SOUTHERN BERRIEN COUNTY

The Flower of Michigan's Great St. Joseph Valley—The Potential Center of America's Industry—Now Beginning Development of the Nation's Greatest Play Ground. The "Center of the World" for Propagation and Distribution of Small Fruit Plants.



BUCHANAN CHAMBER OF COMMERCE NUMBER

BERRIEN COUNTY RECORD

FOR ADDITIONAL INFORMATION KINDLY CALL ON OR ADDRESS THE FOLLOWING:

BUCHANAN	AL. W. CHARLES
BRIDGMAN	O. A. D. BALDWIN
BARODA	C. W. KRAUS
BERRIEN SPRINGS	C. R. SPARKS
DAYTON	F. E. STRUNK
GALIEN	FLOYD LINTNER
GLENDORA	J. G. BOYLE
NEW BUFFALO	E. BERT WEAR
NEW TROY	F. R. MAXIM
NILES	G. J. PAMMEL
STEVENSVILLE	HENRY EMLONG
SAWYER	ZEIGER BROS.
THREE OAKS	G. L. SCHELLEY

OPPORTUNITY

FOR THE

Builder
Realtor
Laborer
Investor
Home Owner
Manufacturer

Dairyman
Agriculturist
Stock Grower
Horticulturist
Summer Home Owner
Summer Resort Owner
Hotel Owner

FOREWORD

WHY THIS SPECIAL EDITION

IN presenting this special edition of the Berrien County Record we do so with becoming modesty and yet we may be pardoned for suggesting that in many ways it far exceeds anything of this nature which has ever been produced in this territory.

And we are not basing this claim upon the number of pages merely. We submit, with all due respect for those who have essayed publicity of this kind in the past, that this edition stands preeminent as to quality and that for its comprehensive and careful treatment of the various subjects presented, has no need to offer apologies.

The object of the edition, from the standpoint of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce, is to boost South Berrien County. We submit, this being true, that no effort which has ever been made by any Chamber can approach this one for that purpose.

In this number is told the story of the towns and the villages and the rural communities and the farms—everything, in fact, which constitutes attractive publicity for the purpose for which it was designed.

Such a story going out to the world cannot fail to be of immense benefit to the town whence issued. If it is truthful and candid and presents its facts just as it finds them, it will command the respect of all those who receive it and will thus be more effective in its mission. With this in mind the men who have collected the material have been extraordinarily careful. Every statement has been verified; every condition has been submitted to the most exacting scrutiny. The truth, the whole truth and nothing but the truth, has been the watchword throughout the effort.

In this connection it is not amiss to say that such an edition would not have been possible without the hearty cooperation of the good people of the county. They have helped us amazingly. A little here and a little there has made up in the aggregate this present number and, we believe, that all those who have helped us will find not a little pride in the sense of achievement, for they will have a right to claim—and it should be awarded to them without question—that they were the fathers and the mothers of much herein worthy of such illustrious parentage. To close this incident without expressing our gratitude to all of these would be unthinkable. We do, therefore, take this opportunity to tender all such our heartfelt thanks.

Before closing this foreword we wish to have it understood we do not consider ourselves infallible. There are recommendations in this paper looking toward the further improvement and enlargement of the towns to which some may object. In this connection we wish to say that we welcome just criticism and where we can be shown we are wrong and that the opposite position is the better one for all concerned, we shall not hesitate to adopt it as the fixed policy of this paper. It is the attribute of littleness to persist where palpable error has been found. On the other hand it betokens courage to admit error. We hope, however, we possess that courage.

The number is now in your hands. We ask you to peruse it and then when you have done this to send it to some absent friend. The more copies circulated the greater will be its influence for good. Some person will get it who never before heard of this territory; may become interested to the extent of wanting to make an investment here or in coming here to live. It may be the means of developing a great demand for farms; such editions have been known to increase the value of real estate amazingly, both urban and rural. The educational advantages, so comprehensively pictured, may attract many pupils from outside. Factories will want to move to a place free from labor troubles and offering such splendid opportunities in the way of educational and recreational advantages for their men and their families. And out of it all will come the bigger and better Buchanan of our dreams. We sincerely expect that this will all come true!

BERRIEN COUNTY IDEAL

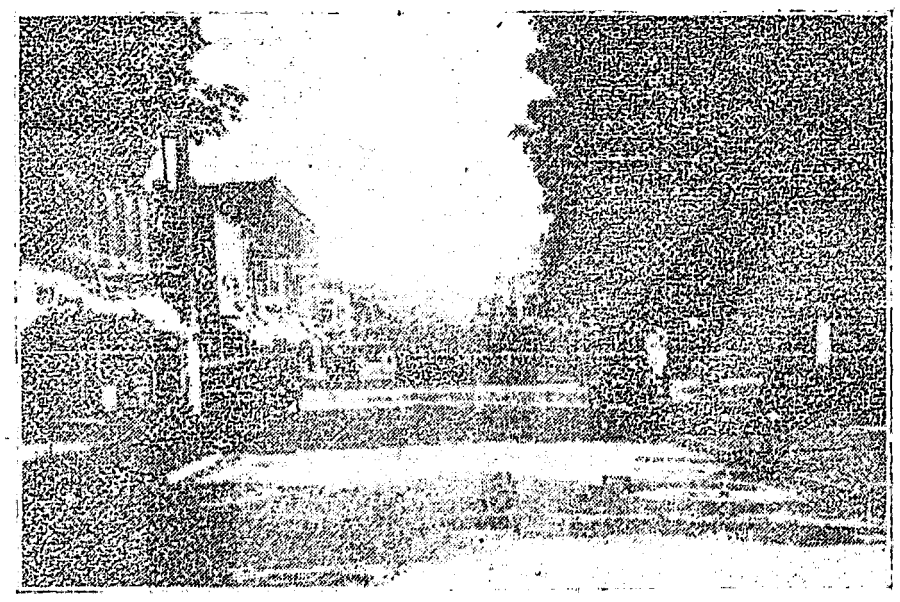
In Many Respects One of Best Counties In Whole United States

The whole of Berrien County is a rolling area, but particularly is this true of the south half of it. Because of this fact and its equable climate, it has been considered ideal for fruit growing. Apples, pears, peaches, grapes, and in some portions strawberries, are produced abundantly. As to cherries there has been little development, although it is believed they can be grown as successfully in Berrien county as they are in the Grand Traverse region and in Oceana county, which is the banner cherry county of the state.

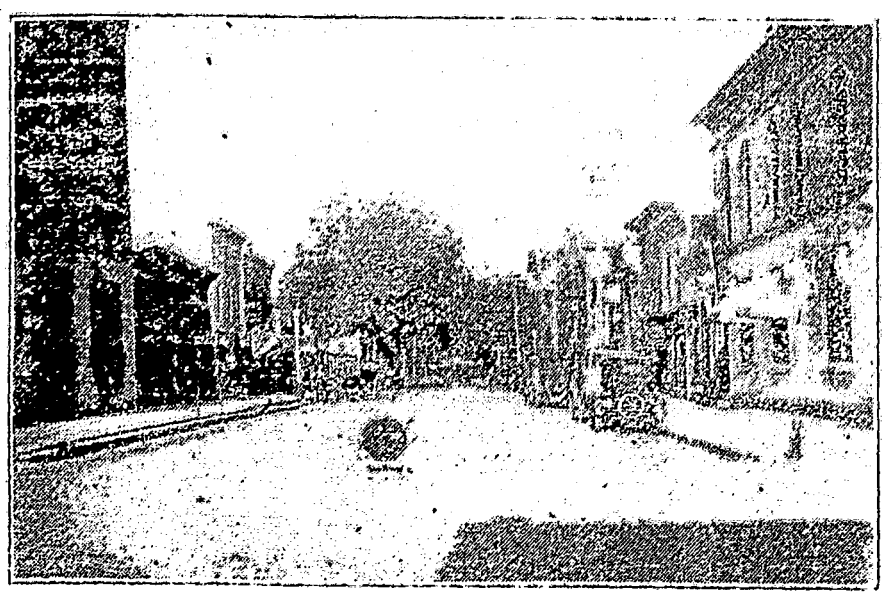
Nearness To Market Insures High Prices

On account of the nearness of Berrien county to big markets with their ever-rapacious maws to be filled, Berrien county growers find no difficulty in disposing of their enormous production of fruit. They do not even have to haul it to market or even to a steamboat or railroad to have it carried to market. The market, in most instances comes to them. They sell their crop right where it is produced, and very frequently escape even the cost and trouble of picking it.

Hundreds of automobiles and trucks from every point of the compass, including the big cities, traverse the county picking up the fruit wherever it may be found. To give some idea of the immensity of this traffic we have but to cite that one man we know of raised 20,000 bushels of peaches this year and sold them all in his orchard for an average price of $2 a bushel. Think of it! Twenty thousand bushels for one man! And over forty thousand dollars! Seems almost unbelievable, but its true. It makes one pine to get into the fruit business.



FRONT STREET, BUCHANAN, LOOKING EAST.



MAIN STREET, BUCHANAN,

Big Money Class Open to All

It is quite possible for the outlander to fall into just such a juicy situation as this without half trying. Considering what it produces, Berrien county land can be bought for a song. Peach trees produce in four years and continue in bearing for from eight to twelve years. At the end of that time the fortunate possessor of a twenty or forty-acre tract set with peaches will not be very much interested as to whether or not they will bear any longer than that. But the man who wishes to continue in the business and make great gobs of money, would use some of his profits to set out more trees so as to have something live and young to get into the producing game when the older fellows begin to slow up.

Florida Has Nothing on Mich.

Talk about setting out citrus fruit in Florida. With the possible exception of last year, when the price of oranges soared to the skies, the returns from an orange grove have not been very satisfactory. The expense of clearing, setting out the trees and the constant fertilizing and cultivating, is a heavy one, and only a man with a fairly good income, can afford to try it. If you are a northern man, full of pep and wholesome disgust for the Florida "cracker," you will inform your slothful neighbor that you don't propose to lose the use of that land during all the time it requires to bring your trees into bearing. You will raise crops between the rows, "by heck," and show them what a real Yankee can do. Your "cracker" friend will not laugh in your face but he will behind your back, and it will afford him no little amusement to recall that he has heard that same story a million times before.

You cannot do anything of the kind in Florida, not even in Polk county, which is reckoned the best county in the state for citrus fruit culture. If you harvest any kind of a crop grown between the rows of oranges and grape fruit you harvest it at the cost of the trees

(Continued on next page.)

Berrien County Ideal

(Continuation.)

every time. It has been tried times without number and fully demonstrated that it will not do. On the contrary, you must not only be very careful not to take from the soil any of its elements, but you must be willing to be constantly adding to those elements until your trees have grown, and then constantly afterwards to insure production.

But we are not out to knock Florida; we are here to glorify Michigan, and particularly Berrien county. We use Florida in this article because it is a fruit state, and we pick out Polk county because it is the acknowledged leader. Just for the sake of comparison we set up Berrien county against it, to what purpose the remainder of this article will show.

40 Acre Farms $5,000 And Less

In Berrien county a man can buy a forty acre improved farm for, say, five thousand dollars. This farm will be comparatively rolling and the buildings upon it will comprise a fairly good house, a barn, a well, fencing and other necessities, and the land will be practically all clear. It is not unlikely there will be an old orchard on the place in more or less disorder; and then again you may find from five to ten acres of orchard which has been well taken care of. This is a condition which will affect the price. The soil is a sandy or gravelly loam—clay soil is not considered ideal for fruit growing. It will contain all the elements, determined by analyses, required for the purpose. There will be no constant and heavy expense for fertilizing. If you want to grow a cover crop you may do so safely and you may even harvest the cover crop with safety, although, of course, the more humus you can get into the soil the better, particularly on the lighter sands.

Sure of Good Living Anyhow

You now have an investment of five thousand dollars and, if you never did another thing, you and your family could always make a good living. But you will not be satisfied with just that after you have observed what others have done. you will want to get into the big time yourself. You will then go to the nurseryman and he will send his expert to determine for you if the piece of ground you have picked out is really suitable for the purpose. If he tells you it is not, don't plant there for he knows. If you persist in running counter to his advice you will become, in due time, a sadder but a wiser man.

The expert will tell you it will require 112 trees to the acre and the ten acres you propose to set out will carry 1112 trees. These will cost you 35 cents each set out, a total of $389.20. Now you will charge up $10 an acre per annum for the use of the land which isn't bringing you anything. This is not strictly true, however, since every year's growth adds value to the property. But let that go, we shall have $4000 in rent charged up against the tract at the end of four years. Thus we have:

Investment in farm, $5,000.00; 1112 trees at 35c each set out, 389.20; Rent of 10 acres at $10 per acre per annum, period of 4 years, $4000.00; Interest on $5389.20 at 6 per cent for 4 years, $1291.68; The farm owes you now $11680.88.

The first years crop will be in the neighborhood of one bushel to the tree. We believe it is safe to say that will be the average. These will sell at $2 per bushel; mostly, they sell for more, but call it that. You will thus have $2,224.00 from the first year's crop. This will be the interest on your investment for four years and $932.32 besides. The next year they will more than double their production, which means that all the money received, $4,448.00 approximately, can be used now to lessen the orginial investment. We will say nothing about the interest for four years in advance which the trees paid you the first year, nor will we say anything about natural accretion if that interest money is put out at interest. We want to keep the equation as simple as possible for we are not considering high finance but fruit growing. The next year the trees should yield three bushels to the tree.

From then on therefore for at least six years, the trees will yield in dollars and cents an average of $66,672.00! And you created that nice fortune in ten years with an orginal investment of $5000!

Meanwhile you and your family have lived comfortably off the balance of the farm. In fact, it is quite possible to show a profit besides and if you have gone in for dairying you have had a steady monthly income in cash for your milk or cream.

No Fancy Picture—Plain Facts

This is not a fancy picture conjured out of the imagination. It is a plain statement of fact based upon what has been accomplished by scores of people who have made Berrien county their home. The city man can do it just as well as the country-bred man. All that is required is to let the Farm Bureau and the experts of the Agricultural College guide you. That's what they are for, and you will say after you have met them that you never met a finer set of fellows in your life. They will give you the benefit of their technical knowledge and give you all the time and attention necessary to enable you to absorb it.

For Men In Any Walk Of Life

For the skilled artisan who has spent all his life within four walls; for the professional man whose eye is growing dim and whose hand must surely lose its cunning; for the small business man who is now feeling the crushing force of the chain store and the great department store aggregations; for the captain of industry even, there is nothing more alluring than the fruit possibilities pictured above. Any of them can buy these lands and have them operated until they are ready to occupy them themselves. Moreover there will be the annual vacation in Michi-

(Continued on next page.)

B. R. DESENBERG & BRO.

"THE STORE WITH A CONSCIENCE."

FOR over 33 years the store of *B. R. Desenberg & Bro.* has furnished the wearing apparel for most of the families of Buchanan and vicinity. During this one-third of a century, we have always tried to give you the best merchandise at very moderate prices. The old-timers know these to be true. We invite the new comers and younger generation to try *B. R. Desenberg & Bro.* first.
The largest stock of dry goods, clothing, shoes, house furnishings in the South-end of Berrien County.

Buchanan Michigan

Berrien County Ideal

(Continuation.)

gan's summer fairyland, combining business with pleasure and at the same time enjoying by actual contact, close communion with, not merely potential, but actual profits.

In the above article we have been truthful and honest. We have simply shown the facts as we find them. It has been our duty to do so. If any reader of this number has become interested in the story of the remarkable possibilities of this region, the matter must now be taken up with the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce which will extend every possible courtesy and go a long way to further and conserve the interests of those who would cast their lot in Berrien county.

One of the most difficult things in the world to do is to sell the home town or the home county to the people who dwell therein.

Almost invariably it requires the advent of the stranger to impress upon us our own advantages, and there appears to be no exception to this rule. It is equally true of every part of the country. But, once the home folks have been sold to themselves, then watch out. When they have been persuaded to take their native modesty out of the moth-balls; when once they have attuned their voices to paeans of praise for the old home town, the siren is cut loose and they find it difficult to think or talk about anything else.

Publicity Built Up Two States.

There are two states in the Union which are glowing examples of what may be expected when the people of a state are thoroughly sold to themselves — California and Florida. The Californian eats, drinks, sleeps, dreams and sings California. Not only that; he keeps the printing presses running day and night to "tell the world," with the result that millions of people know it and dream of the day when they can bask in the sunshine of California and spend the balance of their days on the shores of the great Pacific. A few years ago Florida made up its mind to do the same thing, and the great trek southward has begun.

The consequence of all this intensive propaganda has been an amazing increase in population in the states thus exploited; the most astonishing increase in property values; a steady stream of dollars flowing thither from all the states —the whole country paying tithes regularly to the two states which realized their opportunity and had sense enough to capitalize it.

Michigan's Climate Ideal.

In many respects Michigan is in the same position as California and Florida. Almost surrounded by the Great Lakes, with the prevailing winds from the west, the western half of Michigan, at least, has the finest summer climate in the world. Of all the northern states it is the best situated. The millions who go to California and Florida in the winter might well come to Michigan for the summer. Here are no blistering days nor sultry nights, but rather days tempered by the cooling breezes of Lake Michigan and nights so cool that coverings are required for comfortable sleep. Here is an abundance of verdure, lakes and rivers innumerable and, in the glorious fruit country, where trees are broken down by their loads of cherries and plums and peaches, and the apple trees groan under their burdens of "the fruit with flavor," one may pass a summer and well believe that the venerable gentlemen who so laboriously located for us the Garden of Eden, were away off on their geography.

On Our Way to Beautiful Buchanan.

Entering the state of Michigan via the Dunes Highway from the west, we first traverse Berrien County and if one continues along this concrete roadbed—at the state line known as M-11—we shall be in Berrien County until we are quite a distance north of St. Joe and Benton Harbor. We will be in sight of the blue expanse of Lake Michigan almost all the way. But we have no intention of examining Berrien County in so superficial a manner.

We have heard about Buchanan and must needs leave M-11 and travel almost due east upon what is known as M-60. It is a splendid jaunt over good macadamized highways and presently we are in Buchanan, the town which has coralled a river and sends it purling on its way through concrete tunnels under the village streets. Ever and anon this busy little river emerges from the tunnel's embrace and sends its waters in splashing cadences ever onward to the great lake yearning to receive them at St. Joe. This stream, known to Buchanan people as McCoy's Creek, is remarkable for its fall of 55 feet within a mile.

Everything Necessary in Buchanan.

But whar of Buchanan? We find the village nestling in a valley surrounded by the everlasting hills. We find the business houses lining both sides of the main street substantial and inviting, with stocks so well assorted and arranged, and every line so well represented, that the people of Buchanan are hard put for a reason to go elsewhere to trade.

We find several immense factories engaged in fashioning iron and steel into motor equipment. Lesser ones make zinc collar pads, toys, articles of leather and other useful devices. In these there are employed a thousand people. There are two splendid banks and a pretty little theater showing the best of pictures. There is an athletic field of which Buchanan is justly proud. There is a school system par excellence whose High School is on the University list and whose alumni are scattered to the four winds of heaven and giving a good account of themselves every one.

Influences For Good Abound

We find Buchanan well supplied with churches and other influences for good. We find beautiful homes and well-kept lawns. We find shaded streets and other evidences of thrift. On an eminence overlooking the

(Continued on next page.)

Clark Equipment Company

By Vivian K. Johnson

In 1904 the G. R. Rich Co. came to Buchanan. It was a small affair and located itself in the building of the old Wagon Works—so small, that the story is that the stenographer helped nail boxes for shipment.

But it was not destined that this should remain small, and not long afterward the company was reorganized and known as Celfor Tool Co. Here it may not be out of place to explain the meaning of the word "Celfor." It is a combination of the first syllables of two Latin words — "celeritas" (speed) and "fortis" (strength). Mr. Eugene B. Clark purchased in 1907 the Celfor Tool Co. Mr. Clark was graduated from the Engineering College of Cornell University in 1894; entered the employ of the Westinghouse Electric and Manufacuring Co. at Pittsburg, Pa., where he was engaged for two years in engineering work, both inside and outside the plant. While gaining this experience Mr. Clark worked with the men in the shops. In 1896 he entered the employ of the Illinois Steel Co., Chicago, Ill., where were employed 10,000 to 12,000 men. His duties here gave him constant opportunities of gaining knowledge of a workman's viewpoint. At the end of 11 years at the Illinois Steel Co. he resigned his position of assistant manager in order to purchase the Celfor Tool Co. at Buchanan, Mich., and later, in about 1912, he organized the Buchanan Electric Steel Co., which with the Celfor Tool Co., as consolidated on Jan. 1, 1917, became the Clark Equipment Co.

Mr. Clark has many outside activities, some of which are: President of American Sintering Co., Buffalo Sintering Co., American Ore Reclamation Co., director and member of the executive board of Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association, of which also are the Clark companies members. The Clark companies are also members of the Iron and Steel Institute, Motor Industries Inc., and leading credit mercantile associations.

In the early days of the Celfor Tool Co. Mr. M. L. Hanlin, late of Chicago and the Illinois Steel Co., came to be works manager. He is now vice-president of Clark Equipment Co., Clark Tructractor Co. and Buchanan Land Co. Later came Miss Nettie M. Carleton to become Clark Equipment Co.'s first secretary-treasurer, and all subsidiaries until the time of her resignation in 1923.

Celfor Tool Co. Forges Ahead.

The Celfor Tool Co. quickly forged ahead into a foremost place in the drill business of the nation, being the originators of the twisted drill. It is said that Hanlin took the twist out of tobacco and put it into the Celfor drill. Today the Celfor drill is used in many industrial shops, in practically all the railroad shops in the country; in fact, in locomotives that are built today, there are some 3000 holes to be drilled in each of them, all done by Celfor drills. Mr. Hanlin is in charge of drill sales and production. He has many outside activities that keep him busy. Besides being vice-president of Clark Equipment Co., Clark Tructractor Co., Buchanan Land Co., he is also president of Buchanan Board of Education was first president of the Kiwanis Club, has been president innumerable times of village of Buchanan, member of many associations in his line, director and star in Clark Players and father of Harold Hanlin. He is affectionately known as most versatile and as a bar-none extemporaneous public speaker.

Celfor Axles First Internal Drives.

The Celfor axles, as the early Clark axles were called, were the first internal gear drive axles to be manufactured. That the internal gear drive axle has outclassed and superseded the chain-drive is evidenced by the fact that 91 per cent of the truck models manufactured in the United States use the internal gear drive principle.

Mr. R. J. Burrows, who came to Buchanan to act in a managerial capacity for the Lee & Porter Axle Co., became a part of the Celfor organization when the plant of the former was destroyed by fire, never to be rebuilt. From the date of re-organization until the middle part of 1925 Mr. Burrows had been a director and vice-president of Clark Equipment Co., at which time he resigned to become president of Clark Tructractor Co., Battle Creek, Mich.

Buchanan Electric Steel Co.

In 1912 there was organized Buchanan Electric Steel Co. (BIESCO). The huge electric furnaces, which at that time were among the few in this nation, made the steel that was necessary in the manufacture of Celfor products. The organization of Buchanan Electric Steel Co. brought Mr. Edwin B. Ross. When the company was consolidated with Celfor Tool Co. Mr. Ross became vice-president of the new company. He is in charge of all axle and wheel sales. Besides, he has many outside activities. Among them, he is president of Clark Hospital Association, he has been presiden of Buchanan village several times, he is a director of Motor Industries, Inc. (a national organization), and is president of Niles-Buchanan Country Club.

Since its organization, Clark Equipment Co. has taken great strides. Many buildings have been added and many new departments created in order to care for the demands of a larger company.

The plant of the defunct Buchanan Cabinet Co., on Days avenue, was purchased and is used as a service and traffic department, under the direction of James R. Semple,

(Continued on next page.)

Berrien County Ideal

(Conclusion.)

town we find a hospital, the gift of one of the leading citizens and maintained chiefly through his never-ending beneficence. Through the town runs the Michigan Central main line giving access to the outside world. There is also a bus line to Niles and South Bend to connect with the Northern Indiana & Michigan interurban, said to be the only interurban in the whole country which is not now or ever has been in the hands of a receiver. The people of Buchanan enjoy rapid transit as few other places do.

In view of all these facts there is every reason in the world for wanting to live in Buchanan. That this is true, and that people are coming to realize it, is found in the fact that not a house can be had to rent. As a matter of fact, there is a pronounced scarcity of houses in Buchanan. Fortunately, however, a company of Fort Wayne men has just purchased a forty-acre tract at the west end of the village upon which they propose to erect a number of new dwellings, believing that the future growth of the village will justify the investment. Here again is proof of the contention at the outset of this article that it takes the stranger to "see the cat."

At any rate make your arrangements now to spend next summer in Buchanan's fairyland.

Clark Equipment Co.

(Continuation.)

a graduate of Princeton University, as service and traffic manager.

A plant at Berrien Springs was built under post-wartime pressure and used later as an experimental station.

A plant at Battle Creek was built and is now used by Clark Tructractor Co., a subsidiary company of Clark Equipment Co.

Foundry Is Vital Factor.

The Clark Foundry and Wheel Shop are vital to the company. All of the foundry work for Clark companies is done there. Formerly the foundry did a large business of casting for firms all over the United States. Today practically all the output of the foundry is used in Clark products.

In the wheel shop are made large steel truck wheels. A new one, recently patented by K. Berger, Clark engineer, is a hollow cast wheel—light and especially in demand by truckmakers, greatly in excess of the supply possible. Mr. G. W. Merrefield, an able and experienced foundryman, is superintendent of the Clark foundry. Mr. Merrefield is a member of the American Foundryman's Association and is prominent in his own field.

Tructractor Now Appears.

The first Clark tructractor was built in 1918 by the engineering department of Clark Equipment Co. It was used to haul materials to and from the many departments, because the acreage of the Buchanan plant is large. It had no name then and a coloquial cognoman was given it—"go-devil." It was a success. It was given a severe service test—two new machines were built—and because these "go-devils" handled material so quickly and so cheaply five additional machines were put to work in the plant. Visiting officials from various large industrial plants were so impressed by their work, by their novelty (for they were the first gasoline-powered industrial haulage vehicles), that five of the first seven had joined other payrolls to work in other plants. The Clark Tructractor is sturdily built for the rough daily usage to which it is put and intended, for with the exception of one (which was torn down for pattern uses), all of the original seven machines are still in daily use with their original purchasers. A separate company was organized in 1919 for the manufacture and sale of Clark Tructractors. Today sales and service branches are maintained in all the principal cities. Over 60 per cent of Clark Tructractors, Clark Truclift and Clark Duat business consists of repeat orders; many large companies maintain fleets of Clark Tructractors, Clark Truclifts and Clark Duats.

Supervision Is Keen.

The Clark policies insist that nothing be done in half-way measure. In the matter of their product all steel that is used in the manufacture of Clark products is examined in a well-equipped, thoroughly modern laboratory, under the personal supervision of Mr. J. A. White, experienced chemist and metallurgist. For guesses or approximates are never permitted in Clark metallurgist practice. The Laboratory is called upon by the Purchasing Department to make exhaustive tests to determine if supplies delivered conform in all respects to the rigid specifications written into all purchase orders.

A Live Purchasing Department.

The Purchasing Department of the Clark companies is an organization in itself. Adequate storage space facilities reinforce the purchasing power of the agent. The company owns a large concrete and steel warehouse with railway siding and an electrically operated overhead crane. Space is thus provided for a five to eight months' supply of bulk materials. Frank Habicht, a man of broad vision and great experience, is purchasing agent for Clark industries. He is active, too, outside the Clark companies, being a director of the Board of Education, for whom he works conscientiously as its purchasing agent and has saved the taxpayers of the village many hundreds of dollars. He is prominent in purchasing agents' circles, being a member of the National Purchasing Agents' Association of America, and a member of the executive committee of Northern Indiana Purchasing Agents' Association. He is also purchasing agent for the Buchanan Land Co.

Mr. Albert S. Bonner, a graduate of Princeton University, is the secretary-treasurer of Clark Equipment Co. and Clark Tructractor Co., having succeeded to the office at the resignation of N. M. Carleton-Cady. He is an experienced man in all Clark operations, having been production manager prior to his present appointment. He placed the first cost accounting system in operation, by which is kept an automatic, up-to-the-date inventory. He represents Clark companies as a member of the Credit Committee of Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association. He is also president of Niles-Buchanan Golf Association.

Mr. E. C. Mogford is superintendent of manufacturing. He is an experienced engineer and the inventor of a number of Clark products. As a member of the S. A. E., he is prominently known in automotive and engineering circles.

Advertising Department Efficient.

The advertising department with Mr. Ezra W. Clark, brother of the president, at its head, has placed Clark companies on the top rung. Mr. Clark was a lieutenant in the army during the war, and was formerly connected with metropolitan newspapers. Possibly the greatest, certainly among the great, achievements of the department, which aroused nation-wide comment, was "The Spirit of Transportation Paintings." Clark Equipment Co. invited 12 well known artists to dramatize, each in his own manner, "The Spirit of Transportation." Each was paid for his work, and the 12 entered into a friendly competition for a bonus prize of $1000. The artists who participated were: Max Bohm, George Elmer Browne, R. F. Heinrich, Jonas Lie, Alphonse Mucha, Coles Phillips, Franklin Booth, James Cady Ewell, Frank X. Leyendecker, F. Luis Kora, Maxfield Parrish, William Mark Young.

The jury of award were representative art critics and transportation captains. They were: Judge Elbert H. Gary, chairman of the board, U. S. Steel Corporation; Robert W. DeForrest, president Metropolitan Museum of Art, New York City; Charles L. Hutchinson, president Art Institute, Chicago; W. C. Durant, Durant Motors, Inc.; Homer L. Ferguson, president Newport News Ship Building and Dry Dock Co., Newport News, Va.; Frederick D. Underwood, president Erie Railroad Co., New York City.

This collection of paintings was exhibited in the Art Institute of Chicago, at the New York and Boston Automobile Shows, Detroit Athletic Club, and under the auspices of the National Auto Dealers' Association has been shown in the principal cities of the West.

Reproductions in colors of the paintings have been made and are used as Clark literature. For unlike most advertising lore—Clark's is a "thing of beauty——" The Constitution of the United States, in the original literal text, with pen sketches by William Mark Young is worthy of a place on the library table or desk of the most fastidious, and is a product of the advertising department. Mr. Clark's advertising is of an aesthetic beauty. In 1920 his department co-operated with the Welfare Department, with Mr. A. H. Kiehn, its then superintendent, in the publication of an employes' newspaper, "Ceco News." Mr. Clark has many outside activities besides being advertising manager for Clark Equipment Co. and Clark Tructractor Co. He is chairman Committee of Advertising Managers, Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association, president National Advertising Council; member Committee of Show and Allotment, Motor and Accessory Manufacturers' Association, and many others.

(Continued on next page.)

AL C. HOUK, Prop. MRS. EDITH HOUK, Mgr.

The COFFEE SHOP

232 FRONT ST. POSTOFFICE BUILDING
Phone 272-W.

"THE CAFE WITH A CONSCIENCE"



QUALITY
SERVICE
REASONABLE PRICES

WE invite you to visit our establishment. We will try and please you. We undertake any catering commission which may be offered us and guarantee satisfaction in every particular.

The Coffee Shop
BUCHANAN - - - MICHIGAN

Clark Equipment Co.

(Conclusion.)

Branch Offices All Over Country.

The Clark companies have branch offices in Chicago, Messrs. Walter Nechumson and Madison, in charge; New York, Clifford Townley, A. S. Rampell; Philadelphia, W. M. Oplinger; Pittsburg, Frank E. Cooper (formerly of Buchanan); Cleveland, Claude I. Ucker; St. Louis, Mr. C. O. Montague, formerly of Buchanan, president Supply Association of the American Railway Tool Foreman's Association; Boston, W. E. McCabe and Eugene B. Clark Jr.; Rochester and Buffalo, N. Y., G. M. Chase; Detroit, Mich., C. E. Steininger, J. W. Taylor; Syracuse, H. A. Gilcher; Birmingham, Ala., A. W. Hooper. Branches are also maintained in Los Angeles, San Francisco, California, Altanta, Ga., and Florida. The Roys, New York City, are in charge of all export except South America and Great Britain. Baldwin Locomotive Co., Philadelphia, Pa., have charge of South American export; and Millars Timber and Trading Co. have charge of all export trade to Great Britain. Mr. Chas. A. Kiefer of Cincinnati is traveling representative.

Company Has a Heart.

The Clark company believes that unless a man takes an interest in his work he will seldom be satisfied; and conversely, any plan which tends to stimulate a man's interest in his work is also likely to assist in keeping him satisfied with working conditions. The company adheres to a uniform policy in dealing with its employes. And so to gain and retain the confidence of its employes, the Clark company fosters the idea that employes are working with the company as partners, rather than for the company as employes. The well-lighted and efficiently ventilated workshops and offices that are equipped with drinking fountains, locker rooms, and all necessary conveniences required to bring working conditions up to the highest level, are proof of the well-meaning of the company policy. A method by which problems of the employes are thrashed out and solved is the existence of the two employes' councils. That the plan in operation, which is too elaborate for detailing here, has proved satisfactory to all concerned, is evidenced by the fact that there is no record of any labor strikes in the plant of the Clark companies.

Mr. Clark and his colleagues offered the employes of the company, with certain stipulations, of course, an opportunity for them to become stockholders in the company. This was made convenient and accessible to all through a deferred-payment plan, and made for employes' gain rather than outside interest. By means of a participating certificate given with each block of stock, which drew a bonus aside from the earning of the stock, depending upon length of service, the certificate became invalidated upon leaving the company's employ. At the annual stockholders' meetings each stockholder-employe was invited to come or be represented by proxy and thus participate in the election of officers and the conduct of the company's business.

Grounds a Sight to Behold.

The grounds are well kept and are one of the points of interest to which to conduct Buchanan's visitors. Flower beds, large spacious lawns, flower boxes and urns everywhere, make the delighted visitor applaud. An experienced gardener, Mr. William Bohl, is constantly maintained on the company's payroll; a wondrously well-equipped conservatory is provided for his use in obtaining the great quantity of bulbs and plants required to produce the wonderful horticultural effects. The proceeds from the sale of the surplus is given to Clark Hospital; this not infrequently amounts to a considerable sum.

The company has a number on its payroll who live in the neighboring towns and farming districts. For these transportation allowances are made and provided.

Built Homes for Employes.

For the benefit of those employes who wished to live in Buchanan, but were unable to secure the type of living accommodations which they desired, an ambitious housing plan was worked out. A farm adjoining the village limits was purchased, and a company organized and owned by Clark Equipment Co. (Buchanan Land Co.), was the means used to solve the problem. Homes ranging in price from $2500 to $4500 were built and sold to employes at actual cost, on a time payment plan. Most of the homes are now owned entirely by the original purchasers, and Liberty Heights, by which name the addition is known, is a beautiful and worthy section of Buchanan.

In Buchanan there was no hospital facilities available until was reached by Clark Equipment Co. a decision to provide adequate facilities to render surgical and medical aid to employes and their families. Later the Clark company deeded the hospital and its equipment to the village of Buchanan. Nowadays, in Buchanan; it is quite the thing to have the stork call at the hospital. The first superintendent of the hospital was Miss Wren Watkins; the present one is Miss Jane Ballengee, formerly county nurse, Berrien County.

The high cost of living had led numerous industrial establishments to organize stores in which their employes were able to buy groceries and certain other necessities of life at a price based upon actual cost. In 1920, employes of the company established a co-operative store—known as Co-operative Store for Clark Employes—to which any employe was eligible to membership upon payment of $15 dues. The Clark company furnished the building and the management of the store and expenses were paid out of the small profit in the sale of goods, which were sold practically at cost. Until the village and Clark employes outgrew its need, the endeavor was a success.

Also Built Theater for Their Enjoyment.

Recognizing that in order for a man to do his work efficiently and to live a happy normal existence, both his mind and body must have recreation, Clark Equipment Co. built a theater right among the factory buildings. Here various forms of entertainment were given and are given to afford enjoyable pastimes for the winter evenings. Accommodation is provided for seating 1000 persons, and the building is equipped with a regulation stage, footlights, dressing rooms, property room, etc. A theatrical company, Clark Players, recruited from those employed in the shops, the offices, and about the village, has been trained under the direction of Mr. M. L. Hanlin, himself no mean actor. In addition to giving performances at the plant, the play of the season is taken to nearby towns. "A Full House," last year's play, was played three nights in Buchanan, one night at St. Joseph, one night at Three Oaks; and later given at the theater of the Reo Motor Car Co., Lansing. The proceeds are always given to some worthy cause of the hour. In addition to theatrical performances, the theater is used for moving pictures, lyceum courses, basketball games, dances and smokers. Music for the dances is furnished by Clark Orchestra; there is also a Clark band organized under similar lines.

Sickness, safety, sanitation and health are all considered by the Clark companies. No employe escapes attention. Committees are formed to take care of those factors of their daily lives.

To judge the success of Clark policies, of Clark men and officials, it is merely necessary for the trained observer to go through the workshops and offices of the plant.

The officers of the Clark Equipment Company in 1917 were:

President—Eugene B. Clark.
Vice-President—M. L. Hanlin.
Vice-President—R. J. Burrows.
Vice-President—E. B. Ross.
Secretary-treasurer—N. M. Carleton.

Purchasing agent—Frank Habicht.

These have continued ever since excepting that in 1922 Miss Carleton resigned and was succeeded by A. S. Bonner. Later Mr. Burrows withdrew to become president of the Clark Tructractor Company.

"Give us more factories; the rest will come as a matter of course."—W. N. Brodrick.

"More scientific farming and less of the hit-and-miss variety."—Jesse G. Boyle.

"The way to do a thing is to do it. That's what our Booster Club is famous for but we have no patent on it. Any place can do as well if they want to."—O. A. D. Baldwin,

Why I Backed My Faith in

BUCHANAN
MICHIGAN

THE business of selling Shoes, Men's Furnishings and Clothing is my bread and butter. Experience told me, to make a success, it was necessary to locate in a Real town—a town good to live in, where Real people live. The folks of Buchanan and vicinity are loyal to Buchanan.

I selected Buchanan, have made friends and many customers, always having in mind, "Sell Your Customers" the Quality of Merchandise that will keep them sold. We have built a satisfactory business, giving values for every dollar, handling Quality merchandise only.

That's why I backed my faith in Buchanan—A good town to live in—Loyal people to do business with.

GLENN E. SMITH

Shoes, Men's Furnishings and Clothing.

DEWEY AVENUE

GARAGE

Headquarters in
BUCHANAN
for High Class
Auto Repairing

Special Agents for the

CHEVROLET LINE

Chevrolet Parts and Service

ENDERS & BANKS

Buchanan, Mich.

Celfor High-Speed Drills and Clark Axles and Steel Wheels Are Made in Buchanan

What Mettle Is

It is quality—highest quality. It is spirit—conquering spirit. It is life—tenacious life. It is temperament—a distinctive, vital force.

It despises crass. It hates inferiority. It disdains the mediocre. It will have naught to do with common things. It glories in the highest and best.

It is that intangible yet potent thing which laying hands upon the best of men touches their hearts as with a spark and enthuses them with the will to be and to do.

It is the "nerve" on which the spent runner wins the race. It is the dynamic of the thoroughbred. It is the source of hidden strength tapped by the gallant steed as he noses out a rival in the crucial moment of the handicap.

It is toughness, stamina, endurance, vitality, bred-in-the-bone grit—it is all this and more.

It is the inherent life and spirit of **Celfor Drills**—the masterful quality built into them by earnest, eager men whose product is their pride—the replica of the spirits of good men and true, wrought in the best of steel.

Clark Motor Truck Axles

The larger motor truck and motor bus builders of the United States use truck and bus axles built in our shops at Buchanan, Michigan. These axles are known as Clark internal gear and bevel drive axles and are built in standard capacities from 1 to 5 tons.

There is not a city in the United States that does not have running on its streets trucks with Buchanan-built axles. The company is the largest builder of exclusive commercial axles in the country.

Clark Steel Wheels

A modern electric furnace steel foundry (the first built in the United States) and a completely equipped wheel machine shop enables the company to produce in large quantities disc and spoke steel wheels for trucks, motor buses and fire apparatus.

The foundry is also a large producer of miscellaneous steel castings for western industrial concerns.



ADMINISTRATION AND OFFICE BUILDINGS AT BUCHANAN.
Plant is laid out on park system and it is im possible to obtain photograph showing all buildings.

Celfor Drills and Reamers were first made at Buchanan in 1904, the company being the pioneer in the making of high speed drills by the hot forged process. The electric steel foundry was constructed in 1911 and the building of Clark Truck Axles was commenced in 1914. A branch plant was built at Berrien Springs, Mich., in 1919. The company maintains complete modern equipment in all of its departments and is the largest industrial establishment in Southern Michigan.

The Clark Tructractor, which was originally designed and constructed in the Buchanan plant, is now manufactured in a large plant of its own at Battle Creek, Mich. The company is a subsidiary of the Clark Equipment Company.

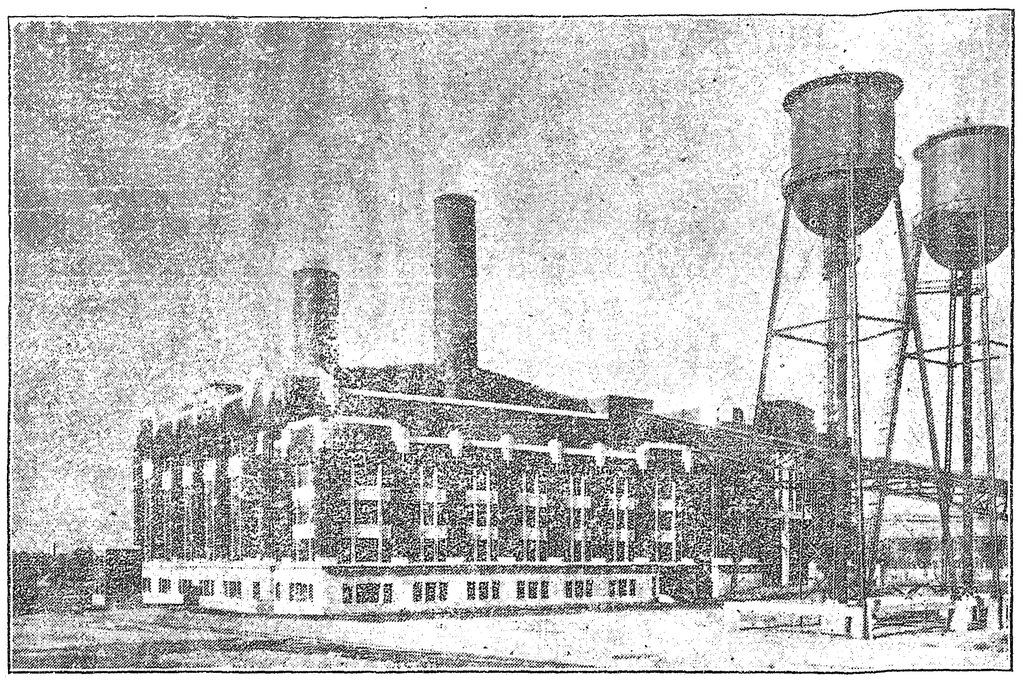
Clark Equipment Company
Buchanan, Michigan

BERRIEN COUNTY RECORD, BUCHANAN, MICH.

Indiana and Michigan Electric Company

Part of a Gigantic System Supplying Light and Power in a Territory Extending from Bangor, Michigan, to Charleston, West Virginia.

TWIN BRANCH POWER PLANT



Our Power and Lighting Specialists Always at

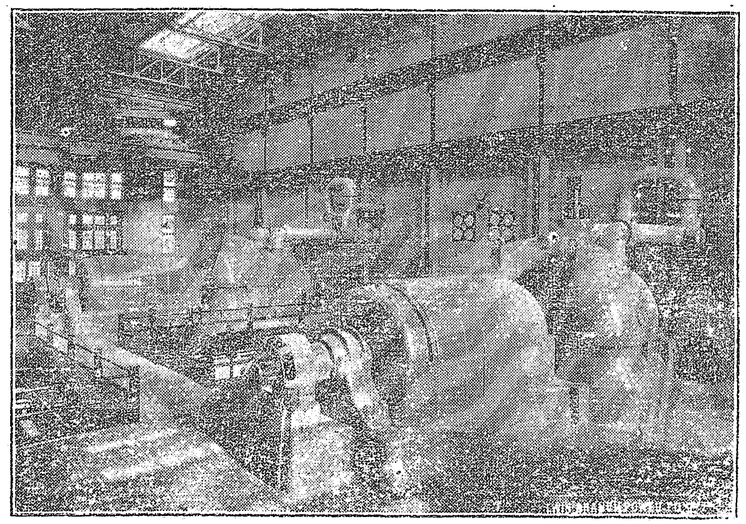
YOUR SERVICE

Estimates for all kinds of Electrical Service furnished gladly on request.

Supplying Electricity to the Following Cities and Towns:

Arden	Grandview	New Troy
Ardmore Heights	Hinchman	Niles
Benton Harbor	Indian Lake	Osceola
Berrien Springs	Lakeside	Pennelwood
Bertrand	Lakeville	Plymouth
Bristol	Ligonier	River Bluff
Buchanan	La Paz	Roseland
Dayton	La Porte	Rolling Prairie
Dunlap	Lydick	Sawyer
Elkhart	Mishawaka	South Bend
Galien	New Buffalo	St. Joseph
Glendora	New Carlisle	Three Oaks
	Union Pier	

Twin Branch Generating Room Showing 60,000 H. P. Turbines.



LIGHTING WHICH IS SUPERIOR TO ANY OTHER—SIMPLE, INSTANTANEOUS—YOU TOUCH THE BUTTON; WE DO THE REST.

IMMEDIATE ATTENTION GIVEN EVERY APPLICATION—SERVICE FOLLOWING IN REGULAR ORDER.

GUARANTEED SERVICE IN EVERY PARTICULAR—CALL US AT ONCE IN THE EVENT OF TROUBLE.

HANDY, CLEANLY, OBEDIENT—NATURE'S OWN CONTRIBUTION—"LET THERE BE LIGHT" AND LO! THERE WERE ELECTRIC LIGHTS.

TRANSFERRING TO MAN THROUGH THE MEDIUM OF WATER POWER AND STEAM THE GREATEST BOON OF THE CENTURIES.

SCIENTIFIC EVOLUTION OF FORCE WHOSE ORIGIN IS UNKNOWN BUT WHOSE DESTINY IS MANIFEST.

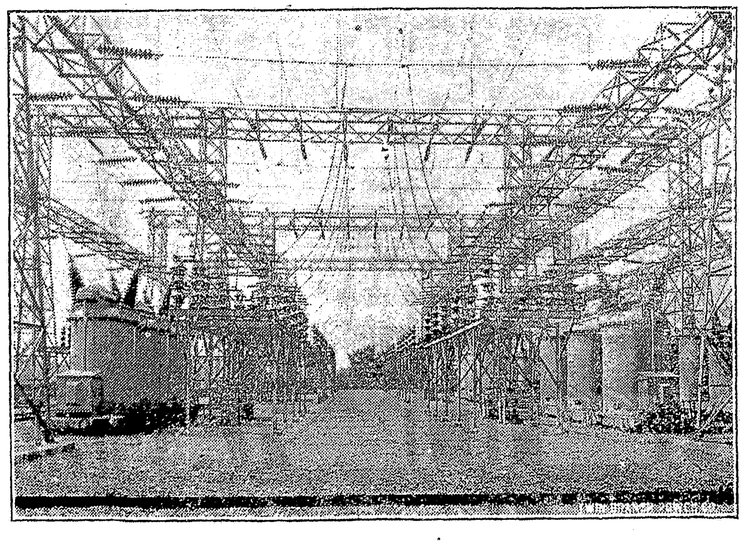
PATIENTLY studying the needs of its field and sparing neither pains or expense to meet them; a company whose watchword is service; whose service is satisfaction.

OPERATING in a territory so vast and serving it so completely that nothing is left to be desired.

WITH Electrical Energy sufficient to drive all the industrial wheels in the valley of the St. Joe.

ELECTRIC Lighting of Municipalities and homes at rates which are fair and equitable.

READY at all times to do its share and more in any laudable enterprise for the benefit of the towns and villages throughout the territory it serves.



INVEST

YOUR SAVINGS IN

Indiana and Michigan Electric Company's

CUMULATIVE PREFERRED STOCK

$100 PER SHARE

Paying Seven Per Cent Quarterly

INDIANA AND MICHIGAN ELECTRIC COMPANY

HARLEIGH W. RILEY
MANAGER

Buchanan's Largest Industrial Firm

The Clark Equipment Company

To speak of the Clark Equipment Company is to speak of the influence which, more than any other, has made and is making Buchanan.

Until its arrival in Buchanan the town was known, as so many other Michigan towns are known, as a nice, old, farmer town, made up largely in population of those who had garnered together sufficient in the fruit and general farming industry, to enable them to retire.

Before proceeding further, however, it is only fair to Buchanan to state that there was a time in Buchanan's history when she was regarded as one of the formost manufacturing centers in Michigan. That was a good many years ago. In those times she had a number of furniture factories and in the very earlier years had a larger wagon business than the Studebakers subsequently developed at South Bend. Indeed, many of the prairie schooners which made the grand trek into the boundless west, were made in Buchanan. So that the name of Buchanan was well known to the earlier settlers of the western country and to the marauding Indians who made it their business to surprise and massacre the Argonauts.

One by one the factories disappeared, some falling a victim to fire, others going into bankruptcy and still others selecting other locations, until all were gone and Buchanan had sunk into a somnolent condition from which it was feared there would be no awakening. And then came the Clarks with an idea and the will to develop it.

At first the Clarks manufactured only a very high-grade drill which soon found for itself a place in thousands of well regulated shops throughout the country for it was soon seen that it was a better drill than had ever been offered before. The sales were tremendous and taxed the capacity of the small shop to the uttermost. Ergo, more shops; more capital, more general expansion until what had been only a small business, comparatively, grew into giant proportions and focused more eyes upon Buchanan.

Soon thereafter the Clarks began to manufacture truck axles and truck wheels which also came into great demand, necessitating more shops and more capital and expansion far beyond the dreams of Buchanan or the manufacturers themselves. The wheels were good wheels. They were manufactured out of good materials and, together with the best of workmanship, they were acclaimed the very best on the market. Likewise the axles were good axles and truck makers were eager to get them. The Graham truck, than which there is no better on the market, uses both Clark axles and wheels.

It was fortunate for Buchanan when Mr. E. B. Clark decided to locate here—not in the selfish sense only, for in Mr. Clark, Buchanan had acquired a citizen who immediately entered into the civic life with the determination to make life better worth the living in the little city of his adoption. He was generous almost to a fault. There was no worthy cause to which he did not contribute. The hospital is a lasting monument to his generosity.

The building of a theatre in which his employes might be entertained, the development of societies for mutual uplift among his employes, the building of handsome homes instead of make-shift cottages for his men and their families, and the thousand-and-one other things he has done, all testify to the worth of the man and the company to Buchanan.

Recently a convention of motor executives from all over the state was held in Buchanan and held its sessions in the Clark theatre. In wending their way to the building they had to pass the various shops of the company on their way, and were astonished to see hundreds of flower boxes filled with the choicest of blooms at the windows, while at every point of vantage—on roofs and in unlooked for corners, shrubs and flowers flourished in boundless profusion. And when at last the daintiest of buttonaires were passed around, their astonishment knew no bounds.

Mr. Clark holds that the best there is in a man can be brought out by good treatment and that the workers are as much entitled to revel in sunshine and the better thoughts which are superinduced by flowers, as is the boss himself. For that reason a corps of landscape gardeners, florists and green-house experts is always maintained at the Clark establishment.

Were it not for the fact that there is a housing shortage in Buchanan, we believe it would be safe to say that no factory has a lower labor turnover—the safest barometer of factory conditions that can be employed. It is hoped, however, that the housing shortage will soon be relieved when it will undoubtedly be possible to prove the above contention.

A few more factories like the Clarks in Buchanan would soon spell for her an industrial supremacy like unto that of Flint and other Michigan cities which have experienced such marvellous growth.

Campbell Transmission Company

ONE OF BUCHANAN'S LEADING INDUSTRIES WHICH HOLDS GREAT PROMISE FOR THE FUTURE; GROWTH HAS BEEN PHENOMENAL.

The Campbell Transmission Company is, unquestionably, bringing Buchanan into the limelight more than any other industry outside of the Clark Equipment Company, since its product is interesting manufacturers all over the country and has been pronounced by them the best transmission on the market without a doubt.

This company came to Buchanan from Chicago eight years ago and established itself with a capital of $250,000. Within that time it has increased its holding to $750,000, and there is a likelihood that this will be increased to a cool million within a few short months, certain financial interests having expressed a desire to get into the organization and having expressed a willingness to furnish all the capital necessary for the proper exploitation of the proposition.

The transmission in question was invented by L. L. Campbell and for several years he offered it to Chicago manufacturers and financial experts without success. Manufacturers are wary of taking on new things which will require great engineering experimentation costs, new jigs, new fixtures and new machinery, and which means the junking practically of all their other equipment. Financiers are wary of the new thing; their natural and acquired conservation suggests the thing which has been proven out. On account of this they frequently lose the opportunity to participate in juicy profits, but they have the satisfaction of knowing that they have not jeopardized the trust funds placed in their charge, and that is a great deal.

All this was gall and wormwood to the Campbells, of course, for by this time two other brothers had become interested in the new transmission. They saw that it was up to themselves to work their way out of the woods and they proceeded to do it. It was mighty poor going at first but they were all workers and gradually they began to see daylight. It was then they became interested in Buchanan and it was then Buchanan citizens became interested in them and subscribed liberally to their stock, to the amount indicated above as their original capital stock.

It is believed that the outcome of the negotiations now being carried on will be the enlargement of the plant here and the putting on of upwards of a thousand men to turn out the transmissions which are already in demand. Up to the present time the transmission has been made outside of Buchanan on a royalty basis.

Their first shop occupied only 360 square feet, then grew to 1,200 square feet and finally to much greater proportions. But the work that has been done in Buchanan has consisted chiefly of the preliminary engineering, designing and machining of models with a view to greater refinement of contruction. The principle has never been changed and probably never will be, for all who have seen it have pronounced it faultless in principle and wonderful as to its simplicity and positiveness.

Many of the leading motor vehicle manufacturers have become interested in the Campbell transmission and it is firmly believed it will become standard equipment with most of them before many more years. Who knows what good fortune may come to Buchanan through this extraordinary development?

L. L. Campbell is the president of the company, W. F. Harrah is the vice president and L. J. Campbell is the secretary. All of these gentlemen are in accord that what Buchanan needs and must have before there can be much more industrial development, is more houses for workingmen. It is the greatest handicap Buchanan has today in their opinion.

INDUSTRIAL BUILDING AND LOAN ASS'N

A Non-Profit Organization Carried On By Buchanan To Finance Home Building Projects

As might have been expected in a town the size and importance of Buchanan there is a well-organized and well-conducted institution for the purpose of giving material aid to those who would build a home in Buchanan. This is the Industrial Building & Loan Association which has a capital of $400,000 all of which is constantly employed in the business for which it was designed.

The association was organized in 1910 and since that time has experienced a remarkable growth. M. L. Hanlin was its first president. At the present time its officers and directors are as follows:

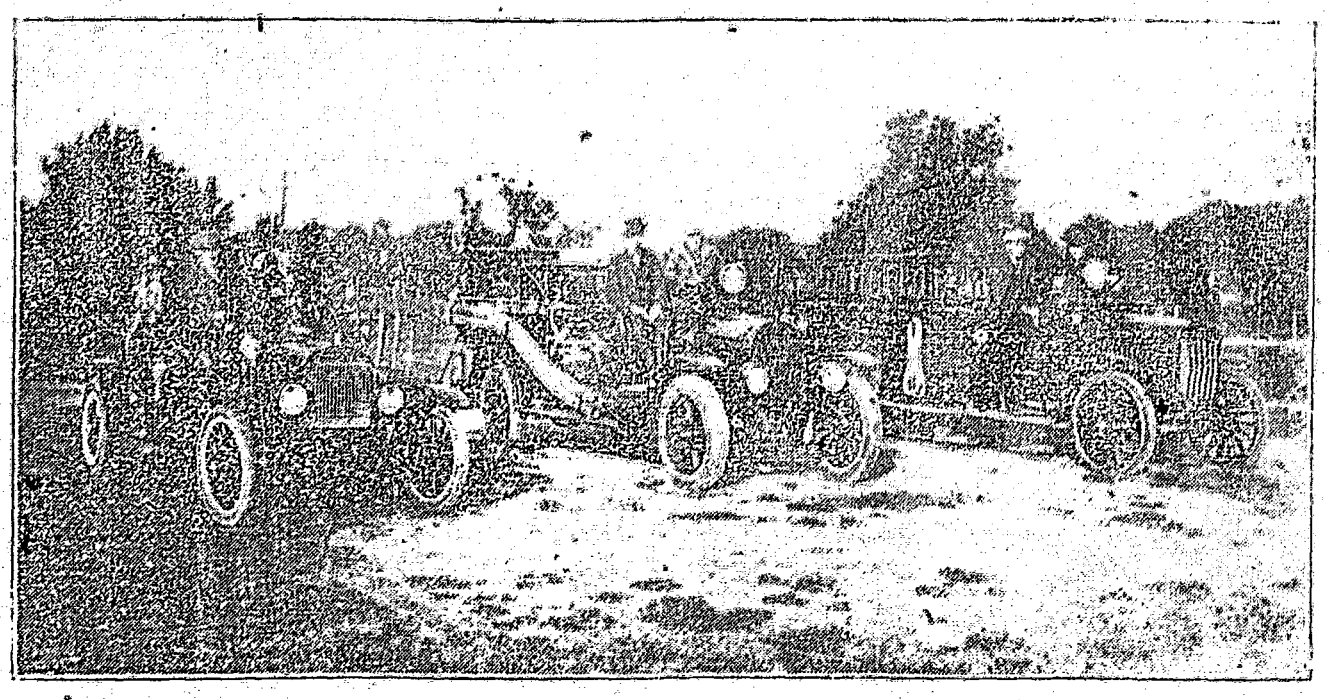
President, C. F. Pears; secretary-treasurer, Wilson Leiter; directors, H. R. Adams, Charles Matthews, F. C. Hatheway, F. C. Merson, Phil Boone, A. F. Howe, Frank R. Sanders.

The association loans its money to borrowers at six per cent interest and pays the same rate of interest to its stockholders. The only salaried man in the organization is the secretary-treasurer whose salary is merely nominal. All the other officers and directors give their time and attention to the affairs of the association without hope of gain directly or indirectly but have the satisfaction of knowing by the steady growth of the association, that their efforts are appreciated.

In the course of an interview with the pains-taking secretary of the association this paper was made to understand that Buchanan's greatest need at present is more money and the discontinuance of the practice on the part of its people of trading away from home.

We heartily agree with this suggestion. Every dollar which is spent outside Buchanan is that much taken out of circulation here. It goes to improve other places—to give them better schools, better homes, more factories and all the other things worth while and all at the expense of Buchanan.

Buchanan's Up-to-Date Fire Fighting Apparatus



You needn't be afraid to sleep nights. Buchanan will take care of you and see to it that the unwelcome fire fiend is made still less welcome in case he should assail you. Buchanan has a full-fledged motorized fire department with the best volunteer fire company of 10 men in Michigan, bar none. This is not an idle boast. Buchanan stands ready to back this statement with money or marbles any old time she is called upon to do so. We present herewith a photograph of the equipment. Can you beat it?

SWANK'S

MASTER DYERS
AND CLEANERS

Add value to your clothing by bringing them to us.

BUCHANAN, MICH.

The Advent Christian Church of Buchanan

By Elder A. E. Bloom

In 1855 Elder and Mrs. D. R. Mansfield, formerly of the State of Maine, who had been holding services in Plymouth, Sumption's Prairie and South Bend, Ind., came to Buchanan by team from their home in Biglow's Mill's, Ind., and commenced to hold services in the school house, but objections being raised, they were finally refused the use of the school house and Garnet Morris, John Morris' father, gave them the use of the Buchanan Hotel, which he owned and operated, and services were held in the dining room in the evening. While services were being held at this hotel, now known as The Cottage Hotel, Hezekiah Howe proposed that a church be built. The proposition met with favor and the church now occupied by the Seventh Day Adventists corner of Moccasin Avenue and Third street was erected. The building originally stood on a lot somewhat East of its present location, being later moved to the corner lot.

In 1857 or 1858, Eld. Mansfield and his family removed to Buchanan and he and his wife took charge of the church work as joint pastors, both serving in the ministry.

During the year 1863 Elder Joshua V. Himes was induced to come to Buchanan and look over the ground, with a view to establishing a Western Publishing interest, which resulted in the publication of the "Voice of the West"—the first issue of which appeared in February 1864. In December of that year the "Western Advent Christian Publication Association" was organized and soon after was incorporated under the laws of the State of Michigan. The subscription list of that paper grew to a point where 7,000 copies were issued weekly.

The "Voice of the West" was printed on the "Record Press" the first year, which was then owned by Daniel Wagner. Later on the Advent Christian people set in order a publishing office and press of their own and they now conduct a large establishment at Mendota, Ills., where a large volume of business is done each year. They publish a weekly religious magazine for the Middle West, known as "Our Hope and Life in Christ," besides books and tracts. They also do a general printing busines for the public.

About the year 1866 circumstances arose which led the church to leave the location on Third street, and for a time they worshipped in a hall owned by Ross & Alexander, where services were held Sunday morning and evening. A Sunday school was also conducted in this hall, while the prayer meetings were held in a room furnished by the association publishing the "Voice of the West."

In 1866 it was decided to build a new church, encourage-

(Continued on next page.)

The Presbyterians Are Hopeful

CHURCH ESTABLISHED HERE IN 1847 HAS BEEN VITAL FACTOR FOR GOOD IN COMMUNITY.

Presbyterian history in Buchanan dates back to the 22nd day of May, 1847, when six men —J. D. Dutton, Jeremiah Katchum, Warner Hooker, Uriah Enos, Chas. Baker, and John Markoff—met at the home of Uriah Enos for the purposes of laying plans for the organization of a Presbyterian Church. Six men met in a home and prayed. That was the beginning. They decided to call a meeting and invite the officers of the Prebytery to come and effect the legal organization. This was done June 19th 1847.

The infant church consisted of twelve members, seven men and five women. The Reverend Porter B. Parry was engaged as the first minister and continued to serve for almost five years. The services were held in the school house for about two years and then they built their own church in which they worshiped until 1892.

The Presbyterians did pioneer work here. The only denomination which ante-dates them is the United Brethren who, many years ago, discontinued their work in Buchanan. The early days were fraught with difficulties, but heroism and self sacifice gradually overcame. In the fifties they even ceased to hold services for some time. Then under the able leadership of the Reverend William Fuller they rallied and were inspired to carry the banner of Christ forward.

In 1852 there were twenty members and in 1866 there were sixty. But even in those days of small numbers and terrible hardships the church had the spirit of the Master. Away back in 1867 we find this word in the records of the Session: Mrs. Thankful Boyington, being sick and needing assistance, a committee was named to visit her and see what aid was needed and report, the Session pledging the necessary funds. In 1864 money was sent to buy tracts for the soldier boys of the Civil War. After the war was over a contribution was made toward the fund to erect the monument for Abraham Lincoln in Springfield, Illinois.

It was a gala day when the Presbyterians left their old church building on Third street, which had served them so well for 42 years, and moved into the beautiful new brick building on front street. The new building was erected in 1892, under the able leadership of Rev. O. J. Roberts.

In 1911 the Ladies Aid of the Church assumed the responsibility of building a manse. With plenty of pluck and hard work the task was completed and it stands to-day a monument of achievement. Mr. C. H. Baker very generously donated the lot upon which it stands.

On Dec. 19, 1924 the church was entirely destroyed by fire. Since that time the regular ser-

(Continued on next page.)

BISHOP

GROCER COMPANY

BUCHANAN, MICH.

Wholesale Grocers-Jobbers

SERVING

Delivery TRUCK — Buchanan, Cassopolis, Berrien Springs, Galien, Baroda, Niles, Dowagiac, Three Oaks.

DROP SHIP.

Western Michigan Northern Indiana

Tel. 147

Buchanan, Michigan

1899 — 26 YEARS OF SERVICE RENDERED — 1925

WE are rounding out our twenty-sixth year of service in Buchanan and its tributary surrounding country—twenty-six years of enjoyable, pleasant and satisfying service.

We have seen Buchanan grow and progress and hope to see a further development for its people.

Let us have the courage, energy, enterprise and patriotic service to make Buchanan an example and inspiration to other communities.

TINWARE	JEWELRY
ALUMINUM WARE	NOTIONS
CANDIES	SCHOOL SUPPLIES
CHINAWARE	STATIONERY
DINNERWARE	UNDERWEAR
ENAMELWARE	DRY GOODS
GLASSWARE	BOOKS
HARDWARE	TOYS

A HOME FOR EVERY FAMILY IN BUCHANAN

WHAT a wonderful thing we could say about our home town if every family within its borders could say, "This is my home." Let us so work together that this ideal situation will be accomplished and become an actual reality.

J. C. REHM -:- Buchanan, Mich.

The Advent Christian Church

(Conclusion.)

ment being offered of financial assistance by the community. A Board of Trustees was elected, consisting of H. J. Howe, Philip Holler, Alfred Richards, E. M. Griffin, J. V. Himes, Sanford Smith and P. M. Weaver.

The new structure was erected and the dedicatory exercises held on November 3rd, 1867. The dedication sermon was delivered by Mrs. Mehetabel Mansfield. A protracted meeting followed the dedication, in which Elders Himes, Mansfield and Couch assisted. The new building contained one of the largest Auditoriums in town, with a gallery over the front of the structure and a prayer meeting room, connected with the auditorium. This building housed large audiences which came from near and far to hear the preaching and singing. A wonderfully remarkable work in the spiritual interests of Buchanan and vicinity was here accomplished and a number are still living here who received Biblical instruction and spiritual benefit at these services.

A number of Pastors have served the church during these years, among them being the following: Elders Mansfield, Himes, Berrick, Ferris, Finney, Moore, Wright, Matthewson, Shepherd, Shook, Royer, Keepers, Irvin and Brown.

About eight years ago it was decided to sell the church property to the Buchanan Pattern Works and the property of the United Brethren church, on north Oak street was purchased, where services have since been held.

The present pastor, Eld. A. E. Bloom, was called from his pastorate in Annandale, Minn., and he and his family came here six and a half years ago and located in the new parsonage at 316 north Oak street, close to the church.

Services are held Sunday morning and evening, also Sunday school following the morning sermon. Prayer meeting and Bible study are held on Thursday eve. During the summer months, the past three years, a service has been held Sunday afternoon at Kathryn Park, which has taken the place of the Sunday evening service at the church, when the weather has been favorable. This service has been attended by a number from the other churches in the city and has been highly spoken of by many who have received instruction and benefit therefrom.

The annual conference sessions are usually held with this church, the latest one of which closed its session last Sunday. The membership of the church is not as large as it was in years gone by, many having either died, or removed from the city during the years, but the services are maintained by the group that remains, and the church continues to stand for the Bible doctrines of the Second Advent of Christ, Conditional Immortality and a real Christian life and experience as a vital necessity in order to be ready to meet the Lord when He shall come. They also believe in and practice single immersion as Bible baptism, for believers only. The following is their Covenant:-"We whose names are subjoined do hereby covenant and agree, by the help of the Lord, to walk together as a Church of Christ, faithfully maintaining its ordinances, taking the Bible as our rule of faith and practice, church order and discipline; making Christian character the only test of fellowship and communion. We further agree, with Christian fidelity and meekness, to exercise mutual watch, care, to counsel, admonish or reprove, as duty may require, and to receive the same from each other as becometh the household of faith." They also have a confession of faith, which in many points agree with the faith usually held by the Protestant churches, the main difference being their position on the nature of man, the return of Christ, the destiny of the wicked and the final home of the saints, which they understand to be on the earth renewed, instead of up in heaven, as is commonly understood and preached. They also understand the Bible to teach the ultimate and complete destruction of the unsaved. The denomination also believes in, and supports, both Home and Foreign Mission work.

The Presbyterians Are Hopeful

(Conclusion.)

vices have been held in the American Legion hall. The officers of the church are as follows:

Session—D. L. Van Derslice, Clerk; J. C. Rehm, C. E. Tichenor, I. M. Wells, Geo. Stevenson.

Trustees—J. A. White, Chairman; D. L. Boardman, Secy; J. A. Rehm, Treas; I. M. Wells, C. E. Tichenor, Fred French, W. B. Higley, Chas. Bachman, L. J. Campbell, G. G. Rogers, W. D. Bremer, H. H. Kiehn.

Several of the members and associates of this church have gone out and have entered into full-time Christian service. Mrs. Abbie M. Stebbens was granted a letter to the church at Dena Doon, India, in 1893, and she worked there as a missionary until her death. Rev. Robert Rogers has been for years a missionary among the mountaineers. Later he moved to Texas. He still continues his missionary work, tho he is 87 years of age. He has built many churches during his life. A brother, Rev. Joe Rogers, has labored for years among the Indians of northern Michigan. Miss Mildred Doe is very prominent in the Y. W. C. A. work in New York City. Mrs. D. Edwards is a missionary in Pekin, China. Carson Geyer is a successful minister in the Methodist Episcopal denomination. It is reported that Ernest Hall and a brother went into active Christian work, but details have not been obtained.

Thus we see that the Presbyterian Church of Buchanan has projected itself literally into all parts of the earth. Its influence has spread abroad. We can not measure its results, for they have multiplied by proportions. But we do rejoice that it ministers in lands that we have never seen and in tongues that we do not understand.

We have faith to believe that soon we shall be able to erect a building suitable to our needs and dedicated to the promotion of Christ's Kingdom thruout the earth.

ST. ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH

Struggles of Early Pioneers to Establish a Mission Here—Now Thriving Society.

By VIVIAN K. JOHNSON.

Few, outside those in the know, appreciate the struggles of the faithful to establish and maintain the mission of St. Anthony in Buchanan. The story is an interesting one, savoring of early pioneer, early frontier days.

St. Anthony's is of Three Oaks parish. The original mission was in Dayton, but finally was abandoned there, many Catholic families moving away to seek fortunes elsewhere.

It was Father John Lynch who, many years ago, came to Mrs. H. R. Adams and asked her if mass might be celebrated at her home. There were five persons present at that first mass. Others came to learn of it and attended. Mrs. John Long also opened her house for the purpose. Finally, Father Lynch rented the G. A. R. hall. The number now attending had increased to 35 families; and in 1910, under the direction of Father Welsh, now of that rather famous St. Charles Church at Coldwater, the members of St. Anthony's mission met to decide upon a building of their own.

Theirs was not a wealthy mission and did not attempt a costly, showy edifice. Instead, they purchased a barn belonging to Cliff Hamilton and moved it to a lot on Detroit street which they owned.

The ideal followed and maintained so far as possible in the architecture of the building was based upon that of the early mission churches. The interior of the church is of an aesthetic simplicity.

The church has grown and expanded beyond the dreams of those early pioneers of St. Anthony. Pew seats that were originally intended for the accommodation of five persons are crowded to care for seven and sometimes eight persons. The present membership comprises 60 families.

A plan of development for the coming year is contemplated. An addition is to be built and the plan calls for many improvements which will greatly enhance the beauty and value of the property.

