

The Berrien County Record.

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THURSDAY MORNING, JUNE 15, 1871.

THE NEW LOAN.

The direct benefit to the people and to the nation of the new loan that are now offered to the market, is so apparent that one would hardly suppose there could be any objection to this plan of reducing our interest debt and annual expenses, but we find that the most severe attacks are made upon it, and upon the Secretary for attempting to place the loan.

The reason for offering this new loan is very simple, and a child can be made to understand it. There is no reason why it is so difficult of accomplishment, as is usually the case in financial matters.

The first bonds were issued at a time when the destiny of our government was very uncertain, when we were engaged in a war that threatened its life, and as the redemption or value of the bonds depended on contingencies—the maintenance of our government—buying the bonds was considered a risk somewhat hazardous, and no purchase would have been made but for the extra inducements being made by offering a high per cent. of interest.

A wise provision was made in the most of these bonds, which the government now wishes to avail itself. The conditions of these bonds are such that after a certain length of time the government has the right to redeem them if it chooses, although not compelled to do so before their maturity. Two hundred million of new five per cent. bonds are now proposed to be sold to redeem those bonds that the government has a right to redeem that are drawing a higher rate of interest, which will be a saving of two millions of interest annually. Upwards of seventy millions of these bonds have already been sold, which will be a perpetual saving of over two-thirds of a million of interest annually.

What sense is there in opposing a movement of this kind, in which all are alike benefited, about which there should be no partisan feeling or prejudice, and the good results of which are obvious and unquestionable. Let us all join together and encourage the new loan.

WHAT DOES IT MEAN?

The Czar of Russia, a few days ago, was reported to be on a visit to the Emperor of Germany. This visit is the fruitful source of much speculation. The question is, what does it mean? Is it only a friendly visit from one ruler and relative to another ruler and relative? Or more, has it deep significance respecting the future of Europe? This latter would seem the most probable. There are interests of Russia, and there are interests of Prussia, and there are interests of France, and there are interests of the destinies of Europe should meet to talk over, very privately, their affairs. France has been humbled and is no longer to be feared, and by a united effort on the part of Russia and Prussia, England can be humbled to grant concessions important to both powers. In such an event the Eastern question could be settled according to the Czar's own liking.

If these two dignitaries have any design upon the future of Europe, they undoubtedly would have chosen a personal interview to talk matters over, as they are both too shrewd to stand so important a matter to the ordinary channel of diplomatic correspondence. Emperors and kings do not go visiting for fun, and therefore, we conclude there is greater significance in this visit of Alexander of Russia to Emperor William, than some suppose. At least, the future will develop, if there is anything extraordinary in this kindly visit. We imagine the wise men of England and the East will feel somewhat uneasy relative to the peculiar sympathy existing between the Czar of Russia and Emperor of Germany. The day may not be far distant when England can no longer boast of being the first maritime power in the world whole. At least, we shall not be surprised, if, within twelve months to come, more startling events transpire in the old world than have taken place within the past year. Let us wait and see what time and events will develop.

CRIME.

The following record of crime we take from Saturday's Chicago Republican:

MURDERS.—Sixteen murders reported last week—seven by shooting, six with a knife, one with the fist, one with a dinner plate, and one with a brick.

SWEENEY.—At Brooklyn, June 1, with a fish-knife, by John Cole, his brother-in-law, John Sweeney, because his sister complained that Cole was neglecting his business.

MCDANIEL.—At Cherokee Flat, Cal., by George Anstrian, her lover, Susie McDaniel, as she was returning with some friends from a party by moonlight. Stabbed her to the heart and cut her throat. Jealous. He was killed by officious neighbors, and his body burned in his house.

MENNER.—At Berry, Mo., with fourteen balls, by three brothers Underwood, Richard A. Menner, on account of a row about a fence. He got square on one brother.

GREGORY.—At Bridgeport, Conn., while playing cards on Sunday, by John Gillis, with a jack-knife, wherewith he ripped open his abdomen, William Gregory.

HANGED.

MCDONNAN.—At Rockingham, N. C., June 2, Edward McDonnau, colored, for murdering Mrs. Sallie L. Usher. Last words, none. Didn't experience religion; chewed tobacco on the scaffold. Time, fifteen minutes. Died game.

