bluster, fast driving, and more cheek will make up for his great lack of knowledge of the science he professes, and that a combination of these d fferent gifts will carry him through. Yet when called upon he finds he cannot

tell the quinsy from a carbunc'e boil, and would treat them both alike. After sitting all day in his office without a call, he returns home exclaiming, "The officers were nominated: Pres. Chas. country is overstocked with doctors." He forgets that for physicians like tees, Morgan Mann, A. J. Januasch; Andrews, of Chicago, who can, by the Wm. Green; Treasurer, Andrew Sheartouch of the finger, point out a deep | er; Assessor, Robert Alcott; Street seated abcess located in almost any Commission, Chas. H. Green. part of the human body, there is yet plenty of room at the top for such to

The squib lawyer on some cold morning leaves his small office, whose adorna Blackstone blusters into the court

to view a very tastily arranged head of | SS per month. This is granted under hair, each evidently having a number and a place. Next he lays aside an overcoat, revealing a large watch seal which now swings before him like the | Henry. pendulum of an old-fashioned wallsweep clock, as he nervously paces up and down the court room. The judge,

who is quietly sitting in his easy chair | lumber shop, patiently waiting future results, is by this time fully aware that to-day there will be business in the court room. Also the twelve jurors sitting at the left of the judge begin to mistrust that to occur; and when this lawyer in a calm, solemn tone states to the jury that he expects to prove that on the 10th of last June the prisoner now be-

West Michigan by placing ties on the date referred to he was seen near crossing, and it is evident that wreck and plunder was his object. But when the prisoner's lawyer proved the boy was herding cattle in the road at that point at the time referred to, and that had been his particular business for several days previous, the judge in discause of action, leaving the lawyer in all his glory to return to his office And as he again sits down for another game

of checkers he exclaims, "Too many lawyers and not enough business. How shall I live and succeed?" Throw away your checkerboard; read your law books more; think less of your personal appearance and more of your business, your client, and your duty to him; this will bring you nearer the top where standing room gets more plenty, and

grand, good lawyers less in number. Who can tell, or who cares on which side of his head his hair was parted, or a shop, which they contend did not exjust what kind of clothes he wore, or on which side of the table Abraham Lincoln sat when he penned his name to the Emancipation Proclamation? Who could tell, or who cared to know whether or not Gen. Sheridan wore a general's full uniform when almost this state. It is about as complicated flying from Winchester to yonder smok- as an algebraic equation, with three ing battle field twenty miles away, or unknown quantities to eliminate, and the size or the age of the black war horse that so nobly bore him on to predict that the average voter would victory? But the world knows he got | go through with an attack of who pingthere. It was the man not style that | cough with less strain on his constituthat day so nobly inspired the soldiers' tion, than he would sust in in casting fainting heart. We all should think his first vote under this new law. Great enough of our personal appearance to be cleanly, neatly and tastily attired, But when we expect to add manhood or womanhood to ourselves by an un- knocking over tombstones, etc. We

woman. That valuable gift is an in- the living and running. herent principle of their nature, and

Liabilities \$40,000.

there is room at the top for less siyle and more men where to-day stands a Sheridan, a Grant, and a Lincoln. L. S. Brunson. The Hastings furniture company, of

FROM BERRIEN CENTRE. The weather is beautiful, but the roads are exceedingly muddy and

heavy. Two hours later.-We are in the beginning of a brisk nor-wester snow

Mr. J. L. Bishop is receiving and adding new goods to his already large stock of good goods.

The Berrien Township Sunday School Association will not hold the usual quarterly convention this month, because of the prevailing sickness.

Mr. H. U. Rapp, of Benton Harbor, is calling on his many friends here. Our genial friend and old-time neighbor, Captain J. F. Peck of Buchanan, who is visiting his children nere, made

us a friendly call this (Wednesday) morning. Notwithstanding the bad condition of the roads, wheat is coming into our

market. Mr. Eddie Cook, of Silver Creek, Cass county, will close a successful term of

school at Maple Grove this week. The Miars-Hess wedding, which cannot fail to be a very brilliant social event, will come off Thursday evening, the 10th inst.

J. Charles McCullough, who has been seeking his fortune on the Pacific coast for a year or two, returned to the parental home, the McCullough House, Tuesday. We welcome you back, Charlie.

Last Sabbath Rev. S. P. Fryberger preached from Numbers 10:29, "Come thou with us and we will do you good." Seven persons were received into the church-four by baptism.

We regret to say that there seems to be a strong whisky element in the thriving vil age of Eau Claire, as she is reported as bidding for a saloon. No werse foe 'could possibly come into her midst. How many innocent boys will be ruined there? Repetitions of the Taylor wurder, of Oct. 7, 1886, may result. Why should the cause of such fearful tragedies be invited to return? Miles Fisher, while on his way to church at Eau Claire last Sunday night, was thrown from his horse and quite

FROM GALIEN.

Mrs. Viola Blair has returned from

her visit at Jackson. Rev. Wm. Barth, of White Pigeon, Mich., has been here assisting in the revival meetings being held at the M. E. church. He is a very pleasant speaker, and the attendance shows that his efforts are being appreciated.

Rollin Potter is building a neat little house on the farm he recently bought of J. D. Bagley.

At the caucus held at the Town Hall, Monday evening, the following A. Clark; Clerk, A. J. Glover; Trus-

Mrs. Sarah Phillips and Morris & Co. have advertised letters in the postoffice at Galien, Mich.

Buvers from Buchanan have kept our markets nearly cleaned out of butings consists of a table, a checkerboard | ter and eggs, this week. We suppose and a few law books, and with the it is the superfine quality of the artipomp and greatness far boyond that of | cles which draws this outside custom. Josiah Britten has had his applica-

room, throws off a silk hat, exposing | tion for pension allowed, being given the old law, and extends back years. The Rev. Hiram H. Smith, of Gale-

na. Kansas, is the guest of his brother A new doctor, Dr. Bray, has located

here, and has his office in the building formerly occupied by Will Smith as a

THREE OARS ACORNS.

We are again in mud knee deep, and something of great importance is about | getting desper, except in those places even that begins to lock like the native soil. This question of providing our people with good streets and country fore them (a small boy of about twelve | roads, at all seasons of the year in such years), attempted to and would have soil as we are blessed (?) with, is too wrecked an express running east on the | deep for the greatest minds that dwell on this part of the earth, especially, track, had they not been frozen so tight | when said great minds are divided bethat he could not remove them for that I tween this subject and the politics of purpose. For several days before the | the land. We have men who can give true selution of the tariff, silver and all other great national questions; who know but little about our common roads, and appear to care less. Some are prepared to say, that if the Government will construct our common roads we will undertake to guide the ship of state aright, and settle all these great gust dismisses the case, declaring no national questions in the interest of the

whole people, and would like the job. The anti-saloon people have just posted notices for an anti-saloon village caucus, and the "red-nosed gentry" are boiling over with rage, threatening all manner of dire calamity should the temperance people again succeed in keeping a saloon out of our village. They argue that there has been and will be a "moonshine" saloon, if not a licensed one. These friends of the "grogery" must remember that there is an action 1 ending in circuit court for the viciation of the law in keeping such

ist. Be consistent, gentlemen. Some wiley politician could now make capital by opening a school of instruction, to teach the voters how to exercise the elective franchise under the new democratic election laws of with less ways to accomplish it. We

are the mysteries of democracy. The RECORD spoke last week about the vandalism of some one in Buchanan, due amount of outward adornings, as saw a citizen from Chikaming and by a costly or showy attire, simply showed him your article, and asked reveals to the public gaze the fact that him if they had missed any of their there is a deficiency in our natures that | notable citizens. He said no, this may ever remedy or cover up. Money, You will see this devil works among clothing or style never makes man or the dead, while our devil works upon

THE American girl is not slow to grasp a chance. Some time ago the Ladies' Home Journal organized a free education system for girls, and the magazine is now educating some forty odd girls at Vassar and Wellesley Colhalf of the correspondents report the Conservatory condition as good, 42 per cent report Hastings, has made an assignment of Music, all the expenses of the girls being paid by the Journal.

State Items.

A premium of \$3,072 was offered for \$60,000 worth of Saginaw water bonds bearing 41/2 per cent interest.

stock is being formed in Bay City, for the manufacture of beet sugar. A Clayton woodchopper has found a large bone imbedded in a tree fully eight inches and at a point 20 feet from

Mrs. Jane Finn has received a judgment for \$3,500 against the city of Adrian for damages received from a defective crosswalk. She sued for

An Ionia woman handed the postmaster an application for a money order, and asked him to see whether she had spelled Chicago correctly. This is what he saw: "Shickcago.—Detroit

A young man at Flint draamed of a

burglar and spitting on his hands pro-

ceeded to knock him out. Consternation seized him though when he awoke and found he had broken all the windows in his room.—Detroit Times. Thieves went through Mrs. Mercer's hen house south of Blissfield a few nights ago and carried off twenty-one hens. On the coop door they tacked a

note saying they had left four for

another start. The next day, while

hunting around for a clue to track the

rascals, she found one of their pocketbooks on the floor, and on opening it discovered \$84-in currency. Thursday two boys at Hadley aged about fourteen were loading a shot gun. As one boy stood over the muzzle to pour in the shot the other bent down and pulling back the hammer, put on a cap. The hammer slipped, of course, and the gun was discharged, the boy

handling the shot receiving the whole charge in his mouth. He is in a critical condition and will probably die.

HOW THE HEAD OF A GREAT

JOHN JACOB ASTOR.

FAMILY SECURED HIS CAPITAL.

The Butcher Brother of the Great Fur Trader Gave the Pioneer of the West \$500 to Be Rid of a Poor Relative-A Princely Fortune Has Been Made Since. Let me step back a hundred years and

tell you about the Astors. I may tell you somethings you did not know. When John Jacob Astor worked his way down the Rhine to the sea and shipped to England away from his slothful, lazy innkeeping father, he stopped in London and went to work for his brother, a successful manufacturer of flutes and pianos, and unless I am very much mistaken, junior partner in what is still the greatest piano making house in England, though there are no Astors in it now.

John Jacob was on his way to America, and only went to England to stop awhile and learn English-a feat which he had not accomplished when he died. When he reached New York city, not very long after the close of the Revolutionary war, he had heard about the fur in it. It does not matter whether he peddled a little before that any more than it matters whether Jay Gould sold rat traps before he became a railroad

In time John Jacob apprenticed himself to a fur dealer and learned all the tricks and secrets of the business. But in the meantime he had come to this city for the same reason he had gone to London-he had a brother here. This brother was Henry Astor, and in those days nobody questioned which would be the more successful of the two, for Henry was a mighty and a cunning man in business.

He was a butcher in the Bowery and lived above his store there. He had married a chubby, rosy German woman, of whom he used to boast, "She was der pootiest gal by der Bowery."

THE TWO BROTHERS. Now the Bowery was no ordinary street, and Henry was no ordinary butcher. 'The Bowery was the southern termination of the old Boston post road, and down it came the bulk of the produce of the countryside which was cateu in and shipped from New York. Among other things all the cattle came into town on that road on the hoof to be sold to the butchers. Henry knew that and so did all the other butchers, but Henry put his knowledge to practical He drove out of town twice a week on market days and met the cattle on the road up in the country. There he bought the best of all the steers and cornered the market. It was he who thereafter set the prices and sold to the other butchers. His young brother, John Jacob, was just as instinct with the speculative spirit, but he had no money to buy with and so he used to borrow of

Henry did not like that. He distrusted his brother's shrewdness, or else he was close with his money. At any rate he loaned it to John Jacob unwillingly, and finally he met a request for a loan with a bluff "No." He said he would not be bothered any more, but this is what he would do. He would give John Jacob the sum of \$500 outright as a gift if John Jacob would sign a paper promising never to ask for the loan of another penny from that date forever. John Jacob jumped at the offer. He took the \$500, and perhaps that had more to do with the foundation of the great Astor fortune than any other sum he got in all

THE SPLIT IN THE FAMILY. I have heard that there are some Astors descendent from Henry living up the Hudson river, and that the great and rich Astors have nothing to do with them. I do not know whether that is true or whether there are such Astors, but if it is true it is all right, for Henry unquestionably parted with the rest of the family deliberately and in cold blood when he paid that sum of money to John Jacob so as not to be bothered by his then poor relations any more.

