## OFFICE-In Record Building, Oak Street

SABBATH SERVICES.

R & A. M.—Buchanan Lodge No. 68 holds a R . regular meeting Monday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

A. O.C. W.—Buchanan Lodge No. 98 holdsits renlar meeting the 1st and 3d Tuesday evening of each month.

A. R.—Wm. Perrott Post No.22. Regular U. meeting on the first and third Saturday vening of each month. Visiting comrades always welcome.

PRS. HENDERSON & BRADLEY, Physicians P and Surgeons. Office in Opera House Block. Residence No 90 Front St., one door West of Perry Fox's. Calls answered all hours of day or night. One always in the office. R. Henderson and W. J. Bradley.

Graduate of the St. Louis, Mo., Homoeopathic College, and Member of the Royal College of Physicians of Ontario. Diseases of Women and children a specialty. CONSULTATION FREE.

Office in Reynold's Block, day and night.

TILIME. Having recently erected an

Best Brick the marketaffords. Also

FIRST-CLASS TILING ranging in size from two to eightinches.

Normal & Collegiate

INSTITUTE, Benton Harbor, Mich.

Fall Term Opens September 1, 1890. Diplomas in all courses—Business, Kindergar ten, Music, Art, Teachers, Academic, Collegiate Elocution. Elforation.

Advanced methods, carnest teachers, full courses, thorough drill, have won for this institution the reputation of being one of THE MOST VIGOROUS HIGH CLASS SCHOOLS. IN THE WEST.

Recognized by the leading Universities.

Address for Catalogue and other information, G. J. EDGCUMBE, A. M., Ph. D.
Principal,

### **Creat Reduction** AT THE Manufacturers' Sale Room



Ladies' dongola kid button for \$1.50, Ladies' French dongola kid button for

\$1.75 and \$2. 14 sizes, every pair warranted. Ladies' pebble goat and grain button, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2. lace, \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75 and \$2. button, \$1.25, \$1.50 and \$1.75.

Men's boots, calf, kip and grain, \$2, \$2.25

\$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3. Men's congress and lace, \$1.25,\$1.50 and Men's calf, congress and lace, \$2, \$2.25

Men's French calf, congress and lace, \$2.75, \$3 and \$3.50. and lace, \$4.50. You have to see these goods to appreciate the prices.

and lace, \$2.50, \$2.75, \$3 and \$3.50. Ladies' and misses' rubbers 25c, 35c and

50c a pair. Men's rubbers 50c, 60c and 75c a pair. We are giving away to our customers an oil painting, 14x22, with a guilt frame, or your choice of a good crayon work of any of your family.

127 W. Washington St., Old Tribune Room. - South Bend. Ind.

DIX & WLKINSON,

BUY AND SELL REAL ESTATE.

MONEY TO LOAN.

\*large or small sums, atlow rates, on improved COUNTY OFFICE BUILDING.



# BUCHANAN RECORD.

VOLUME XXIV.

BUCHANAN, BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1890...

NUMBER 45.

# BARGAINS!

**BARGAINS!** 

& Ellsworth's.

Our black dress goods sale has been such an enornous success that we have resolved to give to our customers and others another opportunity this week to buy colored dress goods at greatly reduced prices. Our stock of the same is so large and varied that to enumerate each line would take more room than our space will permit. The following are a few of the bargains we will offer, which must be seen to be

A fine all wool cloth—86-inch—well worth 85c, we will sell for 22c a yard. A better grade, all wool,-54 inchworth 50c, in grays and browns, for 35c a vard. A fine habit cloth—54 inch—worth 75c,

in all shades, for 50c a yard. French and English Broadcloths, from 75c up to the finest qualities. Serges, Domestic and imported serges. An all wool serge, usual price 50c, at this time 37c. An all wool serge, usual price 60c, at this time 50c. Our leader, which we sell at 75c,-

inches wide—we will sell at 62c.

Better grades in these goods at propor tionately low prices.

The ladies, both in town and out, tell us when they want to buy something good in dress goods they come here, knowing they

Why is this? Simply because our stock is the largest and most varied and our goods are the best for the money that can So come one, come all, and buy yourself a nice wool dress for little money this

Rose & Ellsworth.

South Bend. Ind. Dr. J. T. SALTER

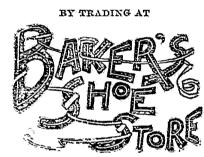
Would inform the citizens of Buchanan and sur-rounding country that all who want his

Made or endorsed by himself, can obtain them at any of the

Buchanan Drug Stores.

Yo Can





South Bend, Ind. Their prices are away down this Spring, and will please you. They will be unusually low during March, and right now is a splendid time to secure some of the best bargains of the season. We have some thing like 2,000 pairs of Ladies' and Men's Shoes, good styles and regular sizes that we must close out and they must go (every pair) this month, if we lose money on them. We are selling splendid Kid Button Shoes at \$2.00; other dealers will charge you \$2.75 and \$3.00 for shoes not so good. You will find our prices on all the best wearing shoes proportionately low.
We have been selling shoes since 1852 to the people of Northern Indiana, and of Berrien county, Mich., and this year we expect to sell to more of them than during any previous year. We have the Shoes and

they will be sold at Rock bottom prices. Come in and see us, as we can positively save D. H. Baker & Bro.,

South Bend, Ind. N. B. Always look for our advertise-

ment in every issue of the RECORD. propose to keep you posted, regarding the prices of shoes.



TRAINS EAST.

LEAVE BUCHANAN. TRAINS WEST. LEAVE BUCHANAN.

A. F. PBACOCK, Local Agent. O. W. Ruggles G. P & T. A.

St. Joseph Valley Railway.

On and after Sunday, Oct. 12, 1890, trains will run as follows: 

 Leave Berrien Springs
 6:50
 6:00

 Arrive Buchanan
 7:40
 6:50

 Leave Buchanan
 10:10
 8:10

 Arrive Berrien Springs...... 11:00 9:00 FRED McOMBER, Gen'l Manager.



WALLACE RILEY, Agent.

WM. OSBORN.

Watchmaker and Jeweler.

REPAIRING

---DONE AND----

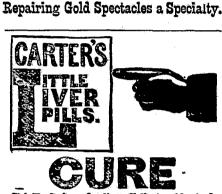
ALL WORK GUARANTEED

In Henderson's room, Front street, first



H. E. LOUCH,

MAIN STREET,



writing. We were to be married the day after Christmas, and the wedding was to be

a double one, for my old friend, Fred Doolittle, was to marry the sister of my Ella. Where was the home to be located? This was the question I was trying to me on, though the prospect of dark answer at the time of which I am writing. I did not want to rent. I wanted viting. I said half aloud: "Don't be the home to be our home by title as a fool," and walked bravely into the the home to be our home by title as

well as by occupancy. I had a few thousands of dollars, but not enough to buy in the city, in a good neighbor-Well-that is, Ella and I-had talked the matter over, and concluded we could be very happy in a modest home with a couple of acres of ground atached, and not more than an hour's ride by cars from the city. Eyery day for several weeks I looked for such a place. I read the closely printed columns of the Ledger under the head

or "Real Estate for Sale," but saw nothing I thought would suit us, until one Friday I read a glowing description of the very place we wanted—only the house was larger than necessary—and I was greatly surprised at its cheap-The advertisement referred for further particulars to Mr. Smalls, on

Walnut street, near Fourth. I at once went to Mr. Smalls' office and learned he had gone out a few minutes before I called. I made my business known to a tall clerk in mentioned the house, and said,-

gone out to show a house to a customer, and the keys to the house you want to see are in the bunch with the ones he

"I want to see the house to-day, if possible." I answered. "A train will

I got the owner's name and address and entering the first passing car rode out to Twentieth street, and then walkthree squares to Arch, and ringing the bell at the proper number, was shown into a handsomely furnished drawingroom, where the owner of the house soon entered. When I stated my business, he smiled as the clerk had done, and asked.—

house?' I think I shall," I answered.

"Have you heard anything about it?" "Nothing but what the paper says." has the name of being haunted.

Why should I fear ghosts? There were no such things, and I felt I was a match for any one who might attempt to rlay ghost. In fact, I rather prided myself on my physical development and considered I was as brave as the

ordinary man. As some preparation was neces sary, I abandoned the idea of taking the next train, and concluded to wait until six o'clock in the evening. When that hour came I was on the cars. with some matches, candles, and two revolvers in my pockets, and a heavy cudgel in my hand. If there was any one about the house anxious to play ghost I proposed to give him the opportunity of being one in earnest. I had calculay, caused by a derailed freight train, it was two hours past that time when

I reached the station. I bad but a quarter of a mile to wa'k, and after being directed by the station-master, who looked suspiciously at the cudgel, I started off at a brisk pace, and in less than four minutes came to a house which stood among the trees, three rods from the road. As I saw a light in one of the windows I thought it could not be the louse I wanted and walked to the adjoining dwelling, a few hundred feet further on, which was perfectly dark. There was nothing suspicious looking about the place vestigate the spirits."

and I at once went to the back door and inserted the key, which did not appear to fit very well. While I was at work with the key in one hand and

the knob in the other an upper window, immediately over my head, was opened and a white figure appeared. I stepped back, and drawing a revolver, said,—

"You needn't play ghost with me. Come down here or I'll fire." The answer was a scream, unearthly, but not ghostly, sounding very much as if it came from the throat of a mortal woman. The scream was followed by the opening of two other windows, and two more white figures appeared. I thought it was a very good night for ghosts; when it occurred to me that I might have made a mistake, particularly when one of the figures levelled a gun over the window sill and asked,— "What do you want?"

"Isn't this Mr. Pinkney's house?" I "No, it is not," answered the holder of the gun. "Then I have made a mistake," I

suggested "I think you have," said the figure with a male voice. "Can you direct me to Mr. Pinkney's house?" I asked. "It is to your right," said the one

with the gun. "I thought his house was vacant, and saw a light there as I passed," was my answer.

"You will find plenty of things there beside lights," replied the same voice. "Are there ghosts there?" I asked. "Go there and you will find out," said the female voice. "Are you thinking of buying?" asked

the one with the gun. "Yes," I said. "You are welcome to it, for I wouldn't stay in the house an hour for it," was the answer, and down went the win-

I started toward the haunted house. The light worried me, for I had surely seen one. But what do ghosts want with lights? I asked myself, and concluded I must have made a mistake. Before entering I took precaution to walk entirely around the house, but could see no light or any thing else suspicious. The key fitted the lock and I stepped into the hall and listened. Not a sound was heard or the sign of a ghost to be seen. I lighted a candle and looked about. A feeling of lonliness came suddenly over me and I wished for company.

There seemed to be a great many dark corners, and as I turned my eyes up the stairway I appeared to be looking from the bottom of a deep well. I ascended the stairs, trying to make no noise, but there was not a silent board to tread on, and a creak which startled me was given out at each step. I thought I heard a sound, as of the lighting of a match. Then an irresis-tible impulse seemed to be hurrying

first room I came to. I closed the door quickly and turned the key I put the candle on a table, and myself in a chair, and took a view of the room. It was furnished with a chair, table, bed, a door and window. I walked to the window and looked through the panes. The tall trees, standing in their own deep shade, were faintly visible, and the nearer ones dimly lighted by the dull flame of my lone candle. As I glanced upward the light was seen among the leaves high above my window. I moved so as to intercept the light from my candle, but the upper branches still shone. What was

I raised the sash and looked out. There was a window above my head, and coming from it I could see a faint light. I drew in my head to meditate, and distinctly heard the window above me open. I closed mine and went to the door to listen. I heard a muffled footfall on the stairs, and all thestories I had heard of walking ghosts flashed through my mind. Step after step the sound came nearer, and I -strained my ears to catch every noise. Suddenly the loud ringing of bells was heard through the house, and the sound of the steps ceased. All was silent for a moment, and I began to think I was foolish in coming to the house. While listening for outside noises a cold chill took possession of my frame at the sound of a voice in the room, seemingly within a few feet of me. It was a deep muffled voice, and in measured accents it said: "Blood! blood! blood!" I admit I was unnerved. My revolver was in my hand, but there was nothing to shoot at. I was about to open the door, when I heard the steps again. I stood and looked through the keyhole. Horrors! I distinctly saw an eye looking into mine, and again the bells rang.
I started back and stood in the middle of the room. There came a loud

noise from below, which sounded as if heavy bodies were falling, and the entire house shook. This was followed by the sound of hurrying feet in the hall outside of my door, and again all was quiet. I knew I didn't believe in ghosts, yet I wished I was at home in my own comfortable bed. I concluded the house never would suit Ella. During the silence I gathered my senses. I had come to discover the ghosts, which I surely could not do by locking myself in a room; yet I had no great desire to wander about the house. Was my courage failing me? I couldn't admit it. I determined on a bold step. I took up my candle and bravely opened the door. A gust of wind blew out my light, the bells rang, and the cry of "Blood!" sounded through the house. I jumped into my room and closed the door. I was in darkness. My candle had fallen to the floor, and several minutes was consumed in finding it. While I was groping about the floor. and at the moment I placed my hand on the candle, the blast of a horn sounded in the room and apparently within a few inches of my head. My hand trembled a, little as I lighted the

candle and looked about me. There was no apparent cause for the sound of the horn. I lighted a second candle and placed it on the table. Again I opened the door and stepped into the hall, which appeared much dighter than I knew my candle could make it. I looked about and saw there was a light on the floor above, and it was moving. I stood motionless. The light appeared to be coming near the edge of the stairway directly over where I was. Then I saw what looked like a shooting star coming toward me, and a candle fell at my feet. I picked it up. It was like the ordinary candle. Where did it come from? I was determined to know. Without hesitating I walked to the landing above. Nothing was to be seen. I went to the door lated on being at the haunted house at seven o'clock, but on account of a deone I had left, and listened. The door Fred Doolittle.

"Fred!" "Is that you?" we both asked. "What does this mean?" (inquired.
"That's what I want to know," said

tisement, went to get the key and was told the house was haunted. Like you

"And here we have been dodging about, each taking the other for a ghost," I said. "I think we are two rather substantial ghosts," answered Fred, "but-"

He was interrupted by the ringing of bells and the cry of "Blood!" We of bells and the cry of "Blood!" looked at each other. "What's that?" I asked.
"Ghosts sure enough," answered

Fred. "Come," 1 said, "let us investigate these noises. If they are made by the spirits of the departed, I want to know

Down the stair we went to the room I had left, and, as we entered, the cry of Blood!" sounded again in our ears. "There," said Fred, pointing to the mouth of a speaking tube in the wall. "is where the sound came from. Let

us go below and examine the other When we reached the lower hall we plainly saw the front door close and heard a key turn in the lock. Fred opened it again with his key and we stepped out and listened. We beard voices around the corner of the porch, not twenty feet away, and I at once recognized them as belonging to the men who talked to me from the window of the next house. The one who had aimed the gun said,-

"John, I don't believe he will buy the "I think not," answered John; "I guess old Pinkney will soon sell it to you at your own price."
"If he don't," said the other, "he won't sell it to any one. I want the land to square out my ten acres, and am going to have it. Come, let us raise some more racket, and then we'll go to

They turned the corner and ran into our arms. In a second I had John down, while Fred had the other man

by the throat. "Who are you?" asked Fred. "Don't choke me was the answer. 'Let me up.'

"Not until you tell who you are, and what you are doing here," said Fred, in a determined voice "I live next door," hoarsly replied the half-choked man. "My name is Peter Marks."

"What are you doing here?" I asked. "Trying to frighten you, so you would not buy the place," answered John. We thought the premises were rid of ghosts, and concluded to let the men go, which they were very glad to do. The house was not haunted after that night. I bought it and am writing these lines within its walls, with my little family about me. Fred bought the Marks property next door at a bargain, for the owners were glad to get rid of it, and leave the neighborhood after their failure at playing ghost.

after the marriage bans have been published. A clergyman tells recently Nickel-in-the-Slot Hot Water. In Paris they now have stands in the streets, a faucet projects from the structure, and under it is a place to set a pail. Near the faucet is a slot, the first bans were withdrawn, others large enough to admit a copper five centime piece, and beside the slot is a button. To use the apparatus, a pail is set in an appropriate place, a five centime piece, equivalent in size and value to the old-fashioned copper cent, is dropped into the slot, and button is pushed; whereupon a jet of steaming hot water issues from the faucet, and runs until nine quarts have been delivered, when it stops. It may be imstudy, then broke out with: shall stick to the first girl. I'm not going to pay twice for anybody." was married during the following week in accordance with that decision, evidently considering the proposed substitution would be too dear at the price of double fees. This does not say much for number two, as would-be bridegrooms are usually of all people most inclined to be liberal. He Was Thankful. "Sixteen years ago today I made a man very thankful," said a Detroiten who was on his way to a Thanksgiving dinner. "How was that?" asked one of his

opens the faucet, and the automatic

The American Language. "One col," he brusquely announced, as he entered a "gents" furnishing

"Much?" he queried, as he toyed with a silver piece.

the pressing of button, which also

"Quar dol," she answered as she gave him the change. "O. K." he said, as he turned away.
"Tra la," she replied, as she went back to finish waiting on an old man

who had been looking at neckties. "What sort o' language do you call that?" he asked. "Shorthand, sir."

"Oh, that's it! Sort o' saves your eath, doesn't it?" or"Course." "Well, I don't think I could ever get

"How?" "Why, land o' love! I want to say to you that I'll wear one of my suspenders round my neck for a tie before I'll pay lifty cents for such a shoddy affair as this. How could you express all that in two or three words?" "I can do it in one," she replied.

"How?" And he ambled.

Seldom Quoted Correctly.

"When Greek meets Greek, then comes the tug of war," is the most common misquotation in the English language," said the purist. "I heard the late Roscoe Conkling say once that he won a wager from Clement L. Vallandingham on that quotation. He wagered that Mr. Vallandingham could not tell what the correct words were, nor who wrote them, nor when they were written. And he won on every point. 'When Greek joins Greek, then was the tug of war' is the correct quotation. It was written by Nathaniel Lee, an Englishman, about the year

Opera By Telephone A novel method of hearing opera

which the readers of Edward Bella-

my's "Looking Backward" will recol-

lect as the one in vogue in the year of

grace 2000, has just been institued at the Castle of Rhonstock. The Royal Opera House at Berlin was counceded by telephone with the music room in the castle at Rhonestock. In the even-ing the Emperors of Germany and Austria, the King of Saxony and the rest of the royal party assembled in that room and heard the opera of "Les Hugnenots" which was performed in

Are You Needing an OVERCOAT,

SuitofClothes

UNDERWEAR,

for yourself or boys; a good reliable pair of

## Buell Boots or Shoes

or any kind of footwear for your family? If so do not fail to look over the only full

G. W. NOBLE.

MY PRICES HAVE NOT ADVANCED.