APPOINTMENTS.—At New York, July 14, William Foster, the car-book murderer, and William McVernon, at San Francisco, Laura Ray, the Crittenden murderer.

SHOOTERS.

SHOOTERS.—Twenty-four suicides re-

ported last week—9 by shooting, 4 by hanging, 4 by stabbing, 2 by sulphuric acid, 1 each with arsenic, strychnine, Paris green, and leadum, and one by jumping out of a window. Also 7 deaths by the use of arsenic, and 4 from falling with firearms.

ROBINSON.—At New York, June 3, in a public station, by hanging, Joseph Robinson. His wife had him locked up for drunk-madness.

GILMORE.—At Jersey City, June 4, on the graves of his two sons, with leadum, Charles F. Gilmore, aged 50. Temporary insanity was the cause, because a handsome and extravagant wife got a divorce from him last week.

CONNORS.—At the Magdalen Asylum, New York, June 4, by jumping out of a child story window, Margaret Connors, aged 22.

MOLANES.—At New York, June 7, with a revolver, Mary Molanus, orphan, aged 15, because Mrs. Robinson, a resident of the house, threatened to tell the girl's uncle that she had taken a piece of silk ribbon with which to trim a hat.

ROBERTS.—At Elk Run, Ky., May 27, with a handkerchief, Della Roberts, school-teacher, aged 22, because she fell in love with a pupil, aged 14.

HACHWAY.—At the Grand Central Hotel, New York, in a bath-tub, with a revolver, Albert O. Hachway, of Rutland, Vt. Pecuniary embarrassment was the cause.

TRACY.—At Brooklyn, with two ounces of Paris green, Mrs. Arthur Tracy, aged 23. Temporary insanity. Stomach-pumps were used.

SERVANSON.—At Bangampton, May 31, with a rope to plant-tree, Lucy Servanson, aged 22, in a fit of pouts.

GILLET.—At the Talbot House, Syracuse, June 2, with arsenic, Lewis J. Gillet, formerly County Clerk, because he didn't want to be a burden to his friends.

Gen. Sherman not a Presidential Candidate.

A letter from Gen. Sherman, dated Fort Hill, Oamanche reservation, May 25, addressed to the editors of the New York papers, says: "I have been skirting the Texas frontier for the past month, and here for the rest of the time. I meet a few eastern papers, by which I see that quite an unnecessary fuss has been raised by a purported speech made by me at a supper of the Union League Club of New Orleans the night preceding my departure from that city. Whoever reported that as a speech by me committed a breach of propriety, for I was assured by the President of the society that no reporters were present, and that whatever was said would be sacred, and confined to the persons present. Now, as to politics, I think all my personal friends know my deepest antipathy to the subject; yet as you seem not to understand, I hereby state, and mean all I say, that I never have been, and never will be a candidate for President; that if nominated by either party I should peremptorily decline, and, even if unanimously elected, I should decline to serve."

Judicial Salaries.

Cutting down the salaries of Judges to the average of an ordinary family board bill, is about as small an exhibition of wisdom as of true economy. The State wants for its judiciary the best legal talent within its limits. To get this it must not sacrifice the public credit to the caprice of men to fill any kind of positions at almost any price it may decide to pay, just as a hod-carrier can be made president of a bank or of a railroad company, but are that class of officials profitable? Can the people afford it?

Public men often sacrifice much to the mere glory of prominence, but the judiciary furnishes no field for the display of that kind of selfishness. It cannot be a comfortable reflection to the Judge upon the bench, that every lawyer in ordinary practice at the bar before him is better paid than himself. Long service in that capacity fits the incumbent to resume the practice. The tenure of office is quite too uncertain as a reliance for old age, and the most upright decision is more likely to destroy his popularity than an arbitrary or unjust judgment. A niggardly salary is a premium offered to corruption. Changes which should be rarely made are a common incident to popular elections. Even at the best, the public takes the services of a man of superior ability in his calling, or should do so, uses him for a term of years, more or less, until his usefulness in the legal profession is gone, and then turns him loose, with neither fortune or the means of living. It is for this reason that the best of the ablest members of the bar decline an election to the bench. They cannot afford to leave the lawyer who cannot earn more than a few thousand dollars a year, when once established, is not fit for a Judge; and, indeed, the members of the profession who are fit are rare and exceptional. It is a special talent, as much entitled to recognition as any other high personal qualification. And if the State wants the highest grade of men, and an incorruptible and respectable judiciary, it must pay for it. Nothing can be gained by insufficient salaries, and everything of real value may be lost by them. The ideas that attach to a mere political office have no application here. A salary of five thousand a year is far cheaper in fact than one of three thousand, as proposed in the Legislature.—Chicago Post.

