



Berrien Co. Record.

JOHN G. HOLMES, Editor. THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1876.

Republican State Convention.

A Republican State Convention, to elect 22 delegates and alternates to attend the Republican National Convention at Cincinnati on the 14th day of June next, and also to elect a Republican State Central Committee, will be held at the city of Grand Rapids, on Wednesday, the 15th day of May, 1876, at ten o'clock A. M.

All Republican sections, and other voters, without regard to past political differences, previous party affiliations, who believe in and support the principles enunciated in the call for the National Republican Convention, are invited to participate in the election of delegates to this Convention.

The several counties will be entitled to delegates for each Representative in the lower branch of the State Legislature; and every organized county having no representation will be entitled to two delegates.

Under the resolution of 1858 no delegate will be entitled to a seat who does not reside in the county he represents.

- S. D. BISHOP, Chairman. D. V. BELL, W. N. DOLLEY, Geo. STEVENSON, SAMUEL POST, HENRY DORR, JOHN W. BROWN, L. A. DENMAN, WM. E. STEWART, Wm. E. BUCKENBERRY, L. S. TOWNSEND, Republican State Central Committee. S. S. OLDS, Secretary. Lansing, February 1, 1876.

Last Friday was the eleventh anniversary of the death of Abraham Lincoln.

The Secretary of War is engaged in a thorough revision of his department, for the purpose of curtailing the expenses of the Department, it is hoped, much to the benefit of the public.

Col. Queen, the circus proprietor, has invested about \$100,000 in African ostriches for his farm, near San Francisco. He expects to grow these birds for their plumage, each bird yielding about \$200 worth per annum.

Blaine is the first choice of the Virginia delegation to the National Republican Convention; and it is now said that he may be the second, if not the first choice of South Carolina.

The House of Representatives has adopted the Senate bill reducing the salary of the President of the United States from \$50,000 to \$35,000, to take effect March 4th 1877, but President Grant put a stop to the proceedings by refusing to sign the bill.

It is rumored that the Governor of this State has received instructions to hold a part of the State Militia in readiness for the field in case of need upon the Mexican frontier. This looks like trouble.

The Secretary of the Treasury advertises for bids for the sale of \$9,888,000 of registered 5 per cent. bonds, authorized by Congress, approved April 11, 1876, in lots not less than \$500,000, payment for which must be made within three days after acceptance of bids. The proposals are to be opened on the 24th inst.

The will of the late A. T. Stewart has been filed in the surrogate's office in New York. It contains no specific bequest for any public institution. With the exception of various sums to individuals in one way and another identified with the business affairs of the great merchant, his entire estate and property is devised to his wife and her heirs forever.

A former waiter at Delmonico's New York restaurant pretends to have met Tweed in Italy on a steamer going from Genoa to Leghorn, where the "Boss" was traveling as an American "Baron." The waiter had just arrived in New York, and did not know until then that Tweed had escaped. He made an affidavit to the alleged facts, but his story is not believed.

The Senate bill for the admission of the territory of New Mexico into the Union as a State, has been amended by the House committee on territories, so that the new State will not be admitted till after the Presidential election. The Confederates were afraid that the New Mexicans would choose two Republicans to the U. S. Senate and cast their electoral votes with the Republicans, if admitted this year, as contemplated by the U. S. Senate.

The Supreme Court of the United States has decided in effect that the State may adopt any mode of taxation in regard to corporations, and that its validity is a subject to be considered by the State courts, and is not a matter within the jurisdiction of the United States Circuit. This reverses a decision of the United States Circuit Court of this district, in which the collection of railroad taxes by the law of 1872 was enjoined.

From the Lansing Republican we take the following statement of account of the Michigan State Treasurer: The balance of cash in the State Treasury, April 8th, was \$1,193,051.06; receipts during the week ending April 15 were \$30,036.76; payments during same time were \$19,515.05; balance in treasury April 15, 1876, \$1,194,572.77; increase for the week \$11,524.71.

Mayor Wickham of New York city is a candidate for the Democratic nomination for the Vice Presidency. He has made Harrison, Jeff Davis private Secretary, his own Secretary and expects thereby to obtain the Confederate support at the St. Louis Convention.

General Hancock has been indicted by the Grand Jury of the District of Columbia for complicity in the safe-burglary conspiracy. The District Attorney admits, however, that the testimony on which the indictment was found is insufficient to secure a conviction.

The new postal bill has passed the Senate. It provides that third-class matter in packages not exceeding four pounds in weight may be transmitted by mail at one cent per ounce at any distance. Transient newspapers and magazines are to be carried for any distance for one cent for every three ounces or fractional part thereof. The bill, if it passes the House, will go into effect on the first of July next.

At a meeting of those interested in the June meeting of the National Park Association, held in Kalamazoo on Saturday last, an organization was effected and the following officers elected: President, R. F. Johnson; Vice-President, Geo. F. Kildner; Secretary, R. D. Russell; Treasurer, (Spec. Pay) Directors: Alexander Cameron, H. F. Badger, George Hodges, John Parker and Delos Phillips.

Over \$6,000 was subscribed and the association was, by a vote of the meeting, authorized to increase the stock to \$6,600. Liberal premiums will be offered and everything will be done to give the public fine fields of horses, and make it a successful meeting throughout. The fair will be held early in June, but the precise time is not yet fixed.

POTTER DECLINES.

The Kalamazoo Gazette of the 14th inst. publishes a letter from Hon. Allen Potter, Member of Congress from this district, declining to again become a candidate for that office. His letter is dated "House of Representatives, Washington, D. C., April 10," and directed to Mr. O. W. Powers, Kalamazoo, Mich. It is as follows:

DEAR SIR:—As the time is near at hand when the minds of the people will be turned towards candidates for the approaching campaign, after mature reflection upon the subject, I have thought it best to make, through you, to the readers of the Gazette and the members of the Board of Representatives of this district, the announcement that I shall not be a candidate for re-election to the office which I now hold.

In coming to this conclusion I am influenced by a number of reasons, which it is only just to my friends and the electors of the district that I should briefly state. In the first place I have no taste for public life, and I find myself somewhat lacking in sympathy with the extremes on both sides of the house. Having no other object or motive except to do my duty without regard to politics I find that I am acting in a body many of whose members seem to regard the interests of party paramount and supreme.

As to what would be in itself decisive with me, my private business affairs will not permit of my remaining here longer than my present term without a sacrifice which I do not feel called upon to make, especially as my place here can be filled by one who is fitted by education and by nature to adorn the position.

Circumstances, unforeseen at the time of my election, seem to render this course imperative upon my part. In announcing this determination, I feel that I cannot sufficiently express my thanks to the electors of the 4th Congressional District, for their confidence in me, expressed in my election, and I pledge my constant and patient efforts to the substantial interests of the district during the existence of the 44th Congress.

Very truly yours, ALLEN POTTER.

THE DEMOCRATS IN INDIANA.

