Berrien Co. Record.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY,

BY

JOHN G. HOLMES.

Terms:—$2 per Year.

Fifty Cents deducted if paid Yearly in Advance.

No paper continued after the expiration of one year unless paid for.

OFFICE—In Post Office Building, Oak Street.

Berrien County Record.

VOLUME XI. BUCHANAN, MICH., THURSDAY, DECEMBER 27, 1877. NUMBER 46.

Poetry.

BABY FINGERS.

Ten little fat fingers so taper and neat;
Ten fat little fingers so rosy and sweet;
Eagerly reaching for all that comes near,
Now poking your eyes out and pulling your hair,
Smoothing and patting with velvet-like touch,
Then digging your cheeks with a mischievous clutch;
Gently waving good-by with infantile grace,
Then dragging your bonnet down over your face,
Beating pat-a-cake, pat-a-cake, slow and sedate,
Then tearing your book at a furious rate;
Gravely hold them out like a king to be kissed,
Then thumping the window with tightly closed fist;
Now lying asleep, all dimpled and warm,
On the white cradle pillow, secure from all harm.
O, dear baby hands! how much love you enfold
In the weak, careless clasp of those fingers' soft hold?
Keep spotless, as now, through the world's evil ways,
And bless with fond care our last weariful days.

—*Mrs. Richard Grant White in N. Y. Evening Post.*

Story.

Written for the Berrien County Record.

MRS. BELTON'S DINNER,

BY MRS. MARY E. AMES.

Mrs Colburn had invited a gentleman to tea. It was the first time since the death of her husband, and, of course, must be an unceremonious affair altogether; "just for poor, dear Amy's sake," as she told herself, apologetically.

And this gentleman, "of uncertain age," (and why not, pray?) had no wife, but aspired to the honor of being the lover of Amy, with a view to matrimony.

He was known as Captain Perkins. Although, by what right he claimed the title of Captain, his most intimate friends did not know. Nor did it matter. He enjoyed a comfortable income from money invested, dressed well, boarded at the most expensive hotel in the village, kept his span, went regularly to church, and rumor said, was desperately in love with pretty Amy, the only child of Dr. Colburn. The father had quietly countenanced the visits of the gallant captain, while his wife—a second wife, and not Amy's mother—was extremely pleased with the proposed alliance. But with a perversity, utterly unaccountable to her stepmother, the unreasonable girl could find nothing to love in her middle-aged admirer.

Perhaps, had that lady seen some notes, written in a bold, masculine hand, and which Amy had received before she ever saw Captain Perkins, the mystery would have been solved. But Mrs. Colburn was an "honorable" woman and Amy's escritoir was sacred in her eyes.

When the father found he had but a little longer to stay, and what he had to do, must be done quickly, he earnestly impressed upon the mind of his weeping daughter, that his wife would be her best counselor.

"She is a good woman, Amy, and will always advise you for the best, according to her judgment. Promise me that you will look upon her as my representative in all things; and that you will take no important step without her consent!"

"Yes, papa, I can easily promise that. But, oh, stay with us! I cannot let you go!"

"God's will be done, my child! And to Him who has promised to care for the widow and fatherless I resign you both."

A half-uttered prayer, some incoherent sentences, and with the usual signs of dissolution, a kind, upright and useful man was known on earth no more.

Months had passed, and the widow had never felt as if she could open her house to aught that savored of festivity. But Mrs. Colburn was, by nature, hospitable. She was also a pattern housekeeper, and as a cook, hardly to be excelled. And, was it any wonder, then, that when she had decided to ask Captain Perkins to tea, old habits asserted themselves, and the "plain tea" resolved itself into a meal of which she was herself half ashamed? and would have caused a city lady "to the manor born" to open wide her eyes in holy horror.

Great feathery biscuits, thick slices of dark cake, clammy with fruit and redolent of spices, generous squares of white cake, so snowy that it was difficult to tell where the crust ended and the frosting began, jelly cake, with the ruby lines fully delineated, cocoanut cake of foamy whiteness, besides seed-cakes, crullers and "kisses." Then the creams, custards, preserved fruits and pellucid honey, just bursting from its cells. Added to these were golden butter, various pickles, catsup, crisp radishes and celery; and the whole flanked by several kinds of cold meat, handsomely garnished.

The captain, unfortunately, or otherwise, was a gourmand, in the full acceptation of the term. He literally "lived to eat." And the gusto with which he supplied himself from the bountifully spread table did not in the least augment the admiration of the girl he hoped to win.

Aesthetic in her taste and sensitive to her surroundings, even while she sat at table she was asking herself if she ever could, willingly, give herself to this great overfed animal, who would value her only in proportion as she contributed to his comfort. While he, totally oblivious to what was passing in her mind, complimented his hostess, and by words and acts lauded her appetizing repast. Mrs. Colburn was more than pleased. She was exultant, and could hardly wait for his departure, to express to Amy her added admiration for his shining qualities.

"So cheerful and pleasant, and so easily pleased! And then to wait so patiently for you, my dear! There are but few men who would submit to such terms as you have exacted. I think he is a wonderful man. There are not many like him."

And Amy hoped there were not, but did not say it, only, "Don't, mother, please do not! I was to have one year, after papa's death, before I gave my answer. And if you wish it to be favorable to your wishes, keep him out of my sight as much as possible."

"Well, I must say, Amy Colburn, you are the strangest girl I ever saw."

But soon after this, good Mrs. Colburn had something to call her attention and self also, from matchmaking. Her aged mother, in Chicago, was evidently in her last illness, and wished to have all her children with her once more.

Amy was not to be left alone, and after consulting her wishes, and old school-friend, whose husband was in Europe, was invited to come and remain during Mrs. Colburn's absence. And this same school-friend was sister to the writer of those highly treasured notes in Amy Colburn's possession. Whether that fact had anything to do with what followed, the reader must judge.

The two friends were not long together before little Mrs. Belton had learned all about the Captain's wooing, and Amy's repugnance to the match.

"I would just like to see a stepmother try to make me marry a man I did not want! Indeed, I would," said the little vixen, walking backwards and placing her arms akimbo.

"What would you do, Dell?"

"I would do just as I pleased, and let her pout it out."

"But you forget! I promised poor papa to be guided by her counsel, and to take no important step without her consent. Now she counsels me to accept Captain Perkins, and as he is willing to marry me, to refuse him seems like an important step. Is it not so?"

"What a goose! If to marry a man is an important step, to not marry him cannot be the same. You can see that?"

"Yes, but I do not quite understand," replied the more conscientious girl, doubtingly.

"Nor I either. It is a metaphysics, I guess. You see, Dick says a woman need know nothing of metaphysics. And when he asks me a question that I cannot answer, I just tell him it is *metaphysical*, and make him answer it himself."

"But he is not here to answer this question for you," said Amy.

"No," said the young wife, with a sigh that was almost a sob," if he only was. But let us see if we cannot fix this some way. You say this lover of yours is an epicure?" and before Amy could reply, she burst into a merry fit of laughter.

"What now, you monkey?"

"See here, young lady! Just cull your terms; monkeys do not laugh, nor yet read anecdotes, and I do, and this is the last one I read: 'A lady, with more ambition than learning, wishing to tell a friend that her husband was a great *epicure*, forgot the word, and gravely told her that he was a great *ipecac*.'"

When their laugh was over, Mrs. Belton said:

"If Captain Perkins suspected that you could not prepare a decent meal, do you think he would still persist in following up the encouragement given by your parents?"

"Most certainly not."

"Then just give him a specimen of your culinary abilities, by asking him to dinner or tea, as you choose."

'How absurd! What should I gain by such a proceeding?"

"Perhaps more than you know. Come, trust the matter in my hands, and by the time your mother returns, this *ipecac* captain will give you a wide path, nor seek to walk therein."

"I am afraid to trust you, Dell."

"Why should you be? All I ask is to be allowed to take your mother's place on such days as you may invite your lover to partake of your hospitality. But I may as well tell you beforehand that Dick says I am a miserable cook. But he likes me all the same. And I am practicing with mamma while he is gone. Now I want to keep my hand in, by getting up a meal or two for the captain. But he is to know *nothing* of it, but to suppose that to you he owes his rare entertainments."

Somewhat reluctantly Amy consented. And the next day, under the plea of introducing him to her friend, Captain Perkins was invited to dinner. Mrs. Colburn kept but one servant, and the mischievous Mrs. Belton easily won her over to a "lark," as she called it.

The invitation was the first of any kind, whatever, that Amy had ever extended to him, and, smiling and pompous, the captain came early, and was received by Amy and introduced to her friend.

When dinner was announced, Amy, with some trepidation, led the way to the dining-room, and the guests seated themselves at the table. And such a table!

The cloth was laid askew, and autographed with coffee stains; a badly cracked plate had been placed for the captain; the napkins were soiled, the soup cold, unseasoned and greasy, the beef burned to a coal on the outside, and dripping red within; the mashed potatoes abounded in hard lumps; and were tumbled upon a common dining plate, the watery turnips were not salted, the ragged lump of butter was rancid, and the thick slices of bread yellow with soda. The dessert consisted of rice pudding—half cooked—and a lemon pie without sugar.

The discomfited captain made but a brief stay after dinner, and then went moodily to his hotel, breathing curses as he went.

"Beastly! And I never suspected it! But why should I, with such training as she has had? cannot even order a decent meal. Paugh!" and he vented his disgust by spitting spitefully at the pavement.

"Lucky I gave her a year in which to decide. If the old man had not dropped off just as he did, I should have been ruined. She would have poisoned me in six months, with such messes;" and then a novel idea presented itself, and he wondered at his former stupidity.

"By Jove, I'll do it! She cannot be more than forty; and such a cook! Let me see,—the old man died in February. I must wait a year, for appearance's sake. But I'll keep clear of that confounded Amy. I will not pay this dinner call; that will be a beginning-dinner!" and then he used a word which began with d, but did not spell dinner at all.

And Mrs. Belton waited for the effect of her wicked trick, and was even surprised at its perfect success. For the captain came no more, and merely touched his hat when he met them on the street.

"You are saved, Amy! 'We met the enemy, and he is ours;' there, another metaphysic; he is not ours; 'retreated without firing a single gun;' that is better." Amy laughed a little, as she replied:

"And no wonder, Dell. That dinner was utterly abominable. I am uneasy whenever I think of it."

"And I suspect you would have been more uneasy, had you eaten more of it," retorted Mrs. Belton.

Mrs. Colburn was absent several weeks. But soon after her return, and before Mrs. Belton left, the captain called. He was overpoweringly cordial to the widow, but simply polite to Amy, who was completely mystified by this new puzzle.

Not so, Mrs. Belton. And as soon as she was alone with Amy, she said:

"Why, he is after your mother, as sure as you live!"

"For shame, Dell."

"Not I; it is so. And she will marry him. And then he will tell her about that blessed dinner. I never did do a mean thing without coming to judgment sooner or later."

But Mrs. Belton was wrong in the latter part of her prophecy. Mrs. Colburn did not marry him. Although, to her consternation, she was invited to do so.

"Why, the miserable puppy! What does he mean by treating you in this shameful manner, Amy?"

"He is not treating me badly, mother. You know I never cared for him. And I am glad to know that he thinks you would be more suitable for a wife than I."

"Amy, you hurt me. I shall never be any one's wife again. I married your father because I cared for him. And I care just as much for him now. And the thought of marrying another is as repulsive to me as if he was living. Most women do not feel so, but I do. Do you comprehend me?"

"I think I do, and also what my dear father meant, when he said, 'she is a good woman.'"

And more weeks came and went; and one day Mrs. Belton came, and with her a brother.

And while she rattled on in her usually impulsive manner, a mistake was explained to Amy. And after that he came oftener and alone. And, finally, there was a wedding. And when Captain Perkins was informed of the fact, he began spitting viciously, and wished him joy of his dinners.

A New England Tragedy.

One of the most horrible murders ever committed in Berkshire county, occurred in the north part of Sheffield, about four miles from Great Barrington, recently. David Stillman and his wife, both about seventy years of age, who lived alone on their farm in a retired road, were murdered by a negro with an ax, their heads being horribly mutilated. The old man lay upon a lounge, with three deep gashes on his head, and blood spattered upon the wall and ceiling over head. Mrs. Stillman was found lying on the cellar bottom at the foot of the stairs. She was evidently struck on the head with an ax, laying open her temple and undoubtedly killing her instantly. The indications are that she fell upon the top stair and tumbled thence to the bottom. The boy who did chores for the old people left about five P. M., and met a colored man named John Ten Enyck, who inquired if the Stillmans had any butter, and if they had company. Being told they had no company and the boy not knowing about the butter, the negro went on. The boy, on going over to do the chores next morning, discovered the murder. On the table was a pail of butter and the steelyards, showing that Mrs. Stillman had got some butter out to sell, and was then murdered. The murderer was arrested and brought to the place, and the body of the murdered shown to him, and he denied ever having seen him before; but Ten Enyck had blood on his pantaloons and had about $15 dollars in money, while it was proven that he had none before. Great excitement prevailed, and the sheriff's posse with difficulty restrained the excited citizens from lynching the prisoner. The Stillmans owned the farm on which they lived, and were well-to-do people. One son is a Methodist minister, preaching in Connecticut, and another is a miller in Sheffield village. The town has been terribly excited by the tragedy, but is getting quiet now, as it is thoroughly believed the officers have secured in Ten Enyck the perpetrator of this shocking crime.—*Boston Herald.*

THE BAR-ROOM AS A BANK:—You deposit your money—and lose it. Your time—and lose it. Your character—and lose it. Your health—and lose it. Your strength—and lose it. Your manly independence—and lose it. Your self control—and lose it. Your home comfort—and lose it. Your wife's happiness—and lose it. Your children's happiness—and lose it. Your own soul—and lose it.—*Golden Rule.*

Berrien Co. Record.

TERMS OF ADVERTISING.

	1 inch.	2 inch.	3 inch.	4 inch.	5 inch.	¼ col.	⅓ col.	½ col.	1 col.
1 week	1 00	1 50	2 00	2 50	3 00	3 75	5 25	6 00	10 0
2 wks	1 50	2 25	3 00	3 75	4 25	5 25	7 00	9 00	14 0
3 wks	1 75	2 75	3 75	4 25	4 75	6 50	9 00	12 00	17 0
4 wks	2 00	3 50	4 50	5 25	6 00	8 50	10 00	14 00	20 0
6 wks	2 50	4 75	6 00	7 00	8 25	11 00	14 00	19 00	27 0
3 mos.	4 00	6 00	7 50	8 50	10 00	13 00	17 00	23 00	35
6 mos.	6 00	10 00	13 00	15 00	17 00	20 00	26 00	38 00	60
9 mos.	8 50	13 00	17 00	20 00	23 00	27 00	36,50	50 00	85 0
1 year	10 00	15 00	20 00	24 00	28 00	33 00	45 00	60 00	100 0

Business Cards of five lines or less, $5 per annum.
Legal advertisements at statute rates.
Transient advertising payable in advance.
Yearly advertising payable on demand.
Matter in local columns, ten cents per line or each insertion; but no local taken for less than $1.00.
Obituary Notices—more than the announcement—will be charged for at the rate of five cents for each line.
Advertisements not accompanied with directions as to time, will be inserted until forbidden, and charged for accordingly.
Double column advertisements charged at short column rates.
Short notices of meetings, 25 cents.
Yearly advertisers allowed four changes without extra charge.

