

The Berrien County Record.

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Mortgage Sale. WILBER, default is made in the conditions of a certain mortgage...

Poetry. CITY AND COUNTRY. BY CHARLES B. HOWELL. Johnny raked the fragrant hay, In father's morning meadow...

Mortgage Sale. D. H. HAYDEN having been paid the payment of a sum of money...

Sheep's Sale. STATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien, ss.-By virtue of a writ of Fieri Facias issued out of and under the seal of the Circuit Court for the County of Berrien...

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Miscellaneous. JOHNNY'S TROUBLES. Mamma, what's this my-a-pon? Nassy ap'on make my eye...

Northerners in the South. EDITORS RECORD:—It is often asked, "How do the Southern people receive people from the North?"

POLLY'S LOVER. BY EDEN E. REYNOLD. "There goes that Jackanapes of a Gray," said John Crawford...

A Scene at the Grand Central Hotel, New York. No one who has visited Europe will fail to appreciate the following:

John and Polly had been as good as engaged, in country parlance, for a long time. He had taken her to quilting, bean and country balls, picnics and husking-frolics...

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We have reason to know, the feeling and the sentiment of the better class through the country. We have no opposition. The school is endowed by State. Public funds are pledged to support it.

State Items. About 12 o'clock last Tuesday night a fire broke out in A. Anspach & Co.'s store, on River street, and when discovered flames had made such headway that it was impossible to save anything from the building.

On Saturday morning at about 9 o'clock, Edward Fisher, son of Mr. and Mrs. Leonard Fisher, aged about 20 years, died at the Three Rivers House, from the effects of an overdose of Laudanum administered by himself on Friday evening.

Another fact which insures welcome to people who would make homes there: Under the old system very large plantations were the order. Thousands of acres of the finest lands were, in bodies, under one man's hand.

Mr. Abel White, of Constantine, died Wednesday from the effects of injuries received in falling from a roof. He was engaged in laying shingles on his brother's, John White's, roof in the township of Florence, when he fell.

On Sunday, the 18, about two miles from Spring Lake, a boy, whose name we were unable to learn, was thrown from a horse attached to a plow. His injuries proved fatal in a few hours.

On Sunday last, William G. Foster living on Catherine street, either by accident or design took 7 1/2 grains of morphine and when found he was insensible. Medical aid was speedily procured and with the aid of neighbors he was after a long and patient labor brought to consciousness.

Lieut. Henry Allen, formerly of Algonac, lately of Detroit Harbor, Mich., was recently re-married in marriage to his former wife, Alice K. Allen. The latter had procured a divorce a year or so ago, after a four years' absence of her husband.

Mr. P. Fohey, of Northfield, has 30 acres of potatoes planted this year. He expected the bugs would "clean him out," and therefore planted a large crop. The present indications are that he will have potatoes enough to supply the whole of Northfield.

Eddie Rogers, about 12 years old, died last Sunday of lockjaw. A few days before he fell from a cherry tree and ran a twig into his cheek. He afterwards went in bathing and caught cold in the wound, which became inflamed and terminated in lockjaw.

A grange man, it is said, will have 15 tons of grapes this year and Allegan isn't much of a country for fruit either. Can any of the St. Jo. orchardists beat that?—Osage Herald.

The barn of W. T. & R. E. Davy, of Greenbush, was struck by lightning on Wednesday last week, doing considerable damage to the building, and severely shocking Mrs. C. W. Smith, who has not yet fully recovered, but is considered out of danger.

An adopted son of Alfred Doolittle, in Paw Paw township was very badly burned a few days ago by his clothes catching fire from a burning stove. His hips and body were badly burned, but he is slowly recovering.

A lady has commenced a suit for divorce in our Circuit Court, and expects the jury to award her \$2,000 or more "back-pay."—Lapeer Clarion.

THE BERRIEN COUNTY RECORD.

W. D. KING, Editor. THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 4, 1873.

Ohio Correspondence.

DELPHOS, Aug. 27, 1873. WAGNER & KINGERY.—The Democratic Senatorial Convention was held yesterday, representing seven or eight counties in northwestern Ohio, to nominate two men to be voted for, for the State Senate. It was a stirring body, exhibiting much of the old element of the party. They met, cheered by the animated music of the band, on the east side of the canal in Allen Co., Van Wert being about ten rods off on the West, and elected a temporary chairman and appointed the committees. The candidates for nomination were then invited to declare their views and pledge themselves to sustain the nominees of the Convention.

The first speaker said, it was the great idea and work of the Democratic party to save the country from financial ruin. The second said he was ready to fight, and was much pleased. The third said he had always been of the Valandigham stripe, and he had the largest vote of any one who failed of the nomination. The fourth said that he was born, and bound to live and die a Democrat. The fifth, Judge Patten, of Defiance Co., made a strong and sensible speech, a man of dignity and talent and one of the best men in the Convention, and should have received the nomination but did not. Another from Paulding Co. had always voted for Valandigham. Another, one of the ancients, had voted three times for Jackson, once before he was old enough, but in those days people were not particular.

The speakers told of the tyranny and oppression of the general government, of the enormous debt that had been contracted under Republican rule, the heavy taxes, corruption, the dishonesty of any one who men in office and others owing to their favorable position and knowledge, had become rich, how monopolies of enormous power have been multiplied, Railroads, National Banks, the almost boundless issue of paper money, the delay of specie payments—all threatening the country with a moneyed oligarchy, that would oppress, and was oppressing and enslaving the people, and that it becomes the Democratic party to hasten to the rescue, especially in Ohio, and reform, cleanse and deliver the commonwealth from its low estate.

One speaker said that they had got some old wine left and they had put it into old bottles and they held it, that they wanted to get back to the good old times of Jackson. And here the picture of the hero and President, on canvas, was brought into the hall and unrolled in the rear of the chairman and in the middle over it was inscribed, "Resistance to tyrants is obedience to God." After adjourning for dinner, the Convention reassembled about 2 o'clock and heard reports of committees. They then commenced voting by counties. After balloting ten or twelve times they nominated a man from Auglaize Co. and another from Williams Co. for senators. It was a long and sad tug they had, before they could agree. The day was hot and the hall crowded. No doubt they were thirsty and some of them partook of something besides water, some perhaps, imbibed whisky, and some lager, the fancy drink of the German element. And all around, some with pipes and some with cigars, were perturbing the atmosphere with clouds of smoke like discharges of musketry. One was taken in charge by a constable officer for some cause. While the voting was going on there was repeated shouting and screaming in the hall and out of it. For a time two or more persons in the hall screamed incessantly, waving something like a flask of liquor and calling out the name of their favorite candidate and trying to manufacture public sentiment in his favor, but he was not chosen. The shouting and cheering could be heard at a distance some time after the voting was over. The Convention was so intent upon doing up their work that they did not adjourn for supper.