The Indiana Democrats met yesterday for the election of delegates to the National Democratic Convention at St. Louis, to nominate a State ticket and draft a platform. The action of the convention upon the question of the Presidency is settled in advance, and will send a delegation to St. Louis pledged and instructed for Gov. Hendricks. He is the unanimous choice of the Indiana Democracy for President, and the convention will only register the will of the party. In regard to the Governorship, however, there is a lively fight. Franklin Landers, the "greenback" Congressman, who has made himself conspicuous during the present session as the most radical advocate of irredeemable paper currency in the House of Representatives, has entered actively into the canvass for the nomination. He has already secured the nomination of the Independent or Greenback party, so that by nominating him the Democrats would nominate that party and unite its votes with their own against the Republicans, while, if they nominate another candidate, there will be three parties in the field, the third drawing more largely from the Democrats than from the Republicans. The indications are that Landers will be slaughtered, and that Holman, Niblack or Voorhees will be put up as the party candidate.

The New York World of Monday, the leading Democratic organ of the East, has a caustic review of the Indiana situation, from which the following are a few extracts: "This gentleman (Landers) has elected his way into the front rank of Indiana politicians within the last two years. He has had great success in business and has carried with him into politics a strong appreciation of business methods and a determination never to fail in anything he undertakes. It is his boast that thus far he has had his own way. He defeated Gen. Coburn in a strong Republican district and now represents the capital of the State at Washington."

"He went to Congress with the determination to make a reputation there, and was guilty of several pieces of folly before comprehending his true position. He soon learned something of a political perspective, however, and adapted himself shrewdly to the condition of things at the national capital. His name was mentioned in derision, but he soon turned the laugh upon his opponents. He perceived that he could not go into the Democratic Convention on fair terms against such men as Niblack, and therefore he proceeded to forestall the action of the convention by setting on foot an independent greenback movement and securing a nomination at the hands of this third party. His hope is that

the desire for the alliance of this element, in addition to his strength in the convention, will secure to him the Democratic nomination. In the mean while he has managed matters so cunningly that he is not yet committed for or against running as an independent candidate. He is, in a word, essentially a demagogue and is a favorite with those accustomed to follow demagogues."

"Curiously enough the great rival of Landers is the man whom he has made his model, Congressman Holman, and that gentleman have contrived to advocate as a leader every scheme of policy favored by Landers as a follower, without incurring any of the odium or distrust which the latter has brought upon himself. By years of careful management Holman has made himself the most popular man in the State, and he understands every shift in the currents of its public opinion as a Mississippi pilot does the changes in the channel of the river."

The Detroit Tribune says that in the judgment of the outside politicians the holding of the Indiana State Convention, and the nomination of a State ticket, before the meeting of the National Convention will be very damaging to Mr. Hendricks' Presidential prospects. The Convention will hardly fail to adopt a very radical declaration against resumption, and in favor of "more greenbacks," and this action will prejudice Mr. Hendricks' chances of receiving any support from the East. If, in addition, Mr. Landers should be nominated for Governor, that result would be fatal to all hopes of Mr. Hendricks for the Presidency.

The Californians are becoming alarmed over the attitude taken by the Chinese in that State. Upon this subject the San Francisco Chronicle has the following: "The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, declaring California legislation to prevent immigration of Mongolians in this State unconstitutional, has had the salutary effect of awakening a lively public attention to the great and growing evil. In this respect, it is welcome. The time has arrived when something must be done for the protection of society, or there is danger that the State will in time be overrun with these barbarous hordes, and be no longer desirable as a place of residence for white people. In his communication to the Board of Supervisors, directing attention to the subject, the Mayor has graphically described some of the grievances already suffered from the presence here of the Chinese; but there is a repulsive inside history connected with this people which can only be learned by frequent visits to their haunts, and the study of the habits which make their residence among us undesirable. It is evident that those who have never visited California are in gross ignorance of the afflictions their influx entails upon the State. They are remote from the scene, and refuse to see their sympathies and assistance to get rid of the evil, because they cannot realize its breathing character, nor understand the extent to which its encroachments have reached. Every steamship that arrives from the Orient adds from 500 to 1,500 of these people to our population. They are poured into this city, where many of them remain, while the others scatter abroad; and as subsistences, of course, a necessity of their lives, they underbid and supplant poor white men in different vocations, go into our charitable institutions, or commit crime, in order to obtain their daily bread. They are, with an empire containing 400,000,000 of souls to draw from, it can easily be seen that at no distant day the Chinese may absorb and out number the 600,000 white population. These people cannot become citizens, nor do they, as a general thing, desire citizenship. They are brought here as serfs, under contract to the different wealthy Chinese companies, and after they have acquired a few hundred dollars, which is a fortune to them, they depart to China to enjoy it. Their return thus enriched, stimulates emigration, which may be expected to grow larger from year to year, so long as the State is denied the right to place restrictions upon their coming. They are not only idle, but idlers. They have no homes, and their shops, where they huddle together like sheep, and like sheep are moved by a common impulse, by the mob spirit, wrong to average. There are but few women among them who are not of the vilest sort, and this is one of the most obnoxious features of their communities. We are jostled by them on the sidewalks, forced to stand up in the street cars while they occupy the seats; to sit beside them in places of amusements, and in many other respects to undergo an enforced association with them because they claim certain social rights which there is no power in the law to forbid or restrain. These are a few of the grievances to which we are compelled to submit not only in Michigan but in the union that their baneful principles have, no abiding place here. From the expression given by the Republican press of the State, the incorruptible patriot and statesman Blaine, is the choice of ninety-nine hundredths of the Republicans of Michigan for the next Presidency. Of course a State delegation will be chosen to reflect the wishes of the Republican masses on the Presidential question. The name of Blaine is not only popular with its own party, but with the gallant boys in blue, whose cause he championed during the late bloody rebellion, and in the halls of Congress ever since. He it was who called a halt to the amnestying of such infernal scoundrels as Jeff Davis, who will carry to his grave all the odium of the starvation of the thousands of union soldiers who fell victims to rebel inhumanity in the rebel prison-pens of Andersonville and other Golgothas of the rebel confederacy. A new State committee will likewise be chosen. Let the most active and efficient men only be appointed. Let men be appointed to

SILVER COIN.

The issue of silver coin in accordance with the law just passed will be begun at the National Treasury, in a few days. Secretary Bristow has full confidence in the success of this plan for the redemption of fractional currency, and is not apprehensive that the silver coinage will be bought up for melting. A supply of bullion has already been purchased at less than the market price, and everything is in readiness to send out the avant courier of specie resumption.

