ATTERTISING RATES MADE KNOWN ON APPLICATION радаруунда байдан түргүндө байда Байдаруу мере и түүнүн түч күнүн тайда байда байда байда байда байда байда байда байда тереринин байда байда б

### OFFICE-In Record Building, Oak Street Business Directory.

SABBATH SERVICES. ERVICES are held every Sabbath at 10:30 o'clock A. m., at the Church of the "Larger Lope;" also, Sabbath School services immediately after the morning meeting. Prayer and conferdate meeting overy Thursday evening. A cordial witation is extended to all.

O.O.F.—Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds its regular meeting, at Odd Fellows Hall, on ach Tuesday evening.

M & A. M.—Buchanan Lodge No. 68 holds a l'oregular meeting Monday evening on or before he full moon in each month. OF H.—Buchanan Grange No 40 meets on the second and fourth Saturday of each nonth, at 2 o'clock P. M.

A. O.F. W -Buchanan Lodge No. 48 holds its reular meeting the 1st and 3d Friery evening of ach month.

A. R.-Wm. Perrott Post No.22. Regular T. meeting on the first and third Saturday wening of each month. Visiting comrades al-WOMAN'S RELIEF CORPS, Wm. Perrott Post No. 81. Meetings held regularly, in Grange Hall, first and third Saturday of each month.

1) geon. Night calls promptly attended to. office in Kinyon's block. DRS. HENDERSON & BRADLEY, Physicians and Surgeons. Office in Charge Hanne 19 I and Surgeons. Office in Opera House Block. Residence No 10 Front St., one-door West of Perry Fox's. Calls answered all hours of day or night. One always in the office. R. Henderson and W. J.

J. F. BOWERS, M. D. Hysician and Surgeon's Galien, Michigan. ALETAPHYSICAL on MIND CURE RETREAT II Home and Cure for the Sick. Mrs. S. H FAYLOR, Proprietor and Healer. Buchanan, Mich T. M. WILSON, Dentist. Office, first door north of the Bank. Charges reasonable and satisaction guaranteed.

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THE REST Having recently erected an Improved Brick and Tiling Kiln

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Best Breich the market affords. Als

FIRST-CLASS TILLIG ranging in size from two to eightinches. Calland see my brick and get prices

HENRY ELCEGITT.

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COUNTY OFFICE BUILDING Mso. County Agents for REMINGTON TYPE WRITER BERRIEN SPRINCS MIH

### Summer School ---OF THE--Normal & Collegiate INSTITUTE,

Benton Harbor, Mich. Will open on Monday, July 8, 1889, and Continue Six Weeks. Consecs of instruction will include all the sub-jects required for Teachers' Certificates, all grades, with review classes in Physics, Chemistry, Ithetor-ic, Geometry, Languages, etc. ic, Geometry, Languages, etc.

KINDERGARTENING will be taugut practically by an experienced Kindergartener.

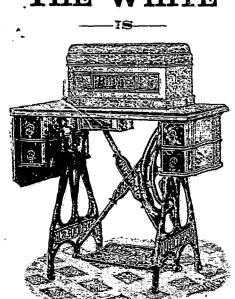
Daily comprehensive lectures in Chemistry, Physics, Astronomy, etc., with simple apparatus adapted for public school work.

Daily Program. 7:00 to 9:30 A. M., recitations. 9:30 to 10:15 A. M., lectures. 10:15 to 12:00 A. M., recitations. 12:00 to 1:00 P. M., recess. 1:00 to 2:30 P. M., recitation and lecture. 2:30 to 6:00 P. M., recreation, scientific excursions, photography, etc.

raphy, etc.
Students attending this school will enjoy every advantage for study, exercise, and recreation and at much less expense than at other lakeside Sum-Thition for the term, in advance, \$5.40. Board and lodging, in cottages, per week, \$25.0. Total expense for the term need not exceed \$20.00. G. J. EDGCUMBE, A. M., Ph. D. Principal.



THE WHITE



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## SEVING MACHINE ON THE MARKET.

Its Range of Work is Unequalled. It Sells on its Merits. Its Workmanship is Unsurpassed, No Cog Gearing.

Do not uy Any Other efore Trying TE W ITE.

Prices and Terms Made Satisfactory. J. W. BEISTLE, Agent, Buchanan.

# BUCHANAN RECORD.

river on a homeward journey. His body was never recovered. Among

his effects was found a sealed letter

which was to be delivered to me (I was

then two months old) when I should

attain my majority. My mother care-

fully preserved that letter, and on my

twenty-first birthday delivered it to

me. It contained a sketch of what I

have told you, and concluded with an

injunction never to marry, as the con-

sequence must be unhappiness That

injunction I look upon as a message

from the dead, and one that I must

hold sacred. Now you know why I

So deeply interested in his friend's

settles back in his chair exclaiming:

"Well, well! Who would have

thought such a romance mingled with

Two months later saw Hal and

Che ter on their way to the north of

Scotland, where they had been sent to

sketch a picturesque series of rains.

invited them to make his dwelling

gentleman of leisure, living in quiet,

offering them every attention, even

accompanying them on their sketching

They had been there about a month

when one morning Mr. MacLeod pro-

posed a little excursion to some old

ruins that would make capital sub-

jects for their pencils. The friends acquiesced, and Laura was forthwith

instructed to order lucheon. They arrived at their destiration, and Hal and

Chester were soon busy transferring

several picturesque views to their

sketch books, while the old gentleman

stood by chattering. Laura in the

meantime had wandered off through

"Now, boys," said MacLeod, pleas-

antly, "when ye've sketched your fill

here, I'll take you to Vulture's Nest

for a fine landscape view."
"Vulture's Nest! What an ominous

"Yes, its had an ominous history, too.

It deserves its name from the number

of vultures that used to flock there.

Many is the terrible experience the

people hereabouts have bad with the

creatures. Why, it was only two years

ago that Donald Stuart's daughter was

about the face as to be disfigured for

A piercing shriek, followed by another

their feet. Once more that terrible cry

"My God!" shouted MacLeod. "Laura's

seemed to come. Suddenly, as they issu-

sight burst upon them. Far above, on

voice! The Vulture's Nest."

name!" ejaculate Hal.

for help rang out.

pectation.

the woods in search of wild flowers.

matter of fact Old Hal's life?"

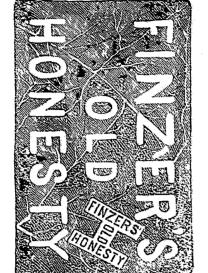
Thorndale.'

as we shall see.

tours.

BUCHANAN, BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1889. VOLUME XXIII.

NUMBER 11



## HE HEWERS OF OLD HONESTY

WILL SOON FIND THAT IT LASTS LONGER, TASTES SWEETER THAN OTHER TC-BACCOS, AND WILL PLEASE YOU. ASK YOUR DEALER FOR IT. AND INSIST ON GETTING IT. EVERY PLUG STAMPED LIKE

ABOVE CUT.

JNO. FINZER & BROS., Louisville, Ey. MORTGAGE SALE.

MORTGAGE SALE.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN that default hath been made in the payment and conditions of a certain mortgage, bearing date the 17th day of November, A. D. 1885, executed by Andrew J. Glover, Senior, Sarah A. Glover, his wife, Andrew J. Glover, Junior, and Dora E. Glover, Ins wife, as mortgagors, to Harriet Tousley as mortgages, said mortgage being recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds for the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, at thirty (30) minutes after eight o'clock in the foremoon of the 18th day of November, A. D. 1885, at page 183 of Liber 36 of mortgages. Further that the amount claimed to be due at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the note thereby that the amount claimed to be the at the date of this notice on said mortgage and the note thereby secured, is the sum of one hundred and ninery dollars. And further that no sult or proceedings at law or in equity has been instituted to recover said amount so due or any part thereof. Notice is hereby further given that by virtue of the power of claims. nerely further given that by virtue of the power of sale contained in said mortgage and by virtue of the statute in such case made and provided the real estate mortgaged by said mortgage will be sold at public anction by the Sheriff of said county to the highest bidder, at the front door of the court house, in the village of Berrien Springs, in said county at moon on

also to be sold as aforesaid all the right, title and interest of said mortgagors ol, in and to the following described piece or parcel of land, to-wit: Beginning at the center of the creek on the section line running north and south between sections two and three, in township eight south, of range nineteen west, thence following said section line north sixteen rods, thence west to the middle of said creek, thence following the center of said creek, up stream to the place of beginning, containing about one acre of isund more or less, and being in the northeast quarter of the northeast quarter of section three, in township eight south, of range nineteen west, together with the grist mill creeted on said last above elescribed tract of land and all the machinery and appurtenances thereinto belonging, and all of the interests herein advertised to be sold belong together and will be sold together.

Dated April 3, A. D. 1889.

HARRIET TOUSLEY, Mortgagee.

Edward Bacon, Attorney for Mortgagee.

THE LADIES' FAVORITE:

NEVER OUT OF ORDER.

If you desire to purchase a sewing machine ask our agent at your place for terms and prices. If you cannot find our agent, write direct to rearest address to you below named

NEW PLET SEWING MACHINE G.ORANGE.MAS

WALLACE RILEY, AGENT.

TRADE MARK

Notice to the Ladies!

Dr. E. S. Dodd & Son,

Druggists and Booksellers, have the agency for the sale of the famous specific, "Orange Blossom," a positive cure for all Female diseases. Every lady can treat herself. Call for "A Plain Talk to Ladies." Trial box free.

