

The Berrien County Record. D. A. WAGNER, Editors. THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1872. FOR PRESIDENT, ULYSSES S. GRANT. FOR VICE PRESIDENT, HENRY WILSON.

PHILADELPHIA CONVENTION. The Convention met on the 6th and was called to order by ex-Gov. Claflin, of Mass., Chairman of the National Executive Committee. Hon. Morton McMichael was chosen temporary Chairman. Speeches were made by several prominent Republicans. The enthusiasm was great, and the crowd immense. Hon. Thomas Scales, of North Carolina, was chosen President of the Convention. Speeches and the appointment of Committees consumed the afternoon of the first day.

On the morning of the 6th, all was animation and enthusiasm. It is acknowledged on all hands to have been one of the largest, if not the most numerous attended Convention ever held in the United States. The matter of a candidate for President was settled, as the entire Convention was a unit for Grant. The interest, therefore, centered on the candidacy for Vice President, over which there was a close contest between Colfax and Wilson.

After such enthusiasm as was never witnessed before, the roll of the States was called, and the vote of the entire 752 was recorded for Grant. There were such outbursts of applause and music from the bands, at the announcement of Grant's nomination, as made the old Academy of Music fairly tremble again and again. The nomination of candidates for Vice President followed. Speeches were made in behalf of the several candidates by their respective friends. When the roll of States was called there were outbursts of applause by the friends of the respective candidates as the several delegations recorded their votes in favor of one or the other. When the roll was completed, the vote stood, Wilson, 380; Colfax, 321; Horace Maynard, of Tenn., 24; John F. Lewis, of Virginia, 22; E. J. Davis, of Texas, 16; E. F. Noyes, of Ohio, 1; Hawley, of Conn., 1. There were in the Convention 752 votes, and it took 877 for a choice. At this juncture Virginia changed 20 of her votes from Lewis to Wilson, which gave him 380 1/2 votes, and secured the nomination. As soon as this was seen, other delegations hastened to change their votes to Wilson, till Hon. Henry S. Lane, of Indiana, moved that the nomination of Wilson be made unanimous, which was done amidst the shouts and cheering of the Convention. The formal announcement followed by the President of the Convention, that U. S. Grant and Henry Wilson were the nominees for President and Vice President of the United States. Again followed fresh outbursts of applause for the standard bearers of the great Republican party.

The Committee on Platform having made their report, and it being adopted during the pendency of the Vice Presidency question, as soon as Wilson was nominated the work of the Convention was done. Thus closed, on the second day, one of the most remarkable and harmonious political National Conventions that has ever been held in the country since the nation's existence.

THE PLATFORM. The Philadelphia Republican Platform, which we publish in another column, settles the triumph and permanency of the Republican party. It does not depend upon the grand history of the past for success, but comes up to the living present, and unambiguously grapples with the living issues of the day. The platform speaks plainly on all great national questions, which agitate the people, and pertain to the interests of the government and prosperity of the country.

It is more outspoken and goes further for reform than the boasted reform platform of the Cincinnati Convention. After reciting the work of the Republican party for the last eleven years, it declares for exact equality in civil, political, and public rights for cordially sustaining the recent constitutional amendments; for maintaining honorable peace with all nations, and protecting our citizens every where. It declares for civil service reform, and against further land grants to corporations; in favor of the abolition of internal taxes, except on spirits and tobacco, and raising of our revenues by duties on imports to carry on the expenses of the government; in favor of granting bounties to all disabled soldiers without respect to the time they served; for the protection of all naturalized citizens against the unlawful claims of their former governments; for the abolition of the franchise privilege and the reduction of postage; in favor of securing the mutual benefit of labor and capital; thanks the President for the suppression of treasonable organizations in the South and the protection of the ballot box; denounces repudiation of the public debt as a national crime; recognizes the obligations of the Republican party to the loyal women of the country, and that the honest demands of any class for additional rights should be treated with respectful consideration; approves the action of Congress in extending amnesty to those lately in rebellion; declares in favor of respecting the rights of the people reserved to themselves, and not delegated to States and the Federal Government; in favor of such measures as will lead to encourage American commerce and ship building.

The Platform expresses its faith in Grant and commands him to the hearts of the American people. Congress adjourned on Monday night at 9 o'clock. The closing proceedings will be found in this issue. Bears are numerous. A number have been seen near this city during the past week. Alpena Argus, 4th.

COLFAX AND THE VICE-PRESIDENCY. While Colfax did not receive the nomination for the Vice Presidency, he was free to acknowledge that he thought before the nomination, and he still thinks, Grant and Colfax would have been the strongest ticket that could have been put before the people. We believe that with the people no other man in the nation is more popular except it may be Grant, and of this we are very doubtful. We are sorry that the defeat of Colfax places him in a false light before the people. His mistake was in ever consenting to let his friends use his name, after having a year ago written his letter of withdrawal from political life. His services, however, have been too valuable to the nation to let him retire. He is one of the few in whom the whole people have confidence, and therefore there is still work for him to do. He was the first one in the Senate Chamber to congratulate Mr. Wilson, his successful rival before the Convention, on his nomination. He looks at principles and not men. That Colfax would have been re-nominated if he had never written his letter of withdrawal, there is not the least doubt.

The following telegram, which was sent immediately on the receipt of the news that Wilson was nominated, breathes the spirit of which Vice President Colfax made. The dispatch was read by the President of the Philadelphia Convention before that body adjourned: "WASHINGTON, June 6. To John W. Foster, of Indiana: Accept for yourself and delegation my sincere gratitude for your gallant contest. I support your ticket cheerfully. Men are nothing; principles everything. Nothing must arrest Republican triumph until equality under the law, like the liberty from which it springs, is universally acknowledged, and the citizenship of the humblest becomes sure protection against outrage and wrong, as was Roman citizenship of old."

While Colfax has been our first choice, and we believe the first choice of the great body of the Republicans of America, the Convention has made selection, in Mr. Wilson, of a faithful and honest public servant, one who has labored long and hard for the equal rights of all men, one whose private character is beyond reproach, and whose public life is without a blot. With Grant and Wilson the Republican hosts of America will march to triumphant victory.