Chinese Public Granaries.

There has existed a system of public granaries in China since a date long before the birth of Christ. They are established by private charity, and are so well approved that in the single province of Chili no less than 1,005 are maintained. During the last century the Government ordained the erection of a granary in every district of the Metropolitan Province, and provided careful laws for their management. The method of supporting these institutions is thus described by an English exchange: "The granary having been erected, the surrounding land owners are encouraged to send in presents of grain as their means will allow, and the local authorities are authorized to offer them in return Mandarin's buttons, varying in rank according to the amount of grain subscribed. When the granary is sufficiently full, two officers chosen from the locality are appointed to superintend it, and the work begins. As the gaanaries are intended to be self supporting, and for the assistance of the people in ordinary years as well as for their relief in times of famine, it is a part of the system in the spring of the year, when food begins to get scarce, to advance grain to the poor of the district, who return it at harvest time in kind with interest at ten per cent. Two tenths of the interest thus paid are appropriated by the officials, on tenth is devoted to restore waste, and the remaining seven tenths, after the necessary repairs to the building have been paid for, are deposited in the granary." The working of this system is shown in the case of three granaries which, in fourteen years from their foundation, returned to the original contributors the full amount of grain advanced by them, and still had sufficient corn and rice to supply the needs of the neighborhood. In times of famine the grain is dealt out first to the women and children, and then to the men. Cooked grain and rice are also prepared for those who are in immediate need of food. In prosperous years, interest on the grain advanced is strictly demanded; but, when the harvest turns out badly the interest is remitted, and the original loan is even allowed to stand over until the next season. There is a great deal of charitable work performed in China, notwithstanding the reputation the people bear for cruelty and hardheartedness. In nearly every large town and district, there are asylums for the aged and the orphans, in addition to the establishments for the relief of the poor. Colleges, schools and societies are also sustained for the instruction of the children of the poor, for the preservation of life, for the burial of the dead, for encouraging husbandry, and for various other benevolent objects.—*Chicago Tribune.*

A Practical Joke.

An amusing story, which the principal actor has tried in vain to keep secret is now going the rounds of our press; and as he is a man well known this practical joke is much appriciated. Mr. D——is a dignified lawyer of Provence; his white tie has no wrinkles, his black coat no dust, and the only weakness he is known to cultivate is one belonging to most respectable old gentleman— gourmandizing. One—day, coming in from his constitutional walk, Mr. D——found a bag of bon-bons on his table. There was no address—no card—but the bon-bons were of the most tempting sort; and, attributing the attention to one of his lady friends to whom his little weakness was know, he unhesitatingly indulged himself to his heart's content. Suddenly a strange feeling of hilarity came over him. He thought his room the merriest place in the world, and he laughed heartily. He went to the window, and by some accident, broke a pane of glass. Holding his sides with laughter, he stumbled against an etagere, charged with precious china, and brought down the whole with a crash. This so delighted him that he looked about for something else to break, and in half a minte the clock had lost its hands and weights, but as the tick-tick continued, Mr. D——flew into a terrible passion, and threw it violently upon the floor. At this moment, his servant-girl, attracted by the noise, came in, and attempted to save the poor clock. Alas! she shared its fate. Her master threw her down and kicked her brutally; then seizing a knife he rushed into the street, overturning women and children who chanced upon his passage, until worn out with excitement he sank panting upon the sidewalk. When he came to his sense he was in bed, the doctor and maid watching anxiously his return to consciousness. He tried to rise, exclaiming: "Let me go. I must give myself up to justice! I have disgraced myself and my honorable profession! *I have committed murder!*" After much persuasion and explanation, his physician succeeded in making him understand the true state of the case, and his own perfect innocence. He had been the subject of a cruel practical joke—the bon-bons contained *haschisch*. This explanation was less unpleasant than having really gone mad would have been; but it did not altogether satisfy Mr. D.—, and as the story got about, and he had nothing to hide, he is now taking every measure to discover the culprit.—*Paris Cor. Boston Advertiser.*

The Albion union school building, partly destroyed by fire a few weeks ago, has been repaired, and was to be reoccupied by all the classes Monday.

Berrien Co. Record.

JOHN G. HOLMES, Editor.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 27, 1877.

Michigan has 4,696 saloons. Averaging $10 per day for each saloon would be an expenditure of $46,960 for each day, or $17,140,400 per year for that which will intoxicate.

An attempt is being made to pass a compulsory school law in California, regulating time of attendance, and course of study to be pursued by pupils.

The Pennsylvania laboring people have a little bill of $500,000 to pay for the expense of the United States troops, to keep them quiet, and other incidental expenses of the strike last summer.

Seventy-five thousand tons of coal are to be sold to-day at auction by the Lackawana coal company.

A new source of riches has been brought fourth at the Black Hills. Petroleum, equal in richness to that found in West Virginia, has been discovered near Deadwood.

A jury of twelve wise men in Illinois decided the fate of a man to their own entire satisfaction by drawing straws. The lot turned against the man and he was to be hanged. The manner of deciding was discovered, and the victim was granted a new trial. Three of the jurymen were fined $100 each and another $50.

The enormous Marvin safe, which was on exhibition at the Centennial, has been sent to Washington by the manufacturers, and is being placed in Statuary Hall of the Capitol. The architect of the Capitol has it in charge, and will place newspapers and other articles inside, and lock it, with the understanding that it shall not be opened for a hundred years.

The Lansing *Republican* gives the following report of the business of the State Treasurer:

The balance of cash in the State Treasury Dec. 15, was $505,826.55; receipts during the week ending Dec. 22, were $11,468.56; payments during same time were $13,919.93; balance in treasury Dec. 22, 1877, $503,375.18; decrease for the week, $2,451.37.

A Washington dispatch of the 23d gives the following figures from the Treasury Department:

"The Treasury now holds $346,277,550 to secure the National Bank circulation, $13,988,000 to secure the public deposits. There were United States Bonds deposited to secure bank circulation for the week ending yesterday, $802,000; amount withdrawn, $118,000. National bank circulation outstanding—currency notes, $320,258,765; gold notes, $1,482,120. The national bank notes received for redemption for the week ending yesterday compare with the corresponding week last year:

1876	$3,450,000
1877	4,079,000

Receipts yesterday, $664,000.

Dispatches from the seat of war give a horrid report of the condition of things in and about Plevna at the time of its falling into the hands of the Russians: The famished dogs, of which there are always large numbers in every Turkish town, were feeding on the corpses of the dead and the bodies of the still living wounded. The savage howls of the greedy brutes as they tore the putrid flesh of the dead and crunched the bones between their teeth, the cries and groans of the wounded as they vainly struggled with the dogs, might be heard for miles around, and made the soul sick. Birds were picking at the skulls, hopping from body to body, with beaks and plumage besmeared with human blood, and screaming with fiendish delight. Dogs fought among themselves, and bird struggled with bird for the possession of a morsel of human flesh, and the most indescribable horror prevailed. Some of the wounded were able to crawl about, and clutched at odd morsels of food that were found in the hands of the dead, devouring it with feverish avidity; but thousands of them were utterly helpless, and awaited death or succor with a listless fatalism. One thousand prisoners were huddled together in the bank of the Vid, and the horrors of their position equaled those of the great plague which ravaged Europe in the fourteenth century. Living and dead were piled together promiscuously in heaps like wood, and carted away.

NEW YORK, Dec. 21.—Senator Stanley Matthews, of Ohio, is now in the city, stopping at the Windsor Hotel. In conversation yesterday, on the subject of the Bland silver bill, he expressed the belief that it will pass the Senate by a majority so large that the Presidential veto, if made, would be of no avail, and that if vetoed by the President it would be passed over the veto in both Houses. But he considered it possible that after the recess a compromise may be arrived at, resulting in a bill which shall seem a little less radical, while the fact expressing effectively the views of the remonetizationists, and satisfy the friends of a double standard.

The white metal is arguing its own case before the people. The treasury had on Nov. 1, paid out $36,620,731 for the redemption of fractional currency, and held $5,998,387 in silver dollars, and $2,479,137 in subsidiary coinage. Add to these amounts the percentage of ante-war times restored to circulation, and we have a total it is fair to place at $50,000,000. Every dollar of this sum has purchasing power of 97 cents in gold. Yet it is but a bullion value abroad of but 85 cents, and its legal tender at home only in payments of $5.00.—*Chicago Post.*

THE COUNTY PRESS.

[Benton Harbor Times.]

Sawyer Bill, of Watervliet, notifies the electors of the county, that at the January meeting of the Board of Supervisors, he proposes to present to that body a petition, praying for leave to construct a dam across the Paw Paw river, in the town of Watervliet, said dam to be constructed with shute or apron, for the purpose of passing logs and rafts.

[Berrien Springs Era.]

Preston Boon showed us to-day two branches of lilac, the buds on which were nearly open from natural growth. .....The other day William Dougherty distributed thirty twenty-five pound sacks of flour among the widows of Berrien Springs and vicinity, giving each one a sack. He does that every year. Last year it took but twenty-five sacks to go around.

[Niles Mirror.]

On Monday evening last, the beautiful sorrel team belonging to the stable of the Bunbury's, while on a run deviated from the road near the Johnson bridge at the brewery, and went down into the creek. One of them broke his fore leg in a shocking manner and had to be killed. He was worth $150.....A tramp called at our dwelling on Saturday morning last for breakfast. He was fed all he desired and started north. He called at the house of J. McOmber, near the railroad bridge and begged for his breakfast, stating he had nothing to eat in two days. Mrs. M. said she had so many calls she could not feed them all and declined. He told her she was a——liar. Mr. M. came out and ordered him off the premises, and declining to go he took him by the collar and turned him around for the street. The tramp put his hand in his pocket as if to draw a revolver, and Mack turned for the door to get his revolver, but before he got it the rascal had left. The Marshal went for him at the depot but he ran down Pokagon street, and made swift tracks north. He had on a round black hat, light coat, no beard and is not a bad looking tramp, but he is a villain and people better look out for him.

Ohio Correspondence.

PERRYSBURG, Dec. 18, 1877.

ED. RECORD:—We are nearing Christmas, and truly, but for reference to the Almanac we could scarcely believe we were in the midst of what is usually termed winter, and in most years bears the aspect of winter most unmistakably. No snow yet in our region to speak of—not a day's sleighing; hardly cold days enough to remind us of what season we are in. After a most favorable Autumn for all the work that must be done, and business carried on, we are now favored with the most favorable weather, in which to finish up and clear the way for the advent of storm and snow.

I am interested in the accounts I read in the RECORD from our friends who have sought a better country than Berrien county, Michigan. Whether they have discovered such they do not say specifically. We suppose so, else they would not leave so good a country for such a purpose. Michigan must be getting almost equal to New England, of which it used to be said, "it is a very good country to emigate from," that is, it seems so, when there are so many that are making their way out of it and taking up their homes in distant States. If we were not a moving people it would surprise me to see how many seem to find more winsome fields farther west. Perhaps not as much, but Ohio suffers from the same cause, the desire for fresh lands and new homes. Texas is the State which seems winning more emigrants from this country. Several colonies have gone there from this section, and individuals write back glowing accounts of the country and climate. And we can have our regrets tempered in a measure, with the reflection that though our loss is frequently felt in the departure of good citizens whose places are not soon filled here, that what we lose is gain to the newer States, and an element added to their population that will be of great value. We have a chance to be unselfish if we can be and be willing to lose for other's good.

I see by your columns that you have had sleighing. I hope you enjoyed it, though it must have been only for a brief season. We are just enough further south to make a difference in the quantity of snow which characterizes our winter. We have mud, and mud, abundance of that which renders our roads for a time well nigh impassable.

We are a staid people. The German element in our population are not eager for changes. They adhere to the paternal soil and develop some of the best of improvements, good farms, large estates often.

Yours truly, J. K. DEERING.

The Heathen are organizing foreign missions for the conversion of Christians. The Hindos of the sacred city of Benares have founded a society for the propagation of Brahminism among the Christians of Australia. An eminent Brahmin of the name of Suradschi, a man of great authority, has recently been visiting some of the English colonies, and while traveling in Australia, was appalled and grieved at the fearful prevalence of drunkenness among the Christians. On returning to India he called together a number of thoughtful Brahmins, to whom he commenced his glowing zeal to do something for the salvation of their degraded fellow men and fellow subjects in Australia. The only perfect remedy, he considered, would be the conversion of these Christians to a better and purer faith. A large sum was collected for the pious and benevolent enterprise, and some of the Brahmins declared their willingness to devote themselves to the work, and to spend and be spent in this humane and holy cause. Suradschi is now engaged in translating fitting passages from the Vedas into the English tongue for the use of the missionaries.—*N. Y. Tribune.*

The Howard City *Record* says of the destructive fire there on Tuesday night, that, had it not rained all day before, and the wind suddenly stopped blowing when the fire started, the greater part of the village must have been laid in ashes. And now they talk of getting a fire engine.

NEWS ITEMS.

Ex-President Grant has arrived at Palermo, Italy.

Yesterday the United States Treasury began prepayment, without rebate, of January interest.

The Cleveland and Pittsburg Railroad bridge at Minego Junction, Ohio, burned Sunday.

Robert P. Parrott, inventor of the Parrott gun, died at Cold Spring, N. Y., Monday morning.

Geo. Baker, the Chester, Pa., banker, who suspended Thursday, states that his liabilities are $159,000, and his assets, nearly all in real estate, at $192,000.

Dr. Reynolds, of red ribbon fame, is making war on the drunkards of Illinois.

Flora Temple, of turf renown, died at Baltimore, last Friday, at the age of thirty-two years.

Three of the principal theatres of New York have stopped advertising on bill-boards and dead-walls. They have discovered that the same money expended in advertising through the columns of the newspapers is a much better investment.

At Memphis at 3.30 Monday morning, Detective W. C. Pride while half asleep imagined that he heard a burglar at the window, took a pistol from under his pillow, and in attempting to cock it the weapon was discharged, the ball passing through the bodies of his wife and his infant child, causing the death of both. Pride is almost crazed.

STATE ITEMS.

Genesee county has 101 liquor dealers who pay a tax of $10,000.

The liquor tax of Kalamazoo county, is $9,000.

There are 250 pupils in attendance at the institute for the deaf, dumb and the blind at Flint.

Cedar Springs has a population of 1,400, and not a colored person among them.

Sturgis has six newspapers and the *Journal-Times* wants to know who will have enterprise enough to start another.

A Lansing man has found a red clover root that measures five feet in length.

The Charlotte *Republican* has been sold to D. B. Ainger, of Bryan, Ohio, who is to take possession February 1st, 1878.

The wife of George Kapplon, brewer, of Coldwater, was found drowned in the river at Coldwater, yesterday morning. No cause is assigned for the suicide.

Lumber vessels are still doing a good business on Lake Michigan, notwithstanding the severity of the summer weather we have been having.

Ex-Governor Bagley has sent the boys in the Reform School 70 pounds each of candy, nuts and raisins as a Christmas present.

The St. Louis *Herald* reports the death of a young man, near Lake View, from hemorrhage after having a tooth drawn.

On Friday afternoon Mrs. Isaac Brown, of Linden, was found by her husband with her throat cut from ear to ear. She had committed suicide by means of a razor while temporarily insane.