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to develop an entirely new and court nouse, in the village of Berrien Springs, in said country at moon on Tuesday, the 2d day of July, 1889, to recover the amount so due as aforesaid, together with the legal costs and expenses, and that said mortgage will so be foreclosed. A description of the mortgaged premises so to be sold, conforming substantially with that contained in said mortgage is as follows: All that real estate situate and being in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, described as follows, to-wit: The equat multivided one-hall part of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of the northwest quarter of section two (2), township eight south, of range nineteen west, including the dwelling house and other buildings thereon, excepting and reserving therefrom, a small piece of said tract of land, lying south of the mill pond, the same being hard dry timber hand and at the date of said mortgage owned by Charles H. Fox, and bounded on the north by the mill pond at high water mark, when the pond is full and the forebay has eight feet in depth of water in it at the mill built by Tousley and said Gloyers, and bounded on the south by the south half of said quarter section, and on the cest by the low flat bottom land; and also excepting and reserving therefrom a small piece or parc 1 of said land containing about seven acres of land, situate in the northeast corner of said forty acres above described and at said date of said mortgage owned by William Goodrich. Also to be sold as aforesaid the equal undivided one-halt part of all that piece or parcel of land situate in the northeast quarter of the northwest quarter of said section two, which is covered by water by the mill pond when the water is eight feet deep in the forebay at the mill built by Tousley and said Glovers; also to be sold as aforesaid the equal undivided one-halt part of the southwest quarter of section therefore the northwest quarter of said section the forebay at the mill built by Tousley and said Glovers; also to be sold as aforesaid aif the right, title and i novel style of Grain Thresher and Tuesday, the 2d day of July, 1889, Separator, which they very appropriately named the "Vibrator." It was a revolution in Threshing Machines, and from a small beginning of five machines in 1858 they soon reached a product of 1,000 yearly.

Their Vibrator drove the "Endless Apron" machine out of market, and all other makers copied it as closely as they dared. To-day all Threshing Machines of any reputation or merit use the principles of the old Vibrator. Nichols & Shepard have continued in the business without change of name, location, or management; and during the past three years have brought out and developed another new Threshing Machine for grain and seeds, as superior to all existing machines as their former was to the 'Endless Apron.' They name this new and improved Thresher

Absolutely Pure.

Thispowder never varies. A marvel of purity, strength and wholesomeness. More economical than the ordinary kinds, and cannot be sold in competition with the multitude of low test, short weight alum or phosphate powders. Sold only in cars. Royal Bakira Powder Co., 106 Wall St., N.Y. 19-16

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TRAINS WEST.

LEAVE BUCHANAN.

 Kalamazoo Accommodation, No. 13.
 6:53 A. M.

 Mail, No. 11.
 2:40 P. M.

 Day Express, No. 3.
 3:32 P. M.

 Evening Express, No. 7.
 3:20 A. M.

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the Threshing Machines then

in use were almost wholly of

the class known as the "Endless

Apron" style. Then it was that

Nichols & Shepard, of Battle

Creek, Mich., invented and began



and predict as great a revolution in the trade, and as complete success over all rivals as they had thirty-one years ago.

If you are interested as a Farmer or Thresherman, write for particulars, which they send free. Address

NICHOLS & SHEPARD. BATTLE CREEK, MICH.

WHEREAS, Christian I. Reiner and Catharine Reiner, his wife, made and executed a certain mortgage on the 11th day of February, A. D. 1888, to George H. Trenaman, which said mortgage was recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Berrien County, Michigan, in Liber 42 of Mortgages, on page 95, on the 5th day of March, A. D. 1888, which mortgage was, on the 6th day of December, A. D. 1888, duly assigned by said Trenaman to Charles Beckman, which assignment was duly recorded in the office of the Register of Deeds of Berrien County, Michigan, in Liber 44 of Mortgages, on page 201, on the 10th day of December, A. D. 1888. Said mortgage was given to sectife the payment of two hundred dollars, evidenced by two promisory notes of one hundred dollars, each, bearing even date with said mortgage, with interest at the rate of seven per cent payable and mully; one note due on or before the first day of August, A. D. 1883, and by the terms and conditions of said mortgage and notes the said sam of two hundred dollars and interest had become due and payable; and whereas, default having been made in the payment thereof, there is clalmed to be due on said mortgage at the date of this notice the sum of two hundred dollars (\$200) and no proceedings at law or in equity have been instituted to recover said amount or any part thereof. Therefore, pursuant to the power of sale in said mortgage and of the statute in such case made and provided, notice is herebygiven, that said mortgage will be foreclosed and the premises described therein sold at the front door of the Court Honse, in the village of Berrien. Springs, Berrien County, Michigan, on MORTGAGE SALE. Saturday, the 27th Day of April,

Saturday, the 27th Day of April,
A.D. 1889, at 11 o'clock in the forencon of said day, to satisfy amount which will then be due on, said mortgage, costs and expenses, and fifteen; dollars attorney fee allowed by law. The premises described in said mortgage and are to be sold ou this foreclosure are situated in the village of New Buffalo, in the County of Berrien and State of Michigan, and described as follows, to wit: The north half (n ½) of block three hundred and seventy-six (376) and the north half (n ½) of block three hundred and seventy-five (375).

Dated January 25, 1889.

CHARLES BECKMAN,
Assignee of Mortgage,

DAVID E. HINMAN and W. H. BREECE,

### FARMERS INSURE YOUR PROPERTY IN THE FARMERS' MUTUAL INSURANCE CO.

---WITH---Wm. BURRUS, Director.

JOD Printing Ofeverydescription, attl. RECORD STEAM PRINTING HOUSE. Warranted to give attisfaction

A MODERM ROMANCE.

She had studied all of the "closies." Knew all about Latin and Greek, Italian and Spanish could read and write And French and German speak.

Could sing like a scraph or nightingale, Was pretty well up in the art; She graduated from the Harvard Annex,

And then-she lost her heart. There were moonlight walks, a sail or two, A drive when the day was done: Ribbons, laces, a wedding march.

Receptions and balls a score; Then they settled down to life's routine, And the honeymoon was o'er. Alas! for their life's ship tossing now

And then-they twain were one.

A run to Europe, then home again,

'Mong the breakers "Something to Eat;" Alast that the love of a man should depend On a bit of bread and meat. But a dinner of herbs, yet, seasoned with love

On the palate at last will pall, And he longed for the flesh-pots of Egypt, And the satted ox in the stall. The cook grew "uppish" and "put on airs," When she didn't know salmon from cod;

And found too late she had married a man Instead of a demigod. Romance and poetry slipped away, And Love-the gay little sinner-

Pouted, then out of the window flew, When she couldn't cook the dinner. What did she do? Had she been a man, I presume she'd have "taken to drink;"

On the state of affairs to think. The thing was done; it was no use now To say she had been a "fool;" So she quietly donned her wraps and went

But, being a woman, she just sat down

At once to a cooking school. Poetry never came back again, And romance was lost or dead; But love came slowly flitting back

As soon as she learned to make bread The moral of this is so plain, I'm sure You may read if you will but look: Study as much as you please, but be sure If you marry, you know how to cook.

### HAL'S ROMANCE.

The ball was over. Carriage after carriage rolled up to the magnificent portal, and each in its turn rattled off amid the clatter and laughter of its occupants.

Leaning on the arm of an elderly gentleman stood a beautiful girl, hooded and cloaked. The two were evidently awaiting their carriage, for the old gentleman muttered irritably: "Well, well! will our turn ever come? told Joseph particularly to be here on time." The girl paid little or no attention

to her companion. Her eyes were di- attacked on Vulture's Nest by two of rected toward a finely built young fel- the vile creatures, and before help ow who was talking earnestly to a could reach her she was so terribly torn

"Will he not even bid me good- life. It's never safe to venture up there night?" she thinks, tears starting to unarmed, for even yet"-At this moment the gentleman and and another, here rent the air, and the

his friend walked out into the street, three men stimultaneously started to arm in arm. At this juncture their carriage drove up and after administering to Joseph a reproof for his tardiness, the old gentleman handed his fair companion into the vehicle, followed and slammed the door to. Joseph spitefully cut the off gray with his whip, and they were

whirled rapidly away. At the next street they passed the before mentioned gentleman and his friend; but he did not see the white face, with its quivering lips, nor the tear laden eyes that looked out upon him as the carriage flew past. And yet, strange to say, the young men were at that very moment speaking of

her. The younger was saying:
"Hal, why the deuce did you act so coldly—I might say, almost rudely—to Miss Thorndale to-night? Why, it was the talk of the whole room. Do you know that in the lobby she waited for you to say good-night to her, when you dragged me off so precipitately?" A sigh was Hal's rejoiner.

"Can i' be that you don't care for her? Can't you see, man, that she's head over ears in love with you?" A pained expression passed for a moment over Hal's handsome face as

"Yes, alas! I have seen it." "You've known it, and still treated her like a brute? Halstead Moore, you have a heart of adamant."

"Chester, would that I had—would that I had!蹇 There was something in his tone so indescribably sad that his friend looked at him for a moment in astonshment. 🚉

"I say, Hall, what's up with you to-I've never known you to be ike this before." No answer to this. The question was not pushed, and so they walked on

in silence, until Hal's companion suddenly stopped. "Well; here I am at home. Will you stop in for a while?"

Hal evidently did not hear, for he returned no answer.
"Hal, you've something on your mind.