Take a quart of water and dissolve in it a teaspoonful of pure powdered alum. Stir into this enough of flour until the mixture is smooth. Stir in next a teaspoonful of powdered resin. Now pour in a cupful of boiling water. Stir if all well. For your nosegay mix in a few drops of oil of cloves, or wintergreen, or sasafras, as you prefer. When the mixture has thickened from cooking by the boiling water, pour into an earthen vessel—not a tin can. Cover it up and keep it in a cool place. Whenever you want to use any portion of it, take what you need and soften it

with a little warm water. This will give you a perfect paste clean, wholesome and lasting. You will be surprised how little waste you will have. Should you need larger quantities, increase the proportions in proper ratio, doubling each ingredient, according to the magnitude of the business requiring it. — American Art

The St. Clair river tunnel commission is making great preparations for a celebration on the opening of the tunnel. It is proposed to serve the banquet in the hole itself upon a table 1,000 feet long, 500 on each side of the international boundary, the chairman to sit exactly on the line. On the Canadian side of him will be the President of the United States, and on the American side the Governor-General of Canada, these two flanks by a string of state and notaries from both countries. The tunnel will be brilliantly illuminated with electricity and the decorations will be intrusted to 2

The Paper Industry. Three thousand millions of pounds is the estimated yearly production of paper. The United States has 884 paper mills and 1,106 paper machines; Germany 809 mills and 891 machines; France 420 mills and 525 machines: England 361 mills, 541 machines; Scotland 69 mills, 98 machines; Ireland 13 137 machines; and Austria 220 mills, 270 machines.

Goslin-I hab a code id by head. Dolley-Let me congratulate you. Goslin-Whad for?

anything in your head before.—Epoch. "He is an ungentlemanly fellow. When he rescued me from drowning, last summer, he hugged me, and I'd "You wrong him, Ethel. He wasn't bugging you. He was only wringing you out."—N. Y. Sun.

Wife (nudging husband at midnght) -There is a burglar downstairs, and down to and drive him away.

Husband (philosophically)—Yes, and if I do go, I'll get his lead. I think I'll.

Australia to the Antarctic seas, where it is believed plenty of whales are to be found. It is an almost untouched

influence of sleep. It is ambition, anxiety, and disappointment, the hopes and

is occasioned in our feelings by derangements of the liver, stomach and bowels. Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure sick and bilious headache, bowel complaints, internal fever and costiveness. They remove all waste matter, and restore health to body and mind. A dose, as a laxative, consists of one tiny, sugar coated Pellet. Cheapest and easiest to take. By druggists, 25 cents a vial.

### Formula for Insect Bites.

One of the very best applications for the bites of mosquitoes and fleas, also for other eruptions attended with intense itchings, is: Menthol in alcohol, one part to ten. This is very cooling and immediately effectual. It is also an excellent lotion for application to the forehead and temples in headache, often at once subduing the same.-Weekly Med. Review.

been afflicted with blood poison, liver and rheumatic difficulties. Part of the time confined to my bed. My blood was badly diseased. Six bottles of Hib-bard's Rheumatic Syrup did me more good than all the other medicines I have taken. My friends have used it and in every case it has proven a won derful remedy. I have known of some wonderful cures of dyspepsia and neuralgia. Mrs. Mary Riddle,

---OR----

lines of these goods at the big store of

### First Class Paste.

#### St. Clair Tunnel Celebration.

corps of special artists.

Eueilleton.

Dolley-Never knew you to have never met him before.

Rev. Dr. Primrose-Even though you were a very bad boy, I was glad to hear you tell the teacher you were sorry. It showed you felt repentant.
Little Johnnie—Naw. It showed I wanted to get off.—Epoch.

stay where I am, my dear.—Epoch. The wholesale price of whalebone is now \$10,000 a ton. A project is on foot

whaling ground. At the shops of the St. Charles Car Company there have recently been built four gorgeous museum cars. The gilding alone cost over \$3,000, and the cost of the entire coaches is about \$24,-000. The idea is to run the train into a town and have the exhibition on the cars. One car contains the electric

fears, the loves and hates of our lives, that wear out our nervous system and

#### endanger the balance of the brain." A Complete Collapse

GENTS:-For forty-five years I have Mitchellville, Iowa

Hibbard's Rheumaic Syrup and Plasters are remedies of great merit. I believe they have no equal in the cure of rheumatism and all blood diseases. DR. H. REITOHARD, Druggist. Mitchellville, Iowa.

Company, Detroit, Mich.

# Business Directory. ERVICES are held every Sabbath at 10:30 o'clock A. M., at the Church of the "Larger Jope;" also, Sabbath School services immediately after the morning meeting. Prayer and conference meeting every Thursday evening. A cordial truitation is extended to all.

C.O.F.—Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds its regular meeting, at Odd Fellowa Hall, on each Tuesday evening.

P. OF H.—Buchanan Grange No 40 meets on the second and fourth Saturday of each nonth, at 2 o'clock P. M.

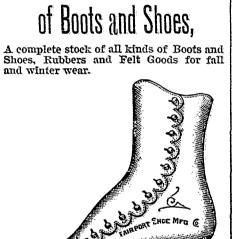
WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS, Wm. Perrott Post No. S1. Meetings held regularly, in Grango Hall, first and third Saturday of each month. M. KNIGHT, M. D., (Homocopathic.)
Office and residence first door south of
Rough Bros. Wagon Works.

M. WILSON, Dentist. Office, first door north of the Bank. Charges reasonable and satis-action guaranteed. S. MEAD, Manufacturer of Lumber. Cus ton Sawing promptly attended to on short ice. Buchanan, Mich. H. M. Brodrick, M. D.

BUIDING BRICK, ----AND----

Improved Brick and Tiling Kiln I am now prepared to furnish the

Calland see my brick and get prices HENRY PICEGITT.



\$2.25, \$2.50, \$2.75 and \$3, in hand turn and flexible sole, B, C, D, E, EE widths,

Ladies' calf and glove grain button and Misses' dongola pebble goat and grain Large assortment of children's shoes at

Men's French calf, hand sewed, congress Men's dongola and kangaroo, congress Large line of boy's and youth's shoes at

Manufacturers' Sale 1?oom,

Law and Abstract Office,

BERRIEN SPRINGS MICH A YEAR? I Fundertake to briefly teach may fairly intelligent person of cities sex, who can cond and write, and who, after instruction, will work industriously, how to carn. Three Thomson Dollars as little, wherever they lived will also furnish money at which were constitutionally

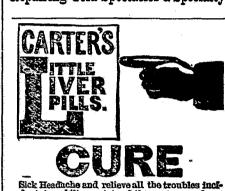


—ALL KINDS OF—

door east of Trenbeth's new building.

Watchmaker and Jeweler,

Buchanan, Mich.



HEAD

ACHE

Is the bane of so many lives that here is where we make our great boast. Our pills cure it while others do not. Carter's Little Liver Pills are very small and

 ${f Teeth!}$   ${f Teeth!}$ 

very easy to take. One or two pills makes doso.
They are strictly vegetable and do not gripe or
purge, but by their gentle action please all who
use them. In vialsat 25 cents; five for \$1. Sold
by druggists everywhere, or sent by mail. CARTER MEDICINE CO., New York.
SMALL PILL, SMALL DOSE, SMALL PRICE

The Wonder of the Age!

No pain. Any one can take it; the old and the young, the sick and the well. No danger. ARTIFICIAL TEETH. from one tooth to full sets.

Filling Teeth with Silver, Bone or Amalgam

50 CENTS.

Teeth Extracted by Electricity.

Fine Gold Fillings and Crown work a specialty. All work warranted for five years. OSTRANDER. THE DENTIST, Redden Block, Buchanan, Mich.



This is to certify that we have used the Little Giant Ventilator sold by A. S. Stewart, and find it as recommended. It is just what every on e wants in his house. It keeps the house free from impurities, saves wood and maintains an even temperature Lean. even temperature, I can save six times its cost in one winter S. Weaver. The following have also used the Litle Giant and highly recommend to A. J. Canothers. H. L. Best. W. P. Birdsalle

Buchanar, Jan, 9, '90.
I have tried the Little
Giant Ventilator and
can recommend it as an
efficient ventilator, and
have no doubt it will
save its cost in fuel in a
very short time.
W. P. Birdsall. This is to certify that I have tried the Stove Damper and Ventilator, sold by A. S. Stewart, and wish to say as to its merits as a wood saver and room ventilator, so far as I know it I can recommend it to all. Has no equal.

J. F. Bartness.

FOR SALE BY

A. S. STEWART,

Buchanan, Mich.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

First publication Oct. 23, 1890. STATE OF MICHIGAN, 198. County of Bernien, 1988.
In the matter of the estate of Amos H. Clark. In the matter of the estate of Amos H. Clark, deceased.

Notice is hereby given, that in purenance of an order granted to the undersigned, Administrator, etc., of the estate of maid deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate, for the County of Berrien, on the 22d day of October, A. D. 1890, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the premises herein descrined, in the County of Berrien, in said State, on Saturday, the sixth day of December, A. D. 1890, at ten o clock in the forence of the death of said deceased, or at the time of sale), the following described real estate, situate in said County of Berrien, to-wit: Commencing at the north-west corner of Lot No. (22) twenty-two on Main street in the village of Buchanan, thence running north four (4) rods, thence east to a line parallel with the west side of Short erreet, thence south four (4) rods, thence west to Main street and to the place of beginning

MILIAM A. PALMER,

Administrator da bonis non with the will annexed.

ast publication Dec. 4, 1890.

BY W. A. BUXTON.

THE RAILROAD PASS. Did you ever note the contrast, as the conduct ors take the fare,

tween the different 'tickets that the passer gers do bear. The poor man and the widow pay the most the While the millionaire and railroad king al ways have their rides scot free.

The poor man with his children, and the widow, They pay full price-the highest-with all the tariff on. The clergymen, well clad in black, pays half,

While the richest of the richest always passes without pay. The poor man earns his dollar for every day he works. The clergyman his thirty more for each six days he shirks; The former pays his full fare, the latter pays

While the millionaire pays for his ride with-

but half.

just a hearty laugh.

ride upon a pass.

of the route

world toward the next,

The widow keeps herselfalive with six long days of work, drummer he grows fat and sleek with either work or shirk; former pays the highest rate, the latter special-brass. While the millionaire and rail; oad king, they

On the railroad that is sweeping us thro' this

The same distinction you will find—'twill make you quite perplexed, The very people who deserve and need the most, pay most, While the very people who best can pay o passes always boast.

But when we reach the station on the last stage

And when the train of life stops short, and pas They'll give the passes thro' the gates to those who always pay. While the millionaire and drummer will have to work their way.

-Yankee Blade.

THE TWO GHOSTS. In the fall of 1866 I was living in Philadelphia, occupying bachelor's quarters; but congratulating myself upon the fact that my boarding-house existence would soon be changed into living in a home. The partner of my joys, who was to occupy that home with me, was a young lady born in the city of Pennsylvania, whom it is not necessary to describe, as she is now looking over my shoulder at the lines I am

"I am very sorry, but Mr. Smalls has

start in an hour and I would like to go "If you are quite anxious" replied the clerk, with a very apparent grin. 'I think you can get the back door key from the owner, who lives out on Arch street, almost on your way to the rail-

"Do you think you would like the "If it is according to the description,

"Then I may as well be frank with I didn't like the idea of living in a haunt d house, for I wanted to enjoy my wife's society without ghostly interference. But I was not a believer in spirits, and accounted for all the socalled manifestations on the theory of simple mental action on the part of the persons affected. Beside, thinking it would be sport to show the owner how foolish and unfounded was the belief that the house was haunted. I at once answered, "I don't believe it."

"All right," said the gentleman. Here are the keys. You may go and sleep a night in the house if you wish. There are two chambers provided with beds, one on the second and the other on the third floor. Take your choice."

I didn't hesitate, and took the keys.

When I told him about my coming to the house he burst out laughing, and "It is too funny. I saw the adver-

agined that in a district thickly settled with poor families, the cost of hot water so obtained is much less than it would be if a fire were kept in the cooking stove to heat in, and the ousekeepers who would otherwise have to do their washing with cold water must bless the inventor. The apparatus has, however, another use. It is the custom in Paris for hackmen to keep "bouillottes," or cans of hot water in their carriages in cold weather, to warm the feet of their patrons, and it is often troublesome and expensive for them to get the water renewed as it cools. By means of the new kiosks, the bouillottes may be replenished with the smallest trouble and expense, to the great benefit of the drivers. The interior of the kiosks is partly occupied by a coil of pipe, within which is a gas burner, for heating water rapidly. The coil communicates with the city water supply, so the water drawn through is always fresh. The gas is not wasted by being kept burning all the time, but is lighted by

closing of the faucet, and turning off the gas, after a pailful of water has been delivered, ae effected by simple devices. store on upper Broadway. "Cert," replied the girl in attendance, as she took down a collar and wrapped it up.

used to it at my age. It don't express

the Nicaragua Canal, and that over \$3,000,000 has been expended during the past twelve months. The pier at San Juan del Norte has been extended 700 feet, where in last May was dry land there is now reported to be ten feet of water in the channel. Of the plant bought from the Panama contractors, there are now six dredges and ten lighters in the harbor in addition to an immense amount of the machinery, tools, supplies and ma-terial delivered on shore. There are also two large section dredges, which were sent from Charleston, S. C. Two

Work on the Nicaragua Canal.

work is being energetically pushed on

Recent cable advices report that

of the dredges are engaged in deepening the channel, within thirty days will give a sufficient depth of water to allow the entrance into the harbor of the regular steamers plying between New York and San Suan del Norte, so that they can discharge in quiet waters. For twenty-five years all vessels have been obliged to lie outside and discharge by lighters. The route of the canal has been cleared from the harbor to the divide cut. The railroad toward that point is

completed for ten miles of the distance, and is used for transportation of stores and matresses for filling the pier. A trestle bridge across the harbor is in course of construction and is near completion. The machine shop, equipped with the best modern machinery and tools, to meet the requirements of the work, is rapidly nearing completion. An aqueduct twelve miles long, to bring pure water from the mountain streams, is being laid. Officers, hospi pitals, and quarters for employes of the company adequate to the present needs have been erected. Several millions of feet of lumber have been received from Atlantic and Gulf ports, and cargoes are continually arriving.

Payment has been made for the right of way between the lake and the Pacific Ocean. The work of clearing the route on that side of the lake has

most satisfactory operation of the sanitary service. It is reported that there has not been a single death from any febrile or enteric disorders among the whole force of the canal employes since the commencement of the work.

Too Dear.

Sometimes a change of mind occurs

been commenced, and a party of engin-

eers has been engaged locating the rail-

road there. The force of canal em-

ployes numbers at present 1,500 men,

and the chief surgeon's report shows a

of a man having been twice published asked if he might substitute the name of another girl for the one entered, adding by way of explanation: "I think she will suit me better in the long run." On being told that the change could not be effected unless substituted, and fees paid a second time, also, that the full interval, including three Sundays, must elapse be fore the marriage could be celebrated, the man hesitated. "Do you mean to say that I should have to begin all over again'r" he added. "Certainly," was the reply; "the bands must be published three times in the names of the persons who are actually to be married." "And must I pay all over again if I have the other girl?" "Yes;" said the clergyman. "Well, I call that too bad." The candidate for matrimony remained for some moments in a brown

companions. "It was a man who had been sent to our State Prison for horse-stealing. 1 did not believe him guilty. In fact, I spent \$500 and three months' time to prove him innocent." "I got the Governor interested, and

lope that the man would be pardoned on Thanksgiving Day." "And was he?" "Then how was he thankful?" "Because, at the very last of my work I came across positive evidence that he had stolen five horses and was only known in one case. When I told him that I would keep still on the oth-

progressed far enough to have every

#### er four cases he was so overcome with gratitude that I couldn't say a word. Ah! it makes me happy when I can do something good for my fellow men."

-Detroit Free Fress.

A Duct for Smoke. An original genius asks whether it has ever been proposed to have a smoke duct running through a town connect ed with the different furnaces. He suggesss that such a duct might be carried outside of the city to a condensing station, an exhaust machine being employed to force the draught. At the condensing station the soot ladened air might be made to pass through water, and thus deposit the solid matter, the air passing away comparatively pure, while the soot thus deposited might easily be collected, caked and sold as fuel. The size of the duct would have to vary, as water and other mains, ac-

cording to the work to be performed.

How He Could Be Identified.

"Now, sir," began the counsel for

the defence, knitting his brows and

preparing to annihilate the witness

whom he was about to cross examine. "You say your name is Williams. Can you prove that to be your real name? Is there anybody in the court room who can swear that you haven't assumed it for the purpose of fraud and

"I think you can identify me your

"I? Where did I ever see you be-

fore, my friend?"
"I put that scar over your light eye

self," answered the witness.

deceit?"

twenty five years ago when you were stealing apples out of my father's orchard. I'm the same Williams." The single-rail road system has a peared again. This time it has the advantage of being designed for the use of electric power, and many of the hitherto insuperable difficulties of the system are thus happily avoided.

The theory that whisky is necessary in the treatment of pneumonia has received a blow from Dr. Bull. of New York city, who discovers in the New York hospitals 65 per cent of the pnue-York hospitals 65 per cent of the pnuemonia patients die with alcoholic treatment, while in London, at the Object Lesson Temperance Hospital, only 5 per cent die.

to organize whaling expeditions from

light plant which is to light the museum train. "It is not the intellectual work that injures the brain," says the London Hospital, "but emotional excitement. Most men can stand the severest thought and study of which their brains are capable, and be none the worse for it, for neither thought nor study interferes with the recuperative

Forty-five Years Bondage.

THURSDAY, DECEMBER 4, 1890.

The New York World was sold Friday for four millions of dollars.

The United States has paid off \$999, 000,000 of its debt since 1880, or more than one-half. This was the debt which twenty years ago Democrats prophesied "would be repudiated and never paid."

The Democrats have not been in position to make good their prophesy.

Considerable excitement is being created just now over Prof. Koch's lymph, which is said to be sure cure for consumption. So sure that it is now announced that no one need die of consumption. It may be interesting to note whether this great curative will be as long lived as was the Brown-Sequard Elxir. 