Below we give from a late issue of the Inter-Ocean, the life and doings of Henry Wilson, of Mass., the Republican nominee for Vice President. The sketch will be read with interest by all our readers. It says: "He was born at Farmington, N. H., Feb. 10, 1812, of poor parents, and was apprenticed at ten years of age to a farmer in his native town, in whose employ he remained for eleven years, snatching at irregular intervals brief terms at the common schools, which amounted altogether during the whole period of his apprenticeship to only twelve months of schooling. His taste for reading, however, was early developed, and, taking advantage of access to a private library in the neighborhood, his spare hours on Sundays and in the evening by firelight, and even by moonlight, were occupied in hungrily gathering in general information. Released from his bondage when he obtained his majority, with all his possessions in one bundle which he carried with him, he walked to Natick, Mass., where he hired himself to a shoemaker, whose trade he learned, and was employed at it for eleven years to save enough money to enable him to study at some of the academies in his native State. The person to whom he had entrusted the care of his hard earned savings failed, however, and he was compelled to return to his last without completing the plans which he had laid out for his education. His yearning for information meanwhile caused him to take advantage of every opportunity that offered for gaining it, and in 1840, at the age of twenty-eight, we find him taking an active part in the Presidential canvass, and making upward of sixty speeches in favor of Gen. Harrison. Gaining thereby a local political prominence he was three times elected to the Massachusetts House of Representatives and twice to the State Senate in the course of five years. In 1845 he identified himself prominently with the long struggle against slavery by introducing, in the body of which he was a member, a resolution declaring the unalterable opposition of his State to the further extension and continuance of the slave system in the United States. Being appointed a delegate to the National Whig Convention in 1848, on the refusal of that body to adopt an anti-slavery plank, he withdrew, and took a prominent part in organizing the Free-Soil party, and furthered this cause in the Boston Republican, which he edited for two years. He labored earnestly and unintermittingly for his party in various capacities, and in 1855 was elected to the United States Senate as successor of Edward Everett.

His course there has been one of consistent straight-forward, effective work, occupying his seat continuously. His present term does not expire until March 4, 1877, and if elected Vice-President, as he undoubtedly will be, he will simply preside up to that date over the body of which he has so long been a member. When Mr. Brooks, of South Carolina, made his brutal attack on Mr. Sumner, Mr. Wilson denounced it as a "brutal, murderous and cowardly assault," and being challenged therefor by Mr. Brooks, had the moral courage to decline, on the ground that dueling is a barbarous practice, and contrary to the laws of the country, but stated at the same time that he believed in the right of self-defense in its broadest sense. In his capacity as chairman of the Senate Military Committee, in 1861, he rendered such effective service in that regard that he did more work in one short session than all the chairmen of the military committees had done for twenty years; and Mr. Cameron, the Secretary of the War, said of him in 1862: "No man in my opinion, in the whole country has done more to aid the War Department in preparing the

Republican Platform. The Lansing Republican, in commenting on Sumner's late disgraceful attack on President Grant, says: "We are content to let Mr. Sumner's accusations be answered by William Lloyd Garrison, an earlier Abolitionist than Mr. Sumner, a more disinterested patriot, a man who never held an office nor asked for one, and who, when Sumner points to the blows he received from a slaveholder's cane, can point to the reward of \$65,000 offered for his head by the Governor of Georgia. Mr. Garrison has no personal grudges to gratify, no prejudices to feed, no enemies of free institutions to flatter and hound him on. Read his letter to Sumner."

DEAR MR. SUMNER.—I owe it to you to say, with all the frankness which sober friendship justifies, that I have carefully read your speech in sharp arraignment of the President, and my conviction is that it is a judicious, temperate, and so extravagant in its charges and bitter in its personalities as to neutralize whatever just criticism can be found in it. It will assuredly serve the purposes of the worst foes the cause of impartial freedom has most to fear. Very many of them are now rallying under the deceptive banner of the Liberal Republicans, but the loyal, liberty-upholding party with which you have hitherto been proved to be identified, will persevere with deep regret, if not with unfeigned astonishment. Certainly you do not represent Massachusetts in this sweeping impeachment. Her Republican people are almost a unit for the re-election of the man whom you attempt to stain with crime and cover with infamy. You cannot accuse Gen. Grant from the many which put him in the Presidential chair, and which means to keep him in it, if it is possible, another term, being satisfied as to his ability, integrity, and patriotism; and therefore, in stigmatizing him as a venal self-seeker and an unscrupulous usurper, you virtually pronounce it to be equal to any other act of yours, if not more so, in its responsibility, if you must; but in so doing you will find yourself for the first time in marked opposition to the sentiment of Massachusetts as its Senator in Congress, and surrounded by allies who have heretofore been your deadliest enemies. Occupying, as I do, an outside position, I write this not under any party bias, and only because I feel constrained in this manner to free my mind, as a proof of my friendship. Received it in the spirit which has dictated it. Faithfully and respectfully yours, WM. LLOYD GARRISON.

DR. LIVINGSTONE. It is again reported that Dr. Livingstone is surely safe beyond doubt. There have been so many reports of the explorer's whereabouts that any report either of his safety or otherwise is now taken with considerable caution. The following dispatch from Bombay, dated June 8th, seems quite reliable, and is pretty satisfactory relation to his safety. "A steamer has arrived from Zanzibar with news which report that the party of Dr. Livingstone and Zanzibar from Antiqua with positive intelligence that Livingstone had arrived at Unganyembe. Stanley, the Herald explorer, had left that place with letters from the great explorer and was near the coast."

Republican Platform. The Republican party of the United States, assembled in National Convention in the city of Philadelphia, on the 6th and 8th days of June, 1872, again declares its faith, appeals to its history, and announces its position upon the questions before the country.