Now don't deny it; your face shows it only too plainly. Mind, I don't ask your confidence; but if I can be of any use in extricating you from any trouble, pecuniarily or otherwise, com-mand-me, and if its in my power it will be done."

Hal grasped his companion's out-stretched hand and said fervently: "Thanks, old fellow, thanks! You have been a true friend to me, Chester, and therefore why should you not have my confidence? Yes, I have something on my mind that is making me miserable, and life well nigh unbear-

Cuester led the way to his apartments, and soon both were ensconced in easy chairs, pipes in hand, and soda within reach.

The friendship of these two men had

originated at Florence, where both were studying painting. Their sup-port depended entirely on their calling, both being special artists in a popular weekly. Halstead Moore lived with his mother in a neat little cottage in in the suburbs. Little or nothing was krown of the Moores or their past. On this subject Hal had never opened his heart to Chester, and the latter, with uncommon delicacy, forbore embarrassing his friend with questions.

After a few nervous puffs and a hasty sip at his brandy and soda, Hal plunged abruptly into his recital. "Chester, you asked me a while ago whether or not I cared for Helen Thorndale. I do care for her; nay, I love her, I idolize her! By day, by night, she is before me; my thoughts, my dreams are but of her! In view of this fact, you will wonder more than ever at my treatment of Miss Thorn-dale. I will tell you the secret of my trouble."

He had overcome his agitation, and now spoke with due deliberation. "My parents' marriage was the resuit of an elopement, in consequence of which my paternal grandfather cursed his son on his deathbed. He prayed that ruin might follow all his endeavors and those of his children. This death scene affected my father deeply. He became morose and unloving. One night, six months later, a neighbor broke the terrible intelligence to my mother that her husband was dead,

"Your wife?" gasped Hal.
"Yes; she is dead. She and an only child were killed in a railway accident."

through his mind that his mo her and he once had a narrow escape from death in a railway accident soon after his father's demise. A startling suspicion was dawning on his mind. In an unnatural voice he spoke: "Have you undoubted proof that they

were really killed in that accident?" dare not declare my love to Helen recital has Chester become, that his brandy and soda remains untou hed. | stead Moore." At the conclusion of the narative he

"My God! man what is your name?" he cried. The stranger's face was white with

"Archibald Moore." "Father," cried Hal, "I am Halstead

The next moment the father and son They h d letters to a part owner of the were locked in their first embrace. paper, Hugh MacLeod, who cordially But little more remains to be told. their headquarters. Only too happily did they accept his kind offer, nor had A week later the husband and wife whom fate had so cruelly turned asuneither of them cause to regret the step, der were once again united and happy. Some months after, in a quaint little Hugh MacLerd, of Bonnie Park, was Scotch church a double wedding ceremony was performed. Laura Macunostenation style with an only daughter, a sweet, unaffected girl of eighteen summers. The old gentleman was delighted with his visitors, Leod changed her name for that of Chester Lawrence, and Helen Thorndale b came the happy wife of Halstead Moore.

### The Arts and Sciences.

The question of the origin of the dog has recently been discussed by Prof. Nehring, who believes that it has descended from various still surviving species of wolves and jackals. The latter animals can be tamed, and many attempts to domesticate wolves have beer successfully made in modern times Herr Ronge has so completely tamed a young wolf that it follows him exactly as a dog might do.

For the effectual protection of woolen goods against moths the cedar-wood boxes and closets is insufficient and it is stated that there is no other means of protection against the ravages of the insect but to perfectly inclose the woolens in material which is not attacked by the moth, such as cotton cloth. Woolen goods brushed clean from dust, folded together, and put in-to cotton bags which were well tied, have been found perfectly intact when taken out at the change of the season.

With blanched faces the men hurwhich are of iron, follow them. riedly grasped their rifles and dashed off toward the spot whence the cries ed from a thick undergrowth, a terrible an overhanging rock, her figure clearly outlined against a background of azure, anguish depicted in every line of her face, stood Laura MacLeod, while above her circled an immense vulture, the uncanny neck outstretched and the small eyes sparkling with greedy ex-

The men stood spellbound, and then, with a shout. Chester led the way up the incline, his eyes fixed on the girl he had learned to love so well. At that and wood much dearer, ties of the latvery moment the monster ceased circling about its victim and prepared for an attack. Just as it poised itself for its last fatal swoop, the sharp report of a rifle rang out on the still air, and the creature fell dead at the feet of its intended victim.

The next moment a man emerged from the shrubbery near by, with a rifle, still smoking, trailing after him. He ran to the now prostrate girl, and, kneeling beside her, chafed her wrists and held to her lips a small flask. By this time Chester and his two companions, breathless and speechless

reached the spot where Laura lay. "How can I thank you, sir? You have saved my darling's life," cried Mr. MacLeod, sobbing with joy. Laura soon returned to conscious ness, and Chester explained to her what had taken place. During the excitement that followed her strange savior was entirely forgotten. When, how-

ever, they had regained calmness, they found that he had disappeared as silently and suddenly as he had come. They searched the surrounding ground for some trace of him, but without avail. It is needless to state that no more sketching was indulged in that day. One evening a week after the adventure on Vulture's Nest, our friends were all congregated in the drawing room at Bonnie Park, when a servant made his appearance with the an-nouncement that a man had called and desired to see Mr. MacLeod. The old gentleman immediately rose and folowed Benjamin out of the room. Soon nis voice was heard in the hall extending a hearty welcome to his visitor, and the next moment he re-entered the room arm in arm with none other than their elusive friend of the Vulture's Nest incident. He was a remarkable

ing eyes. Laura thanked him with her own sweet simplicity, and Chester and MacLeod were loud in praise of his coolness and bravery. Hal stood a little aloof from the group and concentrated his gaze on its central figure. For him the stranger had an inexplic-

looking man, tall and erect in carriage,

with a sad, handsome face, golden

brown beard and deep blue, penetrat

able fascination. After they had thanked him to their hearts' content the stranger made known the object of his visit. He had found a locket on the scene of the encounter, and thinking one of the party must have lost it took the first opportunity to return the trinket—a small, oddly shaped affair, on seeing which Hal exclaimed: "My locket! You have made me your debtor, sir, for I prize that trinket

very highly. It was a gift from my father to my mother before I was born." The stranger started slightly and a death like pallor overspread his face. "Would you have any objection to

my seeing the interior of that locket?" Hal looked surprised, but silently opened the trinket and presented it to the stranger. The latter gave a hasty glance at the picture within and started back, almost dropping the locket as he did so. "I beg your pardon for my awkward-

ness. And is this picture of your

mother?" "Yes, taken a short time after her marriage," "Strange, strange!" muttered the other, "Can it be mere coincidence? No, it is impossible! Loving sir, I know not who you are, but the picture you drowned while crossing the ice-covered have shown me is that of my wife,"

1960年1962年1862年1862年1862年18

Control of the contro

Hal turned ghastly pale. It flashed

The stranger took from his pocket a time-stained newspaper. He pointed silently to a paragrap's describing a fatal railway collision; and there in the list of dead, Hal saw "Mrs. Julia Moore, widow, and her baby boy, Hal-

The paper dropped from the young man's lifeless hands.

suppressed excitement as he answered: Moore, your son!"

A clock recently patented in France

is an imitation of a tambourine, on the parchment head of which is painted a circle of flowers corresponding to the hour-figures or ordinary dials. On examination two bees, one large and the other small, are discovered crawling among the flowers. The small bee runs rapidly from one flower to the other, completing the circuit in an hour, while the large one takes twelve hours to complete the circuit. The parchment surface is unbroken; and t e bees simply laid on it, but two magnets connected with the clockwork inside the tambourine move just under the membrane, and the insects,

Iron cross-ties have proved a fullure on the Pennsylvania railroad, where they have been tried for several months, and white oak ties are being substituted. The wooden tie yields sufficiently to the motion of the train to make the riding easy and comfortable, which the iron tie fails to give on the road bed of broken stone and makes the riding hard and unpleasant to the passengers as well as wearing on the locomotive and rolling-stock; nore frequently repairs to the road bed were found necessary with the i on ties, too. In England and France, where iron is much cheaper than here

ter are used in preference. Three hundred miles an hour is the proposed speed for the electric postal r froad of the future. An experim ntal line has been erected at Laurel. twenty miles from Baltimore, Md. A compromise between the pneumatic tube and the ordinary railroad carries niniature train of two cars solely for mails and light parcels, without arry attendance. The road has three ...ls-one above the car for carrying the current, and two below which carthe cars. The cars are built of sheet iron, and are two feet square, and twenty-one feet long. Speed will a regulated and power of brakes aphed by electricity solely. If the ex-" riment at Laurel succeeds, it is statet that similar roads will be laid be-teen Baltimore and Washington, and els**ewhere.** 

A Cat's Breath. A correspondent of the Boston Transcript objects to the notion that a cat sucks away a child's breath. He says the "cat's sucking away a child's breath" is merely the expression, erroneous in its form, of a physiological fact. All felidæ possess poisonous breaths, intended by nature to act as an anæsthetic upon their prev. If any a lult will inhale but once the breath even of a cat, he wi'l at once recognize this fact. Watch a cat playing with a mouse. The mouse does not suffer, but is stupefied as if by ether. Livingstone, the African explorer, states in "Life" that, when he was seized by a lion and his arm broken, the crunching of his broken arm gave him no pain, so benumbed were all his senses by the breath of the animal. Now cats like rest, warmth, companionship, and a soft couch. A cat seeks the child, its soft bed and the warmth of its body, and lies down on the clest of the infant. Its weight impedes respiration, its breath anæsthizes the child, and that the death of small infants has actually occurred from this cause medical reports have conclusively

Cost of Incineration. People who want to be cremated should arrange, if possible, to die at Gotha, in which case they will be liable only for a truffe over a hundred dollars to be paid to the Cremation Society. If we add to this the minimum fee, the cost of railway transit, mourning coaches, urn, bell-ringing, and church fees, we can estimate the comparative cost of incineration for persons for whom it is not convenient to die at Gotha-and of ordinary burial. The relatives of the cremated person have the option of taking away the incinerated remains in a tin case, or having them at once interred, or urn in the columbarium where they Several times dogs frightened the will be allowed to remain for twenty squirrel, and it had to turn back, and years. Two and a half tons of coal are required for an incineration. If several bodies are cremated at the same time, the charge made is slightly reduced, so a person may save expense by arranging to have some friend die at the same time.