In this paper will be found the Message of President Harrison to Congress, delivered at its opening, Monday. Anyone who has any idea that the Republican party is frightened off from the protection nest by the fault found by Democrats with the McKinley bill, may have that idea dispelled by reading his remarks on that subject,

Democratic English admirers like the New York Herald, that keeps standing a notice that the United States pays more for pensions than any foreign government pays for its stand-ing army, should take note of the statement that up to date the Prince of Wales has drawn \$16,500,000 from the treasury on his own account, and his private debts are said to amount to about half this sum.—Chicago Inter

#### Distinctively Democratic.

To Mr. Dickinson of Michigan belongs the honor of having made the most distinctively Democratic speech delivered at the banquet given to Mr. Cleveland on the occasion of Mr. Thurman's birthday. Other orators were as diffuse and as heated in denunciation of the American system of protection; but hatred of this system is not confined to the Democrats of America—it is shared by the monarchists of Europe. But that doctrine which is peculiar to the Democrats of America, and to them only, is this: That a minor part of the people has a right to assume to itself the powers and functions of government, and to act as though it were the people. The monarchists of Europe tolerate none of this nonsense. It is tolerated only in the United States of America.

Mr. Dickinson formulated this doctrine in no new words, and the frequent applause with which his hearers punctuated his remarks can be ascribed only to the rapturous delight with which they heard an orator of the party, emboldened by the recent apathy of the Republicans, speak as Democrats were accustomed to speak when Buchanan was President of the Republic and when Jefferson Davis was plotting to he President of a confederacy. "We believe that the management of

the states, and in home rule in the subordinate governments within the We believe that there is no sovereignty, except in the people, and that the general government should keep its hands off of the elective franchise. [Prolonged cheers.] lieve there is no powers in the legislative branch of the general government save such as have been or shall be expressly delegated to the congress by the constitution. [Applause.] We believe that the power to tax cannot be delegated to favor individuals or classes, and that no public treasure or domain should be granted away in subsidies or bounties, or without consideration moving to all the people of the United States."

What a flavor of Calhounism and Cobdenism, of nullification and secession is there in all this.

It means this: That the Democracy believes that the Nation neither has right nor power to control or superyise National elections. It means that because a plain necessary of political life is not given to congress by formal words, therefore it is the belief of the Democratic party that such necessity cannot be inferred to exist, or to be provided against. It means that a minority of murderers, of ballot stuffers, of aristocrats, or of any sort or conditions of people, may, if it can, ob-tain control of the election machinery of any state or congressional district. and having obtained it, may use it to carry elections by violation of the con-stitution of the United States and of any state which is a member thereof, It means that Mr. Dickinson and his party being aware of such possession of the electoral machinery of certain states do give their hearty approval thereto, and do declare that the Nation neither has right nor pretext of right to enforce the provisions of its own constitution in elections at which National representatives are to be chosen.

John C. Calhoun or Jefferson Davis
never meant more than this, and Mr.

Dickinson of Michigan can not be understood as meaning less than this. Therefore we ascribe to him the honor of having made the most distinctively Democratic speech of the occasion. Nor shall we be astonished if the Democratic nominations for 1892 do not read, Cleveland and Dickinson. England has commanded the nomination of Cleveland; the South surely would be pleased by that of Dickinson.-Chicago Inter Ocean.

### California Letter.

NEW CASTLE, Cal., Nov. 27, 1890. EDITOR RECORD:-I have a feeling that I would like to send you and our Buchanan friends Thanksgiving greetings. I write at the close of the day which has come to be a National institution. I preached to what is claimedto have been the largest congregation ever gathered here on such an occasion, and with windows wide open. No fire. Day warm and sunny, and church decorated with beautiful flowers plucked from the gardens of the congregation. Some of the flowers are before me now. How I wish I could hand them to Michigan friends. And the weather-I wish they might enjoy it. Until yesterday we have had no stove up in our house, save in the kitchen, but now we have a small one in the parlor ready for an emergency.

Fruits are nearly all marketed, but I saw only a day or two ago, in one of our fruit houses ready for shipment, as fine a crate of strawberries as one could wish for. I measured one. It was 414 in charge of the school in the Frankinches around it. Strawberries for | lin District, No. 2. Mr. C. M. Hogue | ing of the success of Hibbard's Rheu-Thanksgiving. Think of that!

My ticket being good for San Francisco, I spent two days there last week. It is a city of surprises. Hill-tops are numerous, but up them and down them run the cable cars, so that the ascent and descent are alike easy. Elegant residences adorn these hill-tops and · hill-sides, and from these hill-tops an in the northern woods yet, and will ontlook is afforded of varying grandeur | eat their Thanksgiving venison in and beauty. Here can be seen the bay, camp. Urias Shaffer, Ed. Rutler and and here the ocean, and everywhere | Zera Webster joined them last week. | pany, Detroit, Mich,-5

BUCHANAN RECORD. the wonderful city. I went out to the Cliff House; saw the rocks covered with the seals, and climbed Suttro Heights to enjoy the view of the Golden Gate and the broad Pacific. My only her early rising, was greatly surprised regret was the absence of the friends from whom we are separated and who I am sure would have enjoyed the to hear another breakfast bell ringing scenery with us. A night and half day before day dawn. It leaked out, howspent at Sacramento was not without interest. The Capitol building is being put in order for the inauguration of the newly elected (Republican) Governor. Both building and grounds are very fine.

ADDITIONAL LOCALS

over to South Bend to purchase cloaks

and other articles of wearing apparel.

When the people of a town go away from home to trade it is quite evident

It really doesn't indicate any such

thing. It is simply a demonstration

of the old saying that "distance lends

enchantment." The cause which led

Buchanan ladies to go to South Bend

is the same as causes Dowagiac ladies

to go to Kalamazoo, South Bend ladies

to go to Chicago, and Chicago ladies to

Paris. The instinct was illustrated

when the writer rode to Niles with a

couple from this place to attend the

graduating exercises, and the lady re-

marked that she thought best to buy a

pair of shoes while she was there. She

had never been in Niles before, did

not know a half-dozen persons living

there, and knew nothing of the trade.

Besides the salary of her husband was

contributed to by dealers in shoes

in Buchanan, who would have done

better by her than she could pos-

sibly have done with any stranger for

it happened to be a case where no

profit would have been charged. She

did not buy, but the inclination was

plain enough. Perhaps the Times can

explain it, but it is found in all towns,

and is more noticable in small towns,

where dealers can afford to sell such

goods as they keep cheaper than can

the dealers in large cities, because of

smaller expenses. Buchanan' dealers

are no worse than those in Dowagiae

in being behind the times in styles

and stocks. People who buy away

from home do not stop to compare.

Probably the worst place on the

Michigan Central is Michigan City, where a large part of the popu-

lation are railroad men who have

spend as much for nonsensical knick-

nacks and expenses as the necessities

of life cost them, but they do their

shopping in Chicigo and are posted on

State street, but know nothing what-

ever of the business in their own town.

FROM GALTEN.

residence of Elder C. Scott's, Mr. Chas.

united in matrimony by Elder C. Scott.

given, after which he delivered a

grand lecture on the subject of "Mind

your own business," or the "Eleventh

Commandment." All was a grand

Mrs. F. A. Smith returned to her

Elder C. Scott started, on Thursday,

Mrs. A. J. Glover and family started,

on Monday morning, for Fort Smith,

Arkansas, where Mr. Glover has locat-

ed, and expect to make that country

On Saturday the body of Mr. An-

drew Painter was disentombed, after a

burial of about five months. The body

was found to be in good state of pres-

ervation, and decay had made no visi-

ble progress. The body was only par-

tially embalmed, by Mr. C. L. Harris.

The condition of the body would give

an idea what one would be if a full

procedure of embalmment had been

Mr. Ben Long has accepted a possi-

Maryland and New Jersey may

boast of their superb climate and pro-

duce luscious fruit in the winter sea-

son, but Michigan is in line with her

in this regard. Mr. Charles Witte has

ripe strawberries in his garden. How

The G. A. R. box social was a grand

Mr. B. Vasper and wife, of Ionia,

Mich., are guests of Mrs. G. A. Blakes

FROM BERRIEN CENTRE.

Hon. and Mrs. Thomas Mars return-

ed from Atlanta, Georgia, last Friday.

The Sunday School workers will

meet at the Lutheran church in this

village next Sunday at 1:30 p. m. to ar-

range a program for a township con-

vention to be held in the near future.

Mr. W. E. Peck commenced his win-

will teach the Maple grove school, in

select school will be taught by the old

Taxes are ripening fast, and Mr.

Miles Davis will soon be ready to re-

lieve freeholders of their surplus cash.

The Berrien Centre sportsmen are

veteran teacher, Mr. C. B. Groat.

Nov. 27, 1890.

is this for the Wolverine state?

success in every particular.

tion in Pullman, Ill., and went there

on Monday to commence his labors.

for York State, where he expects to

remain the remainder of the winter.

home, in Warren, Ohio, on Wednesday

publication last week.

tend them.

of last week.

their future home.

performed.

[This letter was received too late for

Dec. 3, 1890, Last Monday Miles, son of J. J. Mur-In speaking of fruits and flowers I phy of this place, was thrown from a did not mention oranges. They are log wagon against a tree, resulting in now putting on a golden yellow and a severe fracture of the skull. Docwill soon be ripe; indeed we have tors Bonine and Antisdale were sumplucked some that were quite eatable; moned and dressed the wound. The but the golden yellow in contrast with the bright green of the leaves makes a patient may recover, but his condition is critical. picture of which the eye never tires.

Cordially yours, THREE OAKS ACORNS. S. L. HAMILTON.

The population of this place has increased considerable during the past week. There are twins, a boy and girl, at Alya Sherwood's, and a little girl at Something must be away with the M. McGaun's. business men of Buchanau when a party of nineteen ladies of that town go

That we are living in a progressive

age, and that example is contageous,

was fully demonstrated in our midst.

recently. A certain lady, noted for

when she arose in the morning to see

one of her neighbors' washing out, and

ever, that the washerwoman hung out

her clothes without washing, and that

the breakfast bell was rung before the

kitchen fire was kindled.

The social at the Congregational parsonage was a success. We think the four gentlemen deserve a chromo for entertaining the company in such grand shape.

that its business firms don't keep up The Quill office is being repaired this with the procession in the matter of stock, style and prices.— Downgiac

The new firm of Bommerscheim & Son are doing a flourishing business.

FRISKIE.

Inventor Sold. Inventor, the trotter owned by Mr. J. C. Decker, of this city, has been sold to Mr. A. I. Geyer, of Buchanan, Mich. The price paid was \$2,500 and the sale was closed last Saturday, negotiations having been in progress for several days. The horse was shipped to that place on Saturday and will remain there until about the first of March next when he will be brought to this city and worked on the race track. Inventor has developed into a splendid animal and has a first-class pedigree which includes some of the best stock in the west. His sire is the famous Dauntless. who will be seen here next season, and his dam, Lady Washington, who was sired by Republic. He is standard by breeding and standard by performance, having a mark of 2:30 made last season, which was his first. He was raised by Mr. P. C. Perkins, of Mishawaka, is six years old and was purchased by Mr. J. C. Decker on February 28 of the present year, for \$1,000. -S. B. Times.

State Items.

Dowagiac has a new post-office and feels elated over it.

Forty pounds of silk cocoons were shipped from Dowagiac to New York

Mr. Henry Winsloff, of Benona township, is the happy father of triplets, presented him last Saturday morning. They are two boys and a girl. The combined weight of the three was twenty

passes, and their wives go to Chicago | that the water works would be frozen from one to five times a month and up this winter. The Alpena brought up a thousand kegs on her last trip and the same amount will be brought up on her next trip. One wholesale peddler, who sells for a wholesale Detroit house, says he sells \$1,000 worth of beer every week. This is more than the water bills will come to for the same length of time.—Alpena Echo.

> PHACTS AND PHYSIC. Fine Playing Cards.

On Wednesday evening last, at the Send ten (10) cents in stamps or coin Green and Miss Dora Shook were to John Sebastian, Gen'l Tkt. and Pass. Ag't Chicago, Rock Island & Pacific Ry., for a pack of the latest, smoothest, The best wishes of the community atslickest playing cards that eyer gladdened the eyes and rippled along the Elder J. B. Watson, who has been fingers of the devotee to High-Five, laboring in this vicinity as lecturer Seven-Up, Casino, Dutch Euchre, Whist and in ministerial labor, returned to or any other ancient or modern game, and get your money's worth five times his home on Thursday. On the eve of his departure an ovster supper was

If the conceit was taken out of some people there wouldn't be enough of em left to hang clothes on.

The Mythological Fates. "Somwhere upon the unknown shore, Where the streams of life their waters pour,

There sit three sisters, evermore
Weaving a silken thread."
Lovers of classic paintings are familiar with that famous group called the "Three Fates." Fate seems cruel when it deprives women and girls of health. But in Dr. Pierce's Favorite Prescription they find a cure of untold value for nervous prostration, sick headache, bearing down pains, bloating, weak stomach, anteversion, retroversion, and all these excruciating complaints that make their lives miserable. All who use it praise it. It contains no hurtful ingredients, and is guaranteed to give satisfaction in every case, or its price (\$1.00) will be

In order to live justly, and be respected, we must abstain from doing that which we blame in others.

They all Failed. The following letter from Mr. W. A. Thomas, of Columbus, Wis., is peculiarly interesting: "My wife," says he, "has been treated for her head, stomach and nervous prostration by three doctors in New York, two in Chicago, one Philadelphia, one in Cincinnati, at the large institute in Buffalo for 16 months. They all failed. But one bottle of Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine helped her backaches, changes of life, nervous disturbances, fits, rheu-matism, etc. Ask at Barmore's drug store for a trial bottle and Dr. Miles' new book on the Nerves and

The coveting of qualities is always right, and coveting of things always

The First Step.-6

Perhaps you are run down, can't eat, can't sleep, can't think, can't do anything to your satisfaction, and you heed wonder what ails you. You should the warning, you are taking the first step into nervous prostration. You need a nerve tonic, and in Electric Bitters you will find the exact remedy for restoring your nervous system to its normal, healthy condition. Surprising results follow the use of this great nerve tonic and alterative. Your appetite returns, good digestion is restored, and the liver and kidneys resume healthy action. Try a bottle. Price 50 cents, at W. F. Runner's drug store. The possession of the quality does imply lack of ambition, lack of power

ter term of school in Berrien Centre, District No. 11, Monday, 17th inst. or lack of ability. Schuyler Ullery commenced on the Pronounced Perfect by a Practical Engineer. same day at St. Joseph Valley, in District No. 4. Miss Amanda Layman is

I have been a great sufferer from rheumatism for seven years, and hearmatic Syrup, concluded to give it a tri-I have tested the curative proper District No S. The Berrien Centre ties of the mineral springs without relief from that or any other source until I tried Hibbard's Rheumatic Sprup, which has done wonders for me. I can walk with entire freedom from pain, and my general health is much improved. It is a splendid remedy for the blood and the debilitated system. FRED HERMAN, Engineer Water

Works, Big Rapids, Mich. Sold by all druggists. Prepared only by the Charles Wright Medicine Com-

We learn to love those whom we have despised by rubbing against them.

Hibbard's Rheumatic and Liver Pills. These Pills are scientifically compounded, uniform in action. No griping pain so commonly following the use of pills. They are adapted to both adults and children with perfect safety. We guarantee they have no equal in the cure of SICK HEADACHE, Constipation, Dyspepsia, Biliousness, and as an appetizer, they excel any other prep aration. 5**y**1

Moderation is a virtue always. ·

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best Salve in the world for Cuts Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands Chilblains, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by W. F. Runner, Druggist. The pretense of saintliness deceives no one so much as the pretender.

A New Discovery.--6 You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience past how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is. that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it, and should be afflicted with a cough, cold or any Threat, Lung or chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time, or money efunded. Trial bottles free, at W. F. Runner's drug store.

Most newspapers persist in printing marriage notices, despite the anti-lottery law.

Piles! Piles!! Piles!!! LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILE REMEDY is a possitive specific for all forms of the disease. Blind, bleeding, itching, ulcerated, and protruding Piles. Price 50c. For sale by Barmore. 18y1

The receiver is as bad as the thief, but neither of them feels as bad as the

To Nervous Debilitated Man If you will send us your address, we will mail you our illustrated pamphlet explaining all about Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belt and Appliances, and their charming effects upon the nervous debilitated system, and how they will quickly restore you to vigor and manhood. Pamphlet free. If you are thus afflicted, we will send you a Belt and Appliances on a trial.

VOLTAIC BELT Co., Marshall, Mich. Most men will follow suit, if it is tailor-made and on a pretty girl. Miles' Nerve and Liv. r Pills.

An important discovery. They act on the liver, stomach and bowels through the nerves. A new principle. They speedily cure biliousness, bad taste, torpid liver, piles and constipa-Splendid for men, women and children. Smallest, mildest, surest. 30 doses for 25 cents. Samples free, at Barmore's Drug Store.

Never trust thy enemy, for like as ron rusteth, so is his wickeness. Mrs. Mary L. Baker, of Ovid, Mich.

has reason to be very thankful. She was a great sufferer from heart disease for years. Was short of breath, had one would think by the number of beer kegs-that come in on every boat beer kegs-that come in our beer kegs-that come "I am better than for 20 years. savs: My mind and eyesight have improved afflicted to use this great remedy." Barmore, druggist, recommends and guarantees it. Dr. Miles' work on Heart Disease, containing varvelous testimonials, free.

As near as thou can, guess at thy neighbor, and counsel with the wise. Dame Nature is a Good Book-Keeper.

She don't let us stay long in her debt before we settle for what we owe her. She gives us a few years' grace at the most, but the reckoning surely comes. Have you neglected a cough or allowed your blood to grow impure without heading the warning? Be wise in time, and got the world-famed Dr. Pierce's Golden Medical Discovery, which cures as well as promises. As a blood-renovator, a lung-healer, and a cure for scrofulous taints, it towers above all others, as Olympus overtops mole-hill. To warrant a commodity is to be honorable and above deception and a guarantee is a symbol of honest dealing. You get it with every bottle of the "Discovery." By druggists.

The yeast eake and the negro's favorite weapon are both raisers. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Children Cry for Pitcher's Castoria. Smokeless powder - the kind you generally have on your coat sleeve a after visit to your best girl.

Sick Headache. LOOSE'S RED CLOVER PILLS CURE sick headache, dyspepsia, indigestion, constipation. 25c per box, 5 boxes for \$1. For sale by Barmore.