Below we give the instructions of the Secretary concerning its issue: "By virtue of the authority vested in the Secretary of the Treasury by the second section of the act entitled 'An act to provide for deficiency in the Printing and Engraving Bureau of the Treasury Department, and for the issue of silver coin by the United States,' approved April 17, 1876, the several officers below named are hereby authorized upon presentation at their respective offices for redemption of fractional currency of the United States, in sums of \$5 or multiples thereof, assorted by denominations, and in amount not to exceed \$100, to issue therefor a like amount of silver coin of the United States of the denominations of ten, twenty, twenty-five and fifty cents; and furthermore, upon presentation for redemption at the office of the Treasurer of the United States, in any amount of any currency, properly assorted, and in sums not less than \$5, the Treasurer is authorized to issue silver coin therefor to the amount of currency presented, or he may issue his check therefor, payable in silver at either of the offices hereinafter named, at the option of the party presenting the currency, as far as may be practicable from time to time. The fractional currency redeemed in silver under these instructions by any of the assistant treasurers or designated depositories of the United States will be in sums of \$1,000, or multiples thereof, to the Treasurer of the United States in this city, to be same to be charged in the Treasurer's general coin account as a transfer of funds; and any amount of such currency for which silver has been paid remaining at any time in cash at the several offices will be treated as coin assets, and in no case will such fractional currency be reissued. Fractional currency sent by express or otherwise to the offices below named, for redemption in silver, under the provisions of this circular, should be accompanied by a letter of advice, stating fully the address of the sender, and how the remittance in payment thereof is to be made, and if by Treasury check the office at which the check should be made payable. The Government will not pay express charges on silver issued or fractional currency presented for redemption. Under the provisions of this circular the offices herein referred to are as follows: Treasurer of the United States, Washington, New York, Philadelphia, St. Louis, Charleston, S. C.; New Orleans, Cincinnati, Chicago, San Francisco, and Baltimore, and the United States depositories at Buffalo and Pittsburg."

B. H. BASTROW, Secretary.

AN SIN IN CALIFORNIA.

The Californians are becoming alarmed over the attitude taken by the Chinese in that State. Upon this subject the San Francisco Chronicle has the following: "The decision of the Supreme Court of the United States, declaring California legislation to prevent immigration of Mongolians in this State unconstitutional, has had the salutary effect of awakening a lively public attention to the great and growing evil. In this respect, it is welcome. The time has arrived when something must be done for the protection of society, or there is danger that the State will in time be overrun with these barbarous hordes, and be no longer desirable as a place of residence for white people. In his communication to the Board of Supervisors, directing attention to the subject, the Mayor has graphically described some of the grievances already suffered from the presence here of the Chinese; but there is a repulsive inside history connected with this people which can only be learned by frequent visits to their haunts, and the study of the habits which make their residence among us undesirable. It is evident that those who have never visited California are in gross ignorance of the afflictions their influx entails upon the State. They are remote from the scene, and refuse to see their sympathies and assistance to get rid of the evil, because they cannot realize its breathing character, nor understand the extent to which its encroachments have reached. Every steamship that arrives from the Orient adds from 500 to 1,500 of these people to our population. They are poured into this city, where many of them remain, while the others scatter abroad; and as subsistences, of course, a necessity of their lives, they underbid and supplant poor white men in different vocations, go into our charitable institutions, or commit crime, in order to obtain their daily bread. They are, with an empire containing 400,000,000 of souls to draw from, it can easily be seen that at no distant day the Chinese may absorb and out number the 600,000 white population. These people cannot become citizens, nor do they, as a general thing, desire citizenship. They are brought here as serfs, under contract to the different wealthy Chinese companies, and after they have acquired a few hundred dollars, which is a fortune to them, they depart to China to enjoy it. Their return thus enriched, stimulates emigration, which may be expected to grow larger from year to year, so long as the State is denied the right to place restrictions upon their coming. They are not only idle, but idlers. They have no homes, and their shops, where they huddle together like sheep, and like sheep are moved by a common impulse, by the mob spirit, wrong to average. There are but few women among them who are not of the vilest sort, and this is one of the most obnoxious features of their communities. We are jostled by them on the sidewalks, forced to stand up in the street cars while they occupy the seats; to sit beside them in places of amusements, and in many other respects to undergo an enforced association with them because they claim certain social rights which there is no power in the law to forbid or restrain. These are a few of the grievances to which we are compelled to submit not only in Michigan but in the union that their baneful principles have, no abiding place here. From the expression given by the Republican press of the State, the incorruptible patriot and statesman Blaine, is the choice of ninety-nine hundredths of the Republicans of Michigan for the next Presidency. Of course a State delegation will be chosen to reflect the wishes of the Republican masses on the Presidential question. The name of Blaine is not only popular with its own party, but with the gallant boys in blue, whose cause he championed during the late bloody rebellion, and in the halls of Congress ever since. He it was who called a halt to the amnestying of such infernal scoundrels as Jeff Davis, who will carry to his grave all the odium of the starvation of the thousands of union soldiers who fell victims to rebel inhumanity in the rebel prison-pens of Andersonville and other Golgothas of the rebel confederacy. A new State committee will likewise be chosen. Let the most active and efficient men only be appointed. Let men be appointed to

do work and not as a more complicated. Much depends on the labors of the committee for the conduct of the campaign in this, the pioneer State of Republicanism. We therefore favor a thorough re-organization of the committee and a new deal all around. To accomplish this purpose we favor the choice of committeemen from the judicial circuits instead of the policy heretofore pursued of their selection by the Congressional districts. This is the way it is done in New York, and we think it will prove just as acceptable here in Michigan.

We want a complete re-organization of our party as in 1856, and in 1860, to arouse the old enthusiasm of the glorious campaigns. For this work an active Republican organizer will be required at the head of the State organization, and we name Gen. Benjamin D. Pritchard as chairman of the new State central committee, as the right man in the right place. General Pritchard possesses all the executive qualities required for such a position, and under his judicious guidance we may expect to obtain most effective re-organization of the Republican party in the pioneer Republican State of the union.—Allegan Journal.

Costly Investigations.

The tax-payers will have sorry reasons for satisfaction when the facts appear in relation to the drag-net investigation now progressing. The cost of useless investigations, the expense of reporting and printing will be something enormous. The result will be only, or mainly, a vile besmirching of public men for campaign purposes. As an evidence of extravagance, it may be stated that one committee—that on Indian Affairs—has already spent \$40,000 on witnesses, and thus far without learning anything justifying a twentieth part of the outlay. A resident of Washington was summoned before another committee. He is well known and could easily be found; yet he was kept unknown in attendance for ten days, and was paid his fees therefor. He could have emptied his budget at one sitting, cross-examination and all. So it goes. To defame the Government of their country is a congenial employment for the men who sought to destroy it.—The Republic.

STATE ITEMS.

Friends of the Michiganans who went to the Black Hills are in the receipt of most encouraging advices from the gold-hunters. The letters invariably close with "P. S.—Please send me some money to get home with."

Ground will be broken at Petoskey on the 15th, for the extension of the G. R. & N. I. R. R. to the camp meeting grounds. The Methodist brethren will assist in the ceremony.

Hillsdale county claims 1,500 members of greenback clubs, and they will run a separate ticket this fall.

The Cass river bridge, at Bridgeport, near East Saginaw, has been swept away by the high water.

April 9th, 59 persons were baptized in the Presbyterian church at Ypsilanti, making 200 that have joined that church during the revival. Over 200 have united with the Methodist, and a large number with other churches.

Six white persons were recently baptized by a colored preacher in Ypsilanti. They had been baptized before but the Adrian Times says they probably thought it would be more binding to have it in black and white.

A judgment was rendered in the United States court at Grand Rapids, April 10, against the Michigan Lake St. Paul railroad for \$240,000 in favor of Albert Kepp, Chester Warner and J. H. Wade, who foreclosed bonds held by them.

The Cheboygan Tribune has discontinued an infant one year old who speaks words distinctly and sings Sunday-school tunes.

A wash-out took place on the Lake Shore road, eight miles south of Holland, April 9th, tearing up 90 feet of track.