### Vegetable Oils. Cotton seed oil is used more and

more for cooking. In time vegetable oils will supersede animal fats. These vegetable oils are fast becoming available in our kitchens.

Scene in Pekin.

The scenes about the gates are among the liveliest in China. A cease ess stream of yellow humanity of Celestials, high and low, and of Asiatic four-footed beasts continuously push its way through them. Here goe- a caravan of camels. There comes a dozen men each pushing a Chinese wheelbarrow loaded with goods, and behind them is a Manchu woman astride of a donkey. She has paper flowers in her hair and rouge a quarter of an inch deep upon her cheeks. Here is a half naked beggar, who howls for alms as he crowds his way through the dirty mass, and there is a Manchu officer who canters along on his pony and does not seem to care whether he knocks down the poor people or not. Behind him is a manderin in a blue sedan clair, a train of fifty servants before and behind him and a drum major leading the list with a red umbrella or a pole about twenty feet long, which he holds up in front of him, and warns the people to get out of the way for the great man who comes. Outside the gates and inside the enclosures are a thousand and one street cook-shops, whose greasy food is cooking in the open air and is being eaten by greasier Chinese. There are poor men on foot and noblemen on horseback, high muckamucks in carts and coolies carrying great loads on their shoulders. It is a queer conglomeration, but it is a business one from the word go. There is no foolery about these Chinese. Life is a serious matter to them, and they are working the world for all that it is worth.

Recent Changes at Niagara Falls. There have been recently two heavy falls of rock at Niagara Falls. At first a mass of rock fell from the Horseshoe Falls, and twenty-four hours later another mass was precipitated into the abyss below, with a noise so closely re-

sembling that of an earthquake as to alarm the residents of the neighborhood. The result of the displacement is a change in the shape of the fall. Formerly the Canadian portion of the fall could be described as a horseshoe; but the breaking away of rocks in the center some years ago made it a V-shaped. Now that a further displacement has occurred, the fall has returned to its old condition. It is, of course, generally known that the falls of Niagara are gradually moving to the south. The deep cut through the solid rock marks the course they have taken in their backward movement. It is a

wonderful excavation, a chasm dug out by the sheer force of water. Not less astonishing has been the removal of the debris. The rock has been thoroughly pulverized, and has been swept out of the river, to be distributed in Lake Ontario. Once it was thought that in the wearing away process the falls would reach Lake Erie, and there degenerate into a series of rapids. But the theory has been set of its present self, and much reduced in size. The latest idea is that the falls will recede two miles and then remain stationary, their height at that point being 80 feet, instead of 164, as at pres-

ent. The supposition is supported by an argument which appears reasonable. The present site is a limestone formation, some 80 or 90 feet thick, with a shaly foundation. As the shale is washed away the limestone breaks off, and the falls take a step backward. But the end of the shaly deposit will be reached two miles from the present falls, and then the rushing water will have more than it can do to wash away the solid precipice over which it will be projected. Iron suggests that it would be a waste of time to attempt to estimate the number of centuries that will elapse before Niagara Falls will

### have found their permanent site.

Ostrich Farming in California. Ostrich farming has proved so suc cessful in South Africa that our Trans atlantic cousins, always on the watch for some new means of developing the resources of their country, determined to try the same experiment in California, where the climate and surroundings were considered extremely fitted for the purpose. Accordingly, in 1882, some birds were imported from Cape Town, and in 1886 and 1887 further shipments were forwarded from Natal. This last was made by Mr. Cawston, who landed forty-two bi:ds out of fifty-two. They were taken to Mr. Cawston's "Norwalk Ostrich Farm," in Los Angeles, California. The voyage from Natal to Galveston, Texas, took seventy days, a ship having been chartered for the purpose, every ostrich having a separate padded box. Mr. Cawston has been successful in raising a large number of young birds. The climate and country—as had been expected—appear to be admirably suited to the culture of these birds. The experiment also appears to be fairly profitable, as from one small bird and two hens be produced—principally by means of incubation-eighteen chicks in one season. Before they were ten weeks old he sold them for 87£, some going to Arizona, where a farm is being established, and others being purchased for exhibition purposes. In addition to this the feathers will realize 50£. making a total result of about 140£ from three birds. Ostrich feathers, we should mention, are protected in the United States by an import duty of 25 per cent, and, as the farm is close to

### The Industrious Squirrel.

ed for them .- London Graphic.

large cities, good prices can be obtain-

A Danbury farmer points to the squirrel as affording an instance of agility, quickness, and hard work. Last fall he stored several bushels of butternuts in the record story of his corn house, and recently he noticed th t they were disappealing much faster than the legitimate demands for his family supply warranted. He discovered soon afterward that a squirrel, a small red one, which the farmers' boys called "chipmunks," had found a hole under the eaves of the building, and was stocking her storehouse with the nuts the farmer had gathered. As an experiment to learn how rapidly the squirrel had worked he removed all but twenty of the nuts and set a watch upon them. Six hours afterward every nut was gone. The distance from the corn house to the tree where the squirrel had its nest was just eighty rods. In going for a nut and return-ing with it the sprightly little animal had to travel a distance of 160 rods. Computation showed that the theft of the twenty nuts required just ten miles yet again of depositing them in an of travel. But this did not include all. Several times dogs frightened the shop where men and women may have twice the family cat got after it, re- Customers see the latest shoemaking quiring it to take a circuitous route to machinery in the window, and behind reach the storehouse. The nest was the machines a row of lasts at which examined soon afterward, and a big, men prepare the work for the mafat, lazy male squiriel was found snooz- chines. A wilman goes in, has her ing quietly while his little ma'e was | shoes taken off, put on the lasts, trim-

> an advertisement headed: "Cut this out; it may save your life," cut the advertisement and pasted it in his hat, fashioned way is patching. Entire and the same day was struck on the new shoes are made to order by the head by a brick and killed.

I am prepared to attend all cases in my line upon short notice and in

### the best manner. **EMBALMING**

A SPECIALTY.

Satisfaction guaranteed in both prices and work. I also keep a full line of

### PICTURE FRAMES

And Mouldings for framing, always on hand.

### J. MILEY.

Progress in Mexico. Railroads are doing a great deal now for Mexico. About four years ago made a very extensive trip through that country, and I have just returned from covering practically the same ground. I was hardly prepared for the changes made, but can now see what roads now projected and being constructed will do in the next few years. The railroad people, however, have had considerable uphill work, as the people were hardly ready for such means of conveyance and had to be educated. In the course of this education some novel ideas and expedients have been employed. The small farmers and vegetable producers, for instance, could not get over the old idea of loading up their burros and trudging into the city of Mexico with their products. Thus the spectacle of a train of empty cars and a long line of heavily laden and slow moving burros, driven by the patient farmer, was furnished. Finally some one hit upon the happy idea of offering a low rate for hauling the burros. It was grad-ually accepted, the farmers loading up their burros as usual and driving them on the cars bound for the city. In this way they began to see the value of rapid transportation, and gradu-

### The Paradoxes of Science.

to the long eared burro.

ally awakened to the fact that the bur-

res were useless. Now the railroads

are receiving the business very much

as in any other country, though some

of the smaller farming class still stick

The water, says a writer in Blackwood's Mayazine, which drowns us, a fluent stream, can be walked upon as ice. The bullet which, when fired from a musket, carries death, will be harmless if ground to dust before being fired. The crystallized part of the oil of roses—so grateful in its fragrance, a solid at ordinary temperatures, though readily volatile—is a compound substance containing exactly the same proportions, as the gas with which we light our streets. The tea which we daily drink with benefit and pleasure produces palpitation, nervous tremblings, and even paralysis, if taken in excess; yet the peculiar organic agent called theine, to which tea owes its qualities, may be taken by itself (as theine, not as tea) without any appreciable effect. The water which will allay our burning thirst augments it when congealed into snow; so that it is stated by explorers of the Arctic reaside by one which retains the cataract, although the latter will be the shadow the utmost extremity of thirst rather than attempt to remove it by eating snow. Yet if the snow be melted, it becomes drinkable water. Nevertheless, although, if melted before entering the mouth, it assuages thirst like other water, when melted in the mouth it has the opposite effect. To render this paradox more striking, we have only to remember that ice, which melts more slowly in the month, is

## very efficient in allaying thirst.

Conundrums. When does a duel come to an issue

suddenly? When it takes two seconds to arrange it. What trade would you recommend to a small man? Grocer (grow sir). What Chinese city is like a man looking through a key-hole? Pekin. When were walking sticks first invented? When Eve presented Adam

with a little Cain (cane). When is a man with wooden legs like one who makes an even bargain? He has nothing to boot. Why are tailors always brave? Because all of them, without exception, will face a dozen regimental coats. When is a chair like a lady's dress?