The Chinese.

A few weeks ago we had news from China, calculated to excite painful apprehensions as to the safety of Americans living in that empire. We were warned that the fearful massacre of Tien-Tsin was but the first act in a drama of wholesale murder, the denouement of which, if not interrupted by powerful demonstrations of force on the part of the "treaty powers," would leave no European or American alive in the Celestial Empire. Events since then have not fully realized these prophetic words. But if they had—if we should hear to-day that white men had been butchered by hundreds, and the survivors were fleeing for their lives from the Flowery Kingdom—would we be justified in greatly wondering at the news? How stands our own account with the Heavens Chinese within our gates? No matter what outrage he may suffer at the hands of lawless men, we refuse

Foreign.—Latest Dispatches.

New York, June 9.—Gen. De Trobriand, who has just returned from France, says he does not believe that the legal legitimacy in France will be restored, mainly because all the large cities are strongly opposed to it, and inclined toward a republic. No form of government has now a good chance of permanency. He regards Thiers as unqualifiedly honest in all he has said and done, and adds that we in this country have no idea of the deep demoralization of the French people under Louis Napoleon. It was a worse government than ever France had before. But there is no fear of its restoration. Although many of the peasants are in favor of it, their master is gone and they have no leader.

More Fridge than Profit.

In the exciting war over the St. Clair county-seat question, Port Huron seems to have got a legal majority of the Supervisors and of the electors in her favor, while St. Clair city has (or claims to have) technical ground for delay in the proceedings. We suppose the Supreme Court will settle the dispute at its July term. Until then there will be about half a century in one place and half in the other. The County Clerk and Register of Deeds stick to St. Clair with their courts. The Circuit and Probate Courts dispense law at Port Huron. The Sheriff swings between one place and the other. The newspapers of the respective cities are as pungent as mustard-pots over the wrong-doings of their opposites, while the Detroit papers publish as stunning, big-type telegrams as they did during the Fenian or French-and-German war. In the scarcity of sensations to "make the paper sell," St. Clair county serves a good turn with those whose "nose for news" is rooting everywhere.—Lansing Republican.

American Estates in Cuba.

The American owners of estates in Cuba are still complaining that, through the efforts of agents of Spain in this city and elsewhere, their claims are being tampered with. The question at issue between them and the Captain General, they say, is not one of damages at all, but whether they shall be allowed to regain immediate possession of their property fifteen months after the home government has ordered its release, or wait until the authorities in the island have sold one or two more valuable crops and obtained the money for them. These men expect to go before the commission with their claims for damages already done. The crops on some of the larger estates have been sold for \$200,000 to \$300,000, but what they most complain of, is that while the home government has ordered the restoration of their property, the Captain General has put an impediment in the way of the execution of the order. The statement that many of these estates have been released is true, but this has not been done until the owners have been forced to pay large sums of money, and those who own estates still hold the claim that they have a right to recover them without further loss. What these claimants desire to have the Government do, is to inform Spain that her orders have not been executed, and peremptory demand that she cause them to be obeyed at once.

Civil Service Reform.

A CHIEF CLERK under a recent act of Congress, to make inquiries and suggest a system of improvement in the civil service of the Government, has been assigned apartments in the Interior Department. The first meeting will be held on the 20th. Col. Cox, of the Interior Department, Mr. Elliott, of the Treasury, and Mr. Blackford, of the Postoffice Department, have accepted their appointments as members of the committee. It is not yet known outside of the State Department whether George William Curtis, ex-Senator Cattell, of New Jersey, and Joseph Medill, of Chicago, have accepted or not. It is understood that Mr. Curtis will be President of the commission, and Elliott or Cox, Secretary.

The London Times and the Treaty.