Some office seekers went away that night sad and disappointed, but it is a strong and Democratic district, and they will probably elect their nominees. The Albany Co. movement, as it is called, and the nomination of old Allen for Governor is designed to Allenize the State, and put the Democrats into power, but it will not succeed. Which party will gain or lose by some side issues is uncertain.

The wheat crop in this part of Ohio, the north-west section, is about two-thirds of an average. Corn will not be over one-half a crop.

From the Agricultural College.

LANSING, MICH., Aug. 25th, 1873. EDS. RECORD.—Dear Sirs:—For the benefit of young men desirous of entering this institution, and the public in general, I will try to describe as nearly as I can the College and its surroundings. The Agricultural College is situated about three and one half miles east of Lansing and occupies a slight rise of ground, and surrounded as it is by great trees which have been purposely left, and by ornamental trees placed there from time to time, has a very pleasing and picturesque look when viewed from the highway, which runs east and west about one hundred rods north of the buildings. The College buildings proper are four in number, viz: a large hall three stories high, besides the basement. This Hall contains Chapel, Library, Museum and Recitation rooms. The basement is used for a workshop for the Horticultural Department. And two large Dormitories capable of containing 140 students. Also a Chemical Laboratory containing tables for the use of 43 students in Analytical Chemistry, and 39 in Elementary Chemistry. The grounds have been laid out by a landscape gardener and partly worked out. They already abound in walks, drives and flower gardens. The Farm contains about 676 acres and is well carried on under the excellent management of Dr. M. Miles, Professor of Practical Agriculture. A great share of the work is performed by the stu-

dents working under Messrs. Hume & White, each student being required to labor three hours daily, and receives 73 cents an hour. They also have the privilege of working Saturday when they receive a shilling an hour. Some object to the work system, but only those who are constitutionally averse to it. It is the best place in the State of Michigan for a young man to get a good, practical education cheaply. It costs some young men from three to four hundred dollars a year to stay here, while others get along very comfortably on one hundred and fifty, and a very few on less yet.

From your obedient servant, SKIP.

Oregon Correspondence.

SWEET HOME VALLEY, Aug. 10th, 1873.

EDITORS RECORD:—I shall once more attempt to interest your many readers with what the so-called "Capt. Jack" says in his misrepresentations. Poor "Jack" now he honest, would you not like to be put back in your little Lava Bed? Perhaps that is where you mean to go when you say you will return to California this fall. I think Uncle Sam will see about that. Who ever supposed that "Capt. Jack" would do as many other great men have done, claim Three Oaks as their nativity? Now I hope "Capt. Jack" will forgive me if I am a little sarcastic in replying to his very ungentlemanly letter in the Record of July 17th, 1873. He accuses me of misrepresenting Oregon. Right here let me admit one thing, my letter should have read here from Chicago to San Francisco \$118 instead of \$110. Now let me show you some of your mistakes on base misrepresentations you say there is no Government land in Oregon. How singular that a State of the dimensions of Oregon should have no Government land in it when it has so few inhabitants. The fact of the matter is, that over half of the State is Government land and a large amount of the balance is R. R. land, and Washington Territory is really all Government land, these are facts. Any one can satisfy themselves by dropping a postal card to any land office in the State. Of course there is none in the city of Portland where "Capt. Jack" stopped and interviewed Oregon. He says, "I cannot tell you how many poor families have said, 'Oh, how could only get back to that old home again!'" No wonder he cannot tell, for no one that has lived here two years ever told him any such thing, and I dare him to mention the name and locality of one, if he will do so he will oblige me very much. I will see them if I can find them, and have them write to the Record. Such a person would be a curiosity to me and Oregonians generally, for I have never heard any person yet say they wanted to go back to any of the States to live, and I will venture that I have asked twenty to his one. Next come his great mistake about the rain fall. Did no one ever tell him that it rained 18 months in the year and that he would have a hard time of it until his toes webbed? I append a weather record embracing a period of ten years in Portland where we have more rain, more cloudy weather, and more fog than they have farther south in the Valleys, and much more than they have in the Umpqua and Rogue river Valleys, while in middle and eastern Oregon they have comparatively none of these discomforts in winter. This record is kept by the President of the present United States Internal Revenue collector in Portland, and who is a gentleman every way reliable. He says, he has kept this for the last ten years, and which shows that Oregon has a yearly average of 65 per cent. of days without rain or snow. Now I say, examine your home record for the same length of time and see how it compares. If you say ours is a false record, why cannot we say the same about yours or that of any other country? You ask in what one's greatness consists? Well, I will say that I am astonished at any sane man asking that question especially after being once even in sight of Oregon, but I will mention a few things, not what I have heard of, but what I have seen. We raise more wheat; we raise more small grain; more fruit; have a more healthy and pleasant climate than any way in Michigan; the Union is and where under the sun can you beat our fisheries and the water power at Oregon City which is the best known in the world? Our mines and our game, and last, but not least our public and private schools. Now let me tell you about some of the curiosities right in the Willamette Valley, and which any one can see every day in their season. Yesterday I ate plums larger than any peach I ever saw in Michigan or any where else; I have seen oats from land that never was mowed, seven feet and five inches in height, and which were self-sown or what is known as the volunteer crop, and here let me say they raise bigger, better and more oats to the acre from the Volunteer crop than you can raise any way in Michigan. Mrs. A. C. Gibbs, of Portland, wife of Ex-Governor Gibbs of this State, in speaking about Oregon told me that she has out, on New Year's day, bunches of flowers out of her own garden for twenty years' succession, save one year, when there was a frost which killed them. If some one is that skeptical will write to her she will answer with pleasure, she has lived here twenty years and understands the country well. Let me say here to those anticipating coming to Oregon, it would be well enough for you to come and look before bringing your families, because no country in the world can suit everybody. More anon.

WANDERING MODOC.

—A great excursion to Put-in-Bay is now being planned in which Centerville, Constantine, Three Rivers, Mendon and other localities are to take part. It is proposed to charter train and steamer with all necessary necessities provided and have a line of days of recreation, pleasure and sight-seeing to and upon this master-piece of nature's works.—On Wednesday Able White, of Constantine, fell, with fatal injury, it is feared, from his horse. Upon the same day a man belonging to J. A. Gordon, was destroyed by fire. It was just finished and well filled with grain.—Three Rivers Reporter.

BY-LAWS OF THE VILLAGE OF BUCHANAN, BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan, Michigan, on this twenty-fifth day of August, A. D. 1873, following the laws of the government of said Village, under the Charter thereof, now in force:

BY-LAW I. FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF DISORDERLY PERSONS.

Every person who shall, within the corporate limits of said Village, engage in, or incite others to engage in any affray, riot, disturbance, disorderly assemblage or mob, or shall assault, beat or wound any person, or shall willfully disturb any religious or other lawful assemblage or meeting, or shall be guilty of any indecent exposure of his or her person in any of the public places or streets of said village, shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW II. TO PREVENT THE USE OF INSULTING AND PROFANE LANGUAGE, AND FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF DRUNKENNESS.