When it's sat in (Satin). What chief virtue does frozen water represent? Just-ice. When is the worst weather for rats

and mice? When it rains cats and What is the ugliest hood ever worn? FalseLord. What is greater than a nutmeg? A

nutmeg-grater, of course. Why do birds in their little nes's agree? Because they would fall out if they did not. Perfect with a head, perfect with-

out a head; perfect with a tail, perfect without a tail; perfect with either? neither or both. A wig. What is there about a church-steeple that reminds you of your school exercise? A parsing bell.

### When is a bad disposition like four? When it is in-bre(a)d.

She Swallowed the Car Fare. If there is any one thing that makes he horse-car conductor mad it is the custom of some folks of using their mouths as purses for the car fares. It is a great nuisance in summer during travel on the open cars where the conductor has a full complement of passengers. A Lewiston conductor says that children are the worst. Some of them disgorge a handful of change, and he has to accept it. One day a very preity young lady, who was a a guest in Auburn from a Massachusetts town was coming down from the lake. She was one of a gay party of half a dozen, and they made merry on the down trip. When he was one seat from her on his tour of the car he looked over at her. She was so pretty he couldn't help it. Just as he looked he was pained to notice a fearful change in her countenance. Her cheek blanched and she seemed to choke. The laugh died on her lips, too, and she joked no more. When Le got along to the party the young lady's

eyes were benewed with tears. "l—I had some money—" The conductor, with infinite tact passed along saying: "I know all about it. You've swallowed it. I see you do it."

The young lady blushed, and the car rattled along.

A child with five coppers in its mouth is a fearful picture for the conductor, but what do you think of one with twenty four cents in its cheeks? Better buy the youngsters ten-cent

### purses. Anything to Save Time.

The newest thing in New York is a

their shoes mended while they wait performing a prodigious feat to supply med of all tatters and shreds, fitted him with food.—N. Y. Sun. with new heels and soles, put into a with new heels and soles, put into a scwing or nailing machine and made A superstitions man, after reading | good as new almost half as quickly as it has taken to write these words. The only work that is done in the oldquair in two hours.

THURSDAY, APRIL 11, 1880.

A prize fight took place in South Bend on Sunday morning, and the citizens of that wide-awake little city knew nothing about it until they read an account of the "mill" in the Chicago papers the next morning.

Our own Don Dickinson is now the man talked of by the Cleveland wing of the Democratic party as the "son of destiny" who will knock out Gov. Hill for the Democrat nomination for the Presidency in 1892. It was all arranged while Mr. Cleveland, Don, and others were enjoying themselves in Cuba. Something, however, may turn up to interfere with their calculations.

The refusal of the lords of the United States Senate to confirm the appointment of Murat Halstead, as Minister to Germany, because he sharply criticised the failure of that body to inquire into the purchase of his seat by a rich syndicate member, and to satisfy a few petty jealousies, is taken as an attempt to muzzle the press or at least as a notice to so much of it as is likely to seek official appointment, that no act of that august body must be criticised. The Senate is becoming a decidedly important body, when criticism of its action is to be rebuked in this manner.

The manufacturers of binding twine having entered into a combination to make the price of that commodity high. the farmers throughout the country are holding indignation meetings. In Dako ta an independent twine factory is tobe immediately started at Fargo. In Indiana and other States the question of starting opposition companies is freely discussed and money being subscribed to help the opposition. In this State it is desired to put the convicts at Jackson to work manufacturing the article, and it is thought a supply could be on hand in sixty days. In fact it day school literature) edits the magalooks now as if the trust would soon have its back broken.

As the time draws nigh when Oklahoma will be opened for settlement, (April 22, at noon,) the borders are being populated by anxious men who will strive to see which will be first on the grounds. It is said that many more than can be accommodated with lands are now near the lines, while the railroads are making arrangements to 1 un a large number of special trains loaded with "tenderfeet" who will vie with the "boomers" in getting possession of the land, though the latter will have a decided advantage over the late comers, as they have been over the ground before and know the country thoroughly. Some of them have lived in the country, and been evicted by the U.S. authorities more than once, while it was held by cattlemen with no other right than lawless seizure.

Gov. Luce has issued a proclamation appointing Saturday, April 20, as Arbor day. He calls attention to the fact that the laws provide for the addornment of the highways by providing that, "Shade trees shall be planted along both sides of the public highways at the uniform distance, as near as may be, of sixty feet apart, and not less than twenty-three nor more than twenty-five feet from the center of the highway," and that, "Any person planting shade trees along the highways, adjacent to property owned or occupied by such person, shall be entitled to be credited twenty-five cents upon his highway tax for every tree so planted, but not to exceed in the aggregate twenty-five per cent. of such person's highway tax in any one year."

Since the question of the cost to the State of the bill to equalize the bounties to Michigan soldiers has been commented upon by the papers in this place, the Record has received a circular issued by the Quarter Master General at Lansing, showing the following figures bearing upon the subject:

## A Bar-Room Legislature.

The Trenton (N. J.) Gazette describes at length a disgraceful scene which occurred in the Democrat Legislature of that state a few days ago. Under a call of the house there was a long delay and the Democrats ordered their dinners brought to their seats. The bill of fare was largely wine, whisky and beer and the liquids flowed freely. "When the feast was over," says the Gazette, "Assistant Sergeant-at-Arms Titus, whom many call Fallstaff, owing to his corpulency, issued from one of

the side committee rooms with a beer bottle in his hand. He walked to the large door in the middle, in full view of the crowded galleries, and, raising the bottle to his lips, exclaimed: "Here is the result of the repeal of local option."

This, of course, was a very funny proceeding. The Democrats enjoyed it immensely. Of course their constituents are proud of them. We don't know whether Gen. Fisk is or not. He helped to make the New Jersey legislature what it is-a Democrat bodyand we hope he is watching its course with religious vigilance. By dividing the temperance vote of New Jersey he turned the state and its legislature over to the Democrats, who in turn are turning the state over to the saloons.

The scene in the house the other day was therefore in perfect harmony with the whole play from the first to the last act. "The saloon in politics" is on top in New Jersey, and the legislature its pliant and willing tool. If Gen. Fisk's third party had not stood in the way the legislature would have been Republican, and the cause of temperance would have been sustained and strengthened, and the state would not

have been disgraced. very large lesson. It is to be hoped that the misguided may get something out of it. The totally blind are not expected to see anything.—Ex.

### Niles Republican.

The guilty flee when no man pursueth. One of the imported fifth ward sterns drive up to Bunbury's livery, ran through the alley like a quarter horse. He was not the only one to make tracks at sight of the sheriff. Perhaps they are only practicing.

A country editor, having one side of his paper printed abroad, called the attention of his readers to the fact that his inside was "full of interesting matter."

Circuit Court.

People vs Geo. M. and Henry F. Pearl, assault and battery. Continued. People vs Walter Schwartz, larceny rom store. Plead not guilty. People vs Orson Sabine, larceny from dwelling house. Plead not guilty. Sarah Rutter vs John Shafer, et al.

lase dismissed without costs. People vs Elizabeth Vanderhoof, murder. Nolle prosqui entered and defendant discharged. People vs Chas. Rouse, receiving stolen goods. Plead not guilty. People vs Burwell Hinchman. Con-

Martha R. Richmond ys E. H. Weaver, et al. Continued. Same vs Frank Gilbert, et al Con-

First National Bank of Niles ys Buchanan Mfg Co. Dismissed without People vs John Tallman, larceny. Plead not guilty. Theo. G. Beaver appointed to defend.

People vs Stillman Shepard Plead not guilty. C. B. Potter appointed to People vs Marwin Criffield and Carrie Rathburn, adultrey. Bill of particulars

People vs Chas. Davis, larceny. Continued.

To Oklahoma. Farmers, merchants, mechanics, cap-

italists, laborers, intending settlers and ALL OTHERS who are going to the Oklahoma Country, should take the GREAT ROCK ISLAND ROUTE from Chicago via Kansas City and Caldwell, the nearest outlitting point on the Southern Kansas border, to Pond Creek, in the Indian Territory. South from Pond Greek, the route to KINGFISHER, where the Government Land Office is located. is by stage, going through by daylight, over the "OLD ABILENE CATTLE TRAIL AND STAGE ROAD," the best in the territory. FAST LIMITED VESTIBULE EX-PRESS TRAINS (no axtra charge) Chicago to Kansas City, and FREE RE-CLINING CHAIR CARS through to Caldwell, arriving at Pond Creek daily at 10:15 p. m. For tickets or further information apply to your nearest Coupon Ticket Agent, or address Geo. H. Smith, Assistant General Ticket and Passenger Agent, at Chicago.

### The Pansy

For April brightens our table with its pretty cover. The contents are even more interesting than usual. Pansy (who is undoubtedly the most popular writer to-day of the best class of Sunzine, and several of the stories this month are from her pen. Margaret Sidney's serial is delightful

Altogether there are thirty-t wo pages of reading matter and pictures, besides several pages devoted to the Pansy Society, letters from the children, etc. The price is ten cents a number, \$100 a year. D. Lothrop Company, Boston, will send a sample (back) number at

### State Items.

There were 96 fire alarms in Jackson

last year, but no very severe fires. A fire at Chelsea, Sunday, destroyed several buildings, entailing a loss of

The Toledo & South Haven railroad will establish a boat line between South

A drunken row at Evart, on Saturday, ended up in a fight, when Seymour Bailey shot Frank Doty in the head with a revolver, killing him instantly.