LONDON, June 9.—The Times of to-day, in an editorial reviewing the grounds of Canadian opposition to the treaty of Washington, says that the treaty sacrifices the interests of small communities to the convenience of powerful States; that a portion of the empire is made a scapegoat for the peace of the whole, and that the possessions of the marine provinces have been bargained away. The Times, however, urges the acceptance of the treaty by Canada as compensation for the boom of American free trade, which is rapidly gaining ground in the United States.

The Coal Mine Murder.

Among the many touching incidents of the terrible calamity, none are so full of interest as the conduct and mournful fate of Martin Craban, a boy who was among the first to die in the chamber of the mine. He had only been promoted to the position of driver on Friday, and he and another boy were near the bottom of the shaft when the last carriage was about to ascend. The little fellow at once thought of the men away back in the chambers, who had not heard of the disaster, and asked his comrades if he would come back with him and give the alarm. He would not go but stepped on the car and arrived at the top safely. Young Craban then started back to inform the men, and having done so he returned to the shaft but found the carriage gone. He remained at the bottom of the shaft through all the smoke, until he had nearly suffocated and formed the barricade, he went back and begged in the most piteous manner for admission. The men, however, would not risk the lives of all the rest and left him to his fate. He then went to the stable and lay down behind his mule, after having written on the wall the names of his father, mother and a little cousin who was named after him, and in this position he was found dead, the mule having partly rolled over upon him and crushed his breast.

The unveiling of the statue of Prof. Samuel F. B. Morse, in Central Park, New York, took place on Saturday.

The ceremonies were witnessed by at least 50,000 people. Governor Hoffman presided, and delivered an introductory address, in which he spoke warmly of the fame of the great inventor. William Cullen Bryant delivered a fine inaugural address, and Hon. Oakeley Hall unveiled the statue.

Two farmers near Malrose, Monroe county, Iowa, lost their lives while attempting to clean out a well which was full of coal oil.

State Items.

The Oldwater Sentinel says: On Wednesday an attachment was sworn out against the chattels of J. Clifford, a subcontractor on the Michigan and Ohio Railroad. It appears that one Goods, in the employ of Clifford, had a hundred dollars, which he presented the accounts of a man quitting Clifford's employ before pay day, and to whom Clifford issued script stating time worked and amount due. Upon Clifford's advice—so says the plaintiff—he bought these scripts—so says the plaintiff—and told him the "old old story." Goods's counsel offered to visit the contractors office and if the pay roll did not prove that Clifford drew the money, he would withdraw the suit, and pay costs. But Clifford "would rather be excused."

The Bay City Journal says: Sunday evening a little French boy named Alexander Tusoney, son of Lawrence Tusoney, living near Dolson & Walker's mill, was missing from the family circle. His parents feared once he had fallen into the river, made every effort to recover their lost darling, and yesterday his lifeless form was found in the water near the mill. It is supposed he fell from some logs about eight o'clock in the evening. Five little fellows have perished in a similar manner already this season.

The Cass Co. Republican has the following:—The total population of Cass county, according to the last census, is 21,097—the most populous town in the county is Silver Creek, which has a population of 3,504.—The silver springs have been discovered at Vandell, and one near Jones' Mill and another near Brownsburg, in this county.

We credit the following to the Huron Co. News: During the past week several destructive fires have occurred throughout the county, the most serious originating from fires in the woods.

On Thursday last the steam saw and shingle mill of Winslow J. Ludington, at Forest Bay, took fire while the men were away to the circus and was entirely consumed. The loss sustained on the mill, together with the burning of 200 worth of shingles is estimated at \$5,500. This resident "burns like a fire" is going away leaving members in the fire-hole.

Mr. B. W. Merriek, had a ten acre field of oats entirely consumed one day last week. The same gentleman met with a similar loss last year, but will sow oats again next season.

The township of Dwight, where a fire for sometime has been raging, numerous losses in the way of crops and fences are reported, but nothing as yet of a serious nature has occurred.

The following we take from the Flint Citizen: We refer in the last issue of the Citizen to the case then under investigation of the suspicious death of a little girl named Thompson, at the house of Mrs. Diamond in First Ward. An analysis of the contents of the child's stomach by Drs. Millard and Chaplin, reported that she had eaten strychnine.