I. During its 11 years supremacy, it has accepted with grand courage the solemn duties of the times; it has suppressed a gigantic rebellion, emancipated 4,000,000 slaves, decreed the equal citizenship of all, and established universal suffrage, exhibiting unparalleled magnanimity. It has originally punished no man for political offences, and had warmly welcomed all who proved their loyalty by obeying the laws and dealing justly with their neighbors. It has steadily decried the arm of war, and initiated a wise policy toward the Indians. The Pacific Railroad and similar vast enterprises have been generally aided and successfully conducted; the public lands, freely given to actual settlers; immigration protected and encouraged, and a full acknowledgment of naturalized citizens' rights secured from European powers. A uniform National currency has been provided; repudiation frowned down; the National credit sustained under the most extraordinary burdens, and new bonds negotiated at lower rates. The revenues have been carefully collected and honestly applied, and despite the annual leakage of the rates of taxation, the public debt has been reduced during Gen. Grant's Presidency at the rate of \$100,000,000 per year. A great financial crisis has been avoided and peace and plenty prevail throughout the land. Menacing foreign difficulties have been gracefully and honorably compromised, and the honor and power of the Nation kept in high respect throughout the world. This glorious record of the past is the party's best pledge for the future. We believe the people will not intrust the Government to any party or combination of men composed chiefly of those who have resisted every step of this beneficial progress.

II. Complete liberty and exact equality in the enjoyment of all civil, political and public rights should be established and effectually maintained throughout the Union, by efficient and appropriate State and Federal legislation. Neither the law nor its administration should admit of any discrimination in respect to citizens by reason of race, creed, color or previous condition of servitude. The recent amendments to the National Constitution should be cordially sustained because they are right, not merely tolerated because they are a law, and should be carried out according to their spirit by appropriate legislation, the enforcement of which can be safely trusted only to the party that secured those amendments.

III. The National Government should seek to maintain an honorable peace with all nations, protecting its citizens everywhere, and sympathizing with all peoples who strive for greater liberty. Any system of civil service reform under which the subordinate positions of the Government are considered rewards for mere party zeal is fatally demoralizing, and we therefore favor a reform of the system by laws which shall abolish the evils of patronage and make honesty, efficiency and fidelity essential qualifications for public positions, without practically creating a life tenure of office. We are opposed to further grants of public lands to corporations and monopolies, and demand that the National domain be set apart for free homes for the people.

IV. The annual revenues, after paying the public debts, should be distributed in a moderate balance to the reduction of the principal, and the revenue, except so much as may be derived from a tax on tobacco and liquors, shall be raised by duties on importations, the duties of which should be so adjusted as to aid in securing remunerative wages to labor, and promote the industries, growth and prosperity of the whole country. We hold in undying honor the soldiers and sailors whose valor saved the Union. Their pensions are a sacred debt of the Nation, and the widows and orphans of those who died for their country are entitled to the care of a generous and grateful people. We favor such additional legislation to the Government to all our soldiers and sailors who were honorably discharged, and who in the line of duty were disabled, without regard to the length of service or cause of such discharge. The doctrine of Great Britain and other European Powers concerning allegiance, "once a subject always a subject" having at last, through the efforts of the Republican party, been abandoned, and the American idea of an individual's right to transfer allegiance having been accepted by European nations, it is the duty of our Government to guard with jealous care the rights of our adopted citizens against the assumption of unauthoritative claims by their former Governments; and we urge continual and careful encouragement and protection of voluntary immigration.

V. The inalienable privilege ought to be abolished, and a way prepared for a speedy reduction in the rates of postage. Among the questions which press for attention is that which concerns the relations of capital and labor, and the Republican party recognizes the duty of so shaping legislation as to secure full protection and the amplest field for capital, and for labor, the creator of capital, the largest opportunity and a just share of the mutual profits of these two great servants of civilization. We hold that Congress and the President have only fulfilled an imperative duty in their measures for the suppression of violent and treasonable organizations in certain lately-rebellious States, and for the protection of the ballot-box, and therefore they are entitled to their thanks of the Nation. We denounce repudiation of the public debt in any form, or disguise, as a National crime, and we wish with pride, the reduction of the principal of the debt, and the interest of interest upon the balance, and con-

stitution of a National currency, and the repeal of the act of the 20th of July, 1866. The Sundry Appropriation bill was taken up, and amendments agreed to appropriating \$1,000,000 for the erection of a light-house at Green Bay, Wis.; \$10,000 for a light-house at the entrance to White River, Mich. At half past 2 the Senate was still in session.

SENATE, JUNE 8.—The Enforcement bill, which was offered as an amendment to the Civil Appropriation bill, was adopted, and the bill passed. A Conference Committee on the bill was then appointed, and the Senate adjourned until 6 o'clock this evening. Resolutions of thanks to Vice President Colfax, for the courtesy, dignity, ability, and impartially exhibited by him as presiding officer, were unanimously passed. The House bill relating duties on goods imported from Great Britain, 1872, was passed. The bill authorizing the President to appoint Commissioners to the Vienna International Exhibition in 1873, was passed. The Conference report on the bill to pay claims allowed by the Southern Claims Commission was agreed to. A Conference report on the Fortification Appropriation bill was agreed to. A resolution was passed for the day, commencing March 4, 1867, was passed. A Resolution of the Senate, passed, that the Senate, without action, went into Executive Session, and afterward adjourned to 9 a. m. on Monday.

HOUSE, JUNE 8.—A bill was reported providing that when it shall be shown to the satisfaction of the Secretary of the Treasury that parties are entitled to a refund of duty paid on goods in public stores or bonded warehouses on the 1st of August, 1872, and that the provisions of the recently passed Tariff act, it shall be the duty of the Secretary to draw a warrant for the amount passed. Ten thousand copies of the Tariff act were ordered printed for the use of the members of the House. The same number of copies of the new Postal code were also ordered printed. A bill passed over the President's veto granting a pension to Mary Ann Montgomery. The House passed the Senate bill authorizing the construction of a railroad bridge across the Mississippi, at the City of Red Wing, Minnesota. The House concurred in the Senate amendment to the bill authorizing the Secretary of War to release 25 acres of land to the Plattsburg & Canada Railroad. The House passed the Senate bill appropriating \$1,000,000 for the payment of the Kentucky war claims. The Senate bill passed to reimburse United States Marshals for extra expenses incurred in excess of compensation. A large number of private bills were also taken from the Speaker's table; some of them passed and the remainder referred. The Conference report on the bill increasing pensions for disabilities was agreed to. The bill to reimburse the United States of James L. Curry of Richmond, Va., with amendments adding the names of half a dozen other residents of Virginia, and of C. G. Meminger, of Charleston, South Carolina. A bill passed granting the right of way to the Eastern Nevada Railroad Company. The Senate bill passed restoring to the United States the land disposed of in the restoration of the Ottawa and Chippewa Indians in Michigan. The bill restoring the right of homestead entry to certain soldiers and sailors who had forfeited that right on technical grounds, was passed. A motion non-concurring in the Senate amendments to the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill, and referring them to a Conference Committee, and then take a recess until 3 o'clock on Monday morning, was agreed to. Messrs. Garfield, Palmer, and Niblack were appointed as a Conference Committee. At 10 p. m. the House took a recess until 8 o'clock Monday morning.