Kalamazoo and Battle Creek have entered into an open contest to see which shall get the Columbus, Lima and Northwestern railroad, that is to be built this year.

The Common Council of Dowagiac offers a reward of \$250 for the apprehension of the person or persons who started the fires in that place on Tuesday night of last week.

A fight occurred between four Scandinavians who were full of whisky, at Cadilac, Sunday, when one struck two of the others with an ax, inflicting wounds which will probably prove

The Detroit Tribune devotes ten columns to an elaborate review of the murders and criminal assaults committed in Michigan during the years 1887-88, and inquires whether the people of Michigan want those who commit such crimes hung or not.

Downgiac voted last week to bond the city for \$40,000 for water works. They had a practical illustration of the need of such an improvement, in the fires set about the city but a few days before the vote was taken.

Frank Harss, of Bloomfield, was riding in a road cart and leading a stallion behind, last Monday, when the animal seized him by the back of the neck, pulled him out of the cart, and after shaking him terribly, stamped him to death.

An old man and his wife in this county recently concluded that they could live together no longer. So they sold out, and after paying their debts had \$38. After forty years of wedded bliss, each with \$19, they went their different ways .- Mt. Clemens Monitor.

The finest maple sugar in the world is made in Emmet county, although it requires great pains to free the sap from the mineral elements it contains. -Petoskey Independent-Democrat. The squaws strain it through their bed blankets-or used to-the "great pains" alluded to as being taken is to see that the holes are kept sewed up. - Detroit

The register and receiver of the land office for the Marquette district have uecided in favor of the scrip locations on the lands within the indemnity limits of the Marquette Houghton & Ontonogon railroad grant recently declared forfeited, as against the homestead and pre-emption settlers, who claimed the land in dispute by virtue of actual entry thereon as soon as they were thrown open to entry. The finding will be appealed to Washington, where the settlers will make a determined effort to have the ruling of the local officials reversed. The decision affects lands on which there is pine estimated to be worth \$2,000,000, and the contests will be fought out to the last. The hotels and boarding bouses at Marquette have been full of interested parties and witnesses. Great expense has been incurred and the decision, which was rendered very soon after the hearings closed, is a great disappointment to the homesteaders-both those of a genuine kind and those who have become homesteaders for the

pine there is on their claims.-Detroit

The ideal foot of modern ladies is about a No. 3. We hear but little about the shining goal toward which the masculine foot is directed. The length of the average foot is a difficult matter to decide. Perhaps there was a time when its status was more reliably fixed than at present. For instance, the common unit of lineal measure, a foot, was derived from the length of the human foot. Human feet differ in length all over the world; so does the standard of lineal measurement. There was a time when not only each country, but each town had a foot measure of its own, indicating different averages of the different feet in various localities. Taking the English foot (twelve inches) as a standard, we find the French foot to be 12.78, the Rhenish foot 12.35.

As these comparative lengths were derived from the average human foot of these nationalities, we may take comfort in the fact that we are in the happy minority of inches at the base. The Rhenish foot of measure equals the English, and the German or Rhenish foot varies in the different states. The longest foot of measure is that of old Turin, which is equal to twenty inches of English measure. This latter, founded upon the length of the Turin pedal, might, in the persiflage of our time, be said to have descended by heredity to a certain section of our great country, famous, in fable at least, for its breadth and length of understanding. In order to get an idea of the length of shoe sizes in inches it may be stated that a foot measuring ten inches with the weight of the body resting upon it may wear, comfortably, a No. 6 shoe. The reader can figure from this up to the Turin foot of twenty inches by allowing three

full sizes to the inch. Following are some measurements from life that show the comparative length of the human foot in different people. These measurements are well proportioned to the height of the persons: In a man 5 feet 11 inches tall the foot measured 10½ inches and the middle toe 2½ inches. In Chinese subjects, the ordinary height being 5 feet, the level of foot measured 10½ inches and the middle toe 2½ inches. the length of foot was 9 inches and 5 lines. Among a tribe of low stature Indians, whose height varied from 5 feet 1 inch to 5 feet 3 inches, the length of the feet was found to be from 9 inches 4 lines to 9 inches 6 lines. A youth in the South Sea Islands, 6 feet 7 inches in height, had a foot 12½ inches long; his lower extremities measured 38 inches in length, circumference of calf of leg 171 inches and his ankle 10 inches.—Shoe and

Leather Reporter.

Trapped a Gray Eagle. A large gray eagle was captured on the farm of Peter Quinn, in Butler township, Scott county, Ia. The cap-ture was made by Mr. Quinn's son, In the morning the eagle made its appearance in the neighborhood and in the afternoon was seen to alight on Mr. Quinn's farm. Arrangements were then made for its capture. Mr. Quinn's son got a wolf trap and set it on a hill, and fastened a live chicken near enough to it so that if the eagle made an effort to get the chicken away it would spring the trap. And this it did—sprang the trap twice without being caught. But it was determined to get the chicken.

The trap was set the third time and matters more carefully arranged for its capture. It was some little time before the bird made an effort to get its prey. Mr. Quinn's son stood off in the distance and watched. The eagle flew over the trap once more and darted down to embrace the chicken in its fluttered over moment, there was a snap and chicken and eagle were flapping their wings together. The eagle was caught this time. Mr. Quinn's son ran at once to the trap to embrace the captive. It made a bold fight but could not get The trap held it by one toe. Mr. Quinn now has it caged. The bird measures six feet four inches from tip to tip. It was the first eagle ever seen in that county.-Cor. St. Louis Republic.

He Will Think He Met an Augel. A newsboy took the Sixth avenue clevated at Park place at noon yesterday, and sliding into one of the cross seats fell asleep. At Grand street two young women got on and took the seats opposite the lad. His feet were bare and his hat had fallen off. Presently the younger girl leaned over and placed her muff under the little fellow's dirty check. An old gentleman in the next seat smiled at the act and without saying anything held out a quarter with a nod towards the boy. The girl hesitated a moment and then reached for it. The next man just as silently offered a dime, a woman across the aisle held out some pennies, and before she knew it the girl with flaming cheeks had taken money from every passenger in that end of the car. She quietly slid the amount into the sleeping lad's pocket, removed her muff gently from under his head without rousing him and got off at Twenty-third street including all the Twenty-third street, including all the passengers in a pretty little inclina-tion of the head that seemed full of thanks and a common secret.—New York World.

How It Feels to Be Rich. I was talking with a friend of mine who for many years has struggled with pecuniary difficulties, never being quite free from anxiety on this score until lately, when he came into possession of a large fortune. I in-quired of him what his impressions were in the novel condition, and he "The fact is I find my chief pleasure not in doing anything new, but in doing the old things with a new feeling. I can take a glass of wine now," he continued, "without counting the cost; and I find that I enjoy going to the theatre or taking my wife about in a carriage twice as much as I about in a carriage twice as much as I did before. The queer part of it is," he went on to say, "that I used to pride myself on being extravagant and reckless once in awhile, as a matter of principle, and I have only just discovered that, when I least suspected it, I was really conscious in the depths of my mind that I was paying out money."—Boston Post.

Norwegian Fences. Even so commonplace a thing as a fence gives character to the landscape. This is a matter of importance to all who are interested in making country places and country life as attractive as possible. The fences of Norway, as described, must be an ugly blemish upon the face of the country.

Two thick stakes of pine, from seven to eight feet long, are driven firmly into the ground within an inch of each other, and repeated at intervals of four

Smaller sticks are then placed in a slanting position between the uprights, which serve as grooves to keep them in their place, and they are still further secured by their being bound together with twigs of osier.

When completed, it makes so compact a fence that a weasel could be accomplished the complete of the complete of the compact and the scarcely put his nose through. They cannot, however, boast of combining the ornamental with the useful, having a gaunt, monotonous look, which

made us long to see them replaced by the pretty hedgerows of England.— Youth's Companion. PHACTS AND PHYSIC. Many editors are of such a peaceful

nature that they will not put a head on their editorials. Look to Your Heart, Mrs. Charles Greenwood, of Indianapolis, had what the doctors called asthma, but she got little relief until she got Dr. Miles' New Cure, which soon made her long winded, stopped the pain in chest, swelling of ankles, cough, palpitation, etc. Sold at W. H.

Iowa has no less than ten women county school superintendents.

Cathartic Pills are Whips To the liver and bowels, but give no strength. The more you take the more you need. Miles' Pills (M. P.) positively strengthen. The longer taken the less required. Samples free, at W. H.

Keeler's. Amelia B. Edwards expects soon to visit America.