The trustees of the church are: H. R. Adams, chairman; Ray Travis, Leo Heubner, John Long, Alvin Minzel.

The ladies of the Altar and Rosary Society have supplemented the expected deficits of the church budgets with baked goods sales, with wonderful chicken dinners, with card parties and what not. The officers of the society are: Mrs. H. R. Adams, president; Mrs. R. B. Franklin, vice-president; Mrs. Ed Hess, treasurer; Mrs. Russel Atherton, secretary.

Mention here should be made of the choir which, in Catholic churches, plays no small part. The members, who serve most loyally regardless of weather conditions and personal inclinations are: Mrs. Jessie Lowman, organist; Mrs.

(Continued last page, this section.)

COMPLIMENTS OF

J. F. VIELE PROP.

HOTEL REX

BUCHANAN MICH.

The Best Hotel in Southern Mich

BUCHANAN, MICH.

"Everything to Build a Home But the Hardware."

W. J. MILLER

BUCHANAN, MICH.

Lumber Cement
Lath Plaster
Shingles Lime

Estimates Cheerfully Furnished

No Job Too Large, No Job Too Small to Command Our Attention.

PROMPT SERVICE AND QUICK DELIVERY

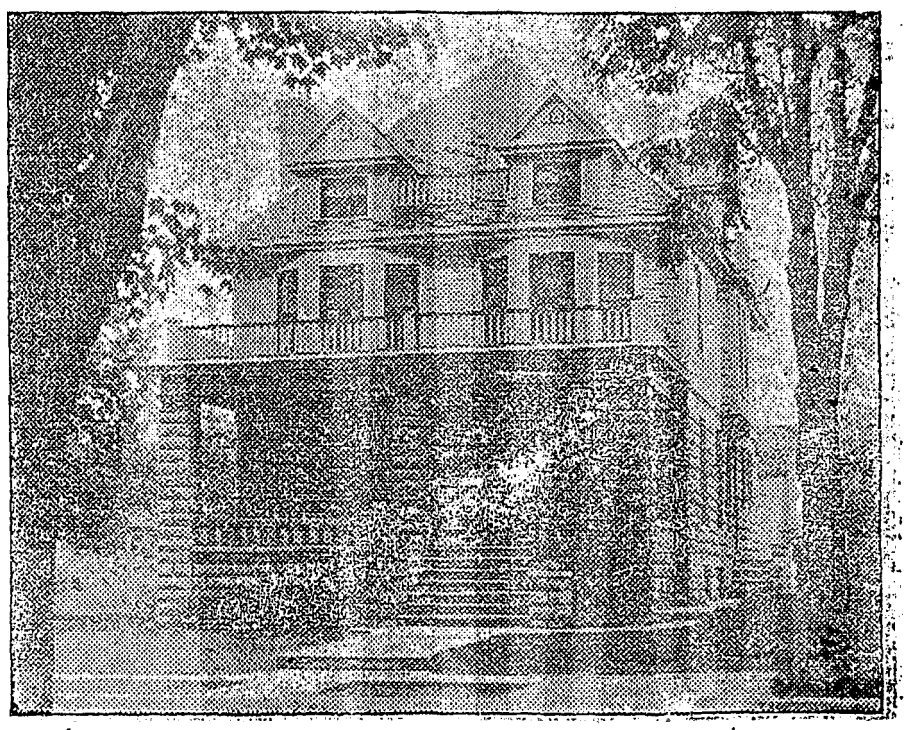
Office and Yards Conveniently Located:

CORNER OF CHICAGO ST. AND DAY'S AV.

Telephone 25F2.

History of the First Methodist Church

This church was first given a place in the list of Methodist churches in 1844, the first pastor being Theron H. Tooker. In 1845 T. B. Granger and R. C. Meek were appointed to this charge. From 1846 to 1852 the church seems to have been absorbed by the Berrien Circuit, and in that way lost its identity during that period. In 1849 the Presbyterian church, which was founded in 1847 under Rev. Porter Parry, aided by the Methodists and outside friends, built a church, which, under contract, was used a portion of the time by the Methodists and until the year 1860 when their own church was dedicated. In 1852, S. A. Osborn and C. Hendrickson were appointed pastors, and Francis Glass came in 1853 and Richard Pengelly took possession in 1854. The church was on the "to be supplied list" in 1855, but in 1856 J. W. Robinson was appointed pastor and he was followed by E. J. Boynles in 1858. The builder of "the old church on the hill" was W. W. Johnson who came to this charge in 1859, the church being dedicated in 1860. The address at the laying of the corner stone was given by Dr. Thomas M. Eddy. A. C. Day and wife gave the land on which the church was built. A subscription list dated Dec. 15, 1859 shows the following contributors: W. H. Bainton, John Blake, W. J. Robinson, James Swift, John Buckles, Lewis V. Baker, F. A. Howe, Fredrick Howe, Burch Blake, F. W. Howe, Milton Blake, George S. Ferguson, Jonah Threadkill, John Borden, Silas York, J. D. York, L. P. Alexander, H. F. Strong, Albert Hoag and E. M. Plimpton. In addition the above named contributors the following named persons aided very largely in the building of the church: Stephen Hobart, Nelson Bromley, W. H. Chambers, N. B. Collins, S. L. Estes, Celinda Ingersoll, B. K. Peer, Elmira Harrison, Mrs. E. S. Dodd, mother of the late I. L. M. Dodd, Eli Egbert, Lucy Richards, Joseph Miller, H. L. Carlisle, James Glover, Rebecca Binns, Ellen Swift, Benjamin Chamberlin and Susan B. Strong. The following named persons were indentified with the church and went into the war of the rebellion either as soldiers or nurses: H. M. Wade, B. F. Swift, A. H. Carlisle, Silas York, Henry Hobart, F. Stevens, H. Brant, H. L. Carlisle, H. P. Mason, Willis Rose, E. M. Scott, Cecelia Scott, Tammerson Carlisle and G. Phillips. There may have been others, but their names are not obtainable at this time. L. M. Edmons became pastor in 1860, G. W. Hoage in 1861, J. S. Harder, in 1863, J. Fowler in 1864, T. T. George in 1866, and during his pastorate the parsonage was built. Next came J. R. Berry in 1868, E. M. Coplin in 1870, N. L. Brockway in 1872, he being followed by Levi Tarr in 1873 and A. J. Russell in 1875. In 1876 Henry Worthington was appointed pastor who, as a boy, traveled the circuit as a circuit rider 38 years before with one R. C. Meek. The following then became pastors: J. White 1880, W. I. Cogshall 1882, C. G. Thomas 1883, S. L. Hamilton 1886, J. H. Buttleman 1889, W. Cook 1890, Isaiah Wilson 1892 and W. W. Divine 1895. Following W. W. Divine came H. L. Potter, W. J. Douglas, F. C. Waters, G. E. Millard, E. O. Mather, W. H. Irwin and W. Maylan Jones, the present pastor. The late I. M. Vincent bequeathed his home to the church and in 1907, during the pastorate of F. C. Waters, the present church home was erected. It was during the pastorate of E. O. Mather that the pipe organ was placed in the church. While W. H. Irwin was pastor, the church was enabled, through the generosity of Jennie Johnson, to make a substantial payment on the house and lot adjoining the church property on the north, and on this lot the church hopes to erect a church house sometime in the future. The church at present has about 250 members. Rev. W. Maylan Jones came to this charge in Sept. 1924, and although he was handicapped during his first year on account of his sickness, under his leadership the Sunday school nearly trebled, and the congregation doubled and the congregations dobled, and still growing. During this conference year a new furnace has been placed in the church, the interior of the church decorated and a new lighting system installed. Rev. Jones is full of resources, is on the job all the time, and his pastorate here promises much for the church.



RESIDENCE OF ALFRED RICHARDS.

RALPH ALLEN

Buchanan, Mich.

HARDWARE - TOOLS - CUTLERY

PAINTS - OILS - VARNISHES

WE SOLICIT AND APPRECIATE YOUR TRADE

BUCHANAN VILLAGE FATHERS



DR. J. C. STRAYER, President



M. L. SANDS, Pres. Pro Tem.



GEORGE S. ROE, Clerk



G. H. BATCHELOR, Attorney



GLENN E. SMITH, Councilman

ACTIVITIES OF THE YEAR 1925



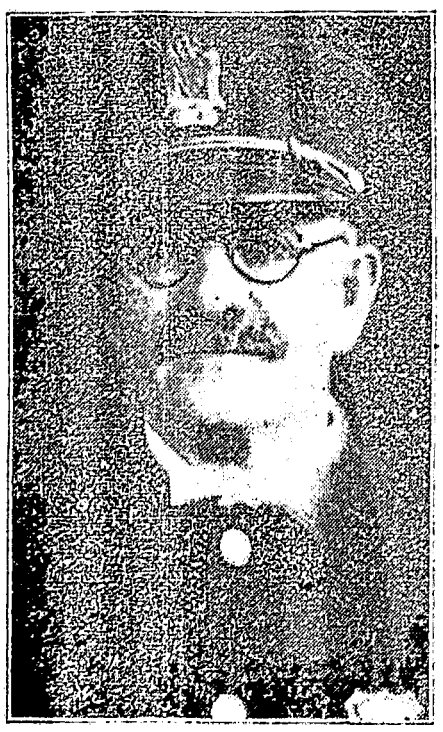
C. V. GLOVER, Councilman



H. S. BRISTOL, Councilman



A. VOORHEES, Councilman



ED MITCHELL, Chief of Police



H. A. HATTENBACH, Councilman

BUCHANAN FIRST NATIONAL BANK

Enjoys Distinction Of Being The Oldest National Bank In Berrien County Having Been Organized In 1888

It is not generally known that Buchanan is distinguished in banking circles through having the oledst national bank in all of Berrien County. It is a fact nevertheless and Buchanan people are very proud of the distinction.

The b nk was established in 1888 and thus ante-dates any other bank. It come into being in the earlier life of Buchanan but at a time when Buchanan had many more industrial plants than she has today. It saw

(Continued on next page.)

ONE GLANCE at the group above will satisfy anybody that Buchanan is well governed. Everyman in the city government is an earnest, indefatigable hustler for Buchanan. It had been hoped that long 'ere this Buchanan would be incorporated as a city of the fourth class. Indeed, the necessary steps were taken and the people voted for the transformation almost to a man some time ago. There was great rejoicing when the result of the vote was announced, but it was found, much to the regret of the people, that owing to a technical error their long-cherished hopes had not been realized.

The matter has not been permitted to die out. There will be another attempt made in the early future and then Buchanan expects to issue forth with all the attributes of a city and the determination to make it climb up through the various classifications until it reaches the top. Buchanan people are getting awfully sick of wearing swaddling clothes and will no doubt cut quite a dash when she is legally entitled to put on the habiliments of maturity. Just watch her smoke!

In this connection it might not be out of place to say that there has developed a very pronounced sentiment in favor of a new charter which will admit of the commission form of government or the more newfangled form of the city manager. There are those, however, who are strongly opposed to both, and particularly to the latter, which they term autocratic government. They will not stand for further centralization of power, they say, so that any attempt to introduce the newer form of city government is bound to meet with strenuous opposition.

The form which it is believed will suit most of the people will be the mayor and aldermen form—two aldermen from each ward, the latter responsible to and representing directly the people of their own particular ward. The appointive power in the hands of the mayor, all appointments subject to the confirmation of the aldermen. Election to be held every two years instead of every year as at present; the recall privilege to be vested in the voters at all times. It will not be long to wait until the mountain is through with its travail and then we shall see what it has brought forth.

BUCHANAN STATE BANK A LEADER

Financial Institution Which Occupies High Place In The Community And Renders Much Valuable Service

The Buchanan State Bank is an organization which has done much toward the upbuilding of the commercial and industrial life of the village and still continues to take an active part in the furtherance of its interests.

It succeeded the private bank of Lee Brothers of Dowagiac who had it as such for many years. It has been in close touch with the local needs and requirements and has never failed to render wise counsel and advice on all financial questions which may have been submitted to

(Continued on next page.)

The Interesting Bear Cave Near Buchanan

Jump into your automobile and drive a few miles north of Buchanan into a rugged country through which the purling St. Joe River wends its way, and you will find a road to the right leading to the river.

But you must stop on a plateau from which will be seen a landscape which cannot be described, the slopes in the nearer foreground covered with dense undergrowth with here and there a giant oak or elm which have stood sentry for ages and have witnessed the passage of the bark canoes of the Pottawatamies and of the other tribes of Indians who made this happy hunting ground their never-ceasing battle ground.

Outcropping upon the plateau you will find great rocks and at your feet a little stream which, if you follow it in its apparent race to nowhere, your ears will soon become attuned to its splashing as if into some great bowl. And very soon you find the bowl. It is a bayou of the river. Your curiosity is thoroughly aroused and so you follow a well beaten path which leads you down the face of a basaltic cliff and there you are at the opening of Bear Cave. To facilitate your approach a rustic bridge has been constructed but you must tread carefully; it is very fragile made all the more so by the thousands of names which have been whittled upon its every vantage point by the countless thousands who have come here before you.

Here lived Bruin—many bruins, in fact. Here they took their long winter sleep. Here winked the Indian to his squaw as he contemplated the glorious feast of bear meat which would be theirs in due time. And so have winked thousands of the aborignies of the past, and so have the tribes feasted for time immemorial.

The entrance to Bear Cave is very narrow and for a way very tortuous, but ultimately the explorer finds himself in quite a spacious cavern and it is not long before he discovers in the dim light another passage way. If he has still courage to continue he must go thenceforth on hands and knees the bottom taking shere a decided dip. But presently another chamber opens to view larger than the first. He might thus continue until four such chambers have been explored, each succeeding chamber larger than the other. In all this space a hundred bears could find ample sleeping room for Dame Nature never devised a bear hotel more ideal.

There are a number of people in Buchanan today who have explored every inch of these remarkable caves, but since the Kentucky cave disaster people are satisfied, as was the writer, to feast their imagination from the outside looking in, leaving to the more courageous and less imaginative, the pleasure of being shown. By all means when next you visit Buchanan see Bear Cave.

The First National Bank

(Conclusion.)

the rise and fall of most of them and took a prominent part in the developing of others. It has also been regarded with favor by the fruit growers and the farmers of the county and has been favored with their accounts for years.

The report which it was called upon to make Sept. 28, 1925, shows the bank to be in excellent condition, to be in fact one of Berrien County's strongest financial institutions.

On the date above mentioned the bank showed resources as follows: Loans and discounts, $293,199.42; U. S. government bonds, $121,675.00; other securities, $285,188.99; banking house and other estate, $13,451.00; overdrafts, $624.85; due from the U. S. treasury, $2,500.00; cash and due from other banks, $98,996.60, a total of $815,635.86. Its liabilities consist of capital and surplus, $75,000.00; undivided profits, $13,102.82; circulation, $49,000.00; bills payable, $50,000.00; deposits, $628,533.01, totaling $815,635.86.

The officers and directors of the bank at the present time are; President, Dickson S. Scoffern; vice president, Charles F. Pears; vice president, Alonzo F. Howe; cashier, Walter E. Shoop; assistant cashier, Geo. S. Roe.

The First National Bank is known as the bank with the chimes. Every quarter of an hour the chimes ring out the time, reminding everybody of the passage of the hours and of the necessity of taking advantage of them before they have gone forever. This pertains more particularly to the starting of a savings account, of course, to provide for the inevitable rainy day and it is said that these very same chimes have caused many a man and woman and boy and girl to take the first and essential step toward the acquiring of a competency for their old age. It is a pity that everybody cannot hear them.

Buchanan State Bank

(Conclusion.)

it. It was organized as a state bank in 1917.

The last statement of the bank showed it to be in an excellent condition and we take great pleasure in touching upon this phase briefly: According to the report which was published Sept. 28, last, the bank had a capital and surplus amounting to $50,000 and undivided profits of $12,630.45; it had deposits totaling $395,765.90, of which $5,000 was a deposit of the state; its book accounts and club savings deposits amounted to $111,093.57, making a total of $569,489.92. The resources represented by bonds, mortgages, cash on hand and due from banks and other sources, together with the banking house and other property, made the account balance, showing a substantial increase over the last report.

This bank has been unfortunate during the past year, having lost a vice president and one of its directors by death, both of whom were sterling citizens who gave close attention to the interests of the bank and its clientele. Their demise has been deeply regretted by every bank officer, and every customer, and it is generally conceded their places will be hard to fill.

The banking house is modern in every particular and is fitted up with every device to safeguard the money entrusted to its charge. There is a splendid safety deposit system which permits of the access of customers directly from the bank lobby and does away with the general custom of going through the work-room of the bank. The interior finish is marble and mahogany and presents a rich and substantial appearance.

Herbert Roe is the obliging and capable cashier, with Charles Landis as his assistant, both of whom have grown up in the banking business and are familiar with its every detail. Miss Esther Walls is the competent bookkeeper and stenographer. Since the last report was made the bank has increased its capital and surplus to $65,000.00.

Good printing at The Record.

1852 THE FIRST NATIONAL BANK 1926

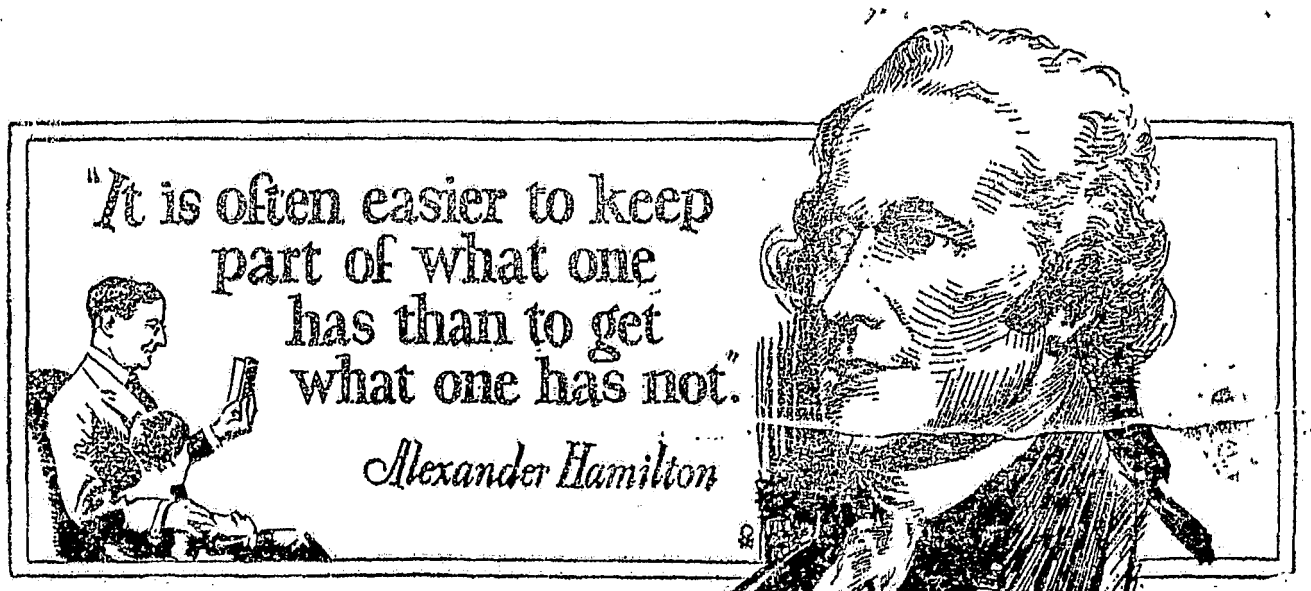
A SERVICE of untold value has been done by this Bank to the citizens in this community for almost three-quarters of a century. For this record we feel justly proud. We believe that our responsibility to the present and coming generations is not lessened, but greatly enlarged and that when the affairs of this institution have passed on to our successors, they will have cause to feel proud of the faithfulness and progressiveness exercised today.

Officers

D. S. SCOFFERN, President.
C. F. PEARS and A. F. HOWE, Vice-Presidents.

Directors:

D. S. SCOFFERN
C. F. PEARS
A. F. HOWE
M. L. HANLIN
SIG DESENBERG
F. A. TICHENOR



Your Bank Book Protects Your Earnings

Buchanan Michigan

PHYSICIAN MAYOR GUIDES BUCHANAN

DR. STRAYER, NOTED AND HIGHLY RESPECTED PHYSICIAN OF BUCHANAN, IS SERVING HIS FELLOW CITIZENS AS MAYOR.

It is not often that business or professional men can be induced to enter into public service, but when a municipality is so fortunate as to enlist the interest of men of this character, it is sure to be greatly benefited thereby.

Buchanan is fortunate in this regard. It has for its mayor Dr. J. C. Strayer, one of the town's leading and much-loved physicians. Dr. Strayer is not a mayor in name only. Instead, he takes a lively interest in all public affairs and is especially watchful for every opportunity which promises to accomplish something for Buchanan. He believes in public improvements but is ever thoughtful of the people who have to pay for them. A proposition to secure his approval must be shown to be, first of all, a necessary public improvement and to be possessed of real merit. No half way measure can get by the doctor and yet he is not penny-wise-pound-foolish.

The doctor came to Buchanan from Pittsburg, Pa., eleven years ago, determined to become part and parcel of the town of his choice. He has been singularly successful and has shown his faith in the town of his adoption by investing his earnings here. He believes that Buchanan is destined to become a much larger city but realizes that its people must be constantly on the alert to take advantage of opportunity whenever it presents itself. He would go even farther. He would create the opportunity where it does not already exist—a thing which it is quite possible to do, since all opportunity is the result of an idea born of a fertile imagination. He believes that when the way has been pointed out by some dreamer, dreaming to a purpose, it is the duty of the people of Buchanan to get together as one man and put the thing over. That is the reason the doctor has given the Chamber of Commerce his endorsement in its effort to put Buchanan on the map through the special edition of the Berrien County Record it is sponsoring.

ST. ANTHONY'S CATHOLIC CHURCH.

(Conclusion.)

H. C. Stark, director; Mrs. Ray P. Stults, Miss Louise Adams, Miss Mary Franklin, Miss Dorothy Barnoski, Miss Mary Voss, Miss Augusta Heubner, Mrs. W. Blaney, Mr. James Gallagher, Mr. George Franklin, Miss Eva Ellis, Miss Grace Letcher, Mr. Edgar Heubner.

Three Oaks parish is a very large one and Father Hammer is kept busy going from place to place. During the winter months he comes to Buchanan the second and fourth Sundays in each month. During the summer months he is kept busy at the summer colonies and Buchanan is served by Notre Dame priests every Sunday.

Besides Buchanan, there are six ish, viz: New Troy, Sawyer, Union Pier, New Buffalo, Grand Beach and Chicago Commons, which, together with the parish church at Three Oaks, makes for a considerable mileage.

It should be of interest to all other missions in Three Oaks parparishioners, as well as others, to know a bit about Chicago Commons. It is a settlement between New Buffalo and Grand Beach along Lake Michigan, to which are sent during the summer months, by the charities of Chicago, many children of poor parents—children of the stockyards district, and of the tenement districts who are sufferers from malnutrition or from improper living conditions. At Chicago Commons those children become healthy, tanned individuals, and are given instructions in citizenship, health and religion under the auspices of the mission of Chicago Commons, Three Oaks parish.

WISNER PHARMACY

E. H. WISNER, PH. C., Manager

Drugs, Flowers and Floral Pieces

All orders for floral pieces and designs filled with the choicest Flowers and made up by one who knows how.

Telegraph orders promptly filled.

TYPEWRITERS, PHONOGRAPHS and RECORDS.

RADIOS and RADIO-PHONOGRAPHS

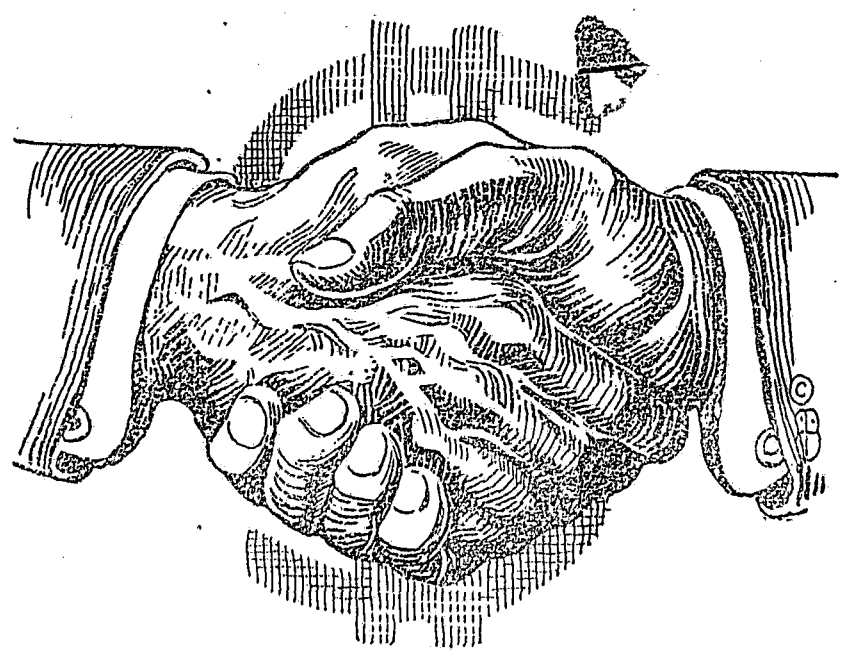
Corner Days Ave. and Front Sts. Phone 212

Buchanan State Bank

Capital and Surplus $65,000

4% Paid on Savings Deposits.

WE SOLICIT YOUR BUSINESS.



OFFICERS:
HENRY M. LEE, President.
GEORGE B. RICHARDS, Vice-President.
HERBERT ROE, Cashier.
CHARLES W. LANDIS, Assistant Cashier.
DIRECTORS:
HENRY M. LEE
GEORGE B. RICHARDS
E. W. CLARK
W. J. MILLER
HERBERT ROE.

The Helping Hand of

Financial Advice

Is always ready to grasp yours at this bank. Both the officers and the personnel await your coming in to get acquainted and to make you feel that this Bank is your Bank with all its facilities at your command.

There are ever so many of you folks who have financial worries of some kind yet you feel that you are at a loss to know just where to get dependable and reliable information. Your problem may be a matter of Savings, a Loan, Investment Advice, the making of a Will or on some other financial subject.

That's why we take this means of letting you know that you're always welcome here.
Why not stop in today and let us be of Service to you in solving your Financial Problems?

BUCHANAN STATE BANK



NEW TROY

Invites You to Share Its Advantages and Its Opportunities

NEW TROY is pleasantly situated in a territory of exceptional value.

NEW TROY farms are good farms and they can be purchased today far below their value.

NEW TROY is near enough to the main highway to profit by its advantages and far enough from it to escape its dust and constant turmoil.

NEW TROY is within a stone's throw of Lake Michigan—an ideal place for a summer home.

NEW TROY has choice property for the summer visitors which may be obtained at remarkably low prices.

Any of the undersigned will be glad to show you.

E. A Brodbeck *J. H. English* *Charles Ludlum*
Thos. Christiansen *John Woods*

NEW TROY

NEW TROY—A pretty little village situated on the north branch of the Galien River is one of the oldest settlements in the southern part of Berrien county. It was a solid forest of the choicest timber when the first settlers, mostly from New York state, arrived on the scene in 1858-60. These were Ed. Hill, Ambrose Morley, Russ Brewer, Henderson Ballangee and others. The first activities at that time consisted in the hewing of square timber which was taken out in tree lengths, most of it being exported. It comprised beech, maple, pine, walnut and oak, mostly the latter, some of the trees being five feet in diameter at the base. Ed. Hill and Ambrose Morley were the first lumbermen. The others worked for them. Hill and Brewer started a store.

Soon thereafter Morley built a dam to furnish him with a mill pond. That created a water power and Richard Cawl, a newer arrival, built a substantial flouring mill. All this time the land was being rapidly cleared up and agriculture began to flourish. In 1873 the present village school was built and it was considered a pretentious structure for those times. It comprised five rooms. At present eight teachers are employed. R. A. Hickok is the superintendent and Murl Momany is the principal. An old school house which had served the district up to 1873 was converted into an M. E. church. The United Brethren built a church in 1874. They are the churches of the village. Rev. D. N. Matthews is the pastor of the M. E. church and Rev. J. E. English is pastor of the Brethren church.

In 1870 P. J. Pierce & Son took over the general store of Hill & Brewer and conducted it for about twenty years, finally selling out to R. B. Jennings who conducted it for about ten years. The "Center of the World" store was started about fifty years ago by N. O. Fansler of Buchanan who came to New Troy to dispose of a bankrupt stock and gave his store the above rather peculiar name. Afterwards H. B. Terrill acquired the property and the name and so it has been known ever since.

J. S. Addison started a general store in 1885 and continued for five years. Wm. Pierce succeeded Addison for ten years and then sold to S. G. Pennell. Pennell sold to E. A. Brodbeck in 1921 and the latter has greatly enlarged the business. Mr. Brodbeck is one of the leading lights of New Troy.

John Wood started up in the hardware and implement business in 1920. This business was first organized by S. E. Pletcher who retired in 1900. New Troy has a good flouring mill, three good stores, two fully equipped garages, a well-drilling outfit, good transportation by bus and truck and is surrounded by farming land than which there is none better. Chicago people are now buying lots in the New Troy neighborhood and there is every indication it is bound to grow.

NEW TROY HAS FINE PEOPLE

Just a Little Farming Community But Every One is Proud Of It

"Tall oaks from little acorns grow!" That is the thing which is kept ever in mind in New Troy and with this ever to stimulate what appears to be a towering ambition, New Troy people have ceased to look backward and are looking confidingly to the future which is to transform them into a hustling, bustling city with ten story skyscrapers and the ever present remark that where that huge tenement house now stands my grandfather could have had a deed to it for fiddling one night at a dance and refused it, and all that sort of thing.

All joking aside, New Troy is on the move and when they get that new school house, which they sorely need, there will be no holding them. The village is one of the oldest in the county. All around about the finest timber in Michigan and this fell a prey to the woodsman's axe. There was a good water power and that meant sawmills and shingle mills and lots of lumberjacks. Michigan was not dry at that time or even seriously thinking of it. Consequently the old men wag their heads and say those were the good, old days. Nevertheless, whether they were or not, the good people of New Troy didn't sit down and wait for their return.

New Troy is heralded to the world as its geographical center. A big sign as you enter the town says so. There it stands and has stood for years, "Center of the World." Resorters drive for miles out of their way to stand upon the spot and feel as fearsome about it as Dr. Cook must have felt when he didn't straddle the north pole.

There's a bang-up flouring mill in New Troy which has been operated by the same family for three generations. There are two good garages, two general stores, a hardware store, an implement warehouse, etc.

But New Troy has stirred up something which holds high promise for the future. It has sold a tract of land to a Chicago concern which is platting it and selling homes thereon which they are building to meet the demand. Quite a tract of land immediately adjacent to the village is coming under this form of development. Under the plan a person may buy one acre or five acres, or even ten acres, have a home built upon it, have it planted to fruit or berries or both, and have it taken care of until it comes into bearing and get both the home and the service at a nominal payment per month until it is all paid for. Men who work in the shops and offices in Chicago are buying these places on which to keep their families, not merely in the summer, but the year around. They find they are healthier and better in every way. Chicago is near enough so that daddy can spend the week end with his family, and Lake Michigan is only four miles away. Many people who have small children prefer to have them at a place like this rather than on the crowded highway where they are constantly in danger of being run down by automobiles. At that M-11 is only half a mile away.

The land all around New Troy is very rich and all kinds of farm crops can be grown in abundance. In addition to all the staple grain crops fruits of all kinds can be grown. Many hundreds of acres are under peppermint and that means that the producers are rolling in money this year for never before has peppermint brought such an enormous price. As in other localities in Berrien County, land is selling away below its real value. If you want further information on this score get in touch with New Troy's chief booster, Mr. F. R. Maxim, and he'll tell you all about it.

L'Apres-midi d'un Faun

Willy (at philharmonis concert, testily)—"I'm always hearing 'The Afternoon of a Faun.' For heavens' sake, what did he do with his evenings?"—Musical Courier.

Led by Instinct?

Sea lions by the hundreds come to the safe refuge of the Ana Nuevo islands, a government lighthouse reservation off the coast of California, where the animals are protected by state laws.

CANDY

Sweetens and Completes

THE HOME
THE PARTY

THE TETE-A-TETE

Delicious Home Made Candies
Fresh Daily

Best Boxed Sweets
Ice Cream
Fountain Drinks

Buchanan Candy Kitchen

A. Storti, Proprietor

Buchanan, Michigan

C. and K. Garage

JOHN CHRISTIE, Proprietor

GENERAL REPAIRING

OF ALL KINDS OF CARS

FULL LINE OF ACCESSORIES

NEW TROY, MICH.

JOHN WOOD

International Harvester Line of
FARM IMPLEMENTS AND MACHINERY
OF ALL KINDS

FRUIT PACKAGES, PERFECTION PACK APPLE PACKAGES

In business in New Troy since 1896.

NEW TROY, MICH.

EMLONG'S STEVENSVILLE NURSERIES

One Of The Leading Houses In The Nursery Line Which Has Helped To Make Western Michigan Famous

Stevensville, a busy little burg on M-11 is the home of the celebrated Stevensville Nurseries which are owned by Henry Emlong & Sons and which does one of the biggest volumes of business in that line.

The Stevensville Nurseries have grown to be famous because they early adopted the rule that nothing should ever go out of their establishment that was not true to name. Nobody ever expects to grow figs on thistles if his foundation stock has been bought from the Emlongs. Figs on figs and thistles on thistles it will be—nothing else. But if by chance nature should happen to play some of her unaccountable pranks and produce the unexpected, the Emlongs have made it a rule that they will replace to the very last farthing, so that the customer shall not suffer a penny of loss through any of his dealings with them. This has become known far and wide and has really been the basis upon which this fine business has been founded.

Included in the stock the Emlongs furnish are thoroughbred strawberry plants, raspberries, blackberries, grapes and all kinds of fruit trees and, as we said before, they are all guaranteed to be free from disease and true to name.

Besides supplying the growers of Michigan, the Emlongs do an enormous business in other states and some of their very choicest plants have been shipped to foreign countries from which they are constantly receiving repeat orders. This is a testimonial of which the Emlongs are inordinately proud, as well they might be.

The business was started by the senior partner many years ago and the sons have grown into it with a perfect knowledge gained of a lifelong experience.

MAXIM'S STORE AT NEW TROY

Five years ago there came to New Troy from Osceola county, this state, a man who had, through long training, familiarized himself with the needs of a village of this size for a general store.

He had been engaged in the same line of business in his native county and had made a great success of it. He knew goods from every angle—the buying, selling, and all there is to know about them. He was in a splendid position to give the people of New Troy the kind of service for which they craved.

The people found that they had not only hold of a good merchant when F. R. Maxim came to them but that they had also gotten hold of a live booster for his town wherever that might chance to be.

When Maxim came to New Troy on March 26, 1920, his entire stock comprised about $3,000 worth of mechandise. There is not a minute now when from $7,000 to $10,000 is not carried and at some seasons of the year it runs much higher. It follows, therefore, that the people of New Troy have a wide range of selection at the Maxim store, a fact which they appreciate since it enables them to get the necessary goods without having to go to the larger places to get them. A point Mr. Maxim has always made is to see to it that whatever may be called for, and no matter what it costs, if he happens to be without the article in question, he will send and get it for the customer without additional cost. That element of service has brought the Maxim store many satisfied customers and will undoubtedly hold them.

Mr. Maxim is for the special edition idea because he can see that all this country needs is advertising.

NEW TROY MILLS ONE OF OLDEST

The principal industry of New Troy is the New Troy Mills, established in 1867 by Ambrose H. Morley, one of the earliest settlers in the New Troy region.

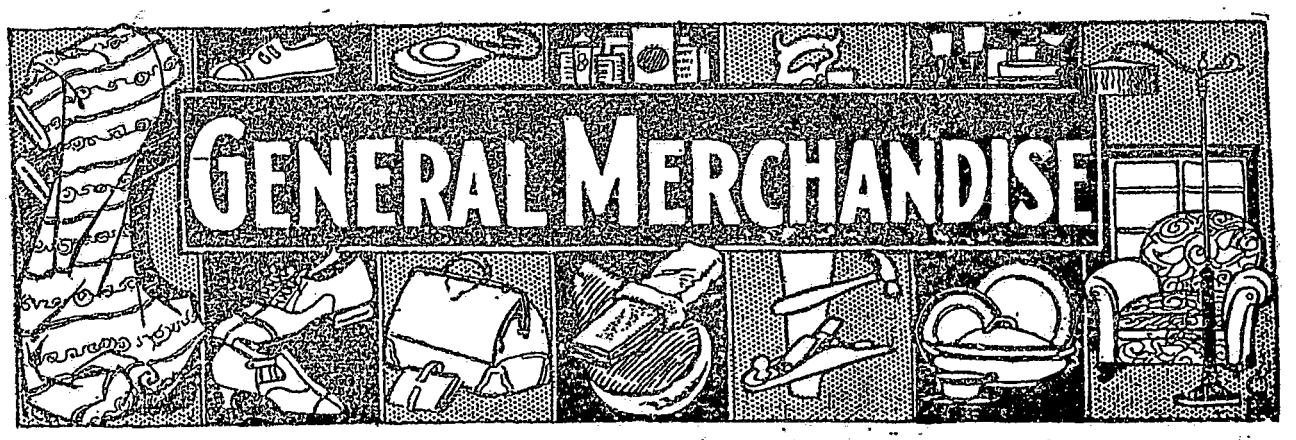
This is a water power mill and is equipped with every modern appliance for the milling of all kinds of grain, its products finding a ready market in all of the surrounding towns and having many customers in Chicago where its flour is regarded with favor by many of the best bakers. In addition to flour and feed the mill also deals in coal.

At present the mill is operated by F. H. Morley, Sr., a son of the original founder, and his two sons, F. H. Morley, Jr. and E. D. Morley, the business being now in the hands of the second and third generation of the same family.

The beginning was modest and only about 3000 square feet of floor space were required for its operations. Additions have been added from time to time, however, as the business grew and prospered, until today over 10,000 feet of floor space are in use. The amount of capital at first was quite small but it can be said without qualification that its present capital is ample and enables it to take advantage of the markets and pass along to its customers the savings it is enabled to effect.

The company now has a retail store and warehouse at Sawyer where it handles flour and feed, and enjoys a liberal patronage. Its specialties are Perfect Bread Flour, Morley's Pancake Flour, and Perfection Graham Flour, all of which are known far and wide as the very best in their class.

The Morleys, father and sons, are heart and soul for New Troy and look forward to the time hopefully and expectantly when it will be not the least of the places of importance in South Berrien County. It is a sure thing that they can be counted upon at all times to do everything in their power to bring about the much desired results.



STEVENSVILLE NURSERIES

HENRY EMLONG & SONS, Proprietors

Grow Our

Thoroughbred Strawberry Plants for Quick Money Also Raspberries, Blackberries, Grapes and Fruit Trees Guaranteed Free from Disease and True to Name.

Stevensville *Michigan*

U. S. A.

NEW TROY MILLS

F. H. MORLEY, Sr. F. H. MORLEY, Jr. F. D. MORLEY

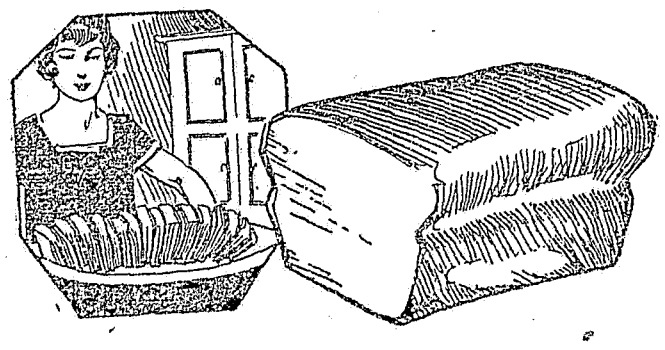
MILLERS SINCE

A1 FLOUR

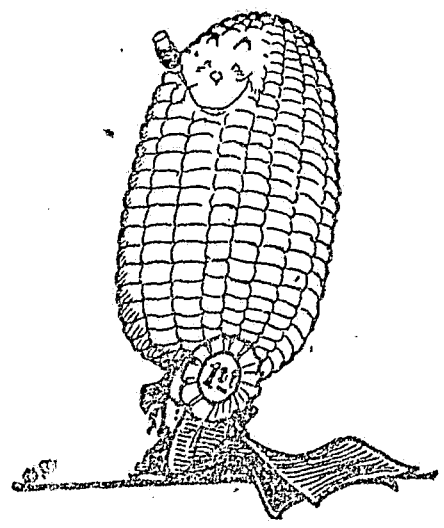
1867

A1 FLOUR

Manufacturers



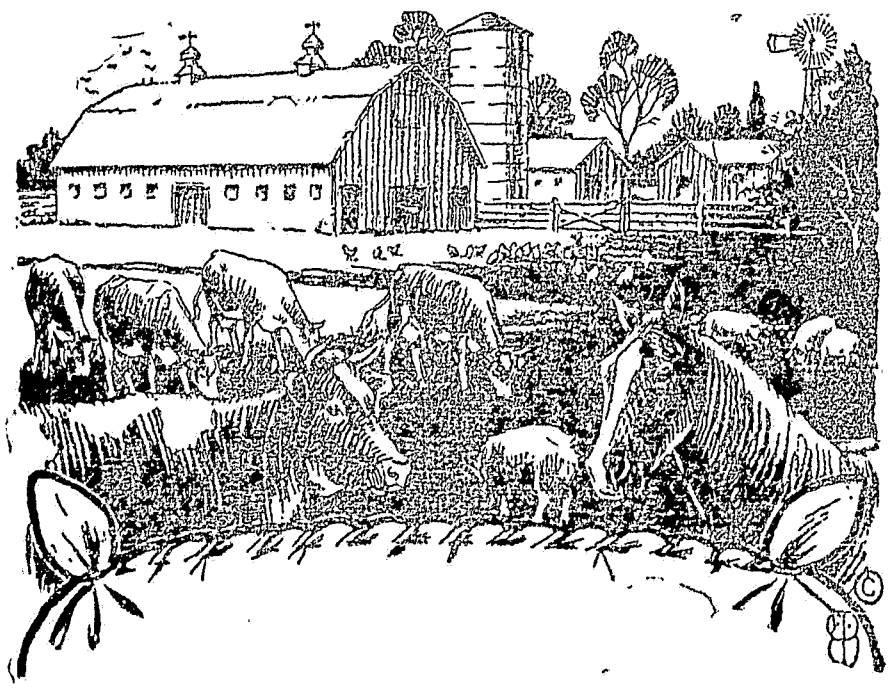
A PERFECT BREAD FLOUR



MORLEY'S CORN MEAL

All Kinds of Feeds
Morley's Pancake Flour
Perfection Graham Flour

CITIZENS PHONE
18



JOBBERS

Red Comb
POULTRY FEEDS
DAIRY FEEDS
CALF MEALS
C - O - A - L

NEW TROY MICH.

GALIEN

Travel where you will in this or any other state you will not find a better little town for its size than Galien. Please do not make a mistake in the pronunciation of this name. The Galien people do not like to hear the name of their town pronounced incorrectly. The correct way to pronounce the name is as though it were spelled "Galeen" with the accent on the last syllable.

The town was founded in 1849 when G. A. Blakeslee built a sawmill and opened a store. With him came A. J. Glover, a famous millwright who built more than thirty sawmills in his time and was known the length and breadth of the state. Later in life Mr. Glover retired to a farm at what is known as "The Bend of the River," near Buchanan. His son, C. A. Glover was born there. He is now agent of the New York Central at Galien.

With the sawmill came the necessary families to work it, many of them coming from New York State. Soon there were more stores and, of course, a school, so that it was not long before the new town began to put on airs and get up in the world. It now has a population of about 500 and there is good reason to believe that this will be greatly increased within the not far distant future for, on account of its situation, there is every reason why people should want to live at Galien.

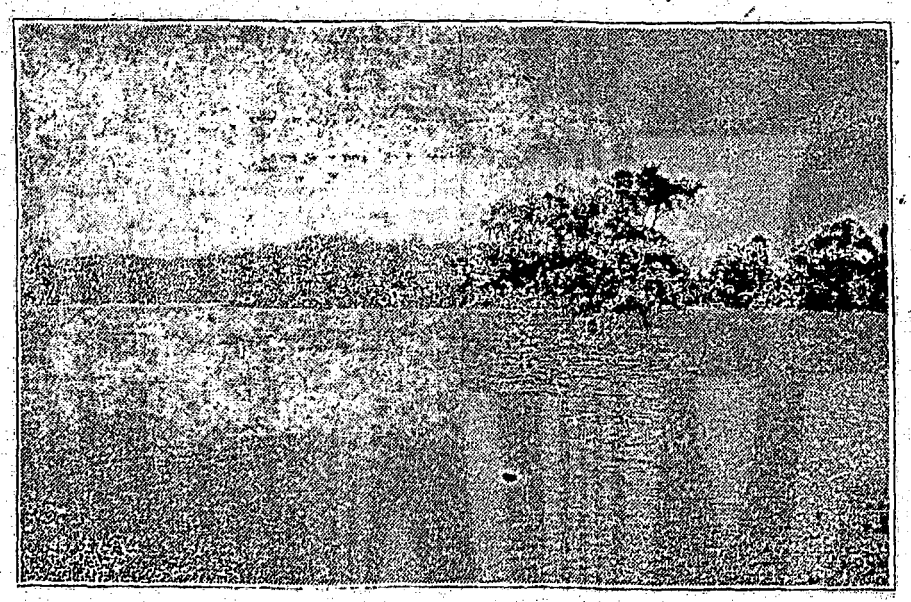
There are free churches in Galien—German Lutheran, presided over by Rev. Kling; the Methodist Episcopal, presided over by Rev. R. E. Matthews, and the Latter Day Saints which, at the present time has no regular pastor. There is a splendid school at Galien on the township unit system which has always been on the University list until last year. It was denied this privilege because it was found that Galien needs a new school building and it will not be replaced until the new school has been built. Needless to say the people of Galien are much chagrined at this condition and propose to take early steps to remedy it in spite of what appears to be a determined effort on the part of some to prevent the building of the new school. There are nine teachers besides Supt. K. C. Inselman and the principal, Miss J. Raymond. The first house built in Galien is still standing and is today occupied by Mrs. Casper Helz. Galien has a splendid lodge of Odd Fellows and a lodge of the Rebekahs. There are Galien Lodge, No. 47, I. O. O. F. and Silver Leaf Rebekah Lodge, No. 138, the former having a membership of 150 and the latter a membership of 210.

Galien is an incorporated village officered it the present time as follows: President, O. A. VanPelt; clerk, Ray Babcock; treasurer, Ensel Swen; trustees, H. D. Roberts, B. J. Babcock, Ernest James, Fred White, S. P. Roberts, and F. F. Lintner, recently appointed to fill the vacancy caused by the removal of Ed. Heckerthorn to Porter, Ind. The village has a commodious and well-built town hall, a chemical engine outfit for fire protection, a main street well paved with brick, electric lights and other conveniences. It also has a good bank—the Galien State Bank, of which C. A. Clark is president, Clayton Smith vice president and Hailey R. Ball cashier. The directors of the Bank are: C. A. Clark, Clayton Smith, Horace Morley, Ray Babcock, O. A. VanPelt.

A splendid condensary plant owned by the Elgin Milk Products Co. is located at Galien and gives employment to quite a number of people. It turns out high-grade butter in connection with its condensary business. There is also a cement working plant which manufactures silos, burial vaults and other specialties in cement. There is also a Reed-Murdock pickling station which handles the large quantity of cucumbers grown in the Galien territory. The Farm Bureau also maintains a Co-operative Exchange at Galien. There are also two good garages which are equipped to do anything to an automobile. The Chevrolet garage is one of the best in the state. Holsteins and Guernseys are the two breeds of cattle which are mostly favored by the dairymen of this section, many pure-breds being among the number.

Galien is 78 miles from Chicago, only twelve miles from Lake Michigan and only two and one half miles from the Indiana state line. It is within easy reach of South Bend, St. Joe, Niles and Michigan City, so that its people can enjoy every advantage of the larger cities without their high living expense. There are numerous small lakes within a radius of four miles and the Galien people expect to largely add to their resort visitors when their excellent location and superior facilities become better known. The land about Galien cannot be excelled. It grows good crops of wheat, corn, oats, sugar beets, peppermint and small fruits. All of these are quick money crops and the prices for them are constantly advancing, insuring to the growers and the business people of the village a constant and ever-increasing income. Despite the wonderful opportunities and the good prices to be obtained for all kinds of produce, land may still be bought in the Galien region for much less than it is really worth.

One of the first pieces of stone road ever constructed in Michigan was built near Galien and C. A. Clark, president of the Galien State Bank and for many years a representative of his township on the board of Supervisors, introduced the resolution providing for its construction. He and "Good Roads" Earle, were for many years the warmest of friends.



BATCHELOR ISLAND ON THE S T. JOSEPH RIVER

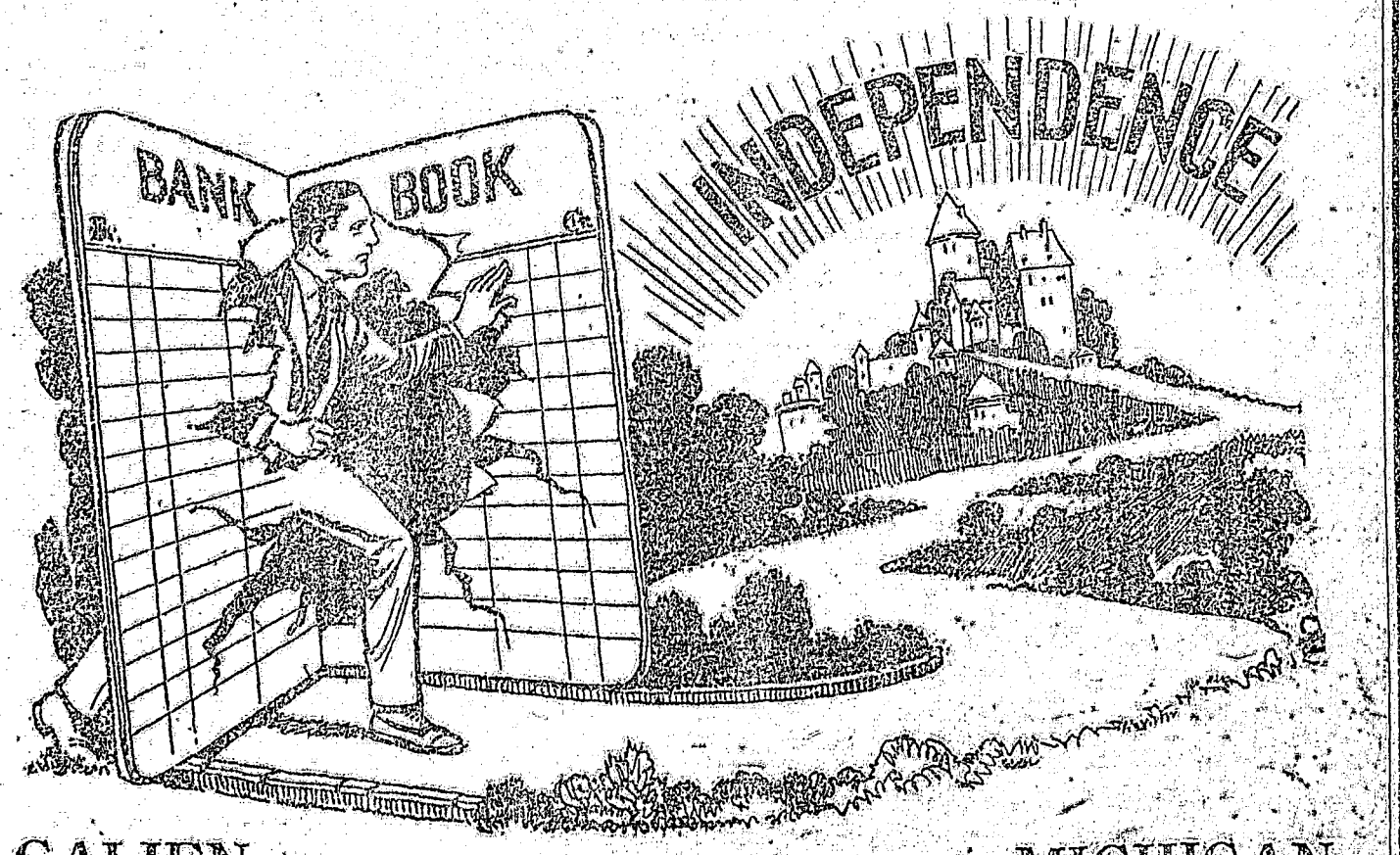
BERRIEN COUNTY IN THE FORE FRONT

Certainly the Progressive Farmers of this County Began to See The Cat

It is gratifying to realize that according to the evidence now at hand and still being accumulated, Berrien county farmers have begun to see the cat. Do you remember that seeing the cat was Henry George's quaint way of announcing he had made another convert to his single tax idea? Well, that's the fact anyway, whether you remember it or not. We are using it now as an apt phrase to indicate that Berrien county farmers are waking up to the fact that alfalfa is the big thing to lift mortgages or to swell the old bank account. There are now upwards of nine thousand acres under alfalfa in this county. This includes this year's planting, of course. It is not as much as could be wished for but it is a marked increase in one year. If the same ratio of increase can be maintained for a few years longer, there is no telling to what heights we may attain. Certain it is that this sort of procedure will add value to every acre of land in the county, to say nothing of the added profits which will be reaped by the dairymen and feeders.

Good printing, prompt printing at right prices at the Record.

GALIEN STATE BANK



GALIEN MICHIGAN

LINTNER SELLS THE CHEVROLET

In One Of The Handsomest And Largest Garages In Western Michigan—Has Record For Large Sales In His Territory

In a handsome garage of pressed brick with plate glass front Floyd E. Lintner sells the Chevrolet cars at Galien.

The building has a frontage of fifty-eight feet on the main thoroughfare extending back one hundred and forty feet. In this is installed one of the very best service departments and his patrons can rely upon it that their every want can be supplied promptly and efficiently upon a moment's notice.

Mr. Lintner has only been in business less than two years yet in that time he has disposed of more than one hundred and fifty Chevrolets of various models. His territory includes Buchanan where a sub-agency is maintained and where quite a number of cars are also disposed of.

In addition to the Chevrolet sales and service Mr. Lintner is also handling the celebrated Atwater-Kent sales and service and has succeeded in disposing of a good many of this company's wonderful radio sets. To this branch of the business Mr. Lintner gives his personal attention more particularly, insuring to his patrons courtesy and consideration at all times.

As might be expected Mr. Lintner is deeply interested in the welfare of Galien and is an enthusiastic booster for the town, doing everything in his power to help it grow and thrive. At the present time he is the Commander of the American Legion and is well regarded by all of his comrades. He wants to see Legion Post one of the best in the state and feels that if he can have the co-operation of his fellows and the citizens in general that this can be accomplished.

MICHIGAN PEOPLE ARE WAKING UP

Western Michigan In For A Grand Rejuvenation Within a Few Years—The Great Trek Has Already Begun

The people of Western Michigan are waking up at last to the great possibilities of this marvelous summerland of ours. Within a very short time now we shall see folks here from all over the south and Florida will be sending to us in the summer time as many, if not more, than we are sending to them for the winter. Michigan is in for a great rejuvenation and it will be a lasting one, for values once created will surely remain, for there is only one Michigan.

The most encouraging evidence we have encountered of late in support of this contention was made manifest at Benton Harbor recently when that city celebrated the election of a new president of the Chamber of Commerce and that gentleman made a noteworthy speech. Of course we take exception to one remark of the distinguished gentleman — that in which he said that the twin cities are the gateway to Michigan's summerland. We claim that the gateway to Michigan's summerland is at the Indiana state line—that you are in summerland the minute you cross the boundary and that South Berrien County is part and parcel of the Michigan paradise. However, we are pleased to be privileged to read such good stuff as this enterprising and enthusiastic president produced. And we esteem it a privilege also to reproduce it. This is the way it appeared in the Benton Harbor News-Palladium:

"The next two or three years will see a Western Michigan boom such as that which has swept over Florida. The twin cities are the gateway to the western Michigan region and it behooves us to get ready for that big event," said J. T. Townsend, manager of the Hotel Whitcomb today.

Mr. Townsend was elected president of the Chamber of Commerce at the organization's annual banquet Tuesday evening at the Whitcomb.

The new Chamber of Commerce president has certain definite ideas for civic growth and he hopes that the Chamber of Commerce, with the public's support, will be able this year to accomplish great things.

Values Going Up

"Indications of the approaching boom are everywhere," continued Mr. Townsend. There is no lake shore property for sale now and the building of the proposed new shore highway from the state line and the widening of the Dunes highway in Indiana will give tourists wonderful access to western Michigan. We have fine roads and excellent water, highway, train, and electric transportation facilities. It is not too much to say that before long the twin cities will be part of a vast urban territory with Chicago as its hub.

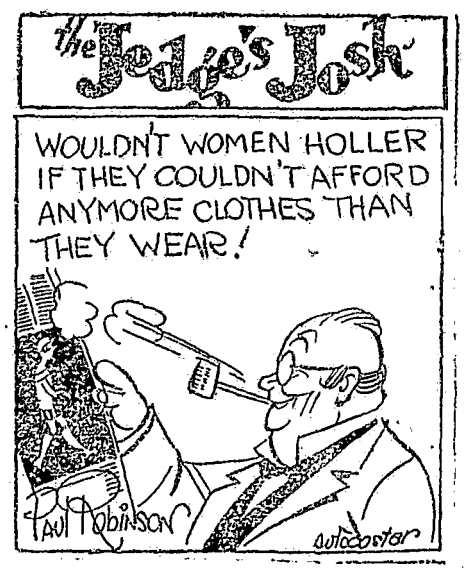
"The Chamber of Comcerce will continue to work for factories and industries. We have ideal living conditions and fine factory locations. We shall strive to bring industry here."

Perhaps because as a hotel fan he has seen the stupendous growth of the tourist business, Mr. Townsend believes the Chamber of Commerce should do its utmost to benefit from it.

Everybody Profits

"More than $100,000,000 was spent in Michigan alone by tourists in 1924, according to government statistics," declared Mr. Townsend. The tourist business is our largest industry, with no invested capital. It is here for us to take. Many people do not grasp its significance. They are of the opinion that only the hotels and restaurants reap any profit. By a little reasoning it is obvious that we all benefit Our own jewelry, clothing and shoe merchants, as well as many others, say that their business is better during the tourist season than at any other time of the year, including the Christmas holidays. More money is in circulation, and more money bows into productive channels. Farmers are selling their entire fruit farms. Tourists are glad to go to the farmer."

Mr. Townsend has been in the hotel business for 35 years. "I don't know much about it yet, but everyday one can learn something." he laughed.



G. A BLAKESLEE & Company

General Merchandise

Galien, Michigan

Located in Galien since 1856 and still going

Look for their special sale before the Inventory. A closing out of some lines.

CHAS. A. CLARK

The County Agent a Wizard of Progress

In building up a locality, whether it be as a single county or an entire state, it is necessary that the farms and farmers within the territory be given the attention which the importance of their industry warrants. The old axiom that when the farmer is doing well everybody else is doing well, holds good everywhere and at all times, and any sort of exploitation which leaves the farmer out, is doomed to failure.

For that reson it will be found that much of this number is devoted to the farmer and the industry he represents. Much pains have been taken to gather information and statistics which cannot fal to be of value to him. We can vouch for the authenticity of the statements made for they have come to us from undoubted sources.

Many times it has come to our attention that the farmers themselves fail to recognize the value to them of the county agent, so-called, some of them appearing to think he is a useless appendage, calculated only to swell their taxes and produce for them no lasting good in return. This feeling becomes apparent each year when the question of his continuance comes up at the board of supervisors.

There are always some members on the board of supervisors who practice false economy. They are opposed to every movement out of the usual order; they would continue to live in the dead and buried past, and every forward movement, especially if it entails the expenditure of money be it ever so small, is frowned upon and held up to ridicule. Ultimately, however, it is pleasing to note gets in its work and those who would see the county grow and prosper are generally triumphant.

We hold no brief for the county agent as such, but we do hold a brief for South Berrien County and this paper can be counted upon to do its bit in every forward movement. It happens that we have become satisfied the county agent is doing more for the farmer and the advancement of the county than any other media we know of, and for that reason we are for the county agent strong. The more we learn about him and the multitudinous duties he performs, the more we are for him. We cull from official reports a few stories of what the county agent is expected to do and how well he does them:

Arenac County People Made Prosperous

Several of the county agents gave dairy projects as the most valuable they had fostered. L. J. Carter, of Arenac County, told how the farmers of the Alger community, an oasis of fertile land in a desert of jack pines, had been induced to join in keeping cattle of the Ayrshire breed. Now the long-horned Ayrshires give promise of making the desert bloom and of bringing prosperity to the people of Alger.

Cows and Fruit Ideal Combination

O. G. Barrett, of Mason County, upon taking up his job last July, learned from the raising cows and fruit were the most prosperous. He determined to persuate his farmers to concentrate on one breed, and sent out questionaires asking their opinions. They voted for Guernseys. The bankers helped finance the purchase of a carload of pure-bred bulls from Waukesha County, Wisconsin.

Getting Rid of The Scrub Bulls

A special campaign to replace the scrub bulls with pure-breds has been made throughout the Upper Peninsula within the last year. Much of its success has been due to the efforts of the county agents. Art Lonsdorf, of Dickinson county, has brought the number of purebred sires from less than 30 to 83 in his two years of work. He expects to have most of the 83 exhibited at the County Fair next fall.

Another Incident

L. R. Walker, of Marquette County, writes: "When I came into the county I was told that if I could place three pure-bred dairy sires a year I would have earned my salary. I feel as though it was earned, besides leaving a goodly balance for the good of the county. There has been placed, tradedandreplaced a total of 117 registered dairy sires. Seventy-six farmers who had been using scrubs have signed an agreement to use none but pure-breds in the future."

Wonderful Results Clearing Land

Land-clearing has been the most important project stressed by others. A. B. Love, of Saginaw, estimates that the distribution of 50,000 pounds of sodatol, the war salvage explosive, has saved his farmers more than $7,500, as compared with what they would have had to pay for dynamite. The orders were taken as a matter of public service by leaders in each community, who collected the money and turned it over to the county agent. Arrangements were made to truck the sodatol to the sections where it was to be used, with the result that no farmer was obliged to go more than two miles for his supply. Many had it delivered at their doors. The cost of this delivery service was nominal.

Earl R. Roberts, of Iron County, reports that farmers in his county used 60,000 pounds of sodatol and cleared 3,200 acres last year—more than in any previous year. But Ontonagon County, where W. N. Clark is agricultural agent, used 156,000 pounds and led the state.

Bovine Tuberculosis Eradication

Sometimes achievements of persuasion are of great consequence. C. L. Bolander, of Livingston County, and C. P. Milham, of Ottawa County, have done their best work in getting their boards of supervisors to appropriate funds for bovine tuberculosis eradication. It took Mr. Milham three years, but he succeeded at last.

"It was a well-known fact that Ottawa had a large percentage of infection in dairy herds, flocks of poultry and herds of swine, in addition to many crippled and infected children, all contracting the disease through infected milk," he writes.

"Nine thousand dollars was appropriated and in April the work started. To date more than 40,000 head have been tested and more than 3,000 reactors removed. The total amount received by dairymen in salvage and indemnities exceeds $200,000. Cattle have been removed which were a menace to human health and happiness, as well as to Ottawa's great poultry and dairy business, and in a lesser degree to the swine produced. Farmers received good prices for these liability cattle.

Mr. Bolander figures that the tuberculosis eradication has been most valuable to Livinston County in dollars and cents, but that educationally the seeding of 6,000 acres of alfalfa has been of even greater importance.

Marl Digging

Harold M. Vaughn, of Manistee County, considers the digging of marl from the county's lakes and swamps as of the most value. These are some of the results of the campaign: Schneider Bros., of Chief, discovered that the only catch of clover on their farm was on a field which had been marled 11 years ago. Two men dug a ditch for August Lipkoski for the marl they got from it. Eleven men have been digging for marl in the shallow water of Portage Lake this winter by cutting through the ice.

(Continued on next page.)

G. W. MECKLENBURG

General Merchandise

Cash for Butter, Eggs, Cream

Bell Phone 16

Galien, Michigan

At

O. A. Van Pelt

Galien

Ask anyone in Galien or vicinity about CLOTHING or SHOES and they will all say, if you want "GOOD GOODS at RIGHT PRICES" buy them of

O.A. Van Pelt

BABCOCK BROTHERS

Galien, Michigan

HARDWARE, FARM IMPLEMENTS, LUMBER, BUILDING MATERIAL, FURNITURE

Heavy and Shelf Hardware

Mowers	Oils
Binders	Paints
Rakes	Leads
Plows	Varnishes
Harrows	Cement
Cultivators	Brick
Harness	Plaster
Rudy Furnaces	Plumbing
South Bend Malleable Ranges	Hot Water Plants
Crosley Radios	Rugs
Heatrolas	Bed Springs
Kitchen Cabinets	Mattresses
	Linoleum

Fencing
Aermotors

BABCOCK BROS.

Galien, Mich.

The County Agent a Wizard of Progress

(Conclusion.)

Marl has been tried for various purposes, such as feeding to hens in place of shell, to cure anthracnose on pickles and to grow ginseng. Approximately 1,000 acres of land will be sweetened and ready for alfalfa and other legumes by spring, thus adding at least $15,000 to the farm revenue each year, besides increasing the fertility of the soil.

Uniform System of Bookkeeping

William Murphy, of Macomb County, thinks the most important piece of work he has done was persuading the board of directors of the county farm bureau to adopt a uniform system of bookkeeping in six local co-operative elevators so that results obtained by the locals might be compared, the good points of the successful ones emphasized and the weak points of those less successful avoided in future operations.

Gets His People Federal Farm Loans

John D. Martin, of Sanilac County, has concentrated on Federal farm loans, with the result that farmers of his county have obtained long credit totaling $514,000 within the last three years. More Federal loans have been negotiated in Sanilac County than in any other three in the State.

Pear Blight Arrested

In Allegan County pear blight has caused great losses in the past. One demonstration of methods to control it by H. A. Cardinell, M. A. C. horticultural specialist, paved the way for a solution of the problem, reports O. E. Gregg, the county agent:

Dairying Development in "Thumb"

The swift growth of Detroit has caused an enormous expansion of the dairy industry in the Thumb. Carl M. Kidman, of St. Clair County, who recently resigned as county agent of St. Clair County, devoted his efforts to the introduction of efficient methods of dairying, such as the growing of alfalfa and the keeping of records through co-operative cow testing associations.

Shows 'Em How To Blow Up Stumps

Mr. Love tells how one incident went far to establish the prestige of extension specialists in Saginaw county. N. A. Kessler, land clearing expert, was giving a demonstration of stump extraction. One tough and gnarled pine stump had been blown out ofthe ground but had had not been split. Mr. Kessler prepared to split it by putting a charge of explosive on the outside, just as is often done with boulders. But a number of the farmers were skeptical and many a hat was wagered that the trick couldn't be done.

At last Mr. Kessler called "Fire" and the charge was exploded. Lo! the stump was completely broken up and laid over on its side. The astonishment on the faces of the doubters was as much of a sight as the shattered stump.

Irish Woman Convinced

Mr. Milham writes:

"The most interesting experience I have had was convincing an Irish woman that I could separate hens that laid from those which would not. I culled the flock of 100 birds and placed 56 of them in the 'cull coop.' The Irish woman looked them over when the culling was complete and remarked in angry tones:

"'You've made a terrible mistake, because you placed my best birds in the cull coop and my poorest birds in the good coop.'

"Of course I knew I was right, but to satisfy her I said:

"Maybe I am wrong. Maybe I made a big mistake. You just keep these birds shut up and give them all they will eat for two weeks and let me know how many eggs they produce.'

"About three weeks later I saw my Irish friend and she informed me:

"'The 56 cull hens that looked so nice laid two eggs in two weeks and the 44 birds in the other coop produced more eggs than the hundred had been doing.'

"She is a county agent booster now."

BERRIEN COUNTY FARMER THRIFTY

On a rolling farm of 160 acres, embracing high land and low land, situated about five miles north-west of Buchanan, lives Dean Clark, one of Berrien county's more enterprising farmers.

Realizing the value of alfalfa, Mr. Clark has eighteen acres under this money-making legume and is planning to add to this acreage as soon as the land can be fitted for the purpose. But he is especially proud of his twelve-acre orchard of apples, pears and grapes.

His crowning achievement, however, is the splendid flock of grade Shopshire sheep he has developed. He finds the Shropshire ewe an ideal producer when crossed with the Delaine. This gives a long staple, glossy and fine and much in demand by manufacturers and consequently bringing higher prices than the ordinary wool. The weight of the fleece, too, is of no little importance. It is quite common for these to average ten pounds to the fleece while some have even gone as high as twelve pounds. Mr. Clark has also had remarkable success in his breeding of these animals. For instance, it is common for seventy-five per cent of his ewes to have twin lambs. Lambs bring in the neighborhood of fifteen cents a pound at the first of September. It is easy enough to figure out what can be made on sheep under these conditions. The Clark flock numbers seventy-five head but it will be greatly increased as quickly as possible.

During the past summer Mr. Clark has been experimenting with the growing of tobacco for a Canadian firm which wishes to enter into the manufacture of nicotine on this side of the border. Nicotine is the base of certain spraying materials which farmers and fruit growers have to have. It will be to their advantage if the raw material can be produced in Berrien county since it will be the means of greatly reducing the price. The experiment has been successful so far as the growing of the plants is concerned. They must now pass through a process of analysis to determine their nicotine content. It is believed, however, by those who are competent to judge, that even in this regard the plants will meet the expectations of the company, and that next year they will contract a large acreage throughout the county. In that event the company would erect a distilling plant and manufacture its spraying material in this territory.

There are two cranberry marshes on the Clark farm; likewise two pretty lakes, so that it is in a sense is good fishing in the lakes and it is no trick at all to develop a desire for a nice black bass for dinner or supper and to step right out and satisfy it within ten minutes. That's living. Incidentally, Mr. Clark is engaged in dairying and expresses a preference for the Guernseys. He is a member of the Farm Bureau and believes that Berrien county is one of the very best counties in the United States.

BERRIEN COUNTY'S TREMENDOUS FARM

Out in Baroda township, is the great vegetable ranch of G. A. Beebee of Niles. This ranch comprises 1100 acres, all cleared and under cultivation.

The business is conducted by Mr. Beebee in person, who is known almost as well in Chicago, Detroit and other large cities as he is in his own county, as the "Sauer Kraut King."

But it is not sauer kraut alone which has made the Beebees famous, for there is a brother, N. P. Beebee, who is now mayor of Niles, who, together with G. A. owns 1100 acres at Niles and 1100 acres at Glenwood which is devoted to celery culture to such an extent that they are known as the celery kings of Michigan. They are, indeed, the largest raisers of Golden Heart celery in the world. Their cold storage plant at Niles has a capacity of 65 cars while at Glenwood they have cold storage capacity for 150 cars.