Dan Wyman, of Cedar Rapids, shot and slightly wounded officer Marsh, on Thursday night, while the former was being taken to jail. Wyman has been held for trial on a charge of assault with intent to kill.

H. D. Monroe, of Cedar Springs, while unloading some hay a few days ago, fell upon a pitchfork, and the tines pierced his abdomen about four inches. It is thought that he cannot recover.

The Grand Traverse farmers are plowing and some of them sowing spring wheat, and on Dec. 15 a lady there picked from her garden out of doors a boquet of pansies, phlox, and candy-tuft, and her verbenas were budded.

R. A. Beal finds himself busy to meet all of the calls to explain the Rose Douglas case to the people.

The Washtenaw county authorities have collected $10,570.03, liquor tax and there remains yet to be paid $743,35.

B. S. White's plaining mill at Fife Lake, this State, was entirely destroyed by fire on the morning of the 22d inst. Loss, $4,000; insurance, $5,000. As no fire had been in the building for a month, it is supposed to be a case of incendiarism.

T. B. Spencer, a hardware merchant of East Saginaw, made an assignment yesterday morning for the benefit of his creditors. His liabilities are about $50,000; assets about $35,000.

The substitution of steel for iron rails on the Kalamazoo division of the Lake Shore & Michigan Southern Railroad has nearly been completed.

At Grand Rapids, the other day the first conviction under the new law passed last winter by the Legislature, enabling parents and guardians to bring suit for civil damagees against any party selling liquors to a minor, was decided, and the saloonist assessed $50 and costs. Hadn't some of our venders better lock a little out.

An inter-collegiate contest will take place between Adrian, Hillsdale, Albion and Kalamazoo, at the last mentioned place Jan. 25. The contestants will be an orator and an essayist from each college, the essayist in each case to be a lady. The prize will be a diploma, and one will be awarded to the best essay and one to the best oration.

Two brothers named Palmeter, aged respectively 12 and 14, and living near Alba, Gratiot county, got into a fight while returning from school. The elder whipped the younger and went on. Soon after, looking back, he saw his brother lying in the road. He went back to him and found that he was dead. The exertion had exhausted him, and falling with his face in the mud, he had suffocated.

Lenawee county has found a cure for tramps. When they are able-bodied and refuse to work for what is offered them, covering their daily support, they are sent to the house of correction as vagrants. Since the adoption of this system the pests are much less troublesome.

Friant & White, of Grand Haven, and a party from Milwaukee have purchased of Louis Sands, of Manistee, 3,000 acres of timbered land on Flat river, estimated to contain 70,000,000 feet of good white pine, worth $120,000. Lumbering operations have commenced on it.

A dog belonging to George Rogers vomited up 45 cents in nickles and pennies last Saturday. Since then all the small boys of Battle Creek have tried to capture that dog, but he has been caged, and emetics are being administered to him by the bushel, with prospect of an immediate fortune for the boys.

LONDON, Dec. 20.—Meetings of the British cabinet are held daily, and there is a settled impression that preparations for war are intended. At Woolwich and other arsenals orders have been received to stop the discharge of men and take back those discharged under previous orders. While war may not be intended, there is absolutely no doubt whatever that England is to be put in readiness for war, should the latter be necessary. The London stock market opened very excitedly, with a sudden fall of English securieties, showing the prevalent opinion. The fall in 3 per cents was one-half.

BUCHANAN PRICES CURRENT.

Corrected every Wednesday morning for the Record, by S. & W. W. SMITH, Dealers in Groceries and Provision Front Street, Buchanan, Mich.

These figures represent the prices paid by dealers, unless otherwise specified.

Wheat, white, per bushel	1 15
Wheat, red, per bushel	1 10
Flour, white, per barrel, selling	7 00
Flour, red, per barrel, selling	6 50
Buckwheat Flour, selling, per 25 lb. sack	88
Clover Seed, per bushel	6 00
Timothy Seed, per bushel	1 60
Corn, new, per bushel	25
Oats, per bushel	25
Bran, per ton, selling	10 00
Pork, live, per hundred	4 50
Pork, dressed, per hundred	6 00
Pork, mess, per pound	10
Corn Meal, bolted, per hundred, selling	2 00
Plaster, per barrel, selling	1 75
Hay, tame, per ton	$8 00@10 00
Hay, marsh, per ton	5 00@6 00
Salt, fine, per barrel, selling	1 50
Salt, coarse, per barrel, selling	2 00
Beans, per bushel	2 00
Wood, 18 inch, per cord	1 50
Wood, 4 feet, per cord	3 00
Butter, per pound	20
Eggs, per dozen	20
Lard, per pound	10
Tallow, per pound	5@8
Honey, per pound	15
Green Apples, per bushel	50
Chickens, per pound	8
Brick, per thousand, selling	6 50
Hides, green, per pound	5@6
Hides, dry, per pound	10@11
Pelts	50@1 50
Mackerel, No. 1, per pound, selling	12½
White Fish, per pound, selling	10
Potatoes, new	30@40
Cider, per barrel	2 50@3 50

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Time Table—Nov. 11, 1877.

	*Mail.	*Accom.	*Night Express.
Chicago.....Lv.	7 00 A. M.	3 45 P. M.	9 00 P. M
Kensington	7 50	4 35	9 50
Lake	8 40	5 23	10 30
Michigan City	9 21	6 16	11 15
New Buffalo	9 48	6 48	11 40
Three Oaks	10 03	7 07	
Buchanan	10 33	7 40	
Niles	10 45	8 14	12 25 A. M.
Dowagiac	11 15	8 42	1 03
Decatur	11 39	9 08	1 27
Lawton	11 57	9 24	
Kalamazoo	12 35 P. M.	10 10	2 17
Galesburg	12 55		2 37
Battle Creek	1 32		3 15
Marshall	2 25		3 49
Albion	2 52		4 10
Jackson.....Lv	3 40	5 20 A. M.	4 55
Grass Lake	4 08	5 43	
Chelsea	4 40	6 15	
Dexter	5 00	6 30	
Ann Arbor	5 20	7 00	6 38
Ypsilanti	5 38	7 15	6 55
Wayne Junction	6 02	7 40	7 15
G. T. Junction	6 33	8 25	7 45
Detroit.....Ar	6 45	8 40	8 00

	*Mail.	Accom.	*Evening Express.
Detroit.....Lv.	7 00 A. M.	4 45 P. M.	6 20 P. M.
G.T. Junction	7 15	5 00	6 35
Wayne Junction	7 09	5 32	7 09
Ypsilanti	8 10	6 00	7 36
Ann Arbor	8 30	6 30	8 10
Dexter	8 50	6 53	8 31
Chelsea	9 17	7 12	8 47
Grass Lake	9 51	7 37	9 12
Jackson	10 29	8 00	9 40
Albion	11 01		10 33
Marshall	11 50		11 03
Battle Creek	12 21 P. M.		11 35
Galesburg	12 55		12 07
Kalamazoo	1 15	4 00 A. M.	12 25 A. M
Lawton	1 56	4 40	1 03
Decatur	2 15	5 00	1 27
Dowagiac	2 41	5 25	1 52
Niles	3 11	6 10	2 33
Buchanan	3 23	6 25	2 51
Three Oaks	3 52	7 02	3 28
New Buffalo	4 08	7 20	3 45
Michigan City	4 40	7 50	4 15
Lake	5 23	8 30	4 54
Kensington	6 03	9 40	5 55
Chicago.....Ar	6 55	10 30	6 45

*Sundays excepted. †Saturday and Sunday excepted.

H. B. LEDYARD, *Ass't Gen. Sup't, Detroit.* WM. B. STRONG, *Gen'l Sup't, Chicago*

HENRY C. WENTWORTH *Gen'l Pass. Agent, Chicago.*

Special Notices.

A CARD.

To all who are suffering from the errors and indiscretions of youth, nervous weakness, early decay, loss of manhood, &c., I will send a recipe that will cure you, FREE OF CHARGE. This great remedy was discovered by a missionary in South America. Send a self-addressed envelope to the REV. JOSEPH T. INMAN, *Station D, Bible House, New York City.* 38y1

HOLIDAY GOODS.

BURLEY & TYRRELL,

83 & 85 State St.,

CHICAGO.

FINE AND ORDINARY

FRENCH, ENGLISH AND GERMAN DINNER, TEA and DESSERT SETS, FINE GLASSWARE.

Lamps, Chandeliers, And Silver Plated Goods

Vases, Mantel Ornaments and Artistic Pottery in Unique and Beautiful Designs at

LOW PRICES.

For Sale at This Office.

A FARM of 45 acres, best quality of land, good situation, good improvements, within one mile of Berrien Springs. An acre of grapes, good orchard, and all kinds of small fruits. Terms easy; price low; title clear.

A HOUSE AND LOT on Front Street, Buchanan. Corner lot; good buildings; plenty of small fruits; pleasant location. Good title and easy terms.

A FARM OF TWENTY ACRES, within one mile of this place. Good improvements; clear title. Will be sold on favorable terms.

A HOUSE AND LOT, near Front Street, in Himes' Addition. Good story and a half house, large lot, (14 square rods) for $550 cash, or will take in exchange a good team, harness and wagon. A bargain.

☞ When you want your name printed on cards, in first-class style, give us a call. 50 cards for 25 cents.

NEW YORK Weekly Herald.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR

The circulation of this popular newspaper has more than trebled during the past year. It contains all the leading news contained in the DAILY HERALD, and is arranged in handy departments. The

FOREIGN NEWS

embraces special dispatches from all quarters of the globe, together with unbiassed, faithful and graphic pictures of the great war in Europe. Under the head of

AMERICAN NEWS

are given the Telegraphic Despatches of the week from all parts of the Union. This feature alone makes

THE WEEKLY HERALD

the most valuable newspaper in the world, as it is the cheapest.

Every week is given a faithful report of

POLITICAL NEWS,

embracing complete and comprehensive despatches from WASHINGTON, including full reports of the speeches of eminent politicians on the question of the hour.

THE FARM DEPARTMENT

of the WEEKLY HERALD gives the latest as well as the most practical suggestions and discoveries relating to the duties of the farmer, hints for raising cattle, Poultry, Grain, Trees, Vegetables, &c., &c., with suggestions for keeping buildings and farming utensils in repair. This is supplemented by a well edited department, widely copied, under the head of

THE HOME,

giving recipes for practical dishes, hints for making clothing and for keeping up with the latest fashions at the lowest price. Letters from our Paris and London correspondents on the very latests fashions. The Home Department of the WEEKLY HERALD will save the housewife more than one hundred times the price of the paper.

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

There is a page devoted to all the latest phases of the business markets, Crops, Merchandise, &c., &c. A valuable feature is found in the specially reported prices and conditions of

THE PRODUCE MARKET.

While all the news from the last fire to the discovery of Stanley are to be found in the WEEKLY HERALD, due attention is given to

SPORTING NEWS

at home and abroad, together with a STORY every week, a SERMON by some eminent divine, LITERARY MUSICAL, DRAMATIC, PERSONAL and SEA NOTES. There is no paper in the world which contains so much news matter every week as the WEEKLY HERALD, which is sent, postage free, for One Dollar. You may subscribe at any time.

THE NEW YORK HERALD

in a weekly form,

ONE DOLLAR A YEAR.

Papers publishing this prospectus without being authorized will not necessarily receive an exchange,

Address,

New York Herald,

Broadway & Ann St., New York.

THIRTY-SEVENTH YEAR.

—THE—

PRAIRIE FARMER

FOR 1878.

The Leading American Agricultural & Household Weekly.

For Town and Country, For Old and Young.

(*Established* 1841.)

Recognized authority throughout the United States and Canada upon matters of

General Agriculture,
Horticulture,
Floriculture,
Stock Raising,
Poultry, Bees, &c.,

To which are added departments of GENERAL NEWS, RECORD OF THE SEASON, YOUTH'S MISCELLANY, HOUSEHOLD LITERATURE, MARKETS, ETC. Published by

THE PRAIRIE FARMER COMPANY,

at Chicago, Ill., in handsome quarto form of Eight large pages of six columns each. Terms $3.00 per year in advance, including the balance of 1877 free to new subscribers from time subscription is received, or 1878.

Specimen copy free to any address. Liberal Cash Commission allowed to Agents, who are wanted everywhere to organize Clubs, and to whom canvassing outfit will be furnished free upon application to

PRAIRIE FARMER CO.

Chicago, Illinois.

PROBATE ORDER.—State of Michigan, County of Berrien, ss.—At a session of the Probate Court for the County of Berrien, holden at the Probate office in the village of Berrien Springs, on Monday, the 24th day of December, in the year one thousand eight hundred and seventy-seven.

Present, ALEXANDER B. LEEDS, Judge of Probate.

In the matter of the estate of Lewis Hurlbutt deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Harriet A. Proud, praying that administration *de bonis non* with the will annexed on said estate may be granted to herself, or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Wednesday, the 23d day of January next, at 10 o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate Office, in the Village of Berrien Springs, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petioner should not be granted. And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy this order to be published in the *Berrien County Record*, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County of Berrien, for three successive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

[L. S.] ALEXANDER B. LEEDS,
(A true copy.) 46w4 Judge of Probate.

Remove all OFFENSIVE

ODORS

From Your Homes,

PREVENT DISEASE,

BY

Deodorizing and disinfecting all impurities caused by the decomposition of animal matter, or the fermentation of vegetable substances.

THE

American Disinfectant

Instantly deodorizes and disinfects any material it is brought in contact with, no matter how FETID, PUTRID AND OFFENSIVE.

BEING ODORLESS, it does not substitute one disagreeable smell for another, like carbolic acid, but at once unites with and neutralizes all noxious gasses and odors.

It eliminates all contagious germs from the atmosphere.

It is far more rapid and effective in its action than carbolic acid, and infinitely more satisfactory.

It does not stain or injure any fabric.

It arrests all offensive effluvium arising in sick rooms or from vessels containing excretions, and is peculiarly applicable to the use of families. In all cases of DIPTHERIA, SCARLET FEVER, MEASLES, SMALL POX, TYPHOID FEVER, YELLOW FEVER, or any sickness, The use of the AMERICAN DISINFECTANT will succeed in PREVENTING THE SPREAD, of the disease, as it exercises a direct influence upon specific contagia, and hence should be used in every

Sick Room.

All emanations from stable manure, offal, compost, urine, &c., is immediately deodorized, and the offensiveness of handling entirely removed.

For the dressing of OFFENSIVE WOUNDS or SORES, on either men or animals, it is superior to any other application. One application will remove all offensive odors from the feet.

For Undertakers' Use

it is extremely valuable, as it prevents all odor and discoloration, and *obviates the necessity for ice, even in the hottest weather.*

LEADING PHYSICIANS

in New York, Brooklyn and Boston, experimenting in different ways, state that they found this Disinfectant the most simple, the most economical and the most successful deodorizer they have ever used, and recommend it unreservedly. We give a few certificates:

NEW YORK, July 17, 1877.

I have used your preparation in the Bellevue Hospital Morgue, and cheerfully and unhesitatingly state that it is exactly what you represent it to be—an instantaneous deodorizer and an efficient disinfectant, as well as a thorough agent for arresting decomposition or putrefaction.

A. WHITE,
Keeper of Morgue, N. Y. City.

BOSTON, August 3, 1877.

I have examined this Disinfectant, and have demonstrated that it is *instantaneous* in its action, and is worthy the attention of all physicians as well as the whole people.

DAVID THAYER, M. D.