The Evening News says Paint creek is on the rampage, and only prompt action and hard work has kept the dams at Orion and elsewhere along the stream from being carried off. Folks in that vicinity know how that river sometimes, and are a little nervous just now.

Classic Hillsdale had two bar-room fights and an inflation speech from Moses W. Field, last week.

The eastern gentleman to whom was awarded the contract of building the Marquette & Mackinac railroad, have decided not to accept the same, and the work will have to be let again.

The Democrats of Big Rapids have organized a Democratic club, with T. B. Stimson as president, and have made arrangements with Mr. Glidden, formerly of Paw Paw, to publish a Democratic paper in that place.

Presidential Prospects.

The New York Tribune publishes a column of elaborate computations, or rather speculations, as to the result of the first ballot in the Cincinnati convention. It reckons for him of the New England States, Maine, New Hampshire, Rhode Island, and eight of the twenty-six States of Massachusetts; of the Southern States, Maryland, Virginia, North Carolina, Louisiana; of the Western States, Michigan, Wisconsin, Iowa, Minnesota, Nebraska, Kansas, and Illinois; besides Delaware, ten votes from New York; California, Oregon, Nevada, and the nine territories,—in all, 256 votes. Indiana, Missouri, Arkansas, Mississippi, Alabama, Texas, Tennessee, West Virginia, Georgia, Florida, and the District of Columbia—153 votes—are set down for Blaine. The Bratton are assigned Vermont, Connecticut, South Carolina (if the Chamberlain Republicans control the State convention), a few votes from New York and Kentucky,—perhaps 75 votes in all.

Cruel Treatment of a Little Colored Girl.

On last Friday, a negro woman named Lockridge, residing in Benton township, was assigned before Esquire Brewer on a charge of extreme cruelty to an adopted child named Julia Smith, aged about ten years. The child was brought to A. B. Perkins on Thursday afternoon last by Mr. Pointer, and her appearance indicated plainly that she was ill. On being questioned she stated to Mr. Pointer that she had "been whipped and turned away from home, and told never to come back." After examining the child, Mr. Perkins had a warrant issued for the arrest of the woman, the child being committed temporarily in charge of Ned Miller's family. At the examination on Friday the following affidavit from the Doctor who examined her, was made: "I examined the girl, Julia Smith, this morning, and found her in a very bad condition. I found between her neck and hips eleven large gashes from one to two inches in length, besides quite a number of smaller marks or gashes. They were cut through the skin. Should think they were made with a stick. There were four scars on the right and one on the left arm. Several large scars on left leg, besides several small ones. A wound on the bridge of the nose and one on the right side of the forehead; a bad wound near the left temple; Both eyes were badly swollen. Her feet swollen, had the appearance of being frosted. I think it has much affected her health. Her shoulder joint is in bad condition and very painful. Her short and hard breathing is the effect of cruel treatment. Cuts and bruises might have been made within 48 hours. (Signed) A. K. WEBSTER, M. D. Sworn to and subscribed on this 7th day of April, 1876, before me, J. W. BABYER, Justice of the Peace.

Mrs. Lockridge stated in court that she "never got to know what the child proposed doing with her, as she should not leave her babies behind, but desired time to drown them;" also, that she "was formerly a slave, and had been taught that children could not be brought up without a good whipping occasionally." The justice remanded her to the charge of the officers, who allowed her to go home and prepare for her trial, which was set down for Tuesday. The excitement among the colored people, over the condition of the little girl, was intense, and the general sentiment, publicly expressed, was "that the negroes ought to grace a lump post." On Tuesday a large number were present at Esq. Brewer's office to witness the examination, but they waited in vain for the appearance of the woman. On inquiry it was learned that she had "lit out," probably for South Haven, where she formerly resided. The colored people present were greatly disappointed, and so long as she remains away, no one probably will trouble her. Mrs. Lockridge has been a member of the African M. E. Church here for two years past. She had buried three husbands only, and would undoubtedly like to try the temper of a fourth man.

Julia was adopted by the family from the Cass County Poor House, in the spring of 1875. Mr. C. O. Nelson, one of the Superintendents of the Poor for that county, was here on Tuesday and took the child back to the Cass County Poor House.—St. Joseph Traveler and Herald.

The State Convention.

The indications are that the forthcoming Republican State Convention to be held at Grand Rapids, August 10th, will prove to be the largest and most enthusiastic ever held in Michigan, the most impregnable stronghold of liberty and union in the whole United States, and we may look forward for a large attendance of the Republican workers at Grand Rapids on convention day outside of the delegates to the Convention. Let us show the confederate Democracy, not only in Michigan but in the union that their baneful principles have, no abiding place here. From the expression given by the Republican press of the State, the incorruptible patriot and statesman Blaine, is the choice of ninety-nine hundredths of the Republicans of Michigan for the next Presidency. Of course a State delegation will be chosen to reflect the wishes of the Republican masses on the Presidential question. The name of Blaine is not only popular with its own party, but with the gallant boys in blue, whose cause he championed during the late bloody rebellion, and in the halls of Congress ever since. He it was who called a halt to the amnestying of such infernal scoundrels as Jeff Davis, who will carry to his grave all the odium of the starvation of the thousands of union soldiers who fell victims to rebel inhumanity in the rebel prison-pens of Andersonville and other Golgothas of the rebel confederacy. A new State committee will likewise be chosen. Let the most active and efficient men only be appointed. Let men be appointed to

From Oceana County.

Spring has come again, and farmers are busy plowing and sowing spring grain, such as oats, barley, peas, &c.

The spring election passed off quietly. The Republicans have carried nearly every town in the county. There are thirteen Republicans and three Democrats on the Board of Supervisors. Oceana county can be relied upon for a rousing majority next fall if the proper man heads the ticket.

Nearly all the saw and shingle mills in the county have commenced work, likewise those of Montague, White Hall and Muskegon. Lumbermen generally are busy running their logs down the several rivers. The best quality of shingles are selling at from \$2.20 to \$2.50 per M. Lumber at the mills is selling at from \$4 to \$16 per M. according to quality.

A steam shingle mill located at Greenwood Station, on the C. M. L. S. Railroad, owned by Nelson Green & Co., was all blown into atoms a few days ago. Two men were killed and three wounded. The cause of the accident was carelessness on the part of the engineer, who had let the water in the boiler become exhausted.

Quite a number of Berrien county people are coming here in quest of homes, as good land is cheap here, selling at from four to ten dollars per acre. W. J. T.

Cruel Treatment of a Little Colored Girl.

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STATE ITEMS.

Friends of the Michiganans who went to the Black Hills are in the receipt of most encouraging advices from the gold-hunters. The letters invariably close with "P. S.—Please send me some money to get home with."

Ground will be broken at Petoskey on the 15th, for the extension of the G. R. & N. I. R. R. to the camp meeting grounds. The Methodist brethren will assist in the ceremony.

Hillsdale county claims 1,500 members of greenback clubs, and they will run a separate ticket this fall.

The Cass river bridge, at Bridgeport, near East Saginaw, has been swept away by the high water.

April 9th, 59 persons were baptized in the Presbyterian church at Ypsilanti, making 200 that have joined that church during the revival. Over 200 have united with the Methodist, and a large number with other churches.