John Jacob Astor prospered amazingly. He made millions when it was something that nobody else unconnected with roy alty appeared able to do, except the Rothschilds in Europe. With those millions, made by putting the entire continent under a tax for its furs, he established not only a landed estate, but a family with a principle, with a fixed

He was of incalculable service in the development of New York, because he went to districts the city had not reached and built dwellings for persons of moderate means. He built them very well, to last as long as possible, and he rented them for a fair return, thus establishing a moderate system of rentals with all the landlords of the city. In another generation an unfortunate

split occurred, and the estate and the family have since then gone forward in two parts, much the larger part (nearly two-thirds, I believe), going to the de scendants of the elder son, and the smaller part to the descendants of a second son. William Waldorf Astor now represents the bulk of the estate, and the little baby, John Jacob, is heir to the smaller part.-John Ralph in Providence

The heat conducting qualities of the metals range as follows: Silver, 100: copper, 73.80; gold 52.20; annealed aluminium, 38.87; unannealed aluminium, 37.96; tin, 14.50; iron, 11.60; steel, 11.60; lead, 8.50; platinum, 8.40; bismuth, 180.

CARRIED MESSAGES.

MESSENGER BOYS WHO HAVE AC-QUIRED FAME AND WEALTH. . A company with \$100,000 capital

Messrs. Carnegie, Oliver, Pitcairn, Mc-Cargo and Moreland Were Youngsters in a Pittsburg Telegraph Office Together-Hew They Wore Promoted.

The story of five messenger boys be-

gins in the early days of telegraphy. In a dingy office in Pittsburg, about 1848,

Andrew Carnegie, Henry W. Oliver, Robert Pitcairn, Major William C. Moreland and David McCargo were messengers. It is said that they took the opposite of other boys and spent their spare moments in learning useful lessons. Andrew Carnegie is the oldest of the lot, and he was the smartest, leading all in learning how to telegraph. He was one of the first operators in the country to learn to take the Morse system by sound, which in those days was considered a remarkable achievement. It did not take Thomas A. Scott long to snatch Mr. Carnegie from the telegraph office in Pittsburg into his office as private secretary when the great railroad genius took charge of the Pittsburg end of the road. The education the young Scotchman received from a greater mind lifted him from a secretary's seat into the place of division superintendent when Mr. Scott was made vice president of the railroad. The industry, the subtle cunning and watching faith of Scott taught him to lay his lines in other directions than watching the divisions of a railroad, and Scott helped him. His place gave him the opportunity to look into other lines of industry, and he drove a drift into an iron mill. His pickax was not large, but his cunning and thrift made up for the size of his ax. J. Edgar Thomson, who was the president of the Pennsylvania railroad, then gave a great name and mouey to the works now lominated by Mr. Carnegie. At that time Colonel Scott was a power in the nation as well as the railroad, and Carnegie began to gather wealth. MR. CARNEGIE'S EARLY AMBITION.

"My ambition in those days," he said recently, "was to write for newspapers. took in material in that direction whenever it was possible. I haunted the public library in Alleghany, and caught on to the fact that a distinction was made by the attendants between the poor boys and the sons of well to do parents. It made me indignant. I wrote my first public letter to the board of control, and a change was ordered. This result more than ever resolved me to follow journalism, but an accident drifted me elsewhere, and I became a manufac-

Thrift and industry were the derricks which lifted Harry W. Oliver out of the telegraph chair next to Mr. Carnegie, and made him a clerk for a big iron firm. He is an Irishman, with a head full of cunning about the business economies of life. It did not take long for him to realize the possibilities of the iron trade. and one day a slick working block and tackle hoisted him out of his seat at the desk in the big firm's workshop and landed him in a business that has since grown to be one of the greatest concerns in the world. He has grown very rich, and one railroad and seven manufacturing concerns now feel the touch of his

Another Scotchman of the famous five is Robert Pitcairn, who sits in the seat once occupied by Colonel Tom Scott and Mr. Carnegie. He went from a telegraph chair into the railroad business, and he as been a master in all the best conditions of railroad life. He is many times a millionaire, but he lives for his railroad, although interested, like Mr. Oliver, in many large manufacturing enterprises. He does the work of about three men every day, and takes recreation only when he wants to talk with a big friend or indulge with his countrymen in the melodies of Scotland. He has denied himself promotion many times, because he likes to cling to the location where he began as a messenger boy and has had so many triumphs.

A TRIUMPH IN TELEGRAPHY. The fourth member of the group is David McCargo, the general manager of the Alleghany railroad. His strong Scotch character lifted him into big railway concerns early. He left the telegraph office soon after the other boys and took a place on the railway.

"Think of it," said Major William P. Moreland, the last, but not least, of the famous five. "I stood at the key with Carnegie, Oliver, Pitcairn, McCargo, and heard the first message pass over the wires that was sent between the north and south. James D. Reid, who was general superintendent; David Brooks. now living in Philadelphia, and Jackson Duncan, of Cincinnati, had charge of the experiment. We had to work on short circuits in those days, and we thought it was impossible to send a message to New York from New Orleans. Brooks and Reid walked over and inspected the line from the Crescent City to Pittsburg. After arriving here and assuring themselves that the line was porfect, the effort was ordered and every telegraph operator on the line, and in fact the whole country, was waiting in suspense to know the success or failure of the effort. Every magnet was adjusted, and every electrician on the line stood at his key listening for the result. At the signal New York called Philadelphia, the Quaker City signaled Harrisourg, and then in quick succession Pittsburg, Cincinnati, Louisville and New Orleans were opened to the metropolis. No one drew a breath scarcely until the tick came, and in a minute an unbroken message was sent between the north and south. That may seem primitive in these days, when there is no measuring electric power; but then it was the talk of the nation. This is a bit of untold history; but I shall never forget that hour."-New York Sun.

His Simple Sparrow Trap. The crusade against the English sparrow is developing, a marvelous amount of ingenuity. A cheap, effective and unerring method of killing the birds is the essential requisite to success in the

new industry. One little fellow on the south side has solved the problem, and has already brought in over 100 heads. He explained his system and the comparative merits of it and other systems to Captain Hay-

"You see," he said, "I didn't have no gun nor no money to buy one, an if I and the p'liceman'd arrested me for shootin. An me mother wouldn't let me poison 'em. She said it was cruel. Anyway, you couldn't never tell whether you got all the sparrers you poisoned, So I just got up a scheme of my own. me an another boy that lives on the street I do.

"We made a lot of paper funnels out of writin paper bout half as long as a lead pencil, the top of em just big enough for a sparrer to get his head in. We put birdseed in the bottom of 'em an set 'em-up in the alley back of our house, where lots of the sparrers come. The sparrers come peckin around an find the birdseed in 'em, an stick their heads in to get it. Well, it's down at the bottom, you know, an so they just push their heads right in, an then the funnels stick to their heads. They can't fly, 'cause they can't see, an b'sides it s'prises 'em, so they forget to fly. Then When Baby was sick, we gave her Cas we come right up and catch 'em. It's lots of fun watchin 'em flutterin 'round tryin to get the funnel off. The other boy had his funnels marked with his name, an I had mine marked with mine. so we'd know which was mine and which was his."-Chicago News.

The Art of Cutting Clothes. When we read and listen to discussions of comparative value of long or shoulder measures with those that are short and sectional, in which one or the other is denounced as unscientific or impracticable, our mind immediately



A cream of tartar baking powder. Highest of all in leavening strength.—Latest U. S. Government Food Report.

dwells for a moment on a proverbially stupid animal with long ears. The fact is that many cutters are successful with the first, and just about as many with the others. Every man cannot become a good cut-

ter. Some do not seem to "catch on,"

as the saying is, and others who seem to

do so are never able to produce any

other results than such as "make old heads swim." Natural ability and educational advantages generally insure success, but years of work on the board, the ability even to make a good coat, is no guarantee of the possession of that mental equipment which is necessary to make:

When it requires hours of labor to fix in some one's mind the difference between one-third and one-quarter of a size, how can such a one expect to succeed as a cutter? When a student is able to think quick-

ly and clearly, we confidently expect

him to become a skillful cutter, even though he cannot make a coat so well as many others. The fact is that to be successful in garment cutting, as in any other trade or profession, a man must have brains, know how to use them and use them as he should.—Tailoring Jour-A Joke on the "Britisher."

I had been traveling in a railway carriage in the south, in company with two very pleasant men who chanced to be seated opposite to me at the end of the crowded car, and had got out to "buy a lunch," as they say, at a station, my two fellow passengers having promised to keep my seat for me. When I returned to the car I found a tall, gaunt man, in a broad slouch hat, apparently about to take my seat, but yet not actually tak-

A glance at my acquaintances opposite showed me why he hesitated. Each of them was holding a cup of coffee to his mouth with his left hand, while his right grasped a revolver covering the intruder. Time being short, they were drinking their coffee while they "kept the Britisher's seat." The tall stranger politely retired on my appearing, the others put their revolvers in their hip pockets without any remark and we resumed our journey. What amused me most of all, though,

was a glimpse I got of a solemn looking old man about half way down the car, who had drawn out from somewhere an enormous, antiquated, ivory handled sixshooter, and was holding it up with his finger on the trigger, ready to take a hand in any little festivity that might arise. He looked so disappeinted when it all ended in nothing that I felt quit sorry for him.—Contemporary Review. Makes War on Oysters. Did you ever hear of a man who was

a victim of the oyster habit? The writer was in an uptown cafe the other evening, when a gray haired, full chested, big framed man came in and ordered Blue Point oysters. He ate a dozen, ordered another dozen, then a third dozen, hesitated, as if in doubt, paid his check and went out. Three dozen oysters right down made one's eyes open, but the waiter said: "Oh, that's nothing. He comes in here every night for raw oysters. Sometimes he eats three dozen sometimes four dozen. He's what I call an oyster eater. I don't believe he eats anything else."-New York Tribune.

Guaranteed Cure -2

We authorize our advertised druggist to sell you Dr. King's New Discovery for consumption, coughs and colds upon this condition. If you are afflicted with a cough, cold, or any lung, chest or throat trouble, and will use this remedy according to directions, giving it a fair trial, and experience no bene it, you may return the bottle and have your money refunded. We could not make this did we not know that Dr. King's New Discovery could be relied on. It never disappoints, Trial bottle free, at W. F. Runner's drug store. Large size 50c and \$1.00. To live without working is to check

Bucklen's Araica Salve. The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Scres, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, and all Skin Eruptions and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. F. Runner, Druggist.

in one's self the well-spring of life.

silent is the best answer to calumny To Nervous Debilitated Man. If you will send us your address, we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dye's Celeorated Electro-Voltaic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor and manhood. Pamphlet free.

To persevere in one's duty and be

you a Belt and Appliances on a trial VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich. Example is the school of mankind, and they will learn at no other.

If you are thus afflicted, we will send

WANTED .- The name of any person afflicted with Goitre, or thick neck. Valuable information, free. Address with stamp, F. W. Cook & Co., 162 Lake St., Cleveland, Ohio. The moment we say no to ourselves, we take a stand against the devil.

Happy Hoosiser -2. Wm. Timmons, postmaster of Idavill, Ind., writes: "Electric Bitters has done more for me than all other medicines combined, for that bad feeling arising from kidney and liver trouble." John Leslie, farmer and stockman of same place, says: "Find Elec tric Bitters to be the best kidney and iver medicine, made me feel like a new man." J. W. Gardner, hardware merchant, same town, says: "Electric Bitters is just the thing for a man who is all run down and don't care whether he lives or dies; he found new strength, good app-tite and felt just like he had a new lease on life. Only 50c. bottles

at W. F. Runner's drug store. We are never made so ridiculous by the qualities we have as those we

When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss; she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

Purity of beart is that quick and sensitive delicacy to which even the very thought of sin is offensive.

Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria.

## FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF NILES.

LARGEST CAPITAL, LARGEST SURPLUS, OLDEST BANK.

Statement of Condition, March 1, 1892.