On Monday last, the coroner's jury rendered a verdict that she came to her death from a dose of strychnine administered by some person unknown. The developments made at the inquest and other circumstances, have been the occasion of the arrest of Mrs. Diamond on the charge of murder; and also of the exhumation of the body of the little boy of Mrs. Thompson who died so suddenly at Diamond's about five weeks ago. This child's stomach is also undergoing analysis, the result of which is still undetermined. The exhumation of Mrs. Diamond was to have taken place before Levi Walker, Esq., yesterday, but has been adjourned to the 7th of June. She is now in jail.

The actesian well at the Lansing House has reached a depth of 300 feet, and shows the following strata: Surface sand, 4; light clay, 10; gray quick sand, 4; blue clay, mixed with sand and clay, 37; soft blue fire clay, 38; gray lime, mixed with pyrites of iron, 2; white fire-clay, 62; soft white sand-rock, 85; dark blue hard fire-clay, 10; fire-clay mixed with sand, 40. Total, 300.—Lansing Republican.

The Saginaw Independent says: On Wednesday evening a heavy squall, or perhaps more properly a tornado, visited the middle and extreme portions of Lake Huron and Saginaw Bay. Propellers at the latter locality were thrown over on their beam ends. One was nearly capsized. Lumber on vessels was tossed up into the air 30 or 40 feet, and carried from 150 to 200 feet from the vessel. The tornado lasted about 20 minutes.

We learn of a Barbarous operation at Saginaw, Mich. The name of a barber to have his mustache changed to the color of a raven. The young man went forth in the possession of a beautiful black mustache, the envy of his "blonde" acquaintances. A short time elapsed and the young man's lip became very sore and finally became so swollen as to cause him great pain. The young man was such good humored suit against the capillary artist and recovered \$40 as damages.

The following is from the Kalamazoo Gazette: A boy aged about twelve years, named Edward Phalen, was drowned on Wednesday afternoon, while bathing in the bend of the river, South of the main street bridge. We are informed that a man stood on the bank and saw him drown, without attempting a rescue. Such a miserable coward is not fit to live.

The Voluntary Officers of Flat Michigan, Michigan, who, in the late war, were with its own, and sister to Mrs. James McDermott, of this city, died at the City Hotel on Wednesday morning, under circumstances of melancholy interest. She was but nineteen years old, and was mar-

rod at St. Paul's Episcopal Church in Detroit, Michigan, on the 1st of April last. She was accustomed to the occasional use of morphia, and on retiring Tuesday night spoke to several persons, including her husband, of having taken a large dose; but refused to have medical aid as unnecessary. In the morning she was found unconscious, and breathing manually. Dr. Axford was immediately sent for, but it was too late, and she soon died. A Coroner's Inquest was called by Justice Stevenson, and a post mortem examination made. The result of the investigation was the determination that her death was caused by an accidental overdose of morphia. The remains were taken to the State of New York, near Rochester, for interment.

News of the Week.

The wheat harvest has commenced in the vicinity of Leavenworth, Kansas. The crop was never better.

The press of California, almost without exception, denounce the coroner's jury in the case of the Chinaman murdered by the boys on Fourth street. In the face of positive testimony, the jury returned a verdict of death from causes unknown.

Ex Governor Parsons, of Alabama, was before the Ku-Klux Committee on Saturday, and stated that he was of opinion that the Ku-Klux organization existing in Alabama, estimated to be 8,000 or 10,000 strong.

The contract for the erection of the Industrial College building at Champaign, Ill., has been let for \$116,954, and the contract for the Mechanical building or drill rooms for \$16,361.

Clinton Jones, nine years old, accidentally shot and instantly killed his cousin, William Jones, a lad of thirteen, at Geneseo, Ill., on Saturday. The boys were playing with a loaded gun.

Mrs. R. Richards, of Nashville Station, Iowa, who had been quarreling with her husband, lay down on the railroad track before an approaching train on Friday morning, and was cut to pieces. The engineer saw her sit down on the rail, place her hands over her face, and then stretch herself across the track, but he could not stop his train in time to save her life.

The Spanish-American Claims Commission organized in Washington on Saturday. It is alleged that the claims against Spain amount to \$10,000,000, and some favor an organization think Cuba herself will have to go to pay the amount.