1,600 : Michigan : Farmers

are actual paid-in-advance subscribers to The National Stockman and Farmer. They appreciate its ninety-six columns each week, filled with well-classified reading matter, complete and accurate market reports and containing only clean, reliable advertisements, and we appreciate their patronage. We have no more intelligent and

critical readers than those in Michigan. We want more of them. With more than 20,000 subscribers in Ohio where our paper is well known we have no difficulty in extending our list. We want 3,400 more in Michigan in the next sixty days. We would get them and double that number if farmers there knew what we have to offer them. A postal card will bring a sam-

Subscription price, \$1.50 per year, In clubs of five, \$1. The remainder of this year free to new subscribers for 1891. We will pay \$3,000 in cash to our club raisers April 1, 1891.

AXTELL, RUSH & CO., Publishers. Pittsburgh, Pa.

Notice for Hearing Claims. (First publication Nov. 27, 1890.)

(First publication Nov. 27, 1890.)

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien,—ss.
Probate Court for said County. Estate of Garrett C. Stryker, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate of said county. Commissioners on Claims in the matter of said estate, and six months from the twentieth day of October, A. D. 1890, having been allowed by said Judge of Probate, to all persons holding claims against said estate, in which to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment.

Notice is hereby given that we will meet on Monday, the 29th day of December, A. D. 1890, and on Monday, the 29th day of April, A. D. 1891, at nine o'clock A. M. of each day, at the office of John C. Dick, in the village of Buchanan, in said county, to receive and examine such claims.

Dated Nov. 25, A. D. 1890.

LEVIL REDDEN,

(Last publication Dec. 25, 1890.)

(Last publication Dec. 25, 1890.)

THEIR ROOMS CROWDED. Everybody Satisfied.



Dr.Oneal, and Staff. The physicians of the famous Electro-Vital Institute, New York City, will be at

THE EARL HOTEL, BUCHANAN, MICH., Saturday, Dec. 20th,

and return every month during the year.

They desire to announce to the afflicted of this vicinity that they will render their services

## Free of Charge

to all who begin treatment at this time. All they ask in return is a small compensation for medicines and testimonial when cured. Can tell your disease and where located in five minutes, or forfeit \$5.

Treat all Curable Medical and Surgical Diseases. Accute and Chronic Catarrh, Diseases of the Bye, Ear, Nose, Throat and Lungs, Dyspepsin, Bright's Disease, Kidneys, Diabetes, Liver, Bladder, Chronic and Female and Sexual Disease.

Epilepsy or Fits cured; also Stammering, A positive guarantee. Epilepsy or Fits cured; also Stammering, A positive guarantee.
They treat all Chronic Discases by entirely new methods, and are the most successful Specialists in the South or West, as the record of their practice will show. They employ the superior methods of using Electricity, Magnetism, Ozone, Oxygen, and Electro-vitalized medicines for the cure of all Chronic and Nervous diseases in both sexes. They successfully treat Catarrh by their Gelebrated Electric Spray. Eye, Ear, Throat and Lung diseases, Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Paralysis, Nervous Debility, Eplepsy, Diseases of the Stomach, Liver, Kidneys, and all Blood and Skin Diseases and all Female Diseases.
If you have any Chronic Diseases whatever and have tried other treatment in vain come and see them about your case. They may be able to cure you as they have done thousands of so-called hopeless cases.

you as they have done thousands or so-called hopeless cases.
They undertake no incurable cases, but cure thousands given up to die.
Remember the date, and send this to your sick frierd. Each patient can see the doctor privately. Call as early as possible, as the rooms will be crowded. CONSULTATION FREE.

25 Western Office, No. 530 West Walnut St., Lonisville, Ky.

1891.

## Harper's Young People

AN ILLUSTRATED WEEKLY.

The Twelfth Volume of Harpen's Young People begins on November 4, 1890. This best and
most comprehensive weekly in the world for
young readers presents a rich and attractive programme. In faction there will be "Campmates:
A Story of the Plains," by Kirk Munkoe; "Men
of Iron," a romance, by Howard Pyle, with illustrations by the author: "Plying Hill Farm," by
Sophie Swett; "The Moon Prince," by R. K.
Munkittrikok; and "Yellowtop," by Annie Bronson King. In addition to these five serials, there
will be stories in two or three parts by Thomas
Nelson Page, Hjalmar Hjorth Boyesen, Edwin
Lassetter Bynner, Harriet Prescott Spofford, Mary
E. Wilkins, Nora Perry, and others. Short stories
and articles on science, history, travel, adventure,
games and sports, with hundreds of illustrations
of the highest character, will render Harper's
Young People for 1891 unrivalled as a miscellany
of the best reading for boys and girls. f the best reading for boys and girls.

"The best weekly publication for young people in existence. It is edited with scrupulous care and attention, and instruction and entertainment are mingled in its pages in just the right proportions to captivate the minds of the young, and at the same time to develop their thinking power."

—N. Y. Observer. TERMS: Postage Prepaid, \$2 00 Per Year.

Vol. XII begins November 4, 1890. Volumes VIII, X and XI of HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE bound in cloth will be sent by mail, post-age paid, on receipt of \$3 50 each. The other vol-umes are out of print. Specimen Copy sent on receipt of a two-cent stamp

SINGLE NUMBERS, Five Cents cach. Remittances should be made by Post-Office Money Order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Hander & Brothers. Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, New York 1891.

### Harper's Weekly

ILLUSTRATED

HARPER'S WEEKLY has never failed to justify its title as a "Journal of Civilization," and it has done so with a constant regard to enlarged possibilities of usefulness and a higher standard of artistic and literary excellence. It leaves untouched no important phase of the world's progress, and presents a lecord equally trustworthy and interesting, of the notable events, persons, and achievements of our time. of the notable events, persons, and achievements of our time.

Special Supplements will be continued in 1891. They will be literary, scientific, artistic, historical, eritical, topographical, or descriptive, as occasion may demand, and will continue to deserve the hearty commendation which has been bestowed on past issues by the press and the public. As a family journal, HARPER'S WEEKLY will, as heretofore, be edited with a strict regard for the qualities that make it a safe and welcome visitor to every home.

#### HARPER'S PERIODICALS. Per Year:

HARPER'S MAGAZINE...... 4 00 HARPER'S BAZAR...... 4 00 HARPER'S YOUNG PEOPLE..... 2 00 Postage Free to all subscribers in the United States, Canada, and Mexico.

The Volumes of the Weekly begin with the first Number for January of each year. When no time is mentioned, subscriptions will begin with the Number current at the time of receipt of order. Bound Volumes of Harper's Weekly for three years back, in neat cloth binding, will be sent by mail, postage paid, or by express, free of expense (provided the freight does not exceed one dollar per volume), for \$700 per volume.

Cloth Cases for each volume, suitable for binding, will be sent by mail, post-paid, on receipt of \$100 each. Remittances should be made by Post-office Money order or Draft, to avoid chance of loss. Newspapers are not to copy this advertisement without the express order of Harren & Brothers

Address: HARPER & BROTHERS, NEW YORK

ASK FOR IT! THE SELF-THREADING

est mechanical skill, the most useful and practica elements, and all known advantages that make a sewing machine desirable to sell or use.

ELDREDGE MFG. CO. factory and Wholesale Office, Belvidere, Ill. 295 Wabash Ave., Chicago. 39 Brond Street. New York.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria. When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria. When she became Miss, she clung to Castoria. When she had Children, she gave them Castoria.

#### THE YOUTH'S COMPANION TRAVEL SCIENCE AND NATURAL ADVENTURE HISTORY CHARMING WEEKLY CHILDREN'S SUPPLEMENTS 1000 READIN BYTHE FOR ALL THE FAMILY **EVERY** \$1.75 PAGE ADVENTURE A YEAR. "No other Weekly Paper gives so great a Variety of Entertaining and Instructive Reading at so low a price." FREE TO JAN. 1, 1891. To any NEW SUBSCRIBER who will ent out and send us this slip with name and address and \$1.75 (in Postal or Express Money Order or Registered Letter at our risk), we will send THE YOUTH'S COMPANION FREE to January, 1891, and for a Full Year from that Date.

This offer includes the FIVE DOUBLE HOLIDAY NUMBERS for Thanksgiving, Christmas, New Year' Easter and Fourth-of-July, and all the Illustrated Weekly Supplements. Address; THE YOUTH'S COMPANION, 41 Temple Place, Boston, Mass.

DRESS GOODS

DRESS GOODS.

-AT THE-

BOSTON

Our sales in our Dress Goods Department surprised us all, and it is a source of gratification to us to know our goods please and the prices are right. We will during November give our friends a few leaders.

Our lot of 36-inch Dress Cloths, sold everywhere for 37½ cents, our price 25 cents.
We are selling an

All-Wool Tricot, 10 inches wide, all colors, only 45c a yard.

Habit Cloth,

coming in all the new Fall Colorings, 54 inches wide and only 50 cents a yard. For

## English Broadcloth

A fine Dress Cloth, extra heavy, and vard. Sold here at 75 cents.

Serges! Serges! To those who prefer some lighter dress fabrics, we would kindly invite them to

take a peep at our Serges. Our lot, 40 in. wide, all wool, 371/2 cents. " 40 " 46 50 58 We are told by those whom we know are good judges, the above are 15 per cent. cheaper than elsewhere.

## Black Dress Goods.

We know that you know we are justly entitled to the reputation of having the best value in this department found any-

Please write for samples.

## CHILLAS,ADLER & COBLE,

127 SOUTH MICHIGAN ST.

The Leaders of Low Prices

South Bend, Ind.



TWILL LAST A LIFETIME Sold only by AL. HUNT, FURNITURE DEALER.

Commissioners' Notice. First publication November 13, 1890.

First publication November 13, 1890.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, Connty of Berrien,—ss.

Probate Court for said County.

Estate of George A. Blakeslee, deceased.

The undersigned having been appointed by the Judge of Probate of said County, Commissioners on Claims in the matter of said estate of George A. Blakeslee, deceased, and six months from the thirtleth (30) day of October, A. D. 1890, having been allowed by said Judge of Probate to all persons holding claims against said estate, in which to present their claims to us for examination and adjustment: Notice is hereby given, that we will meet on Thursday, the eleventh (11) day of December, A. D. 1890, and on Thursday, the thritieth (30) day of April, A. D. 1891, at nine o'clock a. m. of each day, at Galien, Mich., in the office of the late George A. Blakeslee, in said county, to receive and examine such claims.

Dated Nov. 5, A. D. 1890.

RICHARD W. MONTROSS, UYRUS J. BULHAND, S. A. DENISON,

Commissioners on Claims.

Last publication Dec. 4, 1890. Estate of Davis Owen

First publication Dec. 4, 1890.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien.—ss.
Probate Court for said County.
At a session of the Probate Court for said County, held at the Probate Office, in the Village of Berrien Springs, on Wednesday, the 3d day of December, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and ninety.

Present, DAVID E. HINMAN, Judge of Probate.
In the matter of the estate of Davis Owen, deceased. Mary J. Owen, Administratrix with the will an

nexed of said estate, comes into court and repre-sents that she is now prepared to ronder her final account as such Administratrix.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 26th day of December next, at ten o'clock in the foreany of December next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the examining and allowing
such account, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said
estate, are required to appear at a session of
said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office,
in the Village of Berrien Springs, in said county,
and show cause, if any there be, why the said account should not be allowed.

And it is further ordered, that said Administratrix
give notice to the persons interested in said estate,
of the pendency of said account, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be
published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper
printed and circulating in said County, three suecessive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.) DAVID E. HINMAN,
[L. S.] Judge of Probate.

Last Publication, Dec, 25, 1890.

# Ladies

The next time you come to Buchanan,

bring along your feet and have them

fitted with a pair of our elegant



so noted for ease and comfort.

wonderful fine effect. Sold here at 75 cents price \$1.00 a is nothing made to equal them.

There



SCHOOL BOOKS,

ALL SCHOOL SUPPLIES,

RUNNER'S CORNER DRUG STORE.



A \$10, 3-4 Life-Size, Hand-Made, Grayon or India Ink ≫PORTRAIT FREE.™ form «Twenty Days Only.»

For Sale by ROE BROTHERS.



THE only compensation we ask is the privilege of framing the Portrait in one of our rich and elegant but low-priced Frames. The Frame has 3 inches outside of old gold, 2 inches of best gilt, with one inch of burnished gold lining-a very elegant Frame—with a French plate glass, all complete for \$5. Portrait and frame sent for inspection before payment. Either photos or tintypes copied. ILLINOIS PORTRAIT ASSOCIATIONN. 348 W. Van Buren St., Chicago, Ill.

Notice of Sale of Real Estate. First publication Nov. 13, 1890. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien-In the matter of the estate of Elizabert Ab

O in the matter of the estate of Enganert Abeel deceased.

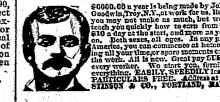
Notice is hereby given, that in pursuance of an order granted to the undersigned, Administrator of the estate of said deceased, by the Hon. Judge of Probate, for the county of Berrien, on the 10th day of November, A. D. 1890, there will be sold at public vendue, to the highest bidder, at the premisee, in the county of Berrien, in said State, on Saturday, the 27th day of December, A. D. 1890, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, of that day, (subject to all encumbrances by mortgage or otherwise existing at the time of the death of said deceased, or at the time of sale) the following described rent estate, to with The west twenty-five (25) acres of the south half of the northwest quarter of section fourteen (14), town eight 8) south, range eighteen (18) west, in Berrien county, Michigan,

GEORGE SWINK, Administrator.

Last publication, Dec. 25, 1890.

Last publication, Dec. 25, 1890.





## W. TRENBETH.

## Merchant Tailor

Has moved into his new brick building on Front street, foot of Day's ave., and has the largest stock of new

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

## SUITINGS,

For Gentlemen's Wear,

to be found in Berrien county at the lowest living prices for good work.

## **NEW STOCK**

now arriving, of which

## An Inspection is Solicited.

Buchanan Markets. Corrected weekly by Bishop & Kent. Hay-\$6 @ \$8 per ton.

Butter-16c. Eggs-20c. Lard—Sc. Salt, retail—31.00

Flour-\$5.20 @ \$0.00 per bbl., retail, Honey-12c. Live poultry-5c. Wheat.-90c. Oats -40c.

Corn-50c. Beans-\$1.75. Live Hogs-\$3.00. NILES has a cat thief.

THE last month of 1890 is here. SATURDAY was a busy day for

tradesmen in Buchanan. Mercury at 22 below zero in Winne-

peg, Monday. MISS BELLE SAWYER, of Laporte, is visiting her Buchanan friends.

ATTEND the school meeting next week, Friday. You are interested.

BERRIEN CENTRE and Galien letters arrived too late for publication last

A DAUGHTER was born in the family of the publisher of the Enterprise,

CHRISTMAS three weeks from today. Have you decided what kind of present you are going to receive?

NILES thieves stole the countribution box from the vestibule of the Episcopal church in that place

MISS SADIE SEARLS h s gone for a visit with the family of her brother, in Hutchinson, Minnesota.

Mr. S. C. REED and son David, of Saugatuck, spent Thanksgiving with Buchanan friends.

HARRY PAUL has bought a market in South Bend, and will go into the meat business there.

JACOB IMHOFF returned Monday from Missouri, where he has been the past two months.

CHARLEY PEARS, who has been visiting Dr. Spreng in Sioux City, Iowa, the

past two weeks, has returned, ANTHONY ERNSBURGER, of Dayton has been busy caring for a 1012 pound

son, born Nov. 23. JOHN Ross was home from Chicago for Thanksgiving. Also Will Fox from Sturgis.

This morning was the coldest of the season thus far, mercury reaching 14.

THE Kalamazoo Gazette will please count its fingers once more to find twenty-two townships in Berrien county.

MR. WM. KELLEY moved last week to Fairfield, Nebraska, with the expectation of making his home some-

where in that vicinity. CAPT. BARTLETT offers a good span of mules for sale cheap, Anyone wanting a good cheap team should call up-

on him at his home, near Dayton. MRS. S. C. REED, of Saugatuck, who has been visiting in Buchanan for the past two weeks, has gone to St. Thomas,

Ont., to visit relatives. MR. LYMAN SHERWOOD and wife, of Michigan City, spent Thanksgiving with their daughter, Mrs. John Han

THE live stock business is good at John Simmons'. It is a boy and a girl,

this time; born Sunday; weight seventeen pounds. MYRON MONTGOMERY started for they had made and abandoned the job.

Ontario, Cal., yesterday morning. He hopes the change will benefit his health, as well as his fortune.

H. D. ROUGH and John M. Rouch have gone to Kankakee on business. They took along their shotgans and Berrien Springs. The next in the

MRS. E. C. BRIGGS left this place, Tuesday morning, to join her husband in Portland, Oregon, where he is employed in railroad work.

THE itinerant artists who have had a tent on the Ross corner the past two weeks folded their tent. Tuesday afternoon, and quit business for this town. They did not succeed in working up Dayton on Monday, Dec. 22 and 29; at such a craze for cheap pictures as did | First National Bank, Niles, on each the last party who visited the place | Tuesday in December. for the purpose.

Next week we will have an interesting letter from Mr. Alpha Roe, from Sehome, Washington, describing some of the interest of that place.

WM. HESS and Miss Annie Wright were married at the home of the bride's

MR. STEWART REYNOLDS, oldest uncle of John T. Reynolds of this place, died at the home of Watson Wykoff, on Terre Coupee prairie, aged 79 years.

Saturday evening.

MR. WM. OSBORN has moved into the front of Jordan's new block on Front street, and now has about as good a location for his bench as is possible to find in Buchanan.

THE Niles Democrat has adopted th six page patent, printing but two pages at home. It seems queer that a city of the size of Niles caunot be made to support more than two six-column pages of a Democratic paper.

THE planking of the river bridge was put down so teams could cross last Thursday, and we are supposed to have a good substantial wooden bridge once more to last as much as five years.

MR. AMOS WRIGHT, of West Niles, sold yesterday in Buchanan his entire crop of corn for 55 cents a bushel. What is the matter with Niles prices? Niles Sun.

Dunno. Ask us suthin' easy.

THE featherbone winders commenced work Monday morning, after a wait of three or four weeks waiting for new pulleys. The new ones are substantially made, and the machines will now be likely to run steadily.

THE Douglas Record gives up its hopes of a lake shore railroad from Grand Rapids to Benton Harbor, and fervently prays that the town may never take part in another railroad

MR. JOHN BROWER, for many years citizen of Weesaw township, now living near Bedford, Calhoun county. is visiting in this vicinity. His first work in Berrien county was done in the village of Dayton forty-six years

ONE of John Conradt's boys ran against a clothes line in the dark, Sunday night, catching him under the chin and throwing him flat on his back, and giving him a pretty sore neck. He knows something now how it feels to be hung.