If any person shall openly in the public streets, or in any public place, meeting, assemblage or place of business, use any vulgar, indecent or profane language, or shall swear by the name of God, Jesus Christ or the Holy Ghost, or shall be found drunk or intoxicated, in any of the streets or public places of said village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars, or by imprisonment not more than ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW III. TO PREVENT THE SALE OF LIQUOR TO MINORS AND DRUNKARDS.

If any person by himself, his clerk, agent or servant shall, directly or indirectly, sell or give to any minor, or drunkard, or person who is drunk, any spirituous, intoxicating or malt liquors, except when prescribed by a regular physician for medicinal purposes, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW IV. TO PREVENT MINORS FROM GAMBLING IN SALOONS WHERE LIQUORS ARE SOLD.

It shall not be lawful for any person by himself, his clerk, agent or servant to allow or permit any minor to play at cards, dice, billiards, or any game of chance, in any part of any building or saloon in which a bar is kept, or spirituous, intoxicating or malt liquors are sold. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this By-Law, shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW V. TO PREVENT BOYS FROM JUMPING UPON OR RUNNING ON OR ABOUT THE TRAINS OF THE MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

If any boy or boys shall be found jumping upon, clinging to, or running upon or about any car or train of cars on the Michigan Central Railroad within said Village, except he shall be a passenger on such train, or employee of said road, he may be summarily arrested by the Marshal, or by any Village policeman, and may be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars.

BY-LAW VI. FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF VAGRANCY.

If any suspicious person shall be found prowling or lurking about the streets, or about any dwelling, shop, store or other building or place of business, after the hour of ten o'clock P. M., and before daylight, he shall be deemed to be a vagrant, and may be interrogated by the Marshal or Night Watch of said Village, and unless he shall give satisfactory reasons for being abroad at such time and place, may be summarily arrested and proceeded against as a vagrant, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW VII. TO PREVENT THE KEEPING OF DISORDERLY HOUSES AND HOUSES OF ILL FAME.

If any person shall keep a house of ill fame resorted to for purposes of prostitution or lewdness, or shall keep a noisy and disorderly house to the disturbance of the quiet of the neighborhood, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW VIII. TO PREVENT THE KEEPING OPEN OF SALOONS AND PLACES OF BUSINESS ON THE FIRST DAY OF THE WEEK.

SECTION 1. If any person shall keep open or admit any person into any saloon kept for the sale of spirituous, intoxicating or malt liquors, or into any billiard saloon or place for playing at cards, dice, or any other game of chance, or as a resort for idlers, gamblers, or drunkards, on the First Day of the week, commonly called Sunday, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW IX. TO PREVENT THE KEEPING OPEN OF SALOONS IN THE EVENING.

SECTION 1. If any person shall keep open or admit any person into any saloon kept for the sale of spirituous, intoxicating or malt liquors, or into any billiard saloon or place for playing at cards, dice, or any other game, or as a resort for idlers, gamblers or drunkards, after the hour of eleven o'clock P. M., and before daylight, such keeper or the person in charge of such saloon shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW X. TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSING OF SALOON KEEPERS.

SECTION 1. Every person who shall, by himself or his servants, directly or indirectly sell or offer for sale any spirituous, intoxicating or malt liquors, or shall keep a bar, wheel of fortune or other apparatus for dealing out liquors, or shall keep one or more billiard or pigeon hole tables for use or hire, shall be deemed to be a saloon keeper within the meaning of this By-Law, and shall pay annually a license fee of one hundred dollars for such saloon kept by him; and on failure to pay the same and obtain such license as is required here provided, he shall be punished by fine not less than fifty dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars, and by imprisonment in the village prison not less than ten and not exceeding thirty days, or in the county jail not less than thirty and not exceeding ninety days. Provided, however, that this By-Law shall not apply to sellers of drugs and medicines, who shall have given bonds as provided in section 2,147 of the compiled laws of 1871 and shall have complied with the conditions thereof.

SECTION 2. Every saloon keeper, within the meaning of the above section, shall annually pay to the Treasurer of said Village said license fee of one hundred dollars, and the said Treasurer shall give to the person so paying a receipt for the same specifying for what it is given and the date thereof, and upon the presentation of said receipt to the Recorder of said Village he shall give a Certificate of License, signed by him as Recorder of the Village of Buchanan, setting forth that the person, naming him, has paid the sum of one hundred dollars license fee for one year as saloon keeper in the Village of Buchanan, specifying the place and the building where such saloon is to be kept, and the time when such license shall commence and when it will expire.

BY-LAW XI. TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSING OF BREWERS.

SECTION 1. If any person shall carry on the business of a brewer within said Village, without having first obtained a license therefor, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XII. TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSING OF PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS.

SECTION 1. Every person who shall exhibit publicly any show, or perform publicly any plays, games, theatrical or other performance, or concerts, (except school or church concerts and exhibitions) or shall exhibit any natural or other curiosities, for which pay or compensation shall be required or demanded, without having first obtained a license therefor from the Recorder of said Village, shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XIII. TO PROVIDE FOR THE LICENSING OF AUCTIONEERS.

SECTION 1. Any person who shall carry on the business of an Auctioneer, or shall sell property at public auction, or outcry, or shall offer goods at nominal prices by public outcry, (except property sold by virtue of legal process) without having first obtained a license therefor, shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XIV. TO PREVENT THE LEAVING OF HORSES AND MULES LOOSE IN THE STREETS.

If any person shall leave any horse, or team of horses or mules in the streets, or in any public place in said Village, without having them securely fastened, tied or hitched to some suitable post or railing, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars.

BY-LAW XV. TO PROVIDE FOR THE Muzzling AND KILLING OF DOGS OR CATS.

SECTION 1. It shall not be lawful for the owner of any dog to allow the same to run at large in the streets or in any public place in said Village, between the fifteenth day of June and the fifteenth day of September, without such dog shall be safely and securely muzzled, and for every violation of this By-Law the owner shall be liable to a fine of five dollars.

BY-LAW XVI. TO PREVENT ENCROACHMENTS UPON SIDEWALKS.

If any person shall place or cause to be placed any sign, cloth, garment, box or other article upon or over any sidewalk, beyond the line of any lot in said Village, which shall in any manner impede, obstruct or prevent the full, free and clear passage of said sidewalk, or obstruct the full view of the whole width of the sidewalk, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding five dollars for every day such encroachment shall remain, after the person offending shall have been notified by the Marshal to remove the same. Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to any awning used upon any building in said Village.

BY-LAW XVII. TO REGULATE THE REPAIRING OF SIDEWALKS AND REMOVING OF SNOW, ICE AND RUBBISH.