SENATE, JUNE 4.—The Conference report on the tariff bill was concurred in. The bill to prevent cruelty to animals was taken up. An amendment was agreed to providing that the bill shall take effect on the first of October, when the bill passed. Consideration of the Sundry Civil Service bill was suspended, and the matter referred to the Committee on Appropriation agreed to.

HOUSE, JUNE 4.—A bill was passed to distribute to the late insurrectionary States their quota of arms and equipments from 1862 to 1869. A message from the Senate announced that that body had agreed to the conference report on the Tariff bill. There is an aggregate of reduction for both classes about \$55,000,000. Mr. Davis said he had some interesting figures which he would have printed in the Globe, and which showed that the reduction of taxation for the last two years had been \$86,000,000, which with the \$64,000,000 reduction in this bill, would make \$150,000,000. The expenditures for 1871, when reduced to gold basis, were only \$65,000,000 more than in 1860. The rate of expenditure per capita in 1860 was \$1.95; in 1871, \$1.76. The conference report was then agreed to without division, and the House adjourned to meet on Friday next.

SENATE, JUNE 5.—The Senate bill to provide for the redemption and sale of lands held by the United States under the several acts levying direct taxes, was called up and passed, and authorizing the construction of a bridge across the Ohio at Wheeling, 350 feet span, when the bill passed. A resolution extending the session until 9 p. m., was concurred in. The Senate concurred in the Conference report on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill. A Committee of Conference was ordered to prepare a report on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bills across the Ohio. Several private bills passed. The House bill abolishing the franking privilege was received. Open session was continued with much confusion until 9 o'clock, when the President adjourned without day.

HOUSE, JUNE 10.—The Conference report on the bill respecting staff promotions in the army, was agreed to. The bill passed so much of the sixth section of the Army Appropriation bill as prohibited a provision in the Engineer Department. A resolution was adopted extending the session until 6 p. m. The bill giving the widow of General Anderson \$10,000 instead of a pension, passed. The Senate bill to reimburse the State of Nebraska \$60,000, passed. A resolution was passed that the Secretary of the War be authorized to supervise all the laws affecting appropriations. The testimony in the Buell Court Martial case was presented and ordered printed. A bill passed, under suspension of the rules, abolishing the franking privilege, and providing that the President, heads of Departments, Senate, and House. Speeches of Congressmen are not to be stamped. A bill passed extending the right of homestead to soldiers' widows, eldest child or father and mother of the soldier dead. The Senate amendment to the House bill for the restoration to the market of certain lands in Michigan was concurred in. A resolution extending the session until 9 o'clock was adopted. The announcement was received that the Senate had agreed to the conference report on the Sundry Civil Appropriation bill. Mr. Garfield then presented the Conference report on the House bill. The amendment is modified by providing that in any county or parish in any Congressional District, if ten persons request the Judge of a United States Circuit Court to have the registration or election guarded and scrutinized, the Judge shall appoint two citizens of the election district of voting precinct of the different political parties as Supervisors of Elections. They to be paid, and not empowered to make arrests or perform other duties, except to be in the immediate presence of the officers holding the election and to witness all their proceedings, including the counting of the votes and making up the returns. The bill was agreed to. At 7:10, recess till 8:15 p. m. After recess the amendments to the House bill extending benefits of the Agricultural College bill to the State of Arkansas was concurred in; a joint committee to wait on the President and inform him that the House had agreed to adjourn was ordered. The Conference report on the Ohio Bridge bill was agreed to. Mr. Garfield, from the committee to wait on the President, reported that the committee had performed that duty, and had been informed by the President that he had no further communication to make to the House. The House of much confusion and the pressure on the part of members to get the recognition of the Speaker, the hour for adjournment being about to arrive, a resolution of thanks to the Speaker was offered by Mr. Randall, and all appropriate Courtesy, was asked, prompt and efficient manner, which he had discharged his duties. Then the Speaker, at 9 p. m., declared the House adjourned for the second session of the forty-second Congress, wishing all the members a safe return to their homes.

On the farm of Mr. S. Slaght, in Victory, is a large, hollow elm tree which appears to be the home of vast numbers of swallows. Every morning hundreds of these birds may be seen pouring out of this tree, in a continuous stream, and at night return in the same manner to their lodging place. Mason Co. Record.

Indian War. STOUX CRY, IOWA, June 7.—A special correspondent of the Journal, now at Fort Buford, Dakota, writes, under date of June 1st that the Sioux Indians are on the war path. There is now a camp of 305 lodges rendezvoused within 10 miles of Fort Berthold, and their numbers are being daily increased. It is said to be the intention of the party to attack Berthold as soon as they can muster 2,000 warriors. There seems to be an universal spirit of hostility among all the Sioux on the Upper Missouri. The chief of the band, now near Berthold, made a speech on the 27th ult. to his hostile braves, telling them that war has been declared, and that every one of the Sioux chiefs would stand by the decision of the council that made the declaration. He further said that Fort Berthold would be the scene of the opening of the hostilities, and Fort Buford would not receive attention.

An Act in Relation to Bounties. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every volunteer, non-commissioned officer, private, musician and artificer who enlisted into the military service of the United States prior to July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, under the proclamation of the President of the United States of May third, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and the orders of the War Department issued in pursuance thereof, and was actually mustered before August sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, into any regiment, company, or battery, which was accepted by the War Department under such proclamation and orders, shall be paid the bounty of one hundred dollars, under and by virtue of the said proclamation and orders of the War Department, in force at the time of such enlistment and prior to July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one: Provided, That the same has not already been paid. Approved, April 22, 1872.