We started to tell about the big farm in Baroda township. Well; imagine if you can 150 acres devoted to cabbage alone. It looks like as though that might be enough cabbage to supply the whole world. Another field measures 50 acres and is devoted to beets alone—not sugar beets, but red beets for canning. Then there are 100 acres of corn, forty acres of tomatoes, 100 acres of spearmint and peppermint and other crops in like proportions.

It requires from forty to fifty men and a herd of about fifty head of horses to work this big farm and then there are about thirty-five women employed also, for the farm has its mint distillery, its sauer-kraut factory and its canning factory, together with power and heat buildings and the necessary barns and outbuildings for the housing of the large stock maintained upon the farm.

When one approaches the property it appears like a village there being a large cluster of tenant houses on both sides of the road to accommodate the families which find constantly employment on the farm and in its varied industries.

The farm was established in 1910 by its present owner who has spent thousands of dollars upon its development. The whole tract was formerly a vast swamp through which has been driven a county drain, draining it perfectly. Tile laterals have been put in so that every portion of the place can be said to be "under the ditch." As might have been expected the ground is largely muck with a clay subsoil and is consequently very rich.

The sauer-kraut factory is one of the largest in the country, having a capacity of thirty-five carloads per person. Notwithstanding this large output it is always sold out in advance. Its canned tomatoes are known and sold readily in the best markets, while its baby beets are also sold out long before they have been placed in the cans.

Michigan Farmers Rapidly Learning Lesson of Alfalfa

Do you know that Michigan farmers have planted 85,000 acres to alfalfa this season?

That's more alfalfa planted in one season than existed in the whole state in 1919 when the total was 79,000 acres.

The other day the editor of the Record got to wondering how extensively the farmers are going into the alfalfa business, so he got the figures on several of the important forage crops for the past season, and is presenting them herewith.

For the crop year just closing, Michigan Farm Bureau members and others planted the following acreages to Farm Bureau Brand guaranteed, northern origin, Michigan adapted seeds:

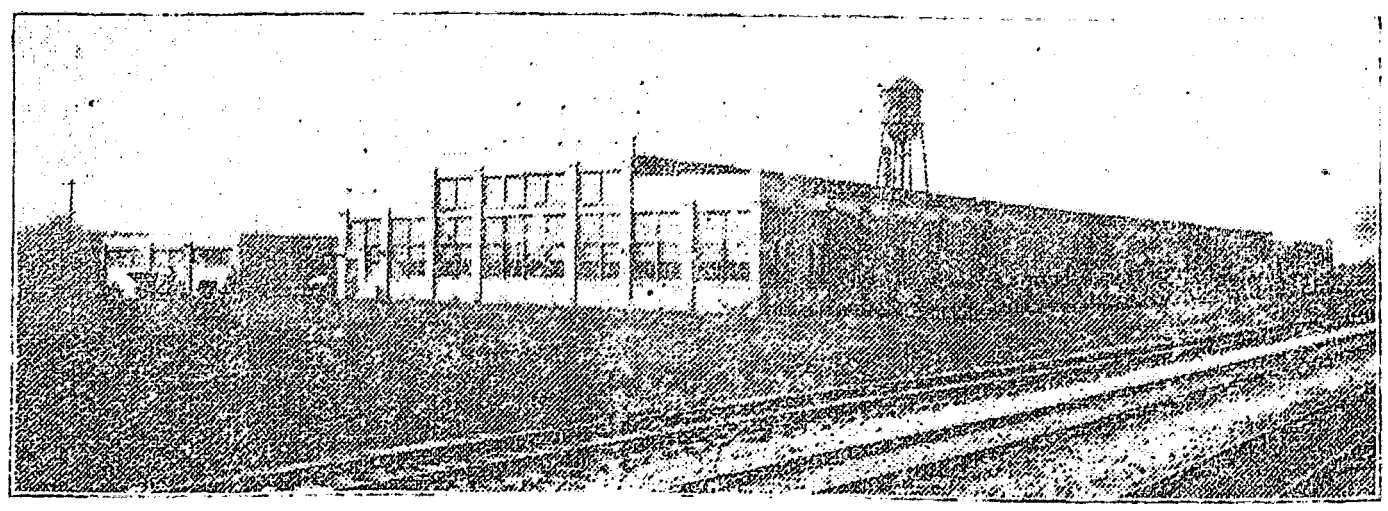
85,000 A. Alfalfa
30,000 A. Clover
33,333 A. S. Clover
75,000 A. Timothy

Beyond Harm

Attendant (at show for adults only)—I'm sorry, madam, but you can't take your dog in with you.

Lady—Don't be so ridiculous. Why Tootsy's over five and has quite a big family.—Passing Show.

Good printing at The Record.



CLARK EQUIPMENT COMPANY, BATTLE CREEK PLANT

BARODA

Ah! There's the Town for the Enterprising Young Man!

Oak forest invaded by the Chas. Stahelin sawmill in 1885.

Village platted upon opening of Michigan Central branch from South Bend to St. Joe in 1889.

Postoffice and store established by A. E. Holmes 1889.

Grist mill built by Putnam Brothers in 1892.

Rapid growth from 1892 to 1895, population reached 200.

School established by consolidating two rural schools in 1893.

Odd Fellows lodge established in 1896—built hall in 1911.

Woodmen Hall burned in 1910; rebuilt of brick in 1911.

School attendance, 250.

Population 1925, 350.

Ever been to Baroda? Do you know where it is? No? Then you must be informed for you have been missing one of the best bets in South Berrien county. Well; Baroda is just a trifle north and three miles east of Bridgman on M-11. Off the main highway, you say? Nothing doing, my friend, because Baroda has a main highway of its own—the one which was the main highway for years before M-11 was ever thought of. The regular bus route between St. Joe and Michigan City, if you please.

Baroda is located on the branch of the New York Central from South Bend to St. Joe and is one of the most important shipping points on the division. The land all about is some of the finest that ever lay out of doors. You can grow anything on Baroda land, including choicest fruits of all kinds. Baroda soil will also produce sweet potatoes of quality to make the sunny south feel ashamed of itself. There may be some poor farmers in the Baroda territory but there are no poor farms. People get rich in spite of themselves in this locality and live happy ever after.

The village, for it has been duly incorporated, was born when the old Vandalia put its branch through from South Bend to St. Joe. That was in 1889. Until that time it had been purely a farming country with no thought of a village on that particular spot. With the railroad came people, however, and Michael Houser who owned all the land thereabouts saw that a town was about to spring up in spite of him. He bowed to the inevitable and gave the railroad not only the right of way it required but also gave the newly-born bailiwick a strip alongside for a public park. He also gave anybody who would erect a house upon it a lot free and clear. And that was Baroda's accouchement.

Al. Holmes built the first store. Then came in rapid succession Ed. Brown and Bill Parrish. About this time the people found that they would have to change baby's name for they had named it Pomona in the beginning and Michigan didn't propose to have two Pomonas in one family. A solemn conclave was held and after much deliberation, it was determined to give it the name of Baroda and so it has continued ever since for, you see, it wasn't the kind of baby the name Pomona would suit anyway.

Like all kids it had its ups and downs but it kept right on boring in until today it is in such a likely position as to justify the statement we made at the onset that if you haven't seen Baroda you have been missing one of the best bets.

Baroda has a dandy school which takes its pupils up to and including the twelfth grade. It has two splendid churches—United Brethren and German Evangelical Lutheran; the snappiest bank building, and a bank within conducted solely by farmers—quite some bank; a pickle salting station, a good lumber yard, a basket factory, a sash and blind factory, two good garages, a cider mill, a bang-up flouring mill, an independent oil company, a well equipped cement works, several good warehouses for the shipping of farm produce, a fine little station and good shipping facilities in every direction. Of course Baroda has the usual quota of stores of all kinds, some of them as well stocked as stores in towns ten times its size.

As in other localities in South Berrien County, land can be bought in the neighborhood for much less than it is really worth. It is hoped that the attention of outsiders can be focused upon Baroda for the towns-people believe it will be for the best interest of everybody to have the very large farms cut up into smaller holdings. This will insure more intensive culture and add considerable to the sum of the neighborhood's wealth.

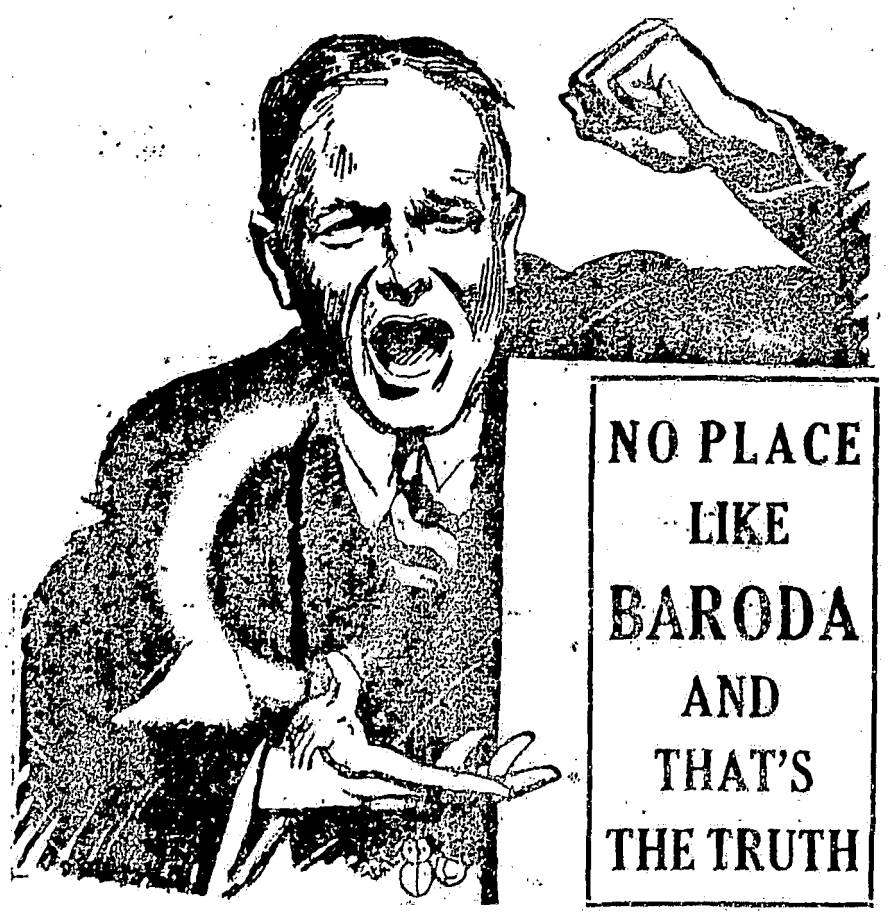
Baroda is ready to talk turkey to any sort of an enterprise which will employ labor and will welcome such with open arms.

Fruit and Live Stock

Townley—Any poultry, fruit or live stock on your place, old man?

Subdubs—Yes; an old hen of an aunt, a donkey of a nephew and two peaches who are visiting my wife.

Good printing, prompt printing at right prices at the Record.



NO PLACE LIKE BARODA AND THAT'S THE TRUTH

WE CANNOT EMPHASIZE THE POINT TOO STRONGLY

BARODA

IS THE HUB OF THE FINEST FARMING LAND IN MICHIGAN

NOW IT WANTS FACTORIES

AND OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR THOSE SEEKING A NEW LOCATION

—Write the Village Clerk for full information.

We Have Everything in Baroda

TWO GOOD CHURCHES, FINE SCHOOLS, A DANDY BANK, PRETTY NATURAL PARK, ALL KINDS OF RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES AT TWO BEAUTIFUL LAKES NEAR BY, STORES, RESTAURANTS, TWO GOOD GARAGES, ETC., ETC.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR THE BEST LAND IN THE U. S. A. FOR GENERAL FARMING OR FOR FRUIT GROWING THIS IS THE PLACE TO STOP.

BARODA ZION EVAN CHURCH

Growes From Eight Members To Church of Seven Hundred In Twenty-two Years

The Evangelical Zion Church of Baroda, Mich., was founded February 16th, 1903, by eight men who desired to have a place of worship of the Lutheran order in this part of the county. The first edifice was dedicated October the 25 th, 1903.

Already in the year 1921 the congregation decided to build a new house of worship as the old building did not supply enough room for the ever-increasing congregation. The new church which has a seating capacity of 650 and which represents a value of about $50,000. —was dedicated March the 11th, 1923.

Serving about 700 people the congregation is perhaps the largest in the rural district of southern Berrien County. Besides the active members of the church there are supporting the congregation: two choirs under the leadership of our organist Mr. Von Wolfskeel; the Sunday School of 260 members of which Mr. C. Nitz is presiden; the Ladies' Aid, having a membership of 70 of which Mrs. Herm Schultz is president; the Young People Society with a membership of 80; Mr. Albert Melchert being president.

The running expenses of the congregation amount to $5,000 a year.

The officers of the congregation proper at the present time are: Rev. C. Seidenberg, pastor; C. Till, finance-secretary; F. Klackle, treasurer; C. Mueller, secretary; trustees, John Reich, Henry Reisig, Jul. Roman, Fred Remhack and Elmer Kesterke.

Rev. Beutenmueller, was the first pastor, and served the congregation faithfully and well for five years, during which time the church made marvelous growth.

It was during the pastorate of Rev. C. Howe, which continued for a period of sixteen years that the church was established firmly a sone of the leading religious institutions in this part of Michigan.

Under the present pastor, Rev. C. Seidenberg, the church continues to render service to the people of Baroda and to justify its existence in the community.

BARODA'S LEADING DEPARTMENT STORE

E. W. Kraus Carries a Complete Stock Of General Merchandise, Including Dry Goods, Shoes, Groceries and Hardware

Baroda has one store of which a city of ten times its size might well feel proud. It is the department store of E. W. Kraus which was established by Mr. Kraus in 1921.

Since that time the business has prospered and the stock has been constantly increased and now comprises all the best goods in the numerous lines handled. The store is a large one, comprising nearly four thousand feet of floor space, every inch of which is utilized.

Michigan City was the former home of the Krauses but they are now ardent supporteres of their new home town. They have a host of friends all through the Baroda region who esteem it a pleasure to trade at the Kraus store, being assured always of getting the best goods at the most reasonable prices. Another thing they like about the Kraus store and that s the prompt and courteous attention they receive from the genial proprietor and his corps of clerks. This is a point Mr. Kraus insists upon from all who work for him.

"What we need now," said Mr. Kraus, "is industrial development. We have a number of good things already but we need more. It is practically settled that we are to have a garment factory soon. This will help some, but still it is not enough. We should have the canning factory which burned, rebuilt. We grow strawberries, raspberries, grapes, peaches and apples in abundance—enough to furnish the materials for a canning factory; it is a good opening for one.

"Only half a mile from town is the celebrated Dunham farm which has the largest peach orchard in Michigan—one hundred acres of peaches. The same distance away is the Baldwin-Whitten-Ackerman nurseries. And the great Beebee sauer kraut farm and factory is only three miles away.

"Baroda might be called the market basket of Michigan and it would be correctly named for certainly we grow more foodstuffs than any other place I know of. Just think of it, this market basket in only 12 miles from St. Joe, 32 miles from South Bend and 88 miles from Chicago. Trucks make the run to any of these places almost while you wink. Are we well situated? I'll say we are, and there is no reason in the world why we should not go forward in seven-league boots. All we need to do is to get the Exchange Club functioning again and make up our minds to pull together.

"Bear in mind, also, that we have many advantages to offer the summer visitor. Only one mile from town are Singer and Hess lakes, two as pretty bodies of water as one could wish to see and good transportation—the Michigan Central Railroad, the St. Joe-Michigan City bus line and dandy stone roads in every direction if the visitors wish to drive themselves. It is a cinch that Baroda is on the map and is destined to loom larger before many moons."

BROWN BROTHERS FORD DEALERS

Carry Full Line of Ford Products and Genuine Ford Parts and Have Best Equipped Machine Shop in These Parts

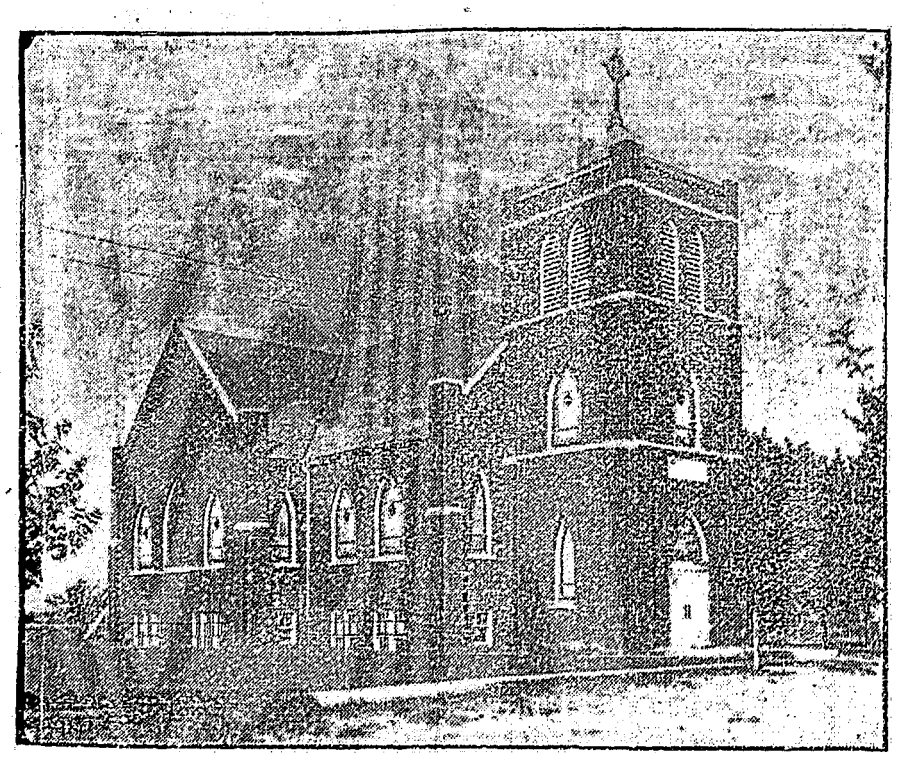
Brown Brothers, F. E. and L. D., operate a Ford Garage in Baroda and carry a full line of the industrial wizard's products including genuine Ford parts.

The partnership was organized in 1923 in very modest quarters but the business has grown to such an extent that over 3000 square feet of floor space is now required and, in addition there will be erected in the immediate future another building which will have a floor space area of 2000 square feet. In addition to this the company has plenty of yard space for parking and storage.

The remarkable thing about this establishment is the machine shop which is equipped with every modern device and requirement for the speedy handling of repair work and the most skilfull mechanics to do the work. Repairing batteries is also included.

It is the service department of their business which receives the closest attention of the brothers. This means service night and day and a wrecking car which is subject to call at any moment and to go any distance to help the unfortunate motorist out of his difficulties.

(Continued on next page.)



BARADO ZION EVANGELICAL CHURCH

J. M. RAAS

All Kinds Of

Farming Implements

Wagons and Tractors. Sprayers, Pumps, Oil and Twine, Rudy Furnaces. DeLaval Cream Separators,

Buyer of Peppermint Oil.

Stoughton Trucks. Sherwin Williams Paint

Baroda, Michigan

E. H. SWOPE

MANUFACTURER OF

High Grade Cement Blocks, Cement Posts, Brick, Block Silos, Draining Tile, Dun Building Tile and Ornamental Work

No Contract Too Large for Us to Undertake

Additional Power Machinery Just Installed

Your Patronage Solicited

BARODA

First, Last and All the Time

BANKING HOUSE WORTH WHILE

Baroda Has Safe and Sound Banking House Installed In Fine Building

There is no discount on the Baroda State Bank, the only bank in Michigan, perhaps, established and conducted solely by farmers and run so well that it is not only pointed to with pride by the department but has made itself the envy of banks in other and much larger places.

The bank was established in 1920 by the following men, every one of whom is a Berrien County farmer: C. J. Till, president; Cleon Miller, vice-president; Frank Bihlmire, vice-president; E. A. Boal, Albert Shafer, Fred Heyn, directors. Richard Tollas, is the cashier. Of the latter it might be said that he, too, is a farmer, having been born on a Berrien county farm not far away and upon which he has spent all of his life except the time he was away getting his education. He entered the bank two years ago in a minor position and has passed through the various grades of promotion until reaching the place of cashier. It is claimed that he is one of the youngest bank cashiers in Michigan.

The bank has a capital and surplus of $24,000 and its last statement shows that it had on deposit $207,104.75. It pays four per cent on deposits and carries saving deposits to the extent of $34,966.03. This in itself is considered unusual in a place the size of Baroda and shows the thriftiness of its people.

The building is one of the handsomest bank buildings in the county. It is a two story building of pressed brick with sandstone trimmings, ornate in design and occupying one of the most prominent corners in the village. The interior is fitted with every banking convenience. It is not the building alone which attracts people to this bank however. It is the uniform courtesy of its officers and directors—the splendid comradeship which is exercised alike with men in all stations of life. The bank is out to help Baroda quite as much as Baroda can help the bank. It is for every civic improvement and can be relied upon at all times to do its share in every forward movement.

Baroda is to be congradulated upon having such a fine and such a worthy institution.

TOLLAS BROTHERS VERY POPULAR

Carries a Full Line of General Merchandise and Specialize in Choicest Fruits in Season

When E. A. Tollas and his brother, H. Tollas, opened a new store in Baroda in October there were those who wagged their heads and declared it was a questionable venture. They did not take into account that H. Tollas had behind him several years of experience in merchandising and had made hosts of friends while thus engaged, all of whom felt it incumbent upon them to place their business with the Tollas Brothers.

The result of this has been that the store has established a record for quickly acquired results never before reached in this locality. By reason of their close attention to every detail of their business this is being augmented from day to day and the Tollas store is becoming known favorably far outside its regular trading area.

The slogan the boys have adopted is one of compelling force. When strictly lived up to, as it is in their case, it never fails to produce results. It is this: "Highest quality merchandise at fair prices and prompt service." Besides this the boys make it a point to stand back of every purchase and are ready to make everything as right as a trivet at all times.

Brown Brothers Ford Dealers

(Conclusion.)

Brown Brothers are both young men fully imbued with the spirit which moves mountains and builds cities. They are in love with Baroda and propose to do everything in their power to further its interests. Their page advertisement in this number is practical evidence of their faith in the community. Both of them are members of the B. P. O. E. and are proud of their membership in the organization.

Asked what they considered the best thing for Baroda in order to promote her interests they replied in unison "Patronize home industries and home merchants and let there be perfect harmony and co-operation in everything we undertake for the general good."

REICH'S POPULAR PLACE TO TRADE

Have a Fine Store Filled with General Merchandise and Enjoy a Splendid Run of Business

Of the many splendid places to trade in Baroda none is more popular than the establishment of J. J. Reich.

Here will be found at all times a complete stock of staple and fancy groceries, dry goods, notions and, in season, the choicest of fresh fruits. Of the latter there is always carried in stock a larger supply than any other house in Baroda offers.

Mr. Reich is a native of Berrien county, having been brought up on a farm not far away from the village. Three years ago he purchased the stock of Raymond Kenney who had purchased the stock from another party two years previous. Since embarking in business Mr. Reich has been remarkably successful and has come to be regarded as one of Baroda's solid and substantial citizens. He is a member of the village council and gives faithful service to his fellow townsmen in that capacity.

It is not unlikely that his fellow citizens will show their appreciation of his efforts in their behalf by promoting him to a higher position when the opportunity presents itself.

BARODA MAKES CEMENT BLOCKS

One of the Leading Industries of the Village Conducted by Men Who Are Out for Baroda First, Last and All the Time

E. H. Swope is the owner and general manager of one of the best cement block establishments in the county and enjoys a large trade because of the superior quality of his product. This is made possible because of the fact that Mr. Swope has a gravel pit of his own a short distance from the village which furnishes him raw material for his purpose of the best possible quality. The quality of this deposit is so high that much of it is sold to the road commissioners for the county roads.

Mr. Swope started in business in 1910 in a small building with only 600 feet of floor space. He erected a modern and completely equipped plant as the business continued to grow and now has over 5000 feet of floor space besides yard capacity of four by eighteen rods.

The output of the factory comprises cement blocks, cement posts, brick, block silos, drain tile and the celebrated "Duntile," besides all kinds of ornamental work on special order. The output goes chiefly to various supply houses throughout the county, although special orders for individuals receive prompt and efficient attention.

Mr. Swope is a valued member of the village council and is glad to give his fellow citizens the benefit of his services in this regard without hope of reward. He is a Baroda booster and believes that a publication such as this one will go far toward giving Baroda that prominence and notoriety to which she is justly entitled.

Detroiter Plans Polar Flight

Detroit, Mich.—Edward S. Evans, financier, announced plans for a flight to the North pole to be made next spring with the object of finding uncharted lands and claiming them for the United States.

J. J. REICH

General Merchandise

PHONE, BARODA 63

BARODA, MICHIGAN

OUR STOCK IS ALWAYS NEW AND UP-TO-DATE AND COMPRISES

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND CHOICEST FRUITS IN SEASON

FLOUR, FEED AND SALT IN ANY QUANTITIES

"BOOST"

Baroda and South Berrien County

KRAUS' CASH STORE

Baroda, Mich.

The Store With a Million Dollar Smile!

The Home of the following most reliable well known merchandise:

STAR BRAND SHOES, MUNSING WEAR UNDERWEAR, ROLLINS HOSIERY, BALL BAND FOOT WEAR, MONARCH BRAND CANNED GOODS, H. D. LEE UNION ALLS AND OVERALLS, BLUE GRASS HARDWARE

and all the other goods carried in this store are equal in quality to those mentioned above at prices that are no sacrifice in quality but a concession in price. When you buy anything, no matter how small your purchase, you must be pleased or your money is returned to you. There is no compromise.

We operate the only general CASH store in Berrien county at the lowest overhead expense, quickest turnover, hence lowest cash prices, and are also the only store in Southern Michigan which, besides the favorable prices afore mentioned, passes on to its trade the discount earned by cash payments in giving S & H Green Trading Stamps.

SECURITY *SERVICE*

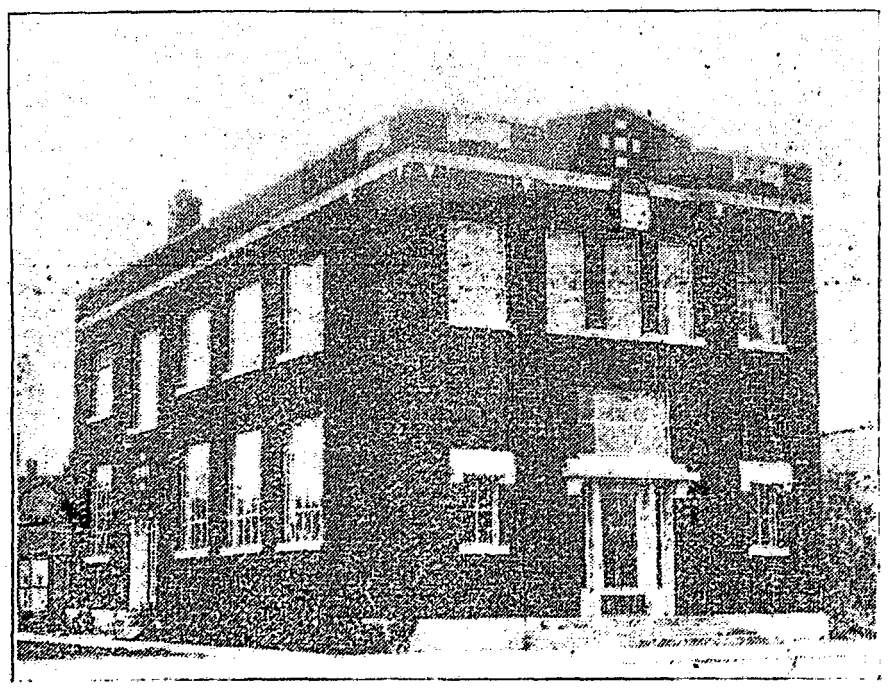
"THE BANK FOR EVERYBODY"

Baroda State Bank

Capital and Surplus $24,000.00

BARODA, MICH.

4 Per Cent Paid on Deposits



We solicit your business with the assurance that your account, large or small, will be given uniform attention.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

C. J. TILL, President — CLEON MILLER, Vice President

FRANK BIHLMIRE, Vice President

RICHARD R. TOLLAS, Cashier

DIRECTORS:---C. J. Till, Cleon Miller, Frank Bilhmire, E. A. Boal, Albert Shafer, Fred Heyn, Richard R. Tollas.

SOUNDNESS *SATISFACTION*

DAYTON

This little place has the distinction of possessing the oldest flouring mill in Michigan still in operation. The millstones in this mill were imported from France in 1827 and the mill was built the next year. It has thus almost rounded out a century of usefulness.

Dayton is also famous for the Dayton Lakes, so-called, in which it is claimed there is the best fishing in all Berrien county. The lakes are not really lakes at all but simply low places in the terrain which are filled with water, sometimes high and sometimes low, but never entirely dry. The Galien river rises in this neighborhood and flows a slender ribbon for miles until near Three Oaks it develops into a more pretentious body of water and at New Buffalo where it empties into Lake Michigan, has become a fair-sized stream.

The country about Dayton is some of the best farming land in the county—and that means as good as any land that lays out of doors. It is good for general farming and is also good for fruit. It is ideal dairy land, alfalfa growing luxuriantly wherever it is sown.

Dayton has one general store, two churches, the grist mill before mentioned, a good school and a good garage. It is on the main line of the Michigan Central and thus has first-class transportation facilities.

LABOR DAY PICNIC DAYTON FEATURE

Annual Gathering Sponsored By Odd Fellows Draws Thousands Of People From All Over Berrien County

The Odd Fellows picnic at Dayton on Labor Day has become a fixed institution and draws people by the thousands from all over Berrien and adjoining counties. There is always a splendid program, including music, speaking and athletic games, and, in later years it has become the rallying point for those who have political axes to grind and seek in this way to get into closer touch with the voters.

It is estimated that fully three thousand people attended the picnic last Labor Day and when one looks at Dayton and thinks of dropping three thousand people into it, one wonders where the citizens of the enterprising little burg puts them all. It must be remembered, however, that this is a basket picnic and that the eats are all brought in by the visitors, who find places under the trees and along the shores of Dayton Lake upon which to lay their tablecloths.

Dayton Lodge, No. 214, I. O. O. F., which sponsors this big picnic every year, has a membership of only sixty-eight. What it lacks in numbers is made up in enthusiasm, however, and it is thus able to put to shame the bigger lodges of the state many of whom would be scared to death if asked to tackle of such porportions. The Noble Grand of the lodge is M. J. Martin, and Floyd Martin is the Vice Grand.

The Daytonites have concluded that they have something worth while to offer to the summer visitor and next season they will be eager contenders for a share of the resort trade. If they put into this effort the same degree of enthusiasm that they have put into their picnic, there are some places making much greater pretensions that will have to look well to their laurels.

Upholstery Is Old

The art of upholstery originated in the East. It is known that from the earliest times the Egyptians used upholstered couches and chairs and the Assyrians, their neighbors, who were masters in the art of weaving, introduced the rich woven draperies used both for covering the seats of furniture and for the draping of walls.

DAYTON MILLING CO.

Built 1828

Custom Grinding

P. L. SCHULZ

Dayton, Michigan

GLENDORA

Glendora is a pretty little gem of a village reveling in a setting of the richest farm lands in Berrien County. It is located on the branch line of the Michigan Central running from South Bend to St. Joe.

There is upland and lowland in and about Glendora so that all the grains are grown, as well as an abundance of alfalfa, sugar beets and peppermint. The sugar beets are shipped to the Holland-St. Louis Sugar Company and it has been found that the sugar beets grown in the Glendora territory test higher for sugar contents than they do at any otther place, not even excepting the Saginaw Valley where sugar beet raising is the principal industry.

Glendora has a good school and two churches—Evangelical Lutheran over which Rev. Albert Krug presides, and the Christian Church which has no regular pastor at the present time. It has also an Odd Fellows lodge and a lodge of Rebekahs, both of which are in a most thrifty condition.

There are two pickle factories in Glendora, a vast amount of cucumbers being raised in that territory. It also has a chicken hatchery equipped with four 3,000 egg capacity incubators and ships day old chicks all over the country by mail and express. There is also a great deal of fruit grown in the Glendora region and in shipping time there is a lively business done at the several warehouses which handle it. The loading and shipping of sugar beets also furnish employment to a large number of men in the shipping season. There are two general stores and a good garage in Glendora.

The officers of Weesaw Lodge, No. 340, I. O. O. F., at the present time are: Noble Grand, Dana W. Hill; Vice Grand, Norman H. Wetzel; Secretary, A. E. Roundy; Treasurer, J. W. Harroff; Warden, George Purdy; Conductor, Bert Wetzel.

The officers of June Rebekah Lodge, No. 368, are Noble Grand, Ina Hill; Vice Grand,

(Continued on next page.)

GENERAL MERCHANDISE, COAL, PAINTS, OIL, FERTILIZER, HARDWARE, RUBBER GOODS,

BERRIEN COUNTY THE BEST

1914 SAMUEL WOOLLET 1926

GLENDORA, MICH.

Phone, Galien 78F11

THE BEST IN BERRIEN COUNTY

Groceries
Flour - Shoes
Dry Goods
Notions

STRUNK'S GENERAL STORE AT DAYTON

Dayton is not large and one is really surprised to find within its confimes so good a store as that conducted by F. E. Strunk.

The Strunk store is well supplied with a well-selected stock of general merchandise, together with tires and other automobile accessories, and also carries a line of radio outfits which cannot be beaten.

Mr. Strunk is also a notary public and does quite a business in that line. He is also the postmaster of Dayton and is thus well known to every body in the whole countryside. He is so well known, in fact, and has worked up such a reputation for fair dealing, that people come for miles outside his regulat trading radius to trade with him.

Besides general merchandise and the other lines mentioned Mr. Strunk also carries coal and does a large business in that line. He is especially enthusiastic about Dayton Lake and the surrounding territory and hopes for the day when the city dweller will be made to see that there is no place he can go where he will have better recreational features than the Dayton country affords. He calls attention particularly to the splendid fishing in his territory.

The Strunk store is a two-story frame building with 2800 square feet of floor space on each floor. The upper floor is occupied by the Odd Fellows, the lodge having comfortable and well-furnished quarters. On account of its being on the main line of the Michigan Central Railroad and on the stone road from the Indiana state line to M-60, Dayton is easy reached from any point and there are indications that what Mr. Strunk hopes for may yet come to pass.

GLENDORA'S BEST GENERAL STORE

Glendora is one of those quaint but thriving villages for which Berrien county is famous, set in attractive surroundings of well-tilled farm homes.

Its population is small but none the less energetic. It is an ideal location for a good general store and so Samuel Woollet found it to be. Mr. Woollet came to Glendora from South Bend some nineteen years ago and opened a store in company with a man named Findel. Upon Findel's retiring in 1919, Mr. Woollet became the sole owner and has conducted it ever since. He is also postmaster of Glendora and is said to be the best postmaster Glendora ever had.

Besides the goods which are usually comprised in "general merchandise" there is also a stock of hardware specialties and the firm also deals in fruit packages, for which there is a great demand in the Glendora section. Coal is also handled in any quantities and a very large business in this line is done.

The land throughout the Glendora region is very much similar to the Saginaw Valley land—ideal for sugar beets—and tons upon tons are grown here. The farmers are, therefore, thrifty and a general store such as the Woollet store is the very thing they need and are glad to have.

Mr. Woollet is one of South Berrien County's biggest boosters. He believes he is living in the best county in Michigan and is doing everything he can to bring this fact to the attention of the greatest number of people that he can. He is a credit and a valuable asset to the community.

GLENDORA

(Conclusion)

Maude Lewis; Secretary, Eva Pletcher; Treasurer, Etta Harroff; Financial Secretary, Lulu Stybwicki; Warden, Laura Wetzel; Conductor, Rose Strauss.

The subordinate lodge has a membership of 106 and the Rebekah lodge has 114 upon its membership roll.

WHEN GOOD FELLOWS GET TOGETHER

Fancy yourself one of a party of good fellows who have decided to enjoy an outing at beautiful Clear Lake. You know where it is—just 2 miles from Buchanan and a peach of a road to get there. The tent is pitched, the fire is started and that ravenous appetite of yours makes you all impatience. The chef knows his business but he can't work fast enough to suit you. You grab up a casting outfit, kiss the lure and cast it into the lily pads just off shore. Bing! Something happened to the world right then. The juice came to you direct without going through the transformer—more electricity chasing up and down your spine than you ever experienced before. It didn't affect you as much when the good-looking nurse informed you it was the boy you had been hoping for. But there is no time for dreaming. King Bass resents your intrusion and your reel is already singing a merry song. Primitive instincts are aroused; the lust of conquest is upon you, you will never surrender! Oh! the line slackened just then; he is coming toward you. Perhaps he would take stock of his enemy. In any event he goes into the air—a flash of silver, a beauty if there ever was one. Now you are thoroughly excited. You would not lose him for the world. Betimes, the war is over for it is an unequal contest at the best—the triumph of man, fulfilling the promise that he shall have dominion over all things. The line is taut and he is coming in. A flash with the landing net and he is yours. To the camp with a rush to exhibit your prize and to hear the plaudits of your fellows who frankly say they never thought it of you. Such a moment once lived can never be forgotten. But it is not an unusual circumstance at the beautiful St. Joe River or the lakes which dot the county in almost every direction.

NILES' LEADING INDUSTRY

Niles has an industry than which there are very few like it in the country. It is the plant of the Michigan Mushroom Company just outside of the city of Niles and it commands the attention of every person who drives along the road connecting Niles and South Bend and this is legion.

The plant has what is known as three and one half acres of bed space and is equipped with every modern device and apparatus for the purpose, its cooling outfit alone being beyond compare.

The plant produces on an average one hundred and fifty tons of mushrooms a year, and such mushrooms! These are all sold fresh from Niles and find their market at Detroit, Cleveland and Chicago, principally.

Associated with the Niles plant is the largest plant in the world which is located at West Chester, Pa. The plant at West Chester is devoted to canning mushrooms and they are shipped from this plant all over the world.

The plant at Niles was established in 1919 because of the good shipping facilities, the good soil and other favorable conditions. It is a remarkable institution and the Niles people esteem it highly.

ACRES OF GRAPES IN BERRIEN COUNTY

Up around Paw Paw and Lawton is where they are supposed to grow grapes, but they don't grow them all, not by a long shot. Vineyards of fifty, seventy-five or even one hundred acres in extent are not uncommon in Berrien county and the writer has seen them and sampled of their product

In the Bridgman neighborhood there are several large vineyards, among the number being several owned by "Bun" Baldwin of Bridgman, comprising altogether nearly one hundred acres. When it becomes known that grapes in full bearing can be counted upon to turn into the exchequer one year with another upwards of three hundred dollars an acre net, one can well believe that a stampede is liable to occur any day to get into the business.

When it is considered that the soil of Berrien county is the finest general farming land out of doors and that it is possible to reap big money on the side from the fruits of all kinds it will produce also, it will not be at all surprising if Berrien county should receive within the next few years a great influx of people from states not so fortunate.

Referring to Berrien county's remarkable versatility it may be interesting to know that sweet potatoes—as good as any that were ever grown in the south—are produced in Berrien county and find a ready market wherever they are offered. Many people who have used them declare that they are superior in many ways to the southern grown tuber. Upon calling on one of the growers we were informed that he considers the growing of sweet potatoes in this locality both profitable and pleasant. They bring more than the Irish potato and yield about the same.

All things considered, then, it would seem that anybody looking for land could do no better than think seriously of locating in South Berrien county.

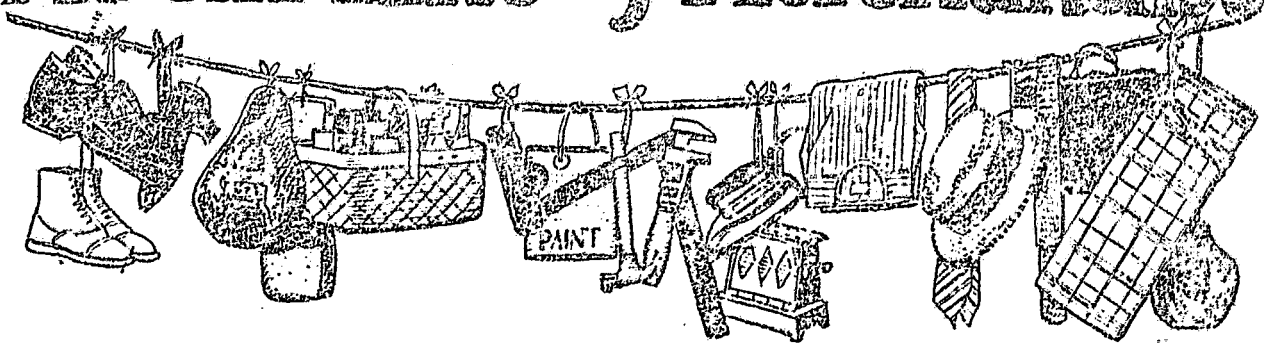
Biggest Auto Dump

Thousands of junked cars from New York city are placed on the city dump every year. A large gang of junkmen make a living by stripping them of everything of any value.

Man Dresses for—?

"My idea of a paradox," chirped Antwerp Andy, pointing to the gay young blade crossing the street, "is a woman hater with six extra suits of clothes in his closet."—Hamilton Royal Gaboon.

A Full Line of Merchandise



F. E. STRUNK—DAYTON, MICH.

1911 - 1914 - 1919 - 1925

General Merchandise, Coal, Tires, Radios

Notary Public

THE FISHERMAN'S PARADISE IS AT DAYTON LAKE

Emmanuel Missionary College at Berrien Springs Michigan

Founding the College

Emmanuel Missionary College is the successor of Battle Creek College which was established in 1874 at Battle Creek, Michigan and was the first institution of its kind founded by the pioneers of the Seventh-day Adventist denomination. Its object was to educate for christian service, and its ideals have been high from the first. The necessity of moving Battle Creek College into the country and on to a tract of land where students could receive an all-round education was often impressed upon the board and the faculty. Finally, in the spring of 1901 it was unanimously voted to sell Battle Creek College and move to some desirable place where students might have the benefit of combining instruction in the industries with their intellectual and spiritual training. The removal to its present site near Berrien Springs, and its reorganization as Emmanuel Missionary College was begun in July, 1901. The summer term was held in tents in the oak grove near Berrien Springs, and the remainder of that school year was spent in the old court house building of Berrien county.

The New Home

Two farms adjoining each other containing two hundred seventy-two acres of land were purchased as a site for the new school. This land is situated in the southwest corner of Michigan, a mile and a half from Berrien Springs, and about twelve miles inland from Lake Michigan. It is bordered on one side by the historic St. Joseph River. The bluffs, wooded banks, springs and tributary brooks of this river, together with the adjacent groves, vineyards and cultivated fields, forms an attractive environment for the college homes. Later, more land was purchased, giving the college four hundred forty acres.

As the school grew an interurban line was built across the college farm, connecting the college with the cities of St. Joseph, Benton Harbor, Niles and South Bend. This brought the college within easy reach of city advantages, without subjecting it to the distractions and other disadvantages of city life.

Believing that the best training any school can give is in actual service, the founders of the school began the erection of college buildings with student labor, under the direction of an experienced mechanic. For the benefit of the agricultural department a greenhouse was built. The continually increasing enrollment made it necessary to enlarge Birch Hall for the young women, and to build Maple Hall for the young men. North Hall, the first young men's dormitory was remodeled into two-room suites for the use of married couples. During this same year a central heating plant was installed. The next year, in twenty-nine days the students raised six thousand dollars for a music building, and this was soon followed by the erection of the Home Economics building. Better water facilities were provided by the installation of a water tower and a centrifugal pump to bring spring water from three covered reservoirs placed in the grove.

The summer of 1921 marked the beginning of a twelve weeks' summer school, giving both college and preparatory students a chance to secure recognized credit in literary subjects during the summer period. Owing to the large number of students and patrons in the community the old chapel in the Administration building was not adequate, so early in 1924 we moved to the basement of our new auditorium. The old chapel was converted into administrative and business offices, also some class rooms. The mechanical building was also found too small, so an addition of fifty feet by sixty feet, and three stories high was made. A new cannery building was necessary to take care of the increased business there. The growing dairy herd made necessary the enlargement of the dairy barn. This will now accommodate fifty cows.

At present students are given about seventy-five thousand dollars worth of work each year. About one-half the students work their way through college by earning scholarships or otherwise. The college is a training school for Christian workers, and the organization, rules, and courses of study are all conducive to this end. Instruction offered by the College is especially adapted to students of mature minds. All who enroll are expected to have a definite object in view.

Students who have not previously been members of this school must send their application with recommendations signed by reputable persons other than their parents. Each applicant must satisfy the college officials that he is of good moral character. Students of any religious belief, or of no religious belief are welcome, but since this is a religious institution, having for its aim the highest development of Christian character it is expected that all students shall show due respect to the Word of God, and to the religious belief for which the college stands. Students of mature years, whose preparation is irregular, are permitted to enter classes for which they are prepared. They enter as special students, but will not be regarded as candidates for a degree.

In 1910 the Emmanuel Missionary College was incorporated under the College Act of Michigan. This institution is therefore empowered to bestow literary honors upon its graduates. Since that year it has graduated four hundred sixty-seven students from all the college courses.

Improvements Show Growth of the College Dept's

Substantial building improvements have been made at the College within the last two years. These include additions to the dairy, mechanical shops, and bakery. A new cannery and several dwelling houses have also been built.

A fifty foot addition has been built to the dairy, providing for twenty-four head of milk cows.

The mechanical shop has been enlarged by a fifty by sixty, three-story building, which cares for the millwork on first floor, assembling on second, while the finishing work is done on the third floor. Very substantial machinery equipment has also been added. A lumber shed that will house eight carloads of lumber has just been finished.

The College has a good-sized new cannery that prepares for market the large crops of tomatoes, beans and other vegetables as well as fruit that is grown on the farm. This product is known as the College Brand, and is being shipped out by car-load lots.

The bakery in which the baking is done for the patrons of the large dining hall and store was also enlarged this past summer, making a comfortable working space for that department.

Riverside Apartments (East Hall) a remodeled two-story building, is now nearing completion and will accommodate four student families who desire to attend school. Several bungalows have recently been erected on the College grounds, as well as a number of garages to make room for the automobiles.

In order to care for the increasing number of Students, the different departments must expand, so the growth as a whole has been steady.

The Dining Room

Hundreds of Berrien County business men will testify that the vegetarian cafeteria of the E. M. College furnishes food that will tickle the palate of any man. Even the surroundings of the cream and white walls makes the dining room a pleasant place to visit. Over two hundred students, including those in the dormitories and several resident students, eat daily in this cafeteria. Many visitors coming in for the week-end testify to the fact that the food is the best that can be obtained.

The food is of the highest quality and is prepared by skilled cooks. These cooks are young women who wish to defray their school expenses by working part of their spare time. Most of this group of workers are taking some course in the Home Economics Department and are tested before allowed to take charge of the work.

Mrs. Sorenson, who oversees this work, believes in the reports of medical men and therefore prepares a well-balanced ration, leaving out all flesh food and strong spices that irritate the stomach.

Most of the vegetables are raised on the college farm. By getting the goods first-handed she is able to greatly reduce the cost of food. All food is served at cost, thus enabling the students to live on a small sum each month. All other expenses are reduced as far as possible and students pay for only as much as they use. The account of each student is placed on his monthly financial statement, thus preventing the unnecessary handling of money each day.

From the health reports of each individual, it is seen that a diet of well selected food is benefcial as most of the students who arrive at school under weight soon notice a decided increase of weight, until they arrive at normal.

Physical Examination

"Physical examination of the students at the Emmanuel Missonary College revealed a healthier student body this year than last; fewer goiters, not so many inflamed sinuses, also a general improvement in posture is found. This is due to the fact of a strong health campaign having been carried out during the whole school year of 1924 and 1925," says Dr. O. R. Cooper, the College physician.

Health in the school days as well as health in after life is the objective of this supervision at the Emmanuel Missonary College.

(Continued on next page.)

DEPENDABILITY!

Our service is at your command. We are equipped to handle anything from a business card to a hundred and fifty page booklet. Repeat orders from customers shows that they can depend on us.

The College Press

Thoughtful Printing

Berrien Springs, Michigan

Emmanuel Missionary College

(Continuation)

To carry out this ideal each student's eyes, ears, nose, throat, teeth, heart, lungs and general physical condition is carefully examined. There is an accurate record of every test which is kept for the purpose of constructive health suggestions to the individual.

When the examinations are completed, Dr. Cooper writes a personal letter to each student suggesting such medical attention as is needed or the necessary change in diet, also the amount of school work to be taken, the time and kind of manual labor for the student who is working his way through school. Further direction is given as to setting up exercises or hours to be spent in the physical culture class. All of this is according to the individual need.

The whole student body is urged to spend from thirty minutes to one hour at least out of doors each day, preferably in some sort of constructive work.

The equipment employed to safeguard the health of the students is a recently installed X-ray which is used in examinations. The ultra violet ray, the high frequency and sinusoidal currents with an excellent arrangement for nose and throat work are a part of the complete office equipment.

The College hospital, supervised by a trained nurse, provides well for the more serious cases of illness. A trained lady nurse for the women's dormitory, and also a gentleman graduate nurse for the men's dormitory are always ready for service.

The charge for the doctor's services either in the office, home, or hospital and the nursing and general hospital care are placed at a very low rate so that each student may have the best of professional care if illness should occur.

Bells

Would you believe it?—Forty-two times a day there sounds a ringing and a dinging of bells about our college campus, enough hours in beauty sleep, or that it is only five minutes before class meets, or that already the door is closing against tardy "Eds" and coeds, or that a savory meal is cooked and waiting to be served, or that we may be seated at the dining tables, or that someone has an announcement to make, or that it is time for vespers where the dean may dispense much-needed advice on how to live another day punctuated by the ringing and the dinging of the bells. Sometimes it seems as if we never should get used to being belled around so much. And one night, as if we did not hear enough of bells during the day, the master clock went off on a tangent and diligently rang the electric bells twice an hour from midnight till dawn.

Perhaps it was because of lack of experience that Edgar Allen Poe left the College bells out of his famous poem. If he had once begun to write about them, I'm very sure his chimings and his rhymings would have lengthened into an epic. And where would he have found words to describe all the happy thought the sounds of these bells ring into our minds when we hear them in memory?

It doesn't take many weeks to soften our irritation at living according to schedule into an intense longing to hear the markers of the schedule again. Before an ordinary vacation is over most of us are homesick for even the rising bell.

Here at E. M. C. the great bell on the College building jars our pleasant dreams at 5:30 A. M. Those who aspire to greatness arise then, but the rest of us turn over to dream again.

All my life long I'll never hear a college bell without thinking of all the big things the one at E. M. C. rang into our school days. It not only calls us to keep tryst with each new day but it proclaims in stately tones the chapel hour—that period of devotion and inspiration, when our president reproves and counsels the men and women of tomorrow who sit before him today.

At twelve noon that same bell closes the morning session, announces the dinner hour and sends every last one of us rushing to the dormitories to feed our hungry selves, and perhaps to find the weekly letters from home or friends.

I'll never hear an ordinary handbell rung anywhere in the world—Shanghai or Timbuktu without thinking of the mornings one has rung at school to awaken the late sleepers.

It calls to morning prayers and evening vespers, too—those fifteen minute periods when Birch Hall girls meet in their own assembly room for worship.

There is another bell that is exclusively Birch Hall property which hovers over the kitchen roof. It's use is obvious, and it has a friendly tone that endears it to our hearts through the same old way that leads to a man's heart.

One little bell that rings by a tap on its head is worthy of the last but not least mention. It is our matron's special mascot and by it she rules our dining-room, and incidentally us. Oh, the tinkle of that little bell
And the ringing of the bigger bell,—
Dinner bell.
Hear the hand bell as its chime
Wakes us to a sense of time,
Making all the day seem like a rhyme
O bells, bells, bells.
Listen to the chapel bell—
To the tale it has to tell
To the youth that passes by:
Let not aspiration die
But swell, swell, swell.
Like the music of the bells—
Chapel bell, dinner bell, rising bell—
All the college bells.

—By a Student

College's Missionary Feature

Foreign missions is a live topic at Emmanuel Missionary College. One hundred twenty-two graduates of the institution have entered foreign service under the denominational mission board, and alumni on furlough almost always give the college a call. Foreign mission bands meet regularly to study conditions in the heathen world, the members signifying their readiness to accept a call to overseas service should Providence point in that direction.

Weekly collections for missions are taken at the college, practically every student giving regularly. Once in three months a special mission service is held, the latest of which called out an offering of $438 for work among the Indians of the Lake Titicaca region in Peru, South America.

Once a year the members of Emmanuel Missionary College enlist the help of their friends and neighbors in supporting their missions program. No other college activity develops more enthusiasm or co-operation on the campus. Committees are appointed, territory is distributed, transportation is arranged, many wishes are heard for fair weather.

Last October thirty bands were organized for a two-days drive, visiting cities, towns, and farms from South Haven on the north to Valparaiso on the south, and from Three Rivers to the Lake. An attractive magazine had been prepared, containing pictures and stories from the year's work in heathen lands, for free distribution to the public. Everybody was given a chance to contribute, and few refuse. Many gifts of fifty dollars and twenty-five dollars were received from business firms, ten-dollars donations were quite common, and the many smaller offerings from individuals helped to raise the grand total.

The goal has always been three thousand dollars, and never have they failed to reach it, though sometimes it has taken a strong pull at the end. The exact figures for 1924 were $3107.50.

Students who have had several year's experience say that the public is divided into two classes, those who give regularly to missionary societies in their own churches, and those who do not. As a rule the former are easier to solicit and more generous, doubtless because they are better informed on missionary questions in general, and more in sympathy with such efforts. However, many non-church goers take this opportunity of doing their bit for those less fortunate.

President and Mrs. Griggs, who last June severed their connection with the College to accept a call to educational work in the Far East, sailed form Vancouver Aug. 20, and will locate in Shanghai. They were accompanied by their son, Dr. Donald Griggs, an E. M. C. literary graduate of the class of '22, and recently of California, who, with his wife, will take up medical missionary work in China. Through its recent president the school will be in direct touch with the Orient, which will add materially to the already established interest in foreign missions.

Social Activities

That man is a social being is indicated by the fact that each year at the College a series of very interesting and helpful social events is planned.

The chief social event at the beginning of the college year is the reception of the new students by the college faculty. The students and teachers are made to feel at least remotely acquainted by an evening of introductions, hand-shaking, speeches, and music. This first program seems to "break the ice" and before many weeks pass students heretofore unacquainted are seen strolling about the campus enjoying the privileges of new acquaintance.

As a visitor enters the college dining room he is impressed with the pleasant social atmosphere. It seems to be the intention of the faculty that the dining room be a place of social culture. The tables are reseated frequently enough so that by the end of the year nearly every dormitory student knows every other student.

Among the social evenings of the year most enjoyed by the students are those devoted to the regular college lyceum course. Such lectures as travelogues, inspirational talks, stereopticans, and educational motion pictures are delivered. This year's course promises such numbers as the Florentine Trio of Chicago; Gorst, the bird man; Edgar Guest, the poet; and Lowell Thomas, world traveler and lecturer.

"From these lectures the student gains a knowledge of world affairs which prepares him for life's duties," said Paul N. Pearce, chairman of the lecture course committee.

Society Fostered by E.M.C

To foster the social life at Emmanuel there have been instituted literary, inspirational, musical and scientific organizations. Each is unique in itself, giving to its members a broader and more complete vision.

Patterning after ancient Rome the

(Continued on next page.)

AGRICULTURAL
DEPARTMENT

Holstein Cattle

Holstein cattle for sale, ranging in ages from a few weeks to mature animals.

Leghorn Chicks

Tancred S. C. W. Leghorn Chicks and pullets in season.

Phone 87 J

Emmanuel Missionary College

(Conclusion)

young ladies of Birch Hall have organized a society known as "The Forum." One hour a week is devoted to the discussion of the problems that concern the young woman of today. Any resident of Birch Hall is eligible.

"Every Man's Club" is a society composed of the young men of Maple Hall. At different times prominent speakers are invited to address the young men on problems that are of vital interest. This organization to which every man of Maple Hall is eligible, gives a brighter and more comprehensive outlook on the work which lies before the Christian young man.

From the wilds of the Dark Continent came the name for our literary and scientific club, "Induna." This society holds meetings twice a month, one meeting being a "closed session" and the other being open to the entire student body. Questions of literary, scientific and political importance are taken up and discussed.

Of great importance in the school activities comes, The Student Association which includes in its membership every matriculated student. The scope of the activities controlled by this organization through its executive committee and student-teacher council includes the editing and publishing of its official organ, "The Student Movement" magazine, the management and conducting of the annual soliciting for missions, maintenance of decorum at public gatherings, and such features and activities as may reasonably come within the sphere of this organization.

Poetry has its place in the "Reboses Club." This club is to promote, foster the study, production, and appreciation of poetry by the students. In this group we find many promising poets.

Rapidly increasing in importance as a school factor is our college orchestra. The number of instruments is being increased constantly, causing the organization to rapidly approach the standard of a symphony orchestra. Twice during the year the best of classical and standard music is given in important public concerts.

Besides the ones mentioned are various other clubs that help to give the student a more perfectly rounded education.

Station W E M C.

In the spring of 1923, there came to this institution a young man by the name of John E. Fetzer from Purdue University. Not long after he appeared, innumerable wires were noticed streaming from the window of his room in Maple Hall, the men's dormitory. It was not long before everyone realized that something was going on in the little radio "world" which he had set up in his room. Other young men became interested in the "game." One cannot control or set bounds about genius, and it was not long before these young men had set up a ten-watt broadcasting station in the peak of the old College tower. There they worked out their experiments.

No one knew what could be accomplished with this pile of "junk" such as rusty wire, insulators and amplifiers that was collected in the little room in the tower. Word immediately went around that the College had a broadcasting station. These men kept on working day and night until eventually news reached us through the "Radio News" that this "baby" station had been heard in sunny France.

So tremendous was the interest manifested in this that the College friends immediately began to search for apparatus that would better serve the purpose of the station. These young men scouted about until they found a station in Indiana which had been abandoned because of a lack of broadcasting talent. This station had been heard in Hawaii. But the College had no money with which to purchase this equipment. These men were undaunted. They studied and prayed until a solution of the problem presented itself. It was decided to ask a benevolent friend of the College to donate a sufficient amount of money to purchase the station. Correspondence with this friend proved successful.

It was not long after this that the station was on the ground "bought and paid for." Then began the real work. For months, day and night, these same young men by whose efforts this station was brought here, worked, improving, rebuilding, and putting in first-class shape the apparatus which was later to be named the "Radio Lighthouse."

In six months, everything was in readiness. The first concert proved successful. Letters, telegrams, and telephone messages poured into the office during half of the night. It was evident that the work of the station would be a success. From February until July programs were broadcasted regularly.

In the summer of 1924, the station had already been heard from Edmonton, Alberta to Florida; and from Quebec to Texas. The reception of our programs in 38 states in America has been verified, and a report was heard in July to the effect that KFGZ had been "picked up" by the wireless operator on the Dutch S. S. "Batavia" in the North Sea. The management felt pleased that this and other foreign records could be established during so brief a period of operation. The station has also been heard at Liverpool, England.

From All Parts of the World

Thirty-one states and twelve foriegn countries are represented among the 437 students at Emmanuel Missionary College according to the latest reports from the registrars office of the school.

In the class rooms are students from Canada, West Indies, South America, The Canal Zone, Germany, Holland, Denmark, China, Korea, India, Siam, and South America. A total of seven percent of the students enrolled are from outside the United States, the figures indicate.

Over one third of the student body came from states other than Michigan. California, Colorado, Florida, Maine, Oregon, and Texas are among the states represented.

A large percent of these students expect to earn the greater part of their expenses in the industrial plants connected with the college which provides these plants for the benefit of the students.

It is possible for as many as 150 to earn enough to pay their entire way through college each year, officials of the school state. Among the plants provided by the institution is a print shop; a carpentry and woodwork shop, a cannery, a laundry, a dairy, and a poultry farm.

Pres. Wolfkill Optimistic for E M C Future

"There shall be no Alps" seems to be the slogan adopted by President G. F. Wolfkill of Emmanuel College when it comes to the completion of the college auditorium, the foundation of which was begun three years ago.

The auditorium contemplated for the college will be constructed of steel and brick, with a seating capacity of eight hundred. The main floor will be used for a chapel and as a church. The assembly or lecture room below will be used as an auditorium and recreation center, according to President Wolfkill.

Those residents of Berrien County who contributed to the erection of this building a few years ago may now feel that their efforts are not in vain. It is pointed out that building programs at institutions of this character go slowly unless there is an endowment or other proceeds which can be used for construction purposes. For a number of years the college has been glad to welcome members of the various county agricultural associations to the college for their annual meetings which have been held in the main auditorium. It seems that a seating capacity of eight hundred will be none too large for the friends of the college and the student body which now numbers nearly five hundred.

"College Brand" Foods Educate the Taste

—FOR—

WHOLESOME QUALITY

—BUY—

COLLEGE BRAND

CANNED FOODS

Golden Wax Beans	Stringless Green Beans
Red Cherries	Strawberry Jam
Nut Foods	Strawberries
Black Raspberries	Red Raspberries
Black Raspberry Jam	Red Raspberry Jam

Packed by

EMMANUEL MISSIONARY COLLEGE

Berrien Springs, Mich,

E. M. C.

Mechanical Department

SPECIALIZES IN

Ironing Boards	Special Trim
Clothes Driers	Colonades
Wash Benches	Kitchen Cupboards
Rockerless Rockingchairs	Window Blinds
Alcove tables and seats	Window Frames
Porch Seats	Special Sash
Cup Doors	

Windows and doors screens for every purpose.

Write for prices

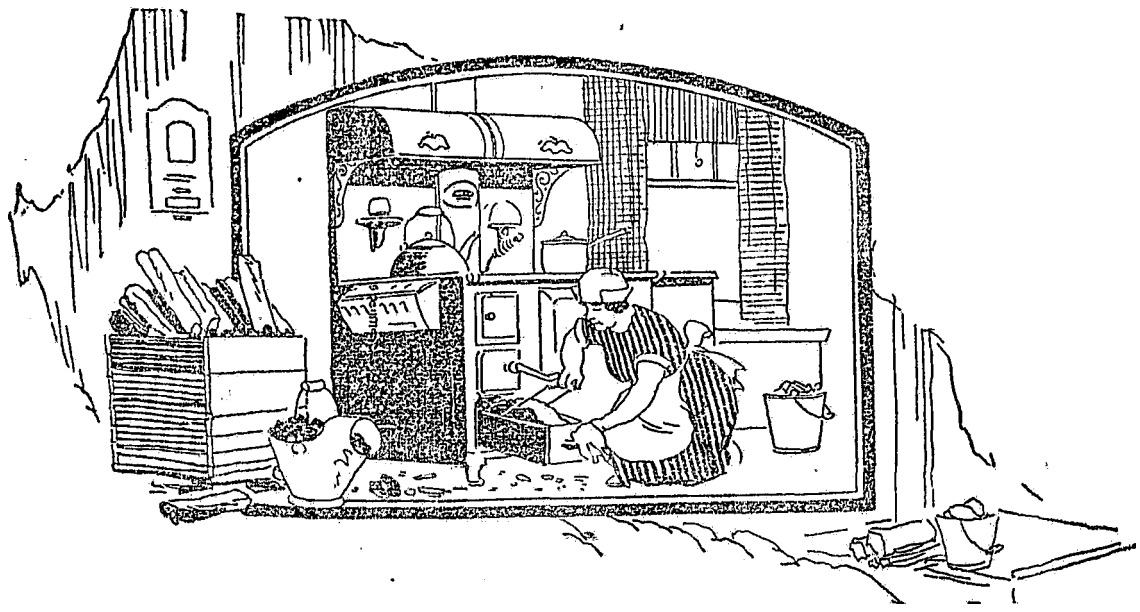
QUALITY—SPEED—PROMPTNESS

College Supply Store

Groceries, School Supplies and Notions

PHONE 148 J

QUALITY — SERVICE — RELIABILITY



Women Who Operate Their Own Gas Plants

WOMEN who use coal or wood in their stoves, really cook with gas—but it's gas of their own manufacture.

They buy fuel in the raw (just as we do) and then endure drudgery, dirt, soot, smoke and ashes before they finally convert it into fire.

We take the raw fuel, treat it to recover valuable by-products, dispose of the useless residue and deliver the clean, useful element—gas fuel—direct to you through a pipe.

"If it's done with Heat--you can do it Better with GAS"

Ten million American women have already junked their individual gas plants and have cast their fuel burdens on the gas companies. Other women are joining them at the rate of 400,000 a year.

NILES GAS LIGHT CO.

Buchanan Division

SCHOOL PUPILS WRITE ABOUT SOUTH BERRIEN COUNTY

Of the sixty-three country school teachers who were asked to have their pupils write informational essays about their districts for the special Chamber of Commerce Booster edition of The Berrien County Record, thirteen responded with materials that showed a lot of work on the part of the teachers and the pupils. More than seventy essays were received.

The judges, Harold Stark, superintendent of the Buchanan schools, Rev. W. Maylan Jones, pastor of the Methodist Church, and Leon Wood, editor of The Record, found it a large task to read them and select the best from each district. From some more than one has been chosen for honors.

Unfortunately many of the teachers did not send a list of the numbered essays with the names of the pupils who wrote them. We are printing the pupils' names wherever possible, or the number given by the teacher, hoping that she will be able to inform us of the gifted ones who wrote acceptably. The teacher's name is printed with the name of the school district.

No attempt has been made to rank the essays, except in the district. We leave it to the readers of the Booster edition as to who did the best work in gathering and organizing information.

BERTRAND SCHOOL
Pearl Brooks, Teacher

Seventeen of Miss Brooks pupils took part in the essay writing, and it was hard to select two to print as typical of the big bunch.

WHERE I LIVE
By No. 3

I think I have a more interesting district to write about than any other child in any other district. One of the most interesting parts of Bertrand is its history, so I will begin with it first.

About two hundred thirty years ago a little place known as Bertrand was founded by a French trader, Joseph Bertrand. Bertrand was the home of the Pottawattami Indians. It was once owned by France, England, and Spain. The main road through Bertrand today was then a trail for the Sauk Indians whose homes were in Green Bay, Wisconsin, and were taking furs, blankets and pottery to the French trading post in Detroit, in exchange for beads, guns, trinkets and sometimes whisky, if they could get it. The Sauk trail became a stage coach road from Chicago to Detroit and later the U. S. mail road in 1825.

Bertrand married Madelin, daughter of the chief of the Pottawattamies. The Indians were removed in 1833 to Kansas, but Bertrand and his wife didn't go until 1858, because the trading advantages were better here. He was then ninety years old, but in good health.

The village flourished from 1832 to 1848 and then, on account of the building of M. C. R. R. through Niles, the stopping of the steamboat, keelboat and stage traffic, the people made large rafts and put their houses on them and floated them down the river to Niles and thus reduced the population. There were at one time over one thousand inhabitants, even dry goods stores, various other stores, a number of hotels, one of them being four stories high, a Catholic church, St. Mary's academy, later moved to its present location just north of South Bend.

Squire D. C. Higbee was postmaster for fifty years. The postoffice was in a building on Chicago avenue, which is still standing. He died in 1902, being ninety years old.

People who have lived in cities are very glad to live in so quiet a place as Bertrand, where they can raise chickens, a cow, pigs, and a garden and still work in South Bend, a city of 104,000 population, seven miles distant, or in Niles, three miles away, with a population of 7,000. They can get a bus or an interurban that runs every half hour.

We have the St. Joseph river, and have fresh air, good water and beautiful scenery. We have one and one-half miles of macadam known as the Dixie highway. Bertrand has the second bridge across the St. Joseph river from South Bend, the telephone from Niles, and electricity from Buchanan.

Bertrand has twenty-five farms, but the rest of the land is divided into lots with comfortable houses on them. Those who have farms are: The Roths, 110 acres; W. King, 33; C. Poynter, 8; E. Brothers, 35; W. Schroeder, 13; The Hastings, 40; F. Dignan, 35; B. Rosenberger, 6; A. Schlindwein, 10; S. Papai, 16; J. Dwyer, 9; C. Washburn, 28; W. Zientowski, 133; A. Abraham, 40; J. Vida, 40; E. Walsh, 149; A. Kanarr, 35; S. Purucker, 38; The Kerseys, 100; J. Fisher, 13; A. Barcus, 16½; A. Kale, 5; C. Bolon, 50; C. W. Bookwalter, 24.

The different kinds of soil are: sand, clay and gravel loam. We raise vegetables, corn, potatoes, wheat, white beans, oats, rye, bulbs and some fruits. The fruits are apples, plums, peaches and cherries. There are about fifty acres of alfalfa. There are 377 people in Bertrand. There are a few dairy cows, but are kept for home use.

Our school is a two-room standard school. The census roll has 117 from the ages of five to twenty years. The school house is lighted electrically. We have a Parent-Teacher association one year old, that is interested in us and helped us get $100 worth of playground equipment.

Last year our school banked 100% throughout the year. We are also taking the Health Crusade and expect to win a national pennant. We are trying to raise $100 for library books this year, as books teach us how to read, keeps us from thinking and doing bad things, and when we grow up furnishes self entertaintainment. Last year our school was second in the Berrien County spelling contest. We have a baseball team and have formed a basketball team. The pupils names, grade and standing are:

8th Grade—Russel Ryor, G; Elmer Babcock, G; Rector Weaver, G; Arthur Barcus, G plus; Hazel Kale, G plus; Florence Zientowski, G minus; Mary Dwyer, G; Victoria Abraham, E.

7th Grade—Clarice Milner, G; Joseph Turk, G minus; John Bolon, G; James Bookwalter, E; Evelyn Eiman, G; Bernard Walsh, G; Doris Whitmore, G; Arthur Samson, G.

6th Grade—Thomas Walsh, E; Richard Walsh, G plus; William Pawlak, G; Henry Purucker, G; Glen Purucker, G; Joseph Nemeth, G; Alice Zientouski, G; Albert Kanarr, G; Theo Fairchilds, G; Louis Vida, G; Forest Brant, G.

5th Grade—Joseph Cady, G; Elinor Eiman, G; Mary Bolon, G minus; Helen Kale, G plus; Rae Groshans, G minus; Otho Fisher, G; Edward Calloway, G; Mae Rosenberger, G plus; Marie Schnellie, G; Everett Curtis, G; Joe Bolon, G; Jack Turk, G minus.

The teachers names are Miss Erna Garlenger and Miss Pearl Brooks.

Our district has no church, but do not think that we have neglected religion. On the boundary of our district is the Bertrand Community church, which our district helped to build. We attend church in South Bend, Niles and Notre Dame.

That is a pretty thorough account of the district. Another one is about the same subject. We print it, omitting the lists of names, just to show that the work was original.

IT CAN'T BE BEAT
By No. 18

I think our district is very interesting.