 Loans and discounts:
 \$273,569.59
 Capital Stock.
 \$100,000.00

 United States Bonds
 25,000.00
 Surplus
 25,000.00

 Stocks, Bonds and Mortgages
 38,687.00
 Undivided Profits
 1,286.00

 Banking House.....Other Real Estate..... 7,000.00 2.562.29 Cash and Exchange...... 40,201.11 Due from U. S. Treasurer.... 1,125.00 40,201,11

W. K. LACEY, President.

Total.....\$388,144.99

HENRY LARDNER, Vice President. C. A. JOHNSON, Cashier. GEO. W. JACKSON, Asst. Cashier.

Total......\$388,144.99

4 Per Cent Interest Paid on Deposits. YOUR BUSINESS SOLICITED.



Speaking of J. & C. FISCHER PIANOS, we can say, the factory has been established since 1840. They have made and sold over 90,000 Pianos They have produced more Pianos than any other factory in the world. Then are still making more Pianos every year than any other factory. Their Pianos are all first-class in every respect. The Fischer Piano is sold at an nonest price and on terms to accommodate all circumstances. If you buy a Fischer you will own the most popular Piano made, and will have full value for your money. John G. Holmes has the selling of the Fischer in this

New Year Gifts, Washington's Birthday Gifts, any other kind of Birthday Gifts, Wedding Gifts, all kinds of Gifts. Pure Drugs and all seasonable goods in the line of Books School Supplies, Stationery, &c., at

RUNNER'S CORNER DRUG STORE.

SEST WEEKLY AGRICULTURAL JOURNAL S1.00 PER YEAR. ESTABLISHED AT CHICAGO, IN 1841. S1.00 PER YEAR.

AGRICULTURE, LIVE STOCK, VETERINARY, DAIRY, HORTICULTURE, ENTOMOLOGY, POULTRY, BEES, GARDEN AND LAWN, SCIENCE, MARKETS.

A Family Journal for two generations, the acknowledged favorite, at the fireside of The Household Department, carefully prepared and illustrated delights the ladies.
Its Miscellany, Puzzles, and Young Folks endear it to the young members of the

Filled with Practical Illustrations and Concise, Timely Topics of General Interest. ONLY ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION

The First National Bank at Buchanan, i

Business, March 1st, 1892.

the State of Michigan, at the close of

RESOURCES In the matter of the estate of Lourop Francis, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Arthur C. Logan, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of sold deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that administration of said estate may be granted to Lurana Francis, the Executrix named in said will, or to some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 28th day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of soid petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are re-Banking noise, turniture and axtures...

Current expenses and taxes paid...

Premiums on U. S. Bonds...

Checks and other cash items...

Bills of other banks...

Fractional paper currency, nickels and (5 per cent of circulation)..... LIABILITIES. Capital stock paid in..... STATE OF MICHEAN, Ss.
County of Berrien.
I, Jno. F. Reynolds, Cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief JNO. F. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 9th day of March, 1892. JOHN C. DICK, Notary Public. J. Harvey Roe,
James Reynglds,

Directors. Estate of Jasper A. Jones. First publication March 10, 1892.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—ss.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Provate office, in the Village of Berrien Springs, on the 2d day of March, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two.

Present, DAYID E. HINNAN, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Jasner A. Jones. deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, daly verified, of Ruth A. Jones, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be the last will and testament of said deceased, may be admitted to probate, and that administration of said estate may be granted to the petitioner, the Executrix named in said will, or to some other suitable person. other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 4th day of April next, at ten o'clock in the torenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the village of Berrien Springs, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to he published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.)

DAVID E. HINMAN, [SEAL.]

Last publication March 31, 1882. other suitable person.
Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the

"ANAKESIS" gives instant relief and is an infallible Cure for Piles. Price \$L By Druggists or mail. Samples free. Address"ANAKESIS," Box 2416, New York City.

General Produce Commission Merchants and Shippers,

TO ALL SHIPPERS OF PRODUCE. WANTED -- Butler, Cheese, Eggs, Potatoes, Apples, Onions, Beans, Cabbage, Dried Fruits, Poultry, Game, Veal, Lambs, Beef, Mutton, Pork, Furs, Ilides, Pelts, Tallow, Honey, Beeswax, Broom Corn, Giuseng Root, Feathers, Cider, Vinegar, Buckwheat Flour, Etc. Send for our Daily Bulletin

and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien Springs, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) DAVID E. HINMAN, [SEAL.]

Estate of Peter Ash. First publication, March 3, 1892.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien.—ss Atasession of the Probate Conri. for said County of Berrien, held at the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien Springs, on the 27th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and nine-terms.

Last publication March 21, 1892.

Estate of Lothrop Francis.

First publication March 3, 1869.

(TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—85.

At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate cflice in the Village of Berrien Springs, on the 24th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ainety-two.

Present, David E. Hinman, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Lothrop Francis, deceased.

First publication March 3, 1862.

y-two. Present, David E. Hinman, Judge of Pro bate. In the matter of the estate of Peter Ash, de-In the matter of the estate of Peter Ash, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Susan Ash, widow of said deceased, praying that administration of said estate may be granted to the petitioner, or we other writable person.
Therenpon it is ordered that Monday, the 28th day of March next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said court, then to be holden in the Probate Office, in the village of Berrien Springs, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioners should not be granted. And its further ordered, that said petitioners give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of

DAVID E. HINMAN, Judge of Probate Last publication, March 24, 1892. W. E. BALLARD & CO.,

three successive weeks previous to said day

3742 State St., - Chicago, III.

# W. TRENBETH,

CARRIES THE LARGEST STOCK OF

### CLOTHS. SUITINGS.

Pants Goods,

to be found in Berrien county, at the low est living prices for good work.

### An Inspection is Solicited.

Front Street, Foot of Day's Avenue, BUCHANAN, MICH.

Buchanan Markets.

May-\$10 @ \$12 per ton. Lard712-c. Salt, retail-\$1.00

Plour-\$5.20 @ \$6.00 per bbl., retail Honey-14c. Live poultry-8c.

Butter-16c. Eggs-10c. Wheat,-90c. Oats -25c. Corn-40c. Beans-\$1.50. Live Hogs-\$4.90.

#### NOTICE. BUCHANAN TOWNSHIP.

6 5 4 8 8 8 1

| - |    |     |    |    |    |    |
|---|----|-----|----|----|----|----|
|   | ĭ  | 8   | Q  | 10 | 11 | 12 |
|   | 18 | 17  | 16 | 15 | 14 | 13 |
|   | 19 | .20 | 91 | 22 | 23 | 81 |
|   | 30 | 56  | 28 | 2T | 26 | 25 |
|   | 21 | 32  | 33 | 34 | 33 | 36 |

VOTICE is hereby given to the electors of the Pownship of Bucharan, Berrien County, Michigan, that the Township Board, at a meeting he'd in the office of the Supervisor, on Frilar, the 15th day of January, 1892. All members being present, it was decided to devide the township into two 124 Election Districts, pursanat to law, viz. Howell's Annotated Statutes, Chapter eight, Section one, at all subsequent acts amendatory thereto. It was

thereto. It was Resolved, That the west half of said township and the south three 31 sections of the east half of said township, containing the following sections, 4. % 6. 7. 8, 9. 16, 17, 18, 19, 20, 2°, 2°, 20, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 25, 16, shall be known as Election District 33, 34, 35, 36, shall be known as Election District No. One. It was further Resolved. That the east half of said township north of the south three (3) sections, containing the following sections, 1, 2, 3, 10, 11, 12, 13, 14, 15, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, shall be known as Election District No. Two 25, as above set forth in diagram.

gram. Dated at Buchaugh, February 17th, 1892. Frank A. Treat, Township Clerk.

#### Election Notice.

Notice is hereby given to the electors of the Village of Buchapan, B rrien county, Michigan, that the annual elec-tion will be held on Monday, the 14th day of March, A D. 1802, at Engine House No. 1, in said village, the polls opening at 8 o'clock a. m. and closing at 5 o'clock p. m., at which election the f llowing officers are to be elected: One President, for the term of one year; three Trustees, for the term of two year; one Clerk, one Treasurer, one S reet Commissioner, ene Assessor, one Consable, each for the term of one

Dated March 2, 1892. FRANK A. TREAT, Clerk of the Village of Buchanan.

#### Registration Notice.

Notice is hereby given that the Board of Registration of the Village of Buchanan, appointed by the Common Council thereof, pursuant to law, will be in session on Saturday, the 12th day of March, A. D. 1892, from 9 o'clock in the foreroon until 8 o'clock in the after neon of said day, at Engine House No. 1, in said village, for the purpose of completing the registration of the electors of said village, and registering all qualified voters entitled to vote at the annual election to be held therein, on Monday, the 14th day of March, A.

Dated March 2, 1892. FRANK A. TREAT, Clerk of the Village of Buchanan.

HARRY PAPSON returned to Buffalo, N. Y., Tuesday.

PROGRESSIVE razzle dazzle has struck South Bend, and they call it new.

MRS. W. HALLECK has bought Will Woods' house and lot on Third street.

try are simply horrible.

GENE BLISS, of South Bend, visited his parents in this place over Sunday.

MAPLE sugar makers are having a glorious harvest this season. MR. AND MRS. B. S. CRAWFORD re-

turned Friday from their winter's visit, at Corsica, Ohio.

MISS IDA DEARMOND is home from South Bend for a week's visit with her mother and friends.

MISS ADDIE BLAKE returned, Friday evening, from her visit with Mr. and Mrs. Harry Starrett, at Chicago.

MR. AND MRS. O. P. WOODWORTH visited relatives and friends, in Niles, over Sunday.

THE Cripe Bros. have commenced raising broilers for the South Bend market.

J. F. BARTMESS, wife, and daughter, Mamie, have gone to attend the warding of the daughter of Henry Hess.

time the treasury was enrichween \$15 and \$16.

REV. J. J. ROE went to Decatur, Ind., ast evening to assist Evangelist Frazer in revival meetings.

THE several churches of the village will join in a union temperance meeting, in Rough's opera house, on Sunday

MR. WM. PEARS returned home from Sioux City, Iowa, Friday, leaving his daughter much improved but still in a critical condition. RAILROAD DOCKMEN, in Benton

Harbor, struck for higher wages. They were getting \$2 for ten hours, and struck for \$2.50. Sr. Joseph will have a second caviar

factory, making her a caviar town of the first water among sister American MR. AND MRS. J. CROCKER BROWN who have been visiting in this place

their Dakota home this morning. MORRIS LYON has contracted to work in a tin shop in Constantine for one year, and will move his family to that

place this week. MI S ALLEN will preach next "unday

morning in the church of the Larger Hope on the "Law of the Spirit of Life." Evening subject, "I Shall be Satisfied." ELMER FINNEY, charged with bas-

tardy, mentioned last week, appeared before Justice Dick, Saturday, waived examination, and gave bonds to appear for trial at the Circuit Court.

PERRY Fox is moving to his new home, in Niles. He has been a citizen of this place a good many years, and does not exactly enjoy the idea of leaving.

The Niles City Band gave a good entertainment in Rough's opera house, Thursday evening, but were not highly elated over the gain made in their wealth by the transaction. It didn't make them rich.

THE pickle works in Benton Harbor are making contracts for their 1892 crop of cucumbers. They agree to pay 40 cents a bushel delivered at the factory, or 30 cents at the Wabash and West Michigan stations.

A GENUINE cold wave struck this section, yesterday, carrying the mercury down to 4, where it stood this morning at 6:30, the coldest we have had in three weeks. The highest temperature in that time was 56.

ALBERT LAMB has been appointed postmaster in Dayton, in place of J. G. Legget who died recently. Since the death of Mr. Leggett the office has been kept in charge of Mrs. Shepardson, by Mr. Leggett's bondsmen.

MR. STEPHEN BAKER informs the RECORD that he was born Feb. 29, 1812, and consequently has been able to celebrate that occasion twenty times instead of seventeen, as stated in the RECORD last week.

AT the Republican State Convention in Detroit, Thursday, April 14, Berrien county will be entitled to 18 delegates; Cass, 17; Van Buren, 12; St. Joseph, 12; Allegan, 16 and Barry 10, or 85 for this Congressional district.

GOV. WINANS has issued an appeal to the citizens of Michigan for contributions for the famine sufferers of Russia, and in accordance therewith a committee has been formed to canvass this town for contributions.