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On the farm of Mr. S. Slaght, in Victory, is a large, hollow elm tree which appears to be the home of vast numbers of swallows. Every morning hundreds of these birds may be seen pouring out of this tree, in a continuous stream, and at night return in the same manner to their lodging place. Mason Co. Record.

Indian War. STOUX CRY, IOWA, June 7.—A special correspondent of the Journal, now at Fort Buford, Dakota, writes, under date of June 1st that the Sioux Indians are on the war path. There is now a camp of 305 lodges rendezvoused within 10 miles of Fort Berthold, and their numbers are being daily increased. It is said to be the intention of the party to attack Berthold as soon as they can muster 2,000 warriors. There seems to be an universal spirit of hostility among all the Sioux on the Upper Missouri. The chief of the band, now near Berthold, made a speech on the 27th ult. to his hostile braves, telling them that war has been declared, and that every one of the Sioux chiefs would stand by the decision of the council that made the declaration. He further said that Fort Berthold would be the scene of the opening of the hostilities, and Fort Buford would not receive attention.

An Act in Relation to Bounties. Be it enacted by the Senate and House of Representatives of the United States of America in Congress assembled, That every volunteer, non-commissioned officer, private, musician and artificer who enlisted into the military service of the United States prior to July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, under the proclamation of the President of the United States of May third, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, and the orders of the War Department issued in pursuance thereof, and was actually mustered before August sixth, eighteen hundred and sixty-one, into any regiment, company, or battery, which was accepted by the War Department under such proclamation and orders, shall be paid the bounty of one hundred dollars, under and by virtue of the said proclamation and orders of the War Department, in force at the time of such enlistment and prior to July twenty-second, eighteen hundred and sixty-one: Provided, That the same has not already been paid. Approved, April 22, 1872.

BUCHANAN PRICES CURRENT. Corrected every Wednesday morning for the Record, by J. W. BUCHANAN, Wholesale Groceries and Provisions, Front Street, Buchanan, Mich.

Wheat, red, per bushel, 1 05
Wheat, white, per bushel, 1 10
Corn, yellow, per bushel, 50
Oats, per bushel, 35
Flour, per barrel, 10 00
Sorghum, per bushel, 25
Soybeans, per bushel, 1 00
Rye, per bushel, 75
Woodcock, per pair, 1 50
Dried Peas, per bushel, 1 25
Dried Apples, per bushel, 60
Apples, Green, per bushel, 10
Oatmeal, per bushel, 10
Sugar, per bushel, 10
Potatoes, per bushel, 1 00
Pork, per bushel, 1 00
Lard, per bushel, 1 00
Hides, dry, per bushel, 1 00
Tallow, per bushel, 1 00

A sure and permanent cure for Liver Complaints, Dyspepsia, Costiveness, Biliousness, Fever and Ague, Sick Headache, Jaundice, Piles, Loss of Appetite, Imperfect Digestion, and all diseases arising from a disordered state of the Liver and Blood. AND CATHARTIC purges the system of all diseased matter. As a family medicine, it has no equal. SOLD BY ALL DRUGGISTS. Price \$1.00 per Bottle.

W. B. HURD & CO., NASHUA, N. H. Sold by JAMES SMITH, Buchanan. VALKENBURG & CO., Three Oaks.

DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBABA. Is a powerful Tonic, specially adapted for use in Spring, when the LIVER and SPLEEN system needs strength and aid. It is a powerful Tonic, and health to the weak. It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical authorities, is a powerful Tonic, and health to the weak. It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical authorities, is a powerful Tonic, and health to the weak. It is a South American plant, which, according to the medical authorities, is a powerful Tonic, and health to the weak.

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NEW ADVERTISEMENTS. MONEY MADE RAPIDLY with Stoughton & Co's... FREE TO BOOK AGENTS. AGENTS WANTED FOR "JESUS". WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS. AGENTS WANTED! BUFFALO LAND. THE BEST PAPER! GIVE AWAY A \$5.00 GREENBACK. GREAT INDUSTRIES. LIVER JURUBABA. DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBABA. BOOTS & SHOES. COTTEN. MEN'S BOOTS. DINING ROOMS! HEADQUARTERS FIRE WORKS.

WELLS' CARBOLIC TABLETS. FOR COUGHS, COLDS & BRONCHITIS. AGENTS WANTED! BUFFALO LAND. THE BEST PAPER! GIVE AWAY A \$5.00 GREENBACK. GREAT INDUSTRIES. LIVER JURUBABA. DR. WELLS' EXTRACT OF JURUBABA. BOOTS & SHOES. COTTEN. MEN'S BOOTS. DINING ROOMS! HEADQUARTERS FIRE WORKS.

W

OSBORN'S DRUG STORE

Will be opened for the

SPRING TRADE

The largest stock of

Paints & Oils

To be found in Berrien County. Many years' experience in this line of goods has given facilities for buying and selling these goods, both as to price and quality, not possessed by any other concern in this vicinity. A full line of

White and Colored

PAINTS,

Dry and in Oil.

-ALSO-

Putty, Glass, Varnishes,

And everything in the line. Also, a complete stock of

DRUGS & MEDICINES,

Books and Stationery,

Fancy Goods, &c.

Remember the Place:

At the Old Stand, South Side of Front Street.

The Berrien County Record

OFFICIAL PAPER OF THE COUNTY.

THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 13, 1872.

To Advertisers.

The Record is the best Advertising Medium in South-western Michigan, having a larger circulation than any other paper in this part of the State.

Agents.

Geo. F. Rowell & Co., 41 Park Row, N. Y., and S. M. Pettigall, 97 Park Row, N. Y., are our authorized agents to contract for advertising, at our lowest rates, for the columns of the Record or other papers.

Value of Advertising.