94 BOYLSTON STREET, Boston.

The experiments shown me certainly indicate that what is claimed for the Disinfectant is not exaggerated.

R. M. HODGE, M. D.

BOSTON, Mass.

I have examined the Disinfectant and find it worthy the attention of physicians.

R. W. NEWELL, M. D.

BOSTON, Mass.

I agree in the above.

FRANKLIN F. PATCH, M. D.

CHELSEA, Mass., Aug. 27, 1877.

I have used this Disinfectant in many cases when other disinfectants have proved worthless, and find that in every case it has given me perfect satisfaction. In many cases of my practice in old sores, bad-smelling cancers, &c., it has destroyed the odors from them instantly and permanently when constantly applied. I am convinced that no deodorizer equal to it has ever come to my notice.

W. C. CUTLER, M. D.

THE

American Disinfectant

Is manufactured only by the

American Disinfectant Co.,

60 ANN ST., NEW YORK.

SOLD BY GROCERS & DRUGGISTS.

Quart Bottles 50 Cents.

Every bottle warranted and money refunded if it does not prove as represented. 40y1

Removal!

SMITH & SON

Have removed their large stock of

GROCERIES

AND

CROCKERY

to Rooms in

DAY'S BLOCK,

Formerly occupied by J. W. Smith, where they will continue to supply the wants of their many customers.

They will conduct a First-Class

BAKERY

In connection with their Grocery.

GIVE THEM A CALL.

THE MILD POWER

CURES

HUMPHREYS'

HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFICS

Been in general use for twenty years. Everywhere proved the most SAFE, SIMPLE, ECONOMICAL and EFFICIENT medicines known. They are just what the people want, saving time, money, sickness and suffering. Every single specific the well tried perscription of an eminent physician.

Nos.	Cures.	Cents.
1.	Fevers, Congestion, Inflammations,	25
2.	Worms, Worm Fever, Worm Colic,	25
3.	Crying-Colic, or Teething of Infants,	25
4.	Diarrhœa, of Children or Adults,	25
5.	Dysentery, Griping, Bilious Colic,	25
6.	Cholera-Morbus, Vomiting,	25
7.	Coughs, Colds, Bronchitis,	25
8.	Neuralgia, Toothache, Faceache,	25
9.	Headaches, Sick Headache, Vertigo,	25
10.	Dyspepsia, Bilious Stomach,	25
11.	Suppressed, or Painful Periods,	25
12.	Whites, too Profuse Periods,	25
13.	Croup, Cough, Difficult Breathing,	25
14.	Salt Rheum, Erysipelas, Eruptions,	25
15.	Rheumatism, Rheumatic Pains,	25
16.	Fever and Ague, Chill Fever, Agues,	50
17.	Piles, blind or bleeding,	50
18.	Ophthalmy, and Sore or Weak Eyes,	50
19.	Catarrh, acute or chronic, Influenza,	50
20.	Whooping-Cough, violent coughs,	50
21.	Asthma, oppressed Breathing,	50
22.	Ear Discharges, impaired hearing,	50
23.	Scrofula, enlarged glands, Swellings,	50
24.	General Debility, Physical Weakness,	50
25.	Dropsy and scanty Secretions,	50
26.	Sea-Sickness, sickness from riding,	50
27.	Kidney-Disease, Gravel,	50
28.	Nervous Debility, Vital Weakness,	1 00
29.	Sore Mouth, Canker,	50
30.	Urinary Weakness, wetting the bed,	50
31.	Painful Periods, or with Spasms,	50
32.	Disease of Heart, palpitations, etc.	1 00
33.	Epilepsy, Spasms, St. Vitus' Dance,	1 00
34.	Diphtheria, ulcerated sore throat,	50
35.	Chronic Congestions and Eruptions,	50

FAMILY CASES.

Case, Morocco, with above 35 large vials and Manual of directions, $10.00

Case Morocco, of 20 large vials and Book, 6.00

These remedies are sent by the case single box or vial, to any part of the country, free of charge, on receipt of price. Address

Humphreys' Homeopathic Medicine Co.
Office and Depot, 109 Fulton St. New York.

For Sale by all Druggists.

☞ Humphreys' Specific Manual on the care and treatment of disease and its cure, sent FREE on application.

JACKSON'S BEST

SWEET NAVY CHEWING TOBACCO

was awarded the highest prize at Centennial Exposition for its fine chewing qualities, the excellence and lasting character of its sweetening and flavoring. If you want the best tobacco ever made ask your grocer for this, and see that each plug bears our blue strip trade mark with words Jackson's Best on it. Sold wholesale by all Jobbers. Send for sample to C. A. JACKSON & CO., Manufacturers, Petersburg, Va.

AGENTS WANTED!

FOR PARTICULARS ADDRESS

WILSON SEWING MACHINE CO.

829 BROADWAY, NEW YORK CITY;
CHICAGO, ILL.; NEW ORLEANS, LA.;
OR SAN FRANCISCO, CAL.

WORK FOR ALL

In their own localities; canvassing for the Fireside Visitor, (enlarged) Weekly and Monthly. Largest Paper in the World, with Mammoth Chromo. Free. Big Commissions to Agents. Terms and Outfit Free. Address P. O. VICKERY, Augusta, Me.

40 EXTRA FINE Mixed Cards, with name, 10 cents, post paid. L. JONES & Co. Nassau, N. Y.

25 Fancy Cards, Snowflake, Damask, etc., no two alike, with name, 10c. Nassau Card Co., Nassau, N. Y.

CONFIDENTIAL Notice to Agents. New organs 16 Stops $120, 13, $99, 12, $55 9, 65. Pianos retail price $650 only $175. Daniel N. Beatty, Washington, N. J.

FILES.

THE VERY BEST in the United States are those of the old and well-known

"WHEELER, MADDEN & CLEMSON"

brand. They may be had from dealers everywhere, or, in large quantities direct from the manufacturers.

Madden & Cockayne File Co.

Send for Price List. MIDDLETOWN, N. Y

$7,500 in Greenbacks.

FIFTEENTH ANNUAL GIFT DISTRIBUTION

to the subscribers of the Detroit Commercial Advertiser, February 20th, 1878.

Subscription, $2 per year. Send for circular and sample copy. Agents wanted.

PULMONA cures Asthma.
PULMONA cures Catarrh.
PULMONA cures Bronchitis.
PULMONA cures Consumption.
PULMONA increases the Strength.
PULMONA invigorates the Appetite.
PULMONA subdues Chills and Fever.
PULMONA is sold by druggists. Price $1 per bottle

THE MILWAUKEE

MEDICAL & SURGICAL INSTITUTE.

Established 1857 and Chartered by the State Legislature for the improved treatment of all Private and Chronic Diseases mentioned in this card. Just published,

"THE SILENT FRIEND!"

A confidential Adviser for the young and middle aged of both sexes on the Diseases of a Private Nature, arising from Early Abuses or Infection, Seminal Weakness, and Loss of Manhood, and the best means of cure; with valuable advice to the Married and those contemplating marriage, including a treatise on Female Diseases; and Chronic Affections of the Throat, Lungs and Skin, Catarrh, Cancer, Rupture, Piles, Fistula, the Opium Habit, etc. Contains 300 large pages and numerous engravings, mailed under seal on receipt of 50 cts.

A CLINICAL LECTURE on the above diseases, and the principles of medical practice in their treatment. Price 25 cts. Address, Attending Physician,

No. 493 Water st., Mil'k. MEDICAL INSTITUTE, MILWAUKEE, Wis.

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of a license to me, granted by the Probate Court of Berrien County and State of Michigan, on the 12th day of November, 1877, I will sell on Saturday, the 2nd day of February, 1878, at eleven o'clock A. M., at public vendue, on the premises, the following described real estate situate in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, to-wit: Village lots two, 2, and three, 3, in Block M, in Andrew C. Day's addition to the village of Buchanan, in said County. Said real estate belongs to the estate of Sarah A. Watson, late of Berrien County, deceased. Terms will be made known on day of sale.

SANFORD SMITH,
Administrator of the estate of said Sarah A. Watson, deceased. 45w7

When you want any kind of printing, give us a call.

HOLIDAY GOODS

China Vases,	China Toys,
Bohemian Glass Vases,	Wooden Toys,
Toilet Sets,	Tin Toys,
Lava Smoking Sets,	Toy Furniture,
China Cups and Saucers,	Toy Books,
China Moustache Cups,	Toy Watches,
China Mugs,	Toy Tea Sets,
China Match Safes,	Toy Whips,
Picture Blocks	Toy Locomotives,
Building Blocks,	Toy Guns,
A B C Blocks,	Trumpets,
Tool Boxes,	Rubber Balls,
Kaleidoscopes,	Dolls,
Harmonicas,	&c., &c.

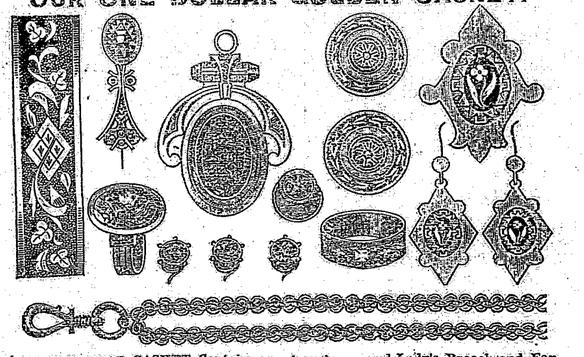
The largest stock of Holiday Goods and Toys ever shown in Buchanan, at the "Reliable Grocery House" of

S. & W. W. SMITH.

GOLDEN OPPORTUNITY.

In order to introduce our 40-page Illustrated Catalogue (in book form) of Jewelry and Watches, with full information How to Become Agents, and Make Money, we will send, on receipt of One Dollar, by return mail, this Illustrated Catalogue, together with

OUR ONE DOLLAR GOLDEN CASKET.



OUR DOLLAR CASKET Contains one elegantly engraved Lady's Brooch and Ear Drops, Amethyst settings, inlaid with Pearls; one beautiful Oxt Cameo Ring; one fine pair of Engraved Sleeve Buttons; three (3) grand spiral Amethyst Studs, inlaid with Pearls;

Berrien Co. Record.

THURSDAY MORNING, DEC. 27, 1877.

To Tax-Payers.

Notice is hereby given that the Tax Roll for 1877 is now in my hands, and that I will be, for the collection of taxes, at my office with E. M. Plimpton, on Friday, Dec. 7, 1877, and on each Friday thereafter during the month of December.

B. F. FISK,
Township Treasurer.

Dec. 5, 1877.

A BAD time of year this for turkey.

THE days are growing longer. Did you notice it?

A GREEN Christmas and fat graveyards are said to go hand in hand.

WOOD! WOOD! WOOD! We want some of that wood before cold weather comes, lest we freeze.

THERE is another theatrical performance advertised for this place Saturday night. Are you going?

MR. AND MRS. L. T. EASTMAN are in this place to spend the holidays with the parents of Mrs. E.

WHO ever knew of more warm, pleasant weather in December, in this country?

THE second brigade of tramps struck this town yesterday morning. They were westward bound.

ONLY five more days in which to write "1877." Have you practiced thoroughly on the other number?

THERE was a Christmas tree in the Grange Hall at Cottage Hill, Monday evening.

CORRESPONDENTS will oblige by having there communications in by Tuesday, else we cannot ensure publication.

THERE was a social ball in Collins & Weaver's hall, Tuesday evening. A good crowd and lots of time.

TO-NIGHT the two masonic Lodges of this place install their officers for the ensuing year.

EVERYBODY who is at leisure can now put in good time praying for snow.

The last regular meeting of the Common Council for this year will be held to-morrow evening.

WE learn that the store of Green Bros., in Niles, was burglarized to the amount of $150 worth of furs, on Monday night.

IN another column will be found a copy of the proceedings of the taxpayers of Niles, published by order of Secretary.

A FELLOW in Niles has had a woman arrested for throwing boiling water on him. He probably deserved the dose.

THE city council of Niles have appointed John Bachman, constable in the Fourth Ward, and Wm. H. Knott, policeman at the depot.

DR. BONINE was in town yesterday morning for the purpose of a consultation in the case of David Fisk, who has been quite ill the past week.

NILES paid during the past year a liquor tax of $1,840. St. Joseph $1,790, Benton Harbor $1,029.16, Buchanan $450, and New Buffalo $850.

A MAN and his wife spent merry Christmas eve in the cooler, and went their way Christmas morning considerably refreshed.

OUR fire company were out for practice the other day. They found the engine "dried up" but soon had it in working condition.

During the last year the Saginaw Salt works have turned out 1,660,897 barrels of salt, 177,168 more than last year. The estimated capacity for 1878 is 2,000,000 barrels.

MR. CHAPLIN, of Dowagiac, was in this place yesterday, in the interest of the C. W. & M. railroad. The sight looks more and more encouraging.

W. H. FOX has made a new departure. Last week he loaded up a lot of goods and went to New Carlisle to open a store there for a short time.

SUMMER seems inclined to last all winter this year. Dandelion blossoms are to be found along the roadside, and the croak of the frog is not of uncommon occurrence.

THERE will be a social dance at Young's Hall, Dayton, New Years night. There is a general invitation. Bill, 50 cents.

A MAN named Thomas Mundy was recently arrested and bound over, to appear at the United States Circuit Court, for robbing the mails at St. Joseph.

TWO of Wm. Burrus' little girls who were recently attacked with scarlet fever, are now showing serious dropsical symptons, being so badly swollen as to render a reclining posture painful and nearly impossible.

OUR wood pile is getting low again. If those of our subscribers who wish to pay for their paper in that way will bring it along they will greatly oblige.

MAJOR DUNCAN, of the Niles *Republican* now goes bare-footed. A rascally night clerk at the Clifton House, who has vamoosed, has stolen the Major's shoes. Its a good thing the weather is not cold.

THIS winter, so far, is very much like that of 1837, when there was no ice after the first day of December and plowing was carried on during all the winter months. The spring came on early and the year was a fruitful one.

THERE has been a lot of young men (?) in the high school the last term who, by their behavior, were a disgrace to themselves and a curse to the school. If the Board do their duty they will not return.

OLIVET COLLEGE used to *beg* its printing, and get it done in Michigan, but now it has to pay for it, and sends to Pennsylvania for it.—*Evening News.*

PATRICK FLYNN, policeman in Niles, received a pistol shot through the hand while attempting to arrest a man named Thomas Dunn, last Saturday night.

A NEAR escape from a serious runaway occured on Front street, Tuesday morning. The team was frightened by the lighting of a bunch of fire-crackers near the rear of the carriage to which they were hitched.

B. S. CRAWFORD is looking for customers for his crop of strawberries. He says they are in blossom, and should no misfortune befall them, will be ready for market in about a fortnight. We speak for one crate.

THE Berrien Springs people are beginning to talk of having a fire engine. There is plenty of time after you have a big fire. There will be less trouble then in getting people to second your motion.

THE late spell of summer weather it is feared will do incalculable injury to the growing wheat crop, unless a change in the temperature be brought about soon. The growth is becoming so great that it is feared it will be injured when cold weather does comes.

THE scholars in the rooms of Miss Kane and Miss Beardsley, in our Union School, had a Christmas tree on Monday afternoon. They claim to have had a fine show and a large number of gifts.

THE readers of the RECORD are invited to read the advertisement on first page headed "A Bargain," by J. W. Fancher. This is a rare chance for any person with a small amount of capital to commence with.