Six white persons were recently baptized by a colored preacher in Ypsilanti. They had been baptized before but the Adrian Times says they probably thought it would be more binding to have it in black and white.

A judgment was rendered in the United States court at Grand Rapids, April 10, against the Michigan Lake St. Paul railroad for \$240,000 in favor of Albert Kepp, Chester Warner and J. H. Wade, who foreclosed bonds held by them.

The Cheboygan Tribune has discontinued an infant one year old who speaks words distinctly and sings Sunday-school tunes.

A wash-out took place on the Lake Shore road, eight miles south of Holland, April 9th, tearing up 90 feet of track.

The Evening News says Paint creek is on the rampage, and only prompt action and hard work has kept the dams at Orion and elsewhere along the stream from being carried off. Folks in that vicinity know how that river sometimes, and are a little nervous just now.

Classic Hillsdale had two bar-room fights and an inflation speech from Moses W. Field, last week.

The eastern gentleman to whom was awarded the contract of building the Marquette & Mackinac railroad, have decided not to accept the same, and the work will have to be let again.

The Democrats of Big Rapids have organized a Democratic club, with T. B. Stimson as president, and have made arrangements with Mr. Glidden, formerly of Paw Paw, to publish a Democratic paper in that place.

BUCHANAN PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including wheat, flour, and other goods.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

Table showing train schedules for the Michigan Central Railroad, including times and destinations.

CHICAGO & MICH. L. SHORR & R.

Table listing various items and their prices, including different types of flour and other goods.

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Advertisement for Ann Eliza Young, featuring a portrait and text about her life and work.

PETERMAN'S NERVE PILLS.

A perfect Nerve Pill. Restores loss of memory and cures the power of the brain, cures all forms of Neuritis, Sick and Nervous Headache, Impotency, etc. Sold by all druggists and all cases of Neuritis, etc. Price 25 cents per box.

PETERMAN'S PILE REMEDY.

A perfect cure. Price 50 cents per box. Sent everywhere by mail on receipt of price. Address: Dr. J. C. Peterman, No. 21, Marshall, Mich., or 21 John Street, New York.

NEW YORK TIMES.

Berrien Co. Record.

THURSDAY MORNING, APRIL 20, 1876

To Advertisers. The Record is the best Advertising Medium in Southern Michigan, having the largest circulation of any other paper in this part of the State.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, N. Y. S. W. L. Pettigall, 87 Park Row, N. Y. and Rowell & Chasman, St. Louis, Missouri, are authorized agents to contract for advertising at our lowest rates, for the columns of the Record.

REPUBLICAN COUNTY CONVENTION.

A Republican County Convention will be held at the Court House in Buchanan, on Saturday, April 22, 1876, at one o'clock P. M. for the purpose of choosing twelve Delegates to the County Convention to be held at Grand Rapids, May 10, 1876. The several townships and city wards of the county will be entitled to the usual representation.

Republican Township Caucuses.

A Republican Township Caucus will be held at the Engine House in Buchanan, on Saturday, April 22, 1876, at one o'clock P. M. for the purpose of choosing twelve Delegates to the County Convention to be held at Grand Rapids, May 10, 1876. The several townships and city wards of the county will be entitled to the usual representation.

Republican Caucuses.

The Republican electors of the township of Niles are invited to meet in Caucus at the office of T. J. Gilbert, in the city of Niles, on Saturday, the 22d inst., at two o'clock P. M. to elect delegates to attend the County Convention at Berrien Springs, on the 25th inst., and for the discussion of all matters for the good of the party that may be brought before them.

Good weather once more.

House cleaning is now in order.

There is a new artist in town.

He came on wheels.

Pedro is the national game in this county at present.

Benton Harbor has concluded to squander \$500 on the Fourth of July.

The Three Oaks Echo is offered for sale.

A splendid opportunity for some fortune seeker.

The Buchanan Cheese Factory will be in operation about the twentieth of May next.

Work was resumed at the Wagon Factory on Tuesday.

It will probably be continued during the summer.

Two of the Niles hog thieves have been sentenced to five days imprisonment in the county jail.

Cheap enough. They turned state's evidence.

The Berrien County Journal comes to us this week with the name of George H. Murdoch as Editor, Publisher and Proprietor.

The Michigan Central Railroad Company have had some new palace dining-room cars built, to be run between Chicago and Niles.

Among the curious relics at the Martha Washington Tea Party was a copy of the bible which was printed in 1800. It belongs to Mrs. Thread-kell.

Mr. and Mrs. Harry Plimpton left this place on Monday last to seek their fortune in the distant West. May success be theirs.

Owing to the large amount of job work brought to this office we have been late in the publication of the Record the last two or three weeks, but will endeavor to be on time hereafter.

L. P. Fox has been appointed a member of the Common Council of this Village, to fill the vacancy caused by the death of Harrison Glover.

From the Evening News we learn that Messrs. Horn & Hens, of the Niles Democrat, have dissolved partnership. Hereafter the Democrat is to be conducted by Dr. Horn.

At 4 o'clock Tuesday morning an unoccupied dwelling owned by J. R. Crandall, in Niles, was burned to the ground, the work no doubt of incendiary. Loss, \$1,000.

What's in a name? Pedro Joao Carlos Leopoldo Salvador Bibiano Xavier de Paulo Leocadio Miguel Gabriel Raphael Gonzaga. He was expected in Chicago yesterday on his way to the Pacific coast. He will take his name with him.

There were not many trees planted in this place April 15th, but the citizens are many of them making up for lost time by planting more than one.

Some of the merchants of this place are receiving large supplies of Spring goods, but do not disposed seem to let people know about it by advertising. They probably think that they are as able to own a fine lot of goods as any one. No note to be.

A CARD.—The ladies of the M. E. Church desire to express their thanks to the Band, and all others who worked so faithfully in the interest of the Martha Washington Tea Party.

OUR CASH LIST. To subscribers for the Record we can furnish reading matter for the ensuing year at the following exceedingly low rates:

Godley's Ladies Book... \$1.00
Demorest's Monthly Magazine... \$2.00
Petterson's Magazine... \$2.00
Harper's Bazar... \$2.00
The Christian Union... \$2.00
Scientific American... \$2.00
Littell's Living Age... \$2.00
The Christian Union... \$2.00
The Household... \$2.00
Michigan Farmer... \$2.00

Other periodicals furnished at low club rates, upon short notice.

These marked \* are accompanied with either chromos or steel engravings.

The Grangers have purchased the first building north of the bank, formerly owned by Jonathan Fancher, and will open a co-operative store in a few weeks, when they expect to sell goods to Grangers free and to others for half price. Save your money.

Let the fact be known that any person of foreign birth, who has now resided in this State two years, and declares his intention to become a citizen of the United States before the 7th of May next, will be a voter at the general election in November next.

In a copy of the Oregon Weekly Tribune of Dallas, Oregon, we find the name of Prof. Barrett mentioned in very flattering terms, as principal of the Dallas public schools. Mr. Barrett was formerly a resident of this place, and for several years principal of the Buchanan public school.