THE express agent and telegraph operator in this place have each re- bonus of \$1.50 per week for a term of ceived instructions from headquarters | three years for each skilled laborer to not receive or handle any goods for the Louisana lottery company. That swindle is getting down to pretty close quarters.

the Christian Mission Association for the second district of Michigan, will be held at Eau Claire, Berrien county, commencing at 2 p. m., on Friday, Dec. 12, and holding over the following

Mr. Gazley has been overhauling his saw mill, between this place and Berrien Springs, adding a threshing engine to help the water wheel turn the mill. He expects to very materially increase the capacity of the mill at a light expense.

Mrs. FAUCETT had the misfortune to fall down stairs, Saturday evening, and besides numerous other bruises, she has a broken nose in consequence. It was a narrow escape from serious

Broken Leg.-On Wednesday of last week. Ira, thirteen years old son of Henry Bradley, living in the north part of the township, fell under a loaded wagon. The hind wheel ran over him and broke the right leg between the knee and hip. Dr. Henderson was called to reduced the fracture.

WORD was received here on the 26th inst., that Mrs. Chittenden, widow of the late Jared Chittenden, was found dead in her bed on that morning, at the home of her daughter in Jackson. Mrs. C. was well known to Buchanan people, having lived here many years.

THE semi-annual meeting of the Young People's Society of the Christian Endeavor for this county, held in the A. C. church Friday, brought a quite large gathering of Christian workers to Buchanan. The meeting included a large and interesting program. The next meeting will be held in Bridg-

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the post-office at Buchanan, Mich., for the week ending Dec. 1, '90: Mrs. Ona Berdet, Mrs. J. A. Smith, Mrs. Mary Young, Miss Ida Miller, Miss Mary Flesher, Miss C H. Rane

Miss C. M. Lewis-2. JOHN GRAHAM, P. M.

Four able-bodied men worked hard Sunday afternoon to dig a badger out of a hole in the ground, a short distance north-west of town, but when they had dug a hole large enough for a good cellar, and having their dog huried, concluded that the badger was digging faster than they could and filling his path behind him, filled the hole

THE first of the Chautauqua Entertainment course was given by Leland T. Powers, impersonator, and Mrs. Powers, vocalist, and gave good satisfaction. A number came up from course will be a lecture by Dr. James Hedley, on January 5. The society has received enough funds to pay for three of the four entertainments, and are selling tickets for the remaining three for seventy-five cents.

TAX NOTICE.—For the collection of the taxes of Bertrand township, I will be at the First National Bank, Buchanan, on Saturday, Dec. 13, 20 and 27; at

CHARLES P. EHNINGER, Treas

MR. ED. C. COVELL and Miss Cora Proud were married at the home of the bride's parents, Thanksgiving day at noon, Rev. Short, of Illinois, officiating. A wedding supper was prepared MRS. MARY COPPER has gone from for them by the groom's parents. The this place to make her home with her RECORD corps acknowledges the regranddaughter, Mrs. Mary Kraft, near | ceipt of a plate of the cakes, over which to wish the new family a long and

prosperous life. NOTICE.—There will be a school mother, Mrs. Heel Wright in Weesaw, meeting in Roe's hall next week, Friday evening, for the purpose of determining what action is to be taken in regard to heating the school building. The school board requests all tax payers to attend this meeting. It is a matter of the greatest importance to the district, because it directly affects the health and comfort of the children who attend the schools.

#### Marriage Licenses.

1257 Lee S. Suson, Benton Harbor. Maud T. Venable, "

Wm. G. Newland, Benton Harbor. C. Agnes Jones,

1260 Elwood C. Bond, Chicago. Emma J. Moulton, Benton Harbor Locklin N. Clark, Pipestone.

Charlotte Yaw, Jerome Hemmiston, Berrien Springs.

Nancy Chappel, Buchanan. 1293 William H, Hess, Buchanan. Annie E. Wright, Weesaw. 1264 Wm. Demorrow, Stevensville.

Bertha Shearer.

1264 S. J. Rimes, Stanton, Mich. Anna Olds, St. Joseph, A. O. U. W. ELECTION.—The following is the list of officers elected in Bu-

chanan Lodge No. 98, A. O. U. W., on Tuesday eyening: M. W., Frank Stryker. Foreman, Morris Lyon. Overseer, V. Baker. Recorder, S. A. Wood. Guide, Burgess Niles.

Financier, J. K. Woods.

Receiver, Chas. B. Treat.

I W., A. S. Stewart. O. W., Gideon Rouse. Trustee three years, B. F. Needham. Representative to Grand Lodge, J. G.

Mansfield. Alternate, S. A. Wood.

Kompass, Stone & Stall started in the manufacture of furniture in this place a few months since on a small scale. They have found that their goods have found ready sale, and that they have not room enough to do what their trade demands. There are towns that are on the lookout for just such establishments, paying a good price to secure them, and are prospering by the transaction. Real live towns are doing this kind of business. These people have come here without solicitation; are steadily employing fifteen to eighteen men at good wages, and after this month if they can get the room, will employ twenty-five. The RECORD learns that they have been offered a they will employ, and rent and taxes free, to move, and that they propose to move, unless Buchanan wants to do something to prevent it. It has not cost Buchanan anything to get them THE first quarterly convention of here, but it will cost something to keep them. There will be a meeting of the citizens in Rough's opera house, next Monday evening, to either bid Kompass, Stone & Stell goodbye or make some move toward fastening them to Buchanan. They are good citizens, good workmen, and Buchanan cannot afford to allow them to move

> DARIUS SMITH, Marshal, advertises in the Enterprise that if the fellow who stole the lamp from the lamp post, near E. J. Roe's, on the night of the barl ecue, will return it, no questions will be asked. This is not the proper way to deal with such performances. If Marshal Smith knows who has the lamp, as his advertisement infers he does, it is his duty, not only as an officer but as a citizen, to enter complaint and cause the arrest of the thief, and see that he is prosecuted to the full extent of the law. The custom of a few toughs who visit this place to destroy or carry off any loose property they can lay their hands on, can be broken up by sharp prosecution, and is not likely to be in any other way.

SEVENTY-THREE loads of straw were received at the Niles and Ohio paper miles on Tuesday and seventy on Wednesday. These loads average nearly two tons each. This indicates the extent of the straw trade, which cannot be less than from three hun-dred to three hundred and fifty tons a week.—Niles Star.

RUMOR has it that Spencer & Barnes, the best and most reliable manufactory of Buchanan, is to move soon to the lake, St. Joseph being the point. "In the midst of life we are in death," is about the Scripture lesson Buchanan will be quoting, if they let this manufactory slip away from them, although they will know better how to sympathize with "Dear old Niles," who mourns the loss of some good institutions, and some she might have had if she had been awake from her slumbers.—Niles Sun.

THE Watervliet evaporator works fired the juice from 4,533 bushels of apples the present fall. The apple crop wasen't an entire failure in that section of Berrien county. - Dowagiac

A FEEBLE effort is being made to break the will of the late John Reynolds. Probably it is thought there are some attorney's fees in it.—LaPorte

Election Notice. Notice is hereby given that the regular meeting of the stockholders of the First National Bank of Buchanan for the election of Directors, will be held at their office, in the village of Buchanan, on the second Tuesday in

JOHN F. REYNOLDS, Cashier.

#### Locals. Dress Cutting a specialty. Call and

see me. MRS. T. C. LORD.

I have one more of those Fischer Pianos, in burl walnut case, that I want to sell this week. It is brand new, made less than six weeks ago. J. G. HOLMES. WANTED IMMEDIATELY!

Five hundred cords of second-growth Hickory Elm, or Rock Elm Butis 41/2 to 8 inches in diameter, and from 4 to 12 feet long, delivered in South Bend. Ind. For further particulars address, STUDEBAKER BROS. MFG. CO.

# Santa Claus' Headquarters

# FAIR.

One Car Load of Holiday Goods.

Just arrived, and we invite everybody, old and young, big and little, rich and poor, to call where your money will go the farthest, and where you are sure to find just what you want. A few articles we mention:

Plush Goods, Toys, Books, Dolls, Jewelry, Cutlery, Musical Instruments, Hobby Horses, Sleds, Scrap Books, China Ware, Neckties, Pocket Books, Confectionery, Fruits, Nuts, Novelties, Notions, Handkerchiefs,

And a thousand other articles which you will see by calling at Santa Claus' Headquarters,

FREE SHOW EVERY DAY. JOHN MORRIS, Proprietor.

## H. E. LOUGH,

### JEWELER,

Has the largest stock of Watches, Jewelry, Clocks and Plated Ware, ever carried in Buchanan.

. I buy for cash from the largest manufacturers in this country, and can give customers the benefit of it.

HOLIDAY PRESENTS, Books, Toilet Sets, Plush Papeteries, Cuff & Collar Boxes, Albums, Pocket Books, Toy and

Juyenile Books, Games, Etc., Etc., at H. BINNS' Opp. Hotel. '5 The cheapest place to buy your Cloaks is at

MRS. HOWARD SMITH'S. Now, right now, is your time to make your selections for Christmas. I am going to close out my entire stock dur ing the next 60 days.

H. B. DUNCAN. Silk Mufflers, Cashmere Mufflers. Handsome patterns found at CHARLIE HIGH'S HODIDAY GOODS!

The finest line of CHINA CUPS and SAUCERS for the money, at MORGAN & CO'S.3 The Wirt Fountain Pen, made of gold and hard rubber, makes a very

H. BINNS' Opp. Hotel. Get your dress-making done at MRS. HOWARD SMITH'S. When you want a Silk Muffler or Handkerchief, go to

nice Xmas present. See them at of

Handsome Handkerchiefs are found with us. Always look at CHARLIE HIGH'S. I tell you they are WAY DOWN IN PRICES, those Hanging Lamps, at (

H. B. DUNCAN'S. 0

MORGAN & CO'S. New Goods for Holiday Presents, at H. BINNS' Opp. Hotel.// Always look at CHARLIE HIGH'S for Christmas presents...

Don't forget that you can buy the

BEST TEA YOU EVER drank, at 50c per MORGAN & CO.9 A quarter ream of good Writing Paper; makes a very desirable present for any one who can write. Buy one H. BINNS' Opp. Hotel.

Come in and buy Flannel for Shirts and Skirts, of CHARLIE HIGH. / Stamping done at MRS. BERRICK'S

A 50c Corset that leads them all CHARLIE HIGH'S. [2] The finest line of Silk Mufflers and Handkerchiefs in town, for the least money. Come and see before buying. S. P. HIGH.

The great secret, how to save money. Buy your Dry Goods and Notions, at S. P. HIGH'S. All the leading brands of Soap, at

TREAT BROS. & CO. Pure Buckwheat Flour, at TREAT BROS. & CO.

Famous Bissell Carpet Sweeper M. T. YOUNGS'. Plush Balls, Brass Ornaments, Silk Ornaments for Fancy Work, found at CHARLIE HIGH'S./5

Ladies, call and see Underwear, especially the Union Suit, at A benefit for the people. The lowest prices on Dry Goods of any house in

please you. Good Bedroom Suit for \$15.00, at M. T. YOUNGS! I shall have the Papson house, on Day's avenue, in first-class tenable condition in about four weeks, weather

permitting, when the property will be for rent or sale. J. G. HOLMES. Good Wood Stove for sale cheap, at

JAKE BAKER wants to sell you a Whip. He has an elegant assortment. His stock of Robes and Blankets is and Organs. If you contemplate buysomething immense, also.

Germ Grits, Granola Carbon Crackers, Oat Meal Biscuit, at BISHOP & KENT'S. Call and see my new goods, before

J. IMHOFF. buying. I have a new lot of those ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes for \$1.50. Call J. IMHOFF. and see them. Best Broadhead Dress Goods now

only 20c per yard, at

ish Millinery.

South Bend, Ind Dry Goods.

perienced dress-maker. Cutting by the prices in Millinery, is at French tailor system. Terms \$1 per day, Call at Mrs. M. A. Jadwin's, or JENNIE ALLEN,

They go to MRS. BERRICK's for styl-

You can see a nice and complete as sortment of Jewelry, Watches, Clocks and Silverware, at H. E. LOUGH'S. H. B. Duncan's is the place to buy

The OAK-LEAF SOAP is the best in the world. For sale by

BOARDMAN & WEHRLE. Dr. William's Headache Cure is the surest relief for sick and nervous headaches on the market. Try a box. Price 25c. Sold only at BARMORE'S.

MRS. J. L. CHAMPE.

VOICE CULTURE. At home, Mondays and Thursdays, at Mrs. J. F. Hahn's, Oak street. An elegant line of ladies' and misses' Mittens, to be found at

Just look at the 54-inch Dress Flan-S. P. HIGH'S/ 7

If you would have your clothes that delicate clear white, so desirable, use Russ' Bleaching Blue. Sold by all

Ladies, you will find the largest stock of Millinery Goods at BOYLE & BAKER'S. The lowest price on everything, at

For low prices in Millinery go to BOYLE & BAKER'S. An elegant line to select from. Ladies, to know what we have in

Cloaks you must come and see. We

are making some very low prices.
BOYLE & BAKER. A Ladies' Vest, worth 50c any day, you can buy while they last at 25c. Come early, at CHARLIE HIGH'S./

See BOYLE & BAKER for low prices on Dry Goods. Do you want a small Engine? 1 have one four-horse power, vertical Engine and Boller, in good order, and am willing to sell it at a bargain. The inside or exposed parts of the boiler J. G. HOLMES.

Ladies, try the Lillie Bloom for the

complexion. Six ounce bottle 50c, at \_ BARMORE'S. Buy the OAK-LEAF SOAP, at

BOARDMAN & WEHRLE'S. BOARDMAN & WEHRLE has an immense run on the OAL-LEAF SOAP. Try it and you will know why. 35w9 Best and cheapest ladies' Underwear is found at

CHARLEY HIGH'S. Handsomest Corsets you ever saw, CHARLEY HIGH'S. W at 50c, at For the best 50 cent Corset, go to

S. P. HIGH'S.? Dry Goods for Big and Little, Old and Young, at SAM HIGH'S.23 Home made Bread. Made from our Liquid Yeast. Try it.

TREAT BROS & CO.

Lowest Prices, quality considered. S. P. HIGH. Go straight to S. P. HIGH's, the Fair and Square place to buy. Please bear this in mind. I will sell

I am always ready to make you the

you the best Plush Cloak for the least money. Come and see. 30 S.P. HIGH. Furniture of all kinds and prices, town. Try us and we will surely at AL HUNT'S.

S. P. HIGH./3 Best Cotton Bats, found at H. B. DUNCAN'S, only 10 cents. Send your OAK-LEAF SOAP wrappers to Gowans & Stover, Buffalo, N. Y., and get fine pictures free in return for

Don't you forget it. I have the best Underwear in town. S. P. HIGH. 2 ? Have you seen those Black Henri-H. B. DUNCAN'S. | 0 ettas, at S. P. High's? They are

Don't forget that I still sell Pianos

ing either, see me before buying. J. G. HOLMES. Every style of Stationery at BAR-MORE's. first door east of post-office.

Miss Elmira Burrus is prepared to do The best inducement found in Dry dress-making in the latest styles and H. B. DUNCAN, give good work. Call at her home on Day's Avenue, near the depot. Buy a Mason & Hamlin Organ of J.

is made The same low prices on Dry Goods only 20c per yard, at
H. B. DUNCAN.

Work by the day wanted by an ex
The best assortment and the lowest BOYLE & BAKER'S.

G. Holmes, and get the very best there

Cheapest place for Flannels, Cotton Flannels, Warm Goods, is at CHARLEY HIGH'S. Ladies, call and see my Black Dress Goods. I can save you money. A ... H. B. DUNCAN.

We make the lowest price. / 🤊

Staley's Yarns are found with us;

i qualities.

BOYLE & BAKER.

CHARLEY HIGH.

South Bend, Ind. also Spanish, German Knitting. Good

# **BOYLE** BAKER'S

Great Sale takes in the balance of this month and all of next month. We have decided to reduce our stock and do it in the next sixty days, and the only way we can do this is to sell you goods for less than you can buy them anywhere else, so we intend to do a retail business and give you wholesale prices. Now we don't intend to make a leader of just one item and charge you full price on all other goods. We put everything out as leaders, and make you prices so that if you are in need of anything in the dry goods line you will trade

## Our Cloak Department

Is not broke up as bad as we would like to have it, and to make a clean sweep of them we offer an

\$18.00 Plush Wrap for \$10.00 22.00 " " " 14.00 28.00 # # # 15.00 Cloth Wrap worth \$15.00, now \$5.00.

Ladies all wool Scarlet Vest 85 cents.

Gents' natural wool Shirts and Drawers for \$1.00, worth \$1.25. Great bargain in Hosiery. Our Millinery Department

Is crowded with all the latest styles of Hats and Bonnets, and as it is getting late, and we don't want to carry any over, we will cut, carve, quarter and halve price, and take

Now, don't wait until next spring to buy this stuff, as you can buy it cheaper now. Remember this month and next.

what we can get and let them slide.

# Yours, & BAKER.

# BOYS' CLOTHING.

Geo. Wyman & Co. will offer this day, about 500 Boys' Suits. all wool. plaid, stripe and plain, quite a variety of styles, from 10 to 17 years old, Coat, Vest and Long Pants for \$6, worth \$10.

This lot of goods did not cost us much, so we are willing to let them

We also have a lot, part cotton, for Boys 10 to 17 years old, Coat, Vest and Long Pants, for \$3.

May be we don't guess our stuff low enough. I don't know. Come and take a look at it. We have other lots for boys in the clothing line, but the above two lots are all

# Ladies' and Children's Shoes

we want to advertise now.

We offer in Ladies' Dongola Kid Shoes, a line of sizes at \$1.95 we do not think you will be able to match for the money.

and \$6. We also have some for less

Our most expensive shoes are made by Laird, Schaber & Mitchel, of Philadelphia. May be there are better ones made, but we have never seen

come and try ours if you are unable to get fitted elsewhere. We sell the Globe brand of Ladies'

1f you are interested in Shoes,

Rubbers for 25 cents per pair. They are not the best to wear, but they are the best, in our opinion, for the money. Others at 35, 40 and 50

Our Cloak Sale will continue.

COME AND SEE US.

# Citizens National Bank, NILES, MICH.

DIRECTORS:

H. M. Dean, J. L. Reddick, A. G. Gage, J. P Hutton,

J. L. Richardson, E. F. Woodcock.

HORSE BLANKETS. ROBES,

OILCLOTH

AND

HARDWARE.