"Without advertising should be a poor man to-day." - H. T. Edmonds. "I advertised my productions and made money." - Nicholas Longworth. "Advertising has furnished me with a competence." - Amos Lawrence. "A man who is liberal in advertising is liberal in trade, and makes a man succeeds, while his neighbor, who is not so liberal, fails and drops out of market." - Horace Greeley. "He who invests one dollar in advertising, should invest one dollar in business." - A. T. Stewart. "Constant and persistent advertising is a sure passport to wealth." - Stephen Girard. F. T. Barnum, the great exhibitor, ascribes his success in accumulating a million of dollars in ten years to the unlimited use of printer's ink.

Fire Insurance.

No man should be without insurance on his buildings, and his goods. The undersigned is Agent for Buchanan and vicinity, for three of the best and most reliable Fire Insurance Companies in the United States, the Atlas, of Hartford, the Insurance Co. of North America, of Philadelphia, and the Underwriters Agency, of New York, representing a capital, in the aggregate, of twelve millions of dollars. Office, first floor of the Record brick, Front Street, Buchanan, Mich. D. A. WAGNER.

Free Consultation.

Dr. W. S. HAMLEN offers his professional services to the citizens of Berrien county and the surrounding country, for the treatment of chronic diseases. He makes a specialty of Liver complaints, diseases of the Kidneys, and Rheumatism; having been fortunate in discovering a mode of treatment for the latter, and having many years treated it successfully. Office and residence, 101 Front St., Buchanan, Mich. 5m

Notice to Settle Up.

The undersigned has disposed of their entire stock of goods, and all those who are indebted to them on note or account, are earnestly requested to call and settle at once. Gentlemen, please give this your attention, save trouble, and greatly oblige the undersigned, as follows: J. H. SPAN, and having many years treated it successfully. Office and residence, 101 Front St., Buchanan, Mich. 5m

Notice.

The books and accounts of the late firm of Marhoff & Warner have been left with the undersigned for collection. All parties indebted to the said firm will save costs by calling and settling the same at once. N. HAMILTON.

TO BUILDERS.

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GROUND BROKEN.—On Monday morning quite a crowd assembled to witness the breaking of ground for the new brick Wagon Factory, at the corner of Main and Second streets.

PERSONAL.—Hon. J. M. Glavin was in town Monday. Mr. G. is looking well and in as fine spirits as we have seen him for years.

No PREACHERS.—The Presbyterian, Christian, Baptist and Adventist Churches have no settled pastors, at present.

CHANGE OF TIME.—A slight change was recently made on the M. C. R. R. in the time of some of the trains. The changes are properly made in the Time Card.

The largest and best shovel plow blades and double shovel plows at the Star Foundry for only \$5.00.

NEW DAM.—It has been arranged to put in a new dam at Black's Factory. This is one of the finest water powers on the Creek, and a permanent and substantial dam should be erected.

BUSINESS.—Our business men complain of a great increase of trade over last year, thus far. We like to hear such complaints, as they do us all good. The prospects for Buchanan were never so bright as at present.

The highest market price paid for Butter and Eggs. C. M. BEARD, 12th, Hill's Corners.

FURNITURE FACTORY.—The engine at the new Furniture Factory was started up on Tuesday. Everything went off nicely. The Company will now be ready to commence operations.

TO CURS AGUE, take a few 10 drop doses of AUSTIN'S AGUE DROPS. W8

WE ACKNOWLEDGE the receipt of a card from our young friend F. N. Collins, to attend the Farewell Social of the Graduating Class of the Pav Pav High School. We congratulate "Frank" on his success in climbing the rugged hill of science.

Go to H. R. Kinyon's new Bakery for your lunch, ice cream, &c., &c. The best of everything in the line always on hand. 17tf

FESTIVAL.—The Odd Fellows of Buchanan Lodge No. 75 will have their annual Strawberry and Ice Cream Festival, at Roe's Hall, adjoining Odd Fellows Hall, on Wednesday evening, June 19th. Every member is expected to be present with his lady.

ABANDONED.—The contemplated railroad between Elkhart and Benton Harbor, via Berrien, to be known as the Elkhart & Lake Shore Road, has been abandoned.

NEW SUBSCRIBERS.—Now subscribers will not fail to read carefully the "Laws of Newspapers," published on first page of every issue of the RECORD.

FRUIT NOTICE.—H. M. Kinyon has made extensive arrangements for handling all kinds of berries and fruit in large quantities. All who want to sell, or buy, will do well to give him a call, as he has the best facilities for handling it in the place. 17tf

FINE COLTS.—Two fine colts were weighed in town on Saturday, both bright bays, one two years old, and the other one year. The former weighed 1,010 pounds, and the latter 790 pounds. A. G. Hunter raised the colts. They were sired by the Young Printer, owned by Mark A. Price in the Bend of the River.

FOURTH OF JULY.—There will be a grand Fourth of July Celebration at Galien, for 1872, in commemoration of our National Independence. Programme will be published next week. BY ORDER OF COMMITTEE.

A. EMERY & Co. are prepared to furnish Galien and vicinity with potatoes, having just received a large quantity of the very first quality. 17w2

SURVEYING.—The survey of the line of the projected road from Macomb to Laporte or Valparaiso is being made. The survey parties expected to cross the river at Berrien Springs from the north, on Tuesday last.

A RATIFICATION MEETING was held in Berrien Springs last Saturday night to ratify the nominations of the Philadelphia Convention. The Berrien Band was in attendance, and speeches were made by Messrs. Smith, Dix, Graham and Miller. Greeley Republicans at the County seat are scarce and hard to find.

The White Lily Baking Powder sold by Treat, Wicking & Co. is pronounced by all who have tried it to be the best in use. Go and get a box and you will use no other. 16tf

AUSTIN'S AGUE DROPS warranted to cure Ague by all Druggists. Only 50 cts.

MEASLES.—No new cases of measles have made their appearance for a few days that we have heard of. We presume that about all who never had them before, have now had them and recovered. Measles were never known to be so mild in this vicinity, as they have been during their recent prevalence here.

WE SPENT several days last week in the village of Three Oaks, and made our headquarters during the time at the hotel of A. T. Hall. We can cheerfully recommend this house to the traveling public, as the accommodations afforded are far better than those furnished at most of hotels in places many times the size of Three Oaks.

COOLING.—A trip to Kinyon's "Lapland Soda Fountain" these warm days.