Bertrand is very old. It was founded by a Frenchman, Joseph Bertrand, about two hundred and thirty years ago. Its main street, Chicago avenue, was once the Sauk Indian's trail, extending from Detroit to Green Bay, Wisconsin. It was later used as a stagecoach line from Detroit to Chicago. Lasalle is thought to have stopped at Bertrand many times on his voyages up and down the St. Joseph river. Bertrand has been owned by Spain, France and England. Bertrand was at first a trading post, and Joseph Bertrand built his first house on the Adolph Mohn farm, just across the river. Joseph Bertrand married Madelin, daughter of Topenebee, head chief of all the Pottawatamies. In 1833 the Pottawatamies were taken to the Kansas reservation, but Joseph Bertrand and his wife, Madelin, did not go to the reservation until 1858.

Bertrand has many advantages; they are: getting electricity from the substation at Niles, its location on the Dixie highway, the Northern Indiana and Southern Michigan railway passes through our district, the Michigan Central railroad and the bus line run through here too. We are seven miles from South Bend, a city of 104,000 people, and three miles from Niles, a city of 7000 people.

Bertrand is at the second bridge from South Bend. There are many country homes here and quite a few have Niles telephones.

There are twenty-six farms in the district, but not a single farmer makes his whole living off the farm. Many people have small homes and work in South Bend and Niles. (He lists the farms, with acreage and number of people.) The crops that are raised are corn, wheat potatoes, bulbs, hay, grapes and vegetables. There aren't very many fruit trees. About 50 acres of alfalfa is raised.

The dairy cows that are kept are Jersey, Guernsey, Holstein, and are kept mostly for home use. A certain family kept a record of butter made and they found that it was five hundred twenty-one pounds of butter for one year from two Jersey-Guernsey cows.

There are one and one-half miles of macadam road, four and one-half miles of gravel road, five miles of dirt road.

We have a two-room, electrically lighted standard school. There are one hundred seventeen pupils in the census roll. The Parent-Teachers association helped us get one hundred ninety dollars worth play ground equipment. The equipment consists of a slide, a giant stride, a set of swings, a baseball outfit, and a basketball outfit. We have school banking and the pupils of all the grades except the eighth grade are taking the Health Crusade. We are raising money to get library books. Bertrand has second place in the spelling championship of Berrien county. The pupils are deeply interested in civic pride and have a great educational interest. (He gives the names and grades of the pupils in various grades.)

There is no church in our district, but about ninety-five percent of the people go to church and we are helping to build a community church just on the boundary of our district.

WEST THREE OAKS
Mrs. C. McKenzie, Teacher

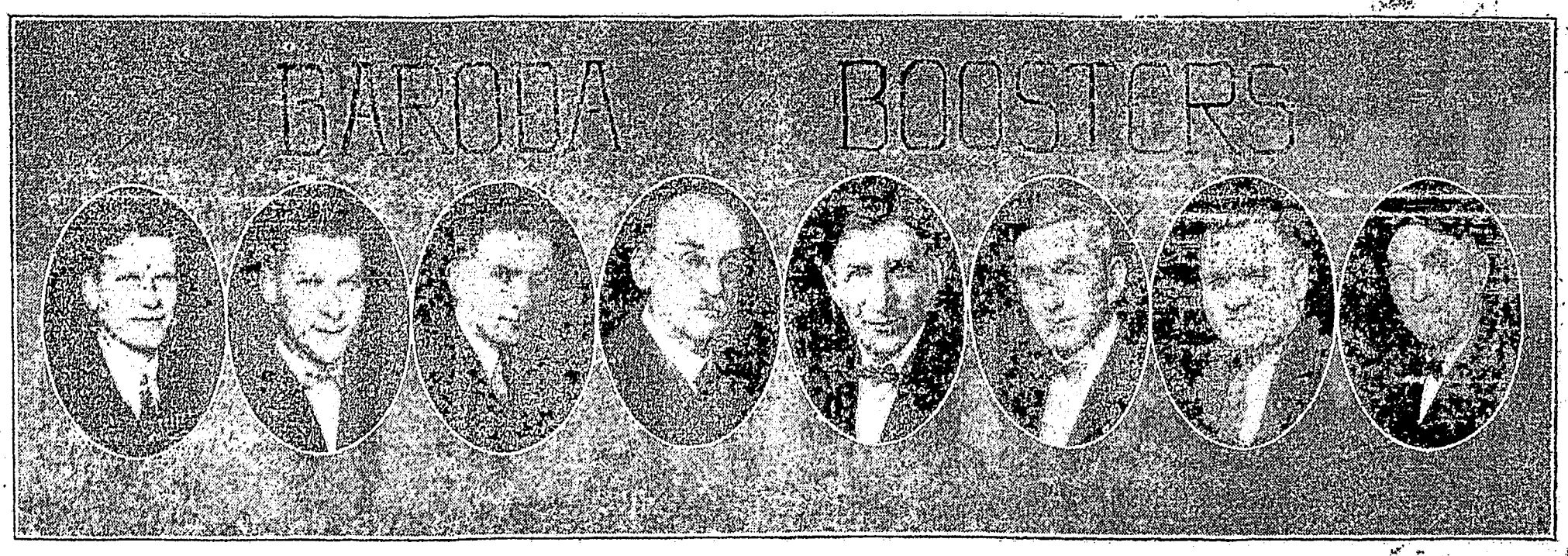
Here we find no name of the pupils who competed—eight of them. They did some very close work. A comprehensive tabulation of the farm crops was worked out, but cannot be printed for want of room.

WEST THREE OAKS SCHOOL
By No. 3

The district is located in the south western part of the county. The school house is two miles from Three Oaks. It is a one room building, situated in the south central part of the district, with one-half acre play ground. Twenty-five scholars attend school. The eighth grade is the largest, having six pupils.

There are about forty-three farms in the district, with a total acreage of about 3,144 acres. Most every farm has quite a variety of different kinds of soils, such as sand, clay, muck and gumbo. The result is a great variety of crops, as wheat, corn, oats, barley, potatoes and hay, as well as many kinds of vegetables. Many fruits too are found on almost every farm—apples, pears, peaches, plum and cherry trees are found in abundance, while many farms raise grapes, raspberries, strawberries and dewberries, not only for home use, but for the market as well. Only two or three farmers in the whole community are without cattle, most farmers keeping enough not only for their own use, but market consid-

(Continued on next page.)



E. NITZ E. TOLLAS R. TOLLAS H. K. NOLD E. W. KRAUS J. REICH E. E. BRUNER C. PRIEBE

School Pupils Write About So. Ber. Co.

(Conclusion)

erable milk and cream.

We have 11 miles of road made of asphalt, gravel, stone and cinders. There are very few dirt roads in the district. All the roads are properly taken care of and repaired.

There are no churches in the district, but most of the people attend church in Three Oaks. The nearest postoffice is in Three Oaks, but a mail man delivers the mail to the farmers. The nearest city is Michigan City.

(The writer lists 46 farmers and in a table tells how many acres, Holstein, Jersey, Hereford and mixed cattle, apple, peach, pear, plum, quince, cherries, mulberries and crabapple trees they have. We print the names only.)

Ainsley, M., Bocensky, Childs, T. D., Mrs. Childs, Cibulka, F., Conrad, A. and G., Cleck, J., Gluth, A., Gluth, E., Hatfield, G., Hesie, L., Jelinek, J., Koth, K., Koth, O., Kane, Mrs. J., Kataska, J., Kozlsloska, A., Kardyka, F., Lee, Dan, Lange, J., Leathermen, W., Long, J., Lange, H., Luso, Mrs., McCarten, F., McCarten, E. H., McCarten, E. and M., McCarten, C., Meyers, W., Novacek, J., Paff, C., Rist, M., Ray, S., Schelley, F., Stump, F., Stump, J., Van Wienan, J., Vary, W., Vetterly, Mrs. Ed., Wells, A., Waldo, F., Wahll, J., Warren, C. K., Zebell, W., Zebell, A., Statmiller.

Names of Pupils:

8th Grade—Cibulka, Frank, 15; Ray, Anna, 15; Van Wienen, Elizabeth, 14; Cleck, Frances, 14; Gluth, Minnie, 13; Zebell, Maynard, 14.

7th—Van Wienen, Minetta, 12; Prestine, Warren, 14.

6th—Novacek, Anton, 13; Long, Lucille, 12.

5th—Fleck, Vancel, 11; Zebell, Louise, 11; Jelinek, John, 11.

4th—Novacek, Bessie, 9; Cleck, Josephine, 9; Jelinek, Edward, 8.

3rd—Wihal, Victor, 8; Kalaski, Stanley, 8; Slovak. Edward, 9.

2nd—Fleck, Mildred, 6; Cibulka, Mildred, 6; Slovah, Rose, 6.

1st—Van Wienen, John, 6; Novak, Jesse, 6; Jelenik, Ernest, 6.

MEAD SCHOOL

Miss Lillie Schaub, Teacher

This essay contains an immense amount of information, which has taken much time to compile.

OUR DISTRICT

By No. 1

There are twenty-five farms in District Number five. Their owners are:

Mr. Wales. He owns 25 acres: 1½ acres alfalfa. He raises grain and fruit. He is farming 8 acres. The trees are apples and peaches. He has one dairy cow, Holstein, butter fat test is 4.

Mr. Herrman owns 20 acres and raises 129 fruit trees: apples, plum, cherry and pears. His crops are fruit and vegetables. One Jersey cow, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. B. D. Davis has 20 acres. Raises apples and pears, also some vegetables.

Mr. B. C. Geyer owns 90 acres and farms 90 acres. Has 20 fruit trees, apples, pears, peach and cherries. He raises 9 acres alfalfa and 6 dairy cattle, Jerseys.

Mr. R. N. Haslett has 120 acres, raises fruit and grain; has 700 peach trees, 700 apple trees, 30 acres of alfalfa, 6 cattle, Guernsey.

Mr. R. O. Zerber owns 80 acres, has 48 fruit trees, apples, cherry and peach. He raises 8 acres of alfalfa. He also has 12 head of cattle, Guernsey.

Mr. John Naugle owns 55 acres, raises grain and truck; has 110 fruit trees, apples, pears and cherries.

Mr. C. Ritter has 20 acres and 500 peach trees. Raises truck.

Mr. Postlewaite owns 20 acres. He has a summer home on it.

Mr. F. Montgomery is the owner of 1 Guernsey cow and is farming 29 acres. He owns 50 acres. Raises grain and vegetables.

Mr. C. Baker owns 80 acres and is farming 40 acres. Raises grain and 2 acres of alfalfa; 4 Holstein cattle, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. Cagle owns 20 acres and he is building a house on it.

Mr. Bouchman owns 50 acres. Raises wheat, corn, oats and potatoes; has 2 Holstein cows.

Mr. A. Denno is the owner of 70 acres and 17 fruit trees. apples, cherries and pears; 1 Guernsey cow, butter fat test is 4.

Mr. Geo. Shipperly owns 16 acres, [illegible] and truck; 40 fruit trees; apples, pear, plum, and cherry. He has 2 acres alfalfa; 1 Jersey cow, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. B. Weaver owns 100 acres, 32 fruit trees, apples, pear and cherry. He is farming 90 acres.

Mr. Pease rents Mr. C. A. Hallock's farm of 130 acres and is farming 100 acres corn, 10 acres alfalfa, potatoes, rye and spelts. He has 6 cows, Jerseys, butter fat test is 4½.

Mr. F. L. Chilcoat and his mother own 11 acres with 902 fruit trees. They are peach, apple and plum, 3½ acres of alfalfa; 2 Jersey cows.

Mrs. E. Mitchell owns 50 acres and raises 7 acres of alfalfa. She has one Jersey cow.

Mr. H. N. Capen owns 20 acres; 2 acres of alfalfa, 1 Guernsey cow. He has 100 fruit trees, peach, apple and pear.

Mr. Bliss owns 180 acres; 39 fruit trees, apple and pear; 3 Jersey cows.

Mr. I. Long owns 80 acres; 5 Guernsey dairy cows; 13 fruit trees, apples and pears.

Mr. Ed. Brouns owns 40 acres; 48 fruit trees, peach, cherry and pears; 15 acres alfalfa; 2 Jersey cows, butter fat test is 4.

Mr. Shrowder owns 40 acres, 1 Guernsey cow, butter fat test 4½; ½ acre alfalfa; 5 cherry trees.

Mr. B. Burdett owns 20 acres of land. He has 10 fruit trees, apple and cherry. He also has 2 acres of alfalfa.

The different soils found on the farms in this district are sandy loam, gravel and clay. There are 19 pupils in our school: Elsie Herrman, Junior Earl Gordon, Charles Wales, Eleanore Naugle, Leonard Pease, are all in the first grade. Thelma Bliss is the only pupil in the second grade; and on the third grade, Mary Jane Zerbe.

Dorothy Shipperly and Theo. Buland are in the fourth grade, Emily Wales, Tommy Zerbe and Russell Wales are in the fifth grade. Ollie Buland and Florence Shipperly are in the sixth grade. Ethel Buland, Charles Davis and Ralph Zerbe are in the seventh grade. George Shipperly and Robert Geyer are in the eighth grade.

Miss Lillian Schaub is our teacher. The nearest postoffice is in Buchanan. Buchanan is the nearest trading center. Niles is the nearest city.

WEESAW NO. 1

Archie C. Morley, Teacher

By No. 1

District information of Weesaw township, District number 1. We have about 60 farmers in our district and the names are as follows:

Burr Nelson has 56 acres and rents the farms.

Joe Smith has 48 acres and 10 acres cultivated, all kinds of fruit trees and 1 cow.

Wilbur Smith, 100 acres and all kinds of fruit trees and 7 cows.

Charley Shaw has 160 acres and rents farm.

Henry Stauffer has 30 acres and a few apple trees and 5 cows.

Clarence Haynes, 40 acres and a few pear trees and 2 cows.

Worth Leo Kennedy has 10 acres.

Dell Blackman, 15 acres and 3 cows; has fruit trees.

George Boyce, 40 acres and has sold his farm.

Con Kelley has 1 acre and a few apple trees.

Ray Weaver, 240 acres, with fruit and 5 cows.

Clarence Weaver, 80 acres and rents.

Dick Beeson has 160 acres, with a few trees and 3 cows.

Lewis Houch, 20 acres and few fruit trees.

Samuel Woollet, ½ acre and a few trees.

Dick Reybuck, 17 acres and all kinds of fruit trees and 1 cow.

John Pletcher rents.

Jerry Wetzel has 77 acres and all kinds of fruit trees and 2 cows.

August Mensinger, 20 acres, and 2 cows and a few fruit trees.

George Kool, 80 acres and rents.

August Klug, 80 acres and a few fruit trees and 2 cows.

A. Rosenthal has a few fruit trees and 3 cows.

S. Stevens, 80 acres and 3 cows and a few fruit trees.

Albert Rick, 120 acres and 4 cows and fruit trees.

George Hartline, 10 acres and 1 cow, with a few fruit trees.

Mrs. Wilkins, 20 acres and a few fruit trees.

Wm. Strauss, 20 acres and 1 cow.

Lawrence Strauss, 40 acres and 2 cows, and a few fruit trees.

Jog Pazder, 23 acres and fruit trees and 1 cow.

George Washburn, 38 acres and fruit trees.

Victor Styburske, 14 acres and 1 cow and trees.

Mr. Priebe, with a few fruit trees and 2 cows and 10 acres.

Miles Devoe, 10 acres and a few fruit trees.

Clem McClellan, with 1 apple tree.

Bill Gardener, 1 acre.

Charley Oris, 70 acres and 1 cow and a few fruit trees.

Emil Villard, has just bought 10 acres.

Gene Boyce, 14 acres and fruit trees.

Mr. Crandell, ½ acre.

Mr. Kruge, ½ acre and 1 peach tree.

George Allen, 1 acre and a few fruit trees.

Edd. Shepardson, 50 acres and 2 cows.

Ale Shepardson, 80 acres and 11 cows.

Guy Shepardson, 40 acres and 3 cows.

James Raber, 65 acres and 1 cow and a few fruit trees.

Charley Klug, 2 acres and 1 cow and a few trees.

We have in our district wheat, oats, peppermint, buckwheat, pickles, sugar beets and berries, and we also have 10 acres of alfalfa.

We have 10 miles of stone road and 3 miles of gravel road and 5 miles of dirt road.

Our school is a 1-room country school and it consists of 40 children.

The kinds of soil are clay, sand and muck and gravel.

Names of pupils and standings: Elliott Boyce, G; Vira Woolet, G; Fae Pletcher, G; Helen Pletcher, G; Raymond Woolet, G; Lidia Tador, G; Linda Tador, G; Ivan Yeske, E; Irgan Yeske, E; Caroline Yeske, G; Walter Yeske, G; Agnes Yeske, G; Walter Wetzel, G; Dale Wetzel, G; Kenneth Styburski, G; Ralph Styburski, G; Stanley Styburski, G; Irene Styburski, G; Josephine Kennedy, G; Fred Kennedy, G; Charles Kennedy, G; Paul Strauss, G; Helen Pazder, G; Isabell Pazder, G; Helen McClennan, G; Earl McClellan, G; Dewayne Pletcher, G; Clarence Pletcher, G; Fred Shanner, G; Virginia Shanner, G; Hope Kelley, G; Janet Kelley, G; Eugene Kelley, G; Fred Houck, G; Holdena Houck, G; Marjorie Weaver, E; Delbert Dean Pierce, G; Donald Nelson, G.

The name of the teacher is Mr. Morley.

We have a German Lutheran Church, and the pastor is Mr. Krug, and it consists of 60 members.

The nearest postoffice is Glendora; the nearest city is Niles, and the nearest trading center is St. Joseph.

GEYER SCHOOL

Miss Ruth Agnes Hauser, Teacher

DISTRICT NO. 14, NILES TWP.

By No. 2

Our farm of seventy-four and one-half acres is located one and one-half miles north of Buchanan, Michigan, facing the St. Joe river.

The soil varies; a small portion is clay, sandy soil, muck, and gravel. The farm is generally rolling, with a high hill on the northeast corner.

On our farm we have 200 peach trees, 4 plum trees, 80 apple trees, 3 pear trees, 1500 grape plants at the bearing age.

The crops we raise are as follows: 11 acres of field corn, 5 acres of sweet corn, 1½ acres of white marafat or soup beans, 1½ acres of potatoes.

We have 4 cows, 1 Holstein, 1 Jersey and the other two grades. We have 6 hogs, 14 sheep, 2 horses, 30 hens, they are Plymouth Rock hens.

There is about 1 mile of gravel road in the district and about 6½ miles of dirt and gravel mixed.

The names of the families in our district are as follows: Dan Ranahan, Charlie Zobac, Oden Mitchell, Ralph Johnson, William Beardsley, Arthur Mead, 40 acres; George Marks, 20 acres; G. W. Sherman, 27 acres; Clarence Huss, 112 acres; J. W. Terrell, 110 acres; Smith Bros., 120 acres; Guy Burk, 10 acres; Ray Banke, 10 acres; Bert Mason, 80 acres; M. Crouch, Earnie Bunker, 20 acres; Andrew Huss, 80 acres; Andrew Lyddick, 120 acres; Herbert Briney, 10 acres; Charlie Briney, 60 acres; Elmer Butts, 440 acres; Ben Watson, 32 acres; Bert Mason, 80 acres; William Beardsley, 32 acres; Charles Engles, 70 acres.

About 30% of every farm is maintained for dairy purpose, 60% for poultry. The other 5% is given over to various pursuits. There are about 100 acres of alfalfa.

There are about 1000 peach trees and about 5000 fruit trees.

There are three kinds of cattle: Jersey, Holstein and Guernsey. There are about 57 head of cattle.

The butter fat test is about 65.2. This high record is held by Andrew Huss. His cow is a Holstein.

There are about 1782 acres of cultivated land in our district.

The nearest postoffice is in Buchanan.

The nearest trading center is in Buchanan.

The distance from our farm is about two miles to school.

The school has a large playground and good grass sod. There is about three-fourths of an acre. There are six trees in the yard.

Ours is a one-room school house. It is painted white. It is not a standard school.

About 90 years ago there lived a man named Mr. Brodus. He lived on a farm next to the school house. Mr. Andrew Lyddick lives there now. He had several children and he wanted them to have a good education. So he donated a piece of land, the corner of his own field, to build a school house upon. We were greatly indebted to him. There was a man named Mr. Geyer that later taught.

The first director's name was Mr. James Swift.

The first teacher that taught our school was Mrs. Bently from Niles. When she taught our school they only had eight months of school. At that time about 40 pupils attended during the winter months.

Zullie Tuttle was the second teacher. Other teachers who have taught here are as follows: Mrs. Harry Marfield, Martha Sharp, Miss Emmy Weaver, Mrs. Mettie Revin, Frank Fish, Mrs. Mary Geyers, Mrs. Hattie Ireland, Mrs. Hattie Searls, Jim Woods, John Beckwith, John Platts, Josephine Swift, Flossie Bunker Meyers, Minnie Smith Lyddick, Jessie Baker Lightfoot, Fred Lyddick, Miss Agnes Philips, Mrs. Annie Sparks, Miss Edna Long, Miss Elma V. Marshall. We have this year Miss Ruth Agnes Bauser from Benton Harbor.

At present there are 16 pupils in attendance: Paul DeWitt, Irene Walkden, Seventh grade; Harry Penwell, Donabelle DeWitt, Donald Crouch, Anna Grace Ranahan, Mary Louise Beardsley, Fifth grade; Floy Huss, Louis Crouch, Third grade; Walter Marks, Second grade; Margaret DeWitt, Virginia Banke, Gertrude Crouch, First grade.

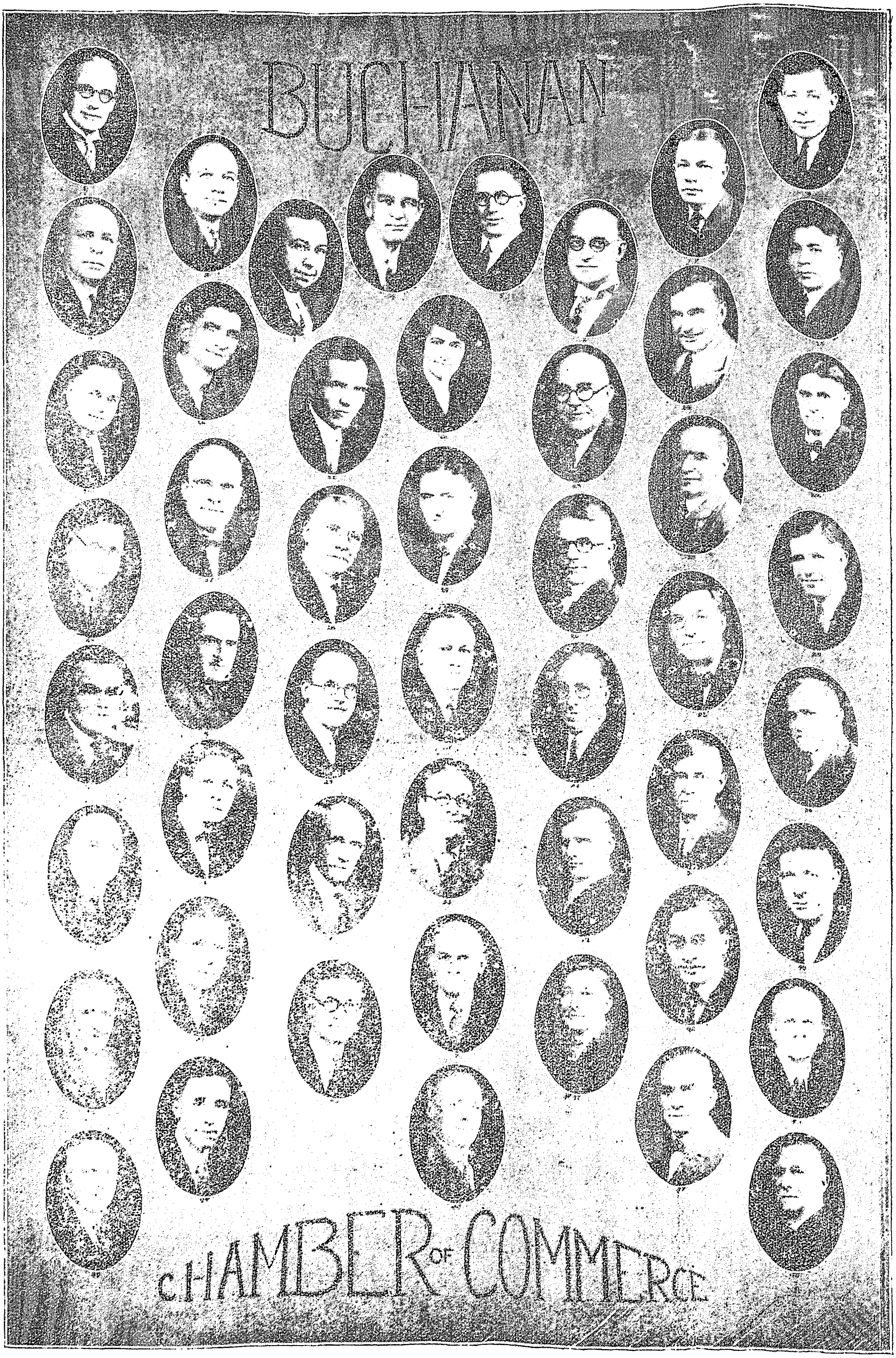
The pupils averaging 90% or above in all their studies are: Harry Penwell, Paul DeWitt, Margaret DeWitt, Gertrude Crouch.

I have lived in this district for eight years, and would rather live here than any other place else. I am proud of my home district and hope to see it grow and improve as the years pass.

Michigan Co-Op Elevators Do Great Business

One of the great outstanding services to Michigan farming by the Michigan State Farm Bureau was its aid in organizing the co-operative Michigan Elevator Exchange in 1920. For two years the baby exchange was operated as a department of the State Farm Bureau. Today, with 107 member farmers' elevators, the Exchange is standing on its own and often markets $1,000,000 worth of grain and beans a month for its 25,000 members. Its business for the year ending July 21, 1925 was $8,000,000.

The Elevator Exchange, with its central sales office in Lansing, in immediate touch with all markets, gives its members the great advantage of prompt information and its knowledge of market conditions. This has been worth many thousands of dollars to the participating co-operative farm communities. The Michigan Elevator Exchange is by far the largest handler of beans in Michigan today.



1, G. E. Smith; 2, B. Livingston; 3, F. Mead; 4, Al Charles; 5, H. Riley; 6, Dr. Strayer; 7, H. Stark; 8, W. Shoop; 9, Dr. Curtis; 10, Carl Hamilton; 11, M. Pearson; 12, C. Harms; 13, Wm. O'Donnel; 14, Phay Graffort; 15, Ralph De Nardo; 16, M. L. Ihrie; 17, R. Kale; 18, M. Gross; 19, R. Allen; 20, Wm. Donley; 21, A. Storti; 22, Mate Sands; 23 Dr. H. M. Beistle; 24, Fred Schwartz; 25, S. Rouse; 26, L. Campbell; 27, L. Wood; 28, H. Roe; 29, C. Landis; 30, Wm. Rynearson; 31, J. Rehm; 32, A. Hiller; 33, L. Desenberg; 34, H. Weiss; 35, H. Binns; 36, Dr. Godfrey; 37, H. Beck; 38, H. Hattenback; 39, M. Wideman; 40, F. C. Hathaway; 41, M. Wessendorf; 42, Wm. Bell; 43, L. Kolhoff; 44, John Camp; 45, M. Bartch; 46, J. Boyle; 47, Sig. Desenberg; 48, George Dressler; 49, F. Moyer; 50, C. D. Kent.

Buchanan Chamber of Commerce

Herewith is presented a complete list of the membership of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce—the men through whose enterprise and untiring energy this edition of The Record has been made possible. It will be observed that practically every business in Buchanan is represented, and we venture to say there is not a man on the list who does not esteem it a pleasure as well as a duty to do everything which lies within his power to further the interests of the village and of the entire county. This effort might have been made for Buchanan alone, but the men of Buchanan took the broader view of the situation and insisted that the effort should be for the benefit of the southern half of the county at least, assuming that the cities of St. Joe and Benton Harbor could very well take care of the north half. Here are their names and the various interests they represent:

Officers—Harleigh Riley, president; Ben Livingston, vice-president; Fred Mead, treasurer; M. L. Hanlin, director; Lyman L. Campbell, director; A. H. Hiller, director; Phay Graffort, director; Al W. Charles, secretary.

Members — Ralph Allen, hardware; H. P. Binns, wallpaper, paints, stationery; Leon Wood, Berrien County Record; Earl Beck, tires, radio; J. G. Boyle, St. Joseph Valley Shipping Association; H. H. Beck, meats and groceries; W. N. Brodrick, drugs; M. J. Bartch, Michigan Toy & Mfg. Co.; Dr. H. M. Beistle, dentist; D. L. Boardman, dry goods; Wm. Bell, Indiana & Michigan Electric Co.; A. S. Bonner, Clark Equipment Co.; L. L. Campbell, Campbell Transmission Co.; I. Clevenger, planing mill; Dr. O. Curtis, physician; Ralph De Nardo, confectionery; Louis Desenberg, dry goods and clothing; Sig. Desenberg, dry goods and clothing; Geo. Dressler, farmer; Wm. Donley, tobacco and billiard room; Geo. Foresman, Ford dealer; Dr. J. L. Godfrey, dentist; Leo Gombossi, tailor; M. Gross, dry goods and shoes; P. A. Graffort, Princess Theatre; Gafill Oil Co., gas station; A. H. Hiller, lumber and coal; Carl D. Hamilton, furniture and funeral director; H. A. Hattenbach, coal; A. L. Hamblin, jeweler; F. C. Hathaway, Clark Equipment Co.; Frank Habicht, Clark Equipment Co.; M. L. Hanlin, Clark Equipment Co.; M. L. Ihrie, photographer; C. D. Kent, postmaster; Rev. Roy Kale, Presbyterian Church; Leo Kolhoff, Overland and Willys-Knight cars; Chas. Landis, Buchanan State Bank; Ben Livingston, dry goods; D. P. Merson, meats; Wm. J. Miller, lumber; Floyd Mittan, restaurant; E. C. Mogford, Clark Equipment Co.; Fred Moyer, Studebaker cars and pianos; Fred Mead, barber; Niles Gas Light Co.; Wm. O'Donnell, financial agent; Chas. F. Pears, Pears-East Grain Co.; Martin Pearson, plasterer; Dan S. Robe, Michigan Central Railroad Co.; Herbert Roe, Buchanan State Bank; Harleigh Riley, Ind. & Mich. Electric Co.; Sam Rouse, Atlantic & Pacific Tea Co.; Wm. Rynearson, plumber; J. C. Rehm, variety store; A. Rohl, Indiana & Mich. Elec. Co.; E. B. Ross, Clark Equipment Co.; Mate Sands, meats and groceries; A. Storti, confectionery; Dr. J. C. Strayer, physician; Dr. W. E. Sargent, dentist; Walter Shoop, First National Bank; Fred Schwartz, cigars and tobacco; Glenn E. Smith, shoes; Harold Stark, Buchanan public schools; Dr. Robert Snowden, physician; Standard Oil Co.; Vogue Beauty Shop; Ira Wagner, retired; Henry Weiss, trucking contractor; A. Wessendorf, confectionery; Mearl Weideman, Flint autos; Dr. L. F. Widmoyer, chiropractor; A. A. Worthingotn, attorney; Al Houk, restaurant.

SOUTH BERRIEN CO. HAS MANY LAKES

Pretty Lakes Abound in Berrien County and Then There Is the Broad and Beautiful St. Joseph River.

For the summer visitor there is much of interest to be found in Berrien County. There are lakes and rivers innumerable and we shall not undertake to name them all. We shall name a few of the more important, however.

In connection with these natural beauty spots there is their historic associations which cannot fail to appeal to those who love to delve into the lore of the past. Near Summerville, a favorite camping spot on the St. Joe River, there are numerous Indian mounds, some of which have been explored but many still retain the secrets of the dead and buried past. This spot is located near Moccasion Bluff, a short distance from Buchanan, and was known to the earlier pioneers as a favorite camping place of the Indians who dwelt in this territory.

Then there is beautiful Batchelor's Island in the St. Joseph River, and a smaller island near it, which have their attraction for many. The smaller of these islands bears the name of Deb's Island. The more important lakes are Boyle Lake, Madron Lake, Convey Lake, Wagner Lake, Yellow Lake, Round Lake, Clear Lake, Weaver Lake. These lakes are all easily reached from Buchanan or any other place in the county, the roads in every direction in Berrien County being ideal.

In this connection it may not be out of place to state that according to the best information obtainable on the subject, Berrien County was named after one of General Jackson's secretaries; Buchanan after President James Buchanan, and that Bertrand township, this county, had the distinction in 1874 of having grown more wheat than any other township in the state.

Buchanan Incorporated Early in State's History.

The first plat of what was subsequently to become the Village of Buchanan was laid out by John Hamilton in 1842. To the original plat has been added at various times 10 additional plats, so that the Buchanan of today covers a considerable territory.

Buchanan was incorporated as a village on March 3, 1858, the first year after Michigan's transformation from a territory to a state. Its first village officers were: James M. Matthews, president; W. Rook, Dr. J. M. Roe, C. J. Ingersoll, Michael Hess, Alfred Richards, Daniel Fulton, trustees; J. W. Lister, W. Begole, assessors; N. B. Collins, clerk; B. R. Blanchard, treasurer.

Growth Not Rapid But Consistent.

The population at the time of its organization as a village was 820. Its population had grown to 2300 in 1878. The population today is over 3500, so that it can be consistently said that Buchanan has grown ever since it was organized. Its growth has not been as rapid as that of some other places in Michigan. Its growth, however, has been a consistent one, nothing having been done to force it unnaturally. There is every indication today to lead to the belief that its growth in the future will be more rapid than it has been in the past, for Buchanan has come to see that it occupies a strategic position in the valley of the St. Joe, which captains of industry declare is destined to become the great industrial center of the Middle West.

Many Desirable Things In Buchanan.

Buchanan has churches of practically every denomination, a school system which stands high in the esteem of the state educational authorities, a flare for athletics with a suitable and commodious athletic field, a fine Country Club a short distance from town, two good banks, stores of every kind and character, excellent transportation facilities, factories which give constant employment to nearly 2000 operatives, fraternal societies covering all the more desirable, good roads in every direction, hydro-electric power unlimited and extremely cheap, a good Chamber of Commerce, a building and loan association, a co-operative shipping association, a good flouring and feed mill, numbers of good garages fully equipped, a nice little picture theater, the Clark theater, a first-class band, a cracker-jack of a baseball team, a clean and modern hotel, bus connection with hourly service to Niles and South Bend, beautiful resort lakes nearby, the magnificent St. Joe River passing almost through the village, a good creamery, the Clark Equipment Co., the Campbell Transmission Co., a toy factory which is compelled to run night and day to keep up with its orders, a good semi-weekly newspaper, and many other things which make it in every way desirable as a place of residence.

When all is said and done, Buchanan does not fear the competition of any other town in Michigan. It has so many good things to offer that any of them will have to go some to match her possibilities and advantages.

"We need more houses in Buchanan. There is not a day passes that I do not receive from one to a dozen enquiries for houses from men who work here and want to bring their families to Buchanan."—Al W. Charles.

Good printing at The Record.

ONE OF BUCHANAN'S EARLIER PIONEERS

Toward the end of the year 1864 Frank A. Stryker came to Berrien County with his parents, who had purchased a farm of 120 acres in Bertrand township. They paid $7000 for the property, which was considered a high price in those days. The family came from Cayuga, N. Y., which place has contributed many of its natives toward the upbuilding of Michigan.

When the subject of this sketch arrived at the age of 17 he became a teacher in the rural schools and followed that profession successfully for years. He was appointed agent of the American Express Co. at Buchanan in 1891 and continued in that position for eight years. At the same time he also carried on an insurance business and sold binders and mowers to the farmers throughout the county.

During this time he had purchased the property on River street, where he now resides, and erected thereon a modern greenhouse, in which business he continued for 15 years. Subsequently he was elected *drain commissioner of the county* and served in that capacity for four years, some of the more important drains in the county having been constructed under his administration as drain commissioner.

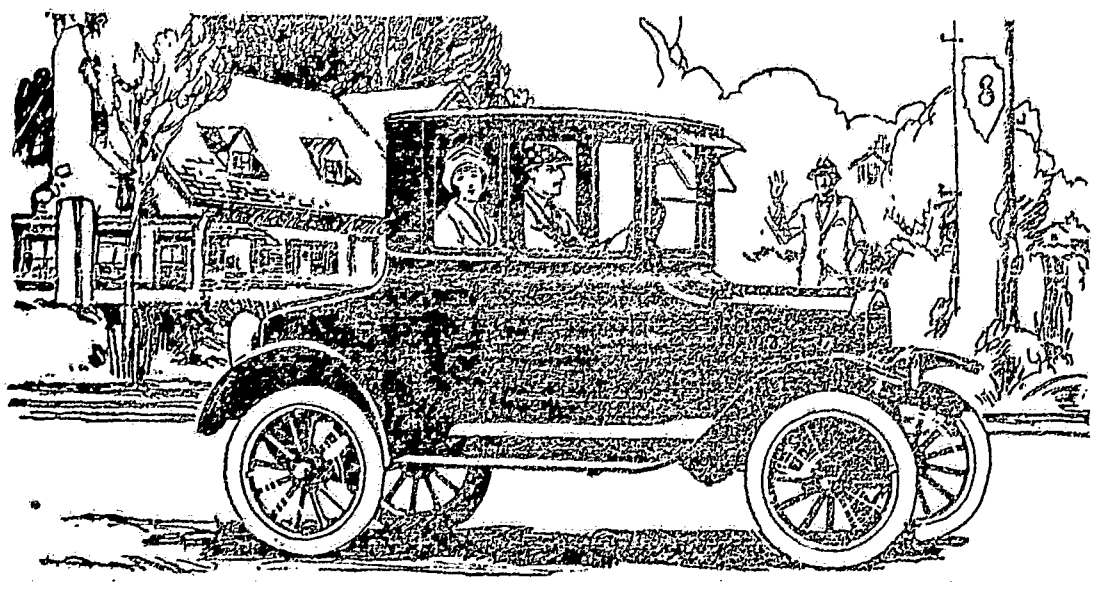
In 1917 Mr. Stryker platted his property into village lots and since that time has disposed of about three-fifths of it, over 40 families now being cozily domiciled on the Stryker Addition.

Mr. Stryker is an earnest advocate for every measure which has for its purpose the upbuilding of Buchanan. He realizes that times have changed and that the methods of the past are no longer potent to accomplish the advancement of the modern town. He is for the bigger and better Buchanan and is heart and soul with the Chamber of Commerce to bring this about.

JUNK

SECOND HAND FURNITURE Bought and Sold

L. SHIMKOVSKY
Buchanan, Mich.



Lincoln Ford Fordson
CARS-TRUCKS-TRACTORS
Buchanan -:- Michigan

Foresman Motor Sales

BUCHANAN'S PUBLIC SCHOOLS

The first school building in Buchanan that we have knowledge of is the one on Dewey Avenue that is still doing good service, but it has been remodeled several times. Among the first teachers was a Mr. Alvord, then Mr. Barrette with Mrs. Susan Strong as primary teacher. Then about 1872 the village bought the tract of land on the west side of the town, set out a row of evergreens for a wind break, and other shade trees and erected a fine large building of which the town was justly proud. Mr. L. P. Alexander was the head builder and contractor. The first teachers in the new building were Prof. Laird and Miss Emmy Nash, afterwards Mrs. Solomon Estes. Superintendents during the years following were Profs. Kent, Wray, Howell, Elshire, Buck, Swain, Ranklin, Merier, Moore, Eggert.

The present school organization is modern and complete, and is organized on the 6-2-4 plan. The following are the teachers in the several departments.

Dewey Avenue Schools—Kindergarten, D. Conant; First grade, M. Voss; Second grade, N. Fishnar; Second grade, M. Wilcox.

High School Building—First grade, M. Russell; Third grade, G. Simmons; Third grade, B. Heim; Fourth grade, R. Eisner; Fifth grade, F. Thomas; Fifth grade, V. Hopkins; Sixth grade, L. Abell; Sixth grade, D. Reams.

Junior High—Principal, J. Pennell; Science, C. Wheeler; Mathematics, L. Weaver; History, Marion Peacock.

High School—Principal, E. Ormiston; Science, C. King; English, H. Mills; History, G. Saunders; Mathematics, J. E. Bromley; Languages, A. Moffett; Commercial, K. Minshall; Agriculture, A. Muir; Manual Training, R. Miller; Domestic Science, J. Robertson; Music, H. Easton.

The High School is of first rank in the state, having been placed on the University list continuously since 1892, and placed on the accredited list of approved schools of the North Central Association in 1923, which is the highest endorsement a High School can receive.

The total enrollment for the year to date is 841, of which 202 are in the Senior High and 123 in the Junior High.

It is the aim of the Board to secure the best teachers both as to educational qualifications and experience—none but college graduates are employed in the High School and Normal graduates in the grades.

Department of English

The aim of the work in the English department is two-fold: first, to teach the basic principles of English composition and to give training in the mechanics of correct English expression by the study of grammar and rhetoric; and second, to stimulate thought, to give breadth of view, to make books and reading attractive, to arouse a love for the best writing of the past and the present thus forming the habit of discriminating reading for the future, through the study of the works of the best authors. Emphasis is placed on the study of the literature itself rather than on its history. Connected with this department are two literary societies: the Velmarian, which is composed of Senior English students and which has for its objects the teaching of Parliamentary Law and the acquiring of proficiency in planning and giving programs; and the Phi Kappa which is especially devoted to competitive work in oratory and debating.

Department of Manual Training

Buchanan Public Schools is equipped with an up-to-date Manual Training Dept. This department was started two years ago and courses are offered to the Junior high and Senior high pupils. This department is very popular among the pupils and justly so for it teaches the pupils to use their hands as well as their heads. Many things of usefulness are made in this department, and the school profits by this.

Department of Thrift

"The margin between success and failure is measured by a single word—Thrift. On it is built character. The man who saves is the man who will win." —Calvin Coolidge.

When public schools were organized it was with the intention of teaching the young people of the country as many of the important things of life as possible. Everyone agrees with that and, accordingly, the three R's are taught in the public schools. But it has only been for the past few years that Thrift has been included in the school curriculum. There is no one who can truthfully say Thrift is not necessary and important in attaining success.

Every Tuesday morning the students in the Buchanan schools are urged to bank. It is regular bank time, and if every student banks at this time, every student will acquire a most desirable habit. The amount deposited is not nearly so important as the fact that something has been deposited. The teachers act as cashiers, and the money is collected each Tuesday, then taken to the banks downtown, where it is deposited and draws interest like any other money.

During October the average per cent of weekly depositors was 71.7 per cent. There is about $5000 in the School Thrift Fund.

Department of Mathematics

The work of the mathematics department is being carried on in such a way as to fit in with the general program of the school. The aim of the department is to give to every pupil a command of the fundamental principles of mathematics sufficient for the ordinary citizen. It is not within the field of the High School to make mathematicians but there is much included in the work that will prove useful in the vocations. Mathematics is excellent training in logical thought. The knowledge gained along this line will prove invaluable in later life regardless of the occupation that one might take up.

There are four courses offered in mathematics this year. At the present time there are two sections of Elementary Algebra, two sections of Plane Geometry, and one section of Advanced Algebra, Trigonometry will be given during the second semester of this year. The size of the classes, with the exception of Advanced Algebra, runs from twenty-two to twenty-six pupils. There are one hundred and six enrolled in the department.

Department of Science

In our work in Physics and Chemistry we attempt to attain two objectives. The first is to prepare the High School student to carry on more advanced courses in the same subjects in college, and second, to give him a practical working knowledge of every day science that he can apply to the things he sees around him.

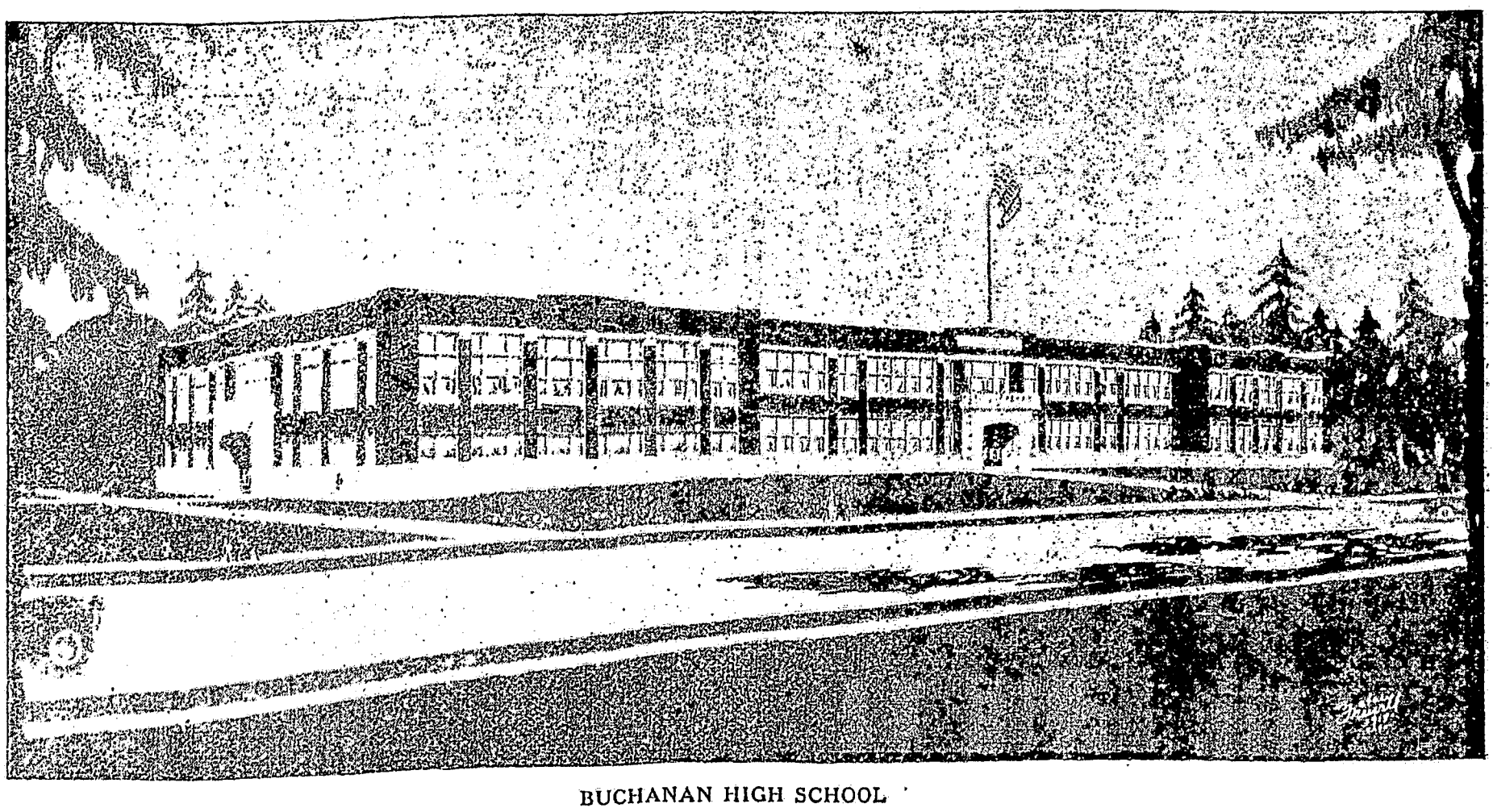
We learn to do by doing. The boy or girl will soon forget the things he learns in the classroom if he has no opportunity to apply his knowledge to some practical purpose. Consequently, we spend two days out of every five actually performing in the laboratory the experiments involving the principles of the classroom. The student learns there that he can purify water by distilling it, he learns that a body will sink in a liquid if it is heavier than the liquid it displaces. He verifies by experiment, and so increases studies.

Although much of the apparatus for experiment must be improvized, the equipment of the Science Department of Buchanan High School is still considered among the best and most complete among the smaller schools of the state. It has been commended by the representative of the State Department, and further improvements which are under consideration should add greatly to the general efficiency of the department.

Department of Language

Two years of foreign lang-

(Continued on next page.)



BUCHANAN HIGH SCHOOL

Buchanan Public Schools

(Conclusion.)

uage work are required for graduation.

There are seventy-seven students enrolled in the Latin department this year, twenty-eight of whom are beginners. Since the aim of that department is "the attainment of the progressive power to read and understand Latin," the mastery of a vocabulary is very important. This is attained through daily vocabulary and form drills. There is abundant practice in translation, both written and oral. Only the essentials of grammar are studied the first year.

The second year students read portions of Caesar's Gallic Wars. In the translation work, special attention is paid to the comparison results of the campaign. One day each week is devoted to composition work.

The French department aims to teach the student to carry on a simple conversation in French and also to read and appreciate the literature of France. As much of the class room work as possible is carried on in French. The advanced class is carrying on a correspondence with some students in France.

Commercial Department

The commercial department was introduced into high school at the demand of the commercial world. This demand has been so great that the department is growing larger each year, not only in Buchanan High School but in all high schools throughout the state. This department incorporates the following courses: Bookkeeping, Shorthand, Typewriting, Commercial Law and Commercial Arithmetic. The ideal or objective of these courses is to develop efficient citizenship and this is done to a large extent. Each year several of our graduates take their places in the commercial world winning success and proving that their training in high school has not been in vain. In this department we endeavor to make the work as practical as possible. In our bookkeeping course, we not only study the theory, but we do the actual work. In typewriting and shorthand certain standards are set up and the entire year is given over to the accomplishment of these standards.

Department of Home Economics

The Home Economics department offers two years of work in the high school and in the junior high school. The seventh grade course aims to teach the fundamental stitches of garment construction and the eighth grade continues this in the making of a cooking uniform preparatory to the study of foods. In the ninth grade, the time is divided equally between foods and clothing. The clothing work includes the study of textiles, the processes of garment construction and the selection of clothing. The foods work covers the source, composition and preparation of healthful foods. The tenth grade work includes home management, the direction of the school cafeteria and advanced clothing in the spring.

The cafeteria which is open from October until April is most interesting. It's entire management is given over to the tenth grade girls, who work in groups of two, each group being responsible for the preparation of one dish. There is a regular rotation of these duties, including manager and cashier. From sixty to seventy-five children and teachers are accommodated daily. The menu includes milk, soup, cocoa, a hot dish, a salad, bread, and a dessert. It is so planned that those who carry a lunch can supplement it at the school, or they can buy their entire meal there if they wish. The manager plans the menus for the week and does the buying and ordering. A most valuable phase of the work is the experience in large quantity cookery which can be gotten in no other way.

Department of Agriculture

The Agricultural department was started in the High School in 1919. Meeting the requirements of the Federal Government as laid down in the Smith-Hughes law of 1917, the department immediately became what is known as a "full federal aid" course. This means that the Federal Government appropriates $1000 per year for the carrying on of the Agricultural work in this school.

The work consists of four years of Agricultural work which is arranged as follows: ninth grade, botany ½ year and zoology ½ year; tenth grade, farm crops ½ year and horticulture ½ year; eleventh and twelfth grades (combined) 1 year of animal husbandry, then the next year is spent in the study of soils. Laboratory work is required in all of these courses, which gives the boys and girls an opportunity to do the things they study about. This links up the application and the theory, and thus enables them to apply their knowledge at home on the farms.

In addition to this work in the school, each agricultural student has the opportunity to take what is known as a project. These projects are simply ideas, which the student may have developed during his year's work in the school room. Here he takes his idea to the farm, subjects it to the same conditions as his dad's ideas and, after keeping an accurate record of all expenses and incomes, compares his results with those of his dad or neighbor. In this way, our boys and girls learn the truth or falsity of the theories advanced in the class-room. All of this project work is carried on under the supervision of the Agricultural instructor, whose duty it is to see that the application of the theory is correct. Upon the completion of such a project, the student makes a report to the Federal Government, stating his own ideas about his project. No project is legal, unless, the boy or girl carrying on such a project, is enrolled in an agricultural course in the High School.

In addition to this the department offers its services free of charge to anyone who may desire some information or assistance. Our laboratories and equipment are at the service of the public and the farmers.

BUCHANAN TOWNSHIP SCHOLARS IN 1845

Here is a list of the pupils who were in Buchanan township as shown by the school census of 1845, taken in October of that year. The whole number of pupils between the ages of 4 and 18 years was 72. Some of them will be remembered by those now living in Buchanan. The teacher was Theodore Borden:

Icabod Copper, Frances Enos, Sheridan Enos, Jane Enos, Emily Enos, Harriet Enos, George Hamilton, Robert Hamilton, Samuel M. Rader, William William Gray, Jane F. Bennt, Vanderhoof, Polly Halsted, Humphrey Halsted, William Denend, Sally A. Denend, Elizabeth Denend, Charles A. Denend, Frances A. Bennet, Enoch J. Mansfield, Joseph M. Mansfield, Nancy A. Mansfield, John G. Mansfield, Elizabeth A. Williams, Isabel B. Williams, Olive Kellogg, Della Weese, Johnson Weese, Leonard Weese, Sarah Madron, Henry A. Doin, Mary Cathcart, Thomas Cathcart, Mary J. Demont, Nancy Demont, Phebe Canfield, Martha S. Collins, Sarah Slater, Mary E. Slater, James H. Slater, Theodore Slater, Isaac Slater, Warren Slater, Franklin B. Wallen, Harriet H. Critchet, Almeda Critchet, Fanny J. McCoy, Mary Day, Juliet Day, Erastus Munger, Charity Munger, Augustus Munger, Martha J. Munger, Julia A. Hatfield, Charles Hatfield, David White, Nancy P. White, Nathaniel J. Slater, Henry Slater, Leonard H. Slater, John O. Slater, James L. F. Slater, Benjamin J. Slater, Jane Vanderhoof, David Mitchel, Homer N. Hathaway, Jackson Dement, William C. Hathaway, Timothy Halsted, Franklin Vanderhoof.

We will gladly assist in carrying on the great work of food production in any way possible. We also take this opportunity to extend an invitation to those who may be interested, to visit our department at any time, so that successful cooperation may become a reality.

"Give us more factories, more people and more money."—Ender & Banks.

HATTENBACH; ICE AND COAL

Great Storage Capacity Here And At Hazen Lake Where One Thousand Tons Of Clear Crystal Ice Are Stored

The H. A. Hattenbach ice and coal yards, which occupy some ten thousand square feet of space at the corner of Oak street and the M. C. Railroad, is an industry worth much to Buchanan because it insures to the people of the village a constant supply of crystal ice in the summer time and good coal in the winter time to keep them warm.

The business was established in 1916 when H. A. Hattenbach bought out F. R. Sanders, and so firmly does Mr. Hattenbach believe in the future of Buchanan that he has not hesitated to make such extensions and improvements as prove to be necessary because of the rapid growth of the business. He has 295 feet of private siding so that he is enabled to handle his materials in any quantities. There is an unloading conveyor of 225 tons capacity and two trucks are kept constantly on the road.

At Hazen Lake he has an outfit and storage capacity for 1,000 tons of ice which is put up in first-class manner and has been pronounced ice of high quality.

Mr. Hattenbach is a member of the village council and his friends and neighbors are glad to have him on the village board. They have the utmost confidence in his judgment and ability and feel that Buchanan is profiting greatly through the exercise of his business acumen.

He is deeply interested in Buchanan and wants to see it get its share of the industrial development of the St. Joe Calley which has been so freely depicted. He feels Buchanan's start as an industrial city has been well made and that nothing is needed now but to proceed along conservative lines in securing more factories. He believes that the factories are going to seek locations in the St. Joe Valley and will be coming in in such numbers before long, that we shall be in the position of being able to pick and choose while heretofore we have had to beg and pray. Mr. Hattenbach is an ardent member of the Chamber of Commerce.

THE PARLOR GROCERY
BERTHA ROWE, Prop.
A Complete Line of Staple Groceries.
Open Evenings.
Farmer's Trade Appreciated.
412 W. FRONT STREET
Buchanan, Mich.

REAL ESTATE
If It's Real Estate You Want—Buy—Sell—Trade—See
H. C. EISELE
Phone 203. Buchanan.

H. A. HATTENBACH
DEALER IN
COAL
and
ICE
PHONE 23F2.
Office and Yards, Oak Street and M. C. R. R.
Buchanan, Mich.

The American Legion

National Organization of World-War Veterans
—The Local Post

Ralph Rumbaugh Post, No. 51, Department or Michigan, Is An Active, Vigorous Organization Of World War Veterans.

To give some idea of what it purports to be and to what it subscribes, we submit the following preamble:

For God and Country we associated our-selves together for the following purposes:

"To uphold and defend the Constitution of the United States of America; to maintain law and order; to foster and perpetuate a 100 per cent Americanism; to preserve the memories and incidents of our association in the great war, to inculcate a sense of individual obligation to the community, state and nation; to combat autocracy of both the classes and the masses; to make right the master of might; to promote peace and good will on earth; to safeguard and transmit to posterity the principles of justice, freedom and democracy; to consecrate and sanctify our comradeship by our devotion to mutual helpfulness.

The history of the local post is largely that of the national organization. After the armistice in 1918, service men felt the need of an organization to bind them together and perpetuate and make come true those things for which they fought.

From a small gathering in Paris in 1918 the legion has grown to an organization of nearly two and a quarter millions. There are still two millions eligible for membership. Any man who served faithfully and honestly during the World War and who has an honorable discharge, may join the American Legion.

Many of the things the legion has worked for since 1918 have come to pass and many more things will be accomplished through the untiring efforts of its officers and members. The most notable things which have been accomplished are: Compensation, or the so-called "bonus," Vocational Training for Disabled Veterans, Veterans Bureau and Government Insurance.

Ralph Rumbaugh Post, No. 51

The local unit, Ralph Rumbaugh Post, No. 51 was formed in September 1919. It is named after Ralph Rumbaugh, a Buchanan boy who lost his life in action while serving his country. Starting with fifteen charter members it has constantly grown until at the present time it has a membership of 106. The list of Past Commanders in order of service are: N. W. Kritzner, 1919-20; Dr. Snowden, 1920-21-22; Oscar Swartz, 1922-23; Dr. H. M. Beistle, 1923-24; M. H. McKinnon, 1924-25; Geo. H. Chubb, 1925-26.

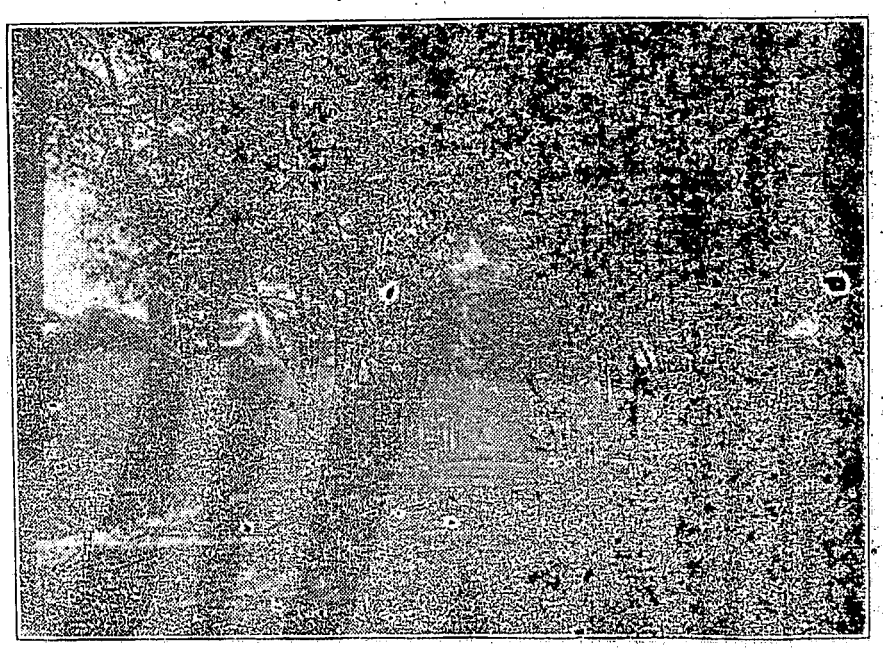
The first meeting was held in the hose house. Later the post moved to the third floor over the Desenberg store, and meetings were held there until 1922 when the post moved into its own home at the corner of Front and Oak streets. The acquisition of a permanent home was worked up and secured largely by the efforts of Dr. Snowden during his service as Commander. Through his untiring efforts the post secured about $4,000 from the unused money in the Buchanan War Chest and this was used as a first payment on the property. From time to time the post has added to its exchequer in an effort to liquidate its obligation as quickly as possible, various sums raised by giving dances and carnivals. Through the kindness of the Buchanan Building & Loan Association the post is given the opportunity to pay off the balance due upon the property on very easy terms and it is the desire of every member that the time for this will be shortened as fast as possible.

The Auxiliary a Great Help

It is pretty generally conceded by the members of the post that without the Ladies' Auxiliary they would have nothing for they have always been ready and willing to help the boys in every way to put anything over. They have entirely furnished the hall with piano, floor coverings, window screens, cupboards and dishes, besides always helping to pay the taxes and donating money to the post whenever it has been needed. The boys declare them to be truly the mainstay of the local post.

This unit was formed on May 18, 1920 and the first officers were: President, Mrs. Charles Pears; vice-president, Etta Trewin; secretary, Mrs. Genevieve Schwartz; treasurer, Miss A. Heubner.

The Auxiliary has always been most active locally and has attained a state-wide reputation for its generosity, having many times sent items of clothes canned fruits, etc. to the American Legion Hospital at Camp Custer. The present officers are: President, Mrs. Marie Beistle; first vice-president, Mrs. George H. Chubb; second vice-president, Mrs. Anna Voorhees; secretary, Mrs. T. Binns; treasurer, Mrs. Bettie Smith.



CLARK STREET



Odd Fellowship In Buchanan

Odd Fellowship exists in response to the cravings of the soul for a Dominion of Brotherhood; it does not seek a veiled origin in the musty past. Antiquity bears with it not a passport to truth or goodness.

The order of Odd Fellows, so far as is known, originated in England in the first half of the 18th century. But tradition carries it back to a much earlier period. In the Gruthеman's Magazine for 1745 the Odd Fellows Lodge is mentioned as a place where very pleasant and recreative evenings are spent.

The Odd Fellows keepsake states that the early English lodges were supported and their members relieved by each member and visitor paying a penny to the secretary on entering the lodge room.

It is also said that the titles of the officers of the order were taken from the order of Gregorianns. At this time there was no supreme ruling body, but every lodge was self instituted. But they finally learned the great truth that "in union there is strength" and with it it came, in 1809, the formation of the Manchester Unity.

Thomas Wildey, the father of the Independent Order of Odd Fellows in America, was born in London, England, Jan. 15, 1782. On becoming of age he joined an Odd Fellows lodge in London. In 1817 he came to Baltimore, Md., where he met John Welch who was also an Odd Fellow in England. Together they advertised in the Baltimore American for three more Odd Fellows, making in all five for the purpose of organizing an Odd Fellows lodge in America, but without success, until the following advertisement appeared in the Baltimore American of March 27, 1819.

Notice to Odd Fellows

A few members of the society of Odd Fellows will be glad to meet their Brethren for the purpose of forming a lodge on Friday evening 2nd April at The Seven Stars, Second Street at the hour of 7 p. m.

This last advertisement brought to the Seven Stars, Richard Rushworth, John Duncan and John Cheatham which made the necessary five and on the 26th day of April, 1819, they instituted themselves a lodge which they named Washington Lodge of Odd Fellows and in the following September the lodge had nineteen members.

By this time radical changes in the government of lodges had been made by the Manchester Unity of England. P. G. Crowder also an Odd Fellow from Preston, England, visited Baltimore and at their earnest request promised that on his return to England he would secure for them a charter from the Manchester Unity which he did, the charter coming from the Duke of York Lodge granted Feb. 1, 1820, and which was reserved at Baltimore Oct. 23, 1820.

The first Odd Fellow lodge instituted in Michigan was Michigan, No. 1, of Detroit, on Dec. 4, 1843, by five members who took withdrawal cards from Buffalo Lodge of Buffalo, New York, for the purpose of instituting this lodge.

The Michigan Grand Lodge, I. O. O. F. was instituted at Detroit Nov. 5, 1844.

The first Encampment, I. O. O. F., instituted in Michigan was Michigan No. 1, of Detroit, on April 11, 1844.

The Grand Encampment I. O. O. F. of Michigan was instituted at Kalamazoo Feb. 4, 1847.

At the first meeting of the Grand Lodge of Michigan an application for the establishment of a lodge in the city of Niles was presented and the Grand Master was authorized to institute the same to be known as Berrien County Lodge, No. 6, which was done that same year.

Buchanan Lodge No. 75, I. O. O. F., was instituted Aug. 2, 1855, with the following charter members: J. M. Mathews, David Beard, A. Z. Wagner, Samuel Graham and John Braggins, J. M. Mathews being the first Noble Grand.

Buchanan Lodge, No. 75, has reached the ripe old age of 70 years and has never failed to hold a meeting nor shirked an obligation, and now boasts a membership of 275.

Buchanan Encampment, No. 169, was instituted March 26, 1909, by Grand Patriarch John Foster of Three Rivers and John B. Penfield, Grand Scribe, of Vicksburg. The first officers were C. P., J. A. Garland; S. W., Geo. W. French; H. P., Geo. L. Slater. The Encampment started with 22 charter members and now has a membership of one hundred.

The first Rebecca Lodge instituted in Buchanan was Sunnyside Lodge, No. 46, with 29 charter members on Dec. 15, 1871. This lodge flourished for quite a time, but the last record gave "Lodge closed in due form April 13, 1878," and then on May 1, 1895, a dispensation was granted for a new Rebecca lodge to be known as Bay Leaf Rebecca Lodge, No. 248, with 25 charter members. The last records of this lodge appeared July 1, 1896, but again on Jan. 29, 1908, Bay Leaf Rebecca lodge was re-instituted by Sister Susan Peckham, President of the Michigan Rebecca Assembly. The first officers were Mattie Graffort, Noble Grand, and Nella M. Slater, Vice Grand.

At the present time there are 17 flourishing lodges in Berrien County with a total membership of 2,200. The total membership of Michigan is 91,648 and the total membership under the Sovereign Grand Lodge is 1,910,373!

Surely if ever an organization of this character has justified its existence and such remarkable growth, it is the Independent Order of Odd Fellows.

INSTALLATION OF OFFICERS OF BUCHANAN LODGE NO. 75, I. O. O. F.

Noble Grand—A. W. Wallach.
Vice Grand—J. Luke.
Recording Sec'y—H. A. Post.
Financial Sec'y—F. J. Chubb.
Treasurer—H. E. Squire.
Warden—Fred Nelson.
Conductor—Roy Winn.
R. S. S.—Steve Rudoni.
L. S. S.—Alva Chaning.
Chaplin—John Lydell.
R. S. to N. G.—Warren Willard.
L. S. to V. G.—Ethan Milton.
I. G.—J. Laughman.
O. G.—Otto Reinke.
P. G.—Arthur Johnson.

Joint Installation of Rebakahs Dance After

Chris Lentz and Allen Mathews, Fiddlers, Joe Rote at Piano.

REAL ESTATE
If It's Real Estate to Buy, Sell or Trade, See
H. C. EISELE
Phone 203. Buchanan.

TWENTY YEARS OF SERVICE

Brodrick Drug Store Was Established In Buchanan At That Time And Has Become a Fixed Institution

Thirty-five years ago W. N. Brodrick came to Buchanan from Decatur, Michigan and made this his permanent home. Fifteen years later he established the business in which he is now engaged and has continued to serve the people of Buchanan in a way that has endeared him to the hearts of many of its residents.

The Brodrick store carries at all times a complete line of drugs, drug sundries, toilet articles and such other merchandise as is usually carried in an establishment of that character, seeing to it that everything is kept sweet and fresh and calculated to meet the requirements of the purchaser full one hundred per cent.

The store occupies a floor space of 1,100 square feet and is fitted up in a highly artistic manner. The goods are all nicely displayed so that it is possible to make a selection at the Brodrick store without unnecessary delay.

The proprietor gives the business his personal attention and is jealous of the rights of his patrons. His long experience in the business has fitted him to give to their wants that comprehensive analysis which one expects to get in a first-class store of that kind, and that is just what you get at Brodrick's.

Mr. Brodrick believes that Buchanan needs more factories and thinks the combined efforts of the people and of whatever organizations are interested in such a movement, should be utilized to bring about their acquisition. There can be no question about it. More factories means more people; more people means more money; more money means more business, and there you have it—more factories, more people, more money, more buisness and, in consequence thereof, more happiness and more contentment.

BOOST BUY IN BUCHANAN

Clevinger and Marble

FINISHING LUMBER
FINE MILL WORK

CLARENCE C. RUNNER LOUIS O. RUNNER

RUNNER BROS.

Hardware, Stoves and Ranges
Paints, Oils, Varnishes

Phone 79 F2 BUCHANAN 122 E. Front St.

THE THIRTY CLUB LEADING WOMAN'S CLUB OF BUCHANAN

Leading Woman's Club of Buchanan Which Takes a Lively Interest In All That Pertains To Her Welfare.

Buchanan is to be congratulated upon having an organization like the Thirty Club, an organization of women which has done much for the betterment of the village and which has pretentious plans for the future.

The club was first organized in 1897 and in 1903 joined the State Federation of Womens' Clubs; the county organization was joined in 1907 and then came affiliation with the General in 1920. The "Thirty" indicates the number to which the club has limited its membership, twenty-five of which are active members and five associate members. Of the original thirty only four are left, viz: Mrs. Charles Pears, Mrs. Glenn Smith, Mrs. H. F. Kingery and Miss Georgia Wilcox.

Besides taking active part in all charitable and civic activities the club has also taken a keen interest in all the leading topics of the day and has a miscellaneous program for 1926 stressing education, citizenship, public health, civics, Michigan history and the Bible. In this way the women of Buchanan always keep abreast of the times. They are one hundred per cent. voters.

The ladies hold that if they had a club-house in which to hold meetings there would be no need for limited membership. They contend that a more general interest in civics could exist; that Buchanan's vital need is a library building with club rooms and reading rooms. They have worked for this for a long time but having received no assistance from the council, they finally sold the lot which had been acquired for the purpose.

The officers of the organization at the present time are: President, Miss Georgia Wilcox; vice-president, Mrs. Ethel Dale; recording secretary, Mrs. Nita Muir; corresponding secretary, Mrs Lena Schram; treasurer, Mrs. Eleanor Keihn; parliamentarian, Mrs. Helen Vanderslice.

OLDEST HOUSE IN BUCHANAN STILL GIVING SERVICE

What is undoubtedly the oldest house in Buchanan, if not, indeed, in all South Berrien County, is the old Mansfield home on East Fourth street.

The land upon which this famous house stands was purchased from the government in 1843. It was called school land and comprised a fraction over forty acres. It was bounded on the south by Fourth street, on the east by Portage, on the west by Moccasin and extended north the balance of its area. Its original purchaser was Ira Mansfield, grandfather of Mrs. Beatrice Viehle of the Hotel Rex.

The house was built from timbers hewed and lumber sawed right on the place by the owner. It was constructed after the style of many of the homes of that day which were common in New England—a hewed timber frame covered with planks sometimes set on end and other times nailed on round and round.

The house in question is still owned by one of the heirs of the original owner, Mr. Frank Rinker, a grandson. In this unique distinction of remaining in the same family for three generations, it seems to stand alone. It would be difficult to believe when viewing the modern bungalow which now is pointed out to the visitor as the house built in 1843, that one had been correctly informed, for certainly a wonderful metamorphosis has been accomplished. It is a fact, however, that within the pretty bungalow—its very heart, so to speak—is the original house of 1843.