# BROS.

# PERFUMERY.

AND MANY OTHER THINGS AT

We are Agents ORANGE

Medicines.

Our new picture of Andersonville Prison is now ready. It is a splendid Oleogravure in eight col ors, on plate paper, 20:26 inches, (ready for framing), and shows a bird's eye view of the stockade and its environments—the fortifications, hospital camp, swamp, railroad, etc. Although true to nature, it reveals no horrible or disgusting details, and makes an ornament worthy to adorn the walls of the finest drawing-room. This beautiful new picture is NOT FOR SALE at any price, but will be GIVEN AWAY, FREE OF ALL CHARGE, to each and every purchaser of our brilliant new SPARKS FROM THE CAMP FIRE. This book, fresh from book SPARKS FROM THE CAMP FIRE. This book, fresh from book of large octavo pages, brim full of Tales of the Old Veterane, stirring descriptions of such desperate contests as Gettysburg, Antietam, Five Forks, etc; also 125 elegant Illustrations, Maps and Portraits in profusion, and eight magnificent Full-page Colored Lithographs, showing "Pickett's Charge," "Review at Washington, May, 1865," etc. Size of Book, 92; by 7 inches, and 2 inches thick. Price, only \$2.75 in Full Morocco, Gold Stamp, Gold Edges. Cheapest book on earth! Book and Picture mailed, prestpaid, to any address on receipt of price. Illustrated circular free.

ACENTS WANTED. A few good and reliable agents can obtain the greatest opportunity of a life-time by applying to us for terms. Liberal inducements and strict control of territory. Freights paid. Apply immediately to the sole publishers,

KEYSTONE PUBLISHING COMPANY, TENTH & FILBERT STS., PHILADELPHIA, PA.

GOLD COIN

GIVE US A CALL.

Only three weeks before Christmas. In the meantime I invite you to call and look over my fine stock of Presents for old and young, as follows:

Plush Albums. Toilet. Manicure and Everything for Everyone.

KNIVES. RAZORS.

NEW STOCK OF

NEW STOCK OF SOAPS,

Dodd's Drug and Book Store.

ANDERSONVILLE!

PLEASE BEAR IN MIND!

WE HAVE A FULL LINE OF

COOK AND HEATING STOVES.

THE BEST IN THE MARKET.

We also have in stock now, Fine Shoes at \$2.50, \$3, \$3.50, \$4, \$5,

Shaving Sets, Books and Booklets, finely illustrated, Bibles, large and small, Plush Odor cases, Scrap and Autograph Albums, Dolls, Banks

Barmore's Drug Store.

First Door East of Post Office.

## HARRISON'S VIEWS.

Presented to Congress in His Second Annual Message.

HE CHAMPIONS THE M'KINLEY ACT, And Says It Should Not Be Changed This Session of Congress.

The President Notifies the Law Makers of the Work Before Them-Satisfactory Relations With All Nations-The Scal Fisheries Question—The Silver Problem and Finances of the Country-The Increased Circulation.

TO THE SENATE AND HOUSE OF REPRESENT-ATIVES.—The reports of the several executive departments which will be laid before con-gress in the usual course will exhibit in detait the operations of the government for the last fiscal year. Only the more important incidents and results, and chiefly such as may be the foundation of the recommendations I shall submit, will be referred to in this annual messare.

submit, will be referred to in this annual message.

The vast and increasing business of the government has been transacted by the several departments during the year with faithfulness, energy and success. The revenues, amounting to above \$450,000,00, have been collected and disbursed without revealing, so far as I can ascertain, a single case of defalcation or embezzloment. An earnest effort has been made to stimulate a sense of responsibility and public duty in all officers and employes of every grade, and the wor's done by them has almost wholly escaped unfavorable criticism. I speak of these matters with the crotomic, but is shared by the heads of the several departments with the great body of faithful officers and employes whose ve under them. The closest scruttury of congress is invited to all the methods of administration and to every item of expenditure.

Foreign Relations. Foreign Relations.

vited to all the methods of administration and to every item of expenditure.

Foreign Relations.

The friendly relations of our country with the nations of Europe and the east have been undisturbed, while the ties of ...ood wiil and common interest that bind us to the states of the western hemisphere have been notably strengthen d by the conference held in this capital to consider measures for the general welfare. Pursuant to the invitation authorized by congress, the representatives of every independent state of the American continent and of Hayti met in conference in this capital in October. 1824, and continued in session until the 19th of last April. This important onvocation marks a most interesting and influential epoch in the history of the western hemisphere. It is noteworthy that Brazil, invited while under an imperial form of government, shares as a republic in the deliberations and results of the conference. The recommendations of the conference were all transmitted to congress at the last session.

The international marine conference which sat at Washington last winter reached a very gratifying r sult. The regulations suggested have been brought to the attention of all the governments represented, and their general adoption is confidently expected. The legislation of congress at the last session is in cardomity with the prop sitions of the conference, and the proclamation therein provided for will be issued when the other powers have given notice of their adhesion.

The conference of Brussels to devise means for suppressing the slave trade in Africa afforded an opportunity for a new expression of the interest the American people feel in that great work. It soon became evident that the measure proposed would tax the resources of the Congo basin beyond the revenues available under the general act of B riin of 1884. The United States, not being a party to that act, could not share in its revision, but by a separate act the in rependent state of the Congo was freed from the restrictions on a customs reve

Republic of Brazil.

Toward the end of the pastycar the only independen monarchical government on the western continent, that of Brazil, cea-ed to exist and was succeeded by a republic in. Diplomatic relations were at once established with the new government, but it was not completely recognized until an opportunity had been afforded to as ertain that it had popular approval and support. When the course of events, had yielded assurance of this fact no time was lost in ex ending to the new government afull and cordial welcome into the family of American commonwealths. It is confidently believed that the good relations of the two countries will be priservel, and that the future will witness an increased intimacy of intercourse and an expansion of their mutual commerce.

The peace of Central American has again been disturbed through a revolutionary change in Salvador which was not recognized by other states, and hostilities broke out between Salvador and Guatemana, threatening to involve all Central America in confict, and undo the progress which had been made toward a union of their interests. The efforts of this government were proluply and zea ously exe ted to compose their differ-

ing to involve all Central America in conflict, and undo the progress which had been made toward a union of their interests. The efforts of this government were propely and zea ously exected to compose their differences, and through the active efforts of the represent title of the United States a provisional treaty of peace was signed Aug. 26, whereby the right of the republic of Salvador to choose its own rulers was recognized. Gen. Ezeta, the chief of the provisional government, has since been confirmed in the presidency by the assembly and diplomatic recognition duty followed.

The killing of Gen. Barrundia on board the Pacific Mail stramer Acapulco, while anchored in transit in the port of San Jose de Guatema a, demanded cireful inquiry. Having faited in a revolutionary attempt to invade Guatema a, demanded cireful inquiry. Gen. Barrundia took passage at Acapulco for Panama. The consent of the representatives of the United States was sought to effect his seizure, first at Champerico, where the steamer rouched, and afterward at San J. se. The captain of the steamer refused to give up his passenger without a written order from the Unit of States min. ster; an the la ter furnished the desired letter, stipulating as the condition of his action, that Gen. Burrundia's life should be spired and that he should be tried only for offenses growing out of his insurrectionary movements. This letter was produced to the captain of the Acapulco by the military commander at San. ose, as his warrant to take the passenger from the steamer. Gen. Barrun is resisted cyture and was killed. It being evident that the minister, Mr. Mizner, had exceded the bounds of his authority in intervening, in compliance with the demands of the Guatemalan authorities, to authorize and effect, in violation of precedent, the seizure on a vessel of the United States of a passenger in transit charged with political offerses, in order that he might by tried for such offenses under what was described as martial law, I was constrained to disavow Mr. Mi

Nicaragua Canal.

The Nicaragua canal project, under the control of our citizens, is making most encouraging progress, all the pre-iminary conditions and initial operations having been accomplished within the prescribed time.

During the past year negotiations have been renewed for the sett em ut of the claims or American citizens a rainst the government of Chili, principally growing out of the late war with Peru. The reports from our minister at Santiago warrant the expectation of a earl satisfactory adjustment.

Our relations with China, which have for several years occupied so important a place in our diplomatic distory, have called for careful consideratio and have been the subject of much correspondence. The communications of the Chinese minister have brought into view the whole su ject of our conventional relations with his country; and at the same time this governm nt, through its legation at Peking, has sought to arrange various matters and complaints touching the interests and protection of our citizens in China. In pursuance of the concurrent resolution of Oct. 1, 1800, I have proposed to the governments of Mexico and Great Britain to consider a conventional regulation of the passaguof Chinese laborers across our scuthern an torthern frontiers.

On the 2-nd day of August last Sir Edmund of Chinese laborers across our scuthern an t northern frontiers.
On the 2-md day of August last Sir Edmund Monson, the arbitrator elected under the treaty of Dec. 6, 488, rendered an award to the effect that that no compensation was due from the Danish government to the United States on account of what is commonly known as the Carlos Butterfield claim. Our relations with the French republic continue to be called the court has very diligently urged the removal of the restrictions imposed upon our meat

products, and it is believed that substantial progress has been made toward a just settleprogress has been made toward a just settlement.

The Samoan treaty signed last year at Berlin by the representatives of the United States, Germany and Great Britain, after due ratification and exchange, has begun to produce salutary effects. The formation of the government agreed upon will soon replace the disorder of the past by a stable a ministration, alike just to the natives and equitable to the powers most concerned in trade and infercourse with the Samoan islands. The clief justice has been chosen by the king of Sweden and Norway, on the invitation of the threspowers, and will soon be installed. The land commission and the municipal council are in process of organization. A rational and evenly distributed scheme of taxation, both municipal and upon imports, is in operation. Maliston is respected as king.

The new treaty of extradition with Great Britain, after due ratification, was proclaimed, on the 25th of last March. Its beneficial working is already apparent.

Behring Sea Question.

The difference between the two governments touching the fur—eal question in the Behring sea is not yet adjusted, as will be seen by the correspondence which will soon be laid before congres. The offer to submit the question to arbitration, as proposed by her majesty's government, has not been accepted for the reason that the form of submission proposed is not thought to be calculated to assure a conclusion satisfactory to either party. It is a necrely hoped that before the opening of another scaling season some arrangement may be effected which will assure to the United States a property right, derived from Russia, which was not disregarded by any nation for more than eighty years preceding the outbreak of the existing trouble.

In the tariff at a wrong was done to the kingdom of Hawaii which I am bound to presume was wholly unintentional. Duties were levied on certain commodities which are included in the reciprocity treaty now existing between the Unites States and the kingdom of Hawaii without indicating the necessary exception in favor of that kingdom. I hope congress will repair what might otherwise seem to be a breach of faith on the part of this government.

An award in favor of the United States in

congress will repair what might otherwish seem to be a breach of faith on the part of this government.

An award in favor of the United States in the matter of the claim of Mr. Van Bokkeden against Hayri was rendered on the 4th of December, 1888, but owing to disorders then and afterward prevailing in Hapti the terms of payment were not observed. A new agreement as to the time of payment has been approved and is now in force. Other just claims of citizens of the United States for redress of wrongs suffered during the later political conflict in Hapti wil, it is hoped, speedily yield to friendly treatment.

of filendly irostment.

Propositions for the amendment of the frenty

or extratition issued at the traited states and lay are now under conditional segments of the continuous of experiture the invitation of the Italian government to tare artia at an reching conference or consider the adoption of a universal shad time. As this process tolones, in the track of the reform suggest to sejaintiated by the margine conference of use shall to sejaintiate by the margine conference of use shall on the continuous continuous tractions. The report of the attorney general is under the continuous continuous

raised to the first class.

Spain and Cuba.

The cordial character of our relations with Spain warrants the hope that by the continuance of methods of friendly nigotiations much may be accomplished in the direction of an adjustment of pending questions and of increase of our trade. The extent and development of our trade, The extent and development of our trade, the extent and development of our trade with the island of Cuba invest the commercial relations of the United States and Spain with a recular importance. It is now develope that a special arrangement in regal to oundere, based upon the reciposity provision of the recent tariff act, would operate most hen filiably for noth governments. This subject is now receiving attention.

The restoration of the remains of John Erricsson to Sweden afforded a gratifying occasion to honor the mimory of the great inventor to whose genius our country owes so much and bear witness to the unbro on frendship which has existed between the land which bore him and our own, which claimed him as a citizen.

On the 24 of September last the commission whith has existed between the land which tore him and our own, which claimed him as a citizen.

On the 2d of September last the commission appointed to revise the proceedings of the commission under the claim a nvention between the United States and Venezuela of 1865 brought its labors to a cl se within the period fixed for that purpose. The proceedings of the late commission were characterized by a spirit of impartiality and a high sense of justice, and an incident which was for many years the subject of discussin between the two governmens has been discussed of in a manner alike honorable and satisfactory to both parties. For the settlement of the claim of the Venezulan Steam Transportation company, which was the subject of a joint esolution adopted at the las session of congress, neg-flations are still in progress and their early conclusion is anticipated.

The legislation of the past few years has evidenced on the part of Cingress a growing realization of the importance of the consular service in fostering our sommercial relations abroad and in protecting the domestic revenues. As the scope of 0 cration expands increased provision must be made to keep up the essential standard of efficiency. The necessity of some a equate measure of supervision and inspection has been so often presented that I need only commend the subject to your attention.

Government Finances.

need only commend the subject to your attention.

Government Finances.

The revenues of the government from all sources for the fiscal year ending June 30, 1890, were \$453,03,080.55 and the tot I expenditures for the same period were \$485,618,24.22. The postal receipts have not heret fore been included in the star ment of these aggregates, and for the purpose of comparison the sum of '60,82,07.92 should be deducted from both sides of the a rount applied to the sinking fund, was \$10,341,4503. The receipts for 1830 were \$16,600,31.79 and the expenditure \$5,73,871 the excess of those of 1831. The customs receipts increased \$5,738,28.8 and the receipts from internal revenue \$11,723,14.80, while on the side of expenditures that for pensions was \$0,312,075.00 in excess of the preceding year.

The treasury statement for the surrent fiscal year, partly actual and partly estimated, is as follows: Receipts from all sources, \$19,000,000, total expenditures \$5,54,000,000, leaving a surreights into account on either side. The loss of revenue from custous for the last quarter is estimated at \$25,000,000, but from this is deducted a gain of about \$16,000,000 realized during the first four months of the year. Fo the year 1 30 that the testinal educe of pis are \$73,000,000 and the stimated experitures \$37,852,942, leaving an estimated as plus of \$52,000,000 and the stimated experitures for the Postoffice Department, being equal, are not included in this statement in either side.

The act "directing the purchase of silver bullion and issue of treasury notes thereon," approved July 14, 1894, has been administered by the Secretary of the Treasury with an earnest pur, ose to get into circulation at the earliest bossible dates the full monthly a nounts of treasury notes thereon, approved July 14, 1894, has been administered by the Secretary of the Treasury with an earnest pur, ose to get into circulation at the earliest busined as a subject for

treasury notes contemplated by is privisions, and at the same time to give the market for silver but lion such support as the law contemplates. The recent depreciation in the price of silver has been observed with regret. The rapid rise in price which anticipated and followed the passage of the ast was influenced in some degree by speculation, and the recent reaction is in part the result of the same cruse and in part of the recent mostery disturbances. Some months of further trial will be necessary to determine the permanent effect of the recent legislation upon silver values, but it is gratifying to know that the i creased circulation secured by the act has exerted, and will continue to exert, a most beneficial influence upon business and upon general values.

Silver Coinage.

While it has not been thought best to renew formally the suggestion of an international conference looking to an a reement touching the full use of silver for coinage at a uniform ratio, care has been taken to observe closely any change in the silvation abroad, and no favorabe copportunity will be lost to promote a result which it is confidently believed would confer very large benefits upon the commerce of the world. The recent monetary disturbances in England are not unlikely to suggest a re-examination of opinions upon this subject. Our very large supply of gold will, if not lost by impulsive regislation in the suppos d interest of silver, give us a position of advantag in prometing a permanent and safe international agreement for the free use of

gest a re-examination of opinions upon this subject. Our very large stupply of gold will, if not lost by impulsive registation in the suppos of interast of silver, give us a position of advantage in prometing a permanent and safe international agreement for the free use of silver as a coin metal.

The efforts of the secretary to increase the volum of money in carulation by keeping down the treasury surplus to the lowest practical limit have been unremitting and in a very high degree successful. The tables presented by him showing the increase of money in circulation during the last two decades, and especially the table showing the increase during the nincteen months he has administered the affairs of the department, are interesting and instructive. The increase of mo ey in circulation during the nincteen months has been in the aggregate \$23,50,513, or about \$1.50 per capita, and of this increase only \$7,100,000 was due to the recent silver legislation. That this substantial and needed aid given to commerce re-u-ted in an enormous reduction of the public d-bt and of the annual interest charge is matter of increased satisfaction. There have been purcha-ed and redeemed since March 4, 189, 4 and 44 per cent, bonds to the amount of \$21,83,451 at a cost of \$245,630,-741, resulting in the reduction of the annual interest charge of \$8,957,600 and a total saving of interest of \$51,576,00.

Inotice with great pleasure the statement of the sceretary that the receipts from internal revenue have increused d ring the last fiscal year nearly \$12,000,000 and that the cost of collecting this larger revenue was less by \$30,700 than for the same purpose the preceding year. The percentage of cost of collecting the customs administration board is provided for by the act of June 10, 1890, was selected with great care and is composed in part of men whose previous experience in the administration of the law is to secure honest valuations of all duitable merchandiseand to make these valuations uniform at all our ports of entry. It had

War Department.

The report of the secretary of war exhibits everal gratifying results attained during the year by wise and unostentations methods. The latentage of desertions from the army (and with for which toth congress and the department have long been seen in a remedy has been reduced during the past year 24 per cent. and for the months of Angast and Septemier, during which time the favorable effects of the act of June 15 were felt, 33 per cent. as compared with the same months of 1839. The results attained by a reorganization and consolidation of the divisions having charge of the hospital and services of the volunteer soldiers are very remarkable. This change was effected in July, 1839, and at the stime there were 40,551 cases awaiting attention, more than half of those being calls from the pension office for information necessary to the adjudication of pension claims. On the 40th day of June last, though over three hundred thousand new calls had not been examined and answered.

I concur in the recommendations of the secretary that adequate and regular appropriations be continued for coast defense works and ordnance. Plans have been practically agreed upon and there can be no good reason for delaying the execution of them, while the defenseless state of our great sapports furnishes an urgent reason for wise expedition.