M. T. Youngs has made an assignment for the benefit of creditors. S. A. Wood being made assignee. Mr. Youngs, while parting with the furniture stock, will continue in the undertaking business.

WHILE at work at the bench about one o'clock this afternoon, Mr. R. Kompass let his chisel slip, and cut a deep gash about an inch long in his wrist. The cord of the third finger is severed. Dr. Do dd dressed the wound.

This week Roe & Kingery advertise Buggies and Road Wagons; the First National Bank of Niles invites you to do business with them, and the First National Bank of Buchanan gives a statement of their business.

FRED SEIFERT has bought 80 acres in the north-east corner of Galien township, the north eighty acres of the John Batten farm. Price \$3,400. He has sold the forty acres where he has been ELECTION of village officers next living, north of Dayton, to Fred

JUDGING by the stories in the Palladium, none but webfooted people find it safe traveling the streets of Benton Harbor, on account of the mud. As Benton Harbor wants to be known as an exterprising town it would not THE roads in all parts of the coun- i do to be behind in anything, even to

> D. V. BROWN, of Niles, gave a party last evening which was attended by his brother and wife, Mr. and Mrs. J Crocker Brown, his sister, Mrs. Mary Straw, his neices, Misses Adah Kingery and Mattie Straw of this place, besides a large number of Niles friends. All had a merry time.

THE Buchanan Cornet Band will give an entertainment and supper. next Wednesday evening. March 16. The supper will be served in the old tin shop room, in Rough's opera house block, and the entertainment be given in the opera house. Supper, 25 cents;

entertainment, 10 cents.

MR. JOHN W. HARRISON is not dead as some reported, but will be around again in a few days with his grinding machine. Please have ready your knives, scissors, razors, and any other edged tools that you want sharpened. He also extends his thanks for your kind patronage during 1891 and hopes it will continue.

MARRIED, at the residence of Mr. H. C. French, Bertrand, on Wednesday The box social given by the Lady evening, March 9, by Rev. F. Klump, Macches, in their hall, Tuesday evening, March 9, by Rev. F. Klump, Mr. John Luther and Miss Minnie Zerbe. A goodly number of friends and relatives were present to witness the ceremony, as well as to bid them Godspeed on their married journey.

tom of the creek.

dent, last evening. While getting in | ing the term. Number enrolled, 26; his carriage, in Fulton addition, his horse started just as he had raised up onto the step. He caught one line, and in pulling on it turned the buggy and cramped the fore wheel around against his side with sufficient force to break a rib. He is not laid up by the injury.

WHILE the writer was riding on the thirty was taken off the car at Muncie, Ind. He was thin, lank, looked like a consumptive in the last stages of the disease, had been South for his health, for the past two weeks, started for but to no avail, and was just returning home to die, barely able to walk when supported by two men. When he had left the car the full history of the case was given in one word, "cigarettes."

> in Roe's hall, Monday evening, and total, \$807,782. nominated the following ticket: For President, Wm. A. Palmer; Clerk, Frank A. Treat; Treasurer. Homer A. Hathaway; Trustees, John F. Reynolds, John Morris, Lorenzo P. Alexander; Street Commissioner, Mathew B. Gardner; Assessor, Stephen A. Wood; Constable. Jeseph Covell. The caucus voted to continue for another year the same committee as last year, J. G. Holmes, C. B. Treat, S. A. Wood.

of Chicago, has been in Buchanan for a day visiting Mr. Harvey Rough, who represents his company in Berrien county. The Metropolitan Accident company is one of the oldest and most reliable insurance companies in the West. During the year 1891 the company settled many hundred claims, and in no instance was there any delay in the payment of any of the losses. The following gentlemen are carrying policies in the Metropolitan: W. Hobert, W. O. Strawser, Geo. Ferguson, Will Chambers, J. G. Holmes, H. Davis, Del. Sixby, J. G. Epley, J. D. Wells, O. Brown, L. Lano, G. Lano, D. Lano, J.

Six passengers on the lightning express on the great St. Joseph Valley portments of the scholars of Buchanan railroad were thrown from the trestle, School District No. 6, which have at the foot of Moccasin hill, and the neither been tardy or absent, for the hand car they were riding dumped on the month ending March 4, 1802: Vertop of them, Friday evening. Fortu- ner Spaulding, 100; Dell Spaulding, nately no lives were lost or bones 100; Merton Spaulding, 100; Frank broken. The worst damage was done Miller, 95; Willie Russell, 100; Ver to the fellow who sat down in the bot- Russell, 100; Edith Spaulding, 100; Edna Spaulding, 100; Belva Spaulding, 100; Blanche Spaulding, 100. The Dr. E. S. Dodd met with an acci- first three were present every day duraverage attendance for the month, 18 for the term, 203.

WILL STEVENS, Teacher.

An illustration of the fact that small things lead to large aggregates if carried far enough, is found in the Benton Harbor Palladium's statement Big Four train, Friday, a man about of the amounts paid for fruits sold in Benton Harbor, in 1801, and while there is more sold there than at any other point, there are sixteen other fruit shipping points in the county:

Total cash paid out by the banks for commission merchants who deposit with them, to which is added the total amount paid out by fifteen resident buyers, \$726,350; received for cucumbers from pickle factories, \$23,000; for cider apples from factories, \$20,000; for tomatoes for canning and catsup, \$10,632; other fruits, including berries THE Republican Village Caucus met | for canning, eyaporating, etc., \$17,600; To arrive at the exact amount paid

for our fruit and vegetables we would have to add to the above figures all the cash paid here by non-resident buyers, of whom there are a great many on the street during the busy season; all commission accounts when checked against Chicago and Milwaukee deposits; all the St. Paul, Minneapolis, St. Louis, Indianapolis, Detroit, Ft. Wayne, Grand Rapids, Saginaw and Muskegon commission business, which is very large, and ususally se tled by drafts, money orders or express orders; all the sales made direct to consumers MR. ED. DE ANGUERA, general agent and retail dealers in other cities, also of the Metropolitar Accident Company, all the sales made to our local grocerymen, who not only supply our own people but nearly all of them are shippers. Of all this class of sales it is impossible to get any accurate information, but is well-known to be very large and would cartainly carry the figure above one million dollars and might reach a million and a quarter dollars.

GENTLEMEN of the medical profession will find in the March number of the Review of Reviews a short but spirited sketch, accompanied by a fine portrait, of the late Dr. Morell Mackinzie; also a fine portrait, among the Leading Articles, of Professor Virchow, and a synopsis of his condemnation of Darwinism; an interesting summary of Mr. Flower's article upon L. Richards, W. O. Churchill, Simon hypnotism, and other matters which Stevens, A. J. Carothers, Nelson Boyer. | would naturally attack medical men.

# CARPET STRETCHER.

50 CENTS. FORMER PRICE, \$1.00.

A Few Left. CLOSING OUT.

C.H.BAKER.

AT the Democratic Village Caucus held Saturday evening, the following were nominated: For President, Wm. R. Rough; for Trustees, Frank X. Koontz, Harvey D. Rough and Rudolph Kompass; for Clerk, Henry W. Grover; for Treasurer, Chas. A. Howe; for Assessor, Levi L. Redden; for Street Commissioner, Eli Helmick; for Constable, Jake E. Arney. Mr. Kompass has declined the nomination and the committee supplied the place with Ephriam W.

EAU CLAIRE is getting ready to vote for a saloon, just when the whole county ought to be voting to not have any saloon at all. Some of the citizens have an idea that the salvation of the town depends upon having a place where people who want to come to the town may go to get drunk. Well, there may be some philosophy in this argument under the present condition of mankind, but it is a sad comment on the kind.

THE RECORD is in receipt of a copy into a Mountain Walled Treasury of the Gods," from the press of Mathews-Northrup Co., Buffalo, N. Y., and distributed by J. H. Bennett, General Pas- fruit belt state has never shown a betsenger Agent of the Rio Grande West- and apples, etc., than this season so ern' Railway, Salt Lake, which is a far. All trees are loaded to the fullest gem. The views produced are some of capacity. If no more cold weather the the finest to be had in the Rocky Mountains, where the finest in the world are crop of fruit than ever before for years.

—Coloma Boomer. to be found.

quet given by the Buchanan camp of men were present from the neighbor- wonder why ing camps. The hall was neatly deco- times a failure. rated, the center being occupied by a large table laden with choice fruits and cigars which were enjoyed by all presbanquet which had been provided for sum of \$12,000, and he lost it all. them. The evening's entertainment was interspersed with excellent vocal and instrumental music, and at a late hour the guests departed with well-

A 240 pound sturgeon was caught at St. Joseph, Mich., on Friday. It was over six feet in length.—S. B. Times.

wishes and words of praise for the

hospitality of the Buchanan camp.

The Benton Harbor Land and Im provement Association propose to build a big four story hotel to cost \$75,000. They have platted their property into 1400 lots and will sell the whole, including the hotel for \$200 per lot. They say no lot is worth less than \$200. When all are sold there will be a distribution and then every man will find out which lot he owns. This will bring

in the rather tidy sum of \$280,000. Of

course no man can build on his pur

chase until all have been sold and the

The Way They Will Do It.

distribution occurs.—B. S. Era. A sort of lottery in which there are supposed to be no blanks, but the gambling comes in the location.

Thomas S. Jewett, a Niles boy and son of Ed. S. Jewett, has been appointed Asst. Paymaster in the U. S. Navy. His qualifications for the position are well known, and his friends are hearti ly glad over his good luck.—Niles Re-

WM. SIXBY was gumming a saw on an emery wheel at the new furniture factory on Front street this morning, when the wheel bursted and a piece struck him over the left eye, cutting a deep gash. Had the piece struck him of a pamphlet called "Utah, A Peep half an inch lower he would now be minus an eye.—Niles Star, Thursday.

REPORTS are now for the Michigan

Notwithstanding the inclement weather last Friday evening, the banrogated it was found that he did not know his future wife's name. He had Modern Woodmen was a decided suc- to return to find what it is.—S. Bend cess. A large number of visiting Wood- Times. And yet there are people who marriage is some

From the Niles Star.

It has been published that a few ent. Three new neighbors were adopted days since a certain bank in California, during the evening and after the coremony all present adjourned to the Earl It is said that Mr. F. M. Gray, of this House and sat down to a sumptuous city, had deposited in this bank the The old standby shoemaker, of Buchanan, has rented a shop near Vienna bakery and will be here soon.

> such large numbers as the Berrien Springs people, to hear the band concert. However there was a paying house. A faultless and pleasing program was rendered, and those present seemed well satisfied. No ten-dollar

## DID YOU EVER

Stop to think that a penny will buy as much today as could be bought with a dime a few years ago. If you don't believe it come around to our store and treat yourselves to a surprise. We are dealers in almost everything. We keep a full line of Gents' Furnishing Goods, Men's Pants and Boys' Suits. Also Gloves and Mittens, and a line of Ladies' Hosiery, which we are selling very cheap. In Cutlery, Tin Ware, Fishing Tackel, Bird Cages, Toys, Oil Stoves and Notions, in almost everything, we take the lead. Our 5c and 10c counters are a surprise to see what a little money will buy. We keep the largest variety of Cigars and Tobacco in Berrien County. Also Kranz Confectionery, which is the finest and best in the world. If you want to know what else we keep, come in and ask for it. I think we can accommodate you.

### MORRIS' THE FAIR, Dealer in Almost Everything BUCHANAN. MICH.

If you would have your clothes that

The lowest price on everything, at

Don't forget that I still sell Pianos

For Window Draperies, go to H. B.

A nice assortment of Dress Flan-

Do you want a small Engine? I

have one four-horse power, vertical

Engine and Boiler, in good order, and

are new. J. G. HOLMES.

For an experienced nurse, enquire

WANTED .- 10,000 feet of second-

growth White Maple, delivered at

Rough Bros. Wagon Works, Buchanan.

KOMPASS. STONE & STOLL.

Those very large and exceedingly Ask for Halibut, at

Persons contemplating purchasing a

may learn something to their advant-

The best Vest in town for 30c, found

- JOHN G. HOLMES.

Geo. Wyman & Co.

Smith's Nimes Moquets, 90

Smith's Best Moquets, \$1.25.