SECTION 1. It shall be the duty of the owner, occupant or agent of each and every lot within the corporate limits of said Village, to keep the sidewalk in good repair. And whenever the sidewalk shall be found out of repair, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to notify such owner, occupant or agent of such lot, if there be one found, to repair the walk, and in case such owner, occupant or agent refuse or neglect to do the same within five days after such notice, the Marshal shall cause the same to be done, and shall keep an account of the expense thereof, and return the same to the Assessor of said Village, who shall levy the amount so returned by the Marshal, with 10 per cent. added thereto, as a tax upon said lot or premises, to be collected from the owner thereof in the same manner, and subject to the same rules and regulations as other taxes. In case such owner or agent cannot be found within the corporate limits of said Village, then such notice shall be in writing, and shall be served by being mailed at the post office in said Village, directed to such owner or agent at his last known place of residence.

BY-LAW XVIII. TO PREVENT THE CARRYING OF CONCEALED FIRE-ARMS.

If any person shall carry any concealed fire-arms, slung shot or any deadly weapons he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars.

BY-LAW XIX. TO PREVENT THE DISCHARGE OF FIRE WORKS AND FIRE-ARMS.

If any person shall, within fifty feet of any building, light or set off any fire cracker or fire works of any kind, or shall discharge any pistol, gun or other fire-arms in said Village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars.

BY-LAW XX. TO PREVENT THE INJURING OF SHADE TREES.

Any person who shall injure, dig, or destroy any shade, ornamental or other trees, shrubbery, plants or flowers in any street, public grounds, cemetery or lot not his own, either by fastening any horse or other animal thereto, or by permitting any animal to run at large, or in any other manner, shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XXI. TO PREVENT THE BUILDING OF BONFIRES. Every person who shall, at any time between sunset and sunrise, make or kindle, or cause to be made or kindled any bonfire of shavings or other substances within fifty feet of any building, or kindle any fire in any street of said Village, shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars for each and every such offence.

BY-LAW XXII. TO PREVENT THE OBSTRUCTING OF TRAVEL ON SIDEWALKS AND CROSSWALKS.

If any person shall, in person, or by his team or wagon or other vehicle, obstruct any crosswalk, or if any number of persons shall aggregate on any sidewalk or crosswalk, or obstruct the full view of the sidewalk, or move on and clear said walk, when ordered so to do by any member of the Common Council of said Village, or by the Marshal, the person or persons so offending may be summarily arrested and punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars.

BY-LAW XXIII. TO PREVENT INJURY TO BUILDINGS AND PROPERTY.

If any person shall willfully injure and damage any sidewalk or bridge, or mar, deface, disfigure or in any manner trespass upon or injure any public grounds, building, engine, hose-cart, hose or other corporate property belonging to said Village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars, or by imprisonment in the Village prison not exceeding thirty days, or in the County Jail not more than ninety days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XXIV. TO REGULATE THE PLANTING AND SETTING OF SHADE TREES.

If any person shall plant or set out, or cause to be planted or set out any tree, on any street in said Village at a distance on said street from the line of the lots other than that designated by the Common Council of said Village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding five dollars; and if upon being notified by the Marshal to remove the same he shall refuse so to do, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to cut down, dig up or remove the same.

BY-LAW XXV. TO PREVENT ANIMALS RUNNING AT LARGE.

SECTION 1. If any horses, sheep or swine are at any time found running at large within the corporate limits of said Village, or if any cat or dog is found running at large within said Village, between the first day of November and the first day of April following, or at any time between the hours of nine o'clock p. m. and four o'clock a. m., it shall be the duty of the Marshal to seize and take, and to receive from any person who shall bring to him any such horse, sheep, swine or cattle so found running at large against the provisions of this By-Law, and to impound and care for the same.

BY-LAW XXVI. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 2. The owner of any animal thus impounded shall be entitled to the possession of the same upon payment to the Marshal of the following fees: For horses the sum of one dollar per head and fifty cents per day for keeping while thus impounded; cattle fifty cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding fifty cents per day while impounded; sheep and swine twenty-five cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding thirty cents per day while thus impounded.

BY-LAW XXVII. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 3. If the owner of any animal thus impounded shall not pay the amount fixed by the above section, together with costs of keeping as therein provided, and remove such animal or animals within three days after the impounding thereof, it shall be lawful for the Marshal of said Village to sell the same at public auction, having first given at least ten days' notice of the time and place of such sale by posting notices thereof in three public places, and also by inserting the same once in a newspaper published in said Village; and the Marshal shall deposit the money arising from such sale with the Treasurer of said Village, who shall pay the surplus arising therefrom, after deducting the cost of removal, the cost of the sale, and costs of sale, to the owner thereof upon satisfactory proof of ownership.

BY-LAW XXVIII. THE BOARD OF HEALTH AND ITS AUTHORITY.

The Common Council of said Village shall constitute a Board of Health, and shall have authority to enforce the laws of this State as provided in chapter 46 of the compiled laws of 1871 and the amendments thereto; and they shall cause the removal and abatement of all nuisances which, in their opinion, may be detrimental to the health of the inhabitants of said Village.

BY-LAW XXIX. FOR THE PREVENTION AND ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES.

SECTION 1. If any person shall keep in or about any shop, warehouse or other building any green, unstained hides or skins, or shall keep on any filthy or loathsome matter, or shall erect or continue, or cause to be erected or continued any privy, hog sty, cow pen, stable or other nuisance so near to the grounds of another as to injure the health or comfort of any person residing near such nuisance, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars for each and every day he shall continue to violate the provisions of this By-Law after having received from the Common Council twenty-four hours' notice to remove or abate the same.

BY-LAW XXX. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 2. If any person shall throw, or cause to be thrown, on any sidewalk, or into any street or alley any slops or filthy water, urine, carrion or filthy substance, or shall suffer, cause or permit the same to pass through any sink or spout to any sidewalk or into any street or alley, or shall throw, or cause to be thrown, any slops or filthy water, or into any street or alley, or upon any lot, any dead animal, fowl or carrion, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty dollars, or by imprisonment not more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XXXI. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 3. If any person shall throw, or cause to be thrown or placed into any creek, mill race or flume, within said Village, any saw dust, corn cobs, dead animals, or offal of slaughtered animals, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XXXII. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 4. If any person shall keep, within the limits of said Village, any slaughter house, or yard for the purpose of slaughtering animals, or yard for the purpose of feeding any hogs, swine, cattle, sheep or other animals slaughtered or shipped for market without having first obtained a permit from the Common Council of said Village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

SECTION 5. If any person shall neglect or refuse for the space of twenty-four hours after notice, to obey any order lawfully made by the Board of Health of said Village, and to him directed, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

BY-LAW XXXIII. TO PREVENT OBSTRUCTIONS UPON STREETS AND SIDEWALKS.