THIS week is about the time to do that swearing off from all of those bad habits. Be sure to make your resolution good and strong so that it will last as long as the first of February.

THE Christmas tree at the Oak street church was well attended Monday evening, and would have been better if the room were larger, for several who went were obliged to go away, there not being standing room for them.

THE case of D. S. McDonald was decided in the court at South Bend, on Monday last. The complainants did not appear against him and Mr. McDonald is now clear from all trouble from that source, he having settled all existing differences.

LAND SALE. — Mr. Joseph Proud has sold his farm of 120 acres, on the north side of Terre Coupee Prairie, to Curtis Lamb, who already owned the 160 acres adjoining and on the west. The price paid is six thousand dollars. Mr. Proud is now a subject of the Kansas fever, and will go thence on a prospecting tour.

A special circular announces the coming of S. S. Baldwin, the great spirit swindle exposer, to this place in the near future. He is said to be better versed in bell ringing, and other performances, than the celebrated John McQueen, who was here a few years ago.

THERE will be a meeting of the Red Ribbon Reform Club of this place, at Collins & Weaver's Hall, Friday evening, December 28, 1877, 7 o'clock. An invitation is cordially extended to the citizens of this place to meet with us, in the interest of good order and temperance. E. M. PLIMPTON,
President.

ELECTION. — At the last regular meeting of Mountain Hope Grange No. 87, the following officers were elected for the ensuing year:

R. M. Shafer, Master; Orr Henderson, Overseer; Wm. S. Morley, Lecturer; Otis Sterns, Steward; Peter Smith, Assistant Steward; A. J. Norris, Chaplin; D. W. Penwell, Treasurer; M. J. Morley, Secretary; Gotlip Hagley, Gate Keeper; Mrs. Elizabeth Morley, Ceres; Mrs. Mandia Morley, Pomona; Mrs. Margaret Henderson, Flora; Mrs. Sophia Norris, Stewardess. Said officers to be duly enstalled the last Saturday of December, 1877.

SCHOOL closed last Friday with a series of interesting exercises by representatives from all of the different classes in the various departments. The next term will commence on Wednesday, January 2, 1878.

THE Improvement committee of St. Joseph have taken the duty upon themselves to improve the St. Joseph river above that place, and have secured a subscription of four hundred dollars to start out with.

THE grist mill lately erected by A. J. Glover & Son, near Galien, is now in running order, and the Galienites are happy in the thought that they do not have to go to Buchanan or New Carlisle to mill.

A meeting of the citizens of Benton Harbor was held, last Saturday, for the purpose of determining what will be done by them to secure the terminus of the Cincinnati, Wabash & Michigan Railroad at that place.

MR. ED. BEARDSLEY, formerly of this place, has been sent to Australia and New Zeland by the McCormick Manufacturing Company, for the sale of their reapers and harvesters. His brother, D. E., received a letter from him written in New Zealand.

IN one of the school districts of Benton township they are having some difficulty in deciding whether they can conscientiously allow the reading of the Bible in their school, the director having set his foot that it should not be. They propose to hold a meeting soon and vote, Bible or no Bible.

FOR SALE.—We have a first-class knitting machine that we will sell at a discount of $10, below the manufacturer's price. The machine is new and in the best condition, has two cylinders for fine or coarse fabric, and all of the necessary accompaniments. A necessity in a large family.

THE Niles correspondent of the *Evening Telegraph* says:

"The St. Joseph Improvement Company having begun work Monday dredging the St. Joseph River at that village, and the people of Benton Harbor believing that it would change the channel of the river to their disadvantage, Judge Coolidge to-day granted an injunction restraining the St. Joseph Company from this work."

ELECTION. — The following were elected officers of Buchanan Lodge No. 75, I. O. O. F. for the ensuing term, on last Tuesday evening:

John C. Dick, N. G.
Geo. B. McNeil, V. G.
John Hanover, Sec.
H. N. Mowrey, Treas.
Chas. C. Aikin, Per. Sec.
W. I. Himes, Rep. to G. L.
B. S. Crawford, A. Z. Wagner, R. H. Rogers, } Trustees.

List of Letters.

Remaining in the Post Office at Buchanan, Wednesday, Dec. 26th, 1877.

Bender, Christie	Deam, Mrs.
Borst, Mary	Emmons, Ira
Coble, Eliza	Letts, Mary J.
Chichester, Ida	Rouse, Allen
Doing, James	Skemely, Wm.
Dunbar, Josiah	Sprague, Susana

This list is published free for the information of the readers of the RECORD, therefore there is no charge for delivery of letters advertised herein. Persons will, however, in claiming any of the above, call for "advertised letters."

L. P. ALEXANDER, P. M.

THE citizens of Niles met last Friday night and voted to raise $50,000, by bonding the city, for the purpose of purchasing grounds and erecting buildings for the use of the county, providing the people shall see fit to move the county seat to that place. They do not seem to expect to receive any benefit from the possession, for the county seat brings no trade to a town, but do all this simply for the better accommodation of the county at large. Wonderfully liberal fellows those.

TRUMAN FULLER was in town the other day and as usual got full of "budge," and while standing in front of Fansler's store, asleep, he toppled over, bringing a barrel of cranberries with him to the side-walk. The Marshal was called, and as Truman was past walking he was loaded into a wheelbarrow and given a free ride to the "city refrigerator." Amos says it was a heavy load.

THE latest specimen of human kindness and unselfishness was exhibited in Oak Street Chapel, Christmas eve, by the young lady of about twenty years, who took from her little sister of seven or eight years the orange she had received from the tree, and ate it. The natural conclusion is that the older one does not have oranges every day, and that she had received careful training during early life, in sisterly love and unselfishness.

THE Berrien Springs *Era* says it is "reported that South Bend offers to grade and tie for the C. W. & M. R. R. to the Michigan State line one way, and four miles toward Goshen the other. Encouraging reports are coming in from all quarters, and prospects for a railroad through Berrien Springs look better than ever before." If South Bend will do so much for a competing line of road, when she already has several, cannot Buchanan and Bertrand afford to prepare the way, similarly, as far as the village at least, and perhaps across the township?

THE Niles *Mirror* seems to rejoice in the election of L. P. Fox as Supervisor, because, it says, he will be in favor of submitting the question of the removal of the County Seat to the people. Yes, of course he will, when the people he represents asks him to do so. Mr. Fox is a railroad man in every sense of the word, and if you will talk a railroad to the County Seat, instead of County Seat to railroad, he will be with you. No one outside of Niles has ever asked the Board of Supervisors to submit the question of the removal of the County Seat to Niles, or anywhere else, and if they do there will yet be plenty of time to do so.

THIS week the names of about twenty D. B's. are clipped from our list. Our list is tolerably free from this kind of nuisance, and it is our aim to keep it entirely so. It costs considerable money to furnish these fellows a paper each week and we cannot afford to do it, and will not. We prefer a small list of subscribers who pay to a large one that does not.

WOOD CONTRACT. — The School Board of Union School District No. 1, village of Buchanan, will receive sealed proposals, up to Saturday noon, Jan. 5, for one hundred cords of beech or maple wood, to be body wood, sawed three feet long, and split suitable for furnace use, and delivered and corded in the Union School house shed, on or before the first day of April next. Please endorse on envelope "proposal for wood," and direct to undersigned.

L. P. ALEXANDER, Director.

BUCHANAN, Dec. 25, 1877. 46w2

THE Dowagiac Marble Co., and a Niles firm put up two fine monuments a year or two ago in the cemetery at Sumnerville. Last week some wretch stole the two urns from the top of the pillars. They would weigh 60 or 70 pounds each, and whoever did the deed is entitled to the champion belt as the meanest man on the footstool.—*Dowagiac Republican.*

This we confess to be a mean act, but not worse than was perpetrated in our cemetery, that of marring the surface of a beautiful monument, so as to destroy the beauty of the whole structure.

FOR FARMERS.—One of the neatest productions of the press, for the farmer, is the *Illustrated Annual Register of Rural Affairs*, a well prepared pamphlet of 150 pages, treating on all subjects directly interesting to the farmer, published by Luther Tucker & Son, publishers of the *Country Gentleman*, Albany, New York. Sent post paid to any address, for the small sum of 30 cents. Worth twice the sum asked for it.

No hotel yet, and yet no immediate prospect. What is the trouble? Is this town so dead that it cannot support a hotel of any kind? That is the story that is being told about us all over the country, and, in consequence, traveling men, transient doctors, and all other moving bodies, excepting tramps, shun this place as they would the small pox, and well they may. The idea of a live town of three thousand inhabitants, and with the business of this one, should be without a place for a man to stay at night or get a meal, should not be entertained for a moment.

ONE of the proud men of this place now is Homer Hathaway, and well may he be so. His eldest daughter, Ruth, has walked away with the prize in competition with those who were much older than herself, and farther advanced in study, besides being chosen for this duty from being first in her class, both in scholarship and deportment. The next younger daughter, Bertha, who has been in attendance in a lower department of the school, has received a card from her teacher, showing that during the last term she has been perfect in all her studies, in deportment and in attendance, and in the course of writing lessons, by Prof. Brown, she was awarded the diploma for greatest improvement.

PRIZE DECLAMATION.—Oak Street Church was filled to overflowing, last Friday evening, by people to listen to the prize declamations by representatives from the three classes in the High School, those having the highest standing in each class being chosen. There were two beautiful prizes: A fine volume, "People, Places and Things," for the gentlemen, which was awarded by the judges to Mr. Ed. Bartmess, and three volumes, "Tales from Foreign Tongues." This was awarded to Miss Ruth Hathaway, her exercise being pronounced the best. The exercises were all well delivered, and the task of the Judges was no easy one, the merit of the several exercises being so nearly equal and all so good.

LOVERS of the giddy dance were delightfully entertained at Grange Hall on Christmas night. About thirty couples were present, and under the influence of music furnished by Scidmore, Powers and Murphy, there were but few who could resist the temptation to actively participate in the festivities. Additional interest was aroused by competition for two handsome (?) chromos, offered as first and second prizes to the two dancers giving the best display of terpsichorean art. To inform the public who won the prizes, it is only necessary to say that Dr. Pierce and Geo. Fox were present; and the judges, Orin Wood and Dr. Van Riper, decided that the first and second prizes were won by them.

For a nice specimen of cutting the pigeon wing the "little doctor" can't be excelled. George, you are yet young, but we can predict a brilliant future for you. *

FROM GALIEN.

Dec. 27, 1877.

Deputy inspector of illuminating oils, C. O. Dibble, recently paid us a visit. One barrel was the extent of our crookedness.

Mr. Joseph Wax and Miss Mary Conant, both of Buchanan, Mich., were married at Redding House on Christmas. Justice Alex. Emory performed the ceremony.

Two cases of assault and battery were brought before Justice Emory yesterday. First on trial, Townsend vs. Robinson. Defendant fined six dollars and costs, amounting to $14.92. Then came Christian Beck vs. Miss Della Avery for assault upon his wife with a *feet* stick. Defendant fined one dollar and costs—$10.50.

Brakeman John Torris, on the way freight running from Niles to Michigan City, had his arm so badly crushed at Corympo, while coupling cars, that amputation near the shoulder was necessary. This is the same man who fell in the cattle guard at Three Oaks and narrowly escaped with his life, several cars passing over him.

TRAWS.

Tax Payer's Meeting.

Peak Hall, Niles, Mich.,
Dec. 21, 1877.

Pursuant to the resolution of the Common Council calling a citizens' meeting for consideration of the subject of authorizing the issuing of bonds for raising fifty thousand dollars, the citizens of said city met at Peak Hall and the meeting was called to order by J. H. Richardson, Recorder, and acting Mayor of the city of Niles, at seven o'clock p. m. On motion Wm. J. Gilbert was chosen Secretary of the meeting. On motion the meeting adjourned to the room directly underneath this Hall, where the meeting immediately proceeded with business. Col. D. Bacon, Hon. F. Muzzy, B. Frankenburg, Esq., and others were called out and addressed the meeting, after which the following resolution was unanimously adopted by the meeting:

Resolved, By the tax paying citizens of the city of Niles, in legal meeting assembled, that the Common Council of said city be and they are hereby authorized, to raise by a loan, on the faith and credit of the city, the sum of fifty thousand dollars; of which some ten thousand dollars is to be expended in the purchase of suitable grounds, to be donated to the county of Berrien for public use, and the remaining sum of forty thousand dollars to be donated to said county to be expended by the Board of Supervisors in the erection of public buildings on said grounds, on condition that the County Seat of said county be removed to the City of Niles; and the Common Council are hereby further authorized and empowered to issue the bonds of the City of Niles for the amount of such loan, in such forms as they may direct, bearing interest at a rate not exceeding seven per cent. per annum.

On motion the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

WHEREAS, The tax payers of the City of Niles have, at this meeting, authorized and empowered the Common Council of said city to issue bonds for the sum of fifty thousand dollars, upon the faith and credit of the city, to be donated to the county of Berrien, on condition that the County Seat shall be removed to said city. Now, therefore,

Resolved, That in case the County Seat of said County of Berrien be removed to said city, the Common Council are hereby directed to dispose of and sell said bonds, and to deposit the money authorized to be raised, by issue of said bonds, to the order of the Supervisors, according to the conditions of the resolution of the tax payers' meeting aforesaid, authorizing the issuing of said bonds.

On motion the Secretary was directed to send copy of the proceedings of this meeting to each paper in this county for publication.

On motion the meeting adjourned.

J. H. RICHARDSON,
Recorder and acting Mayor, Pres.
WILLIAM J. GILBERT, Sec.

FROM GALIEN.

Dec. 21, 1877.

ED. RECORD—*Dear Sir:* Our school is having one of the largest enrollments ever reached. Whole number enrolled 141. 70 in High School and 71 in Primary Department. Number in actual attendance in High School for the fourth month, 61. Average daily attendance 87.8. Number in Primary Department for the same time, 57. 82.2 the average daily attendance.

Thanking those who have aided us by their visits to the school, we remain

Yours truly,
J. S. PARDEE, Prin.

A STANDARD WORK.—"The Papacy and the Civil Power," by Hon. R. W. Thompson, Secretary of the Navy, is one of the best works treating of the subject of the intemperance of Roman Catholicism, in the civil government of all nations where it has been allowed a footing. The work is one that should be read by all lovers of free American government, and especially by those who hold the principal reins. The writer views the subject from a protestant standpoint, but with a cool and fair manner, furnishing proof for all statements made. The work is for sale by the publishers, Harper & Brothers, New York. Price, post paid, $3.00.

Twice in one night lately, the Marshal of Buchanan was called upon to allay family fights. In one case a white woman was pounded black by her husband. It would have been an act of humanity if the cowardly wretch had been strung up.—*Berrien Springs Era.*

Strange about that *white* woman being beaten black. Our version of of the matter is that she was born black. Try again, Fred.

LOCALS.

Something for the New Year.