STRAWBERRIES.—The first shipment of strawberries from Buchanan took place on Monday.

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FOURTH OF JULY AT BUCHANAN.—Our citizens for a day or two have been talking up the Fourth. It is thought now that the time has come once more when that glorious old day should be suitably celebrated in Buchanan. This is right. A more cheerful feeling of success and prosperity prevails throughout our country, and it is but proper that the day that declared American liberty to the nations of the earth should be appropriately remembered. Let there be a celebration by all means. A meeting to make proper arrangements will be held at the office of E. Ballengee, Esq., on this (Thursday) evening, at 8 o'clock. A full attendance of all interested is earnestly solicited.

SUNDAY SCHOOL.—A Sunday School has been organized at the Christian Church, under the supervision of Eld. J. A. Roe. The singing department is under the supervision of J. Harvey Roe, and next Sunday a Bible Class will be organized under the supervision of D. A. Wagner. All are invited to come—old and young—and help to render the School interesting and profitable to all concerned. A lot of new singing books have been procured, filled full of rich tunes; and all know how singing goes off when "Harvey" takes the matter in hand. The children, too, remember when "Jesse" used to run the Sunday School, what good times they had. The School now meets at 9 1/2 A. M.

EXAMINATIONS.—PRONIC.—Examinations in the Buchanan Union School will take place Wednesday and Thursday, the 19th and 20th inst. On Friday, the 21st, there will be a Grand Basket Picnic on the Park Grounds. As usual, an urgent invitation is extended to all to attend the examinations, and especially to all who have been students in the school during the past year, with their friends, to be present at the picnic.

BUSINESS CHANGE.—Mr. A. F. White, of Niles, has purchased one-half interest in the Drug establishment of Mr. Osborn. The business will hereafter be conducted at the old stand by Osborn & White. We are glad that Mr. White has determined to locate in business in our town, and we have no doubt but he will find that his selection will be both profitable and pleasant.

PETERSON'S, for July, is at hand ahead of all of its competitors. It is fully up to its predecessors in beauty and interest. The steel plate, "Mother's Darling," is a splendid thing. The fashion plates, stories, patterns for marking, and in fact everything it contains is of interest to the ladies. A new volume begins with the July number, and now is a good time to subscribe.

BARBER SHOP.—Mr. T. J. Jones has removed his barber shop from the rooms under the bank to his own building, north side of Front street foot of Day's Avenue. He has his shop fitted up in good style, with a reading room and also a bath room adjoining. Together with cigars and such like. Call in and see him.

ROAD WORK.—The way road work is done in some places, it would be much better to leave it undone. To merely plow up the road, and leave it rough as is often done, we never could see any benefit therein. Often a splendid piece of road is thus spoiled, and for years it will not be as good as it was before work was done thereon. It does roads but little good to merely plow them up, without grading off and then smoothing down. We trust Farmers will see to it that the roads are left in as smooth and level condition as possible after being plowed and turped.

BUTTER AND EGGS.—Messrs. A. Richards & Co. are doing quite a business in their packing establishment. They now have on hands some two tons of butter, all properly graded and packed, and over 7,000 dozen of eggs put up for winter use. The packing establishment is under the supervision of F. W. Holmes, while R. McCombe visits the country and various localities, makes the purchases and brings in the butter and eggs.

A Card.

The members of the Buchanan Baptist Church take pleasure in tendering thanks to the Christian Church of Buchanan, for their generosity in granting the gratuitous use of their St. Joseph for the meeting of the Buchanan River Association. Also, to Prof. J. H. Row and his associates, members of the various churches of Buchanan, for their timely efficient and very acceptable services rendered at the Wednesday evening session of the Association.

In behalf of the Church, F. W. HOLMES, Church Clerk.

The Farmers' Club.

The Buchanan Farmers' Club held their regular session June 8th, at the office of Esq. Ballengee. A goodly number were in attendance. The subject of discussion was "Cutting and Curing Hay." A majority of the speakers held that clover should be cut when the blossoms had about one-half turned brown; that it should be suffered to lay in the swath only long enough to fairly wilt, then put in smallish cocks, the same afternoon if possible, to the next day, if the weather was dry, these cocks should be opened out and aired, and then gathered into the barn. Timothy should be cut before it went out of the blossom; served in curing, similar to clover. Mr. Dempsey claimed, if the hay was too damp, when got in, it was a great benefit to throw over each load put on the mow, about one quart of sifted air-lacked lime. Mr. L. Sparks would have grass get ripe before it was cut. Analogy as well as experience taught that a crop should not be severed from the soil till it had matured. (Farmers of long experience differ materially on this subject.) Question for next meeting, "What is the best or most proper rotation of crops?" but any member may speak on any subject, pertaining to agriculture, he chooses.

D. ERK, Pres.

P. S.—I would just add, our meetings are becoming more and more interesting. We number 29, and still they come. Let us hold on through the busy season, and next fall and winter we will have a glorious time. It was remarked at our last meeting by Mr. Alexander, that farmers had not the power in community they were entitled to, or that they could secure by organization and co-operation. This thought is worthy of consideration. Come out, farmers, and let us see about this. D. F.

THOUSANDS of Sufferers from Rheumatism, Gout, Gravel, Neuralgia, Sciatica, Headache, Migraine, and other forms of Rheumatism, are cured by the use of Dr. Williams' Pink Pills for Pale People. This medicine is the best in the world for the cure of these diseases. It is a blood purifier and cleanser of the blood, and restores the system to its normal state. It is sold by all druggists and is the only medicine that will cure these diseases. It is the best medicine in the world for the cure of these diseases. It is sold by all druggists and is the only medicine that will cure these diseases.

THE UNION SCHOOL closes next week.

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Sealed proposals for the building of an Engine House and Calaboose combined for the Village of Buchanan, in the County of Berrien, Michigan, will be received by the Clerk of the Board of Trustees, at Buchanan, Mich., on or before the 24th of June inst., will be opened on said day, and the job given to the lowest bidder. Specifications may be seen at the office of B. D. KROGER, the Village Board reserve the right to reject all bids. By order of the Board of Trustees of the Village of Buchanan.