Mr. Rinker will be pleased at any time to show visitors through the house and point out to them the solid oak beams used as sills and which show plainly the marks of his grandfather's axe, mute testimony to the industry and thrift of the pioneers of that time. The result of such a visit is sure to be the conclusion that right here in Buchanan we have a remarkable example of the art of camouflage.

STORTI ALSO WANTS MORE FACTORIES

"More factories; that's what we need in Buchanan," says Antonio Storti, proprietor of the Buchanan Candy Kitchen.

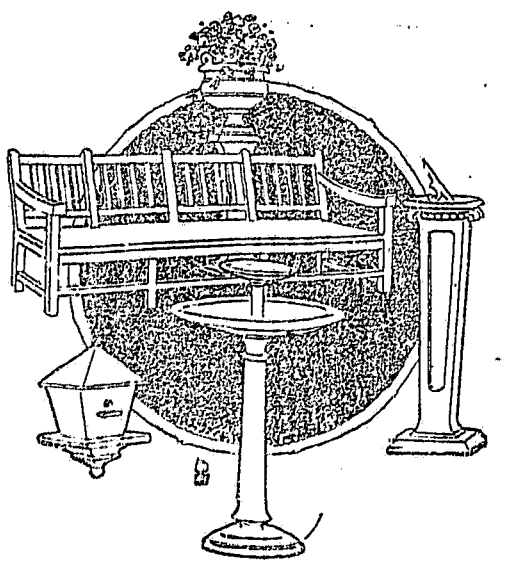
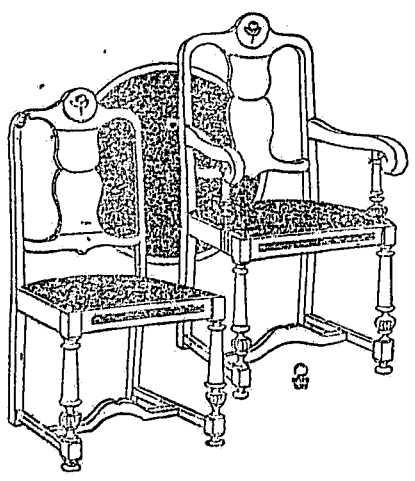
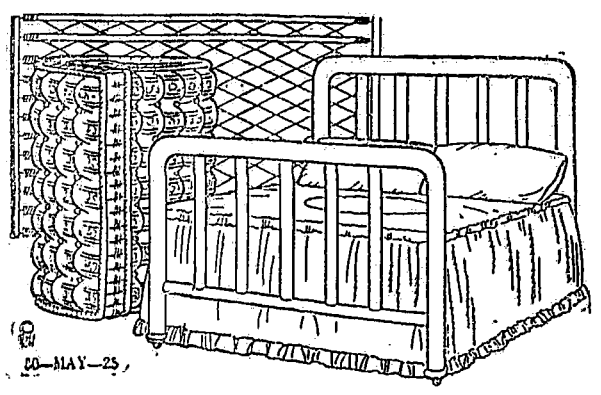
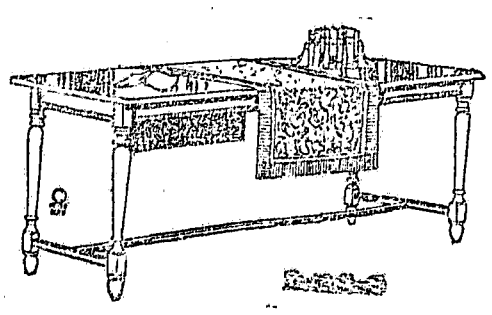
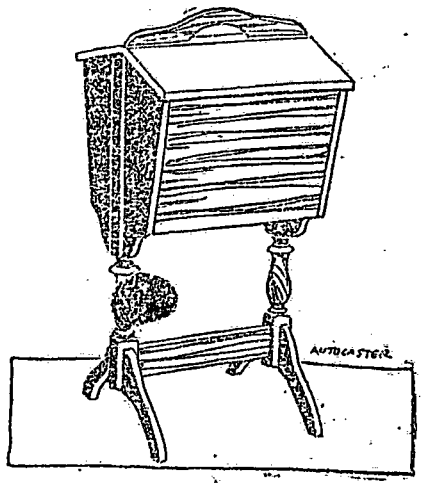
"If Buchanan could get hold of some kind of a factory which would give work to about one thousand more people," continued Storti, "or ten small factories which would employ one hundred each, Buchanan would soon take a spurt toward the top of the ladder and once she got started there would be no stopping her for factories bring more factories. If the special edition will help bring this condition about I am for the special edition or for anything else which will accomplish it."

The Storti family came to Buchanan from Dowagiac three years ago and purchased the business they are now conducting. One of the first improvements they made was the installation of a modern fountain, ornate in design, of solid marble and the last word in modern equipment.

The candies which are offered for sale in the Storti establishment are nearly all made on the premises, the proprietor being himself an expert candy maker. Only the highest quality of materials is used and the product is, consequently, the richest confections which can be produced.

The store is beautifully fitted up in the latest and most approved manner with loges and other conveniences for the accommodation of the patrons. The strictest order is maintained and there are never any untoward episodes to be encountered there. The people of Buchanan recognize this fact and attest ttheir appreciation in a substantial manner.

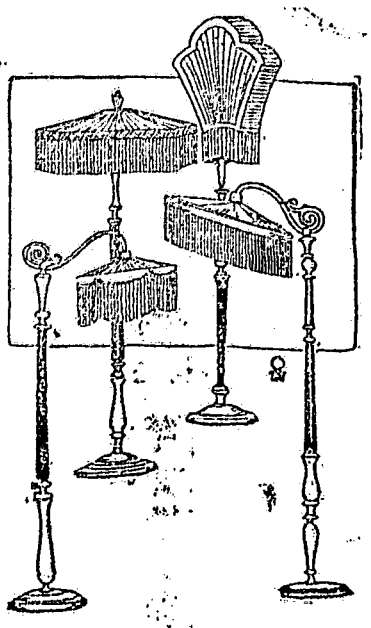
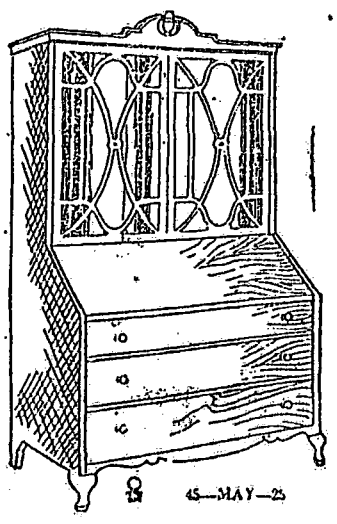
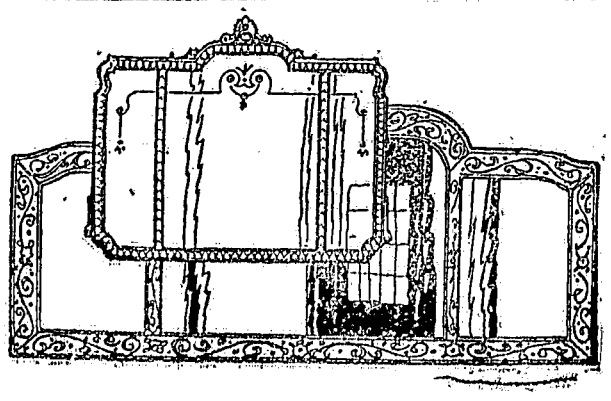
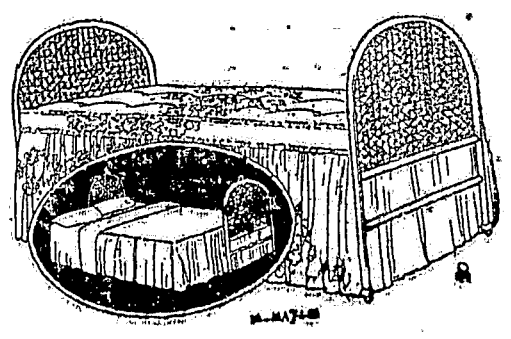
Mr. Storti is a member of the Chamber of Commerce and is proud of his membership since he is heart and soul for the betterment of the city of his adoption. He has a most interesting family, all of whom are regarded as good citizens, and all of whom take a lively interest in the school and social life of Buchanan.

HAMILTON & HAMILTON
BUCHANAN

Fine Furniture — Apex Vacuum Cleaners
Floor Lamps — Floor Coverings
Picture Framing — Electric Washers

FUNERAL DIRECTORS Phone 73 F2

CHAPEL AND FUNERAL PARLORS

Buchanan Masonic Lodge

Almost from its very beginning Buchanan has had a Masonic lodge, its number on the Grand Lodge roster standing at 68. This same number has been the number of the lodge through all the years of its existence, the full title being Buchanan Lodge, No. 68, F. & A. M.

In 1862 the lodge had the misfortune to lose all of its property and records by fire, the charter, happily, being practically the only thing of value saved from the conflagration. This was saved and preserved and occupies a proud position on the walls of the lodge to this day.

Anything which may have happened prior to 1862, when the fire occurred, has now to be acquired from the stories of the older men of the village. These have been in some measure maintained through the various generations and where these are pieced together one can get a fairly accurate account of the things which went before. It is to these stories The Record is indebted for whatever may be recounted of the past in this number.

One of the remarkable things which occurred during the war was the split in the lodge which finally resulted in the establishment of another lodge in Buchanan. The split was purely political, democrats being anathema to the members of the original lodge, being blackballed as fast as they submitted applications for membership. There appeared to be no possibility of effecting a reconciliation and so an additional lodge was organized. For a time both lodges went along swimmingly, the younger lodge, as might have been expected, increasing its membership more rapidly than the older lodge. At this time Buchanan was distinguished all over the state as the smallest town in Michigan having two Masonic lodges. Came a time, however, when the brethren began to see the futility of further opposition and when the proposition was submitted to consolidate, it was carried unanimously by both lodges. Since that day the utmost harmony has prevailed and Buchanan lodge may well be said to be one of the most ardent and at the same time one of the most successful lodges in the state.

Worshipful Masters Since 1862 to the Present Time.

The following have served as Worshipful Master of Buchanan Lodge, No. 68, in the years set opposite their respective names:

Nathaniel Hamilton, 1862, 1889; Charles Clark, 1863, 1864, 1867, 1870, 1871; Wm. S. Merrill, 1865, 1856; Daniel Terriere, 1868, 1869, 1872; Stephen Atwood, 1873, 1874, 1875, 1876, 1881; Seth Smith, 1877, 1878, 1879; Freeman Franklin, 1880, 1883, 1887, 1888, 1892; T. L. H. Dodd, 1882, 1884; Stephen A. Wood, 1885; Frank Munson, 1886; Stephen Scott, 1890, 1891, 1902, 1903; George Churchill, 1893, 1894, 1895, 1900; Clyde H. Baker, 1896; Frank A. Stryker, 1897, 1898; R. A. Myler, 1899; Ellis S. Roe, 1900, 1901; Benj. R. Desenberg, 1904, 1905; William J. Miller, 1906, 1907; Alonzo F. Howe, 1908, 1909; G. Herbert Roe, 1910, 1911; James A. Garland, 1912; Orville Curtis, 1913, 1914; Emory E. Wilson, 1915, 1916; Merton L. Hanlin, 1917; Milo L. Jenks, 1918; Theron D. Childs, 1919; Arnold S. Webb, 1920; C. H. Boone, 1921; J. R. Bishop, 1922; C. A. Weldon, 1923; George S. Roe, 1924.

Lost Four Life Members By Death.

During the year 1925 the lodge has lost four life members by death, the following named brothers having passed to the great beyond:

Albert M. Weaver, Stephen Scott, C. D. Kent and Clyde H. Baker. The following life members are still alive: John Perrott, S. A. Wood, R. N. Haslett, F. A. Stryker, Theo. Koch, Guy L. Bunker, Geo. C. Rogers, Henry Fisher, Ed L. Harper.

Officers of the lodge in 1925 were as follows: Worshipful master, Lester N. Miller; senior warden, Frank C. Merson; junior warden, Oscar E. Swartz; treasurer, C. D. Kent; secretary, W. J. Miller; senior deacon, Lloyd Sands; junior deacon, Glenn C. Vanderberg; tiler, F. A. Stryker.

The following officers have been elected and installed for the ensuing year: Worshipful master, F. C. Merson; senior warden, Oscar Swartz; junior warden, G. C. Vanderberg; treasurer, A. F. Howe; secretary, W. J. Miller; senior deacon, Lloyd Sands; junior deacon, George Chubb; stewards, C. D. Arnold, Thomas Burks; tiler, F. A. Stryker.

THE KIWANIS CLUB A VITAL FACTOR

Taking a Prominent Part In the Social Life of the Village and a Lively Interest In Its Civic Development.

Few things which have come to Buchanan in recent years has exercised such a potent influence for good upon the social and civic life of Buchanan as the Kiwanis Club, which includes in its membership leading and representative men of the village.

Coming to Buchanan at a time when the need of such an organization was keenly felt, it has entered into the affairs of the village with a distinct spirit of progression, evincing its worth upon many occasions and in a manner to reflect credit upon itself and profit to the village. At its weekly dinner meetings which are held in its hall over the Smith clothing store, matters of national, state and municipal interest are discussed and, frequently, the club has for its guests men of prominence from all over the country.

The Kiwanis Club and the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce are closely interlocked, which makes for a more harmonious relation when it comes to a consideration of problems concerning Buchanan's welfare. The officers and directors at the present time are: President, Frank Habicht; secretary, Theron D. Childs; Walter Shoop, treasurer.

Among the things of vital importance which the Kiwanis Club has undertaken and carried through to a successful conclusion is the free clinic for poor children established in 1923 at the Clark Hospital, largely through the kindly instrumentality of Dr. Snowden and Dr. Strayer (both members of the club), and with the help of Dr. Barlow of South Bend. Throat and tonsil operations are performed without charge to the patients, the surgeon's services being donated and the hospital fees being divided between the hospital and the club.

Kiwanis is a luncheon and service club designed to promote good fellowship among business and professional men. The meetings are held at 6 o'clock at the club rooms.

BUCHANAN KIDDIES HAVE PLAYGROUND

At the corner of Moccasion avenue and Fourth street there has been provided a playground for the little children of Buchanan which provokes the admiration of every visitor and the appreciation of the fathers and mothers of the village.

This playground is located in practically what is the very heart of the village—in a choice residential district and still not far removed from the business center. It is covered with beautiful trees which have been carefully trimmed and every particle of underbrush has been removed. Scattered through the trees may be found every popular playground device—swings, whirligigs, parallel bars, swinging rings and, in convenient locations, tables and benches for picnics. During the summer time scarcely a day passes without its picnic under the spreading branches of the beautiful trees, many of the picnickers coming from considerable distances for that purpose.

The name of this playground is Kathryn Park, named after Miss Kathryn Kingery, through whose untiring efforts the idea was largely developed.

The funds to procure and develop the playground were also raised by popular subscription. A playground superintendent is always on hand to supervise its activities.

I. B. and L. Shares Pay 6%

GROWTH SINCE 1910

Help Build Buchanan

DIRECTORS
C. F. PEARS
WILSON LEITER
H. R. ADAMS
CHARLES MATHEWS
F. C. HATHAWAY
F. C. MERSON
PHIL BOONE
A. F. HOWE
FRANK SANDERS

A Non-Profit Organization

Industrial Building and Loan Association

C. F. Pears, Pres. BUCHANAN, MICH. Wilson Leiter, Sec.-Treas.

ATHLETIC PARK AT BUCHANAN

Splendid Athletic Field Procured and Equipped By Popular Subscription to Be Much Further Improved.

In the spring of 1924 Mr. H. A. Hattenbach offered to Buchanan a piece of land, well within the city limits, at a very low price, providing it should be used for public purposes—a park or athletic field or something which would add to the recreational advantages of the citizens of Buchanan.

The matter was taken up by the Chamber of Commerce which sponsored a plan to raise by popular subscription the funds to purchase the 25 acres offered by Mr. Hattenbach and develop it as an athletic field. The proposition went over with a bang and practically every citizen of the community contributed.

The Chamber of Commerce committee then got to work and made one of the best baseball diamonds in the state, with grandstand and bleachers, tennis courts, a smaller baseball diamond for the younger boys, basketball court and a football field. Future plans contemplate the construction of a swimming pool, skating rink and some elaborate landscaping. The park is the home of the celebrated Buchanan Blues. During the school vacation games are supervised by the athletic director paid by the village of Buchanan and the board of education.

Buchanan has good reason to feel proud of its athletic park and is the envy of all the surrounding towns which are not so fortunate.

THIS MAN KNOWS WHAT BUCHANAN NEEDS

Editor, The Record:

I noticed in last week's Record that suggestions were invited on the broadcasting campaign of the resources of Buchanan.

There is nothing that will make Buchanan grow equal to factories and industries. A full account of McCoy's Creek, and the power plant that could be built should be given some company that would be likely to build such a power house, and it should be an inducement to other industries, knowing they could get cheap power.

The country surrounding Buchanan lies along the St. Joseph river, and near lake resorts, and on or near stone roads, adapted to all kinds of field crops, alfalfa, fruit and medical herbs, and abounds in marl and moulding sands.

Fruit raising would be a profitable business, as we lie near good markets, only a few miles to large cities, and Northern Indiana, which is always a market for fruit.

JOHN CLOUSE.

MODERN FUNERAL HOME IS IDEAL

Designed to Assuage the Grief of the Bereaved—Childs' Establishment a Pioneer.

When Theron D. Childs came to Buchanan from Three Oaks nine years ago, he brought with him the idea of the new funeral home to take the place of the old-fashioned undertaking room in connection with some other line of business, which had been the plan in vogue since the earlier days.

It was an innovation in Buchanan. Indeed, at that time there were very few establishments in the state outside of the larger cities, so that in securing one of these so early Buchanan was given the distinction of being one of the very first of the smaller towns to adopt the splendid new idea.

After looking the field over carefully Mr. Childs purchased the property on Main street where he is now located and proceeded to transform it into the funeral home of his ideals. It was not his purpose to give his funeral home the isolated aspect. Therefore the half of the dwelling was set off for that purpose, the object being to have some one constantly on hand to meet whatever requirements might arise. We shall touch upon this phase of the matter farther on.

We shall now take a look through the establishment and endeavor to give our readers in a pen picture a correct idea of its arrangement and purposes. Entering at the front and turning to the right we find ourselves in a nicely furnished reception room and pass thence into an office, where Mr. Childs meets his clients to transact whatever commissions may be entrusted to him in the mortuary line and wherein is also kept samples of a large and artistic line of picture framing. We have gone far enough in this direction. We must retrace our steps therefore and enter the building as the corpus delicto would enter to be prepared for the last sad rites.

The remains are brought in at a door on the south side of the building and well to the rear, thence into the operating room, which is exactly what the term implies and is similar in every respect to the operating room in a hospital. This operating room is fitted up with every requirement of the embalmer's art, for it is an art and a very scientific one, to restore the habiliments of life to the sunken cheek and present to the bereaved ones a lasting picture of what their dear one looked like in life—as they knew him or her before the great change. From the operating room the patient is transported to the slumber room immediately adjoining, which is fitted up in every regard like a bedroom and there the patient is literally put to bed. Here the relatives may come at any time during the day or night to stay a while with their loved one or to take a last fond look at them before the obsequies. There is not a moment during all the time the patient remains in the slumber room that they are left alone. On account of the fact that Mr. Childs lives on the other side of the building and that there is always some person on duty day and night, this is impossible. And this is a point which is stressed in the modern funeral home. It takes care of that impulse which may come to anyone at any hour of the day or night to look again upon the face of the dear departed, which, in a measure, assuages their grief.

There is also a large show room wherein may be found caskets of the better class and of beautiful designs. There are caskets of solid oak, of walnut, of metal, of silk plush. There are no shrouds to be found in the establishment, however. In their place will be found beautiful dresses of crepe de chine, of satin and other materials and suits of clothes in styles and materials similar to those worn in life. It is the more modern way of performing the last sad rites.

Nor does the plan of this modern funeral home stop with the preparation of the patient for the final services. But as the name implies, it carries its purpose to completion by providing chapel accommodations for funeral services of large as well as small proportions. In addition to the regular chapel room ordinarily used there are three large rooms opening into each other by large archways and these rooms connect with the chapel by folding doors, thus furnishing ample space for largely attended services, or providing a separate room for the bereaved family where they may view the service and still be shielded from disinterested observers. In fact, the entire arrangement of this funeral home shows the great care exercised in its planning and accomplishment. No detail has been overlooked but everything has been done to not only properly care for the departed but to give comfort and relief to the friends. It is for them that this home has been so carefully and thoughtfully prepared. And as its name implies, it is a place of quiet, comforting dignity where our loved ones can be taken in time of need and receive better attention than in their own homes because it is equipped especially for that purpose. Just as we have learned that a hospital is the best place for the sick so is the funeral home the proper place for the deceased.

There is a certain dignity combined with efficiency required in the successful funeral director. In this Mr. Childs excells and it has been remarked by many people from the larger cities who have been called here to attend the funerals of departed friends, that Buchanan is getting as superior service through Mr. Childs as may be obtained anywhere.

Mr. Childs was born in Kankakee County, Illinois, but came to Michigan when a young man, taking up his residence in Three Oaks. He was in the postoffice at that place for 15 years and thus enjoys an extended acquaintance throughout the county. That the people appreciate the kind of service Mr. Childs is giving is borne out in the fact that his commissions are constantly increasing and the calls for his services are covering a much wider area.

MEAD'S POPULAR TONSORIAL SHOP

Stands Out Pre-eminently As The Leading Place In Buchanan In Which To Unload Your Surplus Hirsute Appendage

Whether it is King Ben whiskers or the flowing locks with which Dame Nature has adorned you and which are no longer fashionable that you would be rid of, or whether it is to cut milady's bob in the latest and most classic style, its all one at the Fred Mead barber shop a few doors west of the Buchanan State Bank. There are three barbers working there all the time and they are such good barbers that they are kept busy by appointments made days ahead.

It is a nice thing to have a business like that—a waiting list of customers at the time—but the Mead barbers do not abuse it as some would be apt to do. Instead they are just as careful about the work they do and as painstaking about having everything just right as they would be if they didn't have half the patronage. That's why people like to be bobbed and barbered at Mead's.

But Mead is not only a good barber. He is also a musician and plays in the band. He is also very much interested in sports and in the good old summer time manages the Buchanan baseball team which makes all its neighbors look sick and feel worse. He is also a prominent member of the Chamber of Commerce and is, in reality, one of Secretary Charles' most dependable standbys. When there is work to do Mead is there to do it and he stays right on the job until it is finished. He is heart and soul for his home town and has taken a prominent part in the preparation of this special edition, helping in every way to acquire the necessary information.

It has been hinted that Fred's fellow citizens have it in mind to offer him something nice politically before very long in recognition of his unselfish service for the town. When they do Fred will be found there performing his duties with the same diligence and intelligence he has brought to everything he has undertaken.

"I believe that every man not owning his own home should buy a lot and build."—Harleigh W. Riley.

"Send out lots of the special edition of the Record and it will be like scattering bread upon the waters to return to us an hundred fold."—F. E. Maxim, New Troy.

Good printing at The Record.

Fong Gee

CHINESE LAUNDRY

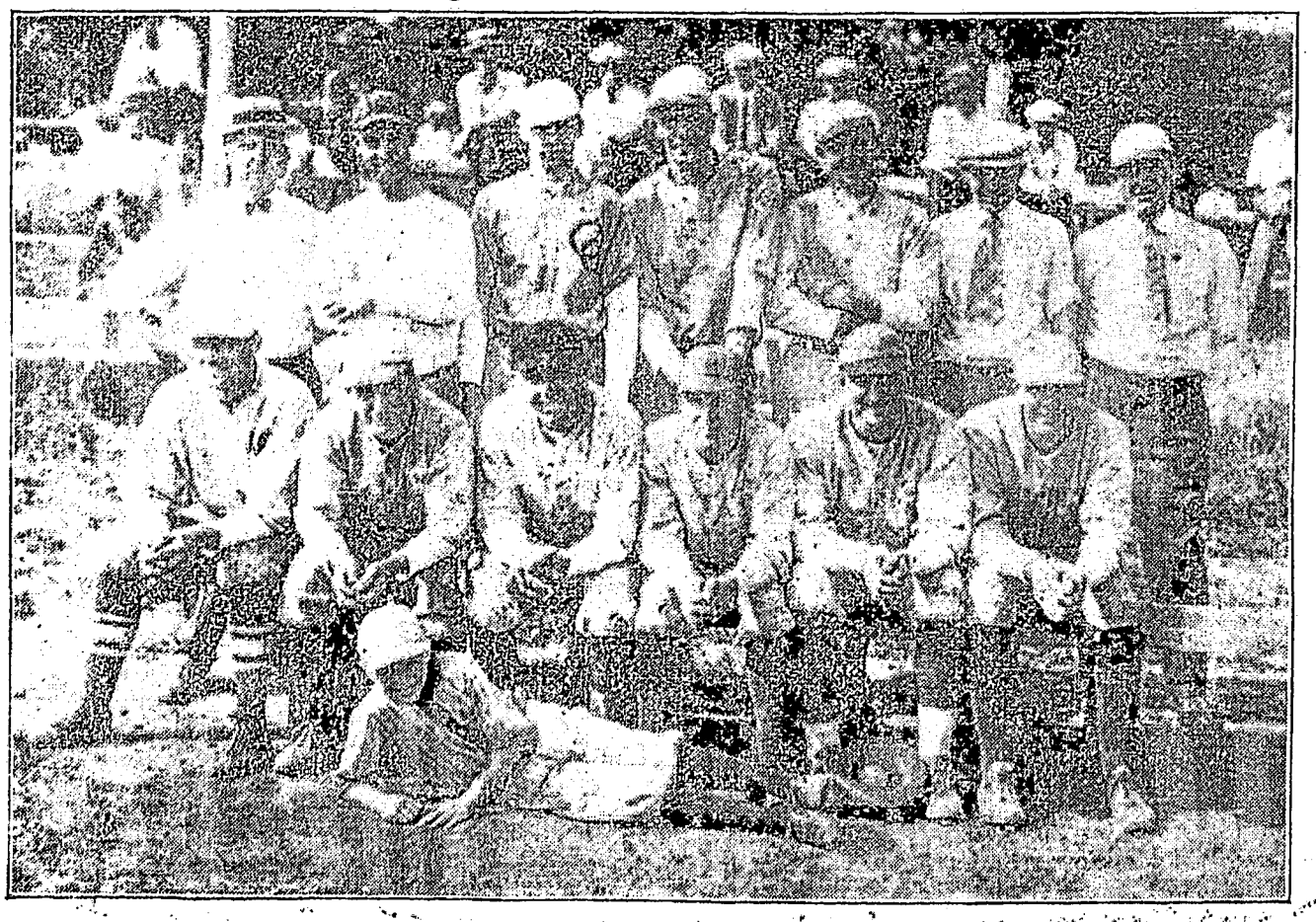
First Class Work and Prompt Service

Your Patronage Solicited

SOUTH OAK STREET

Buchanan, Mich.

"BUCHANAN BLUES" Baseball Team



Left to right, standing—Fred Mead, business manager; John Vogelsang, third base; Victor Prince, pitcher; John Gallagher, center field; M. Stem, first base; Wm. Donnelly, playing manager; H. Harkrider, umpire; Seated, left to right—J. Brown, left field; S. Engelright, utility; Al Stem, short stop; "Dutch" Knuth, right field; Oliver Lee, catcher; H. Schrump, pitcher and second base; "Sonny" Riley, mascot.

REHM'S VARIETY STORE POPULAR

Carrying A Full Line Of Up-To-Date Merchandise At All Times

Of the many excellent business houses in Buchanan, none is more popular than the variety store conducted by J. C. Rehm, where will be found at all times such a marvellous aggregation of goods of such varied character that it could not very well go by any other name.

This business was established in Buchanan in 1899 by Mr. Rehm who came here from Sturgis the same year. In the beginning it was a modest adventure, only eight hundred feet of floor space being required. But it has grown and prospered until today it requires every inch of two thousand feet of floor space to properly house and display its wide range of merchandise.

During the twenty-six years which have intervened since J. C. Rehm came to Buchanan they have been years of progress because of the fact that during that period Buchanan has slowly but surely emerged from a chrysilis condition by reason of the remarkable development of the country surrounding it. The tiller of the soil has had his reward in the way of bumper crops for nowhere can there be found a soil and a climate suitable for so many different uses. As the farmer prospered the business man prospered, and this will be ever true. But the business man could not prosper if he had not always been willing to give his customers that courteous and fair treatment which, alone, can assure business success. This has always been a cardinal feature at the Rehm establishmnt, hence its success.

Interrogated as to what he considered was necessary to make this a bigger and better town in which to live, Mr. Rehm answered: "Each family to own their own home." In this connection we desire to say we think Mr. Rehm has struck the nail on the head. When people own their own homes they take a keener interest in the welfare of themselves and their neighbors and become possessed of an incentive to strive and work which they cannot otherwise feel.

FORESMAN GARAGE HANDLES FORDS

Splendid Brick Garage Is The Home Of The Foresman Motor Company Which Handles Full Line Of Ford Products

The Foresman garage is one of the show places of Buchanan, being a fine building of pressed brick and plate glass which would do credit to a town five times the size of Buchanan. It must be remembered that Buchanan is in Berrien County, admitted to be the wealthiest agricultural county in Michigan and the second wealthiest county in the United States.

It follows, therefore, this being true, that nothing but the best would suffice for in the sale of tractors alone Berrien county, and particularly this part of it, stands well to the top. The sale of Ford trucks and Ford sedans and touring cars is also enormous, the former having been found ideal by the farmers and fruit growers for transporting their products to market quickly and economically.

The head of the firm, Mr. George Foresman, is especially proud of his service department which is equipped with every known device for the expeditious handling of repairs and service, none but the most expert mechanics ever finding a place in his organization. His corps of salesmen are courteous and diligent and one can always be assured of their close attention to any detail which may arise in the sales department and the speedy solution of any of its problems.

As might be expected there is always kept on hand a complete supply of genuine Ford parts and that is the reason that many people come from other Ford districts to get their parts from the Foresmans, realizing that the stereotyped expression "sorry; haven't got it" is not included in the Foresman lexicon.

The head of the firm takes a lively interest in every proposition for the advancement of Buchanan. He lives here, makes his living here and feels that he owes it to the town to do everything for its betterment. That is the reason he has taken a lively interest in the circulation of this special edition and has taken it upon himself to see that it goes to people in other states who may be induced to become interested in this big little city of the St. Joe Valley.

ENDERS AND BANKS DEWEY AVE. GARAGE

Two First Class Workmen Who Have Achieved Distinction In The Repair Field In Buchanan

The Enders & Banks garage located on Dewey Avenue is a popular place because no person has to stay there any great length of time. In other words its a good place to go and its a good place to get away from because no one goes to a garage anyway unless they have trouble. Then if the trouble is quickly over—well; that surely would satisfy anyone who had need for the services of an automobile surgion.

That's just the way with Enders & Banks and the reason is because they are both master workmen, understanding the innards and the outards of an automobile as well as the men who made it and a mighty sight better than some. They make the old boy stick out its tongue, feel its pulse and ask when it had its last drink of water and how much of a stick was put in it, and there you are. You drive away happy and the bill hasn't made you a bankrupt.

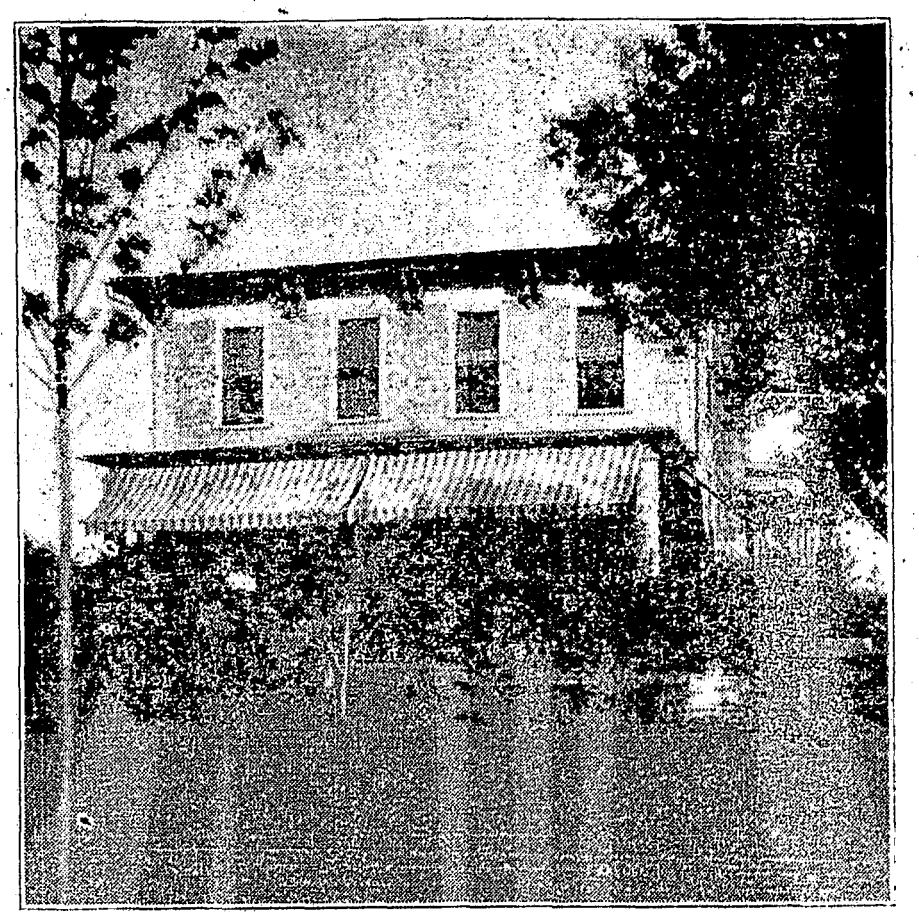
Enders & Banks are the agents for the Chevrolet cars in Buchanan, operating under a sub-agency contract from Floyd E. Lintner of Galien.

They make just as good a price as he does, however, and give exactly the same service. Besides they carry a stock of Chevrolet parts and are in position at all times to give the celebrated Chevrolet service, the like of which is not given with any other car.

They have been in business only one year but in that time they have demonstrated that they can stay as long as they want to. They have 4,500 feet of floor space and need every bit of it. Banks, whose first handle is Emerson, came to Buchanan from North Dakota. Enders, who sports the name of Clarence, is a Galien boy, and together they make a team mighty hard to beat.

They think we ought to have more factories in Buchanan. That of course, means more cars to fix. Truly, they are shrewd beyond their years.

THE CLARK HOSPITAL

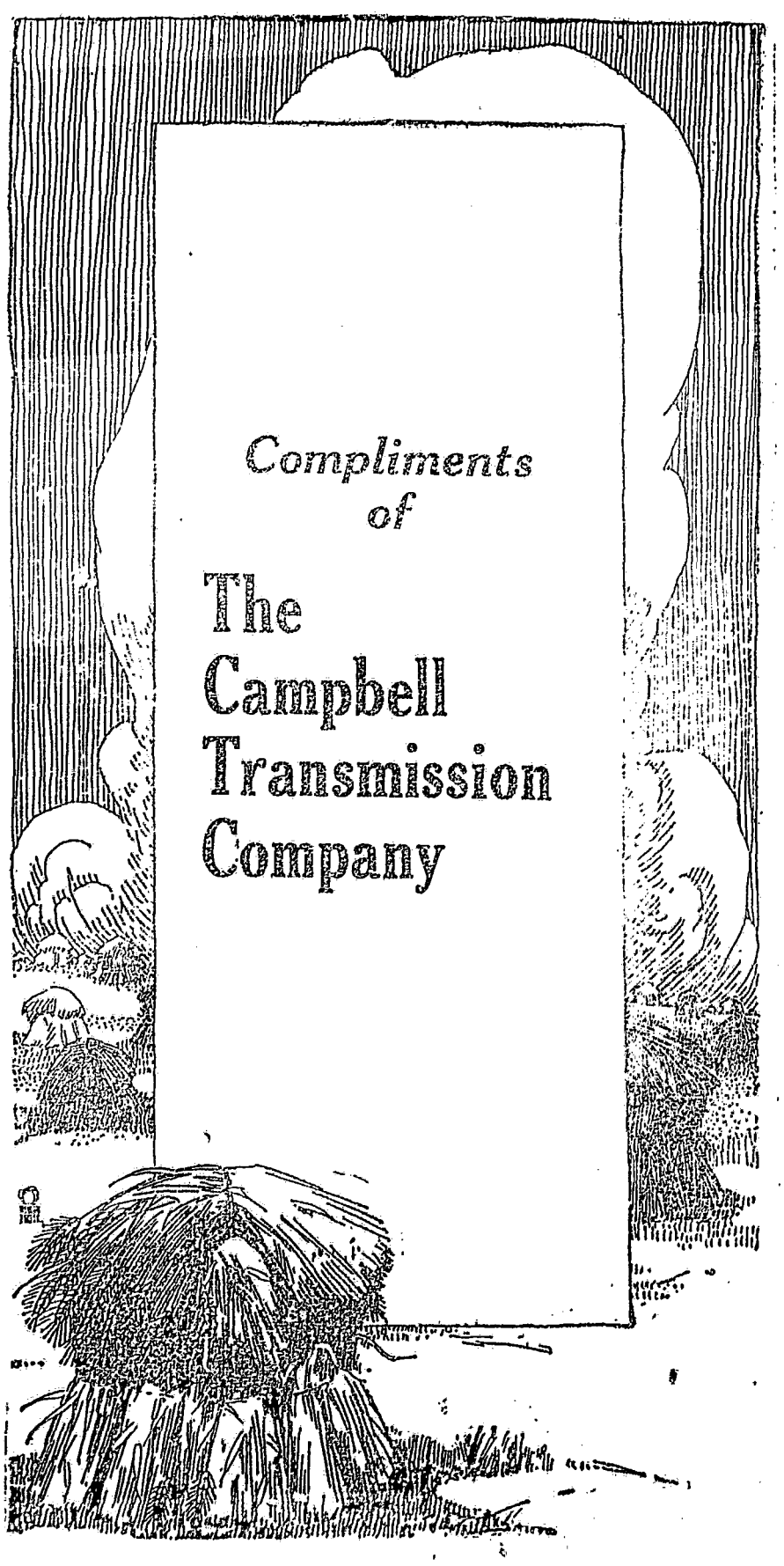


PROVIDED BY THE CLARK EQUIPMENT COMPANY FOR ITS EMPLOYES AND SUCH OTHERS THAT MAY NEED ITS MINISTRATIONS. FULLY EQUIPPED IN EVERY PARTICULAR.



The
BLUE BONNET SHOPPE
Invites You to Inspect
Its Latest Modes.
MRS. H. G. TUTTLE
101½ W. Front St.,
Buchanan, Mich.

HANSEN GROCERY
CHOICE
GROCERIES
Buchanan, Mich.



MOYER'S POPULAR MUSIC HOUSE

Carrying a Full Line Of Pianos Of All Kinds And a Complete Line Of High Grade Musical Merchandise

Buchanan is fortunate in having such a splendid establishment as the Moyer Music House, because of the fact that it not only carries all makes of high-grade pianos and musical merchandise of all kinds at all times but also caters to the general public in a way to insure the enterprising proprietor undying popularity.

Mr. Moyer is not satisfied even after the sale has been made. He feels that he is under obligation to his customers to give them constant service and does so long after the transaction is completed. For their benefit he keeps always at their command the very latest music rolls and sheet music.

Quite recently Mr. Moyer disposed of his radio business to a firm from St. Joseph, at the same time renting to them the half of his store. He found, however, that he could not deliver the floor space he had rented to them because of the fact that there were too many pianos in stock. He was obliged, therefore, to make a sale and such a sale! Right in the midst of the holiday season when prices usually soar he closed out pianos at remarkably low prices. Simply had to do it to make room. But that is all over now and the Moyer House is now putting itself in shape to serve its customers better than ever. As usual the same high grade of instruments will be carried and there will be no attempt to lessen the range of choice.

Mr. Moyer is also the Buchanan representative of the Studebaker Motor Company and contrives during the year to dispose of quite a number of these sterling vehicles within his territory. He understands the car thoroughly and is thus enabled to give to purchasers of Studebaker complete service and attention.

BUCHANAN'S NEW COFFEE SHOP

A Splendid Place To Eat, Serving All The Delicacies In Season And Enjoying a Liberal Patronage

In Buchanan the place to eat, so a host of people say, is at the Coffee Shop, right next door to the post-office. Investigation has shown that what the people say is strictly true. It is a dandy place to eat for you get the two essentials—good food and good service—and that's what the traveling public wants.

The Coffee Shop does not confine its service to the traveling public alone, however. It has a large list of regular boarders and this list is constantly growing because of the fact that the people have discovered there is no invidious distinctions made at the Coffee Shop. Everybody is treated alike.

The quality of the meats served is beyond question, the home-made pies are delicious, the short-order service is prompt, the coffee served is a nectar fit for the gods, the cooking is the work of a master chef, so what more could anybody want? Surely there is nothing left to be desired.

Considering the quality of the food served at the Coffee Shop and the excellent service the customer receives, the prices charged are extremely moderate, so that the shop finds itself crowded with customers at all times. In the evening in particular will be found numbers of people from Niles and South Bend who have driven over for the express purpose of partaking of the choice dishes which are served.

The Coffee Shop is under the direct management of Mrs. Edith Houk, wife of the chef—a great combination if there ever was one, for both have had years of experience in the business and know just what the public wants and how they like to have it served.

Arrange the schedule so that you can treat yourself to a meal at the Coffee Shop once and that will settle it for all time so far as eating is concerned.

GLENN E. SMITH, POPULAR CLOTHIER

Carries a Full Line Of Clothing And Haberdashery And Serves The People Of Buchanan Like Big City Store

There is a clothing store in Buchanan which excites the surprise of any one visiting the place for the first time. The store in question is the Glenn E. Smith Clothing Store which has all the appearance of a big city store, carrying a line of clothing and haberdashery which would do credit to such an establishment anywhere.

The very latest styles and fabrics are always to be found there, likewise all the late novelties as fast as they appear, so that the Buchanan man may always be assured of being dressed al la mode.

Mr. Smith is a long-time resident of Buchanan, one who has helped very materially in its growth and advancement. He has been an official of the village for many years, being at the present time a member of the council and one of its most valued members. He gives of his time unstintedly for his fellow citizens and find his reward in the upbuilding and advancement of his home town.

When this special edition came up for consideration by the Chamber of Commerce and the seal of its approval had been set upon it, Mr. Smith was one of those who entered into the spirit of the occasion with exemplary zeal, thus setting an example to his fellow citizens which culminated in the pages now before you.

When it came to a question of the village assuming the obligation of providing suitable illustrations for this number, Mr. Smith again showed his interest in Buchanan by supporting the movement on the council to provide the necessary funds.

In closing we want to emphasize the fact that anyone wanting the very latest in the clothing line or anything pertaining to it, can surely find what they want at the Smith store, and can rest assured that the prices will always be found fair when the superior quality of the goods offered is considered.

BERRIEN COUNTY ELECTRIC STORE

Sounds Like a Far-Flung Title But One Glance At The Store Will Convince Anyone It Can Live Up To It

Buchanan has an electric shop just as large and just as well stocked as any shop of the kind to be found in the largest cities. It is really so well stocked with every electrical device imaginable that one cannot do it justice in an article of this kind. Nothing but a visit to the store can adequately convey its completeness.

The store is owned by Harleigh Riley, manager of the Indiana & Michigan Power Company, who knows electricity and electrical devices from the beginning to the end, having been in the service of the big company from his boyhood up.

It follows, therefore, that such a man would be better able to pick out suitable merchandise for his customers than one who knew only the selling end of the game. It follows as a matter of course that the salesman must not only display something handsome in appearance but must be able also to prove to Mr. Riley the practicability of the device offered and that it must be economical in its use of electricity. Every article in the store has been subjected to the same close scrutiny and must have stood the test.

Mr. Riley is, perhaps, the busiest man in Buchanan. He not only fills the bill as manager of the big power

(Continued on next page.)

Vogue Beauty Shop
(Over Hamblin's Jewelry Store)
Hair Dyeing and All Kinds of Hair Goods for Sale.
Creams and Shampoos in stock.
Macelling, 75c.
Permanent Wave, per square inch, 35c. (Follow-up work.)
Shampoos, 50c-75c.
Facials, $1.00 each.
Manicuring, 50c.
Henna Pack, $2.00.
Shingle Bobs, 35c.
French and others.
BUCHANAN, MICH.

MOYER'S
Music House
BUCHANAN'S
TEMPLE OF MUSIC
Grand Pianos
Player Pianos
Upright Pianos
Pianos of every make and character, including Pianos of the very best makes.
All kinds of Musical Merchandise besides.
Fair Prices and Reasonable Terms
Also Buchanan Agent for the
Studebaker Super-Excellent Line of
MOTOR CARS
MOYER'S MUSIC HOUSE
Buchanan, Mich.

DESENBERG'S BIG DEPARTMENT STORE

Has Served The People Of Buchanan And Vicinity Since The Memory Of Man Runneth Not To The Contrary

Buchanan has a department store par excellence. It was started years and years ago and has grown up with the town, only that the town has always been obliged to hustle to keep up with the store.

The Desenberg store is a double front affair, being by far the largest mercantile establishment in the village. It carries practically everything but hardware and is always stocked with the largest and best the market affords. People come great distances to trade at the Desenberg store because they have learned they can always rely upon obtaining good goods at fair prices and that the will make good on any proposition it undertakes.

People who have taken the pains to make comparisons declare that the mail order houses have nothing on Desenberg's. Considering quality, the price asked, and the further fact that postage or express must always be paid on top of the published price, Desenberg's has it on them by a considerable margin.

The Desenberg store is under the able management of Mr. Ben Livingston, who is termed the "little giant" of the mercantile world by the wholesale houses and the traveling men who call upon the firm to sell goods. This name has come to him because he has demonstrated to them that he knows merchandise as well as they do and that it is useless to try and put anything off on him that is not strictly first class and modern to the minute.

Sig Desenberg, the head of the firm, and whose brother started the business, is always on deck to exercise a general supervision over the selling and is eagerly consulted by those who would be properly gowned or dressed. Louis Desenberg, another brother of the founder, is also a valuable aid in the sales department to which he gives close personal attention at all times. It is, indeed, a happy trinity and Buchanan folks appreciate the benefits they derive thereby.

Right here it will not be out of place to mention that Mr. Livingston is a director of the Chamber of Commerce and one of the more enthusiastic members of the organization. He gives of his time and money liberally to further the interests of Buchanan and is thus heart and soul in favor of this method of letting the world know something of the town of which he is so justly proud.

WISNER PHARMACY LEADING HOUSE

Conveniently Located On Prominent Corner And Carrying a Full Line Of Drugs, Sundries and Wisner's Products

A town is to be congratulated when it has such institutions within its borders as the Wisner Pharmacy at the corner of Days Avenue and Front street.

This pharmacy is equipped with all the modern devices of the up-to-the-minute drug store, and presents an especially inviting aspect. The shelves are lined with the choicest goods the markets afford and the utmost courtesy is shown by the proprietor and his efficient corps of clerks. No matter how small or how large your purchase may be the customer is shown that uniform courtesy which has become an established charateristic of the house.

In addition to carrying a full line of all the most popular preparations and sundries of every name and character, Mr. Wisner has developed a number of preparations of his own compounding which have also grown very popular and for which he has developed a good demand in other centers. This business is likely to be the nucleus of a huge industry to be established in Buchanan and give employment to a large number of people. Such institutions have been developed from small beginnings in other Michigan towns, notably Allegan, Holland, Marshall and other points, to say nothing of the gigantic establishments of this character which have been developed in the larger cities. Such a proposition is entirely feasible for Buchanan, for the Wisner preparations are possessed of undoubted merit.

Mr. Wisner came to Buchanan from Valparaiso five years ago and established his business first in the Redden building, afterwards moving to the Tonnelier building. The years that have followed have been years of continued success. Realizing his civic obligations Mr. Wisner is an active member of the Chamber of Commerce. Asked as to what he would suggest should be done to make Buchanan a bigger and a better place in which to live, he answered: "More houses in order to gain more factories, and keep Buchanan clean."

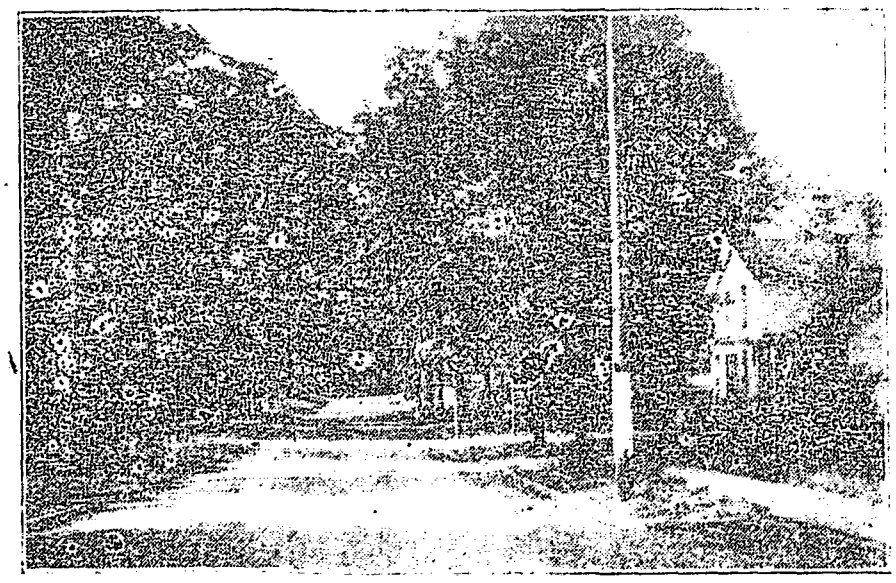
The object of this special edition is to do the very thing Mr. Wisner suggests only we would put it get more factories to cause the need for more houses and get busy and build them in order to meet the demand. The suggestion that Buchanan be kept clean is to be taken for granted. Buchanan will be kept clean because it can be so readily shown that it does not pay to have it otherwise.

"Our greatest need at present in Buchanan is more homes."—Buchanan Lumber & Coal Company.

Berrien County Electric Store

(Conclusion.)

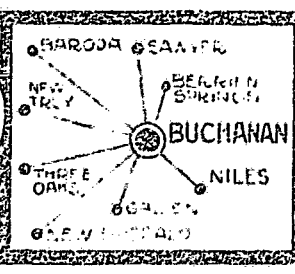
concern—and that itself is no sinecure—but he is also the company's star salesman of its stock, his sales in Buchanan having far exceeded the sales made by any other manager in the service of the company. He also manages the store we have been telling about and that, too, is a full-time job for any man. But even that is not all. Mr. Riley is also the president of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce and through his dynamic energy has succeeded in galvanizing it into life and activity. Together with the capable secretary, Mr. Al Charles, he has been able to accomplish much for Buchanan and is looking forward to the time when Buchanan will be one of the leading industrial cities in the whole St. Joseph Valley. He can convince any one that this is the spot for factories who want cheap power and says he can supply the power necessary for a plant employing ten thousand men within forty-eight hours after their arrival in the city. Sounds like a big contract but don't bet any money Riley cannot do it.



FRONT STREET

BERRIEN COUNTY ELECTRIC SHOP

ELECTRICAL MERCHANDISE



ELECTRICAL CONTRACTING

BUCHANAN, MICH.

ALWAYS THE BEST IN

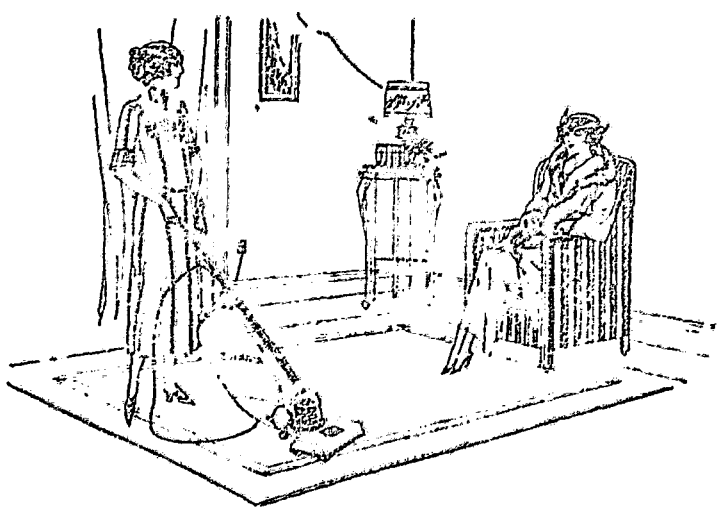
RADIOS AND RADIO EQUIPMENT

Electric
Washers
Mangles
Toasters
Percolators
Grills, Etc.

Wiring and Installing by Expert Workmen. Prices very Reasonable.

Home of the *Hoover* Suction Sweeper

The HOOVER
It BEATS... as it Sweeps as it Cleans



The Cataract Washer
The "Ampco" Electric Oil Burner
Music Master Cabinet Speaker
DeForest Radiophone
Hamilton-Beach Home Motor
Day-Fan Radio

HARLEIGH W. RILEY

AT YOUR SERVICE ALL WAYS

SNYDER'S HOMEY RESTAURANT

Good Place To Eat When You Are In Buchanan—Serves Home-Cooked Meals And Short Orders On Short Notice

Situated in a good location on Main Street and well equipped to take care of any volume of business which may come to it, Snyder's restaurant is achieveing for itself a distinct reputation for service and good things to eat.

Mr. Snyder is the competent chef and Mrs. Snyder takes care of the service which is always prompt and efficient. People like to eat at Snyder's because they realize that the food served there is always good and carefully prepared and has that homey quality which commends it to everybody, while the prices are always reasonable.

The Snyders came to Buchanan from Dowagiac and immediately purchased property in their new home. Since they have been here they have always taken a prominent part in the affairs of the village and have entered with enthusiasm upon a campaign of relieving the house shortage in Buchanan as far as their means will permit. Some time ago they purchased a number of lots and have commenced to erect thereon several houses to be occupied by Buchanan workingmen. One of them has just been finished and has provoked much commendation for its style and adaptability. They are now figuring upon a classy semi-bungalow for themselves and expect to begin construction of it early in the spring.

OLDEST HARDWARE STORE IN BUCHANAN

Runner Brothers Now Conducting It And Making Steady Success—Carry a Full Line of Paints, Oils and Varnishes

The first hardware in Buchanan is that now being run by the Runner Brothers, Clarence C. and Louis O. and, as everybody knows, they are making a steady success of the business.

It was in January, 1920, that the Runners bought out H. R. Adams, Clarence C. Runner having worked in the store for five years prior to that time. He was thus familiar with every detail of the business and it went along as though no change had been made. Mr. Adams had conducted the store for twenty-five years when he decided to retire.

When the Runners obtained the store they increased the stock carried something over twenty-five per cent and have continued it along in about that volume ever since. Until November a year ago the Runners did both plumbing and furnace work but at that time they discontinued the installation business and confined themselves to the carrying of the merchandise needed in those lines. Their line in this regard will always be found to be full and complete.

The stock comprises, in addition to the plumbing and heating materials, a full line of general hardware, stoves, ranges, paints, oils and varnishes. There is also a full line of hardware novelties and parts for farm implements.

Clarence C. Runner is in active charge of the business. In 1920 he was village clerk; he is village treasurer at the present time. He is also treasurer of the Methodist church. He is a Blue Lodge Mason and his brother is a 32nd degree Mason. He is also a member of the Odd Fellows fraternity and a member of the Modern Woodmen.

The Runner Brothers believe in Buchanan and can be counted upon at any time to do their share in furthering her interests. They also have unlimited faith in Berrien county and feel that there are great things in store for this, the best county in the state.

MODERN PLUMBING SHOP IN BUCHANAN

Rynearson Carries Fine Line of Plumbing Materials; Installs It According To Modern Plans and Requirements

It is fortunate for Buchanan that it has within its borders a plumbing shop such as that maintained by W. B. Rynearson.

In the Rynearson establishment, which is located at 114 Roe street, will be found every modern device in the way of plumbing materials, complying in every respect with the householder's requirements, whether they be large or small. There is no job of plumbing which the proprietor of this shop cannot undertake, and by reason of the fact that his overhead is of modest proportions, he is enabled to quote prices which, to say the least, are alluring.

If you contemplate building or intend to make over the plumbing in your home, you should consult Rynearson before you take another step. Tell him what you want and let him lay out the job for you according to well-known and approved plans for service and economy.

Mr. Rynearson was born in Buchanan, though for twenty-one years he was an absentee from the town of his nativity. When he returned here he was an expert on plumbing and heating and in 1916 he embarked in business for himself. It was a modest effort at first, the investment being only about $500. But good work and good materials on every job served to convince the people of Buchanan that here was a man worth patronizing and very soon the business grew and has continued to flourish ever since. Altogether Mr. Rynearson has been a citizen of Buchanan for thirty-eight years.

As a Buchanan resident Mr. Rynearson has always taken a lively interest in her affairs. He has seen the town grow from a very modest beginning to its present splendid proportions and has become convinced that if the people of Buchanan could learn and practice the lesson of trading at home instead of sending their money away to help build up other towns, she could grow much more rapidly than she has in the past. Nobody can take issue with him on this position.

BUCHANAN LUMBER AND COAL COMPANY

Largest Dealers In Lumber And Coal In Buchanan, Having Over Twelve Thousand Square Feet Under Cover

Twenty-five thousand feet of storage space and twelve thousand five hundred feet under roof is some lumber and coal yard, and very few places the size of Buchanan can lay claim to such an one.

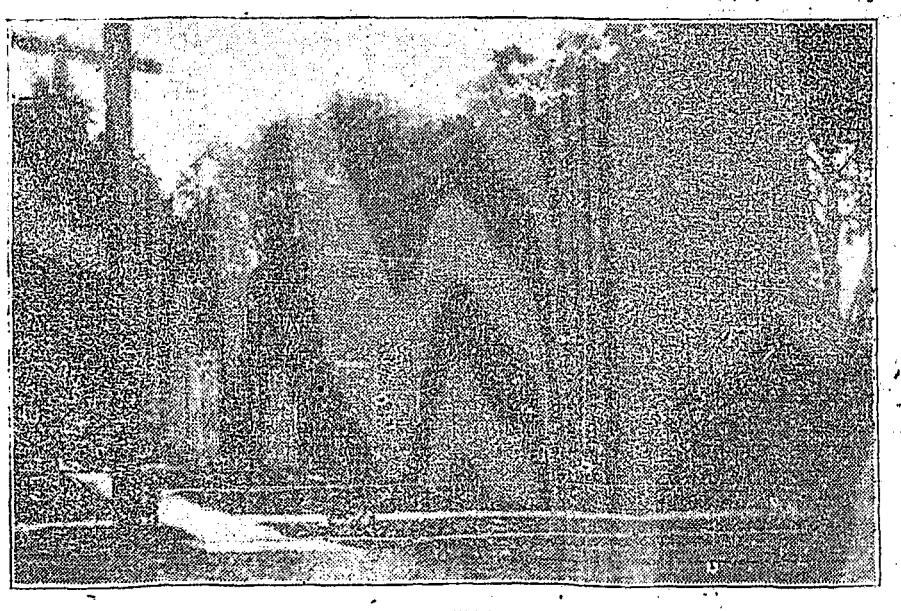
That is the dimensions of the property employed by the Buchanan Lumber & Coal Company and every atom of this enormous space is in use all of the time, the company's business extending far outside the confines of Buchanan in every direction.

The stock, which includes all classes and kinds of lumber and building materials, is very extensive and any kind of a job can be taken care of at almost a moment's notice. A vast quantity of coal also is kept on hand at all times. From three to five men are employed all of the time to handle the deliveries and two large trucks are kept constantly on the road. The company has 300 feet of railroad siding and is thus enabled to facilitate its shipping both in and out.

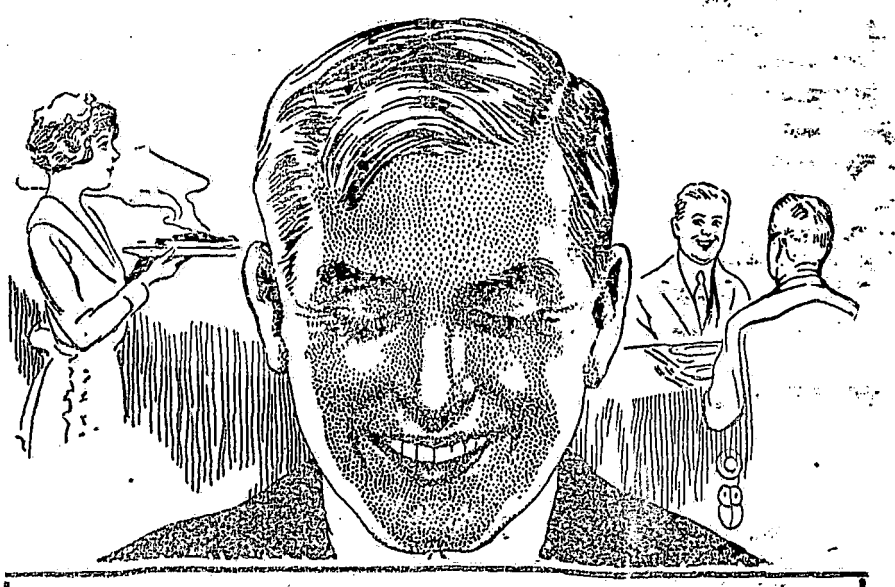
The Buchanan Lumber & Coal Company are the successors of the Roantree Lumber Company which they bought out in 1916. Since that time the business has grown amazingly and there is every evidence that its storage space will have to be still further expanded.

The members of this company have very pronounced views as to what Buchanan needs to put her in the running and make of her the kind of a town every citizen would like to see. They think the building of one hundred new houses is what Buchanan needs and express the opinion that they would be grabbed up as quickly as they could be constructed.

"There is no use talking of more factories," said the head of the firm, "unless we have houses for the workers to live in. The factories which are already here are suffering from this scarcity. There are lots of men working here now who would be glad to bring their families here but cannot find either rooms or houses for them. Let us try and relieve this condition before we undertake anything more pretentious. That is our idea of what Buchanan wants at the present moment."



BUCHANAN WATER WORKS

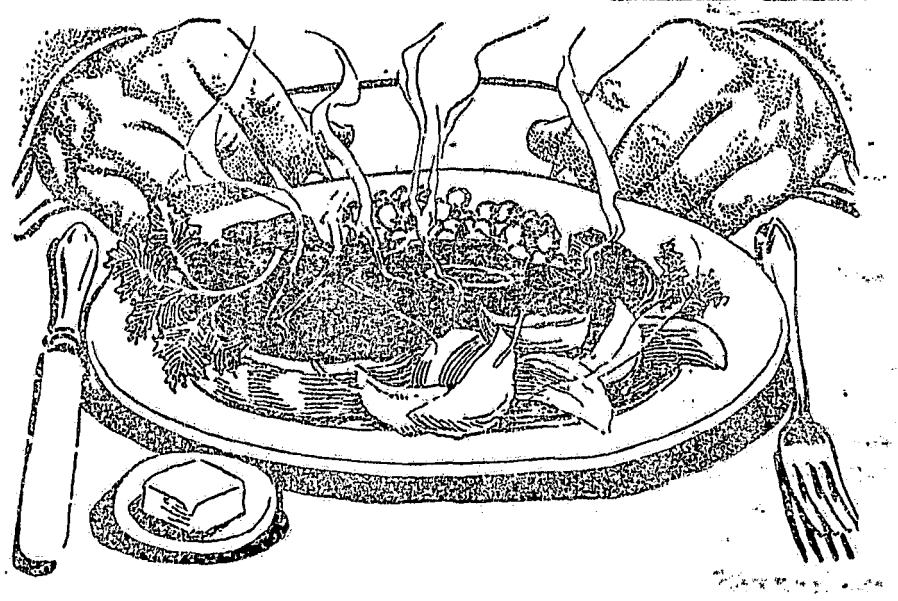


KLEAN KOOKING KOME IN

M. P. SNYDER
MRS.
M. P. SNYDER

HOME LUNCH

Buchanan -:- Michigan



American Cafe

Newly Opened.

A Place That Satisfies.

Mrs. C. W. Hoffman

Front Street at Portage

BUCHANAN'S CHIC DRY GOODS STORE

Buchanan has an exclusive dry goods store and it is a good one. The store in question is that of D. L. Boardman, who started it twenty-five years ago and has seen it grow from a small store occupying only 2,600 square feet, to its present splendid proportions of 5,500 square feet.

The Boardman store is up to the minute in every particular, carrying a full line of dry goods, rugs and ladies' ready-to-wear. The management is so capable and the wants of the people are so closely studied that they are enabled to follow the mode as closely in Buchanan as they do in the larger cities. Mr. Boardman's wide experience has given him a standing in the market which insures the Boardman store the same attention from designers and manufacturers that is given to the great dry goods houses of the larger cities.

Mr. Boardman came to Buchanan from New York thirty-three years ago. It follows, therefore, that he has been an important factor in the development of the town of his adoption. This is attested by his answer to the question as to what he would suggest should be done to make this a bigger and better place in which to live. Instantly Mr. Boardman replied: "Boost for and promote its commercial, moral and educational interests."

Mr. Boardman is a member of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce and belives such an organization can exert a good deal of influence toward the accomplishment of the object set forth above. He is a firm believer in the old adage "in unity is strength" and urges his fellow citizens to get together and pull unitedly for Buchanan. He is also an ardent member of the Presbyterian church and has been one of its most faithful adherents as well as one of its officers for many years.

Pitcher's Nurseries

When you come to Buchanan in the good old summer time you must not fail to visit the Pitcher place which is situated at 500 Carol Avenue, just across the track from the Campbell Trans ission Co. plant, because if you do you will miss something well worth seeing.

W. D. Pitcher came to Buchanan from Ripon, Wis., seventeen years ago. He had been a traveling man for years but finally grew tired of the nomadic life and determined to settle down. He had some friends in Buchanan and came here to pay them a visit and to spy out the land, having decided that he would get as close to nature as he possibly could. That settled it. He was captivated by the rugged terrain and more particularly by the kindly spirit of the people so here he deter ined to remain.

Thereupon he purchased the twenty acres upon which he now lives and set about it to make it produce for him the pay check which had been his from the time he had been able to work. His idea at first was fruit and truck farming. In this he was remarkably successful and, excepting for a few weeks now and then between seed time and harvest, the pay checks continue to come just as he had planned they would. His principal crops up to this time had been apples, pears, plums, cherries, asparagus and winter onions.

Gradually, and to gratify an aesthetic taste more than anything else, he began to grow flowers—the flaming iris, the vari-colored gladioli, the entrancing peonies. To these he gave marked attention and through scientific selection and intensive culture he was able to produce specimens of these choice flowers which challenge the attention of fanciers wherever they are shown. Naturally this grew to be the most important branch of the Pitcher business and today one can see in the Pitcher flower beds forty different varieties of peonies, sixty different varieties of the iris and over sixty different varieties of gladioli.

People come from great distances to see the Pitcher flowers when they are in bloom and through these visits a large trade has been worked up.

Good printing, prompt printing at right prices at the Record.

Economy Shoe Store

Feet First!

Always the latest styles at popular prices. The kind that wear longest.

You can always find what you want here in the popular lines of Walk-Over shoes for Men and Women, Edmonds Foot Fitters for men, Brown Shoe Co. Men's and Ladies' shoes, Endicott-Johnson Co. Men's, Ladies', Boys' and Children's shoes.

The popular lines of medium priced footwear.

Come in and be convinced.

ECONOMY SHOE STORE

HARRY JONES, Prop.

KOLHOFF GARAGE

L. KOLHOFF, Prop.
Buchanan, Mich.
Phone 191

Everything Automotive.

Overland Willys-Knight

Distributor

Official A. A. A. Service Station

Most Complete Stock of Parts In County.

Service Station of Detroit Automobile Club.

D. L. Boardman

Dry Goods
Buchanan, Michigan

A comprehensive line of Dry Goods, Ladies Ready-to-wear, Rugs and Linoleums reasonably priced and of dependable quality may always be found in stock.

Our Gladiolus bulbs this year are by far the finest we have ever grown. Consult us before you plant.

We hope to have the opportunity to serve you.

D. L. BOARDMAN

Buchanan - - Michigan

PRINCESS THEATRE POPULAR PLACE;

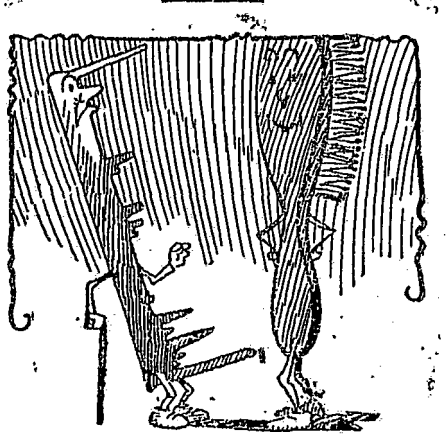
First Run Pictures Are Shown and Music is of the Very Best

One doesn't have to go to Chicago to see first-run pictures of the very highest quality or to hear music of the superlative kind. One can gratify themselves in that regard right at home in Buchanan.

The place where this is possible is at the Princess Theatre, which it has been the writer's privilege to attend on many occasions. The moment the title of the picture was flashed upon the screen we realized that it was a picture of which we had read advance notices that had given it highest commendation. We recognized, too, that it had been exploited as one of the great productions of the year and found it difficult to believe that such a thing as the presentation of such a picture could be possible in a place the size of Buchanan. We had not long to wait for another surprise. When the music began, there was evidence at once that it was not ordinary, and as it continued through a repertoire which was astonishing for its remarkable versatility, we concluded that here at least anything was possible. We have no idea whether or not the good people of Buchanan appreciate the value of this combination. If they don't they should. They should not only appreciate it but they should be proud of it, too.

The Princess Theatre is operated every night in the week including Sunday evenings. The quality of the pictures is never lowered. One may go at any time and be assured they will see a good picture, for the proprietor, Mr. Homer Morley, has declared he will never show pictures of questionable character nor ones which cannot approximate the high standard he has set for his house.

AN OLD FELLOW



Hair Brush—How old are you anyway, granddad?

Old Comb—Pretty old, I guess; I've lost nearly all my teeth!

J. E. ARNEY

"The Square Deal Grocer"

The Home of

QUALITY FOODS

at

Reasonable Prices

Fresh Vegetables and Fruits

Prompt, Accurate Service

Satisfaction Guaranteed.

Phone your orders to 26.

Get More Wear

Out of those old shoes of yours. You know you appreciate their comfort and just because the heels are run down a little or the soles are worn is no sign that you should cast them aside. Let's have them for Repair. They'll be good for many another mile of comfortable wear.

Buchanan Shoe Repairing Shop

JOE ROTI ROTI



RIGHT AT THE TOP

HAIR CUTS

Be right at the top and

Be All Right

3 CHAIRS—NO LONG WAITS

CALL US UP—162

STYLISH

Hair Cuts — Bobs

Use a full line of FITCH Products

Shave — Shampoo

FRED MEAD

BARBER SHOP

BUCHANAN, MICHIGAN

PRINCESS THEATRE

IN BUSINESS

for your

PLEASURE

January 1st. marked the entrance of a new year and one which will prove to be the most prosperous for every body that we have known for some time.