SECTION 1. If any person shall place, or cause to be placed, any saw logs, timber, lumber, wood or other obstructions in or upon any of the streets or sidewalks of said Village, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to notify the owner or the person who placed, or caused to be placed such saw logs, timber, lumber, wood or obstructions upon any street or sidewalk, to remove the same within forty-eight hours; and if the person so notified shall neglect or refuse to remove the same within the time mentioned, he shall on conviction be punished by fine not exceeding five dollars for every day such saw logs, timber, lumber, wood or obstructions shall remain after the expiration of the time fixed in such notice. Provided, however, that the President of said Village may grant a permit for the placing of building materials or other property, temporarily, upon any street or sidewalk in front of any premises owned or occupied by the applicant, so long as the same shall not obstruct or hinder the travel upon such street or sidewalk—subject, however, to the right of the Common Council to cancel or revoke such permit.

BY-LAW XXXIV. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 2. If the owner or person who shall place, or cause to be placed, any saw logs, timber, lumber, wood or other obstructions in or upon any street or sidewalk as above set forth, cannot be ascertained by the Marshal, or he be found within the limits of said Village so as to permit the service of notice as above provided, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to post a notice on or in front of the lot where such saw logs, timber, lumber, wood or other obstructions are placed, requiring the owner or agent, within forty-eight hours thereafter, to remove the same so that they shall no longer obstruct the street or sidewalk; and if such obstructions are not removed within the time specified, or if the party served with the notice, as specified in section one, shall neglect or refuse to remove such saw logs, timber, lumber, wood or other obstructions within the time mentioned in such notice, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to remove the same to some suitable place as near as may be convenient, within said Village, and to hold the same until the costs of such removal are paid.

BY-LAW XXXV. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 3. If no person shall apply, within twenty days after such removal, for property taken or removed by virtue of the above sections, and pay the costs of such removal and for the care of the same, the Marshal, after the expiration of said twenty days, may proceed to sell the same at public auction, having first given at least ten days notice of the time and place of such sale by posting the same in three public places, and also by inserting the same once in a newspaper published in said Village; and the Marshal shall deposit the money arising from such sale with the Treasurer of said Village, who shall pay the surplus arising therefrom, after deducting the cost of removal, the cost of the sale, and costs of sale, to the owner thereof upon satisfactory proof of ownership.

BY-LAW XXXVI. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 4. The owner of any animal thus impounded shall be entitled to the possession of the same upon payment to the Marshal of the following fees: For horses the sum of one dollar per head and fifty cents per day for keeping while thus impounded; cattle fifty cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding fifty cents per day while impounded; sheep and swine twenty-five cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding thirty cents per day while thus impounded.

BY-LAW XXXVII. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 5. In all cases where by the Charter or By-Laws of said Village, a fine is imposed by the Court, before whom any person shall be convicted, he may adjudge that the person so convicted shall stand committed to the Village Prison or County Jail until the fine or penalty so imposed is paid, not exceeding in any case a period of thirty days.

BY-LAW XXXVIII. FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF PERSONS SEIZING PROPERTY IN POSSESSION OF THE MARSHAL.

If any person shall rescue, seize, or take, or shall cause to be rescued, seized or taken any horses, cattle, sheep, swine or any property whatever out of the possession or custody of the Marshal of said Village, which said Marshal has taken or received by virtue of the charter or By-Laws of said Village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days.

BY-LAW XXXIX. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 1. Wherever by the provisions of the Charter or By-Laws of this Village, the violations thereof may be punished by imprisonment as well as by fine, the Marshal of said Village may summarily arrest without warrant any person whom he may find violating any such provision, and take the person so offending before any officer authorized to hear and determine such offence, to be dealt with according to law.

BY-LAW XL. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 2. If any person shall throw, or cause to be thrown, on any sidewalk, or into any street or alley any slops or filthy water, urine, carrion or filthy substance, or shall suffer, cause or permit the same to pass through any sink or spout to any sidewalk or into any street or alley, or shall throw, or cause to be thrown, any slops or filthy water, or into any street or alley, or upon any lot, any dead animal, fowl or carrion, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty dollars, or by imprisonment not more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XLI. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 3. If any person shall throw, or cause to be thrown or placed into any creek, mill race or flume, within said Village, any saw dust, corn cobs, dead animals, or offal of slaughtered animals, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, or by imprisonment not more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the Court.

BY-LAW XLII. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 4. If any person shall keep, within the limits of said Village, any slaughter house, or yard for the purpose of slaughtering animals, or yard for the purpose of feeding any hogs, swine, cattle, sheep or other animals slaughtered or shipped for market without having first obtained a permit from the Common Council of said Village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

BY-LAW XLIII. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 5. If any person shall neglect or refuse for the space of twenty-four hours after notice, to obey any order lawfully made by the Board of Health of said Village, and to him directed, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

BY-LAW XLIV. TO PREVENT THE POSSESSION OF ANIMALS NOT PAID FOR.

SECTION 1. All personal estate shall be assessed to the person who shall be the owner thereof on the fourth Monday in March, and all real estate shall

A. F. WHITE'S Drug Store

Will be opened for the SPRING TRADE The largest stock of

Paints & Oils

To be found in Berrien County. Many years' experience in this line of goods has given facilities for buying and selling these goods, both as to price and quality, not possessed by any other concern in this vicinity. A full line of

White and Colored PAINTS,

Dry and in Oil.

—ALSO—

Putty, Glass, Varnishes,

And everything in the line. Also, a complete stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Books and Stationery.

Fancy Goods, &c.

The Public Schools opened on Monday.

Remember the Place:

At the Old Stand, South Side of Front Street.

The Berrien County Record

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

THURSDAY MORNING, SEPT. 4, 1873.

To Advertisers.

The "Record" is the best Advertising Medium in South-western Michigan, having double the circulation of any other paper in this part of the State.

Agents.

Geo. P. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, N. Y., and S. L. Pettigill, 87 Park Row, N. Y., are authorized agents to contract for advertising, at our lowest rates, for the columns of the Berrien County Record.

Value of Advertising.

"Without advertising I should be a poor man to-day."—H. T. Hubbard.

"I advertised my productions and made money."—Nicholas Longworth.

"Advertising has furnished me with a competence."—Amos Lawrence.

"A man who is liberal in advertising is liberal in trade, and such a man succeeds, while his neighbor, with just as good goods, fails and drops out of market."—J. Dallas Greely.

"He who invests one dollar in business, should invest one dollar in advertising."—A. T. Stewart.

"Constant and persistent advertising is a sure pledge to wealth."—Stephen Girard.

P. T. Barnum, the noted exhibitor, ascribes his success in accumulating a million of dollars in ten years to the unlimited use of printer's ink.

INSURANCE.—To all parties interested in sound Insurance Companies, we would say, that the A.M.A. of Hartford, the Old North America, of Philadelphia, The Underwriters' Agency of New York and the Imperial of London, have all come out of the Boston fire triumphant, and fully able and willing to pay the last dollar of their losses, as they did in the Chicago fire. These Companies offer reliable indemnity to all who desire to insure their property.