Five Frame Body Brussels.

Smith's Tapestry Brussels,

10-Wire Tapestry Brussels.

Glenham Velvets, 90 cents

Three Shot Wiltons, \$1.50.

Royal Wiltons, \$2.50. All-Wool Philadelphia Ex-

tra Super Ingrain, 50 cents. Cotton Chain Extra Ingrain,

Smyrna Rugs, 30x60 inches.

Linolems as low as 40 cents.

We are opening now a bank-rupt stock of Lace Curtains.

Vell they did not cost us much

them go cheap. We have our linens marked

and on sale for less money than we ever offered such

on Boy's Clothing also, during

We continue our Cloak sale

If you are interested in buy-

ing any kind of goods we have,

let us give you our price for it.

COME AND SEE US.

South Bend, Ind.

on spring rollers, 25 cents. •

Window Shades, mounted

 $42\frac{1}{2}$  and 50 cents.

5, 25 and 35 cents.

32.50. 36x72, \$3.50.

75 cents.

to \$1.25.

goods for.

during February.

SPARKS & HATHAWAY'S.

Ask for Halibut, at

at the residence of C. N. East, River

BEATS THEM ALL.

and Organs. If you contemplate buy-

ing either, see me before buying.

S. P. HIGH'S.

J. G HOLMES.

S. P. HIGH'S. §

Real Estate. delicate clear white, so desirable, use FOR RENT.—A nice new eight-room house, fine grounds, good garden and Russ' Bleaching Blue. Sold by all orchard, in limits of Buchanan. Rent grocers. cheap. Inquire of

JNO. C. DICK. Buchanan, Mich. For sale.-40 acres within two miles of Village of Buchanan, also house and lot, in town Call at this

FARM FOR SALE-140 acres, 11/2 miles from Buchanan. Price low-DUNCAN for styles and prices. terms easy. For particulars address "Farmer," in care of RECORD office, nels, at Buchanan, Mich.

WANTED.-Family Washings to do. MARY WACHS, Oak Street. BOARDMAN & WEHRLE keep 8 brands am willing to sell it at a bargain. The of Flour including "Pillsbury's Best." inside or exposed parts of the boiler Marbles, Rubber Balls, Jackstones, Slings, Rubbers, Etc.

HARRY BINNS. The Milwankee Harvesting and Mowing machines may be had the coming season of John Dempsey, who has street. the agency for Dayton and vicinity. He also has the agency for the Russell Threshing machinery, made at Massilon, Ohio.

Boxed Writing Paper. Come in and examine our assortment at 25 cents. HARRY BINNS. FOR SALE.—Two horses and a good THEO. THOMAS. HOARSENESS,

so as to speak only in whispers; rough scraping sensation in the throat; sore- age by seeing J. G. HOLMES. ness in the chest; cough from tickling in the throat are cured by HUMPH-REYS' SPECIFIC NUMBER SEVEN. GEO. A. McOmber, of Niles, has bought from Dr. D. C. Randall his for \$175. A better one for \$200. Still preparation and formula, and the ex- better for \$250. Better yet for \$300, clusive right to manufacture his fa- but \$400 will get you a still better one; mous medicine, known as Dr. D. C. but if you want as good a Weber Up-Randall's Electic Balm. This pur- right as was ever made, it will cost you chase also includes the right to the more. See me before buying. I sell 'trade mark' of "Dr. D. C. Randall's the Weber, Hazelton, Fischer, Mason & Electic Balm," and his plates for labels, Hamlin, Kroeger, C. D. Pease and &c. To use or sell a medicine by that others, and can sell you a Piano to fit name without Mr. McOmber's consent, your rocket-book, and will not charge hereafter, will render all people so you first-class price for a fourth-class vending medicine by that name, liable piano. to an action by him. This is a valuable right. The doctor has used this name as a trade mark for perhaps fifty years,

and those who infringe upon it must look out for Mr. McOmber. The next pound of Tea you buy, try the uncolored Tycoon, at

TREAT BROS. & CO.'S." DEL. JORDAN has enlarged his store on Front street, and is prepared to furnish you with Staple and Fancy Groceries at bed rock prices. Remember that his goods are New and Fresh.

Tycoon Tea has been on sale with us for over ten years, and given excellent satisfaction. Try it. Offer for February, Carpets at the lowest price we have ever

TREAT BROS. & CO!'S. WE WILL pay liberally for the services of an energetic lady or gentleman in every town, to represent a choice we have been making too much WE WILL pay liberally for the serpublication, elegantly illustrated and on Carpets, and now we cut immensely popular. A full copy of the the price lower. If you are inbook furnished free. For particulars terested in getting a Carpet address C. B. Beach & Co., Lakeside this spring and want to select Building, Chicago.

1w6 this spring and want to select it in February, we will make

All lovers of good Tea should drink you the following prices: the uncolored Tycoon. Sold only by 10 TREAT BROS. & CO. 10 New Gingham, new Prints, new

Tennis Flannel, lots of new Goods, at S. P. HIGH'S SPARKS & HATHAWAY will give with every pound of Baking Powder you buy, 6 dinner plates, or if you buy 4 pounds you will get a nice glass set of four pieces, worth what you pay tor

the Baking Powder. New Goods this week, at H. B. DUNCAN'S. JUST ARRIVED!

A NEW LINE OF DECORATED CROCKERY Don't buy until you see it. ou see it.

MORGAN & CO. Ladies, when you want Hosiery, come and see what I have. Just re-H. B. DUNCAN. We have some of the finest yellow Corn you ever saw. Inquire at our

THE C. BISHOP GRAIN CO. Try our 40 cent Chewing Tobacco. None better.

SPARKS & HATHAWAY. A full line of Bakery Goods always in stock, at SPARKS & HATHAWAY'S.

We offer in our Shoe Department a \$5 Shoe for \$3.50. We will take off 25 per cent CROCKERY! CROCKERY!! Come in and see it and you will be MORGAN & CO. February. Try a can of Forest City Baking Powder. A porcelain lined kettle with eyery can, at SPARKS & HATHAWAY'S.

Morgan & Co. keep the BEST &

CHEAPEST FLOUR in town. EVE-

RY SACK WARRANTED. ADAM KERN has moved into the Marble building in Dayton, and will ontinue his business in Boots and Shoes and Furnishing Goods as heretofore. He will be found on the west side of the street hereafter. He is putting in a fresh stock of new Goods, Buchananites did not turn out in and invites people to call and see them. A full line of Jackson Corset Waists

> for ladies, at S. P. HIGH'S. CANDIES! CANDIES!! CANDIES!!! Barley Coffee at SPARKS & HATH AWAY's. 10c a pound or 3 pounds for

## Citizen's National Bank,

NILES, MICH.

DIRECTORS:

A. G. Gage, J. L. Reddick, I. P. Hutton, H. M. Dean, J. H. Richardson, E. F. Woodcock. L. H. Beeson.

PER CENT INTEREST

## BUY BUGGIES

AND

### ROAD WAGONS Morgan & Co.'s 25c and 30c Correct

OF

## ROE & KINGERY.

New stock ready for your innew Threshing outlit for next season, spection. Prices right.

## WALL PAPER!

SPRING, 1892,

Is soon coming, and most everyone is going to do house clean-

ing and wall papering, and I want to impress on

your mind gently that Have the argest and Finest Stock of Wall Paper in the County, from cheap to best, all styles and grades, and will not be undersold. Call and examine our

#### stock before purchasing. BARMORE

First Door East of Post-Office.

R Wire, Plain Wire, Galvanized Wire, Barbed Wire Netting, WE HAVE IT.

Solid Comfort Plows, Oliver Plows, Clark Plows, Gordon Plows. and any kind of a Plow a man wants.

## HARDWARE.

Œ

Just received, a large line of GOLD COIN COOK STOVES AND RANGES, of anything. May be will let | all warranted to give satisfaction or no sale.

G PREY

This year we will have the NEW OSBORNE BINDER, With Chain Drive. Call and see it.

# DEATH IS IMMINENT.

We want to pay our debts. We want you to pay us. The YOU IS PERSONAL If YOU OWE US.

DR. E. S. DODD & SON.

Respectfully,

We still rise to remark, Dodd's Cough Balsam is the best for your Cough, LaGrippe, or any other kind.

We have a full supply of School Books,

Humanity Divine-The Preacher Denies the Current View of Total Depravity. Christians Do Not Hold Such Views Thereon as Alleged by Robert Ingersoll.

NEW YORK, March 6.-Mr. Dixon preceded his sermon in Association hall this morning by a review of the recent combination of the anthracite coal kings of Pennsylvania. He said:

The most gigantic railroad deal in the history of the world has just been consummated in Wall street. The anthracite coal output of America is controlled by five railroads. Four of these roads have entered into a combination—the Reading, Lehigh Valley, Jersey Central, and Delaware, Lackawanna and Western. The combination represents a total of real and watered stock to the enormous amount of \$600,000,000. It is declared that the earnings of this trust will be over \$100,000,000 annually. We do not doubt it. WALL STREET MANIACS.

The scene on the Stock exchange when the announcement of this deal was made beggars description. Men plunged and shricked and jumped and yelled like maniacs. Millions hung in the balance of a moment. It was a day never to be forgotten even on the floor of this daily pandemonium.

It was enough to move men to madness and transform a market into a hell of greed and speculative lust. These stocks, in spite of the hurden of tons of water, leaped upward some \$\$,000,000 within a few ticks of the clock. Visions of imperial splendor flashed before the surging crowd of genteel gamblers. Nor was there any decline in prices. Fabulous fortunes were made in an hour. It was an hour that should interest profoundly the whole nation. Those who have best reason to know declare that it means an advance of fifty cents a ton on the price of coal. \$20,000,000, ALL PROFIT!

This means that the masses of the people will be robbed of \$20,000,000 more annually in a tax on their firesides to furnish the sinews of war for our Napoleons of finance as they walk from throne to throne and dream of new worlds to conquer. Yes, for all this inflated stock, for all these fictitious values, for all these enormous profits, somebody must pay-for the men who have done this trading have scarcely crooked their little fingers. From certain quarters there rises the cry about trusts, monopolies, combinations and conspiracies against competitive trade. The power of law is invoked to break up the con-

NONE OF YOUR BUSINESS. But why all this noise? What has the law to do with such a combination? Such a deal is a perfectly legitimate climax to our system of commercial war. The inevitable end of all competition is combination. Combination is the only possible fruit of such a system. At present our railroads are owned and run by private capital. Have not two roads the same right to combine under one management as one road to combine capital in the beginning? Certainly. What business is it to you or me if the owners of these roads enter into a partnership? The roads belong to their stockholders. They invested their money for gain. They did not build or poses. They went into it to make money for themselves. They did not invest for the purpose of furnishing fuel to poor people who are cold. You allow them to own these public highways. They will charge you just what they please for carrying your coal. If they feel like it they will raise the price of coal fifty cents a ton. The engines, tracks, cars, belong to the managers. They will advance the price a dollar a ton if they feel inclined! It is none of your business. If you do not like it you can whistle. If you don't want to buy coal, let it alone. You can burn wood, oil, gas, electricity.

THE REMEDY. Yes, there is a remedy. Just one. All other remedies only play with the problem and pile up wrath against the day of wrath. The time has come when the government must assume control of the people's highways and run them in the interests of the people. HIGHWAYS AND HIGHWAYMEN.

Streets and public roads were the highways of past centuries. The railroad is the highway of modern times. The king owned the old highway. The king must own the new highway or the new highwaymen will own the king.

HUMANITY DIVINE.

Suffer the little children to come unto me; forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven.—Mark x, 14. And one of the malefactors which were hanged railed on him. But the other answered and rebuking him said. We receive the due reward of our deeds, but this man has done nothing amiss. And he said, Jesus, remember me when thou comest in thy kingdom. And He said unto him, Verily I say unto thee, to-day shalt thou be with me in paradise.—Luke xxiii, 39-43.

Colonel Ingersoll says that "Christianity has taught that the whole human race is by nature depraved, and that if God should act in accordance with his sense of justice all of the sons of men would be doomed to eternal pain. Human nature has been derided, has been held up to contempt and scorn, all our desires and passions denounced as wicked and filthy." That is to say, Colonel Ingersoll declares at this late day that Christianity teaches the doctrine of Total Depravity. Again we find the colonel at his old tricks. He sets up a man of straw that he may knock him down for the amusement of the crowd. He is again hunting for imaginary gain. A FIRE HUNT.