Business is good and there is work in sight for everybody. Work which must be done.

Your first resolution for this new year should be to keep fit.

When your engine fails to pull; when it won't take the train over the grade another engine will have to be put on. The work must be done.

In order that you keep fit permit yourself the rest, the food, the refreshment and the healthful interests that be you belong.

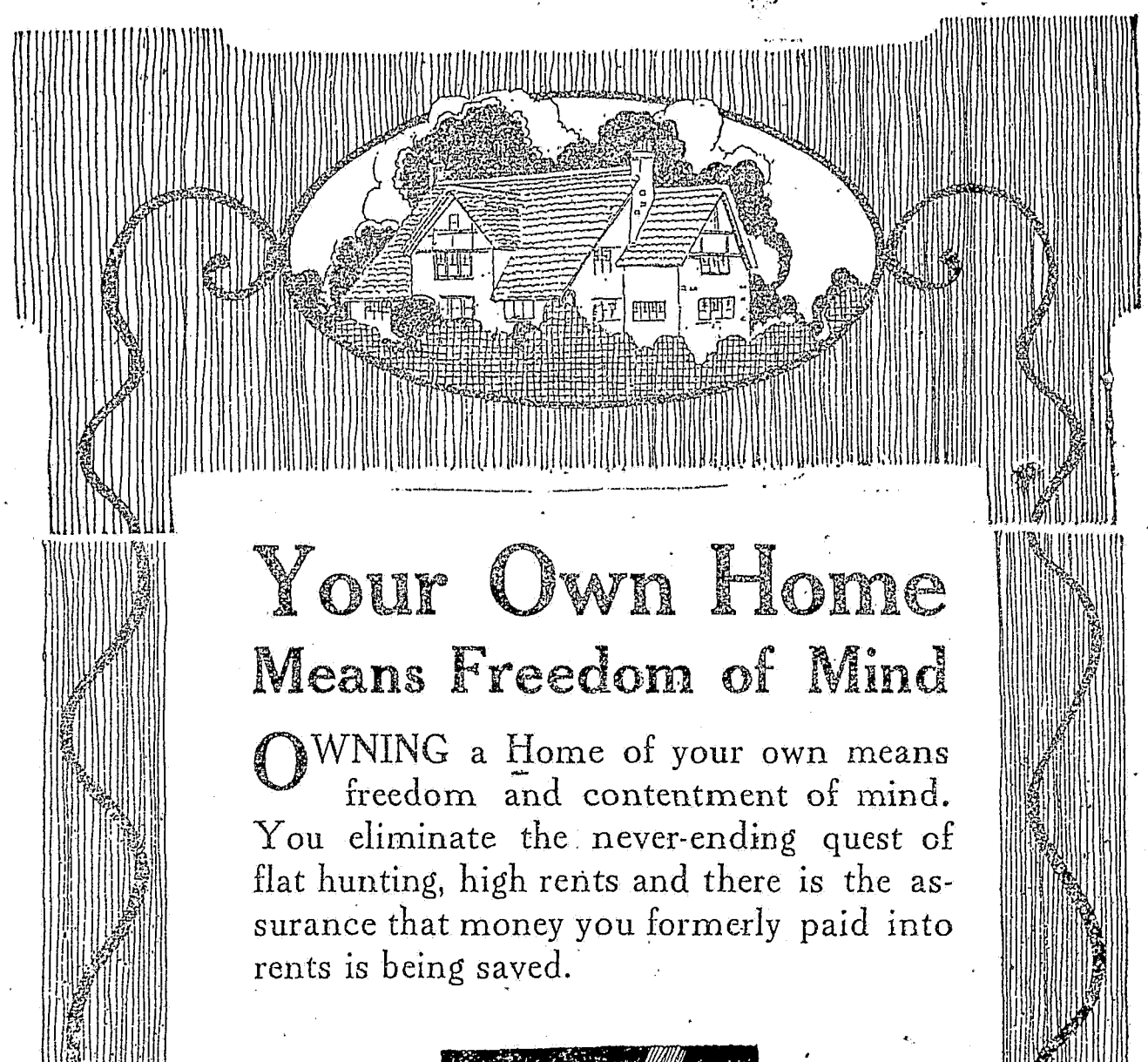
Do not neglect the law that commands you to partake of amusement. Remember that a good lubricant for the machinery is the laughs you enjoy at the theatre.

THE THEATRE

THEN IS YOUR FRIEND

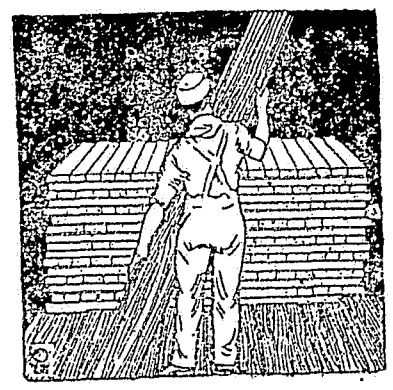
BUCHANAN LUMBER AND COAL CO.

ESTABLISHED 1916



Your Own Home
Means Freedom of Mind

OWNING a Home of your own means freedom and contentment of mind. You eliminate the never-ending quest of flat hunting, high rents and there is the assurance that money you formerly paid into rents is being saved.



Phone 83 F2



C. B. ISBELL
President
A. F. HILLER
Sec'y-Treas.
C. F. HILLER
Manager

DEALERS IN

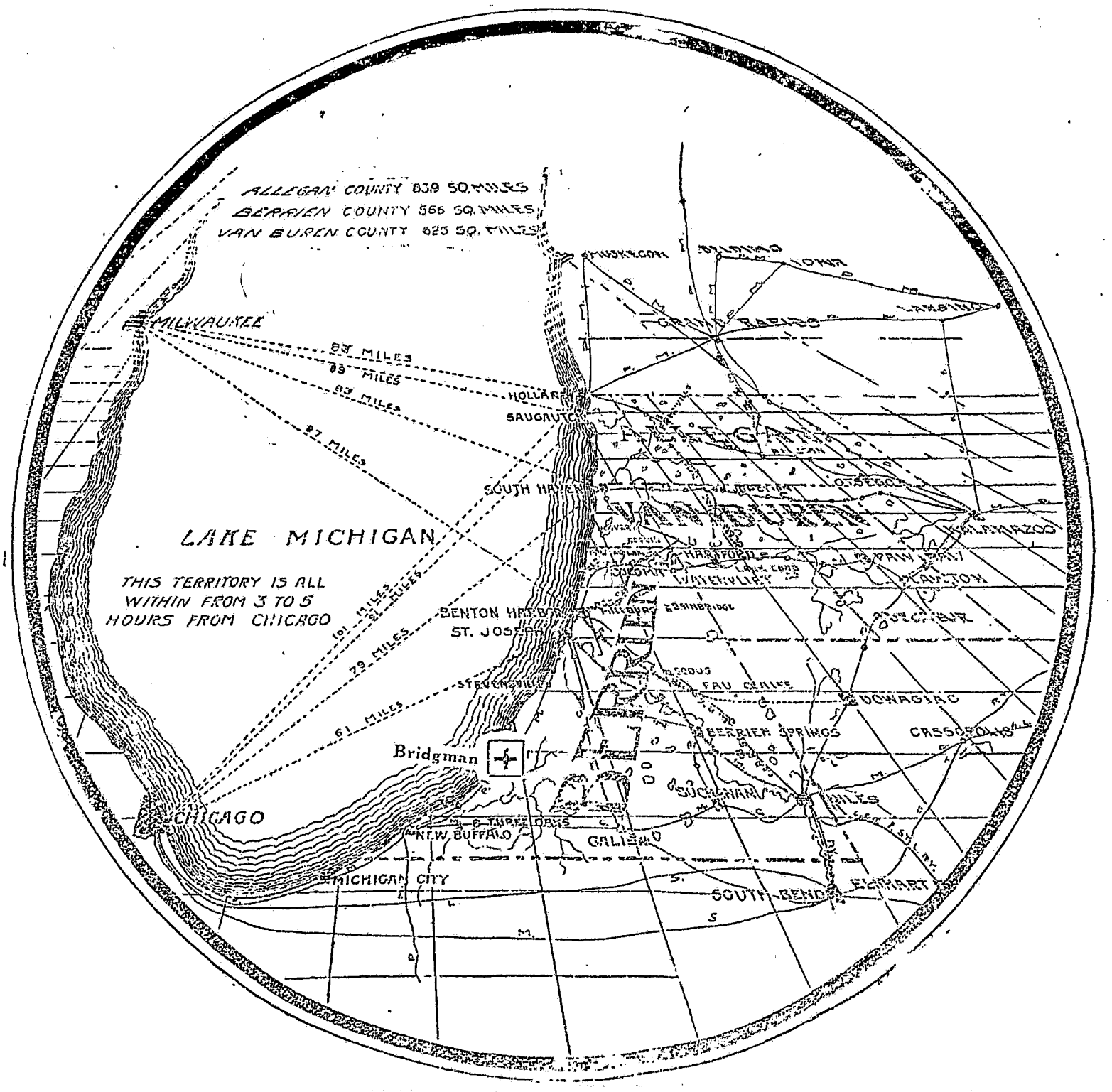
LUMBER
BUILDING MATERIAL
COAL

Buchanan -:- Michigan

BRIDGMAN

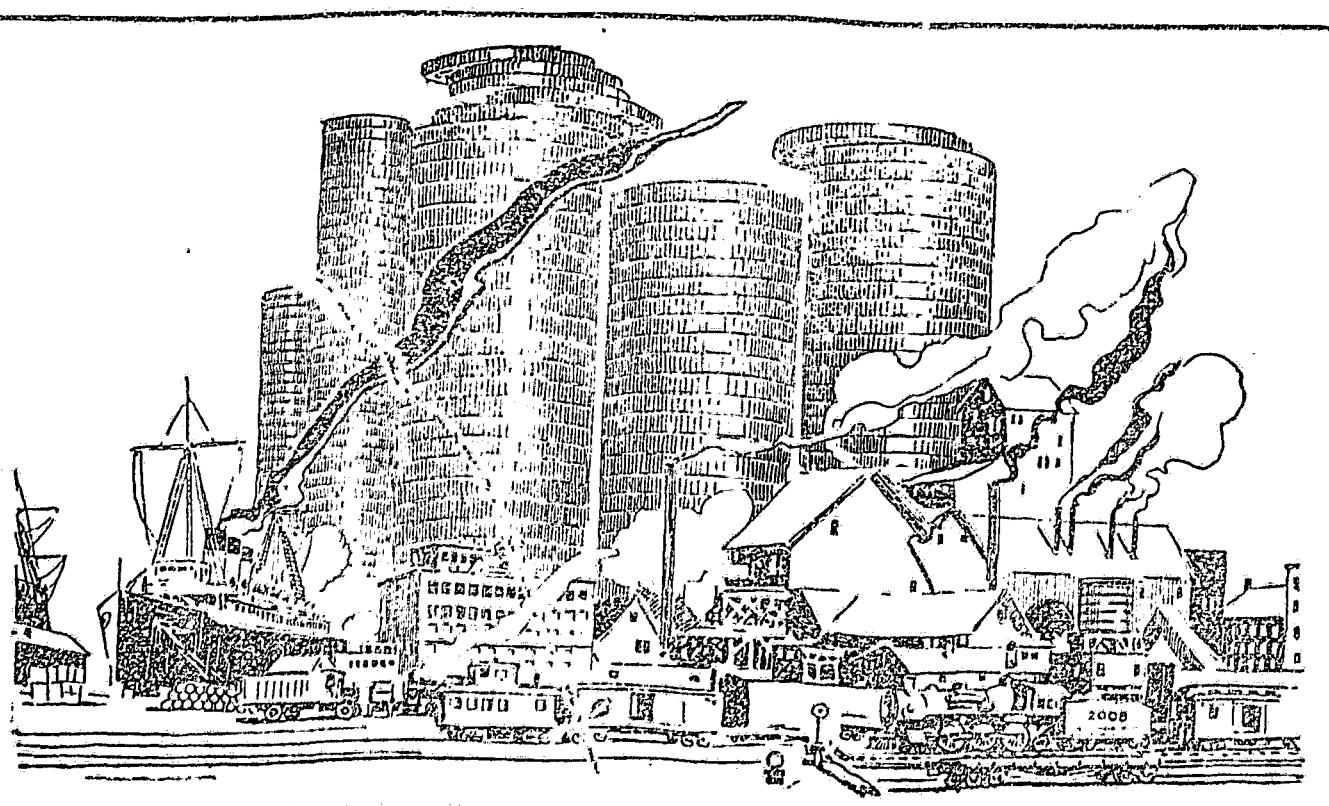
IN THE CENTER OF SAINT JOSEPH VALLEY

THE SAINT JOSEPH VALLEY IS DESTINED TO BECOME THE GREATEST INDUSTRIAL CENTER IN THE UNITED STATES BECAUSE OF ITS LOCATION, VASTWATER POWER AND TRANSPORTATION FACILITIES.



BRIDGMAN, MICHIGAN OFFERS THE INVESTOR, MANUFACTURER, BUSINESS MAN AND TOURIST, FIRST CHOICE IN THIS MAMMOTH FUTURE INDUSTRIAL EMPIRE COVERING 2000 SQUARE MILES.

THE FOLLOWING PAGES ATTEMPT TO SHOW YOU THE POSSIBLITIES THAT CAN BE OPENED NOW BY YOUR TIME AND MONEY.



STACK YOUR DOLLARS IN BRIDGMAN

BRIDGMAN

"The Biggest Little Town in the United States"

As one rolls along M-11 in a journey north or south on that remarkably smooth and delightfully scenic highway, extending from the Indiana line to the Straits of Mackinaw, he will finally encounter an artistic sign which informs him that he is now about to enter Bridgman, "the biggest little town in the United States." If he is at all impressed—and who would not be upon encountering a sign like that?—he will stop and give the place the once over which, having done, he will be forced to conclude that the truth has only half been told and that Bridgman, instead of having violated the conventions by its flamboyant statement, has still a whole lot coming to it and is justly entitled to be dubbed the biggest little town in the world.

When the writer first visited Bridgman, he realized at once that he had encountered something unusual. But it was not until he had met that prince of good fellows, "Bun" Baldwin, and his enterprising associates, of the Bridgman Booster Club and had partaken of their hospitality, that he realized that here was something not merely unusual but extraordinary.

Bridgman People Own Sand Dunes at Their Door

Bridgman is situated on M-11, otherwise known as the Dixie Highway, about fourteen miles south of St. Joe, and 87 miles from Chicago. It is built upon what is undoubtedly a stretch of Michigan's best land. A mile directly west of it is a natural park of sand dunes and, as might have been expected, Bridgman people have procured the property instead of permitting outsiders to gain control of it and eventually make millions exploiting it for their big-city fellows. Whatever is to be made out of the sand dunes at Bridgman is going to be made by Bridgman people. One of the first moves in this direction is the establishment of what is known as the Advertising Colony, a group of Chicago advertising men who have become bewitched by the beauties of Bridgman's surroundings and spend as many days as their business will afford during the summer exploring the sand dunes; dreaming of the prodigious forces of nature which through unnumbered centuries have built them up and imbued them with nomadic habits, for many of these silent sentinels of the lake shore are possessed of the wanderlust and when this is upon them their marvelous peregrinations may not be stopped. But most of the dunes at Bridgman have learned to behave themselves and appear to have "settled down" since upon them are now to be found mighty giants of the forest with creepers and vines filling the interstices until in some knowledge of woodcraft in order to penetrate their verdure-clad fastnesses. Ensconced on a woodsy plateau at the foot of one of these giant sentinels stands a model club house erected by the Advertisers Club. A short distance from the village is a nine-hole golf course—soon to be enlarged to the regulation eighteen holes—upon which the boys gratify their ambition to one-day becoming the national amateur champion. The people of Bridgman, to a very large extent are also members of the club so that at almost any time of day the greens are well peopled with players and caddies and Bridgman thus takes on an air of importance and progressiveness far beyond her natural size.

Everybody in Perfect Harmony

Bridgman is not always going to remain the biggest little town in the United States. There will come a time as sure as the sun shines when Bridgman will have to drop the last part of the appellation. It will be known as the big town of Bridgman instead, for there are unmistakable evidences that the fine work of its fiercely-enthusiastic boosters is going to effect the needed transformation. Speaking of boosters there's something to talk about in Bridgman. They call it the "Boosters Club" and it is well named. This club meets twice a month and enjoys the distinction of having had a ninety-seven per cent attendance at the meetings ever since it was organized. The club meets at the Hotel Esnor and discusses its problems while partaking of a fine luncheon. It reeks with good-nature, harmony and enthusiasm. In consequence, all that it does is one hundred per cent proficient. If money is needed it is forthcoming, no person in the entire membership being possessed of that parsimonious spirit which does so much to nullify the efforts of real boosters. Everybody is out to do his share and nobody expects to profit at the expense of his fellows. But everybody profits, willy-nilly, by reason of the co-ordinated efforts of the whole club and Bridgman thus continues to thrive and grow.

Largest Small Plant Nurseries In the World.

One of the things which makes Bridgman stand out from its fellows and which has done much toward placing it in the enviable position it now enjoys, is the fact that it is the home of the largest small plant nurseries in the world. It is also one of the best advertised places in the world for tons of publicity are constantly pouring forth from the nurseries and so great has become this volume that Bridgman enjoys the unique distinction of being, perhaps, the only place of its size in the country having a postoffice of the second class. More will be said about these nurseries in another place in this paper.

Bridgman looks like a phoenix risen from its ashes, everything looks so new. As a matter of fact Bridgman—the new Bridgman—is a bit less than ten years old and dates its rejuvenation to the establishment of the Bridgman State Bank. This is a substantial and ornate building which stands on a corner closely adjacent to the Marquette Railroad. Following the bank came some new store buildings with handsome pressed brick fronts; an opera house, than which there is none better for its size; a new school house of which the citizens of Bridgman are inordinately proud; a newspaper which has the appearance of being issued in a city of ten thousand instead of in one of less than that many hundred; modern homes such as one finds in Oak Park or other of the more important suburbs of Chicago; several manufacturing institutions and others in prospect, and everything kept as neat as wax—a regular little spotless town which bears the impress of a fairy's wand in its creation and which appears to have been turned over to unselfish big brothers to develop and maintain.

Such, in short, is Bridgman. If you have never been there you have missed one of Michigan's best bets. Immediately adjacent thereto will be found excellent land which can be procured for a song considering what it will produce. For potential profit through resort development there is nothing to surpass it all along the eastern shore of the big lake. But best of all you will find in Bridgman the finest people you ever met but if you are the least inclined to be snobbish stay away for you will not feel at home in Bridgman. Only the plain, unpretentious yet aggressive folks are welcome there. But such a welcome! You must see for yourself, thats all.

"All we have to do is to boost the resort possibilities of Berrien county and the people who will come to us will do the rest."—Zeiger Brothers, Sawyer.

"Greater economy in the administration of our county and township affairs so that we will not be overburdened with taxation should be the next step."—C. A. Clark, Galien.

THE OLDEST NURSERY FIRM at BRIDGMAN

UNDER the original name and ownership, we are today offering the most complete line of general nursery stock and home beautifying ornamentals.

¶ Our policy of fair treatment, and quality stock reasonably priced, has won for us a consistently steady growth of business. From a very modest beginning in 1911, when we started with a few varieties of berry plants, we have expanded until we now are furnishing thousands of customers located in nearly every state in the Union.

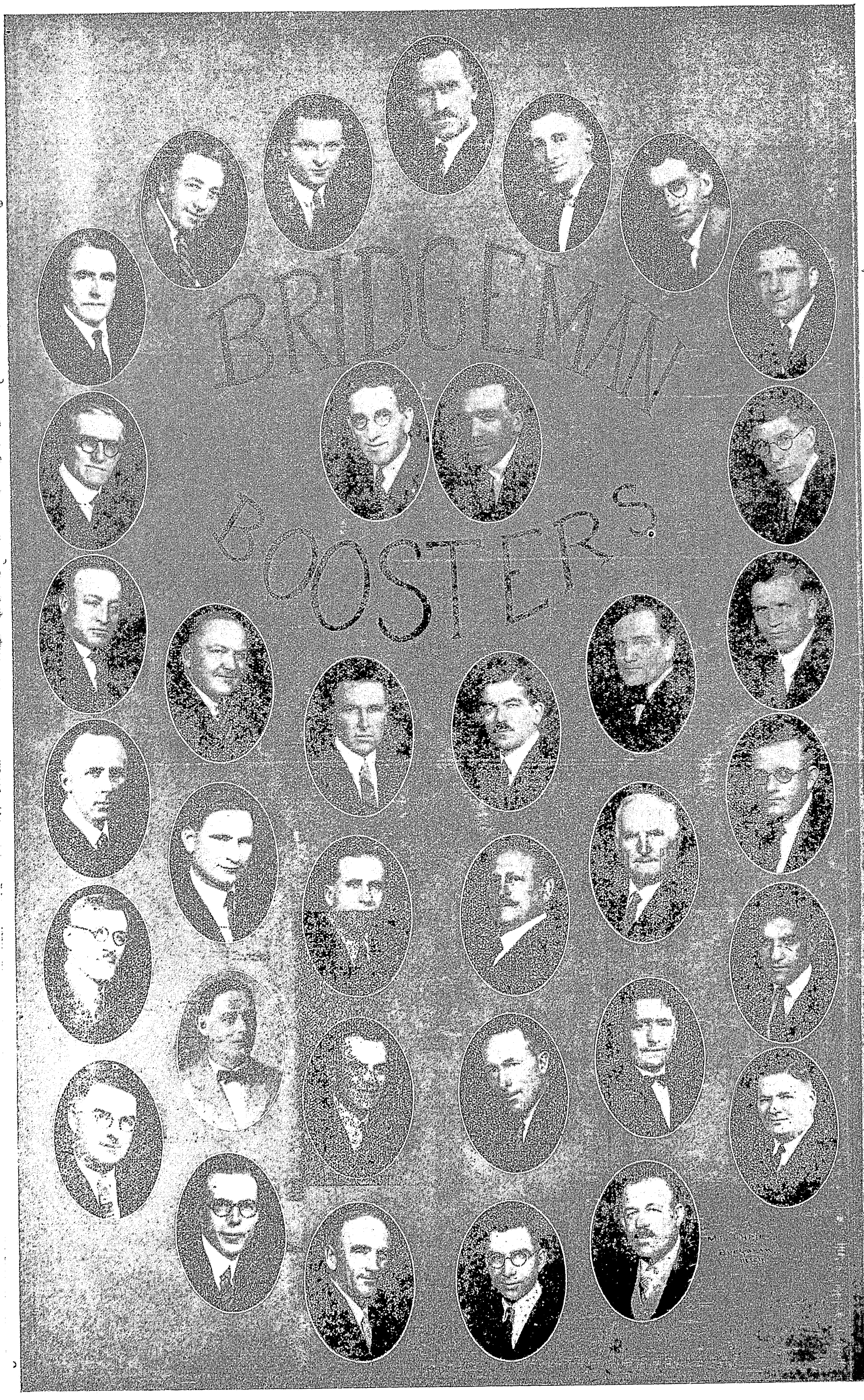
¶ Our 1926 catalog is now ready. In it we offer a complete line of BERRY and GRAPE PLANTS, GARDEN ROOTS and FRUIT TREES for the commercial grower or home garden. Also a wide selection of ROSES, ORNAMENTAL SHRUBS and FLOWERING BULBS for beautifying the home surroundings.

¶ We are very glad to mail it Free upon request.

J. N. ROKELY & SON

P. O. Box 30

BRIDGMAN . MICHIGAN



BRIDGMAN BAKERY MAKES GOOD BREAD

That's Why Hardly Any Other Bread Is Eaten By the Bridgmanites —Outside Bakers Don't Get a Look In.

"Baker Boy Bread," is the staff of life upon which the Bridgmanites feed. It is manufactured in the cleanest and most sanitary bakery anybody ever saw—the Bridgman Bakery owned and conducted by M. F. Voelzke.

This bakery was built entirely new in all of its appointments in 1919 and has been passing out more and more of its choice bread ever since. The bakery has a capacity of 125,000 loaves of bread, which is enough for quite some picnic. In a pinch it can do more. But in addition to this choice bread, it turns out also a full line of what it calls "Baker Boy Bakery Products," which means cakes, pies, cookies of all sorts, and all the other articles in the line calculated to tickle the palate and make one call for more.

The business is operated by the proprietor, one journeyman baker and a clerk to look after the store. It has a branch at New Troy and another at Baroda which are served every day from the bakery direct.

When next you visit Bridgman you should call and see this model bakery. It is a sight you will appreciate and the proprietor, though a very busy man, will take time out to show you around.

Another Booster? Of course; nobody lives in Bridgman unless they are; living in Bridgman is not comfortable otherwise. And so the proprietor of the Bridgman Bakery is busy as a nailer baking bread and building into it the Bridgman spirit so that those who eat it may become a part and parcel of the community. Nobody in Bridgman asks his fellow: "Upon what strange meat doth this our Caesar feed?"

THE BRIDGMAN STATE BANK

There is nothing in the world which can compare with a sound, courteous and careful banking institution in the upbuilding of a city. Such an institution is the Bridgman State Bank which was organized in 1916 and from which date and which fact dates Bridgman's awakening and determination to make something of itself.

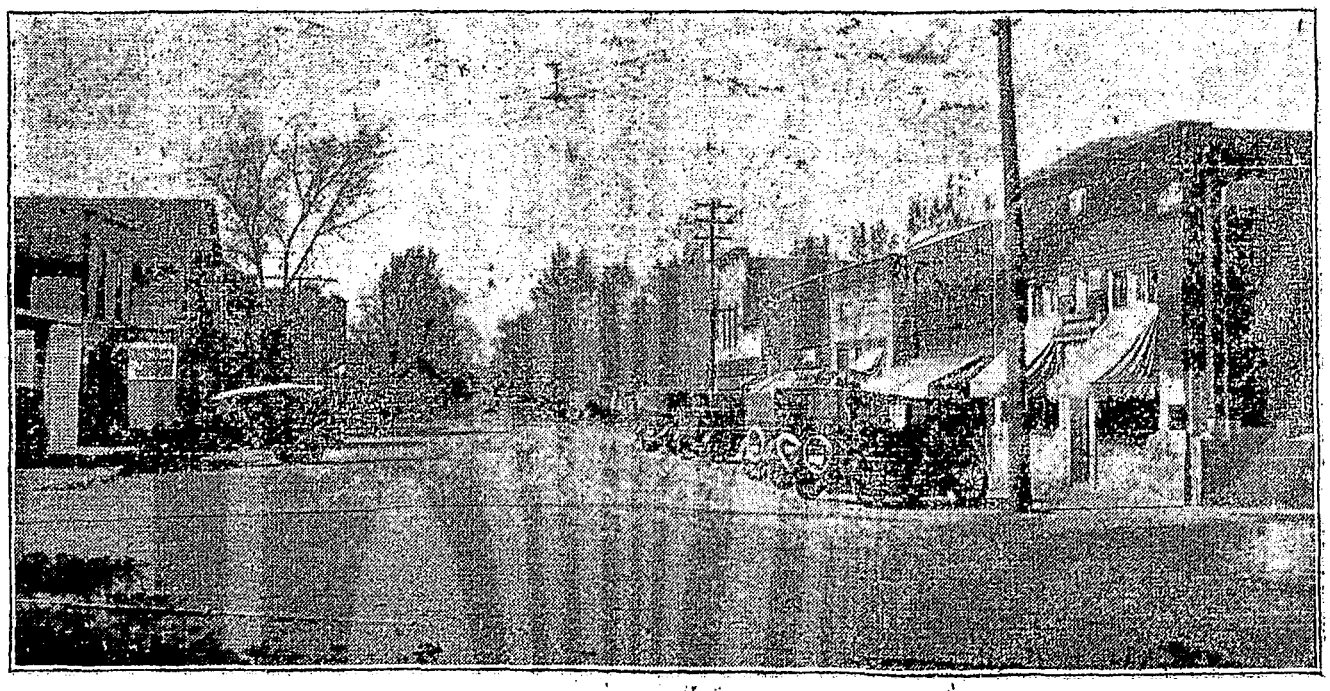
The bank was started by O. A. D. Baldwin and F. W. Gast with a capital of $20,000. It grew apace and had the satisfaction of including in its list of depositors many from surrounding towns and of farmers away outside of Bridgman's regular trading radius. It now has a capital and surplus and undivided profits amounting to $38,000.

The bank outgrew its quarters and in 1920 erected a modern building which is fitted up with every appliance known to banking and is a model in every respect, costing $25,000. The directors are R. W. Ackerman, O. A. D. Baldwin, Theo. E. Berk, A. E. Chauncey, W. H. Gast, C. J. Peck, F. W. Gast.

The officers of the bank are: President, O. A. D. Baldwin; vice-president, William H. Gast; cashier, Fred W. Gast; assistant cashier, P. R. Berndt. At the present time the bank has deposits of $700,000 and shows a marked increase at each succeeding report. Every officer of the bank is a member of the Bridgman Booster Club and are constantly working for the upbuilding of Bridgman and for the further development of the farms and farm homes of South Berrien County.

BRIDGMAN BOOSTERS.

Key to the picture on the preceding page, reading from left to right: W. F. Hall, F. W. Gast, W. C. Gast, W. H. Gast, Chas. N. Gast, W. O. D. Baldwin, E. C. Vigansky, Dr. Littlejohn, A. E. Chauncey, P. R. Berndt, Rev. Eley, P. Konrath, G. H. Knaak, T. H. Botham, H. Weber, G. A. Zick, Ed Macholtz, F. C. Reed, N. L. Gittersonke, J. F. Kobe, Karl Von Wolfskeel, C. Stahelin, O. D. Lavely, J. Ivaska, R. W. Ackerman, R. W. Garrison, M. Phillips, M. F. Voelzke, Ward Young, H. A. Bandemer, R. C. Whitten, Charles Sowersby, G. W. R. Baldwin, A. Spitzer, B. W. Klackle.



MAIN STREET, BRIDGMAN.

4 Per Cent

PAID ON SAVINGS

4 Per Cent

We consider the faith and good will of our patrons our Principal Assets

THE BRIDGMAN STATE BANK

Bridgman, Michigan

The Bank That Treats You Right

Total Resources over $700,000.00

O. A. D. Baldwin..President
W. H. Gast..Vice-President

F. W. Gast.....Cashier
P. R. Berndt..Assist. Cashier

"THE COTTAGE" IS POPULAR PLACE

Bridgman Has An Eating House Built On Classic Lines And Supplying Eevery-thing To Satisfy The Most Exacting

When you visit Bridgman you will have missed one of its chief attractions if you fail to drop in at "The Cottage."

This place is conducted by C. H. Alguire, who had been a purveyor of good things to eat in Bridgman for quite a long time before he conceived the idea of givin to the generous public a more attractive place in which to perform one of the most important functions of human existence. He selected a location directly adjoining the Chauncey & Baldwin store, right in the very heart of the business section of the village.

Upon that site was then erected a pretty building of satin-faced red brick in a style of architecture entirely different from the ordinary place of business but none the less attractive. Indeed, we believe, there i snot such an attractive eating place the whole length of M-11.

As might be expected the resorters in the good old summertime make it a point to eat at "The Cottage," coming from miles distance to do so. The food is so good, however, and the service so exceptional, that the place has become the favorite eating place of the traveling men who are upon the roads at all seasons of the year.

Mr. Alguire has resided in Bridgman for about ten years. The new building was erected last year. Its interior fittings are in keeping with its attractive exterior and comprises a most excellent soda fountain equipment.

"Develop the resort business," says Mr. Alguire, "because we have the finest location along the whole lake front; just the right distance from Chicago and available from any point, with the most magificent sand dunes in the whole dune country."

BRIDGMAN THEATRE THE BEAUTIFUL

Pretty Playhouse Presents The Very Best There Is To Be Obtained In Moving Pictures In Classic Surroundings

Alive to the fact that any place must be supplied with proper recreational facilities in order to thrive, especially since the advent of the automobile, Messrs O. A. D. Baldwin and F. W. Gast realized, in 1922, that Bridgman should have a good theatre.

With these gentlemen to determine to do a thing was to do it. How well they have done it is made manifest by the splendid theatre which now caters to play-loving people of Bridgman, and which has been rightfully named "Bridgman Theatre Beautiful."

The house is all that its name implies. It has a seating capacity of 438 with everybody comfortably placed. Its two-manual pipe organ is the delight of its audiences, many coming from near-by towns and villages and some from much greater distances especially to hear this famous instrument.

It is the superior quality of the pictures shown, however, which constitutes its chief attraction. The owners determined when they embarked in the business that nothing but the very best pictures should ever be shown. No matter what the price might be, only the best would ever be chosen. How well this policy has been appreciated is proven by the fact that there has never been a performance without a capacity house, so that what was felt to be adequate proportions in a place of the size of Bridgman, have been unquestionable outgrown.

Needless to say that the theatre is a member of the Booster Club and contributes its share to all its activities.

Frank Slovik

Treats You Right

STORE AT JERICHO

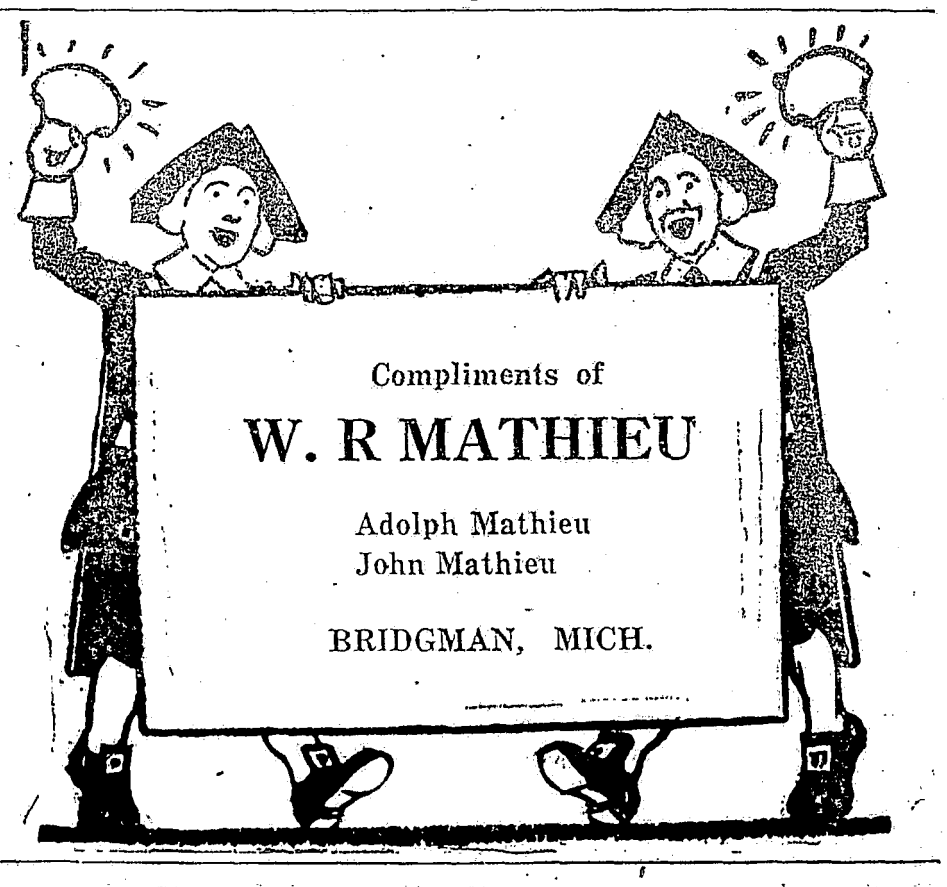
General Merchandise
Half Way Between

BRIDGMAN AND STEVENSVILLE

SLOWAK'S STORE AT JERICHO

In the good old summertime when the automobiles careering along M-11 are thicker than fleas on a mongrel dog, everybody wonders as they pass the Frank Slowak store at Jericho what the crowds are doing there and, naturally they stop to look into the matter.

When they do stop they are surprised to find an establishment carrying all the necessary dry goods and notions and a line of choice groceries, all marked at reasonable prices and comprising the very best lines. To see the goods is to buy them and many a cottage is stocked for the summer from the Slowak collection. Besides, the fruit growers in that region—and their name is legion—have come to regard the Slowak store as their best trading place.



Flowers and Fruits

add to the value of your home

Roses
Flowering Shrubs
Bulbs

B-WA-N
The Heart of the Berry Plant Business

Fruit Trees
Vines
Plants

Our Beautiful Book

Describes the largest and best selection of trees and plants in Southwestern Michigan.

Read about MASTODON—the wonderful new Strawberry. Full crop of fancy berries four months after planting.

Save Money---Buy Direct from the Growers

Special Bargains in Peach, Apple and Cherry Trees.
Hundreds of Berrien County people drive here and make their selections.

Write for our free Sales Book now.

BALDWIN - WHITTEN - ACKERMAN - NURSERIES

Box 400 Bridgman, Michigan

BRIDGMAN'S GREY IRON FOUNDRY

Mathieu & Son, Founders In Grey Iron And Semi-Steel, An Industry Of Merit Which Is Growing

One of the important industries of Bridgman is the grey iron and semi-steel foundry of Mathieu & Son.

The Bathieus moved to Bridgman from St. Joe in 1920, having spent the four years previous at the latter place. When they arrived in Bridgman they started up in a small way but very soon, on account of the excellence of their castings, orders began to come in from all directions and they were obliged to add new buildings right along. Today they have four fine buildings, affording them a floor space of 36,000 square feet.

At first other men were interested in the business but gradually their stock was acquired by the Mathieus and now it is strictly a family affair. The officers are: Adolph Mathieu, President and Superintendent; John Mathieu, Vice President; W. R. Mathieu, Secretary-Treasurer. Their business at the present time amounts to $120,000.00 a year and is still growing.

In this day of iron and steel the foundry business stands at the top for without the foundryman none of them can exist. The demand for castings is constantly growing and there have been refinements of production which enable the foundry men to supply castings which require very little machining. The good casting is almost as smooth as though it had been machined, and very little additional work must be done upon it before it is ready to take its place in the manufactured article of which it forms a component part. That is the kind of casting the Mathieus turn out.

As might well be exepected the Mathieus are earnest boosters for Bridgman and can be relied upon at all times to do whatever is necessary to advance its interests. They are members of the Booster Club and take a lively interest in all of its activities.

PEOPLES' GARAGE AT BRIDGMAN

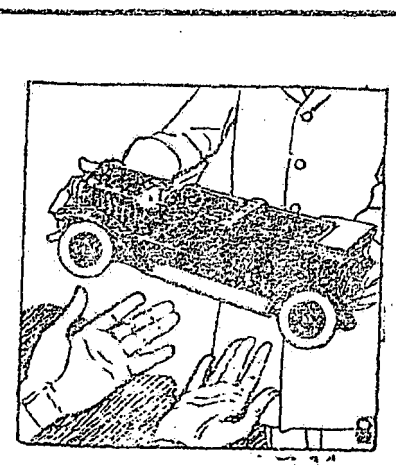
Reck Brothers Conduct Two Places, One On M-11 And The Other Down Town And Give Satisfaction At Both

It was in June, 1921 that the Reck Brothers—G. H., and C. A.—came to Bridgman and established themseleves in the garage business. That they have done well is attested by the fact that they now have two garages instead of one and are kept busy at both of them.

Besides general repair work they handle a full line of automobile accessories and find their trade in these lines increasing every day. Their beginning was modest, their first capital being about $3,000. They now have $10,000 and do an annual business of over $20,000. One of their garages is twenty-four by fifty feet in dimensions and the other is seventy-five feet square.

Since they have been in Bridgman they have learned to do as the Bridgmanites do, viz: whoop it up for Bridgman all the time, asleep or awake. But best of all, they see to it that the people who come to the town to avail themselves of their services are treated right so that they will return for more. This means a benefit to themselves and to Bridgman, as it will soon inculcate the habit of making it their permanent trading point and thus every citizen of Bridgman will be benefited.

The Reck Brothers are sterling young men who have determined to make their way in the world and everybody concedes that they are doing a splendid job of it.



WE'LL answer your call for Automobile repairs. You just place your car in our hands and we'll take care of the rest.

Experienced mechanics and adequate equipment enable us to render an unusual service.

Two Garages:

M-11 UP TOWN

ACCESSORIES

Peoples Garage

Rath Brothers

Bridgman, Mich.

BRIDGMAN CANNING COMPANY

Bridgman has an industry of which every citizen is justly proud—the Bridgman Canning Company. It is housed in a modern plant equipped with the very highest class of machinery for the purpose and sending out a product which finds ready sale in the markets of the middle west.

The business is owned and conducted by Messrs. T. F. Gore and George H. Vander as a partnership. O. A. D. Baldwin was in this business for some time but disposed of his interest in the business a short time ago. The company puts up about seventy-five thousand cases every season comprising strawberries, raspberries, blackberries, dewberries, gooseberries, string beans, tomatoes and Keefer pears. The various labels which are used are made to exploit Bridgman as well as the contents of the can and in this way Bridgman receives a vast amount of advertising which does not cost it a cent.

The factory building is substantial and has a floor area of 100x125 feet. It is believed that this will have to be enlarged to take care of the increased acreage which is being devoted to small fruits.

THE BRIDGMAN THEATRE BEAUTIFUL

DISTINCTIVENESS QUALITY REFINEMENT

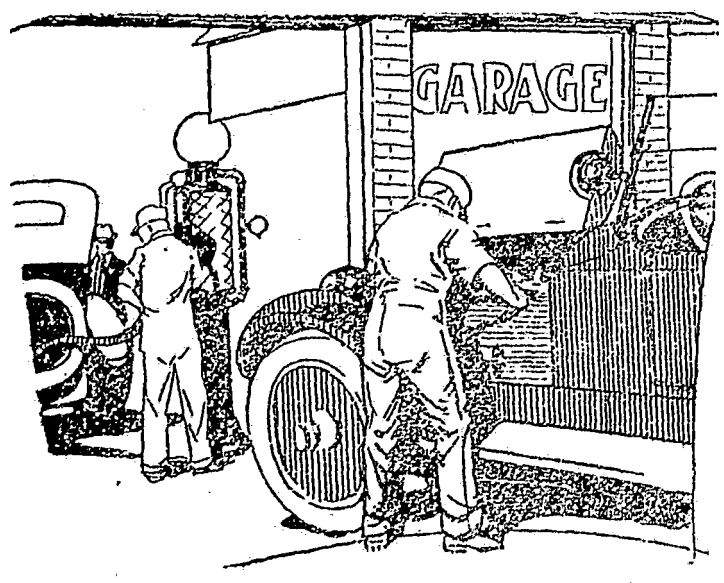
Management, Baldwin & Gust

Bridgman, Mich.

THE FINEST IN MOTION PICTURES,

PROPERLY PRESENTED

PIPE ORGAN ORCHESTRATION



NASH CARS

SALES

SERVICE

GAS - OILS - TIRES - ACCESSORIES

General Garage Service

BANDEMER GARAGE, BRIDGMAN, MICH.

Oral D. Lavely Roy W. Garrison O. A. D. Baldwin

Bridgman Publishing Company

Publishers of

"The Bridgman Enterprise"

Distinctive Commercial Printing

Creators of Advertising Literature

Bridgman, Michigan

BRIDGMAN SUPPLY COMPANY

This business which occupies a commanding position on the main street of the village, was organized in 1923 by William H. Gast, Chas. H. Gast, Robert Liskey, Roy Liskey and Ed. Vigansky, to engage in the business of dealing in general hardware and builders' supplies, and has enjoyed a remarkable growth.

The outstanding reason for the success of this company is the fact that they have ever insisted in presenting none but the best of materials to their customers, and the further fact that they are enabled at all times to care for any kind of order, no matter how great or how small. To the latter they have made it a rule to give just as careful attention as to the order involving thousands of dollars. In that way they have won the confidence of the people of Bridgman and all the surrounding country and, as a consequence their business is constantly extending farther afield.

The Bridgman Supply Company bought out the business in Bridgman in 1905. W. H. Gast had an interest in the business at that time and became a member of the new company when the same was organized.

It required only 1100 square feet of floor space in which to transact the business when the new company was organized but since then there has been such a remarkable growth that 4,440 square feet of floor space is now found necessary. Every member of the company is a Bridgman product and, naturally, they are for Bridgman first, last and all the time. They believe that Bridgman needs more factories and propose to do everything in their power to get them.

BRIDGMAN GROCERY MARKET

In a modern up-to-date grocery and meat market in a first-class location on the main street the Bridgman Grocery and Meat Market is housed and enjoys a good trade because its owner, John Ivaska, has made it a rule to offer to his customers none but the very highest grade goods at moderate prices.

Mr. Ivaska came to Bridgman from Chicago only last August but in that short time he has become imbued with the Bridgman spirit which means that he is not only a booster for Bridgman but that he is willing to invest his own money for community betterment whenever the need presents itself.

The Bridgman Grocery and Meat Market was first established by Michael Cadra who was also a Chicago product. He sold to Mr. Ivaska and then returned to Chicago, feeling lonesome in Bridgman so far away from his friends and persons of his own nationality. Mr. Ivaska prides himself, however, that he is an American citizen and as such finds it possible to live and transact business with American citizens no matter what may be their extraction.

The store comprises 1200 square feet and every inch of this space is kept filled with choice groceries and meats of the very best quality. Asked what he would suggest for making Bridgman a bigger and better place in which to live, Mr. Ivaska promptly replied more factories. It goes without saying therefore, that when Bridgman begins to bestir itself industrially it will have an earnest worker along this line in Mr. Ivaska.

BRIDGMAN SUPPLY COMPANY ACTIVE

An Institution Serving Bridgman Honorably And Fairly With High-Class Building Materials Of All Kinds

Bridgman is to be congratulated upon having within its borders an organization such as the Bridgman Supply Company, dealers in all kinds and classes of building materials and hardware.

This company was organized and began business in Bridgman in 1904, since which time it has grown to amazing proportions. This has been brought about through fair dealing and paying strict attention to the welfare of its customers in every particular. No matter what may be required in the building material line, or in what quantity, this company can always supply it.

The members of the firm are; William H. Gast, Charles H. Gast, Robert Liskey, Roy Liskey and Ed. Vigansky, all of whom are thoroughly acquainted with every detail of the business and give it at all times their personal attention.

During the past few years when there has been such marvelous development in the summer resort business and the building of so many summer homes—some of them running into six figures—this firm has been called upon to supply the materials necessary for their construction and completion, and has been able to do so in competition with the largest firms in the state. It is expected that with the continuance of this demand the company's business will continue to increase by leaps and bounds.

The several members of the Bridgman Supply Company are all members of the Booster Club and, together with "Bun" Baldwin and the rest of the bunch, are doing their full share in the very determined effort to put Bridgman on the map and keep it there.

CHAUNCEY & BALDWIN'S BIG STORE

Bridgman's Leading Mercantile Institution Transacts Business Equal To Big City Store

Thirty years ago Albert Chauncey and O. A. E. Baldwin opened a general store at Brigman. That was the time when there were still sawmills in the neighborhood and the demand for merchandise was brisk.

At the same time Mr. Baldwin had been conducting for some time a small fruits nursery, shipping plants all over the country. It was impossible for him, therefore, to give the store any of his personal attention. The beginning was a very modest one, the entire capital amounting to only about $500. The space occupied was only 200 square feet.

Despite this modest beginning, however, the business grew apace until today a stock of upwards of $40,000 is carried constantly and the space used comprises over 5,000 square feet. All these years the store has been under the personal guidance of Mr. Chauncey who is generally regarded as one of the most efficient merchants in the state.

Almost every class of merchandise is carried in the Chauncey & Baldwin store and, besides, there is a feed department which also does an enormous business. It is, indeed, a huge department store and there is really no need for Bridgman people going out of town to trade since they can always find as wide a range of selection and just as reasonable prices as may be found in the larger city stores.

Upon the death of Mr. Baldwin, his place in the firm was taken by his son, Mr. O. A. D. Baldwin, known far and wide as the greatest hustler in all Western Michigan. The two partners are well suited to each other and whenever one conceives an idea which is likely to redound to the benefit of Bridgman or is calculated to advance its interests, the other puts heart and soul with him to promote its development. No town could have a more worthy pair.



A Good Steak

Sirloin, Porterhouse, Round or T-Bone—always satisfies a healthy appetite. And the more tasty and tender it is, the happier it makes those who share in it. That's reason enough why you should try our Specials.

MEATS
CANNED GOODS
GROCERIES

Spitzers Market

"The Store of Courtesy and Service."

BRIDGMAN.



"BAKER BOY" BREAD
"BAKER BOY" BAKERY PRODUCTS
BRIDGMAN HOME BAKERY.
M. F. Voelzke.
Bridgman - - - Michigan

We Give
Quality - Service - Price

WE SELL

A complete, up-to-date line of

BUILDING MATERIAL
FRUIT PACKAGES
STEEL and CEDAR POSTS
FARM IMPLEMENTS
HARDWARE
PAINTS, Etc.

Orders promptly delivered anywhere. Try us.

We value your patronage and friendship.

"Dealers in Almost Everything."

Bridgman Supply Co.

Dealers in Almost Everything

Bridgman Leading Business House

In March 1902 A. E. Chauncey, together with O. A. E. Baldwin, father of the present pooh bah of the village, entered into a partnership and established a general merchandise store in Bridgman.

From the very first it was successful though its beginning was quite modest. At first its capital amounted to $1,100. Today it has a capital of $50,000. In the beginning only 1,100 square feet of floor space was required; today it takes over 7,000 feet of floor space to accommodate the company's large and varied stock. In November of the first year of the store's existence Mr. Baldwin passed to his reward and was succeeded by his son, O. A. D. Baldwin, who continues in the business. From time to time enlargements and changes have been made until today the store is not only filling a long felt want but is reckoned as one of the outstanding mercantile successes of the east shore.

The store is under the personal management of Mr. Chauncey who, like his partner, is heart and soul for Bridgman. The people of the surrounding country appreciate this and testify by ever increasing patronage their esteem and confidence in the men who are doing so much for them.

As might have been expected Mr. Chauncey has very pronounced views as to what is required to cause Bridgman to continue on its forward march to prosperity. He suggests that there should be co-operation of all lines of business with an unselfish ideal for the public good. He would have every man in Bridgman a member of the Booster Club so that all might profit by the interchange of ideas and the responsibility such membership entails. His motto is one for all and all for one—and that one first, last and all the time Bridgman.

In the face of such thinking could it be otherwise than glorious sunshine all the time at Bridgman?

BANDEMAR GARAGE AT BRIDGMAN

Handles The Celebrated Nash Cars And Does All Kinds Of Repair Work In First Class Manner

The Bandemar garage at Bridgman is celebrated all up and down M-11 for the excellence of the work it turns out and the service it renders to its patrons.

The business is conducted by Herman Banderman, who came to Bridgman from Harbor Beach four years ago and opened his garage in 1923. When he opened his garage he took on the agency for the Nash cars and has succeeded in placing many of them in his territory. In connection therewith he also laid in a stock of tires and accessories and a supply of Nash parts and is thus able to care for his customers to their very last need.

Mr. Bandemar has lived in Bridgman long enough to become fully imbued with the Bridgman spirit. He is a member of the Booster Club and that means he is on his toes every minute for Bridgman. They all are; it is the fashion in Bridgman.

The Bandemar garage is a well built structure with forty-five feet frontage on the main thoroughfare, extending back a distance of one hundred feet. It is equipped with all kinds of machinery and tools for the expeditious handling of all kinds of repair work and none but the best of mechanics are employed. The garage may be called upon at any time of the day or night for service and the response is quick and effective.

J. N. Rokeley & Son Nurseries

The firm of J. N. Rokely & Son, whose plant is just outside Bridgman, deals in all kinds of general nursery stock, including ornamental trees and shrubbery, has been in business since 1910 and every year since its inception has shown a steady growth. It was organized by J. N. Rokely, who was fully conversant with the business in its every detail. Later the son, A. J. Rokely, entered the firm. At first only eighteen acres were used but as the business increased acreage was taken from neighboring farmers, some fifteen or twenty of them now being engaged in growing plants for the Rokeleys. The first year 400,000 plants were grown and shipped. In 1924 the volume had grown to the extent that over two million plants were shipped.

The reason for this amazing growth is found in the fact that the Rokeleys have made it a cardinal feature of their business to send out stock absolutely true to name and in such a condition that the chances for it failing to grow are reduced to a minimum. It has come to be an axiom in the trade that once a customer of the Rokeleys always a customer. This has not been brought about without effort but this sort of effort will continue as long as the Rokeleys continue to run their business.

Both father and son have unlimited faith in Bridgman and can be relied upon at all times to do their share for its advancement.

-:- Esnor Hotel -:-

ST. JOSEPH, MICH.

(Established 30 Years)

$1.50 and Up—30 Rooms.

ESNOR HOTEL

BRIDGMAN, MICH.

(Established 4 Years)

$1.50 and Up—16 Rooms.

Both Modern. Finely Appointed.

Tea Room in Connection.

EMMA E. RONSE, Proprietor.

CHAUNCEY & BALDWIN

Department Store

A GOOD STORE—LOCATED IN A GOOD TOWN—IN A GOOD COUNTY—IN A GOOD STATE.

CATERING to good people. We carry nothing but dependable merchandise and sell at a fair profit, which is necessary in order to pay our creditors and the expense of conducting the business.

Every article we sell is fully guaranteed and subject to return if it does not prove to be as represented.

Our Slogan:

"If it is not right we make it right"

Bridgman Grocery and Market

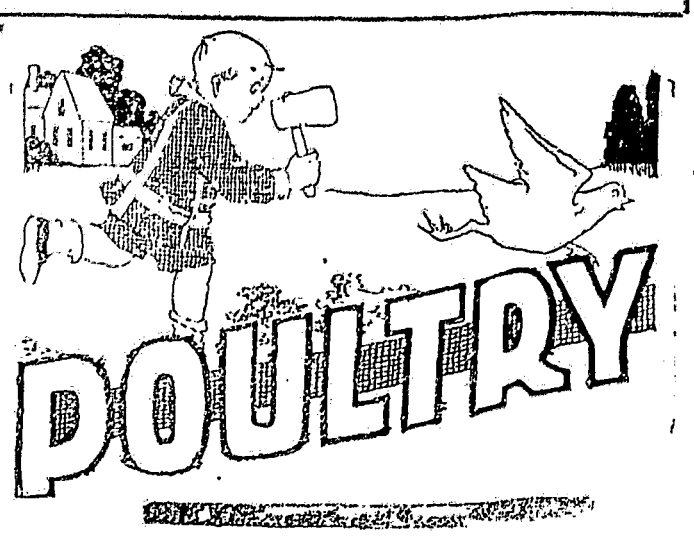
We Are Stocked Up

With Table needs of only the choicest quality. Fresh Fruits and Vegetables in season and Canned, Bottle or Package Goods of all the popular brands. An ever-complete tempting array of Choice Groceries and Quality Meats here at all times.

JOHN IVASKA, Prop.

Bridgman, Mich.

Phones:
Baroda 7F31.
New Troy 34F11.



BWAN Means Much to Bridgman

The word quoted in the heading of this article was coined and has been adopted as a trade name by the Baldwin-Whitten-Ackerman Nurseries, the most important industry in Bridgman, which sells at wholesale and retail a full and complete line of nursery stock, specializing in the propagating of the very highest class small fruit plants.

For many years there have been a number of companies in the Bridgman neighborhood which specialized in the growing of small fruit plants. They have all been remarkably successful because of the fact that conditions have been ideal for the purpose. Gradually, however, the pioneers in the business have passed on and their holdings have fallen into the hands of their heirs who followed along the pathway blazed for them by their predecessors.

Modern business practice has suggested to them the need for concentration and the curtailment of overhead and, being friends notwithstanding they were competitors, it was not difficult for them to agree. Accordingly, in June, 1923, the several houses were joined and adopted for their trade name the word given above.

The officers of "BWAN" are: President, O. A. D. Baldwin: vice-president, R. W. Ackerman; secretary, R. C. Whitten; treasurer, G. W. R. Baldwin. These were the original organizers and officers and still continue in their several capacities. When at first organized the company handled only small fruit plants as the fathers had before them but later fruit trees and ornamental shrubs were added to the line. At first the floor space used comprised only 6000 square feet. This has since been increased to 14,640 square feet. In 1924, 100 acres more land was acquired and a modern office building and packing plant was erected. The capital of the company is $150,000.

The present company was formed by the consolidation of the firms of O. A. D. Baldwin, C. E. Whitten & Son, and the A. R. Weston Co., all of Bridgman. These three firms made up the oldest small fruit nurseries in this county, having all been in business individually for more than thirty years. Each annually shipped its products to all parts of the United States and Canada. The present company is now, undoubtedly, the largest small fruit nursery in the country, selling many millions of plants annually.

Invited to suggest what should be done to make Bridgman a bigger and better place in which to live, came the answer like a flash from this enterprising company, viz: "Community boosting such as your paper and the Chamber of Commerce are doing.' 'Keep right on with the Booster Club of Bridgman and everybody boost for a bigger and better town the same as we have been doing during the past six years. Yes; we are all members of the Booster Club and take delight in making our membership worth while to ourselves and to Bridgman.

W. T. Hall

EMBALMBER - - FUNERAL DIRECTOR

AMBULANCE SERVICE

BARODA
Phone 7F-15

NEW TROY
Phone 34-F3

Bridgman Real Estate Co.

A. E. Chauncey and C. A. D. Baldwin

Farm and Town Property for Sale

ACRE LOTS—On West Michigan Pike, one mile from Bridgman.

LOTS IN MAPLEWOOD—South Side and Ackerman Additions to Bridgman, all nicely located; electric light, sewer and water connections. Two blocks from Postoffice and stores. Sold on the easy payment plan—$25 down and $10 per month.

ALSO LOTS IN SULPHUR SPRINGS PARK—(The Advertisers' Colony). This is a beautiful plot of hills and valleys located near the shore of Lake Michigan, covered with a natural growth of trees, shrubs and vines. An ideal place for a summer home for those who enjoy nature and congenial neighbors.

The sale of every lot carries with it a membership in the Advertisers' Golf Club, located near the colony. The lots are sold on the payment plan—$100 down and balance at $10 per month.

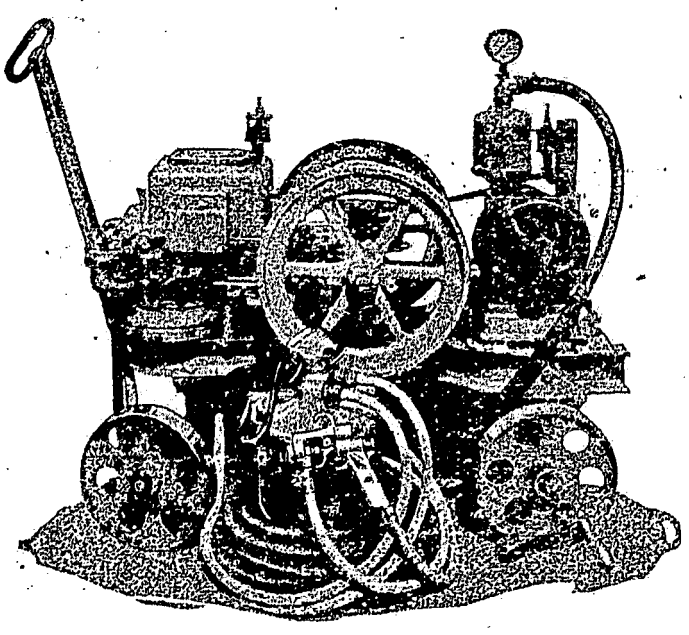
Officers of the Golf Club.

President....Frank B. White, 76 W. Monroe St., Chicago
Vice-President.....O. A. D. Baldwin, Bridgman, Mich.
Secretary.....Ben C. Pittsford, Bridgman, Mich.
Chicago address: 431 S. Dearborn St.
Treasurer .....A. E. Chauncey, Bridgman, Mich.

Directors.

O. A. D. Baldwin — Ben C. Pittsford
A. E. Chauncey — Dr. R. P. Shepherd
A. R. Knight — Frank B. White
C. J. Peck

Superintendent—Geo. B. Ferry.



For BEST Results

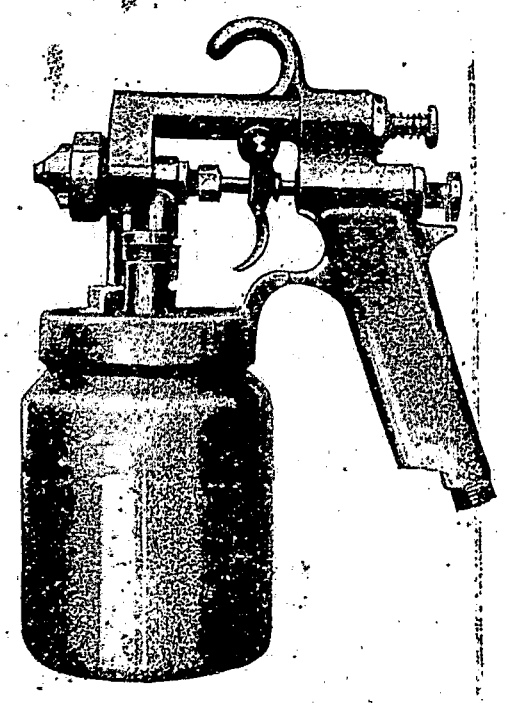
with

LEAD and OIL PAINTS, ENAMELS, LACQUERS, or any Paint that flows

USE THE

"MASTER PAINTER"

Made in Bridgman.



----just a few reasons why MASTER PAINTERS are the best.

1.—Operates under lower presure than any other machine on the market.

2.—Has less working parts—costs less and is cheaper to maintain.

3.—One gun will easily replace 5 or 6 hand brush men.

4.—Produces less mist or fumes than any other machine, thus retaining the more volatile contents of the paint and putting them on the surface with the paint.

5.—This reduction in fogging is also more sanitary and is greatly appreciated by anyone who has ever used an air brush.

6.—Nozzles do not clog as the openings in the gun are from 3 to 5 times larger than those in the average gun.

Operated with gasoline engine or electric motor.

Write for prices.

Made By

Tirrell Manufacturing Company

WILLIAM H. GAST, Mgr. — Bridgman, Michigan

There Are More Nurseries In Berrien County

It is a fact, though not generally known, that Berrien county is the home of more nurseries than any other county in Michigan. And this means a great deal to the county so distinguished, for the advertising of these concerns goes into every state in the union and much of it to foreign countries, to be followed later by the products of Berrien county soil.

Some idea of the immensity of this business can be gained from the information gathered by one of the Municipal Publicity Service men while on tour. The story relates to the Baldwin-Whitten-Ackerman Company whose plant is located at Bridgman. This company was started in 1888 by O. A. E. Baldwin, father of the present head of the firm. It confined its attention at that time to the propagation of small fruit plants alone and some wonderful varieties were developed. The business has grown to such an extent, however, that at the present time more small fruit plants are shipped out of Bridgman every year than from any other town in the United States. For instance over two million grape cuttings and over twenty million strawberry plants were shipped last year. This will be topped this year according to present indications.

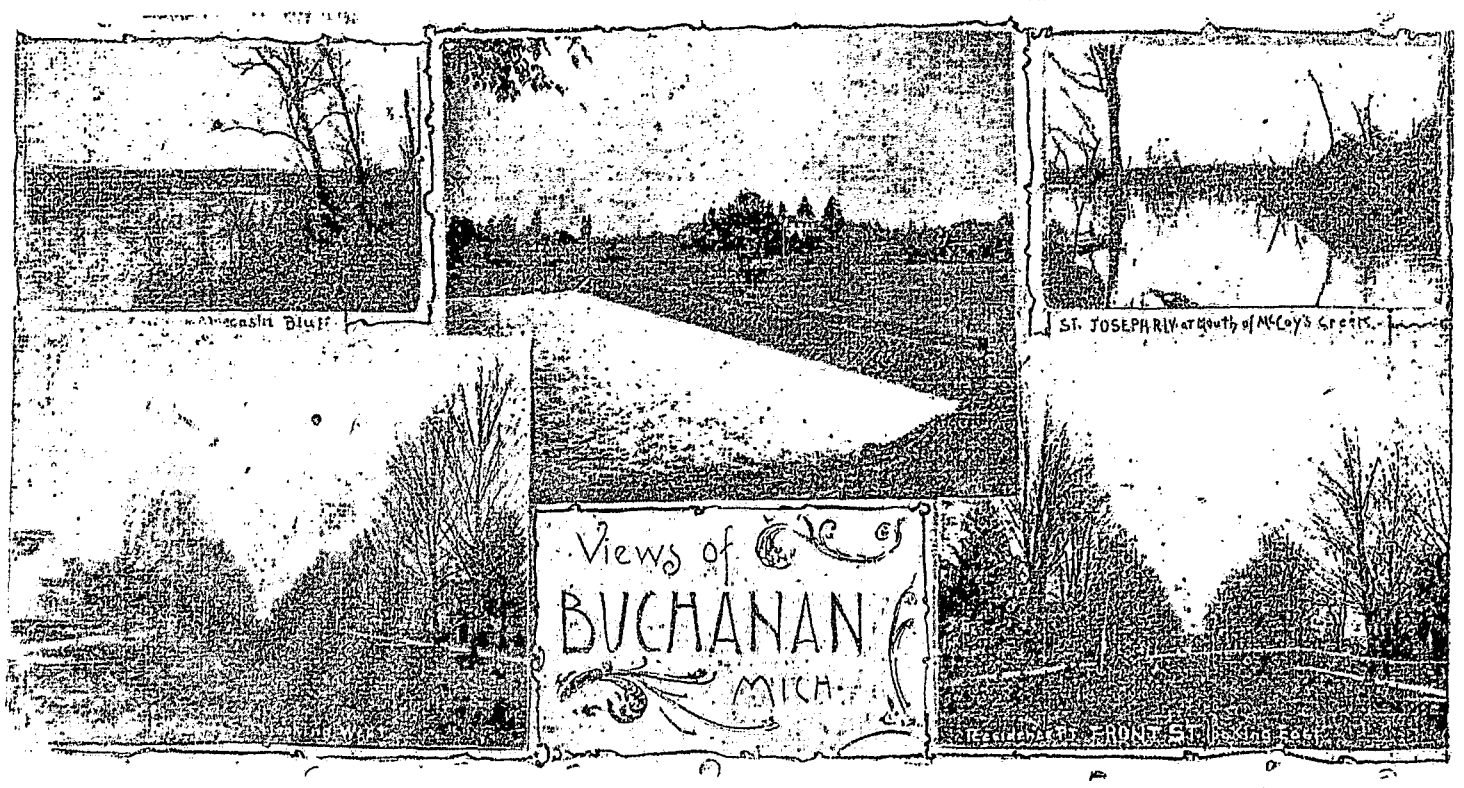
The company has its own farms but these, although very large, cannot produce the cuttings and the plants to fill the orders. Other lands are rented and many farmers for miles around find it profitable to grow plants for the company. This is all done under the personal superintendence of Mr. Baldwin who, like his father before him is, perhaps, one of the best informed men in his line in the whole country.

In one of the enormous fields we found Everbearing strawberries from which were being picked in September upwards of 150 crates of luscious berries per week. Then there were rows upon rows of "Bun's" Special, a mid-season berry, for which there is a great sale; Charles I is an early berry which is very popular; No-name is a strawberry of which the company is very proud. It has no name at present and must be content to endure that sobriquet until some smart person suggests a suitable name for which the company offers a prize of $250. "Victory" is the name of a red raspberry which is also very popular and for which the company has a tremendous sale. These are the conditions at just one of the many nurseries but it is indicative of the enormous business which is being done.

Farm Bureau Fosters Co-operative Markets

One of the great outstanding services of Michigan farming by the Michigan State Farm Bureau was its aid in organizing the co-operative Michigan Elevator Exchange in 1920. For two years the baby exchange was operated as a department of the State Farm Bureau. Today, with 107 member farmers' elevators, the Exchange is standing on its own and often markets $1,000,000 worth of grain and beans a month for its 25,000 members. Its business for the year ending July 21, 1925 was $8,000,000.

The Elevator Exchange, with its central sales office in Lansing, in immediate touch with all markets, gives its members the great advantage of prompt information and its knowledge of market conditions. This has been worth many thousands of dollars to the participating co-operative farm communities. The Michigan Elevator Exchange is by far the largest handler of beans in Michiagn today.



MUSHROOMS

LARGEST GROWERS OF MUSHROOMS IN THE STATE

Growing Beds Area Over 15 Acres

We grow tons of this delicacy and ship all over the world in cans---fresh Mushrooms shipped daily by Parcel Post or Express. At uniform price of 75c per pound.

All orders filled promptly and in the order in which they are received either by letter, telegraph or telephone.

TELEPHONE 601

MICHIGAN MUSHROOM COMPANY NILES MICHIGAN

SAWYER

A Rapidly Developing Summer Resort On Michigan's Famous M-11

The people who dwell in this hustling little town almost within the shadow of the great dunes which keep watch along the shores of Lake Michigan, are proud of the fact that Chicago people are flocking to them in droves to establish summer homes in that neighborhood. For years they have been trying to make people see that they are situated just the right distance from the big city, that their brand of ozone is just a little superior to any other, that their people are possessed of charm exceptional and that to own Sawyer property is to own a part of the footstool that somebody else is bound to want.

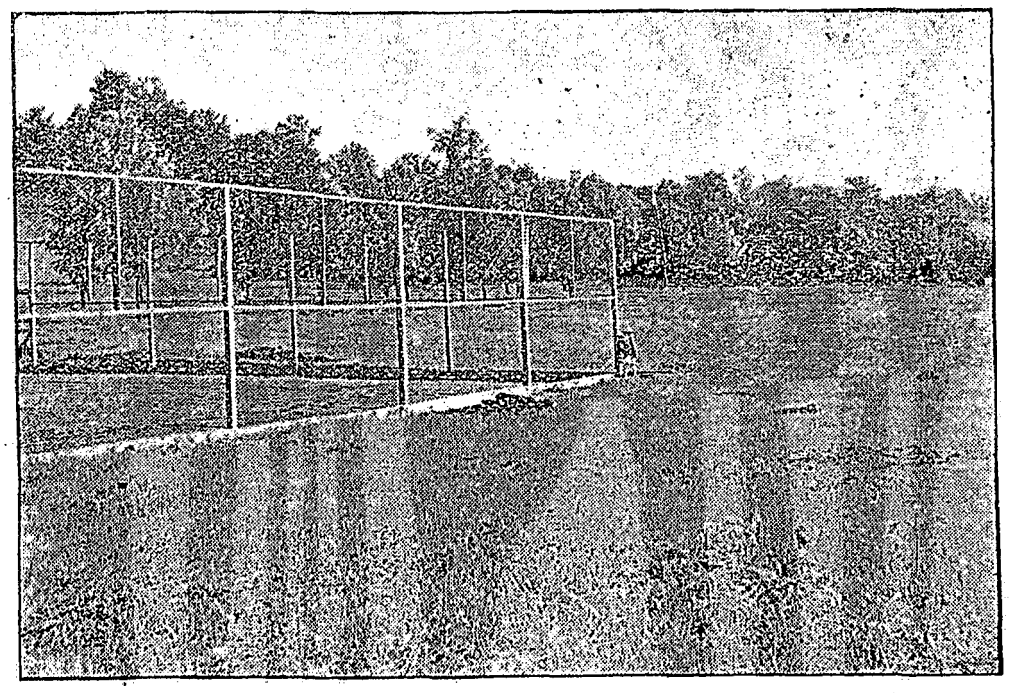
Sawyer itself is just a streak along the well-traveled highway but back toward the lake, concealed from the road and relieved of the honk-honk of the joyrider, there will be found some of the prettiest places you ever saw. Here may be found homes of Chicago folks which have cost prince's ransoms to construct. Here will be found Tower Hill, a Congregational camp open from June until Labor Day every year with two young peoples' conferences which accommodate four hundred at a time at classes. This is presided over by Dr. Gammon. It comprises fifteen acres and houses the young people in dormitories and in tents. Here also will be found Bethany Beach, a Swedish Baptist Resort, which has a tabernacle to accommodate 600 people, a wonderful bathing beach, a hotel of sixty rooms and 100 cottages. There are forty acres in this tract. There is also a community bathing beach and everybody is welcome to use it. Lots on M-11 one mile from the beach can be obtained for $35.00 per front foot, which is cheap.