D. A. WAGNER, Agt., Buchanan.

RECEIVING.—I am now receiving the best and largest assortment of cloths, cassimers, gent's foreign and American suitings, Beaver overcoats of all descriptions that has been brought to this market. Bought at way down prices, and will be sold very cheap for cash. Suits got up to order—also twenty-five pieces water-proof cloakings of all colors and qualities, from \$1 to \$2 per yard. Everybody invited to examine goods and prices.

W. A. BOBERT, Niles, Mich.

MR. IRA WICKS, who had long been troubled with a cancer on his face, died on last Friday in this village.

The Mich. Cent. railroad will carry visitors to and from the State Fair at Grand Rapids, to be held during the week commencing Sept. 15, at half fare.

See the new clothing at H. J. Howe's, very cheap.

We notice that "top buggies" are becoming extremely popular among our citizens.

Wa. H. Fox is desirous of settling with every person indebted to him, by the fifteenth of this month.

ROLL OF HONOR

Who deserves more honor than the man who subscribes for a paper and pays for it? We collected for the week ending August 27, 1873:

- James Ross, Buchanan, \$1 17
Mrs. Dana, " 1 00
George Churchill, " 2 00
Martin Bell, " 2 00
J. W. French, " 50
Joseph Stevens, " 2 00
Wm. Governor, " 2 00
Wm. Paxton, " 4 50
Robert M. Dudley, " 50
Gottlieb Boli, " 2 00
Wm. Miller, " 50
Henry Johnson, " 50
Elizabeth Metzger, " 1 00
David Ebersol, " 2 00
Ella York, " 2 00
Elmer Weaver, " 2 00
N. B. Baldwin, Dakota, " 1 00
C. Thurston, Galien, " 1 00
Wm. N. Howe, " 1 00
George Farish, " 1 00
Jacob Myers, Terre Coupee, " 2 00
James H. Dayton, New Erie, " 2 00
John Hayes, Avery, " 50
Andrew Wires, Berrien Springs, " 1 00
George Egan, " 1 00
Sarah J. Gorry, Du Plain, " 1 50
E. N. Beattie, Niles, " 2 00
Wm. M. Hays, " 2 00
C. C. Dodds, " 50
Wm. Mowery, " 50
Jacob Rykes, St. Jo., Mich., " 2 00
Henry Marshall, Baldwin's Mill, " 2 00
Giles Gilbert, Benton Harbor, " 10 00

NEW ADVERTISEMENTS.

Grandest Scheme Ever Known—Thos. E. Bramlette.

Local Notice—H. J. Howe.

Local Notice—Kalamazoo Anti-Periodic.

Local Notice—Whitby's Anti-Periodic.

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GRANGERS.—We are asked to express our opinion in regard to the farmers' organization known as the Grangers.

The object they claim to have in view is a good one, and so far we are in sympathy with them. The means they employ to accomplish the end desired is something which we know but little about, and being members of any Grange, the direct result resulting from such co-operation depends entirely on the manner in which their work is conducted and managed. We think at least that good may result to the farmers indirectly from such an organization by bringing them into greater respect, making their influence larger in their own interests, and causing them to be less frequent the victims of oppression and imposition.

IMPROVING.—The appearance of the Depot grounds is continually improving since the building of the new passenger house. A new crossing has been constructed, which was very much needed, and several feet of side walk has been built for the accommodation of passengers. We are informed that the R. R. Co. intend to fence in a small lot for an ornamental park. This would be another great improvement which the public would highly appreciate.

FALL OF 1873 GENT'S SUITINGS.—For the latest styles of Fall and Winter suitings, (just received) go to 23 Main street, Niles, Mich.

SETTLE.—All persons indebted to Wm. Cotton are hereby notified to call and settle the same at the store of Cotton & Fox.

POND'S EXTRACT. If you have a suffering friend, tell him what it will do for him. It never fails!

The rooms of the Kalamazoo Business College are being refitted and enlarged to accommodate the increased number of students.

CORN.—Old corn will command a good price from now until the new crop is ready for use. It sells readily for 50 cents per bushel.

"One good turn deserves another," come and settle your account at Fox's. He needs the money for fall goods.

PROCEEDINGS have been commenced before Justice Alexander, by a certain lady in this village, to compel her husband to disclose where he got his liquor to drink. We expect some saloon keeper will be dealt with next.

APPLES.—From Friday noon until Saturday night Mr. John Sparks of this village, bought and shipped 175 barrels of apples. Mr. Sparks intends to pay the highest price for winter apples, so that those who will have apples to sell will find a good market for them in Buchanan.

WE TRUST that during the coming year there may be less fault-finding, or cause for fault-finding, with the conduct of our Public School than during the last year. We had hoped to be able to recommend the Buchanan School as second to none in the country. We fear a grave mistake was made in changing the conduct of the School. At least we know that there has been much greater dissatisfaction the past year than during the year previous.

NOBLE will sell boots and shoes very cheap for the next thirty days for cash, in order to make room for his fall stock of goods.

DOE LOEBNS. Town Clerks can get blank Dog License books at the Record Office.

WHY is it that everybody goes to H. H. Kinyon's for bread, cakes, pies, lunches, ice cream, soda water, &c., &c.? Because he has the best of everything and sells cheap. Warm bread, rusk and pies as early as 11 o'clock every forenoon.

PICTURE and frame for \$1 at Mrs. Churchill's picture gallery, Three Oaks.

THE PATRONS of the cheese factory complain that their cows do not give the usual quantity of milk lately. The dry weather will materially reduce the average products per cow during the season.

GET your dishes and glass ware at A. Emery's, Galien. Large stock and low prices.

WHEAT.—Wheat comes to market very slowly. There is a general disposition among farmers to hold their wheat for better prices.

THE nicest line of collars, cuffs, and neck ties in Berrien Co., at Cotton & Fox's.

SEE in another column, advertisement about Town and Nebraska lands.

WATERMELONS continue to come to market by the wagon load.

FOUND—a pair of spectacles. The owner can have them by calling on H. J. Howe, proving property and paying for this notice.

OUR young friend Salma Barmore leaves this morning for Monomee, Ill., where he will occupy a position in a drug establishment, for which he is eminently qualified, having had years of experience.

THEYVES.—Mr. A. P. Byvans' outdoor cellar was entered by a thief or thieves a few nights since, and a quantity of meat stolen. Capt. B. E. Binn's cellar was also entered, and a jar of lard and other provisions taken therefrom. Somebody is hungry.

PERSONAL.—Our friend, Major Duncan, of the Niles Republican, was in Buchanan the other day and gave the RECORD office a call. The Major is looking well, and is a general, good fellow. He reports Niles as prospering.

NEW GOODS at H. J. Howe's. Go and see them. 29w2

The County Press.