DEEDS, Mortgages, Leases, Land contracts, Wills, &c., &c., made out with neatness and accuracy at the Record office.

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THE COUNTY PRESS.—Miss Maggie Coffinger, one of the brightest of our High School pupils, is recovering from a terrible sickness of three months. She was able to ride out on Monday.—The few teachers who took a holiday last Friday, scattered off to Kalamazoo and Buchanan. But who went to Dowagion?—At the Presbyterian Communion last Sabbath, three new members were received on profession of their faith.—The stock certificates of the Niles Paper mill company are being issued.

THE ST. JO. TRAVELER says: We are indebted to Hon. Warren Chapman for the following vital statistics of St. Joseph for the year 1871: Number of deaths during the year, 48; over 15 years of age, 18. Of that number four were killed by accident, viz: on railroad, one; and by drowning three. The number of births during the year was as follows: of American both women 81; of foreign born women, 88. Total 67, showing a natural increase during the year of 19.—One of the pleasantest gatherings of the year was the strawberry and ice cream festival given by the ladies of the Episcopal Church, Friday evening, 31st, at the residence of Hon. A. H. Morrison.—The Festival at the M. E. Church parlors on Wednesday evening produced the gratifying result of \$84.86.

THE BENTON HARBOR Palladium says: Last Tuesday afternoon, a friendly game of base ball was played in this village between the Coronas, of St. Joseph, and the Actives, of Benton Harbor, which resulted in favor of the latter 47 to 18, in six innings, when the Coronas deemed it advisable not to continue on with the remaining three. Well, where's Greeley now! On Wednesday, of the same week, a club of young boys came over on St. Joseph, to play a match game of base ball, and were defeated by the Red Lions 26 to 92.—Mr. W. P. Sutton, last winter a teacher at Water-vliet, and for a number of years a contributor to many newspapers, has, we are informed, joined the permanent staff of the New York Times. The Hartford Day Spring states that he informed his friends in that village that he was to receive a very liberal salary.

THE ST. JO. Herald says: To Mrs. G. S. Clapp, Mrs. George Kingsley, Messrs. Roberts and Sessor is the credit of the most pleasant and successful decoration of Soldiers' Graves ever held in St. Joseph, largely, if not absolutely due. Owing to circumstances the decoration took place on Sunday, June 2d. The ceremonies were made unusually solemn and impressive by the funeral of Florence B. Ketcham, a soldier of the 12th Michigan Infantry, in whose funeral procession the young ladies and children with their crosses, wreaths and decorations acted as an escort.—Stevens has at last, thanks to the persistent punching of the Herald, got its post office. Mr. Dunham, the original applicant, is Post Master.—Among the names mentioned as going east for the Boston Jubilee we hear mention of the Misses Marble, Mrs. Sweet, Sr., Mrs. Preston, Messrs. Ormsbee, Lyon, Rice and Clark.

THE NILES Democrat says: On Tuesday night last about 12 o'clock, the house of Mrs. Ed. Wood, on the corner of 12th and Regent streets, was entered by a man supposed to be Polk Lushbaugh, a well digger, living in this place. Mr. Wood was absent at the time, and Mrs. Wood had retired for the night and was fast asleep. The first intimation she had of any one being in the house, was on awaking she found some one in bed with her. Her first thought was that it was her little boy who had quietly crept in beside her; she called him by name, but received no answer. She then thought perhaps her husband had returned and inquired if it was him, but still no answer. She became alarmed and enquired who was there. She received in reply, "I am a thief, and there are twenty or thirty more outside of the house, and if you make the least noise we will kill you and all your family." This midnight monster then commenced choking Mrs. Wood and proceeded to violate her person, in which devilish purpose he succeeded. He then renewed his threats to kill her and the family if she gave the alarm, and left the house. As soon as she rallied a little from her fright she informed her neighbors of the occurrence, who immediately set about to discover the perpetrator of this terrible crime. No clue could be obtained until daylight, when bare foot prints were discovered in the sand which were carefully examined and followed up by Officer Francis and Mr. Wiley. These tracks, after zig-zagging around several blocks, led to the windows of Lushbaugh's house. It was found in bed, the last Sunday, and shot only with his feet. He was thereupon arrested and brought before Squire Barron, on Thursday morning. After examining several witnesses the case was postponed until to-day, (Saturday.) Mrs. Wood has always borne a good character, was well thought of by her neighbors, and has advanced to the 6th or 7th month of gestation. If it can be ascertained beyond a doubt that the party accused, or anyone else, is guilty of this brutal and outrageous offense, an example should be made of him so that a similar crime may not occur again in our State.—An attempt was made to rob the residence of Rev. John Cappon, on last Monday night. This thieves must be hard pressed when they attempt to rob ministers.—A dwelling house of William Bryer, of Bertrand township, was destroyed by fire on the 28th of May. As the house was unoccupied, it was evidently the work of an incendiary. It was insured in the Berrien County Mutual Fire Insurance Company for an amount sufficient to cover the loss.

THE NILES Republican says: Two young bloods made it rather too lively for a team of Ed. Bunbury's about town last Sunday. One of them, who returned the irate proprietor sailed into them with a horse whipplet and punished them to his heart's content. The affair drew an immense crowd. Second and Main streets. We do not hear that Mayor Muzzy made any objection to the affair, as he did to the street-preaching.—The novel sight of a female organ grinder attracted some attention on Main street last Friday. If her soul is as doleful as her music, her mental state is not to be envied. Her chief receipts must be as payment for "moving on."—A few devoted friends of the soldier-dead visited the cemetery on Decoration day, and adorned some graves with flowers.—Fourteen new members were received into the Baptist church last Sabbath—half by letter, the rest by baptism. Six converts have been ac-

CEPTED and remain to be baptized.—Miss Maggie Coffinger, one of the brightest of our High School pupils, is recovering from a terrible sickness of three months. She was able to ride out on Monday.—The few teachers who took a holiday last Friday, scattered off to Kalamazoo and Buchanan. But who went to Dowagion?—At the Presbyterian Communion last Sabbath, three new members were received on profession of their faith.—The stock certificates of the Niles Paper mill company are being issued.

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