In a wild district of the south two men went out on a certain night to hunt deer in what is known as a "fire hunt" -two men, with their guns, and a boy to hold the light. Suddenly one of the hunters saw the gleam of the eye of his deer in the distance in the forest. The crack of his rifle announced to his friends that they had found game.

"That deer shone up bright," he said in a self satisfied tone as he loaded his

They started in the direction of the prize, but in astonishment they saw another blue light appear in another direction. Again he fired, again the light went out. Again they sought for their deer and found it not.

"Very strange," said the hunter, "but I've only seen one eye each time." "Perhaps they have been standing sidewise to you," replied his friend.

Again crash went the rifle, down went the eye. They rushed to secure their game, and the deer was nowhere to be found. They exchanged guns, and when the eye of the deer again gleamed by the light of the torch, he tried his markmanship the fourth time. But he found no game. Then the other hunter tried a shot. The eye dropped. They went up to find the game; found it not. But they heard behind them the negro boy in great glee laughing over something. They asked him what was the matter. He replied:

"Amelia lighthouse! Five miles away! You have been shooting at the lighthouse."

Their game was purely imaginary. They found out their mistake at last and proceeded to hunt real game.

OF SATANIC ORIGIN. The trouble with the colonel is that he has not yet found out his mistake, and he is still firing away as though he were doing wonders. He sets up this imaginary object and proceeds to demolish it. When he makes such an assertion he again proclaims the fact that he has not been to church lately. In fact, judging from this statement, he has not been to church in about fifty

years, and what is worse, the last time he was at church, fifty years ago, the probability is that he did not understand what he heard.

The doctrine of Total Depravity is one that Christianity is in no sense responsible for. It is a slander centuries old, but is none the less a slander. It is a slander of Almighty God, a slander upon Christ and his church. My own dea is that it originated with the devil. I do not charge the colonel with originating this assertion. I do charge him with circulating a malicious slander. It seems to me that there came a time in the history of the forces of evil below when his Satanic majesty conceived a brilliant plan of campaign. He said, if I can only convince the world that Christianity means the abrogation of manhood; if I can only produce the impression that to be a Christian means to e less a man, and that the man who enters the Christian life must resign all that is beautiful and good and worth having in this world, then I will succeed in trapping thousands where one would fall otherwise. The devil should certainly build a monument to the man who first taught this doctrine; for it is calculated to deceive the very elect. It has played wild havor with the church in the past.

Thank God we are reaching the period when such a slauder no longer has force over the minds of the followers of Christ. They are learning now what Christ really taught. Nobody believes now within organic, so called orthodox circles in such a doctrine. Whenever you hear an old man get up and confess that he is the greatest sinner in the world, and that he is altogether wicked and altogether evil, he is simply repeating a traditional theology which is not a part of his life, for if a brother on the other side the church should get up in reply and agree with him, and declare that he was the biggest scoundrel in the church, there certainly would be a fight. This is simply the chatter of tradition. It has no part in real Christian life.

OF ROYAL LINEAGE. So far from Christianity teaching that the whole numan race is by nature depraved and that man is totally depraved, lesus Christ taught the very opposite, namely, that Christianity is intrinsically divine, sin intrinsically inhuman and unnatural.

Open the book of Christianity and see if this is not true. You will find it shad-ewed forth in the Old Testament before the founder of Christianity came upon the scene. The Old Testament teaches in the very opening chapter, in the first lesson God taught the infant class of the human race, that God made man in his own image. He did not make man in the image of the devil, but in man God reproduced himself. Again, the Psahnist tells us that he made him a "little lower than the angels." And now the later translation puls it, "a little lower than God," echoing the first great lesson taught in Genesis. When the prophets of old looked out upon a sinning, erring people their cry invariably set forth this divine truth. The cry of their hearts was ever the cry of the prophet of tears: "Return, thou backsliding Israel. Only come back. I will not chide; I will forgive; I will not keep anger." This appeal recognized the clement to which it appealed. So Jesus Christ taught, and so did his apostles teach. Open the New Testament and you find it upon almost

First-Christ teaches the intrinsic divinity of humanity in his doctrine of child salvation. He teaches it with an emphasis that marks the thought preeminently in his ministry. His disciples had driven the children away from the great master. Christ turns upon them with anger. The Word says that "He was moved with indignation," but the Greek declares that he was angry. This word signifying anger is used only once to describe the emotions that swept the heart of Christ, and this was the occasion. Jesus turned to his shortsighted disciples with those immortal words never to be forgotten, "Suffer the little children to come unto me: forbid them not, for of such is the kingdom of heaven." He distinctly declared that heaven is peopled with hosts of little children. He distinctly declared that every child is an incarnation of the breath of God. That every babe born into the world is

from the throb of God's heart. Second-Jesus taught again this sublime truth in his attitude toward the exitside world. The proud Pharisee and Jewish teachers would not enter the homes of the poor and degraded. To enter meant pollution. But the great Galilean Teacher went from humble home to home, mingled with the poor and the outcast, and one of the accusations which they brought against him was that he was the friend of publicans and sinners. He loved man as man. He ministered to man as man, teaching that man as man is worthy. The howling mob brings before the master a trembling woman taken in sin. They clamor for her life. They expect now to see this teacher of law visit upon the offender the vengeance of violated law. But Jesus could see through the exterior, through outward clamor. He looked not at that which was without, but at tl t which was

within the heart. Turning to the penitent, frightened woman, we hear his wonderous words: "Neither do I accuse thee. Go and sin no more." He teaches the world the sublime lesson of the Prodigal Son. That the boy was at home, that he left his father's house, went to the lowest denths of degradation, and that still in the lowest depths he was his father's child. He pictured the father waiting and watching out on the highway for his return. He tells us how the father received him in rags and tatters and yet received him

as a child, rejoiced in that reception.

"Let us be glad, make merry; for this

my son, that was dead, is alive. He that was lost is found." Third-His doctrine of the Fatherhood of God likewise proclaims that man is of royal blood, and when he taught the world to pray "Our Father" he taught that every man made in the image of God has in his veins the blood of a king. He taught this to a world of slaves in which the life of man was held in lowest possible estimate. Teaching this, he taught of necessity that all men are brethren. He told the king on the throne and the beggar by the wayside that there was one Father above, the Father of all. He thus threw around man as man the royal robes of divine

OUTWEIGHS KINGDOMS.

Fourth-His attitude toward institutions likewise proclaimed the same great truth. He violated the Jewish laws. He broke the Jewish Sabbath. He did it without hesitation. Hear his reason. "The Sabbath was made for man." How vast looms the thought "man" in the mind of the Son of Man. For this creature made in the image of God, a child of God, all things were made. All things must subserve his ends. Institutions were made to serve him; he is not

the servant of institutions. Fifth-His estimate of life likewise proclaims this doctrine of the intrinsic divinity of man. Jesus proclaimed the incalculable value of a single soul. He declared that if you should take all the thrones and scepters and empires, all the wealth of all the nations of all the earth and all the treasures under the earth. they would be worth nothing as compared to the value of a single life. Hear him, "What shall it profit a man if he gain the whole world and lose his life?" The life of man loomed up before him

KING ALFRED. Sixth-His teaching concerning the providence of God likewise unfolds the same truth. To his listening disciples he said: "Why be anxious, why worry? The father above hears the cry of the smallest child. The father above counts the beat of the sparrow's wing before the storm. Not one shall fall to the

in immortal grandeur.

economies of his infinite universe. The very hairs of your head are numbered Be not anxious. He who clothes the grass of the field, he who watches and counts the sparrows, watches every step in the life of man-man greater than all

the birds and flowers of the field." A legend of good King Alfred de clares that when he and his huntsman were one day riding through the forest they saw an eagle's nest on the top of a steep cliff, and from it they heard a sound like the sobbing of a babe. A man was sent to climb to the nest, and in it he found a baby boy, alive and unhurt. The king carried the little one home, and he grew up in the royal family. He became one of Alfred's most heroic knights and followers.

Hear the words of Jesus, "The Son of Man came to seek and to save that which was lost." So worthy is man that the outcast, the weak, the helpless the lost, call for the infinite expression of infinite love.

DUST OR FLAME.

Seventh—His teaching as to the nature of sin unfolds the same truth. Sin Christ declares, is of the heart. That is, it is a violation of the divine in man. Jesus says, not that which enters into a man defiles him, but that which proceeds out from the man within. Sin he declares to be the violation thus of the true nature of man. It is thought by some that Paul, the great apostle who followed Christ, taught the doctrine of Total Depravity. Paul does say, "I know that in me (that is, in my flesh) dwelleth no good thing."

The trouble with the man who believes in Total Depravity, who professes Christianity, is that he omits this clause. "in my flesh," which qualifies the whole sentence. Man is not flesh. Humanity is not flesh. The tiger kills a man and lies down after his meal and sleeps soundly. Man kills his fellow man and is pursued by an invisible hand to the ends of the earth, until at last he tears open his breast and tells the secret to an avenging law. The tiger is an animal; man is an animal. They are both flesh. But you do not find the man in the flesh. Humanity is that which is added to the flesh. Man did not become a man until he ceased to be merely an animal. When he ceased to be merely an animal he became divine. He partook of God's nature. Flesh is the soil out of which this man grew. He is not of the soil.

fact of the incarnation this sublime truth. This is the meaning and the mystery of the incarnation. The life of Christ was a supreme service to man. He denied himself even the comforts of life, that he might serve man. He went about doing good. He stood at the gates and healed the sick. He fed the hungry. He comforted those who were stricken with sorrow. He poured out his life that the world might be blessed. He was a man born of woman, and the fact that God chose to speak his last supreme message of love to the world through man, through the incarnation of the di vine in flesh, means nothing more nor less than that he meant to put the birthmark of divinity on man born of woman AT THE MORGUE.

Eighth-Jesus Christ taught in the

Last surmer a man fell dead on Eighth avenue. There was no money in his pockets. He was dressed in seedy worn clothes. They took him to the morgue. The reporters described his body accurately. No one could identify him; but on his right hand, tattooed in India ink, was the picture of a tomb, with a willow overhanging. Beneath this picture was the inscription, "To the memory of my mother." A kind hearted merchant came and looked at the poor unknown. They were going to bury him in the potter's field on the morrow. Who this man was or what he was none can tell," he said; "but he once had a mother whom he loved; so had I. Give him a decent funeral and send the bill

And the body of the nameless stranger was honored with a handsome coffin, an undertaker's service, a religious ceremony and a cemetery burial, because of one mark that made him brother to all human hearts. God meant to nut this birthmark on every human soul, when he spoke his message of love to the world through the man Jesus, born of a woman. The incarnation is thus the climax of God's revelation of himself to man. He speaks to man in man, and this is the highest possible language of divine revelation. It is God's last word

in making the way complete. Ninth-The explanation of the sacrifice of the life of Christ proclaims the same sublime truth. Why was it necessary for Christ to die? Because only in suffering and pain is salvation wrought. Man must have been worthy of this divine outpouring of love, else it never could have been made. He who knew the worth of man was willing to die that man might live, Jesus died for man as man. He saw his intrinsic worth and he made the supreme sacrifice of love.