THE NILES Republican says: The Chain Lake Association of Baptists, colored, embracing nearly the entire State, is now in session in this city, and will continue four or five days.—Thompson Smith & Co., of Detroit, have taken the contract for grading the double track between this city and Jackson, the work to be done next year.—Henry Randall, of this city, won the great foot race at Providence, Rhode Island, on Saturday last, beating Joseph Stratton, of Fall River, Massachusetts, in a twenty yards race for a purse of \$1,000. Randall made the run in two seconds. About \$15,000 changed hands on the race.—The long continued dry weather is doing great damage to the corn in this vicinity. Some farmers in one-fourth already, and unless we have heavy rains soon it must yet suffer to a much greater extent. A good soaking rain is greatly needed in this part of the State, and without it the yield of corn will certainly be light.—A party of boys in this city took it into their heads to make some money by giving a minstrel concert. To this end they advertised throughly, no person being ignorant of the fact by any fault of theirs. Their receipts were \$210 the first night, with a second evening for the people to fall back on. The Cornet Band wanted some uniforms, and the sympathies of the community were with them. They failed to half way advertise what promised to be the best concert of local talent ever given in Niles, and their receipts were but \$157. And this is the reason "why this is thus." If men have a good thing and don't advertise it, the people won't bite at the bait.

THE NILES Democrat says: The Chain Lake Association of the Baptist Church (colored) is now in session in this city.—The Sunday School of the Baptist Church had a very pleasant picnic in Bacon's grove on Tuesday last. The new church commenced in this city some time since by our colored friends is now being pushed to completion. When finished it will be quite a handsome edifice, one that will reflect great credit upon the energy and enterprise of our colored citizens.—We noticed this week a handsome silver ice set at the jewelry store of Lapiere & Brown, in this city, which was intended as a present for Rev. A. J. Eldred, of Coldwater, formerly Presiding Elder of the Niles District, M. E. Church. This gift was from the friends of Mr. Eldred, in this city, and was sent to him on the occasion of his silver wedding, which was celebrated on Thursday last. It was a handsome present, and indicates the kindly remembrance in which the receiver is held by his many friends in Niles.

THE BENTON HARBOR Palladium says: Complaint has been made of boys shagging birds in "the meadow" in the western part of the corporation. The "irrepressible small boy" of this ilk, with his gun, who drives away or kills all the small birds, sometimes endangers human beings as well. Several instances of shot hitting horses have come to our notice, and we have heard it intimated that steps would be taken to stop it. Scarcely a song bird is heard in this village this year, and they ought to be as plenty here as in the country round.—There is a little Hebrew peddler who preambulates this section frequently, who always makes it a point to visit a certain house in Eau Claire where there is a young lady. Whether it is the beauty of the young lady that induces him to stop there, or the superior cookery of somebody else we will not undertake to say; but it is some attraction. Of late he has taken occasion to tease the fair one—telling of boys before her that she had kissed him behind the door, and otherwise demonstrated her fondness for him. This she deemed rather too free for a joke to be passed by without retaliation, and so she prepared her revenge.

PROCEEDINGS of the Common Council of the Village of Buchanan.

At a regular meeting of the Common Council of the Village of Buchanan, held at the Council Room in Engine House No. 1, Sept. 3, 1873. Present, C. S. Black, President; Messrs. Ross, Day, Binn, Bookler, Rea, Trustees; D. A. Wagner, Clerk.

Leave of absence was asked by Trustee Rea, which was granted.

Minutes of regular meetings held Aug. 5th and 19th, and of the special meetings held Aug. 23rd and 25th were read, and on motion of Mr. Binn, supported by Mr. Ross, approved.

The Finance Committee reported the following bills correct and recommended their allowance: John Hamilton, (2 bills) for 3-6-10 days work on road, \$12.00; Frank Burns, (3 bills) for 4-6-10 days work on road, \$6.00; Charles Bruce, for 4 days 9-24 hours work on road, and extra for working 24 hours on road, \$24.00; John Peaslee, for 1-1-1 days work on road, \$1.60; James Freeman, for 7-10 days work on road, \$11.25; W. D. Hamilton, for 4 days work on road, \$4.00; H. B. Barks, for 2 days work on road, \$2.00; Madren, for 6 days work on road, \$9.00; A. Logan, for 8-10 days work on road, \$12.00; J. B. Barks, for 2 days work on road, \$2.00; B. B. Barks, for 2 days work on road, \$2.00; John Williams, for 10 nights work in Village Police, \$20.00.

Moved by Mr. Wagner, supported by Mr. Binn, that the Recorder be appointed a Committee on Cemetery—Motion carried.

Moved by Mr. Binn, that a side-walk be ordered built five feet wide on the north side of Second Street, from Oak Street to West Street, and that a side-walk four feet wide be ordered built on the south side of Second Street, from Oak Street to West Street, and that the Marshal be directed to see to it to be done the same.

Motion carried by unanimous vote.

On motion of Mr. Binn the Common Council adjourned.

D. A. WAGNER, Recorder.

FROM POND VALLEY.

Aug. 13, 1873.

EDITORS RECORD.—Several months have elapsed and I have not written anything for you, but I am sure you will like the fading beauties of summer, leaving no finger traces behind them except in the human heart. The thought that we change with the lapse of time is a very solemn one. Link by link we pass over the chain that commences at the cradle and ends in the shadows that envelope the tomb. The task to collect a few items of interest from the tide of circumstances that ebbs and flows within the ken of my observation is a rather difficult one, from the fact that there is nothing of interest transpires.—Forepaugh's train of show wagons passing through the Valley was a source of much wonderment to the little boy and girl of our house. The tow-headed boy of three years, watching the pretty gray horses ascend a hill a considerable distance from the point of view in the kitchen door, clasped his hands in great delight, remarking to his sister that they were "the most pups that had come along," whereupon the wise little sister commented: "You poor, silly little boy, they are blue horses got four paws going for Buchanan to the show."—I have been on several trips of late to the city of Niles via the pleasant village of Buchanan, and I thought, were it not for pain and sickness, the earth would be a pleasant land to sojourn in. And it was to obtain relief from the miseries of ill health that I sought the medical aid of my old friend and kinsman, Dr. Douine, of Niles. And I here testify to the almighty that he talks right to the heart of a person's knowledge of twenty years hence. I say the Doctor has a warm heart and generous disposition, beautiful in its dispensation of kindness to suffering humanity. When he lays his silvered hand over the dust, let his epitaph be, "He never ground the faces of the poor."

Ever anon, L. C. I.

NEW BUFFALO ITEMS.

Sept. 2, 1873. The past week has been unusually hot and dry, and the farmers find it difficult farming in consequence thereof.—Professor W. P. Sutton, of Watervliet, has engaged to take charge of the Union School for the ensuing year. He enters upon the work next Monday.

WE have received the Premium List of the First Grand Northern Indiana Fair, in connection with the Annual Fair of St. Jo. Co., which is to be held in South Bend Sept. 22, 23, 24, 25 and 26, 1873.

EATON & RICHARDS have just received a large selected stock of crockery. Do not buy your tea sets, dinner sets, &c., until you have examined this immense stock and learned prices.