The world renowned success of Hostetter's Bitters, and their continued popularity for a quarter of a century as a stomachic, is scarcely more wonderful than the welcome that greets the annual appearance of Hostetter's Almanac. This valuable medical treatise is published by Hostetter & Smith, Pittsburgh, Pa., under their own immediate supervision, employing 80 hands in that department. Ten cylinder printing presses, 8 folding machines, 5 job presses, &c., are running about eleven months in the year on this work, and the issue of the same for 1878 will not be less than ten millions, printed in the English, German, French, Welsh, Norwegian, Swedish, Holland, Bohemian and Spanish languages. Refer to a copy of it for valuable and interesting reading concerning health, and numerous testimonials as to the efficacy of Hostetter's Bitters, amusement, varied information, astronomical calculations and chronological items, &c., which can be depended on for correctness. The Almanac for 1878 can be obtained free of cost, from druggists and general country dealers in all parts of the country.

A large lot of new and very choice teas just received at the Grange store, from New York. Consumers will consult their interests by buying before the duty of 10 to 15 cents a pound imposed by Congress is enforced.

We wish you a Happy New Year, with a large stock of Boots and Shoes, Clothing, Hats, Caps, &c. We will give you a bargain for 60 days to close out our stock, to make room for spring goods. Call and see for yourself.

Respectfully yours.
L. P. & G. W. FOX.

COME IN, COME IN, COME IN, at High's.

Noble will make still greater reductions in Boots, Shoes, Clothing, Hats, Caps and furnishing goods, till Jan. 1st. Now is the time to get these goods cheap. Give him a call and all will be happy.

Go to LaPierre & Brown's, Niles, Mich., for Watches, Silver tea sets, Castors, Cake Baskets, Card Receivers, &c. 43w4

Noble has just received a new lot of Overcoats which he *will sell lower than ever before.*

Come in and buy that present of High.

WE sell all kinds of Holiday Goods at T. M. Fulton & Co's.

For instruction in instrumental music, either piano or organ, apply to Miss Cora Plimpton, Buchanan, Michigan. 41w8

LaPierre & Brown, Niles, Mich., keep first-class Watches, Jewelry, Silver ware, &c., at low prices, for cash. 43w4

Call at the Grange store and see the only oil can that will not leak. All glass. Something new and desirable.

Elegant Styles of Basket and Plain Beaver Cloak's, DIRECT from Eastern Manufacturers, just received, at

T. M. FULTON CO.

B. F. Warren, of Defiance, Ohio, has been appointed managing agent for the sale of the Nursery Stock belonging to C. S. Black of Buchanan. This stock is first-class, and will be sold at prices which defy competition. Parties wishing trees for spring planting will do well to call on the agent, or at least reserve their orders until such time as an opportunity may be offered them to examine the prices of this superior stock of fruit and ornamental trees.

NOTICE.—All persons knowing themselves to be indebted to Spencer & Barnes are requested to call and settle, either by note or cash, before January 1st, without fail.

FLANNELS, Blankets, Yarns and all kinds of Woolen Goods AT COST to close out our stock.

T. M. FULTON & CO.

MUST BE SOLD, those nice articles for presents, at High's.

CALL and see our stock of Holiday Goods cheaper, than the cheapest, at T. M. Fulton & Co's.

GO, GO, GO, GO, GO to High's for HOLIDAY GOODS. Largest stock and lowest prices.

Congress has imposed a duty of 3 cents a pound on coffee, to take effect the 20th of January. Come and see the *choice* Rio sold at the Grange store for 25 cents.

A New Year's Gift from High's will be sure to please your friend.

"Broadhead Alpaca" in handsome shades for ladies' suiting, and can be worn in a rain or washed, and will not draw up or shrink. "Warranted." To be found only at HIGH'S.

Lamps! Lamps! Lamps! at S. & W. W. Smith's.

Two hundred Lumber Wagons, best make and finish, for $50 each, at Day & Rough's Buchanan Wagon Factory. For sale by J. J. VAN RIPER,
Receiver.

HOLIDAY GOODS on sale, commencing Friday with a large line of all kinds of fancy goods. Everybody come in, at Highs.

BARGAINS! BARGAINS in all kind of winter goods at T. M. Fulton & Co.

Do not fail to examine LaPierre & Brown's Holiday Goods before you make your purchase. 43w4

TWO HUNDRED LUMBER WAGONS.—Go and see the Lumber Wagons at the Buchanan Wagon Factory, at $50 each. No better material or make in the West. No wagon that can equal it for $50.

J. J. VAN RIPER,
Receiver for Day & Rough.

Dodd's Drug Store.

A Gentle Hint.

In our style of climate, with its sudden changes of temperature,—rain, wind and sunshine often intermingled in a single day,—it is no wonder that our children, friends and relatives are so frequently taken from us by neglected colds, half the deaths resulting directly from this cause. A bottle of Boschee's German Syrup kept about your home for immediate use will prevent serious sickness, a large doctor's bill, and perhaps death, by the use of three or four doses. For curing Consumption, Hemorrhages, Pheumonia, Severe Coughs, Croup or any disease of the Throat or Lungs, its success is simply wonderful, as your druggist will tell you. German Syrup is now sold in every town and village on this continent. Sample bottles for trial, 10c.; regular size, 75c.

LaPierre & Brown have a fine assortment of Holiday Presents. 70 Main St., Niles, Mich. 43w4

PATRONS' BENEVOLENT AID SOCIETY of Wisconsin. Grange Life Insurance. One of the best institutions of the Grange. Insures for $2.000 at actual cost. Special low rates until Jan. 1st, 1878. Information furnished, blanks supplied, and applications for membership received by Daniel Holmes, authorized agent for Berrien county and Secretary of Dayton Grange, Dayton, Mich. Jan1

MISS: A word in your ear. The next fine afternoon that you saunter out, buy a box of GLEN'S SULPHUR SOAP. That admirable purifier will remove every one of those pimples which detract so much from your beauty. Sold by all Druggists.

There is Youth in every bottle of HILLS HAIR DYE.

Go to the drug store of A. F. White and purchase a bottle of the Great English Remedy if you are suffering with sore throat, cough, cold or asthma. The benefit received from a 50c bottle will astonish you. Nothing like it.

Chronic Diseases.

Persons afflicted with any form of chronic diseases or weakness should read the advertisement of Dr. Bruce in another column of this paper, which will inform them what he treats and cures, and of the equitable plan on which he does business. 37y1

Free of Cost.

Any one purchasing a bottle of the Great English Remedy, for coughs, colds, sore throat, asthma, &c., if not fully satisfied of its wonderful virtue after using one-forth of the contents of a 50c bottle, I will cheerfully refund the full price paid for it, upon a return of the bottle and the balance of contents. A. F. White, Druggist.

One of our ministers claimed the other day that for bronchitis or ministers' sore throat the Great English Remedy was just the medicine.

It Has Stood the Test.

If you doubt the wonderful success of SHILOH'S CONSUMPTION CURE, give it a trial; then if you are not perfectly satisfied, return the bottle and we will refund the price paid. It has established the fact that Consumption can be cured, while for Coughs, Hoarseness, Asthma, Whooping Cough, and all Lung or Throat troubles, there is nothing like it for a quick and positive cure, and it seldom fails. 10 cents, 50 cents, and $1.00 per bottle. If your Lungs are sore, or Chest or Back lame, use SHILOH'S POROUS PLASTER, Price 25 cents. Sold by J. H. Roe & Co.

DR. SHILOH'S SYSTEM VITALIZER is no doubt the most successful cure for Dyspepsia and Liver Complaint we have ever known, otherwise we could not guarantee it. In cases of Consumption, where General Debility, Loss of Appetite and Constipation exist, it will restore and regulate the system, while SHILOH'S CURE allays the inflamation and heals the lungs. Price 75 cents. Sold by J. H. Roe & Co.

HACKMETACK, a rich and fragrant perfume. Sold by J. H. Roe & Co.

For Kansas and Colorado

take the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe Railroad, extending from Kansas City and Atchison, on the Missouri river, *via* Topeka, the capitol of Kansas, through the fertile Arkansas Valley, to Pueblo, where direct connection is made with the Denver & Rio Grande Railway for Colorado Springs, Manitou, Denver, Canon City and all points of note on the Denver & Rio Grande. The track is excelled by that of no road in the West, and the passenger equipment embraces all the modern improvements for comfort and safety. Through express trains leave union depots, Kansas City and Atchison, daily, on the arrival of trains from the East, and run through to the Rocky Mountains, with Pullman sleeping Cars attached. For maps, circulars and detailed information send to

T. J. ANDERSON.
General Pass. Agt., Topeka, Kan.

Nervous Debility.

VITAL WEAKNESS OR DEPRESSION; a weak exhausted feeling, no energy or courage; the result of MENTAL OVER-WORK, INDISCRETIONS OR EXCESSES, or some drain upon the system, is always cured by HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPATHIC SPECIFIC No. 28. It tones up and invigorates the system, dispels the gloom and despondency, imparts strength and energy,—stops the drain and rejuvenates the entire man. Been used twenty years with perfect success by thousands. Sold by dealers. Price, $1.00 per single vial, or $5.00 per package of five vials, and $2.00 vial of powder. Sent by mail on receipt of price. Address HUMPHREY'S HOMEOPITHIC MEDICINE COMPANY, 109 FULTON ST., NEW YORK. 13y1

Astonishing Success.

It is the duty of every person who has used BOSCHEE'S GERMAN SYRUP to let its wonderful qualities be known to their friends in curing Consumption, severe Coughs, Croup, Asthma, Pneumonia, and in fact all throat and lung diseases. No person can use it without immediate relief. Three doses will relieve any case, and we consider it the duty of all Druggists to recommend it to the poor dying consumptive, at least to try one bottle, as 40,000 dozen bottles were sold last year, and no one case where it failed was reported. Such a medicine as the GERMAN SYRUP cannot be too widely known. Ask your Druggist about it. Sample Bottles to try sold at 10 cents. Regular size 75 cents. For sale by J. H. Roe & Co.

Administrator's Sale.

IN the matter of the estate of John DeArmond, deceased.—By virtue of an order of sale of the Probate Court of Berrien County, made the twenty-fourth day of December, A. D. 1877, to me the undersigned directed, I do hereby give notice that in pursuance of said order of sale, I will sell on

Saturday, the 9th day of February,

A. D. 1878, at public vendue, at ten o'clock in the forenoon of said day, in front of B. F. Needham's hotel, in the Village of Dayton, in the township of Bertrand and County of Berrien, the following property and premises, as follows: The south half of the South-east quarter of section eighteen, 18, town eight, 8, south range eighteen, 18, west, in the township of Bertrand; also, the east half of the northeast quarter of section thirteen, 13, town eight, 8, south, range nineteen, 19, west, in the township of Galien; also, lot in the village of Dayton now occupied by B. F. Needham, in said township of Bertrand. Also, at two o'clock in the afternoon of said day, in front of the First National Bank of Buchanan, in the Village of Buchanan, lots numbered thirty-two, 32, thirty-three, 33, and the south half of lot thirty one, 31, in Hamilton's plat of the Village of Buchanan; all of said lands lying and being in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan. Terms made known on the day of sale.

GEORGE H. RICHARDS,
Administrator of the estate of John DeArmond, deceased. 46w7

Administrator's Sale.

BY virtue of a license to me granted by the Probate Court of Berrien County and State of Michigan, on the tenth day of December, 1877, I will sell on Saturday, the 2nd day of February, 1878, at one o'clock P. M., in front of the Tremont House, in the Village of Buchanan, in said County, the following described real estate belonging to the estate of Stephen D. Dunn, late of Berrien County, deceased, to-wit: Commencing at the north-west corner of Front and Oak streets, in the Village of Buchanan, County of Berrien and State of Michigan, and at the south-east corner of the property known as the Tremont House property, thence west along the north side of Front street forty-five, 45, feet, thence north five, 5, rods, thence east forty-five, 45, feet to west side of Oak street, thence south along west side of Oak street five, 5, rods to place of beginning. Also the following described piece or parcel of land described as all the land lying between the west end of First street, in A. C. Day's addition to said Village, and the mill race, except a strip ten, 10, feet wide along and adjoining said mill race, also excepting a strip twelve, 12, feet wide, adjoining said west end of said First street laid out for an alley. Terms will be made known on day of sale.

DAVID E. HINMAN,
Administrator *de bonis non* of the estate of said Stephen D. Dunn, deceased.
Dated Dec. 19, 1877.

Farm and Household.

Bran Good Food for Hogs.

Bran will do your hogs no harm either wet or dry, but as millers, with the improved machinery, now sift it, the bran fed alone is not relished by hogs, unless forced to it from hunger. Bran, when mixed with shorts, ground rye, barley, or corn in proper consistancy to make it relishable and digestible, becomes one of the most valuable foods for hogs. In fact, it contains properties not possessed by corn to a sufficient extent to supply the animal nature, and for this reason the bran is too valuable to be wasted or fed carelessly. If farmers would prepare a portion of the daily food for their hogs, composed of two parts of wheat bran and one part of some richer and more delicious food in addition to the corn during fattening time, they would reap results they never dreamed of. Much of the disease among hogs comes from the lack of this thoughtful care. The bran builds up the bone and the muscular system, keeps the bowels regular, and tends to promote a normal and healthful growth in the animals. If no better facilites are at hand the food may be prepared in a large barrel each morning and fed in the evening. With a few gallons of hot water in the bottom of the barrel, and a portion of the mess stirred in first, the whole will become sufficiently warmed to start fermentation enough to sweeten and make it relishable, and prevent freezing, if the barrel is covered over with a thick cloth. Mix in about the amount of salt necessary to supply the wants of the hogs. Breeders and feeders of swine do not think enough of these things in caring for them. These attentions require some trouble, but the pay is much better, as a rule, than that from the hard knocks of the routine work on a farm.—*Western Rural.*

Food for Fowls.

A writer in the *New York Herald* says: If hens are rightly cared for they should pay from 200 to 300 per cent profit as layers. They must not be stinted as to space, nor too many kept together. If confined allow at least a square yard to each fowl. Imitate as closely as possible the condition of the hen in summer and supply by artificial means the wants which nature supplies in warm weather and hens will lay in winter. Let the floor of the hen house be of dry earth, with a box of dirt and ashes for their quarters cleaned by removing their droppings at least three times a week.—Give free ventilation. Suppose your hens to be in good condition and health when they commenced lying, give them the proper food to keep them so.—Buckwheat and wheat are the best grains, although for variety other grains must be given. Give cooked feed in various ways every day. Mush is excellent, as is also fresh meat and scraps from the kitchen. Two or three times a week give fresh bones and ground bones, with gravel and and broken oysters shells, always within reach. Apples, cabbage,—turnips and onions, raw or cooked, will be relished. The later in life a pullet commences to lay the longer she will continue to lay, and the greater will be the uniformity in the size of her eggs. A good Houden hen will average from 100 to 150 eggs a year; but to average that, a flock must have good care. Thick sour milk or buttermilk is an excellent article of diet through the heated season. The—Houdans are very prolific and will stand a great deal of cold, but must be kept dry. The Plymoth Rocks are almost constant layers and bear confinement well. Their eggs are large and very even in size. Although their frame is not so large as the Brahmas they are more plump and fatten readily.

The Langshans.

Says the *American Agriculturalist*:—Some time ago we introduced to the notice of our readers the Langshan, a variety of fowls that had been recently imported into England from a part of the Chinese Empire. Since then, further experience with these fowls has given them a favorable reputation, and we see it noticed in the English papers that they are proving to be very early layers and excellent table fowls. A correspondent of the London *Live Stock Journal* reports, that he had eggs from pullets only 4½ months old, which is remarkable, even with the most precocious specimens of the breeds noted for early laying. An importation of these fowls has been made by Mr. Edward A. Samuels, of Waltham, Mass., and if the reputation they have made in England is maintained in this country, we expect them to become very popular.