There are three churches in Sawyer—St. Agnes' Catholic church is presided over by Father Hammer who lives in Three Oaks. Services are held once a month. The church, which is a beautiful structure of pressed brick, costing upwards of $20,000, was built last summer and is not yet entirely finished. It has a membership of about fifty persons. Rev. Schoenow is the pastor of the German Evangelical Lutheran church and lives in Sawyer. There are about 200 members and the parochial school which is run in connection with the church, has an attendance of 65 and one teacher in addition to the pastor. The Congregational church has no regular pastor at this time but is supplied from other places. The membership of this church is about 45.

The public school has an attendance of 65 pupils and is purely a grade school. The principal is Mrs. Etta A. Tayler who is serving her second term. The other teacher is Miss Kling.

There are several good stores in Sawyer, two very good garages and it is hoped during the coming summer to have a first-class picture theatre. Sawyer does not expect to develop largely either commercially or industrially. It does expect however, that its summer resort business will be one of the largest on the great lakes in time and there is every reason to believe that the Sawyer folk are not so very far astray in their reckoning.

DO YOU LOVE TENNIS?



The Splendid Tennis Court at the Buchanan Country Club a Short Distance East of Town.

ZEIGER LUMBER AND COAL CO.

W. J. ZEIGER — Sawyer, Michigan — ROY R. ZEIGER

BUILDING MATERIALS OF ALL KINDS

INCLUDING HARDWARE

Chicago people building homes in the territory will find it greatly to their advantage to figure with us.

We keep four big trucks busy delivering materials all over this territory and guarantee satisfaction on every bill.

COAL By the ton or train load.

Write us for Prices and Estimates. "Everything from the ground to the roof"

Zeiger Lumber and Coal Co.

SAWYER MICH.

Farmers on National Board

One of the key planks of the American Farm Bureau Federation program has been that American farmers should have representation on our important government boards, just as we have a representative in the President's Cabinet.

Both Pres. Harding and Pres. Coolidge looked with favor on the idea, and the following appointments have been made during the past two years:

C. W. Hunt, former president of the Iowa Farm Bureau, to the Federal Trade Commission, which has the power to investigate and stop unfair trade practices. Recently it banished the Pittsburgh Plus system of making steel prices, a system that added imaginary freight from Pittsburgh to every pound of steel, no matter where made. Farmer buyers of steel goods paid that extra freight, but don't any more.

E. H. Cunningham, another Iowa Farm Bureau leader, was asked to become a member of the Federal Reserve Bank Board at Washington. Farmers are affected by the banking recommendations of this board, and it is a good thing to have the farm situation kept before the national board.

W. S. Hill, of South Dakota, is the farmer representative on the U. S. Shipping Board. This past season he performed a great service by having U. S. Shipping board vessels on the job to carry export grain overseas that kept our ports clear and ready to keep taking grain for export at a time when foreign demand was heavy. At that same time foreign owned ships were rather scarce because of business at home. Without ships our export facilities would soon have become clogged and grain would have had to go into storage for a time. Prices would probably have felt the sag.

Good Roads Pay Their Own Way

The improvement of the important roads of the country pays for itself in a remarkably short time, according to the Bureau of Public Roads of the U. S. Department of Agriculture. Data collected in a survey of highway transportation in Maine indicate that on the basis of present traffic the 300 miles of most heavily traveled road in the state could be improved from an earth-road condition to a high type pavement at a cost with interest at 4 per cent, which could be paid by a saving in the operating costs of passenger cars only, in slightly more than four years.

The actual saving would be even greater than this. Records show that traffic on the Maine highway doubled in the period from 1916 to 1919, that it doubled again from 1919 to 1923, and a careful analysis indicates that it will double again in the period from 1924 to 1930. As the traffic increases naturally the savings in motor-vehicle operation will increase.

Rapid increase in highway traffic and large possible savings in motor-vehicle operation due to the improvement of important roads is a condition common to every state. Thomas H. MacDonald, Chief of the Bureau of Public Roads, says: "We pay for improved roads whether we have them or not, and we pay less if we have them than if we do without."

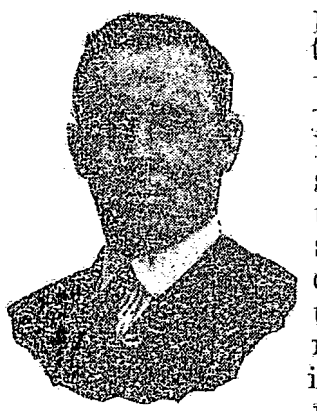


Ideal Farm Homes In Berrien County.

Chicago Gets Berrien Fruit

In another article in this paper the story is told of the establishment in Chicago of the Grower-Consumer plan of handling fruit and other products. This business is carried on at the Municipal Pier and is under the supervision of city and federal authorities.

It has been in effect for some time but it was not put into effect without strenuous opposition on the part of the commission men who saw in its inception the departure of the juiciest plum they possessed. It was not strange that they should be opposed to the movement, but it is almost unbelievable that they should carry their hatred of the men who devised the scheme to the point where bombs were used in an effort to cause them to quit the new plan. Yet, according to announcements made at that time, bombs were used.



J. G. BOYLE
Buchanan

For years the fruit growers of Michigan had been working for the pleasure of working and not for any profit there might be in the business. Under the circumstances, it is a wonder they persisted. But there were those among them who would not take it for granted that improvement of conditions was possible. They believed that the grower could be emancipated from the thralldom of the commission man if only some way could be found in Chicago to place the matter directly before the people.

As part of the after-the-war readjustment Chicago found itself obliged to protect its people against the profiteering of those days and appointed a committee for the purpose of regulating the price and the conservation of food stuffs. One of the first things which came to the attention of this commission was the conditions which prevailed with reference to fruit. Here was Michigan only a few miles away producing enough fruit for the nation—the best fruit on earth and still the people of Chicago could have none of it, because of its extremely high price. The grower, it was found, was producing this same fruit at a loss and many of them were forced to abandon the business altogether. They were shipping their fruit to South Water street commission houses and were getting such meager returns that they lost money by picking it. Tons upon tons of it therefore, were left on the trees to rot while in Chicago fruit hungry people were dying for the need of it.

It was then that L. C. Boyd of Three Oaks and J. G. Boyle of Buchanan and others interested in Farm Bureau work, thought out the scheme to install the Grower-Consumer plan which has relieved the whole situation.

So bitterly were they opposed, however, that there were times when it was thought they would be obliged to surrender. But they were made of sterner stuff. People of Chicago flocked to the Municipal Pier to buy the luscious fruit and at the close of the very first day's business it was seen that the problem had been solved.

Berrien county is proud to know that it has been able to solve this problem to the advantage of every fruit grower of Michigan; for fruit from other counties is handled and now the fruit grower of Michigan is able to make a reasonable profit and have something for the time and effort which he puts into this important branch of the food industry.

Berrien county is proud of the men who brought this condition about and is also proud of the fact that these same men are available at many other points and places. Their talents will be further utilized and a grateful people will see to it they are properly rewarded.

Wool Pool Proves Success

Back in the fall of 1919 a great disaster overtook the wool industry when both the American and British governments released their enormous stocks of wool supplies. Purchasing for military purposes had helped put the price way up; closing out of military surpluses took the starch completely out of the market.

It was at this time the Michigan State Farm Bureau was engaged in building a wool pool to enable farmers to effect needed reforms in the industry. Farmers wanted to sell on grade instead of taking the standard wool buying price. They wanted some incentive to produce better wool.

After several years of hard work, in 1924 the Michigan and Ohio wool pools combined forces, selling out of Columbus. The hard work had developed the science of pooling wool and selling it, so that the season of 1924 made the Michigan poolers an average of 4 to 6 cents a pound more on all grades, including rejections, than local offers at pooling time. Many poolers with moderate sized clips reported from $25 to $80 more through the pool. Frank Knich, Farm Bureau member of Grindstone City in Huron County, with 6,000 lbs. of wool, reported his pool profit at $780. The 1925 Michigan-Ohio Farm Bureau wool pool is still under way, with a considerable increase in wool over 1924, when 3,500,000 lbs. of wool were pooled in the two states.

It is gratifying to note that the farmers of Berrien County are beginning to realize the value of a flock of sheep on the farm. Already some fine flocks are being developed and it will not be long until our hillsides are dotted with the sturdy little wealth producers.

ZEIGER LUMBER AND COAL COMPANY

Located At Sawyer On M-11 And Recognized As One Of Leading Houses Of This Kind In Western Michigan

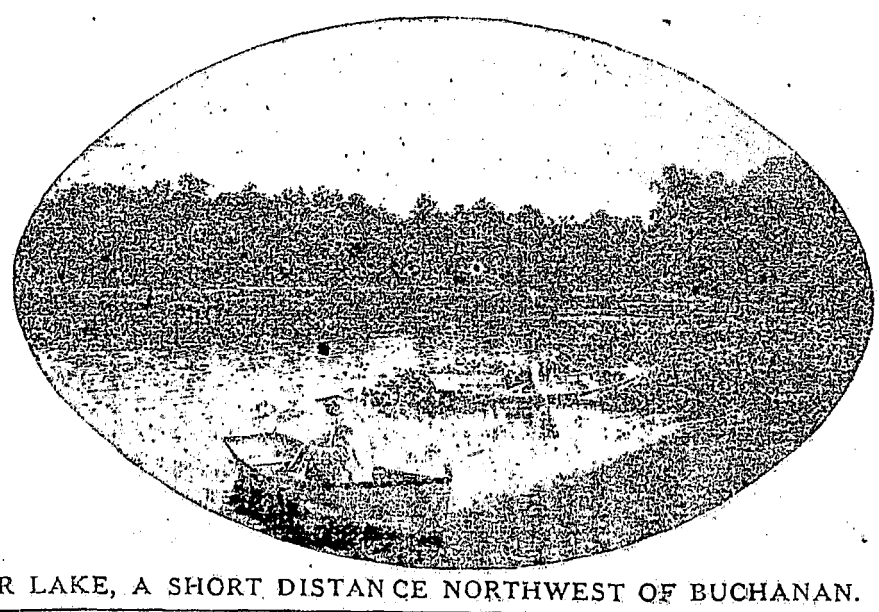
It was in 1908 that W. J. Zeiger embarked in the lumber and coal business at Sawyer. The beginning was a modest one, the building in which this now gigantic business had its inception, comprising only 600 square feet. From the very beginning the business grew, however, and expansion soon became necessary. Today the main building has 5,000 feet of floor space and another 25,000 square feet is devoted to the storage of lumber in up-to-date sheds.

In 1920 Roy R. Zeiger, a brother of W. J., purchased an interest in the business and the two have already achieved the distinction of being wide awake and of having secured the biggest business in this line in this lake shore territory.

In addition to the vast amount of lumber which this firm handles they are also heavy dealers in coal, being able to supply it by the ton or the trainload if desired. Four great delivery trucks are kept constantly on the road and the firm prides itself upon its prompt service.

Of late years there has been a marked advent of Chicago people in the Sawyer neighborhood and some beautiful summer homes have been constructed, mostly by Chicago contractors. These contractors make no bones of saying that they can buy the materials for these summer mansions from the Zeiger Brothers much cheaper than they can in Chicago and that, best of all, they can always rely upon prompt delivery right on the job.

The stock of the Zeigers comprises not only the lumber to build a house but all kinds of doors, windows, paneling—all kinds of finish, in fact—including hardware. They are both on the job every minute and thus keep in close touch with their trade. They are both still comparatively young men. They do not solicit outside business but get lots of it anyway. They were raised on a farm three miles south of Sawyer and say what Sawyer needs now is a system of water-works and better co-operation of her business men.



CLEAR LAKE, A SHORT DISTANCE NORTHWEST OF BUCHANAN.

Farm Bureau Wonderful Help to Farmers

Farmers of Michigan are to be congratulated upon the remarkable development of the Farm Bureau and the splendid element of service it renders them throughout a field of activities almost limitless in its scope.

Through misunderstanding and a paucity of experience, a bitter feeling arose toward the Farm Bureau, but happily, this has been wiped out and farmers all over the state are now rushing into the organization, confident that it offers them a service they could not possibly enjoy without its ministrations.

The campaign for new members which was conducted simultaneously in eleven Michigan counties last summer, was an unqualified success in that thousands of new names were put upon the membership rolls.

Some idea of what the Farm Bureau is doing for the Michigan farmer will be gained from perusal of the following interesting paragraphs:

Two New Features

Two new features about Farm Bureau membership are commending themselves to every farmer.

FIRST—The Farm Bureau membership is being placed on a permanent and continuing basis. When we join the Farm Bureau now, we join to stay joined—from year to year just as we unite with the church or become a member of a lodge; just as craftsmen and business men join their organizations. The Farm Bureau continuous membership plan carries a withdrawal privilege in any year.

SECOND—The members are building their organization on the sound foundation of volunteer effort—putting themselves into their organization along with their membership.

Farm Bureau Record

During the past six years the Michigan Farm Bureau movement has builded well, in spite of some discouraging times. In the Farm Bureau Seed Service, it has created a "known origin," pure, Michigan adapted seed service that not only is giving great service in Michigan, but has been the model for similar Farm Bureau Seed Services in a dozen other states.

The Farm Bureau Supply Service gave farmers Michigan Milkmaker, the first dairy feed that ever told pound for pound on the tag what is in the feed. This reform in feeds is now being adopted by other companies. At first certain sections of the feed trade declared it could not be done, just as certain sections of the seed trade declared they couldn't guarantee the northern origin of their clover and alfalfa seed because it would increase the cost of the seed 25 per cent. The Farm Bureau Seed Service has always done it and their seed has cost but little if any above the market price of good seed anywhere.

(Continued on following page.)

Knight's

"PUREBRED"

Strawberry

Plants

Are the Natural Result of Our 40 Years' Successful Growing and Square Dealing

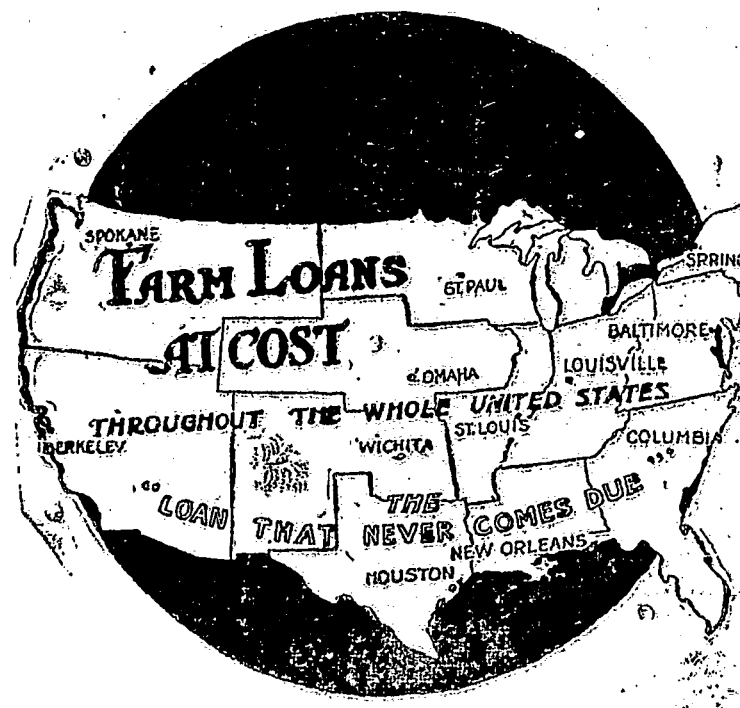
OUR Guarantee is YOUR Protection

DAVID KNIGHT & SON

Sawyer, Mich.

U. S. A.

5% 5%



Loans Money on Berrien County Farms, Subject to the provisions of the Federal Farm Loan Act for the Federal Land Bank of St. Paul.

Berrien County National Farm Loan Ass'n

ST. JOSEPH, MICH.

FARM BUREAU WONDERFUL HELP TO FARMERS
(Continuation.)

They Are Self-Supporting

The State Farm Bureau founded for its members a Poultry Exchange at Detroit and a Farm Bureau wool pool, which has worked its way into marked success, particularly the 1924 pool. The Bureau also maintains a clothing, blanket and underwear service at Lansing headquarters under the name of the Farm Bureau Fabrics department. All these commercial services are self-supporting. They are operated on a cost of service basis and cannot be expected to pay the expenses of unrelated departments.

Other Important Services

Other Farm Bureau service departments are its transportation or Traffic dep't, Legislative, Publicity and Organization dep'ts. These departments are not self supporting and must depend on membership dues. They render some of the most important Farm Bureau services.

With the transportation or Traffic department, we associate the recent Michigan Zone Freight rate reduction, a four years fight in which the Farm Bureau took the leading part for agriculture. Sept. 10, 1925, we are to have a reduction in zone rates which will amount to around $500,000 saving for Michigan farmers annually, on the products they ship out of the state and the supplies they buy from outside the state.

The Gasoline Tax

With the Legislative department we associate the two-cent gasoline tax for highway financing purposes, another four year struggle in which the Farm Bureau took a leading part. Today, through the gas tax, those who use the roads are paying for them in accordance with their use of the same. The Farm Bureau insisted that it is not right to shoulder the road burden onto farm and town real estate, thereby penalizing all property owners and allowing thousands of car owners to escape. With enaction of the gasoline tax came a license fee reduction on smaller cars and an increase for the big cars and trucks.

The Legislative department has also assisted in raising city valuations to their proper levels or lowering rural valuations, and sometimes both, as in Kalamazoo, Monroe, Calhoun, Washtenaw, and Ingham counties last year. This work is saving the farmers in those counties a total of $67,350 tax annually.

The Farm Bureau News

The Farm Bureau Publicity department publishes the Michigan Farm Bureau News for Farm Bureau members. It provides the organization with a means for expression, keeps the membership in all parts of the state informed on what's going on, and publishes more news of co-operative work than any other newspaper. The Publicity department also renders many general publicty and advertising services to the Farm Bureau organization, as well as serving as an information bureau for the general public. The Farm Bureau News is practically self-supporting through its subscription and advertising revenues.

The Farm Bureau Organization department carries on the organization work of the Farm Bureau and is directing the membership campaign. It also assists Farm Bureau co-ops and others in various ways.

These non-commercial services are important to Michigan agriculture. The things they deal with are the laws, taxes, freight rates, public opinion and information and other factors that mould our living conditions. A right or a wrong decision in these matters means a great deal to us financially and otherwise. We must have a hand in these decisions. Only by organization can we deal effectively with these problems.

Six Big Questions

Following are six community problems which must be solved. They are important parts of the Farm Bureau program for the future:

The Country School
The Country Church
Selective Production
Co-operative Marketing
Public Improvements
The Agricultural Fairs

What are we going to do about these things? Our communities must keep up with the march of progress. These things must be worked out. It can be done only by organization of men and women, their ideas and the necessary finances. The opportunity for effective community effort i sin a strong local Farm Bureau organization.



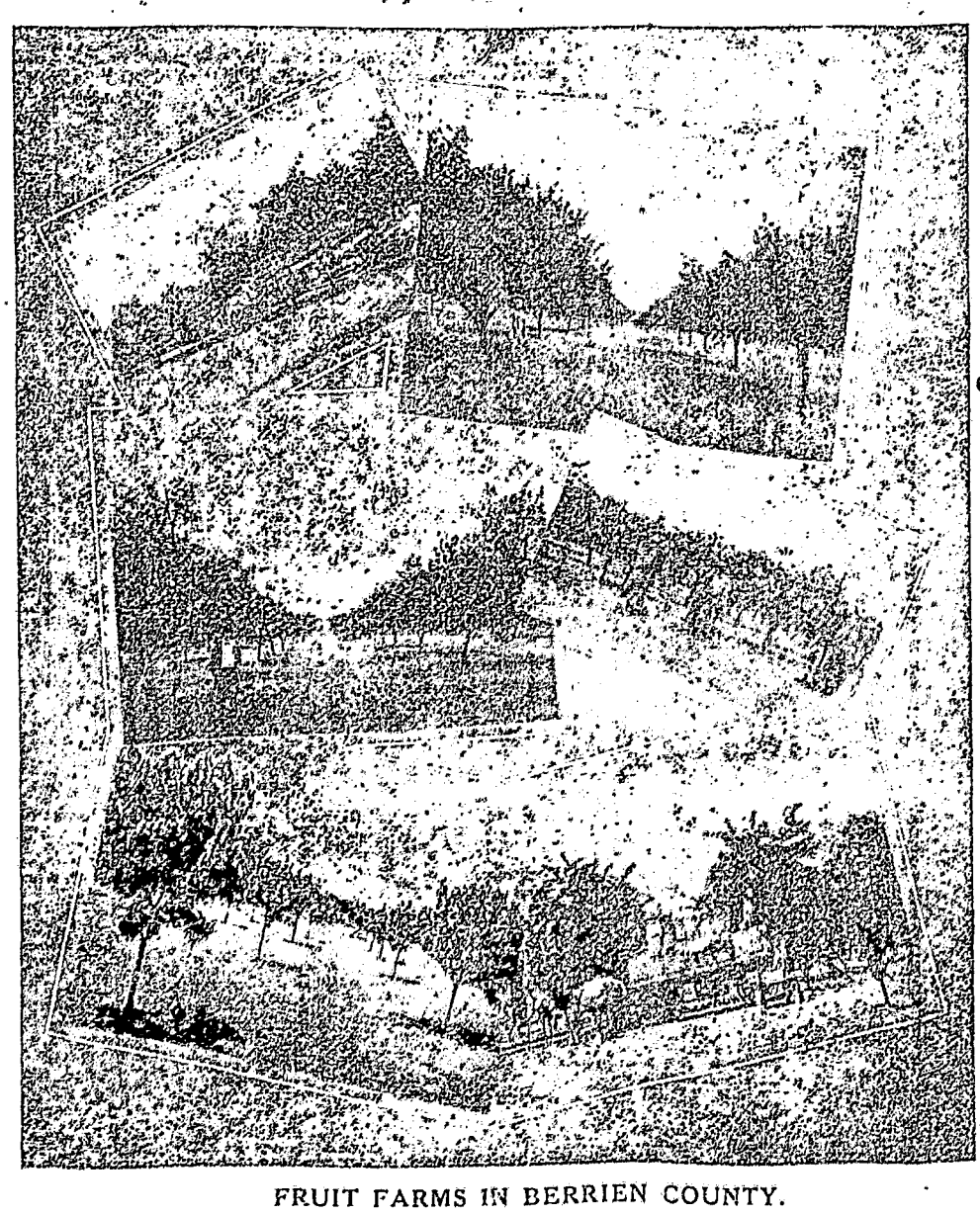
M. L. NOON, Jackson, Mich.
Pres. Michigan State Farm Bureau.



CLARK L. BRODY, Lansing, Mich.,
Sec.-Treas.-Manager Michigan State Farm Bureau.



N. P. HULL, Lansing, Mich.,
President Michigan Milk Producers' Association.



FRUIT FARMS IN BERRIEN COUNTY.

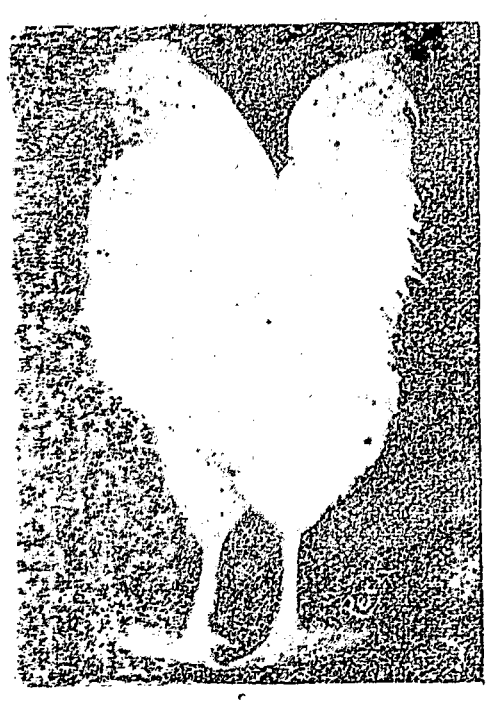
Pears-East Grain Company

THE EUREKA MILL

MANUFACTURERS OF FEED, DEALERS IN HAY,
SALT, FLOUR, SEEDS, POULTRY SUPPLIES

Elevators and Receiving Stations:

MICHIGAN
Buchanan
Berrien Springs
Dayton
Niles
Cassopolis
Glendora.
INDIANA
Rolling Prairie.



Manufacturers
Distributers
"Eureka" Brand
Scratch Feed

C. F. Pears — BUCHANAN
W. J. East — MICHIGAN

Result of Scientific Treatment

In the archives of the Michigan State College at Lansing is to be found a remarkable story of experiments conducted in a Western Michigan cherry orchard. For the edification of Berrien County readers who are so generally interested in fruit culture we reproduce herewith the story as it became known to a reporter for the Farm Bureau News:

Mears, Sept. 10—Just a short distance south and west of this village, one R. Riley embarked on the venture of wrestling a living from the soil some 35 years ago. As time passed, Mr. Riley gradually worked into the fruit business for he found that a 53-acre sand land farm is hardly adapted to the growing of general farm crops. So it was the fruit that allowed Mr. Riley to raise a family of three boys and one girl and to develop two comfortable farm homes for himself and his son Clayton, who is in partnership with his father.

There is now over 40 acres of orchard upon the Riley farm. The big feature of this orchard is one thousand two hundred Montmorency, English Morrella and Windsor cherry trees.

Rileys Went In For Cherries

Cherries appealed to the Rileys as being the best fruit crop for this section and so they put out goodly plantings of this luscious fruit. But like some others in the fruit belt, they found that they were not making real money because the crops were to small and the trees had a habit of failing to produce annual crops. It seemed duce annual crops. It seemed that in spite of good cultivation, an ideal climate, careful pruning and timely spraying that the large profitable crops just wouldn't come.

In the summer of 1922, Mr. J. T. Pickford, then Agricultural Agent, called on the case. Here was a real opportunity to try out the usefulness of the County Agricultural Agent.

Mr. Pickford viewed the situation with a beam of joy. Here was just the cherry orchard and the Rileys were just the sort of co-operators that he was looking for in order to stage a real Oceana County size cherry fertilization experiment.

College Experts Called In

So County Agent Pickford enlisted the services of Dr. V. R. Gardener, head of the Michigan State College Horticultural Department and together they started what has proved to be one of the most valuable experiments and demonstrations ever conducted in Michigan so far as financial returns to growers are concerned.

A portion of the Montmorency cherry orchard was used for the experiment. The first row was fertilized with nitrate of soda, the second with ammonium sulphate, the third with acid phosphate, the fourth was a "check," (no treatment), the fifth with both acid phosphate and ammonium sulphate; the sixth had a Fall application of ammonium sulphate; while the seventh row had a Fall application of both acid phosphate and ammonium sulphate.

Experiment Carefully Watched

Hundreds of leaf measurements, and chemical analyses ments, and chemical analysis as well as accurate data on the actual pounds of cherries obtained from every tree in each row has been kept for the last three years. This work has all been done under the able guidance of Dr. Gardner who is recognized as being one of the foremost authorities on fruit growing in the world. This valuable collection of data will be published in bulletin form so that the fruit growers may make a real study of the science of producing profitable quantities of high quality cherries.

However, we may trust Mr. Clayton Riley for a practical interpretation of the results. He says that the trees fertilized with nitrogen fertilizer either in the form of sodium nitrate or ammonium sulphate yield as many cherries as do the check rows and the trees fertilized with acid phosphate alone The trees fertilized with phosphate and nitrogen together seem to have borne especially large and satisfactory crops during the seasons of 1924 and 1925, reports Mr. Riley.

Nitrogen Does The Business

The Rileys have taken advantage of the information brought to them thru the action of their county agricultural agent and have fertilized their whole orchard with the proper dosage of nitrogen fertilizer. Thus it may be seen that the aid of the State Agricultural College as brought to them by its county extension agent has been worth a couple of hundred dollars per acre per year on the mature portion of this orchard. The application of science to the business of fruit growing has turned an up-hill proposition into a profitable business that will return a good farm living, a modest labor income and interest on the investment to the owners.

This year the Rileys marketed over 40 tons of cherries, which may account for the positive assurance with which Clayton Riley affirms the horticultural wisdom of Professor V. R. Gardner of the State College.



EDWY B. REID
Washington Representative, Michigan State Farm Bureau.

Whoever Drives Helps Pay

Those who drive on Michigan roads are now helping pay for them—through a two cent per gallon gasoline tax exacted by the 1925 legislature. Farm property is due for some road tax relief.

A former attempt to completely abolish the Michigan freight rate zone system has resulted in lowering those zone rates about 50., effective Sept. 10, 1925, a matter that means about $500,000 in freight rate savings annually to Michigan farmers on their incoming and outgoing interstate shipments of products and supplies.

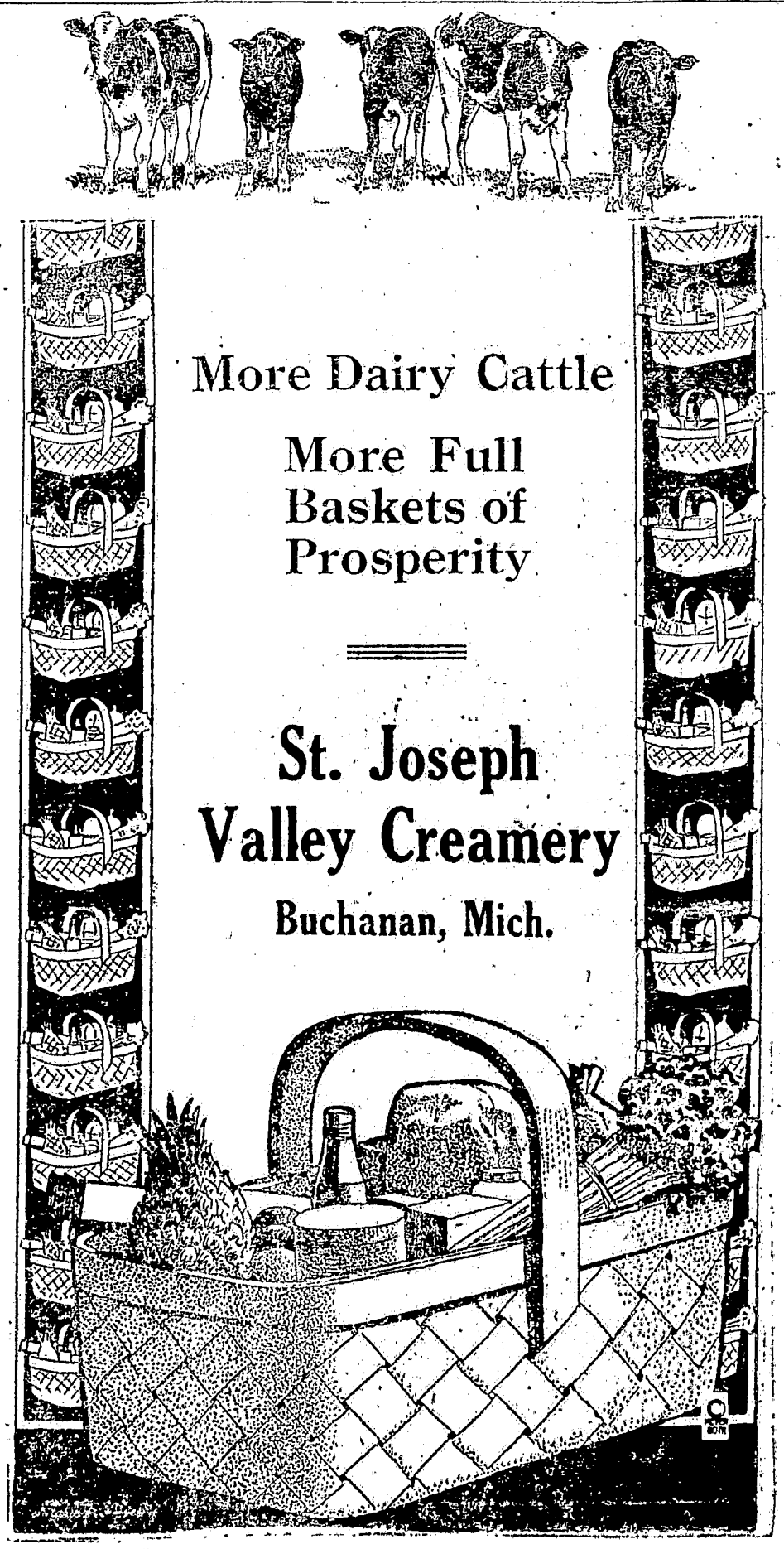
These two great public reforms, which came into being in 1925, are the results of a four years' battle in each instance. They were secured largely through the organized efforts of a comparatively small number of Michigan farmers, organized as the Michigan Farm Bureau, with several hundred up to 1,200 members in each of 62 counties.

In 1922 the Farm Bureau first offered the gasoline tax idea. It carried the proposition to the 1923 legislature and it passed, but was vetoed by the Governor. Undaunted, the organized farmers continued winning friends for the movement, and in 1925 it was the first bit of important legislation passed.

This same group of well organized farmers presented the overwhelming agricultural evidence from 50 counties which proved in 1922 and 1923 the unjustness of the Michigan Frieght Rate Zone system to Michigan farmers. The Farm Bureau also helped greatly in the general financing of the shippers' case. It helped fight the case through the final decision of June 19, 1925, and won for all the farmers in the state what all the farmers wanted but couldn't get without proceeding in an organized manner—a needed reform in freight rates.

In the first four months of 1925 the two cent gasoline tax produced nearly $2,500,000 in highway revenue, paid by all automobile owenrs, trucks, and tourists in proportion to their use of the roads. This money goes back into the highways. Along with the gas tax law, license fees have been reduced on light weight cars and increased on heavy cars. Heavy trucks are paying nearly double this year what they did last year.

Such are the fruits of organized farmer effort through the Farm Bureau movement on two great public problems.



Farm Agent Circuit Rider

In other days the circuit-riding preacher, the doctor with his mud-be spattered gray mare and the school teacher who boarded round were picturesque and romantic figures. They have grown dim in the mellow haze of legend.

Another character, quite as interesting and much more versatile, has, within the memory of boys and girls in their teens, taken the center of the stage in the rural drama. He is the county agricultural agent, or more familiarly, just the "county agent."

You will meet him driving his flivver at a mad pace along the country roads. He is not dressed for an afternoon tea. He is wearing a slouch hat, a flannel shirt and cowhide boots. Farmers, you see, aren't greatly impressed by white collars and up-to-the-minute fashions.

He has a harrassed look in his eye, an air of concentration upon some intricate and baffling problem. Where is he going? And why the worried aspect? The chances are he is on his way to a 2 o'clock meeting 10 miles away and it is now 1:55. And probably he is thinking of twenty-'eleven letters at the office waiting to be answered, and a dozen errands he ought to be doing this minute.

Many Bosses

The county agent has so many bosses he can't keep track of them all. He pleases as many as he can—probably very few—and is cussed out by the rest. If he goes to a farmer with advice, likely enough he will be shoed off the place for his pains. And if he doesn't visit this man's next neighbor every few days he's loafing on the job and should be fired.

To the tiller of the soil, who follows the plow all day, the county agent often seems but a parasite feeding on the body politic. To his own wife he is an overworked creature who has innumereable meetings to attend, most of them in the evenings when she'd like to have him by the fireside at home. To himself he is a jack of all trades who seems to be master of none; a prophet of better farming whose cry is lost in a wilderness of petty details.

The successful county agent must be a scientist, a mechanic, an orator, an economist, an organizer, a financier and a diplomat. If possible, he should also be an architect, a lawyer, a linguist and a journalist. And to keep an even disposition, he must be a philosopher.

The man in the street, whose food may be greatly affected in quality or in price by the efforts of the county agents, has probably never heard of them. So they were asked to tell about their own work, and from their desscription this story, a composite, has been pieced together.

One Year's Work

One of the county agents near Detroit, for example, did the following things in the course of the year 1924:

Promoted community meetings.

Supervised fertilizer tests on sugar beets.

Held six beet eschools.

Sent letters to the school teachers on the seriousness of the seed corn situation.

Wrote articles of the newspapers on how to control smut.

Organized a potato "spray ring."

Distributed bottles of culture for inoculating cloverseed.

Held pruning and orchard planting demonstrations.

Held dusting demonstrations to control melon and cucumber beetles.

Arranged for a county swine tour.

Reorganized two cow-testing associations.

Attended 45 meetings.

Helped organize a district Jersey cattle club.

Helped organize a county Holstein-Friesan association.

Held 12 poultry meetings.

Arranged for a county poultry show.

Held two septic tank demonstrations.

Arranged a meeting of farm organizations to discuss tax problems.

Arranged four clothing and four home management schools.

Helped to arrange for the county farm bureau picnic and the county fair.

Addressed 10 farmers' clubs.

Conducted a bee keepers' tour.

Myriad of Details

These are merely the high spots in his annual report. During the year he advised hundreds of farmes on particular problems puzzling them, distributed thousands of bulletins and looked after a myriad of other matters.

It is pleasing to recall however, that no matter what demands may be made upon the county agent, who is in the work for the good he may be able to accomplish, he can be relied upon to respond to the call as faithfully as did his early-day prototypes—the cirsuit-rider and the doctor.

'Tis The Angler's Paradise

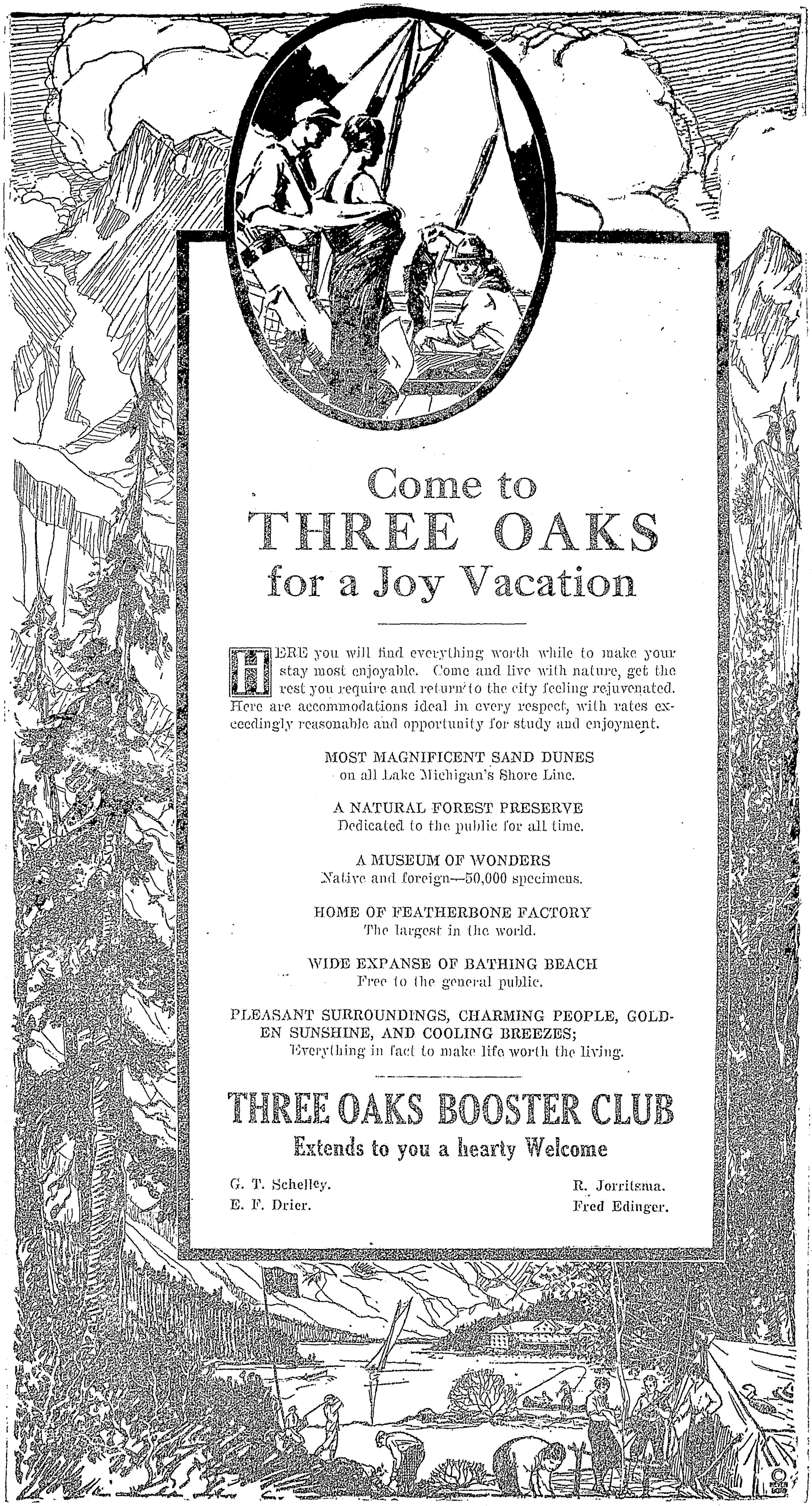


How would you like to pinch off a string like that? You'd be willing to get up the night before if you thought you could do it, wouldn't you? Well, they're yours for the having if you will poke the old flivver's nose in the direction of Buchanan. Lots of 'em in the lakes closely adjacent to the town and in the beautiful St. Joe River just on the edge of it. Fishing! Why, man, there's nothing else but, and then some.

"YE BANKS AND BRAES O' BONNIE DOON."



It is the spirit of the muse which impelled the immortal Scot to pen his never-dying tribute to the land of the heather we see pictured above. It has flown across the wide expanse of waters and has found in the hills and dales of Berrien County an exact replica of the vision which met the eye of Burns when he gave to the world his deathless song. Travel where you will throughout the county you will find the same undulations—the charm of hill and valley with Nature's sentinels ever on guard—the stately oaks and elms of this wondrous terrain.



Come to THREE OAKS for a Joy Vacation

HERE you will find everything worth while to make your stay most enjoyable. Come and live with nature, get the rest you require and return to the city feeling rejuvenated. Here are accommodations ideal in every respect, with rates exceedingly reasonable and opportunity for study and enjoyment.

MOST MAGNIFICENT SAND DUNES
on all Lake Michigan's Shore Line.

A NATURAL FOREST PRESERVE
Dedicated to the public for all time.

A MUSEUM OF WONDERS
Native and foreign—50,000 specimens.

HOME OF FEATHERBONE FACTORY
The largest in the world.

WIDE EXPANSE OF BATHING BEACH
Free to the general public.

PLEASANT SURROUNDINGS, CHARMING PEOPLE, GOLDEN SUNSHINE, AND COOLING BREEZES;
Everything in fact to make life worth the living.

THREE OAKS BOOSTER CLUB

Extends to you a hearty Welcome

G. T. Schelley.
E. F. Drier.
R. Jorritsma.
Fred Edinger.

THREE OAKS

The hum of the mosquito in his myriads, the call of wild geese or the barking of the wolf, for uncounted generations, were the only signs of life that marked where in years to come, would stand the prosperous village of Three Oaks.

The rise of land where now stands the town, was surrounded on nearly all sides by marshes and swamps. And even the magnificaint stand of beech and maple which covered it, was without promise to the primitive peoples who wandered over the region before the coming of the first white men. Although Indians may at times have camped along the tiny creek in the north part of the area, no permanent villages or even camps were located. A few arrow points, and an axe of two of stone, have been found within the Three Oaks limits; but in Indian times and for unknown ages farther back in the past, the region was undisturbed.

Three Oaks owes its thriving life to every man who has had a part, either as a leading figure, or as a humble worker in its development. But more than these, Three Oaks owes its being to two men: Henry Chamberlain who is responsible for the location of Three Oaks on its present site. Owning timber and land on the sections adjacent, when the railroad was built through, he had a side track put in at this point. For among the first uses he made of his timber was to cut it into two-foot lengths for the old wood-burner locomotives. With the railroad he had a contract to furnish a certain amount of wood. The side-track facilitated loading, and permitted the passing of trains. At the sidetrack was the natural place for passengers to alight. And where they left the train was a good place for a store. He built the first store.

About the sidetrack and the store, slowly grew a crossroads town. A blacksmith came. A saloon was opened. A sawmill was started. A few cabins were built. These came not over night, but were the process of years, almost a decade. Slowly the little settlement grew.

Even in those days Mr. Chamberlain must have visioned a city or a village. He laid out the first plat of the town, two full and two half blocks. This first attempt to induce an orderly arrangement of dwellings on lots and along streets, was located by the survey of 1858.

The town grew. Woodworking establishments came into being for the making of handles, or for the old wooden water-pipes. And the sawmill was ever present.

But only so long as timber was plentiful. With the clearing of the land and the rise of farming in the region, the timber disappeared. With the disappearance of the timber, went the mills that depended upon it for their life; they moved farther back, following the retreating edge of the woodland.

Three Oaks was about to settle down to the common fate of the abandoned logging village, a crossroads town, when Edward K. Warren appeared.

Driven through adversity and knowing much of the hard knocks of life in his early days, Mr. Warren set out to achieve success. Doubtless in that period in his mind, success was spelled in dollars and cents. In his early efforts to put into the life of men and women the use of his invented featherbone, he learned the needs of money. His struggle was long, over ten years, before success finally came; and it came as he dreamed it in the old days: in money.

No sooner was it his than he realized the low standard marked by such a measure of success. Life and the new success came to mean the happiness of the men and women forming the community; and the later years of his life were largely devoted to thoughts of the welfare, not only of the people who lived in his own community, but the world at large. Mr. Warren's great love was the Sunday School and its works, and to his efforts and wise counsel is due the present success of the movement. Later, the Samaritans became wards of Mr. Warren.

But Three Oaks always was first. Here he built his first factory. In the passing of the years it grew and grew, until there came a time when the community, the happiness and prosperity of its business people and its residents largely was tied up with the Warren plant with its hundreds of employes and their weekly pay envelope.

Today, it is probable that the loss of the factory while a sad blow, little would affect the town. Other industries have come and are coming. Three Oaks is prospering and growing.

It was Henry Chamberlain who started the growth at this point and Edward K. Warren who stimulated that growth. Three Oaks is proud of its history. Proud of the fact that its people are led by the brotherly spirit and have learned to work together.

Three Oaks achieved a world-wide prominence when it won the Dewey Cannon. The learning how to work together, dates from this time. The success of the town in its efforts to get the cannon was inspiring but underneath was the great value of discovering that the town united almost was invincible.

The mould for the cannon was dedicated by President McKinley, and the day on which the Cannon was unveiled was a time for wonderment: wonderment that a small town of eight hundred people (then) could attract and care for a crowd of 20,000 visitors.

Three Oaks is proud of her early lead in the fight on liquor. The early settlement had its saloons: not one but several. In the days when the time was drawing near for the total abolition of the liquor business, Three Oaks for years had been without a saloon. Even before the days of local option, the one license to which the town was entitled was bought by Mr. Warren, and the license tacked up in a corn crib down on his marsh farms. Three Oaks as a community was dry long before the majority of towns under local option were permitted to consider the matter.

Three Oaks was a pioneer in the good roads movement. Long before there were improved roads linking villages and towns, Three Oaks had built a stretch of road with real macadam pavement. Today, good roads run in all directions from the town, and nearly every used road in the Township is graded, paved or improved.

This attitude of its citizens on these matters cannot but be reflected in their individual lives. Three Oaks is a home town. Between seventy-five and ninety percent of its people own their own home. Three Oaks is a home town, and a homeloving town. The community spirit fully is alive. The welfare of each is the welfare of all. The troubles and sorrows of the humble citizen are, through the friendly sympathy of the town, made a part of the thought and friendly helpfulness of the town.

Three Oaks never has experienced a "boom." The growth of the town to its present 1,500 people has been gradual. Nor has its growth stopped. Its numbers continue to increase.

The business men of the town are second to none in their desire to serve. The spirit is and always has been, "If we don't have it we'll get it for you."

During the late war, it was the business men of Three Oaks who, anticipating the needs of their customers and friends for here "customers are friends," and foreseeing a shortage, laid in supplies of the necessities of life. Three Oaks went on rations but never was there a serious dearth of food of any kind during the war. It became the custom of the local trains com-

(Continued on next page.)

THEY SHINE AT HOME AS THEY DID OVER THERE



THREE OAKS HAS CONTRIBUTED LAVISHLY OF HER SONS TO ALL WARS. THE PICTURE IS OF THE AMERICAN LEGION POST OF THAT INTERESTING AND PROGRESSIVE VILLAGE.

THREE OAKS
(Conclusion.)

ing into the village, to stop somewhat longer than absolutely necessary while the crews, and passengers, ran over to the stores and got their quota of sugar.

Three Oaks' industries have been little affected by "hard times" or the "panicy feeling" that has shut other industries for weeks and months. The several plants in Three Oaks have run and kept running when others in the region were fast closed. Always has the pay of the employees been liberal; and better, it has been certain. The workers in the various plants are happy and contented, owners of their own homes, and most with autos, radios, and all the modern improvements that make life in this new age, far in advance of the life in days past.

Three Oaks is a prosperous, wealthy town. But it is not wealth or prosperity that really counts. Three Oaks is an attractive town, with beautiful lawns, row on row of trees and well kept homes. But it is not that beauty that counts. It is the spirit back of these things; the spirit that because of pride loves to see its home town lovely, wealthy and prosperous.

Above all this is the spirit of home-loving friendliness.

Three Oaks is "the Friendly Town."

Three Oaks has one of the largest museums in Michigan; and the largest in Southwestern Michiagn. This museum, under the control of the Edward K. Warren Foundation, a corporation under the laws of Michigan, is coming to play more and more a part in community life along educational, inspirational and recreational lines.

Due to the efforts of Mr. and Mrs. Edward K. Warren, in March, 1916 the museum on two floors of the Chamberlain building,—the home built in the later years of the life of Henry Chamberlain, was opened with 3,500 exhibits. At that time it was a museum pure and simple.

Today the museum has grown. It occupies seven floors and 25 rooms in three buildings. The exhibits have increased from the 3,500 displayed in 17 cases, to over 47,000 exhibited in 150 cases.

In addition to the regular exhibition of museum material the work of the museum has been enlarged to include the formation and maintenance of a reference library of nearly 10,000 volumes; the formation of loan exhibits for school and other use, the furnishing of information on various subjects, and the classification and mounting of over 100,000 pictures for school use with, in addition, several thousand lantern slides and stereopticon views.

Lecture work also has been added and annually the director delivers from forty to seventy-five lectures. The Museum now has a well-equipped lecture-room seating up to 150, with a stereopticon, halopticon and a moving picture-outfit, owned and used for the schools and other organizations.

The main idea back of the museum is that the articles should fall in a class as pioneer or historical objects. In line with this policy the collection of china and other ware, is that of the dishes used by the pioneers of the region, rather than only the rare pieces. This is adhered to in regard to nearly all other exhibits.

Nor would the history of the exhibits shown of the geological, paleontological and early life of man in the region. In the Indian room are exhibited his tools and weapons, largely the result of collections made in this region. These include two skeletons dug up on the burying ground of the Mocassin Bluff sites.

Here too are preserved the portraits of the men and women who were the early comers in the region. What better home, for them where they can be preserved for coming generation, can be found?

Here the child of the present and the children of the future cannot but grasp the spirit back of their forebears, and gain the inspiration needed for successful life, as they graze at the crude tools and the faces of the men and women who made and used them.

In this collection the articles, now no longer used, preserve not only the thing itself, but the very name, which is being forgotten. As one notes the cradle, the frow, the sulphur-dips, the dickey, the sand-box, the caster, and hundreds of others, one cannot but be impressed with the rapidity of modern development.

Nor, as the library of the first doctor in the community, or that of an early judge, or the fine library of a cultivated man collected nearly a hundred years ago, are studied, can one fail to realize that the growth and change not all has been upon the material side.

A collection of old 'school books is being made that the growth of ideas relative to education may be studied in future generations by these examples of a more primitive past.

The museum is maintained by the Warren Foundation free to all. But for the growth of its collection it is dependent upon the friendship and helpfulness of the people of the region. The museum's policy is never to buy exhibits. All those now on exhibition have been contributed by the friends of the institution, to the number of nearly 1,200, living largely in southwestern Michigan and northern Indiana. Some have given only one or two objects, others twenty-five to fifty, and the total of two or three donors runs over one thousand. But the success of the collections has been and is upon the great number of donors who give but a few articles.

A man may bring in a type of scale, most unusual and one for which the museum is most grateful. For it is the only one it has, although the only gift of the donor. Another may bring in a collection of seventy-five arrow-heads picked up on his farm. Great is their value when studied with the others in the collection, from this part of Michigan.

Old books, papers, documents, old tools, now useless, old papers, old magazines—hardly is there an article often considered as "junk" and stored in the "attic" but what, when properly correlated with other similar objects, helps build up and tell the story and the history of the region.

And where better can these things be placed than in the Chamberlain Memorial Museum where they will be permanently preserved, and given a place in the collections with kindred articles?

Are not such objects far better in a collection where they are cared for, and where some boy or girl may get from them a needed inspiration, rather than stored in boxes in a granary or an attic, or even in a private collection where they are seen by few, and are in constant danger from destruction by fire?

It is in this capacity, as a place for preservation, that the museum functions for this whole region. First is the place of the museum for preservation; and after that for exhibition, for study, for education and for inspiration.

In addition to the Museum the Foundation also maintains three other properties for the pleasure and happiness of the people of Southwestern Michigan: The Warren Woods, the Warren Dunes and the Chamberlain Bathing Beach. These too, are maintained without a cent of expense to the people and are open, free. No admission is charged to any of the Foundation properties.

The EDWARD K. WARREN FOUNDATION is nearly nine years old. In 1917 Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Warren, having secured the passage of a bill through the legislature of Michigan permitting the "Incorporation of Foundations for the Promotion of the Public Welfare," formally launched THE EDWARD K. WARREN FOUNDATION. If the Foundation is considered as having existed from the time the Chamberlain Memorial Museum was opened—March 15, 1916—it is ten years of age.

This Foundation exists, as stated in the Articles of Incorporation, "For the Benefit of the People." It is with this thought in mind that the Trustees of the Foundation act; and it is the principle back of the instructions issued the Director employed by them to manage the affairs of the Foundation. which is stated more fully as "The preservation of forest; the establishment and maintainance of a museum or museums; the establishment and maintainance of a park or parks for the benefit of the people; the collection and preservation of historical documents, data, research and publication," the Foundation has come into possession of the following properties:

The Chamberlain Memorial Museum in Three Oaks has three buildings standing on about two acres of ground. In these buildings are housed over 47,000 exhibits. The function of this museum it to gather and preserve "articles of pioneer and historical interest". Under a broad interpretation specimens in natural history are added to the articles made and used b ythe people who settled in the region; also there are archeological and oriental collections.

At the Chamberlain Bathing Beach located in Lake Township, one mile north of Sawyer, is a recration ground of good lake frontage and with a large parking place, maintained free by the Foundation for people of the region.

The Warren Woods, three miles north and one-half mile west of Three Oaks, contain 314 acres of the primitive forest northern and eastern United States. Thiswoodland is believed to be the largest tract of climax forest preserved in the United States east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio Rivers.

The Warren Dunes with one and one-fourth miles of lake frontage, are found in Lake Township, two and one-half miles north and a little east of Sawyer. This area contains the finest and most interesting features of dune formations.

The Forest and the Dune Lands are part of the museum, an out-of-door feature; these are to be preserved in their original state so that the people of coming generations may know from direct observation how appeared such wood and sand-hill lands.

Everyone is invited to visit any and all of the features of the Foundation. Organizations, societies, clubs and the like and particularly schools, either as a whole or by classes, are especially welcomed to the Museum, and to the natural parks. While ordinarily open only on Wednesday and Saturday, such bodies can obtain admission to theMuseum on any day save Sunday. The Forest and the Dunes are open every day.

The Museum at Three Oaks makes an excellent place to hold club or school picnics. The large lawns under fine shade trees about the Museum buildings, make attractive picnic grounds, while the collections of interesting historical and other artifacts are at hand for visiting or for study.

Whenever desired by parties, the Director of the Foundation is prepared to give a short talk explaining the growth of the Museum and the methods and arrangement of the collections. When not otherwise engaged he likewise is available as a guide for classes and otlier organizations visiting the Forest or the Dunes.

PRESIDENT THREE OAKS BOOSTER CLUB

G. L. Schelley Presides Over Destinies Of Club Which Proposes To Put Three Oaks on the Map and Keep Her There

Fully imbued with the beauty and importance of his own home town and determined that the world shall know something of its advantages, Mr. G. L. Schelley has given his hearty endorsement to the special edition plan and has gone a long way out of his way to help the Municipal Publicity Service men in the accumulation of data.

Mr. Schelley's first move in this direction was to call a special meeting of the Three Oaks Booster Club before whom the matter was laid with the result that it was given the hearty endorsement of the club and work was begun at once. This splendid section for Three Oaks is due in large measure to the kindly assistance of Mr. Schelley.

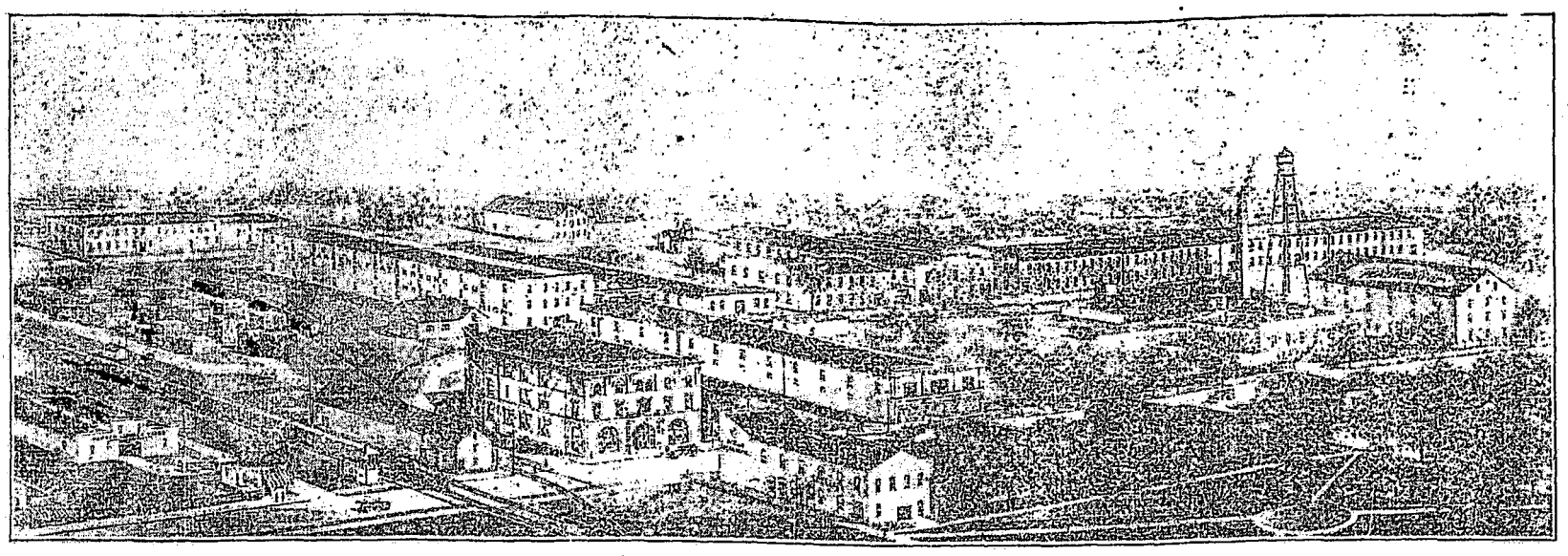
The subject of this sketch is a native of Berrien county. In 1905 he established his meat business in the building next to his present

(Continued on next page.)

"Warren's"

at

THREE OAKS, MICHIGAN



THE WARREN FEATHERBONE CO.
Manufacturers
of
FEATHERBONE, NARROW FABRICS AND NOTION SPECIALTIES.

Bead Cord	Garters (Fancy)
Blanket Binding	Girdles
Button Looping	Hair Curlers
Braids	Lingerie Ribbons
Christmas Tyings	Rick Racks
Coifnettes	Weighted Tapes
Elastic Braids	Wires

BRANCH OFFICES:
332 S. Michigan Avenue, Chicago.
44 E. 23d Street, New York City.
55 Fremont Street, San Francisco.

E. K. Warren & Co. Inc.

A STATE BANK

THREE OAKS, MICH.

Commercial, Savings and Christmas Savings Club.

Travelers' Checks, Bonds for Conservative Investors.

3 Per Cent On Savings and Time Deposits.

To all our Old Friends—HAPPINESS.

To all our New Friends—WELCOME.

To all our Community—PROSPERITY.

12 STORES IN ONE

Clothing and Furnishings	Hardware
Dry Goods and Notions	Rugs and Floor Coverings
Ladies' Ready-to-Wear	China, Glassware and Toys
Millinery	5c and 10c Goods
Footwear	Wall Paper
Furniture	Groceries

At Your Service

This store is here to render efficient service and to give to the people of this community a full 100 cents' worth for every dollar spent with us.

When you are in town drop in, use our conveniences and make yourself at home.

Three Oaks Department Store
THREE OAKS, MICHIGAN

Trade at the Big Store and Save the Difference

THE EDWARD K. WARREN FOUNDATION

Incorporated Nov. 17, 1917, by Edward K. and Mary C. Warren.
THREE OAKS, MICHIGAN
"For the Benefit of the People."

President ----------FREDERIC W. CHAMBERLAIN
Vice-President ----------PAUL C. WARREN
Treasurer ----------FRANK W. DONNER
Director ----------GEO. R. FOX

Established for Purposes of
Preservation and Conservation, Education and Recreation

The Foundation maintains its properties for the enjoyment of all, and free to all.

The Chamberlain Memorial Museum

Preservation—Education—Inspiration

47,000 OBJECTS OF PIONEER AND HISTORICAL INTEREST DISPLAYED IN THREE BUILDINGS AT THREE OAKS

That the present and coming generations may learn of and appreciate the work of the founders of the communities of this part of the American commonwealth, the Museum maintains a reference library and loans collections of pictures and slides. Extension work in lecturing and with moving pictures is carried on.

The Warren Woods

Conservation—Education.

A tract of 300 acres of primeval forest in Chickaming Township, three miles north of Three Oaks. The woodland as seen by the first settlers, preserved that their descendants may know by this example the "Galien Woods."

The Chamberlain Bathing Beach

Recreation.

Several hundred feet of beach on Lake Michigan, in Lake Township two miles northwest of Sawyer, with a large free parking area. For the use of the people of the region for bathing, picnicing and other pleasures. Gift to the Foundation by F. W. and Lydia Warren Chamberlain.

The Warren Dunes

Conservation—Education—Recreation—Preservation

"AMERICA'S FOURTH WONDER"

Three hundred and twenty acres of the world's finest dune lands, with a frontage of over a mile on Lake Michigan, preserved as a public park. In Lake Township, three miles southwest of Bridgman.

The Edward K. Warren Foundation

The EDWARD K. WARREN FOUNDATION is nearly seven years old. In 1917 Mr. and Mrs. E. K. Warren, having secured the passage of a bill through the legislature of Michigan permitting the "Incorporation of Foundations for the Promotion of the Public Welfare," formally launched THE EDWARD K. WARREN FOUNDATION. If the Foundation is considered as having existed from the time the Chamberlain Memorial Museum was opened—March 15, 1916—it is over eight years of age.

This Foundation exists, as stated in the Articles of Incorporation, "For the Benefit of the People". It is with this thought in mind that the Trustees of the Foundation act; and it is the principle back of the instructions issued the Director employed by them to manage the affairs of the Foundation.

In pursuit of this purpose which is stated more fully as "The preservation of forests; the establishment and maintainance of a museum or museums; the establishment and maintainance of a park or parks for the benefit of the public; the collection and preservation of historical documents, data, research and publication," the Foundation has come into possession of the following properties:

The Chamberlain Memorial Museum in Three Oaks has three buildings standing on about two acres of ground. In these buildings are housed over 40,000 exhibits. The function of this museum is to gather and preserve "articles of pioneer and historical interest". Under a broad interpretation specimens in natural history are added to the articles made and used by the people who settled in the region; also there are archeological and oriental collections.

At the Chamberlain Bathing Beach located in Lake Township, one mile north of Sawyer, is a recreation ground of good lake frontage with a large parking place, maintained free by the Foundation for people of the region.

The Warren Woods, three miles north and one-half mile west of Three Oaks, contain 314 acres of the primitive forest that once covered nearly all northern and eastern United States. This woodland is believed to be the largest tract of climax forest preserved in the United States east of the Mississippi and north of the Ohio Rivers.

The Warren Dunes with one-fourth miles of lake frontage, are found in Lake Township, two and one-half miles north and a little east of Sawyer. This area contains the finest and most interesting features of dune formations.

The Forest and the Dune Lands are part of the museum, an out-of-door feature; these are to be preserved in their original state so that the people of coming generations may know from direct observation how appeared such wood and sand-hill lands.

Everyone is invited to visit any and all of the features of the Foundation. Organizations, societies, clubs and the like and particularly schools, either as a whole or by classes, are especially welcomed to the Museum, and to the natural parks. While ordinarily open only on Wednesday and Saturday, such bodies can obtain admission to the Museum on any day save Sunday. The Forest and the Dunes are open every day.

The Museum at Three Oaks makes an excellent place to hold club or school picnics. The large lawns under fine shade trees about the Museum buildings, make attractive picnic grounds, while the collections of interesting historical and other artifacts are at hand for visiting or for study.

Whenever desired by parties, the Director of the Foundation is prepared to give a short talk explaining the growth of the Museum and the methods and arrangement of the collections. When not otherwise engaged he likewise is available as a quide for classes and other organizations visiting the Forest or the Dunes.

Mrs. Mary Chamberlain Warren is the president of the Foundation and the Directors is Mr. George R. Fox, who is fitted by education and training for the arduous duties he is called upon to perform. We cannot close this article without giving to Mr. Fox an expression of our appreciation for the kindly spirit and tolerance he manifested toward us as we passed from room to room under his quidance upon our tour of inspection of this remarkable museum.

THE STORY OF FEATHERBONE

The invention of Featherbone was not an accident, but was the result of thought; study and research. A dry goods merchant at Three Oaks, Mich., keeping whalebone in stock with other dress findings, had the usual experience of seeing the bone dry up and become brittle after remaining in stock any length of time, unless it was kept in a moist place. In a small town and for country trade, the cheaper bone only was salable. A lady customer once complained that the whalebone sold her by the merchant was brittle and worthless—as if he was to blame for its quality. As the dealer was putting the bone away in the drawer after the customer had retired, the first thought in the chain that led to the invention of Featherbone came and that was: "Whalebone, though the best elastic material known to the commercial world at this time, is rapidly becoming scarce and high in price;" and the second thought arose, "I wonder what elastic material will take its place." This led to the reading of the history connected with the whaling industry and a more definite knowledge of the growing scarcity of the whale and the necessity for a new elastic material.

The merchant, in a business way, frequently visited a feather duster factory where the pointer quills of the turkey were being burned up or thrown away. It looked as if a good article was going to waste, and upon inquiring whether some use could be found for it or not, the visitor was told that as there was plumage on only one side of the quill it was valueless for dusters. Some one in New York had attempted to make a stable broom from pointers but that was not a success. Everybody who had tried to utilize the quill had looked at the plumage for utility where the merchant considered the quill substance and came to the conclusion that a valuable elastic material was going to waste. In those days, a passenger riding along the lake front in Chicago over the M. C. R. R. or I. C. R. R. frequently saw quantities of these pointer quills carted out with other rubbish. Poultry dealers would put the pointers in with the second and third joint wing and tail feathers which were valuable for duster purposes, and the duster manufacturers would throw them out; thus the despised pointer quill really was a "bone of contention."

The two thoughts, "An elastic material wanted" and "An elastic material waster," ran parallel in the dry goods man's mind for a year or more when they finally met and the idea of making a bone out of the quill substance was conceived. The next day fanciful and descriptive words for the new material were coined, viz.: "Featherbone" and "Quillbone." The inventor, Edward K. Warren, sanguine and hopeful for final results, went through years of experimenting, toil and anxiety before the desirable qualities which Featherbone possesses were recognized and appreciated. Entirely new processes of manufacture had to be outlined and special machinery built by expert mechanics to transform the quills into the new bone. The basis of Featherbone is the fine fibres of the quill which, in small sections, are wound by thread, care being taken to break joints in forming a continuous cord—a group of cords making a compact blade. It is easy to sew through this bone either by hand or with the sewing machine and this fact led to an entirely new method of boning dress seams. The attaching of bone to the fine seams of a fine gown was formerly a tedious hand process, but is now quickly done by new and original sewing machine methods.

While there is still quantities of Featherbone being sold for various purposes, nevertheless, during the last decade or more, the business of the Warren Featherbone Co. has developed rapidly to include a comprehensive line of Narrow Fabrics and Notion Specialties, which is evidenced by the advertisement appearing elsewhere in this edition.

President Three Oaks Booster Club

(Conclusion.)

location. He sold out in 1919 and engaged in the business of buying and selling live stock. Six years ago he bought the business back again and has had the satisfaction of seeing it grow remarkably ever since. Mr. Schelley is a Mason and treasures his membership in that splendid organization. He is no less a lover of the Booster Club and hopes for the day when its forty-odd membership will have developed into ten times that number.

Asked what in his opinion should be done to make Three Oaks a bigger and better town in which to live, he said: "We should continue to pull together on any proposition which has been determined, after mature deliberation, is for the general good. When we have learned to do this there can be no limit to what we may accomplish.

WARREN FARM AT THREE OAKS

One Of Michigan's Show Places Where Choice Thoroughbred Hereford Cattle Are Produced

At Three Oaks will be found one of the largest and best farms in the whole United States. It comprises 3,500 acres, is completely cleared and fenced, is equipped with all the necessary outbuildings of a very high standard and is noted for the exceedingly high-grade thoroughbred Hereford cattle it produces. It is owned by C. K. Warren of Three Oaks and his sister, Mrs. George A. Lackey of Mt. Vernon, N. Y.

This farm was started years ago by the father of the present owners the first twenty acres of it having been purchased in 1883. From time to time other tracts were procured until the place had assumed the size outlined above.