A STRANGE SCENE. On the 25th of last month a strange scene was witnessed in the police court in Brooklyn. A criminal was brought up for sentence. He had been convicted a few days before of breaking into a house and stealing property. He had previously served a term in prison. The sentence it was expected would be the full penalty of the law. His attorney, however, appeared before the justice and said that a lady who was then in court had long loved this prisoner in spite of his misconduct and was willing to marry him. She was wealthy, and believed that she had enough influence over the man to reform him, as she could place him in circumstances of comfort where he would not be tempted by poverty to

It was a remarkable request. But when the justice was convinced of her sincerity and truth he pointed out to the prisoner what a sacrifice the girl proposed to make on his behalf and asked him what he would do. The prisoner was overcome with gratitude and promised, if released, to marry the girl and lead an honest life. The justice declared that the end of the law was vengeance, but the object of the state was to seek reformation for the criminal. He

suspended sentence. It was just this sacrifice which Jesus Christ made for man. Beneath all his sin and all his wretchedness, He saw it as clearly upon the cross, when his soul was swept with anguish and sorrow, as in the days of sunlight and prosperity. While he hung quivering on the cross, he looked down upon the ribald crowd that mocked and jeered him in his anguish and lifting his dying eyes toward heaven, he cried: "Father, forgive them. They know not what they do." He knew that if they only did realize their true position, such conduct

would be impossible. A BROKEN LIFE. An itinerant minister in the south some years ago was passing through a prison pen one day. It was crowded with prisoners, many negroes among them, showing every phase of ignorance and brutality. One gigantic fellow cronched alone in a corner, his feet chained to a ball. There was the mark of an unhealed wound on his face where he had been shot while trying to escape. The sight of the dumb, gaunt figure touched the visitor's sympathies. "How long has he to serve?" he asked

the keeper. "For life." "Has he anybody outside to look after him—his old master or wife or child?" "How should I know? Nobody but you has ever noticed him all the time he has been here."

"May I speak to him?" "Yes, but only for a minute." The minister hesitated. What could he say in one minute? He went up and touched the man'ss and in the hands of a curiosity collector torn cheek. "I am sorry," he said. "I

wish I could help you." The negro looked keenly at him, and then the hard lines of his face softened, and he nodded to indicate that he ac-

ground but that it shall disturb the | cepted and believed in the sympathy ex-

"I am going away, and shall never see you again, perhaps, but you have a friend who will stay here with you." The small, keen eyes were on him; the negro dragged himself up, waiting and eager.

"You have heard of Jesus?" "Yes, marse." "He is your friend. If you are good and true, and pray to God to help you. I am sure He will care for you."

"Me? Me, marse?" "Yes. And if you surely try to do right he will sometime take you away from here to His home. He will; you may be sure of this." "Come, sir!" called the keeper. "Time's

The clergyman turned sorrowfully away The prisoner crawled after him. dragging his chain, and catching his hand held it in his own while he could. Tears were in the clergyman's eyes.

Fourteen years passed. The convict was sent with gangs of his fellows from place to place to work in the mines or on the roads of the state. The old minister, coming back to the south. went down one day into a mine, and among the negro workmen saw a gigantic figure bent with hardship and with age. "Who is that?" he asked the keeper, the huge figure again attracting his at-

"A lifer, and he's a steady fellow, the est of the gang." Just then the "lifer" looked up. His figure straightened, for he had recognized the clergyman. His eyes shone. "I knowed you, marse. Does you know me?" he said. "Will He come soon, dat you tole me about? Ise tried to be

Through all the outer surface of this broken life, through the black skin, the wounded body, this preacher had looked and seen in the heart of this man its divine secret. At a single word of sympathy, laying hold of that divine secret, the life had been transformed, the convict redeemed. So Jesus would have done. So he did. Turning to the malefactor by his side in the agonies of death we hear his voice, "This day shalt thou be with me in paradise." He died for man as man. He looked through all that which lies upon the outer surface and saw the immortal, the infinite, the divine capacities of this creature made in the image of God. There is no meaning to the cross of Christ save that man was worthy of such a sacrifice. This is the fundamental message which Jesus bears a ôst and sinning world.

Chili and England. For seventy years past Chili has been as much a dependency of Great Britain as Belgium is, but with a difference. Belgium really owes her national independence to the good offices of England, who helped to separate her from Holland in 1830, and has stood between her and annexation to France ever since. Chili owes nothing to England and everything to America, but she has been bamboozled into the belief that England is her real benefactor—the true author of the Monroe doctrine. Through English traders and diplomatists there has been fostered in the Chilians an intense and unreasoning jealousy of America, which controls their policy in all directions.

It came out as distinctly in their treatment of our peaceful advances during their war with Peru, in their response to Mr. Blaine's proposals for a pan-. American congress during Mr. Garfield's administration, in their grudging compliance with that invitation when renewed by Secretary Bayard, and in the conduct of their delegation during the sessions of the congress in 1888-9, as since the collapse of Balmaceda. To trace this hostility to anything Minister Egan has done or omitted to do is to shut one's eyes to the essential facts. Mr. Egan has been made the stalking horse for abuse and enmity which have deep roots in the past history of the country, and which only wanted an excuse for an outburst.-Professor R. E. Thompson in Irish World.

One of the Trials of Being a Subject. That the "general mourning" edict issued by the English queen is a trial to some not of the court circles is shown by the peremptory answers in the correspondents' colums of the English periodicals devoted to social and fashionable interests. "Wear black wherever you are;" "it would be the worst possible taste to appear in colors;" "the wedding need not be postponed, but black should be worn except, of course, by the altar party, bride and bridesmaids,' and so on.

Americans cannot help sympathizing with the struggling uncertainty which prompts these questions. It is all very well to share a prominent family's grief and to show respect for the death of an officially high personage, but when inconvenience, expense and serious derangement of plans are imposed upon households in no way connected with the bereaved one, except by political allegiance, sympathy seems to have gone further than there is any necessity for. -Her Point of View in New York Times.

Speaking of Boston. M. Blouet, speaking of the boasted culture of Bostonians, said: "I have always heard that Boston prided itself on its love of literature, but ham inclined to think it is living off the fame of its ancestors. I am very sure that I never saw so many dime museums in any place. If we are to judge Boston by its treatment of plays, it certainly has very poor judgment. I never saw so many good plays fail or so many bad ones succeed as I have seen in Boston." M. Blonet referred to the treatment of a well known literary man in Boston : bice bro

"I will not give his name—he is well known in England and America. But in Boston he was a — failure." Monsieur said "d-n" as if somebody had been giving him lessons in classic English.—Kansas City Times.

A Filthy Chinaman.

During one of the wars with China Commissioner Yeh, who was viceroy over millions, was taken prisoner, and in consideration of his high rank he was kept on board the flagship. While there he lived after the fashion of Peter the Great, when he occupied Evelyn's house at Deptford, and his society was so unbearable that a formal complaint was made by the crew to the admiral. The latter explained to Yeh through the interpreter that if he did not mend his ways the sailors would have to swab him down twice a day like a bullock on shipboard.—Toronto Mail.

Women are, in truth, incomprehensible creatures, and capable of anything: by turns angels and demons. And there are men who would allow them to vote! I would sooner give children razors and revolvers to play with.—London Truth.

The Neptune's Head.

Above a butcher's stall on the west side of prosaic Washington market stands a peculiar relic. It is a beautifully carved idyllic head of Neptune, and once upon a time it graced the prow it looks down from its perch with the same graven smile with which it once met tempest and calm alike. It is cut from a block of English oak, and the craftsman who fashioned it was a master hand, for it has the breadth of treatment and firmness of detail of an antique Grecian bust. Properly mounted it would make a most effective ornament for a mantelpiece or center table, who knows his business would undoubtedly bring a stiff price.-New York Commercial Advertiser.

TITLED AMERICAN WOMEN.

Most of Them Purchase Misery Along with the Coronets They Buy. The unmarried woman of wealth in the United States enjoys probably the most enviable lot that falls to the share of any female on the face of the earth. She is independent of all the world. She can go where she likes and do as she pleases. She can buy either pictures or precious stones according to her tastes. She can summer in Russia and winter on the Riviera, and there is no one to say her nay. She can hoard her wealth if her instincts are miserly, or she can do good with it without stint should they chance to be charitable. But the moment that she consents to permit an European aristocrat, as greedy for money as a starving wolf is for mutton, to assume authoritative sway over her fortune and her actions she becomes one of the "dumb driven cattle" of loveless

marriage.

is a far more common cause for complaint against the titled spouses of American wives than is altogether comprehended, there are two great sources of unhappiness always lying in wait to destroy the peace of such unions. These dangerous elements are the gaming table and the demimonde. High play at the clubs or at Monte Carlo forms the recognized diversion of society men in Europe. The sums staked and lost often in a single evening are of startling proportions. Ten thousand dollars is looked upon as a mere trifle to squander at roulette or baccarat. The titled husband of a wealthy American lady lost ten times that sum at Monte Carlo some months ago.

Apart from personal brutality, which

I had often heard it stated as a fact that American men are looked upon as parsimonious and timid players in the club life of Paris. "They want to stop when they have lost some \$2,000 or \$3,000," was the remark of a French society man on this question, "while we, on the contrary, consider that we have at that point only just begun." The recent catastrophe of the young Duke d'Uzes, who has been put by his family under legal control and has been sent out to travel in Africa on account of the rapid and thorough way that he was squandering his fortune, is one of the latest instances of the kind on record.

As to the women of the demimonde, the hold that certain sirens of this class have over the minds and hearts of their adorers is a well recognized element of danger in European marriages. To begin with, such little affairs cast no discredit on the gentleman. On the contrary he is thought to have lent a luster to his career, such as is given by the possession of a famous horse or dog, if he is known to have taken charge of a celebrated actress or dancer. He shows himself freely in public with the chosen of his heart, just as though that choice had been ratified by the law and by the church. She acts as the hostess of his bachelor home, shares his carriage and his opera box and is in all respects a recognized factor in his life.

When he makes up his mind to get married she is supposed to be pensioned off, and in fact I have known of at least one instance in which, on the union of a rich American woman to a French noble man, a stipulation was inserted in the marriage contract for the payment of an annual income to the bridegroom's former mistress from the fortune brought him by his bride.-Paris Cor. St. Louis Post-Dispatch.

A Desirable Title. I cannot imagine anything finer than the story of Baron Selliere arriving in this country with twenty-six trunks full of beautiful clothes, with a firm determination to marry a rich and attractive widow, and having his clothes all seized for debt, then presenting himself at the beautiful widow's house with nothing to wear but an old steamer suit, and with a monkey, a parrot and a bit of cheese in his hand. There seems to be an impression that the baron does not pay his

debts because of his eccentricity. It has

been bandied about that he has an in-

come of 5,000,000 francs a year. This statement is scarcely consistent with the baron's behavior in connection with the seizure of his clothes, and the whole farce calls to mind the extraordinary blindness which American women display whenever a foreign title is in view. Baron Selliere is eccentric to the point of violence, and he is likely to occupy a prominent place in the papers during his stay here. An American who did the things that the baron does would have rather hard going in this cast iron and commonplace age of ours.-Blakely Hall in Brooklyn Eagle.

Circassians for Sale. Circassian boys and girls may still be bought even in Constantinople, and will be so long as parents are eager to sell their children. The government may pass laws and honestly carry them out, but a friendly transaction of this kind cannot be prevented. As the young slaves grow up, however, they learn their rights, and naturally they give trouble. But of late years it has become a common practice in households of the middle class to train a Circassian boy, educate him-often at the Rober college-and start him in life, with the view, if he turn out well, of marrying him to one of the master's daughters.

So with girl slaves also, but less frequently. We have been told by parents that such marriages are nearly always happy. No shadow of excuse can be urged for the slave trade. But it will not be thought surprising, after the facts detailed, that respectable Moslems find another point of view.-Saturday

Ducks on a "Bender." One day last week a clerk in a Dixon grocery store emptied some sour wine into a pan and thoughtlessly placed it near a coop filled with ducks. They made short work of the pan's contents, and in a few minutes every duck in the coop was under the influence of a roval-"jag." They reeled and staggered like drunken men and did not recover from the effects of their potations for several bours.—San Francisco Call.

Health of the Survivors of the War. While the health of some men have been improved by their military service during the war, even to the preservation of lives that would have been lost had the owners remained exclusively in civil life, the health of the average veteran has been deteriorated by his service, and that he suffers more from illness and has a somewhat less expectation of life than other men of his age. This conclusion, based as it is upon an examination of the census data for a small part of the country, is a provisional one only.-Dr. John S. Billings in Forum.

The usual gentle Emerson can be cynical sometimes. This sentence of his is bitter enough for Timon: "Most men and most women are merely one couple

STATE OF OHIO, CITY OF TOLEDO, } SS.