LAWN MOWER.—One of those splendid Lawn Mowers for sale at the RECORD office.

DR. V. CLARENCE PRICE is entitled to confidence; he has met his appointments for the last fifteen years, treating his patients with perfect candor, giving satisfaction to all, and the best of the whole, moderate in his charges. Dr. Price will be at Niles, Reading House, Saturday and Sunday the 6th and 7th of September. Invalids should not let this chance, for a recovery to health, pass.

WILHOUT'S Anti-Periodic, or Fever and Ague Tonic. This Great Remedy possesses all the properties that are claimed for it by its discoverer and its manufacturers. It is not a Panacea for all the "ills that flesh is heir to," but it will cure Chills and Fever, Hepatitis and Splenitis, attended with hypertrophy of the organ, San Fains, Congestive Chills and all Fevers of miasmatic origin. Read the testimonials of grateful hundreds who have enjoyed its blessings and see what they say. \$500 reward is offered for the man who has taken the Tonic faithfully according to directions and who will procure one himself not cured! Bring up the man and get your money, if he can be found! The Tonic is safe, sure and speedy. It is cheap, because you do not require it in long drawn out doses. 29w2

FROM HILLS CORNERS.

Ang. 30th, 1873. EDITORS RECORD.—Yesterday the stock holders of our Cheese Company purchased the land for their factory. It is to be located on the present site of Mr. Williston Kempton's blacksmith shop. This is a most favorable location, for on the north and south side there is a fine spring of water, and each has an elevation sufficient to carry the water to any part of the building. The water too is pure enough for washing purposes, and very cool. The company will commence immediately to get together their stone and lumber. Two of the company have extensive timber lands and a saw mill; two are carpenters, and the other two, [sic] in all are not afraid of work, so the new building itself. The building is to be 25 x 50, two stories high, and will be completed this fall. The machinery and fixings will be added early in the spring, and every thing will be in readiness for an early start. Mr. Kempton, in addition to his new blacksmith shop, contemplates putting up a wagon shed; and there is some talk of starting a bedstead factory—so success to manufacturing in Weesaw. The prospects for rail road facilities within a short time is very promising. The company who surveyed through this section last year, are to make a new survey this fall; and as Berrien Springs then did not promise any aid, that survey was run north of that village, and that brought the line about three miles north of our Corners. Now that the Elkhart and Benton Harbor road has fallen through, Berrien will contribute liberally to this Northern Road, and before it shall prove a failure Three Oaks will add to its former subscription; thus there is little doubt but that this Road will be built, and as near as I can calculate, they will be obliged to run directly through our cheese factory, and in all probability will claim the right of way—which I think they ought to have. Real estate is advancing and good times are anticipated. REPORTER.

BEYOND THE MISSISSIPPI! Thousands have already gone, and thousands more are turning their eyes towards new homes in the fertile West. To those going to Missouri, Kansas, Nebraska, Utah, Wyoming, Nevada, Oregon or California, we recommend a cheap, safe, quick and direct route, via St. Louis, over the Missouri Pacific Railroad, which is the best route to all the great West. Steepers from St. Louis to principal points in the West, without change. We believe that the Missouri Pacific is the best route to be taken, and the finest and safest equipment of any line west of the Mississippi, and its connections with roads further West are prompt and reliable. The best connection of this road is now completed, and passengers are offered a first class, all-rail route from St. Louis to Texas, either over the Missouri Pacific, or via St. Louis, over the Atlantic & Pacific R. R. via St. Louis, or via the Atlantic & Pacific R. R. via Virginia. For maps, time tables, information as to rates, routes, &c., we refer our readers to I. G. Wheeler, Northern Agent, at Texas, or Lloyd St., Buffalo, N. Y., or E. A. Ford, General Passenger Agent, St. Louis, Mo. Questions will be cheerfully and promptly answered!

State Items.

WE learn that on Wednesday last a peddler while passing along the highway running through Bainbridge, in Berrien county, with a wagon, team and dog, was accosted by a man who happened to be a constable, and ordered to put a collar on his dog. The peddler replied that he would not, whereupon the man drew a revolver and shot the dog in the spot. The peddler drew his revolver, and shot the man dead.—Paw Paw True Northern, 22d.

—Last evening, between five and six o'clock, Mr. J. H. Osborn, living about half a mile north of this village, was instantly killed by a tree falling upon him in the field where he was at work with his son.—Detroit Republican, 28th.

—A sad accident happened near the village of Forester on Thursday morning last. Two ladies, named Mrs. Heathcote and Mrs. Thornton, were thrown from a wagon by a runaway team. Mrs. Heathcote had her arm and jaw broken and sustained severe internal injuries, and is not expected to live. Mrs. Thornton was also severely injured.—Mason Co. News, 24th.

—In Trowbridge the drouth has had a most devastating effect. The corn crop is almost an entire failure, and the corn will be used mostly for fodder. Potatoes will not be more than a quarter of a crop.—Allegan Journal, 30th.

—Mr. John Humphrey, who resides a few miles from this village, in North Star, raised 126 bushels of wheat from four acres of land the present season, which is 31 1/2 bushels per acre. The wheat is of a very superior quality. This is the largest yield which we have heard of in the State this year. Last season the same gentleman realized 100 bushels of wheat from 2 1/2 acres of ground.—What section of Michigan can beat this?—Adam Barone, who resides about three miles from this village, in Arcadia, raised 8,000 melons this season.—Grand Rapids Journal, 24th.

—Wheat is good in all localities in this county.—Isabella Co. Enterprise.

Grand Mass State Convention.

A grand mass State Convention of the "Patrons of Husbandry" will be held at National Park, Kalamazoo, Friday, October 3d, 1873, under the direction of the officers of the Michigan State Grange. An address by an eminent speaker will be given at 3 o'clock p. m., upon the subject of the "Farmers' Movement." The Patrons throughout the State, and the public generally, are cordially invited to attend.

BUCHANAN PRICES CURRENT.

Table listing various commodities and their prices, including wheat, flour, corn, and other goods.

SPECIAL NOTICES.

MICHIGAN CENTRAL RAILROAD.

On and after Monday, May 26, 1873, all trains on the Michigan Central Railroad will stop at Buchanan.

CHICAGO & MICH. L. SHORE R. R.

On and after Monday, May 13, 1873, trains will run as follows: LEAVES NEW BUFFALO—ROBIE. 8:45 A. M. Accommodation. 1:10 P. M. Chicago Express. 3:50 P. M.

New Advertisements.

GRANDEST SCHEME EVER KNOWN.

Fourth Grand Gift Concert FOR THE BENEFIT OF THE PUBLIC LIBRARY OF KENTUCKY.

12,000 CASH GIFTS \$1,500,000.

\$250,000 for \$50.

WEDNESDAY, DECEMBER 3, 1873.

Only thirty thousand tickets will be sold.