This farm is of such importance that many people travel miles to see it. It is of record in the administration headquarters of many agricultural colleges and occupies the place in their estimation generally of a model farm. Naturally the work up on this big farm is carried on upon a stupendous scale and in the most scientific manner. In addition to the large herd of cattle always maintained on this place there is also a very large flock of sheep.

The Three Oaks farm, however, is only a small part of the Warren ranch activities—a mere bagetelle, in fact. As a matter of fact they own over one million acres situated in Texas, New Mexico and Mexico. To be exact here is precisely what they do own: Old Mexico, 727,000 acres; New Mexico, 200,000; Texas, 60,000; Kansas, 10,000; Canada, 3,600; Three Oaks, Mich., 3,500 acres. Total, 1,004,100 acres.

To give some idea of the immensity of the work which is carried on the Warrens it is only necessary to state that 8,000 fat steers were sold this year; 30,000 calves and other young stock were left to further mature and 7,000 calves were branded. The acquiring of all this land really be gan with the acquisition of the first twenty acres of the Three Oaks ranch. The next purchase was made in 1901 and comprised 40,000 acres in Texas. To this was added later 46,000 more. This year the company sold 25,000 acres of this for $30 an acre. It had cost $2.50 per acre! As before noted the company retains 60,000 acres in Texas for farms and cattle raising.

In these days of complaint that farming does not pay it is interesting to know that the big farm at Three Oaks does pay—that it has always paid in fact, because it has always been efficiently managed and because the owners have taken advantage of every labor-saving device. E. I. Kelley is the manager of Oak Meadow Farm—the name of this magnificent estate—and has demonstrated through long years of service that he knows how to get every dollar which can be wrung from the soil and at the same time keep it in the highest state of fertility.

It is a great pleasure to visit Oak Meadow Farm, especially for one who loves good live stock, for here one can see the aristocrats of the animal world including horses, cattle, sheep and hogs, to say nothing of the tremendous amount of poultry which is always maintained upon the farm.

The horses are all work stock and number upwards of fifty head. The cattle are Herefords, headed by that famous sire, Standard Fairfax (No. 548,498), a bull that has been awarded many prizes in the ring and whose progeny are reckoned among the very best specimens of the breed. Upwards of 300 head are always to be found on this farm. Nearly all of the young bulls are shipped to the western ranches, but many are sold to other breeders wishing to improve their herds. A flock of nearly 2,000 prize sheep can always be found at Oak Meadow and something over 300 hogs.

It takes a lot of feed to handle a stock like that and now we will tell you how it is done. In the first place then this year there were 475 acres of corn, 250 acres of alfalfa, 200 acres of oats, 60 acres of rye, 100 acres of Clover, 100 acres of timothy. There were also 100 acres of peppermint and 250 acres of wheat. Parturage for this immense herd required 700 acres more.

It will be noticed that the rule on the Warren farm is diversification of crops. This insures the place against a crop failure for it is unbelievable that all could fail the same year. Then, too, it is better for the land. Rotation of crops is also followed with the utmost precision and fertilization is ample and frequent. No rention has been made of the power plants which are required. It is a foregone conclusion that such a vast acreage could not be handled in time by even fifty horses. The horsepower is augmented by two large McCormick-Deering tractors, and to give some idea how these giant farm tools do their work we cite the fact that in preparing an 80-acre field for oats, the preliminary double-disking was completed in almost exactly eight hours. Then, following the broadcasting, another day's work for the two tractors finished the job and gave the oats an early start in an ideally prepared seedbed.

In addition to these land-turninp monsters there is also an International motor-cultivator which is kept busy in the corn durinv the entire growing season. It is estimated that

(Continued on next page.)

Improved Hog and Beef Cattle Industries

The hog men and beef cattle feeders are working under improved conditions. The price level of farm products including live stock, for the first time in several years recently reached the average price level of all commodities. It should be borne in mind that in the hog or beef cattle business, some men will always be more successful than others.

There was a decrease in the number of hogs on farms at the beginning of the present year as compared with the year previous. The low prices received for pork during the years folowing the war decreased hog production and this is one of the factors that is resulting in a very favorable market. The average price of hogs has been about $5 higher per hundred weight than a year ago. Supplies of hog products at the leading western markets at the end of July were 14 per cent less than a year ago with the demand strong. It is interesting to note that pork consumption per person in the United States in 1924 exceeded that of any other recent year with the exception of 1923.

The strong hog market tends to react favorably on prices being paid for beef cattle. The average price that has been paid per hundred weight for beef cattle is about $1.50 higher than in January. It is encouraging to know that feeders of beef cattle made a nice profit above the cost of feed on winter fed steers that were secured in the fall at right prices. The total number of beef cattle on farms in January was 5 per cent less than at the same time a year previous, and the number of cattle being marketed has been less by about the same per cent. Estimated consumption of beef per person in the United States was greater in 1924 than for several years.

PRESIDENT BOYLE OF FARM BUREAU

President Of So Many Things It Is Hard To Keep Track Of Them All, But It Is Just Play For J. G. Boyle

The president of the Berrien County Farm Bureau is J. G. Boyle who resides on a farm a few miles north of Buchanan when he can find time to do so, for Mr. Boyle is the busiest man in the county and is kept on the road most of the time looking after the various companies and organizations of which he is the guiding hand.

Besides being the president of the Farm Bureau—and that would be quite enough for most men—Mr. Boyle is also president of the St. Joe Valley Shipping Association which has a warehouse at Buchanan and another at Niles and does a volu e of business amounting to $100,000 a year, shipping live stock, handling coal in carload lots, feed, fencing and a variety of other farm supplies. This association was started originally by four granges—Moccasin, Bend-Of-The-River, Portage Prairie and Mt. Tabor. It was reorganized at the close of the war and raised $28,000 by loan. In the past four years it has created a fund to pay off everything and last July had a surplus of about $7,000.

Mr. Boyle is also president of the Lake Shore Friut Growers' Association with headquarters at Sawyer. The company has a packing house at Sawyer which cost over $10,000 to contruct and is said to be one of the best in the state. It handles all kinds of fruits which are carefully garded and packed and find ready sale wherever offered on account of the fact that buyers have come to realize that the Lake Shore brand means absolute honesty and that the contents of the package are bound to be exactly as stated on the label. This is a co-operative organization which has been remarkably successful.

But that's not all either, though by this time even the most exacting must have concluded that no one man could do even as much as is outlined above and do it so well. But that's not all by a long shot with Boyle. He is also president of the Grower-Consumer Direct Sales Service which aintains permanent quarters on the Municipal Pier in Chicago and sells fruits and vegetables direct to the consumer in the big city. This institution is operated under the supervision of the High Cost Commission and has its unqualified endoresement. The goods arrive by truck, by steamboat and by train every morning early fresh from the orchards and the fields of Berrien County and are sold direct to the consumer who arrive at the pier early in the morning from all parts of the big city. This business has now assumed considerable magnitude because of the fast that buyers have found they can buy cheaper throu the grower-to-buyer combinati and that the goods are fresher d generally of better quality than those offered for sale in the regular way. Some idea of the magnitude of this business now may be gained from the statement that in just one hour one morning last summer nearly two tons of honey was disposed of. Grapes were not plentiful in Berrien County last season but the demand for grapes was immense. To meet this demand the organization was obliged to augment its supply with twelve carloads from California.

Sweet cider is made in front of the customer every day, the apples and the process of making being in full view all of the time. Grape juice is also made in the same way, the organization being permitted to operate this department of its business under the strict supervision of the federal government. That it has never sought to evade the law in any particular is attested in the fact that no complaint has ever been registere against it.

Mr. Boyle is also a director of the State Farm Bureau, and a member of the executive committee, in fact. And in addition to all this he personally conducts the business of his own fruit farm which he is constantly enlarging. He is also a member of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce and one of the executive committee.

All of these things are successes and it has been largely due to the far-seeing business acumen of Jessse G. Boyle. It has been intimated that Mr. Boyle has political aspirations—that some day he might be the farmer canidate for governor. If ever that comes true and Mr. Boyle makes up his mind to be governor it will require something more than ordinary to stop him. But nobody would want to stop Boyle if they once knew him. Irrespevtite of political affiliation they would want him to get there, realizing that such a man might well be the Moses to lead the state out of its bondage of overburdening taxation.

DO YOU RECOGNIZE THIS BUILDING?



THE OLD SCHOOL HOUSE—BUCHANAN

SOUTH BEND BUSINESS COLLEGE

Hundreds Of Young Men And Women Properly Fitted For Service In The Industrial Life Of St. Joe Valley

The great St. Joe Valley, of which the greater part of South Berrien County is a component part, is fortunate in having such an exceptional institution as the South Bend Business College, through which its young men and young women can be properly prepared to take their places in the business life of the region.

This institution is located in admirable quarters in the very heart of South Bend and, on account of the exceptional transportation facilities which that city enjoys, may be reached from any point of the compass easily and quickly. That for those in easy reach. The fame of this college has extended so far, however, that many students come from remote parts of the United States and Canada to avail themselves of its teaching.

The school is thorough in its every aspect. A student must obey its laws and regulations and these extend into the private life of the student to the extent that the college, sensing its obligation to the parent, insists upon knowing how the student spends his or her time when not engaged in actual school work. This form of discipline may seem exacting and some may resent it. It has been found, nevertheless, that it is necessary if a boy or a girl is to get the most out of the service which the school is only too glad to render. It has for its object that making of men and women of character with a foretaste of the responsibility and the service they will be expected to render when they have gone out into the industrial world.

Institutions all over the country are always glad to get hold of a graduate of the South Bend Business College because they know from experience that they are well grounded in the essentials of their profession and that their sheepskin, whatever it may be for, is bound to mean something. For that reason the college always has a long list of places open for worthy students and maintains a bureau for the very purpose of providing employment for its students as soon as they have graduated from its several courses.

Hundreds of young men and women all through the middle west now occupying positions of trust in great manufacturing institutions, banks, commercial houses, etc., are proud to point to the diploma they have received from the South Bend Business College and realize that if it were not for that they could not now be on the high road to success.

Warren Farm at Three Oaks

(Conclusion.)

it covers slightly over 400 acres during the season.

Practically everything which is raised on the farm is fed there. It is the modern way of making the crops walk to market instead of being hauled there. But they don't even have to do that on the Warren fasm fos the New York Central Railroad runs right through the place and there are all the facilities necessary for loading the stock as soon as it is ready for market.

Volumes could be written upon this subject bot our space is limited. The best thing we can do under the circumstances, therefore, is to urge all our readers to make a visit to Oak Meadow Farm. And even these who dwell hundreds of miles away will find it equally interesting and instructive. In our opinion the Warren farm is an outstanding example of what ian be done on a Miihigan farm when scientific methods are employed.

"Co-operation and loyalty to everyone living in Buchanan is what we need."—Genn E. Smith.

"Let tthe world know how good a county Berrien is and a flood of people and a flood of money will soon begin to roll in this direction."—E. W. Kraus, Baroda.

Attend the

South Bend Business COLLEGE

As hundreds of Berrien County's most representative young people have done, and prepare for a good

Office Position

Day or Evening Sessions, also Home Study Courses

Eleven courses from which to choose, ranging in time of completion from six months to twenty-four months.

The biggest, best, most popular business training school of northern Indiana and southern Michigan for forty-four years.

Fully accredited through the National Asociation of Accredited Commercial Schools.

CATALOG AND PARTICULARS FREE

Write, call or telephone

South Bend Business College

South Bend, Indiana

BARODA

Ah! There's the Town for the Enterprising Young Man!

Oak forest invaded by the Chas. Stahelin sawmill in 1885.

Village platted upon opening of Michigan Central branch from South Bend to St. Joe in 1889.

Postoffice and store established by A. E. Holmes 1889.

Grist mill built by Putnam Brothers in 1892.

Rapid growth from 1892 to 1895, population reached 200.

School established by consolidating two rural schools in 1893.

Odd Fellows lodge established in 1896—built hall in 1911.

Woodmen Hall burned in 1910; rebuilt of brick in 1911.

School attendance, 250.

Population 1925, 350.

Ever been to Baroda? Do you know where it is? No? Then you must be informed for you have been missing one of the best bets in South Berrien county. Well; Baroda is just a trifle north and three miles east of Bridgman on M-11. Off the main highway, you say? Nothing doing, my friend, because Baroda has a main highway of its own—the one which was the main highway for years before M-11 was ever thought of. The regular bus route between St. Joe and Michigan City, if you please.

Baroda is located on the branch of the New York Central from South Bend to St. Joe and is one of the most important shipping points on the division. The land all about is some of the finest that ever lay out of doors. You can grow anything on Baroda land, including choicest fruits of all kinds. Baroda soil will also produce sweet potatoes of quality to make the sunny south feel ashamed of itself. There may be some poor farmers in the Baroda territory but there are no poor farms. People get rich in spite of themselves in this locality and live happy ever after.

The village, for it has been duly incorporated, was born when the old Vandalia put its branch through from South Bend to St. Joe. That was in 1889. Until that time it had been purely a farming country with no thought of a village on that particular spot. With the railroad came people, however, and Michael Houser who owned all the land thereabouts saw that a town was about to spring up in spite of him. He bowed to the inevitable and gave the railroad not only the right of way it required but also gave the newly-born bailiwick a strip alongside for a public park. He also gave anybody who would erect a house upon it a lot free and clear. And that was Baroda's accouchement.

Al. Holmes built the first store. Then came in rapid succession Ed. Brown and Bill Parrish. About this time the people found that they would have to change baby's name for they had named it Pomona in the beginning and Michigan didn't propose to have two Pomonas in one family. A solemn conclave was held and after much deliberation, it was determined to give it the name of Baroda and so it has continued ever since for, you see, it wasn't the kind of baby the name Pomona would suit anyway.

Like all kids it had its ups and downs but it kept right on boring in until today it is in such a likely position as to justify the statement we made at the onset that if you haven't seen Baroda you have been missing one of the best bets.

Baroda has a dandy school which takes its pupils up to and including the twelfth grade. It has two splendid churches—United Brethren and German Evangelical Lutheran; the snappiest bank building, and a bank within conducted solely by farmers—quite some bank; a pickle salting station, a good lumber yard, a basket factory, a sash and blind factory, two good garages, a cider mill, a bang-up flouring mill, an independent oil company, a well equipped cement works, several good warehouses for the shipping of farm produce, a fine little station and good shipping facilities in every direction. Of course Baroda has the usual quota of stores of all kinds, some of them as well stocked as stores in towns ten times its size.

As in other localities in South Berrien County, land can be bought in the neighborhood for much less than it is really worth. It is hoped that the attention of outsiders can be focused upon Baroda for the towns-people believe it will be for the best interest of everybody to have the very large farms cut up into smaller holdings. This will insure more intensive culture and add considerable to the sum of the neighborhood's wealth.

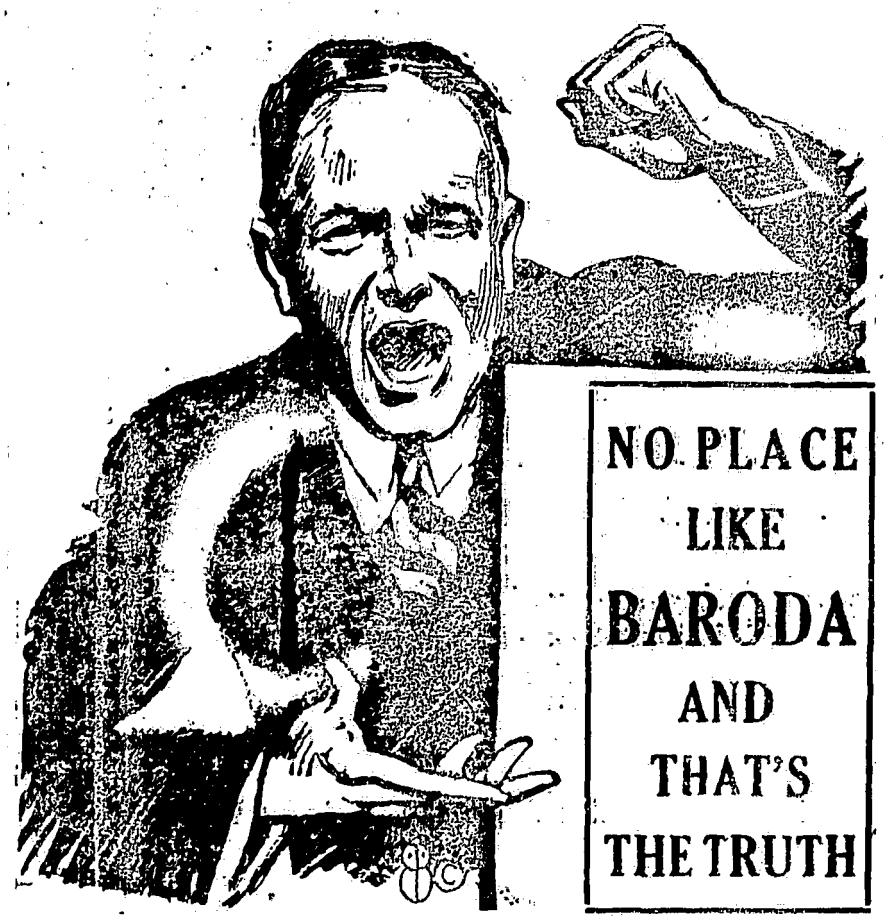
Baroda is ready to talk turkey to any sort of an enterprise which will employ labor and will welcome such with open arms.

Fruit and Live Stock

Townley—Any poultry, fruit or live stock on your place, old man?

Subdubs—Yes; an old hen of an aunt, a donkey of a nephew and two peaches who are visiting my wife.

Good printing, prompt printing, at right prices at the Record.



NO PLACE LIKE BARODA AND THAT'S THE TRUTH

WE CANNOT EMPHASIZE THE POINT TOO STRONGLY

BARODA

IS THE HUB OF THE FINEST FARMING LAND IN MICHIGAN

NOW IT WANTS FACTORIES

AND OFFERS EXCEPTIONAL OPPORTUNITIES FOR THOSE SEEKING A NEW LOCATION

—Write the Village Clerk for full information.

We Have Everything in Baroda

TWO GOOD CHURCHES, FINE SCHOOLS, A DANDY BANK, PRETTY NATURAL PARK, ALL KINDS OF RECREATIONAL OPPORTUNITIES AT TWO BEAUTIFUL LAKES NEAR BY, STORES, RESTAURANTS, TWO GOOD GARAGES, ETC., ETC.

IF YOU ARE LOOKING FOR THE BEST LAND IN THE U. S. A. FOR GENERAL FARMING OR FOR FRUIT GROWING THIS IS THE PLACE TO STOP.

BARODA ZION EVAN CHURCH

Growes From Eight Members To Church of Seven Hundred In Twenty-two Years

The Evangelical Zion Church of Baroda, Mich., was founded February 16th, 1903, by eight men who desired to have a place of worship of the Lutheran order in this part of the county. The first edifice was dedicated October the 25 th. 1903.

Already in the year 1921 the congregation decided to build a new house of worship as the old building did not supply enough room for the ever-increasing congregation. The new church which has a seating capacity of 650 and which represents a value of about $50,000. —was dedicated March the 11th, 1923.

Serving about 700 people the congregation is perhaps the largest in the rural district of southern Berrien County. Besides the active members of the church there are supporting the congregation: two choirs under the leadership of our organist Mr. Von Wolfskeel; thd Sunday School of 260 members of which Mr. C. Nitz is presiden; the Ladies' Aid, having a membership of 70 of which Mrs. Herm Schultz is president;the Young People Society with a membership of 80, Mr. Albert Melchert being president.

The running expenses of the congregation amount to $5,000 a year.

The officers of the congregation proper at the present time are: Rev. C. Seidenberg, pastor; C. Till, finance-secretary; F. Klackle, treasurer; C. Mueller, secretary; trustees, John Reich, Henry Reisig, Jul. Roman, Fred Remhack and Elmer Kesterke.

Rev. Beutenmueller, was the first pastor, and served the congregation faithfully and well for five years, during which time the church made marvelous growth.

It was during the pastorate of Rev. C. Howe, which continued for a period of sixteen years that the church was established firmly a sone of the leading religious institutions in this part of Michigan.

Under the present pastor, Rev. C. Seidenberg, the church continues to render service to the people of Baroda and to justify its existence in the community.

BARODA'S LEADING DEPARTMENT STORE

E. W. Kraus Carries a Complete Stock Of General Merchandise, Including Dry Goods, Shoes, Groceries and Hardware

Baroda has one store of which a city of ten times its size might well feel proud. It is the department store of E. W. Kraus which was established by Mr. Kraus in 1921.

Since that time the business has prospered and the stock has been constantly increased and now comprises all the best goods in the numerous lines handled. The store is a large one, comprising nearly four thousand feet of floor space, every inch of which is utilized.

Michigan City was the former home of the Krauses but they are now ardent supporteres of their new home town. They have a host of friends all through the Baroda region who esteem it a pleasure to trade at the Kraus store, being assured always of getting the best goods at the most reasonable prices. Another thing they like about the Kraus store and that s the prompt and courteous attention they receive from the genial proprietor and his corps of clerks. This is a point Mr. Kraus insists upon from all who work for him.

"What we need now," said Mr. Kraus, "is industrial development. We have a number of good things already but we need more. It is practically settled that we are to have a garment factory soon. This will help some, but still it is not enough. We should have the canning factory which burned, rebuilt. We grow strawberries, raspberries, grapes, peaches and apples in abundance—enough to furnish the materials for a canning factory; it is a good opening for one.

"Only half a mile from town is the celebrated Dunham farm which has the largest peach orchard in Michigan—one hundred acres of peaches. The same distance away is the Baldwin-Whitten-Ackerman nurseries. And the great Beebee sauer kraut farm and factory is only three miles away.

"Baroda might be called the market basket of Michigan and it would be correctly named for certainly we grow more foodstuffs than any other place I know of. Just think of it, this market basket in only 12 miles from St. Joe, 32 miles from South Bend and 88 miles from Chicago. Trucks make the run to any of these places almost while you wink. Are we well situated? I'll say we are, and there is no reason in the world why we should not go forward in seven-league boots. All we need to do is to get the Exchange Club functioning again and make up our minds to pull together.

"Bear in mind, also, that we have many advantages to offer the summer visitor. Only one mile from town are Singer and Hess lakes, two as pretty bodies of water as one could wish to see and good transportation—the Michigan Central Railroad, the St. Joe-Michigan City bus line and dandy stone roads in every direction if the visitors wish to drive themselves. It is a cinch that Baroda is on the map and is destined to loom larger before many moons."

BROWN BROTHERS FORD DEALERS

Carry Full Line of Ford Products and Genuine Ford Parts and Have Best Equipped Machine Shop in These Parts

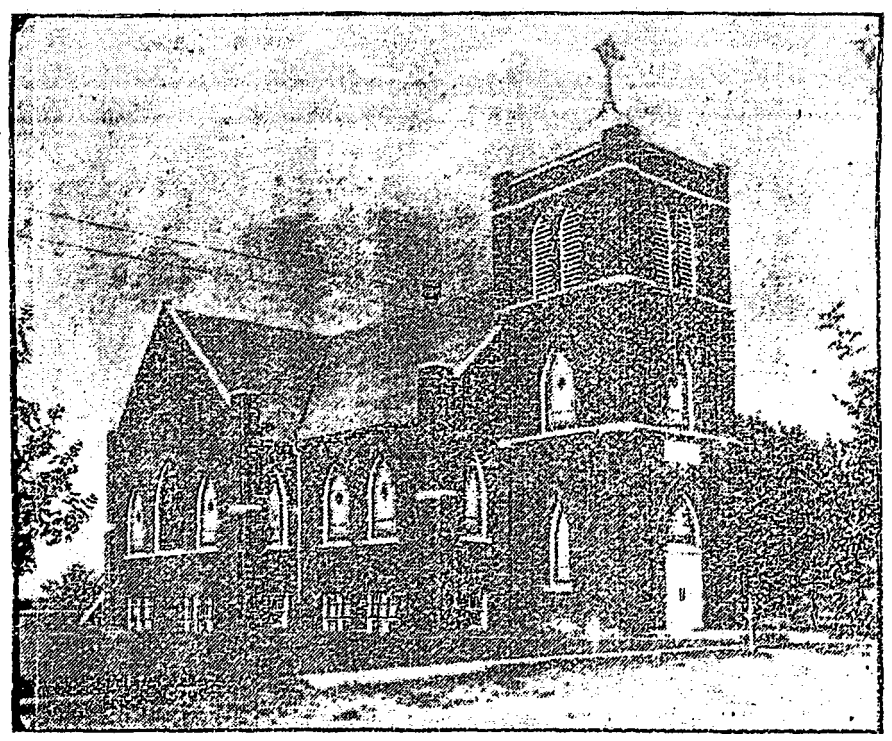
Brown Brothers, F. E. and L. D., operate a Ford Garage in Baroda and carry a full line of the industrial wizard's products including genuine Ford parts.

The partnership was organized in 1923 in very modest quarters but the business has grown to such an extent that over 3000 square feet of floor space is now required and, in addition there will be erected in the immediate future another building which will have a floor space area of 2000 square feet. In addition to this the company has plenty of yard space for parking and storage.

The remarkable thing about this establishment is the machine shop which is equipped with every modern device and requirement for the speedy handling of repair work and the most skilfull mechanics to do the work. Repairing batteries is also included.

It is the service department of their business which receives the closest attention of the brothers. This means service night and day and a wrecking car which is subject to call at any moment and to go any distance to help the unfortunate motorist out of his difficulties.

(Continued on next page.)



BARADO ZION EVANGELICAL CHURCH

J. M. RAAS

All Kinds Of

Farming Implements

Wagons and Tractors. Sprayers, Pumps, Oil and Twine.
Rudy Furnaces. DeLaval Cream Separators.

Buyer of Peppermint Oil.

Stoughton Trucks. Sherwin Williams Paint

Baroda, Michigan

E. H. SWOPE

MANUFACTURER OF

High Grade Cement Blocks, Cement Posts, Brick, Block Silos, Draining Tile, Dun Building Tile and Ornamental Work

No Contract Too Large for Us to Undertake

Additional Power Machinery Just Installed

Your Patronage Solicited

BARODA

First, Last and All the Time

BANKING HOUSE WORTH WHILE

Baroda Has Safe and Sound Banking House Installed In Fine Building

There is no discount on the Baroda State Bank, the only bank in Michigan, perhaps, established and conducted solely by farmers and run so well that it is not only pointed to with pride by the department but has made itself the envy of banks in other and much larger places.

The bank was established in 1920 by the following men, every one of whom is a Berrien County farmer: C. J. Till, president; Cleon Miller, vice-president; Frank Bihlmire, vice-president; E. A. Boal, Albert Shafer, Fred Heyn, directors. Richard Tollas, is the cashier. Of the latter it might be said that he, too, is a farmer, having been born on a Berrien county farm not far away and upon which he has spent all of his life except the time he was away getting his education. He entered the bank two years ago in a minor position and has passed through the various grades of promotion until reaching the place of cashier. It is claimed that he is one of the youngest bank cashiers in Michigan.

The bank has a capital and surplus of $24,000 and its last statement shows that it had on deposit $207,104.75. It pays four per cent on deposits and carries saving deposits to the extent of $34,966.03. This in itself is considered unusual in a place the size of Baroda and shows the thriftiness of its people.

The building is one of the handsomest bank buildings in the county. It is a two story building of pressed brick with sandstone trimmings, ornate in design and occupying one of the most prominent corners in the village. The interior is fitted with every banking convenience. It is not the building alone which attracts people to this bank however. It is the uniform courtesy of its officers and directors—the splendid comradeship which is exercised alike with men in all stations of life. The bank is out to help Baroda quite as much as Baroda can help the bank. It is for every civic improvement and can be relied upon at all times to do its share in every forward movement.

Baroda is to be congradulated upon having such a fine and such a worthy institution.

TOLLAS BROTHERS VERY POPULAR

Carries a Full Line of General Merchandise and Specialize in Choicest Fruits in Season

When E. A. Tollas and his brother, H. Tollas, opened a new store in Baroda in October there were those who wagged their heads and declared it was a questionable venture. They did not take into account that H. Tollas had behind him several years of experience in merchandising and had made hosts of friends while thus engaged, all of whom felt it incumbent upon them to place their business with the Tollas Brothers.

The result of this has been that the store has established a record for quickly acquired results never before reached in this locality. By reason of their close attention to every detail of their business this is being augmented from day to day and the Tollas store is becoming known favorably far outside its regular trading area.

The slogan the boys have adopted is one of compelling force. When strictly lived up to, as it is in their case, it never fails to produce results. It is this: "Highest quality merchandise at fair prices and prompt service." Besides this the boys make it a point to stand back of every purchase and are ready to make everything as right as a trivet at all times.

Brown Brothers Ford Dealers

(Conclusion.)

Brown Brothers are both young men fully imbued with the spirit which moves mountains and builds cities. They are in love with Baroda and propose to do everything in their power to further its interests. Their page advertisement in this number is practical evidence of their faith in the community. Both of them are members of the B. P. O. E. and are proud of their membership in the organization.

Asked what they considered the best thing for Baroda in order to promote her interests they replied in unison "Patronize home industries and home merchants and let there be perfect harmony and co-operation in everything we undertake for the general good."

REICH'S POPULAR PLACE TO TRADE

Have a Fine Store Filled with General Merchandise and Enjoy a Splendid Run of Business

Of the many splendid places to trade in Baroda none is more popular than the establishment of J. J. Reich.

Here will be found at all times a complete stock of staple and fancy groceries, dry goods, notions and, in season, the choicest of fresh fruits. Of the latter there is always carried in stock a larger supply than any other house in Baroda offers.

Mr. Reich is a native of Berrien county, having been brought up on a farm not far away from the village. Three years ago he purchased the stock of Raymond Kenney who had purchased the stock from another party two years previous. Since embarking in business Mr. Reich has been remarkably successful and has come to be regarded as one of Baroda's solid and substantial citizens. He is a member of the village council and gives faithful service to his fellow townsmen in that capacity.

It is not unlikely that his fellow citizens will show their appreciation of his efforts in their behalf by promoting him to a higher position when the opportunity presents itself.

BARODA MAKES CEMENT BLOCKS

One of the Leading Industries of the Village Conducted by Men Who Are Out for Baroda First, Last and All the Time

E. H. Swope is the owner and general manager of one of the best cement block establishments in the county and enjoys a large trade because of the superior quality of his product. This is made possible because of the fact that Mr. Swope has a gravel pit of his own a short distance from the village which furnishes him raw material for his purpose of the best possible quality. The quality of this deposit is so high that much of it is sold to the road commissioners for the county roads.

Mr. Swope started in business in 1910 in a small building with only 600 feet of floor space. He erected a modern and completely equipped plant as the business continued to grow and now has over 5000 feet of floor space besides yard capacity of four by eighteen rods.

The output of the factory comprises cement blocks, cement posts, brick, block silos, drain tile and the celebrated "Duntile," besides all kinds of ornamental work on special order. The output goes chiefly to various supply houses throughout the county, although special orders for individuals receive prompt and efficient attention.

Mr. Swope is a valued member of the village council and is glad to give his fellow citizens the benefit of his services in this regard without hope of reward. He is a Baroda booster and believes that a publication such as this one will go far toward giving Baroda that prominence and notoriety to which she is justly entitled.

Detroiter Plans Polar Flight

Detroit, Mich.—Edward S. Evans, financier, announced plans for a flight to the North pole to be made next spring with the object of finding uncharted lands and claiming them for the United States.

J. J. REICH

General Merchandise

PHONE, BARODA 63

BARODA, MICHIGAN

OUR STOCK IS ALWAYS NEW AND UP-TO-DATE AND COMPRISES

STAPLE AND FANCY GROCERIES, DRY GOODS, NOTIONS AND CHOICEST FRUITS IN SEASON

FLOUR, FEED AND SALT IN ANY QUANTITIES

"BOOST"

Baroda and South Berrien County

KRAUS' CASH STORE

Baroda, Mich.

The Store With a Million Dollar Smile!

The Home of the following most reliable well known merchandise:

STAR BRAND SHOES, MUNSING WEAR UNDERWEAR, ROLLINS HOSIERY, BALL BAND FOOTWEAR, MONARCH BRAND CANNED GOODS, H. D. LEE UNION ALLS AND OVERALLS, BLUE GRASS HARDWARE

and all the other goods carried in this store are equal in quality to those mentioned above at prices that are no sacrifice in quality but a concession in price. When you buy anything, no matter how small your purchase, you must be pleased or your money is returned to you. There is no compromise.

We operate the only general CASH store in Berrien county at the lowest overhead expense, quickest turnover, hence lowest cash prices, and are also the only store in Southern Michigan which, besides the favorable prices afore mentioned, passes on to its trade the discount earned by cash payments in giving S & H Green Trading Stamps.

SECURITY *SERVICE*

"THE BANK FOR EVERYBODY"

Baroda State Bank

Capital and Surplus $24,000.00

BARODA, MICH.

4 Per Cent Paid on Deposits



We solicit your business with the assurance that your account, large or small, will be given uniform attention.

OFFICERS AND DIRECTORS

C. J. TILL, President — CLEON MILLER, Vice President

FRANK BIHLMIRE, Vice President

RICHARD R. TOLLAS, Cashier

DIRECTORS:---C. J. Till, Cleon Miller, Frank Bilhmire, E. A. Boal, Albert Shafer, Fred Heyn, Richard R. Tollas.

SOUNDNESS *SATISFACTION*

SASH, DOORS, ETC. MADE IN BARODA

Well Equipped Woodworking Shop Manufactures These and Does All Sorts of Custom Work

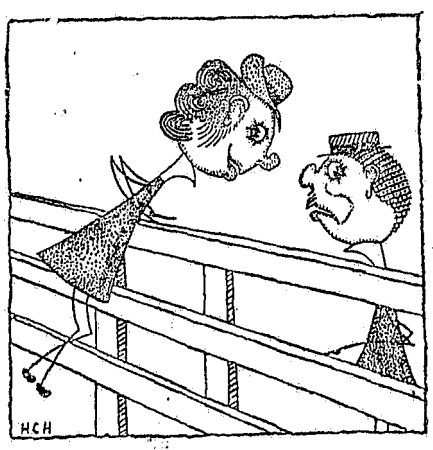
J. H. Mathieu is at the head of the wood-working shop in Baroda and is kept busy turning out sash, doors and blinds for the regular trade and executing special orders.

The Mathieu shop is equipped with every modern device for the expert handling of this class of work and the product turned out is eagerly sought by the dealers because of the fact that only the very best white pine is used in its manufacture. The sash are all glazed by experts before leaving the shop, the very best quality of glass being used for the purpose.

Recently a new improved sash and door sticker and a new tenenting machine have been installed so that the output of the factory has been increased over one hundred per cent.

Mr. Mathieu came to Baroda from Bridgman where he was formerly in business and is now out for Baroda to make it one of the best towns in the county.

THINGS LITERALLY



"Then, you haven't decided yet?"
"Don't you see where I am?"

BARODA COAL AND LUMBER COMPANY

Has Complete Line of Bulding Material, Builders' Hardware, Paints, Posts, Fencing, Fruit Packages

The Baroda Coal and Lumber Company has a well-stocked yard of all kinds of building materials, and carries in addition a full line of builders' hardware, the celebrated Devoe paints, glass etc.

In addition to the above the company also carries posts, fencing, fruit packages, etc., and manufactures a special line of knock-down berry crates for which there is always a good demand.

The business was established in 1914 by Fred Kull, W. H. Gast and Robert Lisky. They continued until 1917 when the interest of Kull was purchased by Emil F. Nitz and that of Lisky by Chas. H. Priebe. Mr. Gast retained his interest in the business. The active management of the business is in the hands of Messrs. Nitz and Priebe.

Like most business ventures which have been successful the business had a very modest beginning. A very small space was required to house it. Today, however, there is 231 feet of frontage on the main street and extending back a distance of 132 feet, pretty nearly every inch of which is covered with necessary and suitable buildings. Besides this the company owns three lots facing on the railroad so that it will always be assured of adequate shipping facilities.

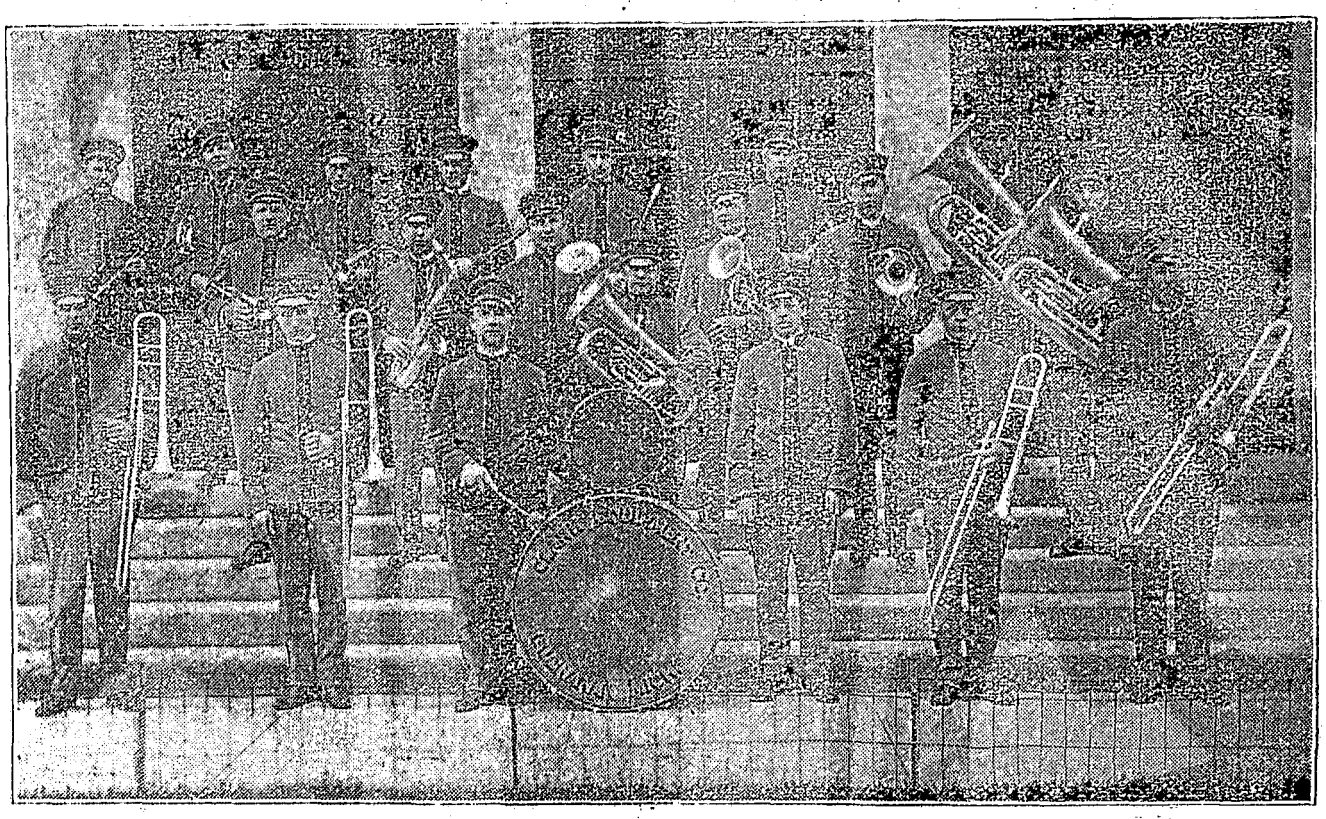
"All our materials are guaranteed and we are right here on the job at all times to rectify errors if any occur," said Mr. Nitz. "You bet your life I am willing to tell you what I think would be for the best interest of Baroda or any other place for that matter. It is this: Trade at home and help build up your own community."

Geometrics of Fashion

"The absence of corsets has changed the appearance of women."

"Yes," admitted Miss Cayenne. "We now represent a parallelogram instead of a pair of isosceles triangles."

THE CLARK BAND



A MUSICAL ORGANIZATION WHICH HAS CONTRIBUTED MUCH TOWARD BUCHANAN'S RECREATIONAL LIFE.

W. H. GAST — EMIL F. NITZ, Mgr. — CHAS. H. PRIEBE

BARODA COAL & LUMBER CO.

BUILDING MATERIAL

Posts - Fencing - Coal - Fruit Packages

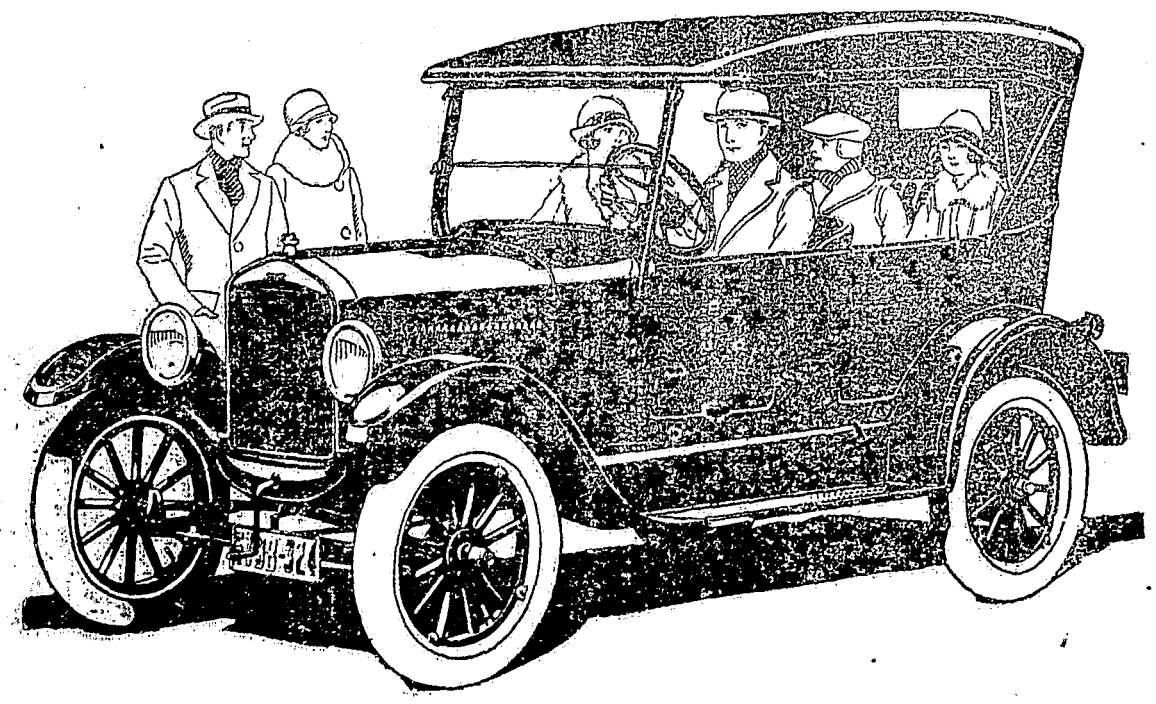
All our material guaranteed and we are here to rectify all errors. Trade at home and help build up your own community.

Phone Baroda 29-F3 — Baroda, Michigan

BROWN BROTHERS

Baroda, Mich.

DEALERS IN ALL FORD PRODUCTS



Best Equipped Repair Shop in the Territory.

Prompt Service and Satisfactory Results.

Night and Day Service Anywhere With Fully Equipped Wrecking Outfit.

LESTER D. BROWN, Pres.
CARL A. STAHELIN, Vice-Pres.

AUGUST F. SCHULTZ, Gen. Mgr.

EDGAR HOWARD, Sec'y.
FOREST E. BROWN, Treas.

St. Joe Valley Oil Co., Inc.

(Incorporated for $25,000)

DIXIE OIL AND GASOLINE

Independent Wholesale and Retail Distributers of
GASOLINE - KEROSENE - DISTILLATE - MOTOR OIL - FUEL OIL

DIXIE GREASE AND MOBILOIL

Storage capacity of 35,000 gallons. Modern unloading device on track.
St. Joe Valley for territory

We Are Boosters for Baroda and South Berrien County

DEALS IN BEST OF FARM IMPLEMENTS

J. M. Raas Has Been Engaged In The Business in Baroda For Many Years and Is Highly Respected

Farmers of Baroda are to be congratulated that they have an institution so well equipped to attend to their needs as the Raas establishment is.

The line carried comprises wagons and tractors, sprayers, pumps, oils and twine, Rudy furnaces, DeLaval separators, Stoughton trucks; in fact, all kinds of farm implements. In addition a full line of the Sherwin-Williams paints is carried and Mr. Raas, who is known as the Peppermint King, also buys peppermint oil in any quantity at all times. This year he has purchased over $75,000 worth and is ready to take all that may be offered.

Mr. Raas was bred and born in the Baroda neighborhood, his father having been one of the very earliest settlers, coming here from Germany in 1865. He established his business in 1900 and has given to the Baroda people twenty-five years of faithful and efficient service. In 1910 fire swept out his business causing him to lose $30,000. Nothing daunted, he soon reestablished himself and has had the satisfaction of recouping his losses and of seeing his business placed upon a solid basis with promise that it will continue to grow and prosper.

As might be expected Mr. Raas is one of Baroda's most enthusiastic boosters and proposes to do everything in his power to help her achieve her manifest destiny.

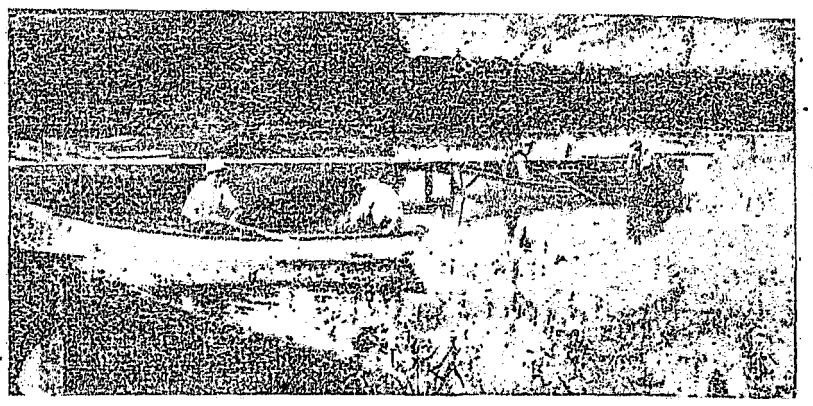
POPULAR MEAT MAN OF BARODA

The Greiffendorf Market Carries a Full Line of Choice Meats At All Times

A. H. Greiffendorf is the purveyor of meats to the Baroda people who insist upon having the very best there is to be had in this particular line and Greiffendorf always has it for them.

The Sanitary market—that's its cognomen—was established in 1923 and when that happened Stevensville lost a mighty good butcher. It was sorry to see him go, but glad to realize that one of its native sons was about to embark in business for himself in what it believed was a good location. So it proved to be and right from the beginning Greiffendorf made good.

Mr. Greiffendorf is an enthusiastic member of the Baroda Exchange Club which hopes some day to be as energetic and useful as is the Booster Club at Bridgman. Just at present the Exchange Club is in process of reorganization and it is hoped to bring into its fold not only every business man in Baroda but every farmer also for miles around. With such an organization it is planned to put Baroda on the map.



FISHING IS GOOD AT CLEAR LAKE

E. A. Tollas H. Tollas

FAIR PRICES AND PROMPT SERVICE

TOLLAS BROTHERS

General Merchandise

BARODA, MICHIGAN

People of the Baroda territory can rely upon us at all times to carry the very best merchandise at the most reasonable prices. Our stock comprises

GROCERIES, — HARDWARE,

SHOES, NOTIONS, ETC

Count On Us Always To

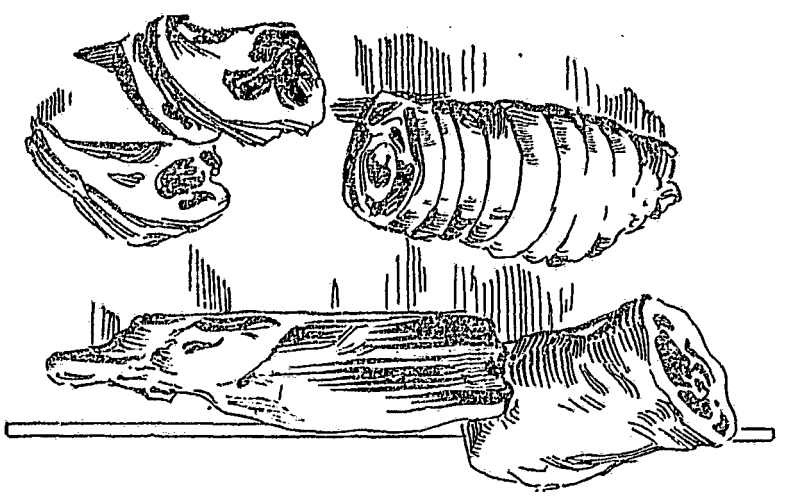
BOOST

SOUTH BERRIEN COUNTY

GREIFFENDORF'S

SANITARY MARKET

Quality Meats



Get the Best Here Without Paying Most

YOU DON'T HAVE TO PAY EXORBITANT PRICES TO GET QUALITY MEATS, NOT IF YOU TRADE AT GREIFFENDOR'S. DELICIOUS CUTS OF THE FINEST MEATS AT PRICES THAT ALLOW YOU TO EAT AS MUCH AS YOU DESIRE.

Greiffendorf's Meat Market

Baroda

BARODA

Woodworking Shop

JOHN H. MATHIEU, Prop.

Sash
Doors
Blinds
Screens
Etc.

On contract and Special Orders

—BEST GLASS, HIGHEST CLASS WHITE PINE—

Telephone 56 Baroda, Mich.

Sec. Al Charles of Buchanan Chamber of Com.

This is a story of Al Charles, the painstaking and efficient secretary of the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce, printed because the story of Buchanan would not be complete without reference to the man who has done so much to keep Buchanan on the map and is willing to do much more to help it to advance to the high position he thinks it ought to occupy.

Mr. Charles is an arduous student of things pertaining to city government and the industrial development. He makes it a point to keep in close contact with those elements which have been demonstrated to be the most effective for this purpose and many of the things which Buchanan now enjoys have been due almost entirely to his tireless efforts.

At the present Mr. Charles is concerned about the housing situation in Buchanan and feels that it is a subject which should interest every citizen who wishes to see Buchanan continue to grow and prosper.

"If we had more houses," says Mr. Charles, "we could have more factories. There can be no further industrial expansion until the house shortage is taken care of. The manufacturers who are already here find it difficult to keep their help under the present conditions and, certainly none of them feel like taking further chances in this direction.

"They have built houses for their help to some extent but this is not their business and they feel, and rightfully, too, that they should not be called upon for further exploitation of this kind. They think it is up to the people of Buchanan themselves to supply this need and it is plain that something must be done. The Chamber of Commerce is going to make the housing question one of the important phases of its activity for the coming year and hopes to evolve a plan which will meet with the approval of the citizens in general."

Mr. Charles has had a wide experience, having been engaged for some 15 years in the fruit growing industry in Berrien County. Before that time he was also engaged in fruit growing in Oceana County. He is a graduate of the University of Minnesota, having been born in the city of Minneapolis, in which place he spent his young manhood. Mr. Charles was one of the organizers of the Kiwanis Club and served as its secretary for two years. He is now the senior justice of the peace, all of the more important cases being brought before him for trial. He is for law and order, yet tempers mercy with justice and never fails to temper the wind to the shorn lamb whenever it becomes apparent that reformation may be possible. In that event the unfortunate one gets his chance but woe betide him if he continues to walk in the broader path. His next appearance before the justice is sure to be followed by condign punishment. This attitude on the part of Judge Charles is well known to offenders and they make it a point to steer clear of Buchanan.

Judge Charles has an interesting family of a wife and two daughters. One of the daughters, Miss Alice, is a student at the Michigan State College, having an ambition to become a journalist, for which she has undoubted aptitude. The other daughter, Miss Dorothy, is a sophomore in the Buchanan High School.

Mr. and Mrs. Charles have many friends in Buchanan, their home being the mecca for those who are interested in music and literature and who love to discuss the more serious problems of life. Mrs. Charles has had a wide training in life's philosophies, her father having been a minister for many years who took exceptional interest in the education and broader development of his children.

Much of the work upon this edition has been made possible through the kindly assistance of Mr. Charles, who has done everything in his power to make it a success. Needless to say, he has earned the undying gratitude of the publishers and the men of the Municipal Publicity Service who were charged with the duty of getting it out.

Many of the friends of Mr. Charles hope to see him some day postmaster of Buchanan, a position which he is eminently qualified to fill and which would be in some small way a reward for the faithful service he has given to the village.

ALL ABOARD! LET'S GO!

There is every indication at the present time Buchanan is bound for a tremendous boom —that there is more than a possibility the population is going to jump by leaps and bounds until within two years we have increased it to ten thousand!

Within the past few weeks things have happened in Buchanan which warrants this assertion and the steps in the direction of a bigger and better Buchanan have been so carefully taken, there is scarcely a chance for the calculations to go astray. At the stockholders meeting of the Campbell Transmission Company it was voted to increase the capital stock of the company to one million dollars and it was decided by the board of directors as soon as their plans had been endorsed, to take steps to go into production right here in Buchanan. That means the erection of more factory buildings and the employment of from five hundred to one thousand more men. The only thing which stands in the way is the scarcity of

(Continued on next page.)

Childs' Funeral Home
Buchanan, Michigan

A Modern Mortuary

Fully Prepared and Completely
Equipped for all Calls.

Phone 323 Ambulance Service

Home Sweet Home!

THERE'S NO PLACE LIKE HOME. That's what you would surely think if you were fortunate enough to inhabit one of the charming residences with which Buchanan abounds. Look where you will within the confines of the city, and you will surely be impressed by the spacious and beautiful residences which confront you on every hand. Some of these are stately mansions of a day long since gone—antiques of ever-increasing value standing out proudly and unashamed in a companionship of severest modernity. Fortunately for these beautiful old homes, there is no immediate danger of the commercial encroachment, and long after such homes have disappeared in the larger cities, these will remain to remind us of the days before the war and of days even farther back than that—of the days before Michigan became a state. Thanks to the photographer's art we are able to reproduce a few of these. What would you think of calling at one of these places upon New Year's Day, let us say? You heard something tinkle, did you say? Your hearing is good, my friend. You are barking back to a day long before it was found necessary to regulate men's habits by law. And there were giants in those days in spite of it—intellectual giants, and for statesmen and warriors, the world has never seen the like. They lived in these stately homes—they built them; they partook of their stately grandeur; they gave to us the warp and the woof out of which we have built a nation—the noblest, grandest, proudest nation in all the universe.

DICK REVERED EARLY PIONEER

Prominent Insurance Man and Leading Democrat—Postmaster Under Cleveland.

Of the earlier pioneers of Buchanan none are more noted than John C. Dick from the fact that he was one of the foremost men taking a prominent part in the earlier development of the village.

Mr. Dick was a justice of the peace for many years. He has also been a leading insurance underwriter for many years and has had numbers of Buchanan estates to administer, to the great advantage of all those interested.

In the earlier days Mr. Dick was one of the most forceful Democrats in this vicinity and as a reward for his interest and hard work for the democracy was given the appointment as postmaster during the Cleveland second administration, retiring from the office at the advent of the McKinley administration with a splendid record for efficiency.

Since that time he has confined his attention exclusively to his insurance and other office duties, but can be relied upon in spite of that fact to take an active part in every movement for the betterment of Buchanan. For a number of years Mr. Dick served as secretary of a building and loan association which was organized for a certain period and then closed up its affairs. The present splendid organization owes its success largely to the constructive work he performed in the earlier effort. He feels now, however, that times have changed materially and it is now necessary to adopt different measures in order to make the organization of continuing value to the citizens of Buchanan. He deplores the fact that many of Buchanan's people have been induced to invest their money in outside building and loan associations instead of putting that money to work for Buchanan through their own building and loan association, and thinks that Buchanan will continue to suffer as long as that practice is continued.

He believes it would be wise for the Chamber of Commerce and the dinner clubs to take up this matter with a view to arriving at some sort of a solution of the problem—agreeing upon a policy and everybody pledging themselves to adhere to it, all with a view to accomplishing for Buchanan the fullest measure of exploitation along safe and not too conservative lines.

A veteran of the Civil War, Mr. Dick enjoys a wide acquaintance throughout the county, having been a member of the G. A. R. for many years. He has occupied practically every office in that organization, in all of which he earned the gratitude and esteem of his comrades. Mr. Dick is the only surviving charter member of the G. A. R. post in Buchanan.

All Aboard! Let's Go!

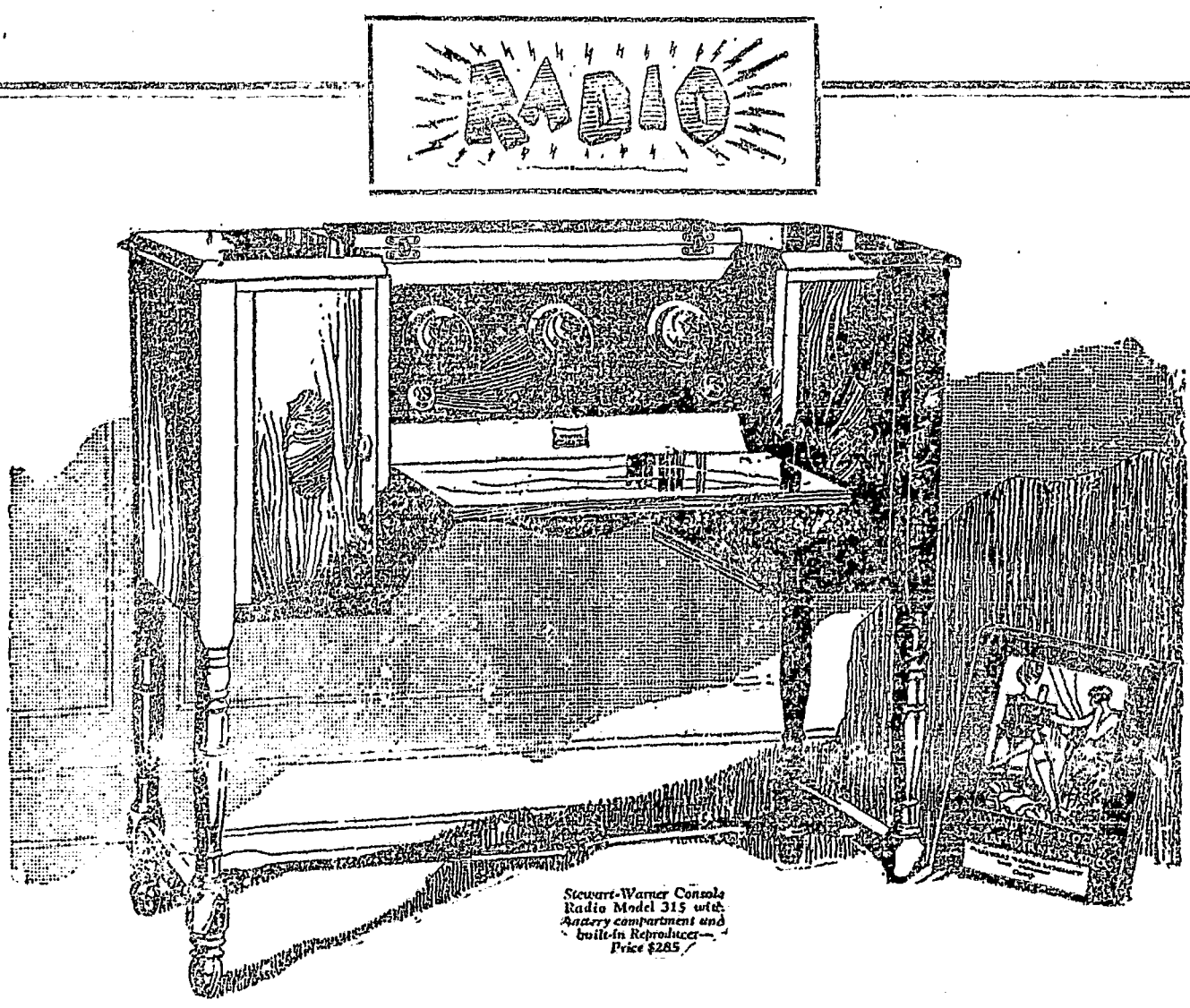
(Conclusion.)

houses, but now that people are assured they will be able to sell or rent homes as fast as they are constructed, there is no doubt they will be built. There is plenty of money in Buchanan. Most of it, however, has been going outside for investment and Buchanan has suffered in consequence. One concern alone outside of Buchanan has taken over a quarter of a million dollars out of this town, and one building and loan concern in South Bend takes hundreds of thousands of dollars out of Buchanan right along. This money is employed in building up South Bend when it should, by right, be employed in building up Buchanan.

It is plainly apparent that we must be willing to forsake our old ways if we expect to get anywhere. And now is the time to begin. It may go hard with some of us to adjust ourselves to the new-fangled ideas, but they are inevitable. They will come sure as shooting after we have gone. Why obstruct them now? Why not, rather, have them come while we are still alive and have a chance to enjoy them? Whether we are willing or not this is the age of the served. If we object too strenuously they will run their car of progress over us and when that happens we shall find ourselves effectually squelched.

Come on now; snap out of it. The Buchanan special is on its way. You still have a chance to get aboard. Climb on; there is always something you can do to help.

Good printing at The Record.



Stewart-Warner Console Radio Model 315 with Auxiliary compartment and built-in Reproducer—Price $285

STEWART WARNER
Sales

RADIOLA
Service

Most Complete Line of Radios and Accessories in Buchanan

The RADIO MART

Buchanan At MOYER'S MUSIC STORE *Michigan*

Michigan a Veritable Paradise In Good, Old Summer Time.

Hitherto Berrien county has done little to attract the summer visitor. It has been content to be known and recognized as one of the banner fruit counties of Michigan and has given little thought to the fact that within her borders lay the potentialities of the popular resort region.

Michigan Has Awakened

But Michigan has awakened from her lethargy and Berrien county has now developed the impulse to get into the running. This year Michigan spent hundreds of thousands of dollars to attract the summer tourist. She is detailing at length stories of her advantages, and the best of it is that Michigan has them to detail. No other state in the union, in fact, can compare with Michigan as a summerland. Here there are always cool breezes wafted in from the inland seas which surround us. Here will be found bodies of water which are perfect mirrors of happiness, majestic rivers whose shores are lined with the sturdy oaks and elms Dame Nature gave to us so abundantly. Here are the never-ending rows of fruit trees laden with the "Fruit with Flavor." Here is the home of the luscious peach which is again coming into its own. And with all these things Berrien county is singularly blessed.

Charming Vistas Delight the Eye

Some of the most charming vistas in the world will be found throughout St. Joe River Valley and up and down the shores of the St. Joseph river. Likewise there are bits of landscape to charm the eye amid the hills which surround her towns and villages in any direction one desires to turn. And best of all, the lakes and rivers teem with gamey fish awaiting the skill of the angler to entice them from their natural habitat. And in the woods will be found all kinds of game birds, so that in very truth this can be dubbed the sportsman's paradise.

Within the past year the attention of many people to the south of us have been focused on Michigan and particularly upon this section of it. Good roads lead to all the beauty spots of Berrien county, the people of the county having early learned the lesson that transportation means everything in the development of a country and that with easy access to these choice summer vacation spots, sooner or later the summer visitor would find them out. But they have not relied on this alone. In various ways they have invested in publicity, having learned also the lesson of tooting their own horn.

Reach People Who Have Never Heard of Berrien County

Such lessons as this one, which is being given by the Buchanan Chamber of Commerce, will go a long way toward achieving for Berrien county the desired results. This paper will go into the hands of people who never before heard of Berrien county and they will become interested, many of them to the extent that they will jump into the car and head for the summerland so charmingly described. Berrien county has nothing to fear from such an investigation. She has everything which we have said she has and much more. Indeed, it is beyond the power of words to describe her beauties. We may tell of her advantages but to picture her beauties would tax the skill of a Michael Angelo.

We do not have at hand the exact figures as to the number of cottagers who are already taking advantage of our summer attractions. We do know, however, that no one has ever come here who was not entirely satisfied and came again. Some have come several years in succession rather hoping to find a reason why they should go elsewhere another year. Some have even gone elsewhere for a brief trial. But almost invariably they come back and now many are buying lots along the lakes and rivers and are building upon them pretty homes, evidence that they are satisfied and will be with us permanently in the future. Thousands more will be attracted and induced to do likewise.

Vast Amount of Money Headed This Way

The amount of money brought into the state every year by summer visitors is reckoned in the millions and the amount whatever it may be, is constantly increasing. This is added wealth which the state would never see otherwise. Such wealth is the chief income in Florida and California. These states are being built up on the money derived from their winter resorts and being built up in such a substantial and artistic manner as to challenge the admiration of the northern visitor who contributes so liberally to the program.

What is true of these states may also be true of Michigan and it behooves Berrien county—the prettiest part of it all—to bestir itself and get its share of this unearned increment. To do this is one of the missions of this Chamber of Commerce Special. This is one of the objects of this publication. And so we say to the stranger knocking at the gate: "Come in; you will find it just as we have told you—the most delightful spot of all God's footstool.

Will Some Enterprising Firm Find a Bonanza?

The bonanza is here to be found. That's a cinch. Buchanan needs more houses. Everybody says so and all the evidence obtainable seems to warrant the assertion.

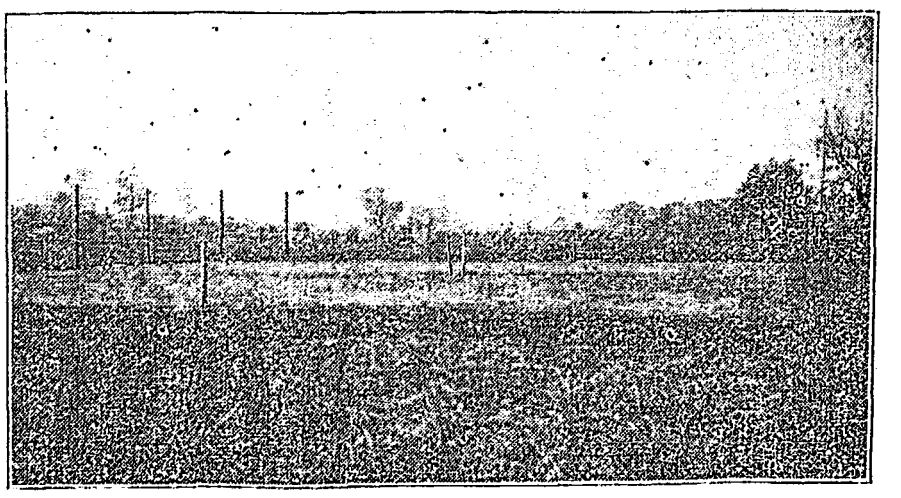
One of the factories in Buchanan is obliged to provide transportation for many of its men who dwell in outside towns and villages because they cannot find homes in Buchanan. This particular institution attempted to relieve the shortage by building a number of houses on what is known as Liberty Heights, an eminence on the east side. They were classy homes too—constructed on pleasing lines and equipped with every modern convenience. Of course they were all filled up instantly and have remained so ever since. But building houses is not this company's business and it feels—quite reasonably, too—that it has done its share in that direction.

This plea, therefore, is directed more particularly to men who are engaged in the business of building houses for rent or sale, with the assurance that they can travel far and fare worse than they would right here in Buchanan. The houses wanted mostly are from four to six room houses, some of which should be fully equipped with furnace, bath, sewer and gas connections and electric lights. Others may be just the bare houses, giving the purchasers thereof the opportunity to install these things as they feel they can afford to.

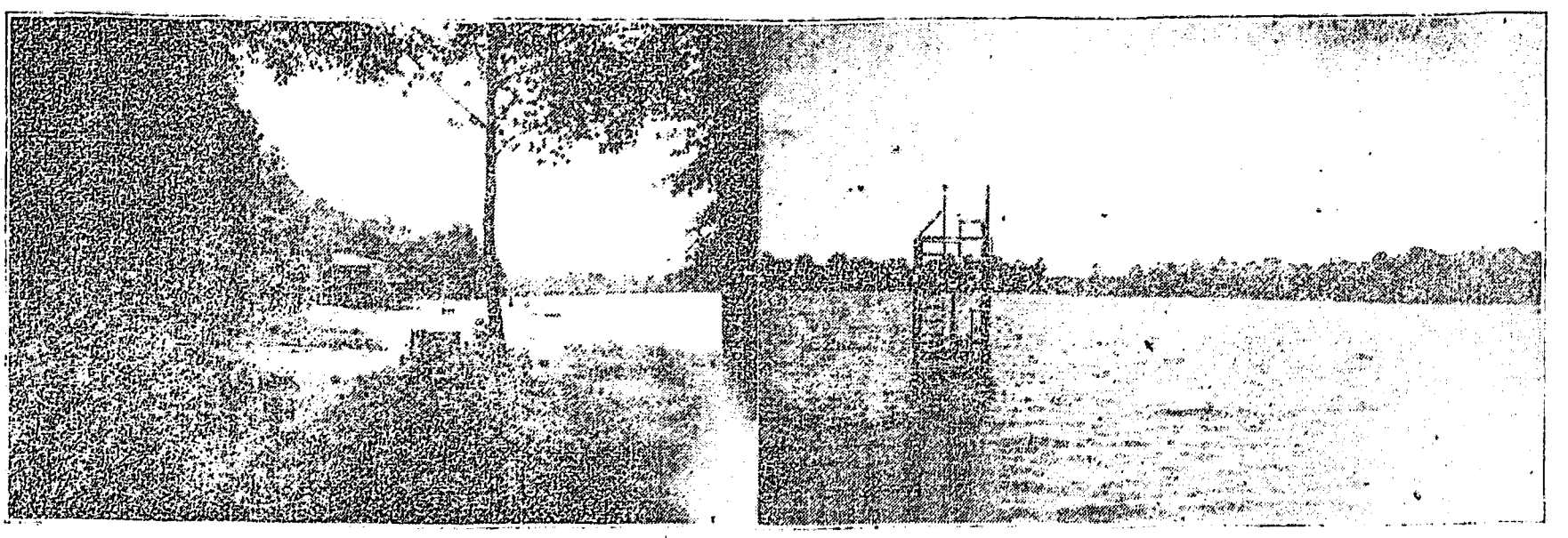
Such houses would sell for from $2,500 to $3,500 each, we are credibly informed, on the small payment down plan, with monthly installments including principal and interest, until paid out. Arrangements could be made for placing first mortgages when fifty per cent of the value has been paid in. There is room in Buchanan for from one hundred to three hundred of such houses, so that it would make a nice job for somebody.

In this connection it must be remembered that South Bend, which is only fourteen miles away, and Niles only five miles off, are both suffering in the same way. Hundreds of men working in the factories in those towns would be glad to live in Buchanan and drive back and forth in their flivvers every day. There are many reasons why they should. The drive back and forth is good for their health. The home folks will live better, have purer air and more congenial surroundings than they would in the larger places. It is believed they can live cheaper, and yet they can have all the educational and recreational facilities they could have in the larger cities, for Buchanan is no Sleepy Hollow by any means. Under these considerations three hundred new houses for Buchanan is not too much to ask for. It is believed they would be snapped up as quickly as they were finished.

Now, who is going to be the lucky man or firm to snap off this juicy melon?



BUCHANAN'S ATHLETIC FIELD



CLEAR LAKE—BUCHANAN