Effects of Modern Life. Eminent authorities unanimously agree that the high pressure methods of modern life are rapidly making us a race of helpless invalids-subject to all manners of nervous affections. headache, insanity, dizziness, neuralgia, backache, hysteria, nervous troubles of the heart, stomach, kidneys, brain, etc. Ladies and gentlemen who are thus afflicted, or who are compelled to keep late hours, do much mental or physical work, who worry or fret about business or domestic troubles, should remember that no other remedy in the world will so rapidly cure these diseases, remove worry and the blues, induce tranquil sleep, relieve pain, or build up the brain or nervous systems, as Dr. Miles great discovery, the Re-

at W. II. Keeler's Drug Store. Patti says plenty of sleep is the seeret of preserving one's beauty. Good night, gentlemen.

storative Nervine. It contains no

opium or morphine. Trial bottles free

Papillon (Clarke's extract of flax) Skin Cure Did It. "Last winter I was afflicted with carbuncle on the back of my neck. I tried your remedies and by keeping the inflamed parts saturated with the Skin Cure, I was entirely cured. The relief obtained from the soreness and inflammation was immediate and effectual." Signed; Wallace L. Dewolf. All reliable druggists sell it at \$1.00 per bottle, or send post paid on receipt

Sold at W. F. Runner's Drug Store Of all the virtues gratitude has the shortest memory.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. The best Salve in the world for Cuts. Bruises, Sores, Ulcers, Salt Rheum. Fever Sores, Tetter, Chapped Hands, Chilblains, and all Skin Eruptions, and positively cures Piles, or no pay required. It is guaranteed to give perfect satisfaction, or money refunded. Price 15 cents per box. For sale by W. F. Runner, Druggist. The turfite refers to his wife's 9 o'clock yawn as a home stretch.

A Bit of Valuable Advice. My wife has been troubled with Catarrh, for about twenty-five years, having suffered severely indeed for six years before she began to use your Papillon (Clarke's extract of flax) Catarrh Cure. She was most of the time in a critical condition, unable to breath except through the mouth. Tried many advertised remedies without relief, and became discouraged, when Dr. Streetor advised her to try your Catarrh Cure; it gave her relief, almost immediately and she has used it until she feels confident she is entirely cured. Her health has not been so good in many years." Edward Silvey, Chicago. All reliable druggists sell it, \$1.00, sent prepaid on receipt of price.
gold at W. F. Runner's Drug Store.

A smart hotel clerk up-town refers to his army guests as "war-roomers."

Consumption Surely Cured. TO THE EDITOR-Please inform your readers that I have a positive remedy for the above named disease. By its timely use thousands of hopeless cases have been permanently cured. I shall be glad to send two bottles of my remwill send me their express and post office address. Respectfully, T. A. SLOCUM, M. C., 181 Pearl st., N. Y. 44y1

A man may be as bald as a duck's egg and yet it would not imply that he bad a clear head.

Advertising a patent medicine in the peculiar way in which the proprietor of Kemp's Balsam for Coughs and Colds does, it is indeed wonderful. He authorizes all druggists to give hose who call for it a sample bottle Free, that they may try it before purchasing. The Large Bottles are 50c and \$1. We certainly would advise a trial. It may save you from consump-

If discretion be the better part of valor we suppose indiscretion is the worst part.

A Sensible Man Would use Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs. It is curing more cases of Coughs. Colds and Asthma. Bronchitis Croup and all Throat and Lung Troubles, than any other medicine. The propietor has authorized any druggist to give you a Sample Bottle Free to convince you of the merit of this great remedy. Large Bottles 50c and \$1. The new administration society at

Washington will consider low-necked Some Foolish People

Allow a cough to run until it gets bevond the reach of medicine. They often say, "Ob, it will wear away," but in most cases it wears them away. Could they be induced to try the successful medicine to cure, they would immediately see the excellent effect after taking the first dose Price 50c and \$1.00. Trial size free. At all druggists.

There are now about forty ordained women ministers in the Universalist

The Homeliest Man in Buchanan as well as the handsomest, and others are invited to call on any druggist and get free a bottle of Kemp's Balsam for the Throat and Lungs, a remedy that is selling entirely upon its merits and is guaranteed to relieve and cure all Chronic and Acute Coughs, Asthma, Bronchitis and Consumption. Large bottles 50 cents and \$1. 12y1

eep cut of his shop. A Sound Legal Opinion.—6 E. Bainbridge Munday, Esq., County Atty., Clay Co., Tex., says: "Have used Electric Bitters with most happy

If you will not trade with the devil

results. My brother also was very low with Malarial Fever and Jaundice but was cured by timely use of this medicine. Am satisfied Electric Biters sayed his life." Mr. D. I. Wilcoxson, of Horse Cave Ky., adds a like testimony, saying; He positively believes he would have died, had it not been for Electric

Bitters. This good remedy will ward off, as well as cure all Malarial Diseases, and for all Kidney, Liver and Stomach Disorders stands unequaled. Price 50c and \$1, at W. F. Runner's

Anger is like rain; it breaks itself upon that on which it falls. A New Discovery.--6

You have heard your friends and neighbors talking about it. You may yourself be one of the many who know from personal experience past how good a thing it is. If you have ever tried it, you are one of its staunch friends, because the wonderful thing about it is. that when once given a trial, Dr. King's New Discovery ever after holds a place in the house. If you have never used it, and should be afflicted with a cough, cold or any Thr. at, Lung or chest trouble, secure a bottle at once and give it a fair trial. It is guaranteed every time, or money refunded. Trial bottles free, at W. F. Runner's drug store.

The readiest and surest way to get rid of censure is to correct ourselves. Itch, Mange and Scratches on human or animals cured in 30 minutes by Wollford's Sanitary Lotion. This never fails. Sold by W. F. Runner, Druggist, Buchanan, Mich. The favorite hymn of the gum-chewing maiden is: "Oh, that will be jaw-

The Montana legislature has been discussing a bill permitting women to

Dost thou love life? Then do not

quander time; for that is the stuff

Estate of Theodore L. Borden.

First publication April 11, 1889.

TATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien.—ss.
At a session of the Probate Court for said
County, held at the Probate Office, in the Village
of Berrien Springs, on the 2d day of April, in
the year one thousand eight hundred and eighty-

Present, DAVID E. HINMAN, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Theodore I orden, deceased.

Last Publication, May 2, 1889.

Estate of Van Buren Cleudenen.

e copy.) DAVID E. HINMAN, AL.] Judge of Probate Last publication May 2, 1889.

To Those Interested.

GOLDEN LINK

FAMOUS HORSES

Will make the season of 1889 at the

Mondays and Tuesdays at New Carlisle. Wednesdays and Saturdays at Buchanan. Thursdays and Fridays at Niles Fair Grounds. Tuesday nights and Sunday nights at Frank

TREE.
To those who want their advertising to pay, we can afford no better medium for thorough and effective work than the various sections of our Select Local List.

GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.

Newspaper Advertising Bureau, 10 Spruce street, New York.

CHAS. T. JONES.

following places:

lite is made of.

When Baby was sick, we gave her Castoria, When she was a Child, she cried for Castoria, When she became Miss, she clang to Castoria,

Warm meals at all hours. Confection-ery, Fruits and Cigara. Opposite hotel, Buchanan, Mich.

Nash & Anderson. DENTISTRY When she had Children, she gave them Castoria



DR. OSTRANDER

of Detroit has opened a Dental office in the Redden block, where he is prepared to do all kinds of Dental work in a first class manner. In the matter of the estate of Theodore L. Borden, deceased.
On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of Lucius Hubbard, Administrator of said estate praying that he may be authorized, empowered and licensed to sell the real estate of said deceased as in the said petition described.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Friday, the 3rd day of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of soid deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden at the Probate office, in the Village of Berrien Springs, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is Further Ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of said petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Bachanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said County, three suecessive weeks previous to said day of hearing.

(A true copy.)

DAVID E. HINMAN,

[L. S.]

Last Publication, May 2, 1889. Teeth Extracted Without Pain. FINE GOLD FILLINGS A SPECIALTY. Artificial Teeth made on Rubber, Celluloid, Gold, Platinum or Aluminum, at reasonable prices.

ALL WORK WARRANTED

Do Your Own Dyeing, at Home. They will due everything. They are sold everywhere. Price 100. a package. They have no equal for Strength, Brightness, Amount in Packages or for Fastness of Color, or non-fading Qualities, They do not crock or smut; 40 colors. For sale by V. II KEELER, AND DODD'S DRUG & BOOK STORE

Notice for Hearing Claims.

Notice for Hearing Claims.

First publication April 4, 1889.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien.—88.

Probate Court for said Gounty.

Estate of Thomas Vanderhool, deceased.

Whereas, by an order of the Judge of Probate for the county of Berrien, made on the 23d day of March, A. D. 1889, extending the time for four months from the 15th day of April, A. D. 189, for the undersigned to hear and adjust all claims against the said estate. Therefore notice is hereby given that we will meet on Thursday, May 9, A. D. 1889, and on Monday, August 12, A. D. 1889, and on Monday, August 12, A. D. 1889, and on Monday, August 12, A. D. 1889, at 9 o'clock A. M. of each day, at the office of John C. Dick, in the village of Buchanau, in said county, to receive and examine the claims against said estate.

Dated April 2, 1889.

JOHN C. DICK,
CHARLES F HOWE,
ENOS HOLMES,
Last publication, May 2, 1889. First publication April 11, 1889.

CTATE OF MICHIGAN, County of Berrien, ss.—

At a session of the Probate Court for said county, held at the Probate office, in the Village of Jerrien Springs, on the tenth day of April, in the year one thousand eight hundred and eightynine. Present, DAVID E. HINMAN, Judge of Probate. In the matter of the estate of Van Buren Clen-In the matter of the estate of Van Buren Clendenen, deceased.

On reading and filing the petition, duly verified, of B. F. Needham, agent for D. M. Osborne and Company, a criporation organized under and by virtue of the laws of the State of New York, and a creditor of said deceased, praying that Administion of said estate may be granted to William A. Palmer or some other suitable person.