LUCAS COUNTY, FRANK J. CHENEY makes oath that he is the senior partner of the firm of F. J. CHENEY & Co., doing business in of some long gone clipper. Covered the City of Toledo, County and State with grime and festooned with cobwebs, aforesaid, and that said firm will pay the sum of ONE HUNDRED DOL LARS for each, and every ease of Ca tarrh that cannot be cured by the use of HALL'S CATARRII CURE. FRANK J. CHENEY. Sworn to before me and subscribed

> ber, A. D. 1888. A. W GLEASON. SEALNotary Public. Hall's Catarrh Cure is taken internally and acts directly upon the blood

> and mucous surface of the system.

Sold by Druggists, 75 cents.

Send for testimonials, free.

in my presence, this 6th day of Decem

What is

# 

Castoria is Dr. Samuel Pitcher's prescription for Infants and Children. It contains neither Opium, Morphine nor other Narcotic substance. It is a harmless substitute . for Paregoric, Drops, Soothing Syrups, and Castor Oil. It is Pleasant. Its guarantee is thirty years' use by Millions of Mothers. Castoria destroys Worms and allays feverishness. Castoria prevents vomiting Sour Curd, cures Diarrhoea and Wind Colic. Castoria relieves tecthing troubles, cures constipation and flatulency. Castoria assimilates the food, regulates the stomach and bowels, giving healthy and natural sleep. Castoria is the Children's Panacea—the Mother's Friend.

Castoria.

"Castoria is an excellent medicine for children. Mothers have reneatedly told me of its good effect upon thely children." Dr. G. G. OSGOOD

Lowell, Mass. "Castoria is the best remedy for children of which I am acquainted. Thope the day is 1 of for distant when mothers will consider the ball interest of their children, and use Castoria i ... stead of the various quack nostrums which are destroying their loved ones, by forcing opium. morphine, soothing syrup and other huriful agents down their throats, thereby sending them to premature graves.'

DR. J. F. KINCHELOE. Conway, Ark.

"Castoria is so well adapted to children that I recommend it as superior to any prescription

Castoria.

111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. "Our physicians in the children's department have spoken highly of their experi ence in their outside practice with Castoria, and although we only have among our medical supplies what is known as regular products, yet we are free to confess that the merits of Castoria has won us to look with

favor upon it." United Hospital and Dispensary,

ALLEN C. SMITH, Pres.

The Contaur Company, T. Murray Street, New York City. 

In the Year 1872.

While I was a Professor in a Chicago Medical College.



Dr. F. B. Brewer was my partner in practice. The partnership was dissolved by mutual consent, that he might enter into the traveling business with Dr. Price. Respecting the man as I did for the high order of his social and business qualities, and for his medi-cal attainments, i have kept watch of him since, and have such faith in his skill and ability, that after suffering for a long time with heart trouble and a general nervous prostration, from which I failed to be releive!, although many kind physicians had assted me in search of the desired relief, I finally wrote to my old friend and partner, de scribing my case. He sent me medicine at once, of which I have been taking four weeks, and from which I have received such relief that I feel it due him as well as those that think of consulting him to give this testimo-nial, which I do unsolicited. I am 64 years old and have been practicing medicine 39 J. R. DUNCAN, M. D.,

Those afflicted with disease of the Lungs, Throat, Heart, Liver, Kidneys, Nerves, Brain, or suffering from Rheumatism, Nenralgia, Debility, Youthful indiscretions, Cancers, Old Sores, Tumors, Fits, any Chronic Ailment, are invited to call and examine our record of cases cured when hape had been abandoned. EXAMINATIONS FREE.

Twenty-five years devoted to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and thousands of patients enable me to cure every curable case. Candid in my examinations, reasonable in my charges and never encourage without a surety of success.

DR. F. B. BREWER, Will be at Niles, Mich. Bond House, on Tuesday, the 15th of March, 1892.



Sick Headache and relieve all the troubles inci-dent to a billious state of the system, such as Dizziness, Kausca, Drowsiness, Distress after eating, Pain in the Side, &c. While their most remarkable success has been shown in curing

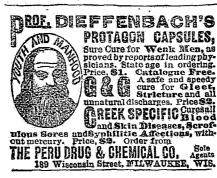
Headache, yet Carter's Little Liver Pills are equally valuable in Constitution, curing and preventing this amonying complaint, while they also correct all disorders of the stomach, stimulate the liver and regulate the bowels. Even if they only

Achethey would be almost priceless to those who sulfer from this distressing complaint; but fortunately their goodness does not end here, and those who once try them will find these little pills valuable in so many ways that they will not be willing to do without them. But after all sick head

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great beast. Our pills cure it while others do not.

Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and

very sasy to take. One or two pills makes doss. They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or purge, but by their gentle action please all whe nee them. In vialsat 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York: SMALL PILL. SMALL DOSE. SMALL PRICE





I was suffering 10 years from shocks in my head, so much so that at times I didn't expec to recover. I took medicines from many doctors, but didn't get any relief until I took Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic; the second dose relieved me and 2 bottles cured me. S. W. PECK, Recommends It to Many. SEYMOUR, Ind., Oct. 1, 1890.

My daughter became epileptic about five years ago through a fright. All physicians' treatment availed nothing, until I used Pastor Koenig's Nerve Tonic, which at once dispelled the attacks. It is the best remedy I over used and I have recommended it to many of such as are suffering from this dread disease. MARTHA ZICKLER. A Valuable Book on Nervous Diseases sent free to any address, and poor patents can also obtain this medicine free of charge.

This remedy has been prepared by the Reverond Pastor Roenig, of Fort Wayne, Ind., since 1876, and is now prepared under his direction by the KOENIC MED. CO., Chicago, III. Sold by Druggists at \$1 per Bottle. 6 for \$5. Large Size. \$1.75. 6 Bottles for \$9.

AVA THE BEST CENERAL AND NERVOUS DEBILITY COMMENTS TO SERVOUS TO SERVOUS TO SERVOUS THE SE Descriptive Book, explanation and proofs multed (sealed) free. Address ERIE MEDICAL CO., BUFFALO, M. Y.

LIVE SKUNK AND MINK OF ALL AGES WANTED.

Fur Pelts bought in season. Address

Michigan Fur Co. Buchanan Mich's

FITS. EPILEPSY or FALLING SICKNESS A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to Cure the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure Send at once for a treatise and a Free BOTTLE of my Infallible Remedy. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for trial, and it will cure you. Address H. G. ROOT, M.C., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK 



pation, Malaria, Liver Complaints, take the safe and certain remedy, SMITH'S

Use the SMALL Size (40 little Beans to the bottle). They are the most convenient. Suit. Die for all Ages. Price of either size, 25c. per Bottle. # 188 1918 17 17 10 "PHOTOBRAVURE # 188 1918 18 17 17 17 PANEL SIZE. Mailed for 4 cts, (coppers or stamps), 1.F.SMITH & CO. Makers of "BILEBEANS," ST. LOUIS MO. 

Sold by Druggists, or sent postpaid on receipt of price Dr. Humphurer' Mr. val., 134 pages richly bound in cioff antigold, Mr. value Fren.

SPECIFICS.

First publication Feb. 25, 1892.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien, ss.—
At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the village of Berrien Springs, on the 18th day of February, in the year one thousand eight hundred and ninety-two. Present, Dayld E. Hinman, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Mary Caspery, deceased. deceased.
Ou reading and filing the petition, duly verified,
Of Henry Stells, praying that a certain instrument now on file in this Court, purporting to be
the last will and testament of said deceased, may
be admitted to probate, and that administration
of said estate may be granted to John Wirth, the
Executor named in said will, or to some other
suitable person.
Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 21st
day of March next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition
and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all
other persons interested in said estate, are required

and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden in the Probate office, in the village of Berrien Springs, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) — DAVID E. HINMAN, [L. S.]

Last publication March 17, 1892. Last publication March 17, 1892.

\$900 SALARY and Commission to Agents, men, to atroduce a new and popular standard book, MARVELS OF THE NEW WEST A new Agent sold 70 in one week. Agent's profit \$136.50. Over 350 original engravings. 10,400 copies sold in one week. Exclusive territory, Endorsed by the greatest men of our country. Agents thoroughly instructed. Apply to THE HENRY BILL PUBLISHING CO., Norwich, Conn.

L. REDDICK,

NILES, MICH.,
wis' es to inform the RECORD readers that

Lnmber & Shingles, and is ready to supply everybody with anything wanted in his line. We call specia

HEMLOCK PIECE STUFF. wb<sup>5</sup> h we can sell from \$9.00 to \$12.00 per

SHINGLES

We have a large stock, from 75c up, and for the quality they are cheaper than you can find at any other yard in this section.

We call especial attention to our **Southern Pine** and Poplar,

the best you ever saw.

If you contemplate building or using lumber for any purpose, we invite you to call and figure with us. We think we can give you lower prices than any one else can. We have the lumber to sell and if low prices will make it move it will go fast.

COME AND SEE ME.

J.L. REDDICK, Niles, ich.

"BLOOD IN THE PURPLE."



Sired by Young Wilkes, son of George Wilkes by Rysdyk's Hambletonian. First dam by Jerome Edgar; second dam by the great Lexington; third dam by Glencoe. WORTHLESS WILKES is related, close np. to more race horses at both gaits than any horse in Michigan. His colts are large, with high finish, and trot young.

Extended pedigree with terms, etc., furnished upon application.

FRANK LISTER, Owner.

FRANK LISTER, Owner.

CLOSING OUT SALE

We have leased our store rooms we now occupy and are obliged to give possession by April 1st. This will necessitate our closing out of our stock of about \$30,000. We wish to get rid of these goods within the next three weeks in order to make repairs to the building, and this is the way we are going to do it: We are dividing our entire stock up into lots, as, for instance, a great many pieces of dress goods that we formerly sold at 25, 50 and 75 cents will be put on counters and sold out at from 5 to 25 cents. Can you use them at that

Carpets, Curtains, Hosiery, Ribbons, Underwear, and all kinds of Dress Goods. These will be assorted and sold at about 50 per cent of what they are worth. Come and get them while they last as we means of getting rid of our stock, This great sale will commence on Monday next. Febauary 8, at nine o'clock.

We have a large and complete stock of

D. M. SHIVELY, 104 S. Mich, St. South Bend, Ind. P. S. A large lot of Clothing, Shoes, Overalls, Shirts, etc., will be sold at almost nothing.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate. First publication Feb. 18, 1893. OTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,-In the matter of the estate of George Rough, deceased. Rough, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, Stephen Armey, Executor and Peter Womer, Administrator of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate, for the county of Berrien, on the 15th day of February, A. D. 1892, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the front door of the First National Bank, in the village of Buchanan, in the county of Berrien, in said state, on Saturday, the 2d day of April, A. D. 1892, at one o'clock in the afternoon of that day (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased, or at the time of sale), the following described real es-

at the time of the death of said deceased, or at the time of sale), the following described real estate, to-wit: The northwest quarter of section number twenty-two (22), town; seven (7) south, range nineteen (19) west, containing 160 acres of land more or less. Also the north-west quarter of the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section iwenty-two (22), in township eight (8) south, range eighteen (18) west, and be the same ten (10) acres of land more or less. Also the cast half of the north-east quarter of section iwenty-two (22), town eight (8) south, range eighteen (18) west, less one agre off the south side, now owned by Joseph Zellers, containing 19 acres. The three above pieces or p reels of land are in Berrien County, Michigan, STEPHEN ARNEY, Executor.

PEPPER WOMER, Administrator.

Last publication March 31, 1992.

ASK FOR IT THE SELF-THREADING REDGE

In it are com. CHICAGO TO BE bined the finest mechanical skill, the most useful and practical elements, and all known advantages that make a sewing machine desirable to

sell or use. eldredce MFC. Co. Factory and Wholesale Office, Belvidere, Ill. 271 Wabash Ave., Chicago,



Scientific American Largest circulation of any scientific paper in the world. Splendidly illustrated. No intelligent man should be without it. Weekly, \$3.00 a year; \$1.50 six months. Address MUNIN, & CO., PUBLISHERS, 361 Broadway, New York,

The Yankee Blade s one of the Oldest and Best and the Cheapest Weckly Family Story Paper in America. Forty columns of faccinating stories every week Price, \$2.00 a year. One year on trial to new subscribers, only \$1.00. Send stamp for sample copy. Potter & Potter, Publishers, 20 Rawley \$5. Boston. Mess.