WESTON OUTDOOR.—Our Village nightwatch, in making out his route for the Board, on Monday evening, stated that he passed every house in the village twice each night. This would require him to walk about fifty miles between the hours of seven at night and five in the morning; about 15,250 miles in the year; Good enough.

FEMININE PEDESTRIANS.—Five of the dressmakers of this place, to show their dexterity as walkers, took a stroll over to Niles on Monday last. We are unable to learn the time made but doubt not that it was good. We understand that they succeeded in getting up a lively flirtation with some of the Niles boys. Better if you look a little out, boys. It's leap year.

A CHANGE was made in the time of running the trains on the Michigan Central Railroad, to take effect April 16th. We did not receive the card in time to make the correction this week. By the new arrangement trains pass this place as follows: Going east—mail, 8:42 a. m., accommodation, 7:50 p. m., and night express, 12:20 a. m. Going west—mail, 3:50 p. m., accommodation, 6:25 a. m., evening express, 2:45 a. m.

THE building known as the "Hale house," situated about sixty rods south of the railroad bridge, in Bertram township, was burned on Friday night last. Josiah Denbar had moved one or two loads of his household goods into the house that day, preparatory to living there, but they were all burned with the house. \$200 will probably cover all loss. It is supposed to be the work of an incendiary.

MARSHAL PENNELL tendered his resignation to the Village Board on Monday evening, to take effect when his successor shall have been appointed and qualified. The question now arises, who is to be his successor. Several parties have offered to perform the duties of the office for more than has been paid heretofore, and by one, as low as two hundred and fifty dollars. The choice will, probably, be made at the next regular meeting of the Board, which will be one week from to-night.

List of Letters.

Remaining in the Post Office at Buchanan, Tuesday, April 19th, 1876.

Elmigan, Peter McDougal, O. E. Mrs. Ludwig, Peter Morris, Anna Mrs. Taylor, Wm.

This list is published here for the information of the readers of the Record, therefore there is no charge for delivery of letters advertised herein. Persons desiring to claim any of the above, call for "directed letters" at the office.

A HINT TO GAMBLERS.—In the compiled laws of the State of Michigan there is a section (2098) which reads as follows:

"No person shall at any time, within this State, kill any robin, night-hawk, whip-poorwill, finch, thrush, lark, sparrow, cherry bird, swallow, yellow-bird, blue-bird, brown-thrasher, wren, martin, oriole, wood-pecker, bobolink, or any song bird, nor rob the nest of such birds, under a penalty of \$5 for each bird so killed, and for each nest so robbed."

ANDREW J. GLOVER CONVICTED.—The Circuit Court of this county was engaged on Wednesday and Thursday last week in the trial of Andrew J. Glover, for the murder of Sylvester Otto, on the 7th day of January last, at the village of Dayton. The prosecution was conducted by Prof. Atty. Breece and J. J. Van Liper, and the defense by E. M. Plimpton and O. W. Coolidge. The jury were out about five minutes and brought in a verdict of manslaughter. His sentence has not been pronounced by the Judge, and as great efforts are being made to influence him in "defendant's behalf," it is difficult to tell what it will be. The promptness of the jury in rendering their verdict would indicate that the crime was clearly proven.

Plainville has a woman dentist. Her patients say she has a tremendous and irresistible pull-back!

The Niles Democrat seems to take exceptions to our correspondent's account of the riot in that place on election day. Not being a witness to the act ourselves we are unable to vouch for him, but from the information we received from at least a dozen other reliable sources, we conclude that our correspondent had the story about correct. We do not at all blame the Democrat for being ashamed of the mass and not wanting the true story known abroad, for it is nothing that a city having the reputation that Niles has long had, might be proud of.

The Clara Wildman Comedy Troupe gave a series of entertainments in this place, on Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings of last week. The last two evenings the house was full. The citizens of this place have been imposed upon by traveling shows so much that they must be convinced that a troupe sustains merit or it cannot receive their patronage. The comedies, "Married and Divorced," "East Lynn" and "The Two Orphans," were played here and pronounced by all who saw them as being the best of the kind that has been in the place for several years.

BUCHANAN, April 13, 1876.

MR. EDITOR.—Among those who have recently been taken from us by death, none will be more missed or lamented than Mrs. Mary Thompson Hines, wife of Rev. J. V. Hines.

Mrs. H. was a modest, retiring woman, but one of high moral sentiments, which she carried out in her entire life. She had many friends among all classes of Christian people, and was respected by all who knew her worth. Her disease was consumption. Throughout her sickness she evinced Christian resignation and patience, and died April 7th, 1876, in the triumph of the faith of the resurrection to immortality and eternal life. May God's choicest blessings rest upon the friends of the deceased and bring them all to his kingdom and glory.

Funeral obsequies took place at the Advent Chapel, by Dr. F. H. Berriek, April 11th.

THE END GROWS THE WORK.—Much care and labor have been expended through many years upon a certain indispensable article for the housewife, and now after a trial of over 20 years we candidly recommend the use of D. B. DeLand & Co's Best Chemical Saleratus as the best article for cooking—more healthful, and cheaper than Baking Powder. Nothing is left undone to make it perfect as to uniformity, purity and healthfulness. Ask your grocer for it and be put off with none other, as H. A. DeLand & Co., the manufacturers, warrant every paper.

Locals.

Bagging Out Existence.

The nervous, weakly invalid does not enjoy life, but merely "drags out existence," as the phrase is. Unfitted for the active pursuits of life, and incapable of partaking of its pleasures to which health alone can give zest, disinclined to social intercourse, and a prey to melancholy, the veterinarian is indeed an object of pity. Yet there is nothing in all this that cannot be remedied by that general alterative tonic and nerve, Hostetter's Stomach Bitters, which supplies deficient stamina, braces the nervous system, and overcomes those bodily irregularities to which nervous weakness is most frequently attributable. Diseases of the kidney and bladder, imperfect digestion and uterine troubles are fertile sources of debility. Their eradication, however, becomes a matter of certainty when Hostetter's Stomach Bitters are systematically used for that purpose. The Bitters likewise annihilate and prevent fever and ague and other debilitating febrile complaints of a malarial nature.

NOSE but pure drugs at Dodd's.

If you want a nice set of Chairs cheap for cash, call at SEENOR & BARNES'.

THE best Cotton in the market for \$1.00 at Howe's.

WHY is it that so many of the boys of our village are allowed to go to school with ragged, dirty clothes on their backs, when boys' clothing can be bought so cheap of L. P. & G. W. Fox?

OUR Wall Paper stock is complete in every department. H. J. Howe.

COME and see if we don't give you more goods for your money than any one in town. J. W. SMITH.

NEW arrival of that fine Levigated soap at Dodd's Drug Store.

HOME made Straw Hats for 25 cents at H. J. Howe.

LADIES, don't you know that Mrs. Dunning's is the place to buy your Hais of all kinds, Laces, Ribbons, Flowers and Scarfs? Bleaching, shaping and trimming done, with neatness and at low rates. Come one and all, as this is the place to buy your goods. Fifth door north of Bank, Main Street. 9e2.

NICE large onions at Kinyon & Vincent's, only 40 cents per bushel.