The services of 216 Assistant Assessors of Internal Revenue have been dispensed with since the first of January last, and a further reduction of 150 is estimated during the present month. This is equivalent to a reduction of \$300,000 in the annual expense of assessing the revenue.

There remains but a single county in Mississippi and a single township in Arkansas, to be heard from to complete the census returns from the entire country.

The United States naval force around San Domingo is to be retained for the present.

On Wednesday morning, last week, in Constantinople, fire broke out simultaneously in four places, and at one time 200 houses were in flames. At last accounts there was a prospect of getting the flames under control.

Returns to the Treasury show that the number of distilleries in operation in the country on June 1 was 214, with a total capacity of 192,699 gallons. Of this number, Illinois has 28; Indiana, 19; Kentucky, 36; Ohio, 34; and Pennsylvania, 12.

The State Sabbath School Convention adjourned at Galesburg, Ill., Thursday night. About 2,000 delegates have been in attendance.

Mrs. Hinkley, living in Mitchell county, Iowa, was violently poisoned by the virus of potato bugs the other day. She had been killing the insects with her hands. She was for a time perfectly blind, and suffered excruciating pains, but prompt and constant medical attendance have probably saved her life.

The McGregor (Iowa) Times, says that one hundred men passed through that city last week, en route to a mountain of gold, professed to have been discovered some years ago by a gentleman named A. C. Johnson, while on his way home from California. Each man had paid Robson \$200 in consideration of his piloting the company to the new Eldorado.

R. A. Kennedy, a respectable farmer of Bruce township, Benton county, Iowa, was so overwhelmed with shame on account of a suit for seduction in which his son was involved that he attempted suicide the other day. He was prevented by the son, but announced his intention to take his life at the first opportunity.

The official canvass of the vote of the late special election on the railroad bonds arbitration question was completed on Thursday. The vote is: Yes, 3,293; No, 21,499; majority against, 12,206. Twenty-one counties sent no returns.

A female college is to be established at Greensboro, Ind., under the auspices of the Presbyterian Church, to be called the "Female College of Indiana." Liberal endowments have already been secured.

A colony from Rochester, Minn., have located and laid out a town on the Cheyenne river in Dakota, about forty miles west of Fort Abercrombie.

The national bank at Brattleboro, Vt., was robbed of \$20,000 by burglars on Wednesday night of last week.

Great preparations are being made in Portugal for the reception of the Emperor of Brazil, who is daily expected in Lisbon on his tour through Europe and the United States.

Leprosy Cured by Carbolic Acid.

A case for leprosy has, it seems, been discovered in India. According to the Pioneer, medical science has at last triumphed over this terrible disease. The civil surgeon of Khandwa reports the case of a wretched old Jew who came to him from Bombay in great pain, begging him to have his mustache changed to the color of a raven. The young man went forth in the possession of a beautiful black mustache, the envy of his "blonde" acquaintances. A short time elapsed and the young man's lip became very sore and finally became so swollen as to cause him great pain. The young man was such good humored suit against the capillary artist and recovered \$40 as damages.

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A case for leprosy has, it seems, been discovered in India. According to the Pioneer, medical science has at last triumphed over this terrible disease. The civil surgeon of Khandwa reports the case of a wretched old Jew who came to him from Bombay in great pain, begging him to have his mustache changed to the color of a raven. The young man went forth in the possession of a beautiful black mustache, the envy of his "blonde" acquaintances. A short time elapsed and the young man's lip became very sore and finally became so swollen as to cause him great pain. The young man was such good humored suit against the capillary artist and recovered \$40 as damages.

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The Voluntary Officers of Flat Michigan, Michigan, who, in the late war, were with its own, and sister to Mrs. James McDermott, of this city, died at the City Hotel on Wednesday morning, under circumstances of melancholy interest. She was but nineteen years old, and was mar-

EATON & SIMMONS. A WORD TO THE WISE! REDDEN & DUNCAN. Are in Receipt of a LARGE STOCK OF Spring Goods, Which they will offer During the Season At the Lowest possible Prices Special Inducements IN SPRING DRESS GOODS, Trimmings, &c. Popular Prices in Paisley Shawls, And Wraps of All Styles