TO RENOVATE BLACK CLOTH.—Clean the cloth from grease and dirt with the following mixture, thoroughly dissolved: Aqua ammonia, two ounces; soft water, one quart; saltpetre, one teaspoonful; shaving soap in shavings, one ounce. Then when dry make a strong decoction of logwood by boiling the extract in a gallon of soft water strain, and when cool add two ounces of pulverized gum arabic; apply evenly with a sponge over the surface, and hang in the shade; when thoroughly dry, brush the nap of the cloth down smooth, and it will look as good as new. Keep the liquid tightly corked in a bottle.—*Christian Advocate.*

THE extra price received for a superior article is nearly all profit. And this is especially true of the farm. It costs no more to raise a good horse than a poor scrub. No more feed, time or care is needed. And if the plug horse can be raised so as to pay expenses, there is a fine profit in raising first-class horses. The same is the case with neat cattle. In fact it costs more per pound to raise such a steer as would sell for three cents per pound than one which sells for six cents per pound. In this case there are nearly double the number of pounds, and double the price per pound, and yet the choice steer takes no more food or care than the other. In this case not only the extra price is the profit but the extra weight also.—*Iowa State Register.*

The Great Shoshonees Remedy and Pills.

The success that these medicines have met with since their introduction to the public some years ago, proves plainly to the most skeptical that they are medicines that perform what they are advertised to do. The virtues of these medicines have been well tested, and have withstood their trial in a most satisfactory manner. For diseases of the Blood, Liver, Lungs, &c., they are unsurpassed. We have testimonials of miraculous cures of these diseases, and of many others. If any one is afflicted, let him try a bottle of the Remedy and a box of Pills. No injurious effects will follow their use to the most delicate person, as they are purely vegetable, there being no mineral matter in them. The cost is small, while the advantages derived from their use will duly repay you for your expense and trouble.

Try these great remedies, and be convinced that they are no humbug. No one who has tried the Shoshonees Pills has ever pronounced an unfavorable opinion of them; no family where they have been used will be without them. Full information may be had on all particulars touching the use, and the experience of those who have used them, by securing the Treaties or Circular from your druggist Free. Price of the Remedy in pint bottles, $1; Pills, 35 cents a box.

Prepared by FOSTER, MILBURN & CO., Buffalo, N. Y. Sold by F. A. White, Buchanan.

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured by an indenture of Mortgage, bearing date the fifth day of November, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, made and executed by Rustin C. Brewer and Henrietta A. Brewer his wife, of Berrien County, Michigan, to Elijah Myrick, Trustee of the Society of Shakers, of Ayer, in the State of Massachusetts, and recorder in the office of the Register of Deeds, of said County of Berrien, on the 8th day of November A. D. 1875, in Liber 15 of Mortgages, on page 220, on which said Mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand ninety-two and 8-100 ($1,092.08) dollars, and no suit at law or proceedings in equity having been instituted to recover the sum or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and now become operative and in pursuance of the satute in such case made and provided, the land described in said Mortgage, to-wit: The north half of the south-east quarter of section twelve (12) also the south-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section twelve, 12, containing one hundred and twenty, 120, acres more or less, all in township seven, 7, south of range twenty, 20, west, also the north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section twelve, 12, in township seven, 7, south of range twenty, 20, west, also the west twenty-five, 25, acres of the north-west fractional quarter of section seven, 7, in township seven, 7, south of range nineteen, 19, west, excepting from the two last above described pieces the following described pieces of land being the same as deeded by Charles H. Bostwick and wife to Jennie Pierce, commencing twenty-five, 25, rods east of the north-west corner of section seven, 7, in township seven, 7, south of range nineteen, 19, west, thence south fifty-seven, 57, rods thence west twenty-five, 25, rods thence north fifty-seven, 57, rods, to section corner, thence east to place of beginning; also commencing at the north-east corner of section twelve, in township seven, 7, south of range twenty, 20, west, thence west forty-five and one-quarter, 45 1-4, rods, thence south fifty-seven, 57, rods thence east forty-five and one-quarter, 45 1-4, rods to range line, thence north fifty-seven, 57, rods to the place of beginning, containing of both pieces of land so excepted 25 acres, also not excepted, the north-west fractional quarter of the south-west fractional quarter of section seven, 7, township seven, 7, south of range nineteen, 19, west, containing thirty-four 34, acres, more or less, in the County of Berrien, State of Michigan, will be sold at public auction or vendue, at the front door of the Court House, in the Village of Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 8th day of February A. D. 1878

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said Mortgage, together with the costs and charges of said foreclosure and sale, and also an Attorney fee therein provided for.

ELIJAH MYRICK, Trustee, Mortgagee.
E. BALLENGEE, Att'y for Mortgage.
Dated, Nov. 13, 1877.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by a certain indenture of Mortgage bearing date the seventeenth day of July, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-one, made and executed by Rustin C. Brewer and Henrietta A. Brewer, his wife, of the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, to Simeon T. Atherton, Trustee of the Society of Shakers of Ayer, in the State of Massachusetts, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County, on the 19th day of July, A. D. 1871, in Liber No. 3 of Mortgages, on page 532, on which said Mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid, at the date of this notice, the sum of one thousand one hundred and thirty-seven dollars and eighty-eight cents [$1,137.88] and no suit at law or proceedings in equity having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given, that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage and now become operative, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the land described in said Mortgage, to-wit: The north-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section twelve, 12, towship seven, 7, south of range twenty, 20, west; also the west twenty-five, 25, acres of the north-west fractional quarter of section seven, 7, in township seven, 7, south of range nineteen, 19, west, excepting from the above mentioned descriptions the following described lands to-wit: commencing twenty-five, 25, rods east of the north west corner of said section seven, 7, in town seven, 7, south of range nineteen, 19, west; thence south fifty seven, 57, rods, thence west twenty-five, 25, rods, thence north fifty-seven, 57, rods to section corner, thence east to the place of beginning; also commencing at the north-east corner of section twelve, 12, in township seven, 7, south of range twenty, 20, west; thence west fifty-three and one-quarter, 53¼, rods, thence south fifty-seven, 57, rods, thence east fifty-three and one-quarter, 53¼, rods to range line, between ranges nineteen and twenty, 19 & 20, thence north fifty-seven, 57, rods to the place of beginning, and containing of both pieces so excepted twenty-five, 25, acres of land. Also not excepted, the north-west fractional quarter of the south-west fractional quarter of section seven, 7, in township seven, 7, south of range nineteen, 19, west; also the north half of the south east quarter of section twelve, 12, in township seven, 7, south of range twenty, 20 west; also the south-east quarter of the north-east quarter of section twelve, 12, in township seven, 7, south of range twenty, 20, west, all in the county of Berrien and State of Michigan, will be sold at public auction or vendue, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 15th day of February, 1878,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said Mortgage, together with the costs and charges of said foreclosure and sale, and also an attorney fee therein provided for.

SIMEON T. ATHERTON, Trustee, Mortgagee.
E. BALLENGEE, Att'y for Mortgagee.
Dated Nov. 21, 1877. 41-1

MORTGAGE SALE.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by a certain indenture of Mortgage bearing date the 7th day of June, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and sixty, made and executed by Rustin C. Brewer and Henrietta A. Brewer, his wife of the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, to Elijah Myrick, Trustee of the Society of Shakers, and his successor in office, of Harvard, Worcester County and State of Massachusetts, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of said County, on the ninth day of June, A. D. 1870, in Liber Z of Mortgages, on page 519, on which said Mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this notice the sum of one thousand eight hundred and forty-four and 10-100 dollars ($1,844.10), and no suit at law or proceedings in equity having been instituted to recover the same or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage and now become operative, and in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided, the land described in said Mortgage, to-wit: The southeast quarter of section twelve (12) in township number seven (7) south of range twenty (20) west. Also the southeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twelve (12) in township seven (7) south of range twenty (20) west. Also the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section twelve (12) in township seven (7) south of range twenty (20) west. Also the west twenty-five acres of the north-west fractional quarter of section seven (7) in township seven (7) south of range nineteen (19) west, excepting from the above described descriptions the following described lands, being the same sold by Charles H. Bostwick and wife to Jennie Pierce: Commencing twenty-five (25) rods east of the north-west corner of section seven (7) in township seven (7) south of range nineteen (19) west, thence south fifty-seven (57) rods, thence west twenty-five rods, thence north fifty-seven (57) rods to section corner, thence east to the place of beginning. Also commencing at the north-east corner of section twelve (12) in township seven (7) south of range twenty (20) west; thence west fifty-three and one-fourth (53¼) rods, thence south fifty-seven (57) rods, thence east fifty-three and one-quarter (53¼) rods to range line between ranges nineteen and twenty (19 & 20), thence north fifty-seven (57) rods to the place of beginning, and containing in both pieces of land so excepted twenty-five (25) acres. Also, not excepted, the northwest fractional quarter of the southwest fractional quarter of section seven (7) in township seven (7) south of range nineteen (19) west, and containing thirty-four (34) acres, it being the north half of the west fractional half of the southwest quarter of said section seven (7), according to the United States survey thereof, containing in all two hundred acres of land more or less, in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, will be sold at public auction or vendue at the front door of the Court House, at Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 23d day of February, A. D. 1878,

at eleven o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said Mortgage, together with the costs and charges of such foreclosure, and also an attorney fee therein provided for.

ELIJAH MYRICK,
Trustee of the Society of the Shakers, Mortgagee.
E. BALLENGEE, Att'y for Mortgagee.
Dated November 29, 1877. 42w13

SHERIFF'S SALE.

STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien, ss.—By virtue of a writ of *Fieri Facias*, issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Berrien and State of Michigan to me directed and delivered against the goods and chattles, lands and tenements of Rufus W. Landon, I did, on the seventeenth day of September, A. D. 1877, levy upon the following described real estate lying and being in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, to-wit: Lots number seventeen (17) and eighteen (18), (except the south five (5) rods) in E. Lacy's addition to the village (now city) of Niles. Also lots sixty-three (63), sixty-five (65) and sixty-six (66) in H. B. Hoffman's addition to Niles. Also lots thirty-one (31) and thirty-two (32) in Bort's addition to Niles. Also the south half (½) of lots four (4) and five (5) in George W. Hoffman's subdivision of lot sixty-one (61) Justice's plat, situated in the village, (now city) of Niles, Berrien County, Michigan, which property I shall sell at public auction, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Berrien Springs, in said county of Berrien, on the 27th day of January, A. D. 1878 at one o'clock in the afternoon of said day.

RICHARD A. DeMONT, Sheriff.
Dated September 18, A. D. 1877.
J. J. VAN RIPER, Plaintiff's Atty. 44w7

R. A. Beal informed the Cassopolis people of his view of University Rose-Douglas case, last week.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by an indenture of Mortgage made and executed by Jacob Platts and Rebecca Platts, his wife, of Berrien County and State of Michigan, of the first part, to Calvin Dodds, of the same county and State aforesaid, of the second part, and bearing date the 11th day of September, in the year of our Lord one thousand eight hundred and seventy-six, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Berrien, in said State, on the 13th day of September, A. D. 1876, at 8½ o'clock A. M., in Liber 12 of Mortgages, on page 373, on which said Mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this foreclosure the sum of one hundred sixty-seven dollars and nine cents, and no suit at law or proceedings in equity having been instituted to recover said sum or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and now become operative, and in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided, the land described in said Mortgage, situate in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, to wit: The east half of the south half of the west half of the south east quarter of the south-west quarter of section twelve [12] in town eight [8] south of range nineteen [19] west, containing five acres, will be sold at public auction, or vendue, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 25th day of January, A. D. 1878,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said Mortgage, together with the costs of such foreclosure and sale, and attorney fee provided for in said Mortgage.

Dated November 1st, 1877.
CALVIN DODDS, Mortgagee.
VAN RIPER & HINMAN, Att'ys for Mortgagee.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by an indenture of Mortgage made and executed by Josiah Britton and Delia Britton, his wife, of the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, of the first part, to David Rough of the County and State aforesaid, of the second part, and bearing date the 6th day of August, one thousand eight hundred and seventy-five, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of the County of Berrien, in said State, on the 31st day of August, A. D. 1875, at 1 o'clock P. M., in Liber No. 11 of Mortgages, on page 513, on which said Mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this foreclosure the sum of two hundred fifteen and 18-100 dollars ($215.18) and no suit at law or proceedings in equity have been instituted to recover said sum or any part thereof: Therefore, notice is hereby given, that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said Mortgage, now become operative, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the land described in said Mortgage, to-wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Berrien, and State of Michigan, and known as the south part of the west half (½) of the south-west quarter (¼) of section three (3) township eight (8) south of range nineteen [19] west, with the exception of forty [40] square rods used and occupied as a burying ground, will be sold at public auction or vendue at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 15th day of February, A. D. 1878,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said Mortgage, together with the cost of such foreclosure and sale, and also an attorney fee provided for in said Mortgage.

Dated Nov. 22, 1877.
WILLIAM R. ROUGH
SOLOMON ROUGH and
GEORGE H. ROUGH,
Executors of said David Rough, Mortgagee, late of Berrien County, deceased.
VAN RIPER & HINMAN, Att'ys for said Executors.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by an indenture of Mortgage, made and executed by George N. Cottrell and Amy C. Cottrell, his wife, of Berrien County, State of Michigan, of the first part, to David Rough, of the same place, and bearing date the fourteenth day of November, A. D., 1868, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Berrien, in said State, on the 30th day of November, A. D., 1868, at 10½ o'clock in the forenoon, in Liber X of Mortgages, on page 50, on which said Mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this foreclosure the sum of two hundred and sixteen dollars and forty-nine cents, [$216.49] and no suit at law or proceedings in equity having been instituted to recover said sum or any part thereof; Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and now become operative, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the lands described in said Mortgage, situate in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, to-wit: Beginning at the north-west corner of Block "B" in DeMont's addition, to the Village of Buchanan, thence running south ten [10] rods and seven and one-half [7½] feet, thence east ten [10] rods, thence north ten [10] rods and seven and one-half [7½] feet, thence west to place of beginning, will be sold at public auction or vendue, at the front door of the Court House in the Village of Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 18th day of January, A. D., 1878,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said Mortgage, together with the costs of such foreclosure and sale, with the attorney fee provided for in said Mortgage.

Dated October 25th, 1877.
WILLIAM R. ROUGH,
SOLOMON ROUGH, and
GEORGE H. ROUGH,
Executors of David Rough, Mortgagee, late of Berrien County, deceased.
VAN RIPER & HINMAN, Att'ys for said Executors.

Mortgage Sale.

DEFAULT having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by an indenture of Mortgage, made and executed by Jonathan W. Fancher and Margaret C. Fancher, his wife, of the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, of the first part, to William R. Rough, County and State aforesaid, and bearing date the 15th day of April, in the year A. D., 1876, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, in the County of Berrien, in said State, on the 10th day of July, A. D., 1876, at 3 o'clock P. M., in Liber 12 of Mortgages, on page 362, on which said Mortgage there is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this foreclosure the sum of forty-two dollars and sixty-eight cents, ($42.68), and no suit at law or proceedings in equity having been instituted to recover said sum or any part thereof: Notice is therefore hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said Mortgage, and now become operative, and in pursuance of the statute in such case made and provided, the lands described in said Mortgage, situate in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, commencing fourteen rods east of the north-west corner of the north-east quarter of the south-east quarter of section twenty-six [26], town seven [7] south range eighteen [18] west; thence running east fourteen and thirty-six one hundredths rods to the middle of the Buchanan and Berrien road, thence south ninety and three quarter degrees east, thirty-four and eighty-two one hundredths rods, thence west twenty-four and ninety-one one hundredths rods, thence north thirty-two and eighty-one one hundredths rods, to the place of beginning, will be sold at public auction or vendue, at the front door of the Court House, in the Village of Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 18th day of January, A. D., 1878,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon, to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said Mortgage, together with the costs of foreclosure and sale and the attorney fee provided for in said Mortgage.