MEN'S GAITERS.—We have just received a fine stock of men's gaiters of various styles, which cannot fail to please, and they are so cheap too! Call and see them. L. P. & G. W. Fox.

A large stock of fresh garden seeds, both in packages and in bulk, at Kinyon & Vincent's. Be sure to call there before you buy.

HAMBURG EDGING AND EMBROIDERY.—Largest stock in the city. Best Patterns. Ladies, come and see for yourselves, at HIGG'S.

Fruit and Ornamental Trees Almost Given Away.

I wish to clear up, entirely, my stock of trees this spring, and to do so shall put prices way down to the bottom notch. I have the best lot of trees ever grown in Berrien County. Come and look at them and be convinced. Then look at these prices: Apple trees, 10 to 15 cents. Peach trees, 10 cents. Standard Pear, 45 cents. Dwarf Pear, 30 cents. Evergreen and Ornamental trees 25 per cent. less than you can buy any other place. I mean business, come and see if I don't. N. H. MERRILL, Buchanan, April 5, 1876.

The undersigned have been treated by Dr. Seely for various forms of chronic diseases, and can testify to his ability to relieve and cure when all other forms of treatment in our cases have failed. We are also willing to say that Mrs. Dr. Seely can give a better diagnosis of any case without asking any questions or the patient telling her one symptom, than any physician we ever saw.

- Mrs. S. Ashford, Mrs. S. Barker, Mr. P. Allen, Mr. J. Horton, Mr. A. Barrows, Mr. C. Hall, Mrs. E. Babcock, Mrs. K. Barker, Mr. A. Bradley, Mrs. B. Jud, Miss N. Beecher, Mr. A. Johnson, Mr. C. Belknap, Mr. S. Pickett, Mrs. G. W. Palmer, Mrs. F. Patten, Mr. G. Faxon, Mrs. E. Barrows, Mr. E. Lyon, Mrs. G. W. Betts, Mr. E. Martin, Mr. G. H. White, Mr. A. Newan, Mr. E. Bverhart, Mrs. W. Dennison, Mr. W. P. French, Mr. E. Graves, Mr. L. Hart, Mr. J. Hutchinson, Mr. B. Jackson, Mr. F. Lawrence, Mr. J. O. Lobdell, Mrs. M. Manly, Mr. A. Newman, Mrs. J. Richardson, Mr. E. Logue, Mr. J. Ryan, Mr. M. Shill, Mr. R. Davidson, Mr. M. Squires, Mr. R. P. Smith, Mr. J. Spicer, Mr. E. Skinner, Mr. D. Skinner, Mrs. R. Williams, Mr. J. Waycott, Mr. J. Smith, Mr. T. Seymour, Mrs. M. Powers, Mr. A. G. Whitman, Mrs. C. Barrows, Mrs. J. Adams, Mr. J. W. Baker, Mr. B. Fraiser, Mr. E. Grady, Mr. G. Pierce, Mr. E. Phelps, Mr. L. Ramey, Mr. J. S. Rice, Mr. A. Wilcox, Mr. E. Tharber, Mr. C. Demmon, Mrs. E. Currier, Mr. A. Carpenter, Mrs. S. Brown, Mr. A. Wisfall, Mr. L. Kemble, Mr. M. Sattle, Mr. C. D. ... Mr. J. A. Noble, Mr. J. Woodward, Mr. C. W. Ingelham, Mr. A. Thierber, Mr. E. G. Gove, Mr. E. B. Foster.

Dr. Seely will take up his residence in Buchanan, Berrien Co., about the middle of this month, when he will be prepared to attend to all those who are afflicted with any kind of chronic diseases. No acute cases taken, as we cannot attend to both and do justice to our patients.

We have the best Japan Tea in town. Try it, and if it does not suit we will return your money. S. & W. W. SMITH.

USE Frazier's Root Bitters, the great spring medicine for Weakness, Scrofula, Broken Down Constitutions, Pimples on the face, and every kind of humor in the blood.

WALL PAPER! WALL PAPER! at bottom cash prices. Trimmed for you, saves half the labor. Call and see at Higby's.

WEAKLY, nervous young men, and delicate females should use Frazier's Root Bitters.

FOR SALE at the Oak Grove. Sawmill, 400,000 feet of pine and other lumber for fencing, houses, barns, or any other purposes at very low prices for cash. DANIELS & CO.

ASTONISHING how fast that 8 cent Factory and 10 cent Bleached Muslin goes. Everybody says that it is the best in town for the money, at Higby's.

Look at those cheap sergees at NOBLE'S.

GOOD line of fancy cassimeres, for men's and boys' wear. Call and see them at Higby's.

TAKE Frazier's Root Bitters for the Blood.

SPOOL COTTON at bankrupt prices. Three spools for 10 cents at Higby's.

STOR that dreadful Cough! Dr. Marshall's Lung Syrup will do it in an incredibly short time. Call at our store and try a small bottle of it, only 25c. O. E. Woods & Co.

HATS and Caps, cheap for cash at Noble's.

DR. MARSHALL'S LUNG SYRUP is without doubt one of the best preparations for Coughs, Colic, Bronchitis, Asthma, etc., ever offered to the public. Call at our store and get a trial bottle. O. E. Woods & Co.

Consumption cured!

An old physician, retired from active practice, having had placed in his hands by an East India Missionary the formula of a simple Vegetable Remedy for the speedy and permanent Cure of Consumption, Bronchitis, Catarrh, Asthma, and all the affections of the chest, has discovered a Radical Cure for Nervous Debility and all Nervous Complaints, after having thoroughly tested its wonderful curative powers in thousands of cases, and a conscientious desire to relieve human suffering, he will send (free of charge) to all who desire it, with full directions for preparing and successfully using. Sent by return mail by addressing with stamp, naming this paper. DR. W. C. STEVENS, 371 Monroe Block, Syracuse, N. Y.

Remember This.

Now is the time of the year for Pneumonia, Lung Fever, Coughs, Colds, and fatal results of predisposition to Consumption and other Throat and Lung Diseases. Boche's German Syrup has been used in this neighborhood for the past two or three years without a single failure to cure. If you have not used this medicine yourself, go to your Druggist, O. E. Woods & Co., and ask him of its wonderful success among his customers. Two doses will relieve the worst case. If you have no faith in any medicine, just buy a Sample Bottle of Boche's German Syrup for 10 cents and try it. Regular sized Bottles 75 cents. Don't neglect a cough to save 75 cents.

CENTENNIAL TREES.—We are prepared to furnish the ten varieties of deciduous and evergreen trees recommended and adopted by the Centennial Committee in New York and other States, as the hardest and most suitable for this purpose. We have secured colored plates of these varieties, with printed form of the ceremonies recommended at the planting of these trees, which may be found at the Nursery, and with W. A. Palmer, Buchanan, Michigan.

Bent, Moody & Sons, 5th St. Niles, Mich.

USE King of Pain.

To Consumptives.—My wife suffered over six years with Consumption, and after being given up by her physicians and friends as incurable, I discovered a cure. Particulars of which I send free. Rev. W. A. Bowyer, 77 Ohio St., Cleveland, Ohio.

EMIGRATION TO THE WEST.