The encouragement that has been extended

tion.
The encouragement that has been extended to the militia of the states generally has most appropriately designated that the "national guard" should be continued and enlarged. These military organizations consti-

products, The production of pig-iron—always a good gauge of general prosperity—is shown by a recent census bulletin to have been 133 per cent. greater in 1890 than in 1850 and the production of steel 230 per cent. greater. Mining in coal has had no limitation exery that resulting from a deficient transportation. The general testimony s that labsr is everywhere fully employed, and the reports for the last year show a smaller number of employes affected by strikes and lo-outs than in any year since 1834. The depression in the prices of agricultural pro ucts had been greatly relieved and a buoyant and hopeful tone was beginning to be felt by all our people.

These promising influences have been in some deg ee checked by the surprising and very unfavorable monetary events which have recently taken place in England. It is gratifying to know that those did not grow in any degree out of the financial relations of London with our people, or any discredit attached to our securities held in that market. The return of our bonds and stocks was caused by a money stringency in England, not by any loss of value or credit in the securities themselves. We could not, however, wholly esca e the ill effects of a foreign metary agitation, accompanied by such extraor inary incidents as characterized this It is not be lieved, however, that these evicinciens, which have for the time unfavorably affected values in this country can long withstand the strong, safe and wholesome influences which are operating to give our people profitable returns in all brann less of ligitimate trade and industry. The apprehension that our tariff may again and at once be subjected to important general changes would un oubtedly add a depressing influence of the most scrious character.

The McKinley Tariff.

Increased Postal Revenues.

The report of the Postmester-General shows the most gratifying progress in the important work committed to his direction. The business methods have been greatly improved. A large economy in expenditures and an increase of four and three-quarter millions in receipts have been realized. The deficiency this year is \$5,7830 as arainst \$5,850.183 last year, notwithstanding the great enlargement of the service. Manterotes have been extended and quickened, and greater accuracy and dispatch in distributing and delivery have been attained. The re-ort will be found to be full of interest and suggestion, not only to Congress, but to those thoughtful ditizens who may be interested to know what business methous can do for that department of public administration which most meanly touckes \$1\$ our peole.

The passage of the act to ame if certain sections of the feerised Statutes reat in to lotteries, an royed Sept. 19, 1830, has een eccived with great and deserved popular favor. The Postoffice Department and the Department of Justice at once entered upon the cuforcement of the law with sympathetic vigor, and already the public mails have been largely freed from the fraudulent and denoralizing appeals and literature eminating from the lottery computines.

Our New Navy. Our New Navy.

The onstruction and equipment of the new ships for the navy have made very satisfactory progress. Since March 4, 1889, nine new ve sels have been put in commission and during this winter four more, including one monitor, will be added. The construction of the other vessels authorized is being p shed, both in the government and private yards, with energy and watched with the most scrupulous energy and watched with the most scrupulous care.

The experiments conducted during the year to test the relative resisting power of armor pates have been sy valuable as to attract great attention in Europe. The only part of the work upon the new ships that is threatened by unusual delay is the armor-plating and every effort is by ing made to reduce that to a minimum. It is a source of congratulation that the anticipat d influence of these modern vessels upon the espirit decorps of the officers and seamen has been fully realized. Confiden e and pride in the ship among the crew are equivalent to a secondary battery. Your favorable consideration is invited to the recommendations of the secretary.

Indians and Public Lands.

Indians and Public Lands. Indians and Public Lands.

The report of the Secre ary of the Interior exhibits with great fullness and clearn-ss the vart work of the department and the satisfactory re ults attined. The suggestions made by him are exacestly commended to the consideration of Congress, though they cannot all be given purticular mention here. The several act- of Congress looking to the reduction of the larger indian reservations, to the more rapid settlem-nt of the Indians upon individual allotmen s and the restoration to the public domain of lands in excess of their dividual allotmen s and the restoration to the public domain of lands in excess of their needs have been largely carried into effect, so far as the work was confided to the executive. Agreements have been concluded since March 4. 180, involving the cession to the United Stites of about 14,725,000 acres of land. These contracts have, as required by law, been submitted to congress for ratification and for the appropriations necessary to carry them into effect. Those with the Sisseton and Wahpeton, Sac and Fox. Iowa, Pottawatomies and Assentee Shawnees and Cœur d'Alenstribes have not yet received the sanction of congress. Aftention is asso called to the fact that the appropriations made in the case of the Sioux Indius have not covered all the stipulated payments. This should be promptly corrected. If an agreement is confirmed all of its terms should be complied with without delay, and full appropriations should be made. The policy outlined in my last annual messare in relation to the patenting of lands to settlers upon the public domain has been carried out in the administration of the land of ficual has been allowed to delay the hearing and adjudication of individual cases upon their merits. The purpose has been to perfect the titles of honest settlers with such promptness that the value of the entry might not be swallowed up by the expense and extortions to which delay subjected the claimant. The average monthly issue of agricultural patents has been increased about six thousan it.

Disability Pensions.

The disability pension act, which was approved on June 27 last, has been put into operation as 1ap dly as was practicable. The increased cierical force provided was selected and assign d to work, and a considerable part of the force engaged in examinations in the fielt was recalled and added to the working force of the office. The examination and adjudication of claims have, by rea on of improved method, been more rapid than ever befree. There is no economy to the covernment in delay, while there it much hardship and injustice to the soldier. The anticipated expend ture, while very large, will not, it is believed, be in excess of the estimates made before the enactment of the law. Tais liberal relef, both as to the cases where relief is grantel and as to the amount allows!

The in reasing numbers and influence of the notion moneous, a ation in Utah are observed with atistictim.

The admission of the states of Wyoming and Idiah to the union are events full of interest and congratulation not only to the people of those states now happing endowed with a full participation in our privileges and responsibilities, but to a lour people.

The work of the patent office has won from all sources very high commendation. The amount accomplished has been very largely increase dand and all the results have been such as accessare contehere and cos of the limited as accessare contehere and cos of the limited. Disability Pensions.

Census and Reapportionment. The cumeration of the people of the United States under the provisions of the act of Marc 1 I, 189, has been completely and the result will be at once officially communicated to congress. The competion of this decennal enumeration devolves upon congress the duty of making a new apportionment of the representatives "among the several states; ecording to their respective numbers." m at of the representatives "among the several states; ecording to their respective numeers."

At the last session I had occasion to return with my objection several bills making possion is for the erection of pub ic buildings, for the reason that the expenditures contemplated were, in my opinion, greatly in excess of any publit need. No class of legislation is more liable to abuse or to degenerate into an unseemly scramble about the public treasury than this. There should be exercised in this matter a wise economy lase, upon some responsible and impartial examination and report as to each case under a general law.

The report of the secret my of agriculture deserves special attention in view of the fatthat the year has been marked in a very unusual degree by agitation and organization among the farmers looking to an increase in the profit of their business. It will be found that the efforts of the department have been intelligently and zealously devoted to the promotion of the interests intrusted to the remotion of the interests intrusted to the remotion of the interests intrusted to its care. A very substantial improvement in the market prices of the leading farm products during the year is noticed. The price of wheat advanced from 31 cents to 60% cents; cast, from 19% cents to 42 cents, and barley from 63 cents to 78 cents. Meats showed a substantial, but not so large increase. The export trade in live animals and fowls shows a very large increase; the total value of such exports for the year-ending June 31, 180, was \$ 3,000,000, and the increase over the preceding year was over \$15, col.01,000. Nearly 20,000 more cattle and over \$5,000 hogs were exported than in the preceding year. The export trade in beef an i pork products and in dairy products was very largely increased, the increase in the article of butter alone being from 15,04,078 pounds to 29,748,012 pounds, and the total increase in the vided by law is brought fully in operation.

Beef Inspection.

vided by law is brought fully in operation.

Beef Inspection.

The efforts of the secretary to establish the healthfulness of our meats against the disparaging imputations that have been put upon them abroad have resulted in subsantial progress. Veterinary surpeons sent out by the department are now allowed to participate in the inspection of the live cattle from this country landed at the English docks, and during the several months they have been on duty no case of contagiou pleuro-pneumonia has been reported.

Civil Service. The law relating to the civil service has, as far as I can learn, been executed by those having the power of appointment in the classifiel service with idelity and impartiality, and the service with fidelity and impartiality, and the service has been increasingly satisfactory. The report of the commission shows a large amount of good work done during the year with very limited appropriations.

I congratulate the Congress and the country upon the passage at the first session of the Fifty-first Congress of an unusual number of laws of the very highest importance. That the results of this legislation will be the quick-ening and enlargement of our manufacturing industries, larger and better markets for our breadstuffs and provisions, both at houe and abroad, more constant employment and better wages for our working people and an inarcased supply of a safe currency for the transaction of business, I do not doubt. Some of these measures were enacted at so late a period that the beneficial effects upon commerce which were in the contemplation of Congress, have as yet but partially manifested tempselves.

America is expedient at this time. The recommendation in the last message concerning an international American bank, by which money exchange between American states will be facilitated, is also renewed. The president suggests that all United States judges should receive not less than \$5.00; per annum, and calls attention to the neces ity for settling in some manner the unadjusted Spanish and Mexican lant grants which have been so long pending.]

National Bankrupt Law.

The encoment of a national bankrupt law National Bankrupt Law.

The enactment of a nati nal bankrupt law is still regarded as very desirable. The constitution having given to congress jurisdiction of this subject, it should be exercised and uniform rules provided for the alministratin of affairs of insolvent debtors. The inconvenience resulting from the occasional and temporary exercise of this power by congress and from the conflicting state codes of insolvency which come into force intermediately, should be removed by the enactment of a simple, inexpensive and permanent national bankrupt lay. expensive and permanent hational managery law.

I also renew my recommendation in favor of legislation affording just copyright protection to foreign authors on a footing of reciprocal advantage for our authors abroad.

It may still be possible for this congress to inaugurate by suitable legislation a movement looking to uniformity and increased safety in the use of couplers and brakes upon freight trains engaged in inter-sate commerce. The chief difficulty in the way is to recurs agree. Trade and Industry.

The general trade and industrial conditions throughout the country during the year have

ment as to the test appliances, simplicity, or fe tiveness and cost being considered. This difficulty will only yield to legislation, which should be based upon full inquiry and impartial tests. The purpose should be to eccure the co-operation of all well disposed managers and owners, but the fearful fact that that every year's delay involves the sacrifice of 2,000 lives and the manining of 20 000 young men should plead both with congress and the managers against any nee tless delay.

[The president refers to the subject of the irrigation of acid lands and says it would be better for the lands to remain arid than that those who or may them should become the slaves of unrestrained monopolies.]

years prior to 1883 the merchandise alances of foreign trade had been largely in our favor, but during that year and the year following they turned against us. It is very gratifying to know that the last fiscal year again show a halance in our favor of over \$63,40,000. The bank clearings, which furnish a good test of the volume of but it, as transacted for the first ten months of the year 183, show, as compared with the same months of 1839, an increase for the whole country of about 84 per cent, while the increase outside the City of New York was over 13 per cent. During the month of October the clearings of the whole country showed an increase of 3.1 per cent over October 1859, while: utside of New York the increase was 1115 per cent. These figures show that the increase in the claims of trade was very general throughout the country. That this larger business was being conducted upon a safe and profitable basis is shown by the fact that there were 3.3 less failures reported in October, 1831, than in the same month of the preceding year, with liabilities diministing by about \$5,400,600.

The value of our exports of domestic merclandise during the last year was over \$115,000,000 greater than the preceding year, and was on y exceeded once in our history. About \$100,00,000 of this excess was in agricultural products, The production of pig-iron—always a good gauge of g neral prosperity—is shown by a recent census bulletin to have been 133 slaves of unrestrained monopoles.]

Postal Telegraph:

The use of the telegraph by the post-office department as a means for the rapid transmission of written communications is, I believe, up n proper terms quite desirable. The government does not own or operate the railroads and it should not, I think, own or operate the telegraph lines. It does however, seem to be quite practicable for the government to contract with the telegraph companies, as it does with the railroad companies, o carry at specified rates such a munications as the senders madesignate for this method of transmission. I recommend that such legislation be enacted as will cuable the post-office department fairly to test by experiment the advantages of such a use of the telegraph.

Federal Supervision of Elections.

to test by experiment the advantages of such a use of the telegraph.

Federal Supervision of Elections.

If any intiligent and oyal company of American citizens were required to catalogue the essential human con itions of national iffe, I do not don't that with absolute unanimity they would begin with "free and honest elections." And it is gratify ug to know that generally there is a growing and non-partisan demand for better election laws. But against this sign of hope and progress must be set the depressing and undeniable fact that election laws and methods are sometim a cunningly contrived to secure min rity control, while violence completes the shortcomings of fraud. In my list annual message I suggested that the evelopment of the existing law providing a federal supervision of congressional elections offered an effective method of reforming these abuses. The need of such a law has manife-ted itself in many parts of the country, and its wholesone restraints and penal ies will be useful to all. This constitutionality of such legislation has been affirmed by the superme court. Its probal le effectiveness is evidenced by the character of the opposition that is made to it. It has been denounced as if it were a new exercise of federal power and an invasion of the rights of the states. Nothing could be further from the truth. Congress has already fixed the time for the election of members of congress. It has declared that votes for memers of congress. It has declared that votes for memers of congress must be by written or printed ballots, it has provided for the appointment by the circuit courts in certain cases and upon the certain ascentification and the prevention of frequency to supervisors, and made it their-duty to supervise the registry lists and counced to attend at elections and remain with the boxe till the votes are all cust for the purpose of identification and the prevention of frequency, the area of the registry lists and counced to attend at elections and remain with the boxe till the votes are all Federal Supervision of Elections.

charge of their duties and to arrest ersons violating the election law

Make the Law Effective.

The provisions of this familiar title of the revised statutes have been put to exercise by both the grat colitical partics, and in the north as well as in the south, by the filing with the court of the petitions required by law. It is not, therefore, a question whether we shall have a federal election law, for we have one and have und for several years, but whether we shall have a federal election law, for we have one and have und for several years, but whether we shall have an effective law. The present law stops jut short of its effectiveness, for it surrenders to the local authorities all control over the certification which establishes the prima facie right to a sent in the h use of representatives. This defect should be cured. Equality of representation and the parity of the electors must be maintained, or everything that is valuable in our system of government is lost. The qualifications of an elector must be sought in the law, not in the opinions, prejudices or fears of any classes, however powerful. The path of the elector to the ballot box must be free from the ambush of fear and enucements and frand the count so true and open that none shall gainsay it. Such a law should be absolutely nonpartisan and impartial. It should give the advantage to honesty and the control to majorities. Surely there is nothing sectional about this creed, and if it shall happen that the penalties of laws to enforce these rights fail here and not there, it is not because the law is sectional, but because, happily, crime is local and not universal. Nor should the forgotion that every law, whether renating to elections or to an other subject, whether enacted by the state or by the nation, has force behind it. The courts, the murshal or constable, to pose comitatus, the prison, are always behind the law.

Is Not Sectional.

changes would un oubtedly add a depressing influence of the most scrious character.

The McKinley Tariff.

The general tariff act has only purtally gone into operation, some of its important provisions being limited to take effect at dates yet in the future. The general provisions of the law have been in force I ss than sixty days. Its comment effects upon trade and prices still large y stand in conjucture. It is curious to note that the advance in the prices of articles wholly unaffected by the tariff act was by many hastily ascribed to that act. Notice was not taken of the fact that the general tendency of the markets was upward from fluences wholly apart from the recent legislation. The enlargement of our cu renoy by the silver bill und subtelly gay an upward ten e cy to trade and had a mar eleffect of the silver legislation was by many erroneously attributed to the tariff act.

There is neither wisdom nor justice in the suggestion that the subject of tariff revision shall be opened before this law has had a fair trial. It is quite true that evely tariff schedule is subject to objections. No bill was ever framed, I suppose, thatin all of its rates and classifications had the full approval even of a party caucus. Such legislation is always and necessarily the product of compromise as to det its, and the present law is no exception. But in its general scope and effect I think it will justify the support of thes; who believe that American legislation should conserve and defend American workmen.

The misinformation as to the terms of the act which has been so widely disseminated at home and abroad will be corrected by experience, and the ovil augurt sas to its results confounded by the marked reports, the savings banks, international trade balances and the general prosperity of our people. Already we begin to hear from abroad and from our custom houses that the prohibitory effect upon importations imputed to the act is not justified. The imports at the port of New York for the first three weeks of November were

The criticisms of the bill that have come to us from foreign sources may well be rejected for repugnancy. If these critics really believe that the adoption by us of a free trade policy, or of tariff rates having reference. olely to revenue, would diminish the parti ipation of their own countries in the commerce of the world, their advocacy and the promotion of

world, their advocacy and the promotion of speech and other forms of organized effort of this movement among our people is a rare exhibition of unselfishness in trade. And, on the other hand, if they sincerely believe that the adoption of a protective tariff policy by this country inures to their profit and our hurt, it is noticeably strange that they should lead the outery against the authors of a policy so helpful to their cou trymen and crown with their favor those who would snatch from them a substantial share of a trade with other lands already inadequate to their necessities.

crown with their layor those who would snatch from them a substantial share of a trade with other lands already inadequate to their necessities.

There is no disposition among any of our people to promote prohibitory or retaliatory legislation. Our policies are adopted not to the hurt of others, but to secure for ourselves those advantages that fairly grow out of our favored position as a nation. Our form of government, with its incilent of universal suffrage, makes it imperative that we shall save our working people from the azitations and distresses which scant work and wages that have no margin for comfort always beget. But after all this is done it will be found that our markets are open to friendly commercial exchanges of enormous value to the other great p wers.

From the time of my induction into office the duty of using every power and influence given by law to the executive department for the development of larger markets for our products, especially our farm products, has been kept constantly in mind, and o effort has been or will be spared to promote that end. We are under no disadvantage in any fore gin market, except that we pay our workmen and workwomen better wages than are paid elsewhere—etter abstractly, better relatively to the cost of the necessarie of life. I do not doubt that a very largely in reased foreign trade is acce sible to us without brateing for either our home market for such products of the farm and shop as our own, peop e can supply or the wages of our working people. In many of the breadstuffs, we have advantages that only need better facilities of intercourse and it ansportation to secure for them foreign markets.

The reciprocity clause of the tariff act wisely

Reciprocity Clause.