Dated October 25, 1877.
WILLIAM R. ROUGH, Mortgagee.
VAN RIPER & HINMAN, Attorneys for Mortgagee.

ADMINISTRATRIX SALE.

BY virtue of an order of the Probate Court of Berrien County, made the 24th day of September, 1877, to me directed, I hereby give notice that I will sell on Saturday, the 19th day of January, 1878, at public vendue, in front of H. J. Howe's store, in the village of Buchanan in said county, the following described property lately owned by Abram Hoag, deceased, and situated in Berrien County, to-wit: Lots number four (4) and five (5) in Block H, Andrew C. Day's addition to the village of Buchanan. Also, all that piece of land lying between lots number four and five, in Block H, in Andrew C. Day's addition to the village of Buchanan and the north line of the Michigan Central railroad lands. Also a strip of land lying on the east side of lot five before described, bounded on the north by a village lot formerly owned by Marsh, and on the east by Mrs. Harrison's lot, and extending to the north line of the Michigan Central railroad lands. Also, the north-east quarter of the north-west quarter of section sixteen (16) in town eight (8) south of range eighteen (18) west, containing forty (40) acres more or less. Terms made known on day of sale.

REBECCA J. HOAG,
Administratrix of the estate of Abram Hoag, deceased.
Dated Dec. 5th, 1877. 48-49

Mortgage Sale.

Default having been made in the payment of a certain sum of money secured to be paid by an indenture of mortgage made and executed by Mary Jane Mangas, of the County of Berrien, and State of Michigan, of the first part, and Abram Hoag, of the County and State aforesaid, of the second part, and bearing date the twelfth day of September, in the year of our Lord, one thousand, eight hundred and seventy-two, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Berrien, in said State, on the 26th day of September, A. D. 1872, at 9½ o'clock, A. M., in Liber No. 5 of mortgages, on page 540, which said mortgage was by Rebecca Jane Hoag, Administratrix of the Estate of said Abram Hoag, deceased, duly assigned, September 12th, A. D. 1877, to William R. Rough, of the same County and State, and recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds, of the County of Berrien, in said State, on the 18th day of September, A. D., 1877, at 3 o'clock P. M., in Liber No. 17 of mortgages, on page 280, on which said mortgage is claimed to be due and unpaid at the date of this foreclosure the sum of three hundred and twenty and 34-100 [$320.34] dollars and no suit at law or proceedings in equity have been instituted to recover said sum or any part thereof, notice is hereby given that by virtue of a power of sale contained in said mortgage, and now become operative, and in pursuance of the Statute in such case made and provided, the land described in said mortgage, to wit: All that certain piece or parcel of land situated in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, and known as a part of the south-east fraction of the south-west fractional quarter of section number thirteen, [13] in township seven, [7] south of range eighteen, [18] west, and bounded as follows, to wit: beginning twenty-eight [28] rods west of the south-west corner of the south-east quarter of section thirteen, [13] town seven, [7] south of range eighteen, [18] west, on the section line, thence north eighty [80] rods to Halleck's south line, thence west to the Saint Joseph river, thence up the east bank of the Saint Joseph river to the lands owned by Barnhouse, thence south along Barnhouse's east line to the section line, thence east along said section line to the place of beginning, and containing eighteen and 5-100 acres, more or less, will be sold at public auction or vendue, at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Berrien Springs, in said County of Berrien,

On the 18th Day of January, A. D., 1878,

at 11 o'clock in the forenoon of said day to satisfy the amount which shall then be due on said mortgage, together with the cost of such foreclosure and sale, and also an attorney fee provided for in aid mortgage.

WILLIAM R. ROUGH, Assignee.
VAN RIPER & HINMAN, Attorneys for Assignee.
Dated Oct. 25th, 1877.

Chancery Sale.

BY virtue of a decree made in the Circuit Court for the county of Berrien in Chancery, which decree bears date the 19th day of November, A. D., 1877, wherein Andrew C. Day and Solomon Rough are complainants and The Buchanan Wagon Manufacturing Company are defendents, I shall sell at public auction to the highest bidder,

On the 21st Day of January, A. D., 1878,

at 12 o'clock noon of said day at the front door of the Court House, in the village of Berrien Springs in said county of Berrien, the premises described as follows: All those certain peices or parcels of land situated in the village of Buchanan in the county of Berrien and state of Michigan, described as the north ten feet in width by eight, 8, rods in length of the west eight, 8, rods of lot number seven, 7; also the west eight, 8, rods of lots number eight, 8, and nine, 9; also lots number ten, 10, and eleven, 11, all being in John Hamilton's plat of said village of Buchanan; also the right for all time to come to use the east two rods lying directly east of the north eight, 8, rods of lot number nine, 9, for the purpose of a wagon road and a means of access to the before mentioned lots of land.

Dated Nov. 26th, 1877.
JAMES A. KELLOGG, Circuit Court Commissioner for Berrien County, Mich.
J. J. VAN RIPER, Sol. for Compl'ts. 48-49w11

Miscellaneous.

THE LAWYER IN THE EDITOR'S BED.

I slept in an editor's bed last night,
When no editor chanced to be nigh,
And I thought as I tumbled the editor's bed,
How easily editors lie!—*Exchange.*

If the lawyer slept in the editor's bed
When no editor chanced to be nigh,
And thought as above, he has naivley said,
How easily editors lie,
He must then admit, as he lay on that bed
And slept to his heart's desire,
Whate'er he may say of the editor's bed,
'Twas the lawyer himself was the liar.
—*New Orleans Bulletin.*

Country Schools.

During the winter months in rural districts, many children who have been kept employed on the farm throughout the busy season will have an oportunity to attend school. It is the duty of parents to see that this oportunity is not neglected. It is acknowledged on all hands that the great need of the agricultural community at the present day is a higher and more general education, and no chance of attaining this should be suffered to pass unimproved. Not only should all the children, therefore, in every neighborhood attend school whenever possible, but care should be taken that nothing should be done to prevent them from deriving the greatest measure of benefit from their attendance. The selection of competent teachers and the preservation of their legitimate authority, and influence are essential to this end.

The school hours in the country are generally somewhat longer than in cities, yet in the latter many skillful physicians advocate their curtailment. Country school houses, however, have a decided advantage over those in most of our cities, in that they are, as a rule, better ventilated and less crowded. Moreover, the open fields and unpoluted air afford abundant opportunities for healthy exercises, denied to those whose lot has been cast amid brick and mortar. It is important, however, that this exercise should not take the shape of imposed chores after school hours. If parents only reflected on their own juvenile days and on the discontent and repugnance to which such extra duties give rise in their own breasts, there would be much less of this pernicious practice. Nothing tends more to make children dislike school, and neglect its advantages than the consciousness during their attendance at it that the end of school means the beginning of labor.

It is this work, work, work, from the gray of the morning until often after groaming that disgusts the boys, and girls, too, with farming life, and sends them, on the first opportunity, thronging to the cities, where their day's labor, however hard, generally closes in time to allow them, before bed-time, a few hours of rest or recreation. Grown-up people can appreciate the advantages of constant toil—though among them it is far too common in the country—but children can only see its hardships, and with their own untimely experience of these, and the toilsome existence of their eldest constantly before them, what wonder is it that they rebel against so unattractive a career, and quit farming so soon as ever they can, or, if obliged to remain, sink hopelessly into the ancestral rut and plod on without a spark of life or ambition? We mention the following subjects as well worthy the farmer's consideration:

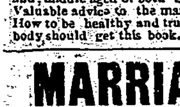
1. Employ teachers who are capable of teaching and who love to teach and pay them for their work.
2. The daily cessions morning and afternoon should not be longer than five hours together.
3. Impose only light work, if any, upon children after school hours, and permit them, in all innocent ways and as far as possible, to enjoy themselves in accordance with their own desires without any parental interference whatever.—*Rural New Yorker.*

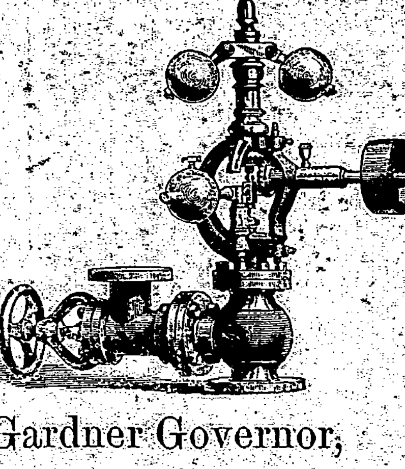
Next Year's Weather.

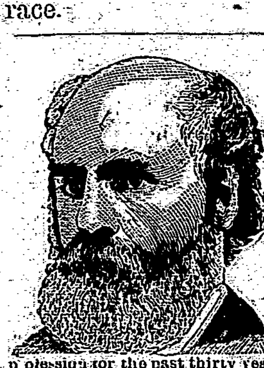
The Louisville *Commercial* has killed its goose and scanned the breastbone for weather prophecies with the following results: "A study of its meteorological coloring indicates that we are to have a severe winter. There is some cold weather about the first of December, which we are now realizing, but it will not last long, and the next week or two will be more pleasant, with the prospect good for fair Christmas weather; altogether December will not be a very cold month, but what it lacks will be fully made up in January. The new year will probably be welcomed by bright weather, but the welcome will be brief and we will have cold weather before the middle of the month, which will continue with the interspersion of a few bright days, and running, at the last of the month, into the most severe weather we have had for years. February will be a cold, blustering month, and winter will, no doubt, go a good way, along with spring, carrying cold weather and snow into March."

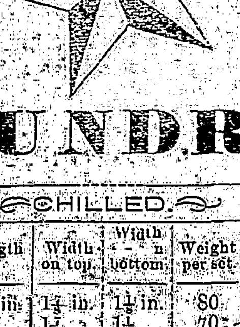
Buckwheat is a native of Asia, and was brought to this country by the earliest settlers. It was cultivated by the Dutch along the Hudson as early as 1626, and afterwards in the settlements of the Swedes on the Deleware. From these sections its cultivation spread over New York, New Jersey and Pennsylvania, wherever clearings were made, and buckwheat cakes and wild honey at that early period were a common and much appreciated dish. The three States named have since been great producers of the grain, and its cultivation is extending so rapidly through the North and North-west that the present annual yield exceeds 30,000,000 bushels.—*Germantown Telegraph.*

STARCH POLISH.—Procure two ounces of fine gum arabic and reduce it to a powder; next put into a pitcher, and your on it a pint or more of boiling water, according to the dregee of strength desired; and let it stand over night. In the morning pour it carefully from the dregs into a clean bottle, cork, and keep for use. A tablespoonful of this stirred into a pint of starch that has been made in the usual way, will give a beautiful gloss to shirt-bosoms, and to lawns, a look of newness to which nothing else can restore them after washing.—*South-west Farmer.*









☞Spilkins, whose grandfather is from the north of Ireland, and of Scotch descent, says that a full-blooded Irishman has a vegetable cast of countenance, so to speak; that his eyes resemble onions; he has a turnup nose, carroty hair, ears like cabbage leaves, mouth as red as a beet, and a chin like the butt end of a big Murphy potato.

☞A Toledo woman stuck her sharp, fierce face out of the window the other evening, and in a shrill voice, that started the whole neighborhood, shrieked out: "Mary Ellen, go'n tell Hackett's wife to send my teeth home, an' ask her if she thinks I can swaller my vittles whole, an' when she gits them teeth to wear to a funeral agin she'll pay for the use of 'em."

☞The Germans are using cork as a stuffing for bed-coverlets, instead of down. And now when the Teutonic husband reels into bed after returning from a lodge meeting, and his wife sits up on her elbow and snuffs the balmy night air conspicuously, the old gentleman merely puts his head into the pillow and remarks: "Dem champanecorg cofferlets vas shmell awfool shtrong to-nights, ain'd it?"

☞It was in Pennsylvania. He proposed to the daughter of a neighbor. She laughed at him and told him she was going to marry another man—a rival whom he disliked. He then went home and hanged himself. When she heard of his death, she cried out, "Oh, I intended to marry Billy. I was only teasing him," and became unconcious. So it would appear that Billy was none too soon in hanging himself.—*Danbury News.*

☞"There is not," wrote the editor of the Deadwood *Daily Champion*, "a quieter, more peaceful, well-regulated and orderly community in the western country." And then, as the office boy entered to say that somebody wanted to see him, he took his bowie knife between his teeth, put a Colt's new pattern seven-shooter on the desk in front of him, and then said: "Jim, get another coffin—a plain one this time—and let the critter come in.'

☞A School Board Inspector asked a small pupil of what the surface of the earth consists, and was promptly answered, "Land and water." He varied the question slightly, that the fact might be impressed on the boy's mind, and asked: "What, then, do land and water make?" To which came the immediate response: "Mud."

☞An Irishman on his death-bed was abjured by the priest to renounce the devil and all his works. The dying man responded: "Be shure, father, as ye say it is very doubtful to where I'm going; I don't think it would be prudent to offend any one in advance."

☞"Doctor, my daughter seems to be going blind, and she's just now getting ready for her wedding, too! Oh, dear me, what is to done?" "Let her go right on with the wedding, madam, by all means. If anything can open her eyes, marriage will."

☞A reporter on a Chicago newspaper was dismissed last week for speaking of a Chicago business house as "the largest in the West," instead of "the largest in the world."

☞*Puck* says that when four women are walking abreast on the pavement they will break ranks for nothing except a man—with a paint-pot.

☞As soon as the pavements are frozen over, it will be generally observed that "backsliding" is not confined exclusively to the religious folks.

☞The fact that a lecturer has taken for his subject "Three Weeks on a Camel" show how lecturers have to hump around for topics.—*Worcester Press.*

☞"My dear," said a husband in startling tones, after awaking his wife in ths night, "I have swallowed a dose of strychnine!" "Well, then, for goodness sake, lie still, or it may come up."

☞When she bestrode his "bugle" with a clothes-pin, and thereby stopped his snoring, he said he'd always thought the habit could be conquered in a pinch.

☞When a man is "rooted to the spot" by fear, does he branch out before he leaves?

☞Never write letters to a widow. She always takes down the old box and compare yours with other man's.

☞When a faithful mother goes on a whaling expedition, she never fails to get all the blubber she wants.

☞A Mississippi granger is opposed to railroads. He says that when he goes to town they bring him home so quick he hasn't time to get sober brfore he arrives.

☞Professor—"In the evening, I count 27 meteors sitting on my piaza." Class expresses great astonishment at the sociable character of the heavenly bodies.

☞"What's honor?" asks Falstaff. That's easy. Any woman who sits behind another woman in church can tell what's on her in two minutes.

☞Why is a kiss like a rumor? Because it goes from mouth to mouth.