From present indications, the year 1876 is about to witness a very extensive movement westward from the Middle States. The class of emigration promises to be very different in character to that of past years, and we shall watch with interest the result. In previous years numbers have started westward with the chimerical idea that the possession of 80 or 100 acres of land would bring them fortunes even though they lacked both the means and the knowledge to cultivate a farm with profit.

These men have failed in the West, just as they were bound to fail anywhere, whereas, others who had small capital, some experience and the will to toil, have in nearly every instance been successful, and some of them in a high degree.

It is of this latter class that the bulk of the present emigrants consist—men who know the difficulties attending the founding of a new home, and men who go to meet and overcome those difficulties.

The matter of selection is so important, however, in these days of Railroad Land Grants and seductive advertising, that the intending emigrant will do well to make his selection in person.

We are pleased to see that the Burlington and Missouri River Railroad Company, recognizing the importance of this, and feeling confident of the excellence of their Iowa and Nebraska lands, are inviting inspection and offering special aid to this end by the adoption of low rates for round trip tickets from Chicago, Indianapolis, Cincinnati, all Junction points on the Chicago Burlington and Quincy Railroad, to Lincoln, Nebraska, and other points. Moreover, they offer to refund the fare to purchasers of land on six years' credit, and one-half of it to those who buy on ten years' time.

This is a move that bears the ring of truth, and we take pleasure in calling attention to the fact. The lands of this company are well and favorably known, and for agriculture or stock raising they will compare with any lands in the market.

Full information can be obtained by addressing the Land Commissioner, B. & M. R. R., Burlington, Iowa.

You can get the Centennial new song and chorus, "That Banner One Hundred Years Old" and five beautiful photographs of the different Centennial buildings, post paid, for 50 cents. Address,

F. W. HEMMICK, 278 West Sixth Street, Cincinnati, Ohio.

An absent minded Ohio woman got the coffee pot ready for boiling and then carefully placed it on a chair and sat herself on the stove. Although the occasion was suggestive of some of the early martyrs she managed to derive some consolation out of it from the well improved opportunity it afforded her of obliging her husband to buy her a new dress, which, as soon as she was well enough, she made up herself with the assistance of the "Domestic" Fashions and a new "Domestic" Sewing Machine.

THE question has often been asked by those interested, "Can I have my gray hair restored to its natural color, without coloring the skin?" and we answer, "Oh yes," and would advise you to read a treatise on the hair, which is published by R. P. Hall & Co., Nashua, N. H., who send it free upon application. They are the proprietors of Hall's Vegetable Sulfur Hair Restorer. We learn from the hair, in a perfect state of health, is constantly falling out, and new hairs grow from the same tubes; but, in case of any disease of the scalp, or by the use of alcoholic preparations, the hair-tube becomes contracted at its mouth, and prevents the new follicle from reaching the surface. Their preparation will create a perfect healthy condition of the scalp, and, by its tonic properties, will preserve and strengthen the roots of the hair. Statesman, Des Moines, Iowa.

THE COUNTY PRESS.

[Benton Harbor Times.] Some horse-thief or other entered the barn of Wm. Steward on Thursday night and quietly drove off a span of horses, all properly harnessed and hitched to a good three-spring wagon. On leaving the harbor Monday the Kate L. Bruce ran into the R. R. bridge breaking two rails. [Niles Democrat.] A brakeman fell from the cars on Wednesday night, near Dowagiac, was run over and instantly killed. Fred McNaab, of Dowagiac, well known in this city, shot himself in the head with a revolver on last Monday evening. He breathed his last Tuesday morning. Cause—woman and whisky. [Niles Mirror.] At a public sale in Pipestone on the premises of the late Davidson Gardner on Wednesday last. Art Brainbridge laid off his coat to play a game of ball. When he put it on he found his pocket book had been stolen from it, containing \$88 cash and notes and papers to the amount of \$250 more, making his loss \$338. No clue has been found of the robber. The Briggs mill at Paw Paw, drew off their large pond of water on the 14th, and the dam of J. W. Willard, situated below, was carried away in consequence. Niles Com-mandery, No. 12, elected the following officers on Friday:—E. C. O. Boyd Thomas; G. D. H. Freed; C. G.—William Graves; Plate—J. B. Fitzgerald; S. W.—G. W. Timmons; J. W.—E. S. Badger; Treasurers—J. A. Montgomery; Recorder—C. J. Sterling. Doc Gephart, of this city, who has for some time been in the Insane Asylum, died there on the 16th. His remains were brought here for interment. [St. Joseph Republican.] The Corona passed through a large field of ice while creating the lake Tuesday night. This fish-bait Sea Gull, snopped the foremost, about half way up, while out in the lake on Monday last. We clip the following from the Naganee Herald: "At present, April 22, the snow in the woods hereabouts fully four feet in depth." "E. B. Sullivan, fire repairer of the M. E. & O. Railroad telegraph, deposits and says that on Friday, the 8th of April, A. D. 1876, he shoveled snow off the top wire of the line, for some distance between the face track and the post house within the city limits of Naganee, where the snow was fully 20 feet deep; and further says that the lower wire, averaging from 18 to 20 feet above ground, was buried in the snow for a distance of fully 100 rods. They are the "boss snow-banks."

MARRIAGES. April 16th, 1876, at the residence of the bride's parents in Dayton, Ohio, by Rev. DENTON, of Dayton, and Miss LURELLA DUMPERT.

Deaths.

IN REMEMBRANCE.

HARRISON GLOVER, after an illness of fourteen weeks died April 8, 1876, aged 32 years and 2 months.

ADMINISTRATOR'S SALE.

In the matter of the estate of Edgar R. Beckwith, deceased, notice is hereby given that by virtue of an order of the Judge of Probate of the County of Berrien, in the County of Berrien, Michigan, County of Berrien, State of Michigan, on Saturday, the 24th day of June, A. D. 1876, in the matter of the estate of Edgar R. Beckwith, deceased, the undersigned administrator of said estate will sell at public auction or vendue, to the highest bidder, on the premises, in the village of Buchanan, in the Township of Buchanan, County of Berrien, State of Michigan, on Saturday, the 24th day of June, A. D. 1876, the home and lot of land, situate in the southeast and four o'clock in the afternoon, the following described lots, to-wit: (1) Lot 10 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (2) Lot 11 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (3) Lot 12 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (4) Lot 13 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (5) Lot 14 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (6) Lot 15 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (7) Lot 16 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (8) Lot 17 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (9) Lot 18 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (10) Lot 19 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (11) Lot 20 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (12) Lot 21 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (13) Lot 22 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (14) Lot 23 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (15) Lot 24 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (16) Lot 25 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (17) Lot 26 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (18) Lot 27 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (19) Lot 28 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (20) Lot 29 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (21) Lot 30 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (22) Lot 31 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (23) Lot 32 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (24) Lot 33 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (25) Lot 34 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (26) Lot 35 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (27) Lot 36 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (28) Lot 37 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (29) Lot 38 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (30) Lot 39 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (31) Lot 40 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (32) Lot 41 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (33) Lot 42 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (34) Lot 43 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (35) Lot 44 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (36) Lot 45 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (37) Lot 46 in Block 2, of the City of Buchanan, Michigan, containing 1/4 of an acre, more or less, and (38) Lot 47 in Block 2