The reciprocity clause of the tariff act wisely and effectively opens the way to secure a large re iprocal trate in exchange for the free admission to our ports of certain products. The right of intependent nations to make special reciprocal trade concessions is well established and does for implie either the comity due to other powers or what is known as the "favored nation clause" is generally found in commercial treaties. What is given to one for an adequate agreed consideration cannot be claimed by another free y. The state of the revenue was such that we could dispense with any import duties upon coffee, tea, hides and the lower grades of sugar and molasses. That the large advantage resulting to the countries producing and exporting these articles by placing them on the free list entitles us to expect a fair return in the way of customs concessions upon irricles exported by us to them, was so obvious that to have gratuitously abandoned this opportunity to enarge our trade would have been an unpardonable error.

to them, was so obvious that to have gratuitously abandoned this opportunity to entarge our trade would have been an unpardonable error.

There were but two methods of obtaining control of this question open to Congress: To place all of those articles upon the dutiable list, subject to such treaty arrangements as could be secured, or to place them all presently upon the free list, but subject to the reimposition of specified duties if the countries from which we roceived them should refuse to give to us suitable reciprocity benefits. This latter method, I think, possesses great advantages. It expresses in advance the consent of congress to reciprocity arrangements affecting these products, which must otherwise have been delayed and unascertained until each treaty was ratified by the senate and the necessary legislation enacted by Congress. Experience has shown that some treaties looking to reciprocal trade have failed to secure a two-thirds vote in the senate for ratification, and others having passed that stage have for years awaited the concurrence of the house and senate in such modifications of our revenue laws as were necessary to give effect to their provisions. We have the concurrence of both houses in advance in a distinct and definite offer of free entry to our ports of specilicarticles. The executive is not required to deal in conjecture as to what Congress will accept. Indeed, the reciprocity provision is more than an offer. Our part of the bargain is conplete; delivery has been cmade; and when the countries from which we receive our large imports of coffee and surar, and the indeed the reciprocity provision is more than an offer. Our part of the bargain is conplete; delivery has been cmade; and when the countries from which we receive our large imports of coffee and surar, and the confidently believed that if steam communication vith these countries can be promptly improved and enlarged the next year will how a mot gratifying in rease in our experts of large state of some internation of the large ma

The McKinley Tariff.

One cannot be justly chargel with unfriendliness to any section or class who seeks only to restrain violation of law and of personal right. No community will find lawlessness prontable. No community can afford to have it known that the officer, who are sonal right. No community will find lawlessness prontable. No community will find lawlessness prontable. No community wan afford to have it known that the officer, who are charged with the preservation of the public peace and the restraint of the criminal classes are themselves the product of fraul or violence. The magistrate is then without respect and the law withoutsanction. The floods of lawlessness cannot be leveled and make to run in one channet. The ki ling of a United States marshal currying a writ of arrest for an election offense is full of prompting and suggestion to men who are pursued by a city marshal for a crime against life or property, but it is said that this legislation will revive race animosatics, and some have even suggested that when the peaceful methods offrand are made impossible they may be supplanted by intimi lation and violence.

If the proposed law gives to any qualified elector, by a hair's weight, more than his equal influence, or detracts by so much from any other qualified electors, it is fatally impeached. But if the law is equal and the animosities it is to evoke grow can of the fact that some electors have been accuromed to exerce se the franc isse for others as well as for themselves, then these animosities ought not to be confessed without shame and cannot e given weight in the discussion without disho or.

No choice is left to me but to enforce with vigor all laws int nded to secure to the citizen his constitutional rights and to recommend that the inadequacie of such laws be promptly remedied. It to promote with zeal and realy in crest every ploject for the develonment of its material interests, is rivers, harbors, mines and factories and the intelligence, peace and selectors and the constitutional rights and to recommend that the inadequacie of such laws be promptly remedied. It to promote with zeal and realy in crest every project for the develonment of its material interests, is rivers, harbors, mines and factories and the intelligence, peace and sections of their mos

In the German army the emperor is known as "Alarm Fritz," on account of

If You have

his habit of rousing the garrisons in the middle of the night.

BRONCHITIS Throat Affection SCROFULA Wasting of Flesh Or any Disease where the Throat and Lungs are Inflamed, Lack of Strength or Nerve SCOTT'S

EMULSION

PURE COD LIVER OIL With Hypophosphites.

PALATABLE AS MILK: Ask for Scott's Emulsion, and let no explanation or solicitation induce you to accept a súbstitute. Sold by all Druggists. SCOTT & BOWNE, Chemists, N.Y.

SALESMEN WANTED! Local or Traveling.
To sell our Nursery Stock Shary, Expenses and Steady Employment guarantesd.
CHASE BROTHERS COMPANY,
ROCHESTER, N. Y.

DETROIT SURE GRIP SLOCK HALF THE COST of hoisting saved to Storekeepers, Butchers, Farmers, Machinists, Builders, Courractors and OTHERS. Admitted to be the greatest improvements EVER made in tackle blocks. Freight prepaid. Write for catalogue.

FULTON IRON & ENGINE WKS. Estab. 1852. 10 Brush St., Detroit, Mich Mrs. Allen's Golden Hair Wash.
Parision Face Bleach.' Mamma Dura, for
developing the bust. Rusma, for removing
superfluous hair. Bang dressing. All goods
wholesale and retail. Send 2 ct. stump for
illustrated circular. Full line of fine hair
goods. Mrs. E. W. ALLEN, 219 WoopWAED AV., DETROIT. Forsale by druggists

DI AVED AIT Nervous. Ez

PLAYED OUT Nervous. Ezhausted, Debilitated MEN and WORTEN, suffering the results of pernicious habits. Excesses, Wasting Drains, over-work or other causes, inducing Brain fag, Weariness, Trembing, Dizziness, Wakfeliness, Numbness, Bashfulness, Headaches, Palpitation, Mentaland Physical Weakness, and hundreds of other symptoms, are quickly restored to PERFECT HEALTH with the Pristine Vigor of man and womanhood; the vim and energy of youth capable of enjoying the pleasures and success of life, by our VITAL REGENERS.

CURES GUARANTEED: These physiological specifics harmonize with nature's efforts, purify andenrich the blood, restore muscular, nerve, and brain power—a perfect renewal of life, Good for old or young Every dose tells. Can be sent by mail secure from detection. I Package \$1. Ono, month's course of bo' isoccifics \$3. A two months course entite to cured cases in every 10, \$5. e—sufficient to cure cases in every 10, \$
sands already cured: Absolutely safe an
Address Baker Reviety Co., Buffalo, N.

CASTORIA

for Infants and Children.

111 So. Oxford St., Brooklyn, N. Y. Without injurious medication. THE CENTAUR COMPANY, 77 MUITAY Street, N. Y.

CHRONIC DISEASES

YEARS.

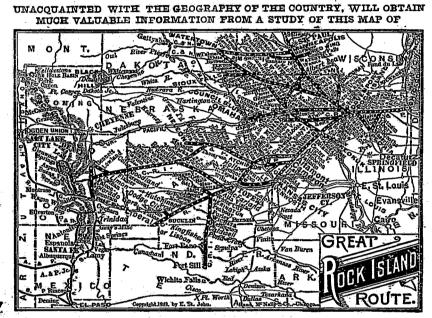
I can give you many references in the city. Call and examine them. MICHIGAN 22:12ENOES.

Payne, Westfield, Ind.,
Heart Disease; L L Staley, LaPorte, Ind., bleeding of Lungs; W D Woolcy, Hornersville, Ind.,
Asthua; John A Peterson, Laporte, Ind, lungs;
Dora Linendoll, Cold
water, Heart; Mr. Lewis
Big Timber, Montana
Hemorrhage of Kidney;
Mrs Calvin Masters,
Frontier, Hemorrhage of
Bladder; Orren Hiller,
Litchfield, Nervous Debility; Mrs A P Kelly,
Surrgis, Ulceration of
Month; S J Belcher,
Hudson, Dyspepsia; Mrs
I N Hiser, Jonesville,
Scrofula; Libbic Van
Viiet, Hillsdale, Loss of
Hair entirely; Maud Hollis, General Debility, LaGrange, Ind.; Fred Myers, Charloite, Abcess of
Bladder; F M Gaylord,
Vermontville, Pluritis;
Mrs Horace McKinzle,
Dowagiac, Heart and Live
er; Mrs P D Peters, Decaur. Skin Disease; Harvey J Myers, Three RivCassopolis, Consumption.

X A MINATHONS FREEE. MICHIGAN REFERENCES. MICHIGAN REFERENCES. Chas. Johnson, Stargis, Mich., Nervousness, Geo. Wyman, Klinger lake, Mich., Kidneys; Mrs. Packard Hainer, Union City, Heart Disease; Mrs. Sylvester Fellers, Hodunk, Mich., Lungs; Jno. Yost, Van Buren, Ind., Kidneys; G W Thompson, La Grange, Iud., Stomach and Liver: Mrs. Edwin Tanner, Cambria, Mich., Hemorrhage; Simeon Dunn, Summerset Center, Liver; HP Ramsoy, Hilledale, Obstruction of Gall; Kate B Stewart, Adrian, Stomach and Liver; Eva Parker, Blissheld, Bright's Disease; Clara Bacon, Addison, Stomach and Liver; Daniel Mead, Kalamo, Vertico; Mrs. Albert Spalding, Kalamo, Kidneys and Liver; J Gould, Schoolcraft, Catarrh; Mrs. T. A. Hulbard Silver, Creak Chas. Johnson, Sturgis, Liver; J Gould, Schoolcraft, Catarrh; Mrs. T A
Hubbard, Silyer Creok,
Spasms; C H Cady, Deceatur, Inflammation of
bladder; Gaylord Jessup,
and wife, Westfield, Ind.,
Liver and Inflammation
of Bladder; Mrs. J W
ers, Lungs: James M Osburn. Cancer on Face; S J B
Dover, Asthma; J H Meyro, Cassopolis, Consumptio

EXAMINATIONS FREE. Twenty-five years devoted to the treatment of Chronic Diseases and thousands of patients enable me to cure every curable case. Candid in my examinations, reasonable in my charges and never encourage without a surety of success.

DR. F. B. BREWER, 135 Chicago Ave., Evanston, ILL. Will be at Niles, Mich, Hotel Pike, on Tuesday, the 18th of November.



THE CHICAGO, ROCK ISLAND & PACIFIC RAILWAY, Including main lines, branches and extensions East and West of the Missouri River. The Direct Route to and from Chicago, Joliet, Ottawa, Peoria, La Salle, Moline, Rock Island, in ILLINOIS—Davenport, Muscatine, Ottumwa, Oskaloosa, Des Moines, Winterset, Audubon, Harlan, and Council Bluffs, in IOWA—Minneapolis and St. Paul, in MINNESOTA—Watertown and Sioux Falls, in DAKOTA—Cameron, St. Joseph, and Kansas City, in MISSOURI—Omaha, Fairbury, and Nelson, in NEBRASKA—Horton, Topeka, Hutchinson, Wichita, Belleville, Abilene, Caldwell, in KANSAS—Pond Creek, Kingfisher, Fort Reno, in the INDIAN TERRITORY—and Colorado Springs, Denver, Pueblo, in CCLORADO. FREE Reclining Chair Cars to and from Chicago, Caldwell, Hutchinson, and Dodge City, and Palace Sleeping Cars between Chicago, Wichita, and Hutchinson. Traverses new and vast areas of rich farming and grazing lands, affording the best facilities of intercommunication to all towns and cities east and west, northwest and southwest of Chicago, and Pacific and transoceanic Seaports.

MACNIFICENT VESTIBULE EXPRESS TRAINS, Leading all competitors in splendor of equipment, cool, well ventilated, and free from dust. Through Coaches, Pullman Sleepers, FREE Reclining Chair Cars, and (east of Missouri River) Dining Cars Daily between Chicago, Des Moines, Council Bluffs, and Omaha, with Free Reclining Chair Car to North Platte, Neb., and between Chicago and Colorado Springs, Denver, and Pueblo, via St. Joseph, or Kansas City and Topeka. Splendid Dining Hotels (furnishing meals at seasonable hours) west of Missouri River. California Excursions daily, with CHOICE OF BOUTES to and from Salt Lake. Ogden, Portland, Los Angeles, and San Francisco. The DIRECT LINE to and from Pike's Peak, Manitou, Garden of the Gods, the Sanitariums, and Scenic Grandeurs of Colorado.

VIA THE ALBERT LEA ROUTE,

Solid Express Trains daily between Chicago and Minneapolis and St. Paul, with THROUGH Reclining Chair Cars (FREE) to and from those points and Kansas City. Through Chair Car and Sleeper between Peoria, Spirit Lake, and Sioux Falls, via Rock Island. The Favorite Line to Pipestone, Watertown, Sioux Falls, and the Summer Resorts and Hunting and Fishing Grounds of the Northwest.

THE SHORT LINE VIA SENECA AND KANKAKEE offers facilities to travel between Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Lafayette, and Council Bluffs, St. Joseph, Atchison, Leavenworth, Kansas City, Minneapolis, and St. Paul. For Tickets, Maps, Folders, or desired information, apply to any Ticket Office in the United States or Canada, or address E. ST. JOHN.

JOHN SEBASTIAN, Gen'l Ticket & Pass. Agent. General Manager. CHICAGO, ILL.

# You Ought to Read

..... A DAILY PAPER FROM THE WORLD'S FAIR CITY.

> The CHICAGO DAILY NEWS is as good as the best, and cheaper than the cheapest. It is mailed, postpaid, for \$3.00 per year or 25 cents per month. It is a nuember of the . Associated Press, and prints all the news. At this price you need no longer content yourself with the old-time weekly. The CHICAGO DAILY NEWS costs but little more. It is an independent newspaper, and prints the news free from the taint of partisan bias.

.....YOU OUGHT TO READ THE

Chicago Daily News.



II CURES

Cancers, Humors, Sores, Uteers, Swellings, Tumors, Abscesses, Blood Poisoning, Salt Rheum, Catarrh, Erysipelas, Rheumatiam, and all Blood and Skin Diseases.
PRIOR, \$1 per Pint Bottle, of 6 Bottles for \$5.1 lb. can Solid Extract \$2.50

J. M. LOOSE RED CLOVER CO.

Detroit, Mob.

FOR SALE BY ALL DRUGGISTS.

COOD FARM 15 miles from Saginaw, a city of U 40,000, and 5 miles from growing town of Merrill. 15 'cres cleared and under cultivation, and 5 acres heavy timber; with young fruit trees, atrawberries, raspberries, &c.; good barn, new frame house; ½ mile from school house and town center; for sale for \$800 cash, or will trade for small farm near Buchanan or house in town will pay some to boot if smited. For particulars address OLIVER E. PAGIN,

AMERICAN **STYLES** ON APPLICATION CHICAGOTIL. LARGEST



AMERICAN MANUFACTURERS

Represented by CHAS. PEARS, Buchanan

'Seeing is Believing



"The Rochester." And with it there is no smoke, no smell, no broken chimneys, no flickering, no sweating, no climbing up of the flame, no "tantrums" nor annoyance of any kind, and it never needs trimming. Its founts (oil reservoirs) being tough rolled seamless brass, with central draft, it is absolutely unbreakable, and as safe as a talion candle.

Only five years old, and over two million of these lumps in use. It must be a GOOD lamp to make such a telling success. Indeed it is, for lamps may come and lamps may go, but the "Rochester" shines, on forever! We make over 2,000 artistic varieties,—Hanging and Table Lamps, Banquet, Study, Vase and Plano Lamps,—every kind, in Bronze, Porcelain, Brass, Nickel and Black Wrought Iron. Ask the lamp dealer for it. Look for the trade-mark stamp: "The Rochester." If he hasn't the penuine Rochester and the style you want, or if no lamp-store is near, send to us for free illustrated catalogue (and reduced price-list), and we will box and send you any lamp safely by express, right to your door.

BOCHESTEE LAMP CO.,



CURE When I say CURE I do not mean merely to stop them for a time, and then have them re-turn again. I MEAN A RADICAL CURE. I have made the disease of

FITS, EPILEPSY or A life-long study. I WARRANT my remedy to CURE the worst cases. Because others have failed is no reason for not now receiving a cure. Send at once for a treatise and a FREE BOTTLE of my INFALLIBLE REMEDY. Give Express and Post Office. It costs you nothing for a trial, and it will care you. Address

H.G. ROOT, M.G., 183 PEARL ST., NEW YORK "福祉"。1922年,1927年,1928年,1921年 "The Corner Stone of a Nation."-



Have you stood on the world famous "Plymouth Rock," or visited the historic scenes in Pilgrim-land? Would you do this in picture and story, send for one of the following books:
Glimpases of Pilgrim Plymouth.—Fortyeight views in Photo-Gravure from photographs and paintings, with descriptive text, showing the Plymouth of 1620 and the Plymouth of today. Price by mail, \$1.50. Reduced size, thirty-four views, 50 cents.
Shetches about Plymouth.—Etchings by W. H. W. Bicknell, in white portfolio. Size, 10x12 W. H. W. Bicknell, in white portfolio. Size, 10x12 \$2.50.

Pilgrim Plymouth. — Sixteen Indotype views, with descriptive text. Size, 10x13. Cloth covers, glft, \$4.50. Same, in handsome seal binding, \$7.50.

"Standish of Standish," by Jane G. Austin The story of the Pilgrims; deeply interesting, his torically accurate; cloth binding. \$1.25.

Little Filgrims at Flymouth.—By L. B. Humphrey. The Pilgrim story told for children Finely illustrated; cloth. \$1.25.

Plymouth Block Taper Wesgints.—Models of the famous Rock, two sizes; by mail \$5 and 50 cents each.

Gov. Carver's Chair.—Models of the Chair brought in the Mayllower, 1620, 25 cents.

Fhotographs of Plymouth Rock.

Pilgrim Hall, National Monument to the Pilgrims, and one hundred other subjects of historic interest. Extra fine views, \$1/x81/3, \$5 cents cach, \$4.00 per lozen. Catalogue free.

Plymouth Albums, \$1 Views, 25 cents.

Any of the above books will make handsome.

Any of the above books will make handsome Christmas and Birthday presents, and will be mailed postpaid on receipt of price. We have sent samples to the editor of this paper who will vouch for their excellence. Agents wanted. A. S. BURBANK, Pilgrim Bookstore, Plymouth, Figs.

WANTED. SALESMEN TO SELL MY Nursery Stock. All goods warranted first-class. Permanent, profitable position for the right man. Cash paid weekly. No experience necessary. Write for terms, giving age and references.

C. L. YATES & CO., Nurserymen, ROSUESTED, N. Y. VED REN ONLY

VED STATEM ONLY

VED STATEMENT LOST OF FAILING HANHOOD

GENERAL VED STATEMENT OF THE STATEMENT