Thereupon it is ordered, that Monday, the 6th lay of May next, at ten o'clock in the forenoon, be assigned for the hearing of said petition, and that the heirs at law of said deceased, and all other persons interested in said estate, are required to appear at a session of said Court, then to be holden in the Probate office, in the Village of Berrien Springs, and show cause, if any there be, why the prayer of the petitioner should not be granted: And it is further ordered, that said petitioner give notice to the persons interested in said estate, of the pendency of raid petition, and the hearing thereof, by causing a copy of this order to be published in the Buchanan Record, a newspaper printed and circulated in said county, three successive weeks previous to said day of harling.

(A time cony) DAYID B. HINMAN

ALESME N WANTED

to canyass for the sale of Nursery Stock on Salary or Commission. Steady employment. Apply at once, stating age. J. B. Nellis & Co., (Refer to this paper, Y. WANTED-AGENTS TO SELL OUR SALA-mande: Tipped Lampwick. Everlasting. Light equal to gas! Profits 200 per cent. Samples by mail 10 cents. Write Phoenix Lampwick Co., Elmira, N.Y.

INTENDING ADVERTISERS should addres GEO. P. ROWELL & CO.. 10 Spruce Street, New York Ctty, For SELECT LIST OF 1,000 NEWSPAPE RS

FOR SALE

FARM OF SEVENTY-SEVEN ACRES. A Forty-five (45) acres under cultivation, twenty (20) acres in pasture, and twelve (12) acres of timber. A good honse with cellar, barn and other buildings; good orchard and small fruits. For particulars call at this office or at the premises, two and one-half miles south-west of Galien.

Jur Agents Make Money.

C. B. BEACH & CO., CHICAGO, ILL. THE YANKEE BLADE Is one of the Oldest and Best and the Cheapesi Weekiy Family Story Paper in America Forty columns of Instinating stories every week Price, \$2.00 a year. One year on trial to new subscribers, only \$1.00. Send stamp for sample copy. Potter & Potter, Publishers, 20 Hawley \$1 Boston, Mass.



The MOST PERFECT and PRACTICAL Piece of Farm Machinery THAT HAS EVER BEEN INTRODUCED.

The mechanical principles embodied in this Mower are entirely new, and have made it possible to remedy the defects that are well known to exist on the old style machines. It will pay any farmer who is in need of a Mower to examine the IMPROVED CHAMPION—the most perfect and practical of machines—

AND IT IS SO WARRANTED! The DRIVE WHEELS are high and wide apart, insuring steadiness of motion and light draft. There is NO FRAME WORK hanging down in front to bunch up the cut grass or run into obstructions. There is NO FLY WHEEL LOW DOWN on which the grass can wind. This is a serious objection to the old-style mowers. The POWER IS APPLIED DIRECTLY and without a joint from the main gear to the pitman, and ALL OF THE POWER is used in cutting the grass,—none is wasted on loose joints and fast-running gearing. THE PITMAN WORKS ON A STRAIGHT LINE, AND THE POWER APPLIED AT ONE END IS ALL TRANSFERRED TO THE KNIFE. The CUTTER BAR can be folded while the knife is in motion, which is very important where there are stumps or trees. The Cutter Bar may raise or lower at either end, and yet the knife will work perfectly free without binding or extra friction or wear. This in a measure explains why there are no broken knife heels and no broken pitmans on the CHAMPION Mowers.

REMEMBER that the parts that have given the most trouble on the old-style mowers ARE WARRANTED NOT TO BREAK NOR WEAR OUT on this wonderful mower.

The Warder, Bushnell & Glessner Co., SPRINGFIELD, O. SOLE MANUFACTURERS --- CHICAGO, ILL.

We respectfully ask all who are indebted to us to call and settle. are now trying to balance our books and pay all we owe, and your account paid to us will help.

> Yours truly, DR. E. S. DODD & SON, Druggists and Booksellers.

## THE LITTLE DRUG STORE AROUND THE CORNER,

FOR PURE DRUGS, PATENT MEDICINES, PERFUMES AND TOILET ARTICLES.

Also, Blank Books, School and Writing Tablets. In fact,

everything pertaining to a first-class stock. BARMORE.

THERE WAS A YOUNG PERSON NAMED HOPE, WHO DID NOTHING BUT WORRY AND MOPE: HER WORK ALL BEHIND, IT AFFECTED HER MIND, TILL ONE MORNING IN MAY THE NEIGHBORS DID SAY, USE SANTA (LAUS SOAP FOR YOUR WASHING TODAY, AND YOUR TROUBLES WILL VANISH AS BY MAGIC AWAY.

## New Patterns! New Papers! New Borders! WALL PAPER.

A FINE STOCK OF FIRST-CLASS GOODS.

N. K. FAIR BANK & Co. CHICAGO

NEW FRESH GARDEN SEEDS.

All seeds unsold will be burned at the end of the season.

CORNER DRUG AND BOOK STORE.

FOR THE NEXT 30 DAYS

# W. L. Hogue & Co.

ALL GOODS AT STRICTLY WHOLESALE COST, Transportation added, as the following

prices will convince you: Kid Shoes for ......\$1.80, former price .......\$2.00 fine for...... 2.00, " " 2.50 extra fine for 2.50, " " 3.25 hand sewed... 3.00, " " 4.00 id fancy.... 4.00, " " 5.00 French Kid fancy..... 4.00, MENS' WEAR IN PROPORTION.

A good all Wool one for \$7.50, former price \$10.00. All Wool Worsteds, fine, from \$10 to \$16, which sell in all markets for from \$12.50 to \$20.

All Other Clothing Equally Low.

Don't fail to secure these great bargains before it is too late.

# Early Potatoes!

MICHIGAN SEED COMP'Y,

Buchanan, Mich, **FOR** ≈

Seed Potatoes.

FURNITURE EMPORIUM.

Warranted Best in Market!

All Kinds and Prices Constantly on Hand.

UPHOLSTERING A SPECIALTY. REPAIRING PROMPTLY ATTENDED TO.

> AL HUNT, Main Street, Buchanan, Mich.

BRING HOME

OUR

STEP-LADDER.

WOOD & HOFFMAN

## W. TRENBETH.

Merchant Tailor

Has constantly in stock the largest stock and most desirable

FOREIGN AND DOMESTIC

## SUITINGS,

For Gentlemen's Wear,

to be found in Berrien county at the lowest living prices for good work.

## SPRING STOCK

now in, of which

## An Inspection is Solicited.

Buchanan Markets. Corrected weekly by Bishop & Kent.

Hay-\$6 @ \$10 per ton. Butter--18c.

Eggs-10c. Lard-Sc. Potatoes,-25c.

Salt, retail-\$1.00 Flour-\$4.00 @ \$6.00 per bbl., retail. Honey-16. Live poultry-6 @ Sc.

Wheat-95c. Oats -25c. Corn-32e@35c.

Beans-1.55@ 1.65. Buckwheat flour-\$6.00. Dressed pork-\$5.50 per cwt. Live Hogs-44c.

Wedding Present. So long as this notice appears in this place, the publisher of the RECORD will make a wedding present of THE BUCHANAN RECORD one year to any couple who marry and settle in Berrien county, the only requirement being that they apply for it within three months after their marriage. The same will be extended to those who are marnec within this county and go elsewhere to live, but such will be required to subscribe for one year, upon making application. That is, by paying the price of one year they will be given credit for two years and receive the RECORD that time.

GARDEN making time.

SPRING FEVER is prevailing to an alarming extent in this vicinity.

Mr. W. L. Hogy's was in town looking after his business here Thursday, BERRIEN SPRINGS wants two mails

a day. A railroad will bring them. MRS. SARAH VAN ZANT is moving

to this place to-day, from Dayton.

SUPERVISOR Vincent, of Three Oaks, was in town a few hours on Monday.

Does in Benton Harbor sheep fold. 43 dead sheep. The work of a two-

SEE the new advertisements of Bishop & Kent, W L. Hogue & Co., and Wood & Hoffman.

THE Benton Harbor Palladium is now issued twice a day. Boom the

DR. AND MRS. J. W. BEISTLE returned Saturday afternoon from their visit

MRS. WHITMAN and Frank returned Friday from Sedan Kansas, where they have been during the past winter.

A. B. SABIN will have charge of

accommodations at Diamond Lake, the coming season. THE RECORD office received an order

for one job, Saturday, that will use up about five tons of paper.

last evening, where he had been to buy goods for the Fair. MRS. HUTTON, of this place, was

JOHN MORRIS returned from Chicago

called to Summerville last week to attend the funeral of her cousin, Mrs. Ed. Wood.

REV. S. T. COOPER, of St. Joseph, is assisting the Methodists of New Carlisle, Ind., in a series of revival meet-

REV. S. L. HAMILTON was able to occupy his pulpit in the M. E. church, Sunday morning, but not able to con duct services in the evening.

A COMPANY from Chicago wants to put in waterworks in St. Joseph, and the village council have taken the offer under advisement.

FRIDAY morning was somewhat wintery. The mercury reached eighteen during the night, the coldest we had since February.

MR. SCHOTTLER, of Chicago, father of Mrs. Henry Grover, came to Buchanan to-day to make his daughter an -extended visit.

MRS. MARY STRAW and Frances Brown spent part of last week in Marcellus visiting the family of Ora Rem-

his home Sunday morning, after a short sickness of pneumonia.

ROUGH & EARL have bought a new saw mill outfit, and will put it into operation on the lake shore side of the county.

MRS. H. H. DAW, of Chicago, arrivvisit with her parents, Mr. and Mrs. accepted by the town when the proper to order and was favored with a duet Fremont,...........J. Schmans.

MRS. HANNAH MONTAGUE, who has been a resident of this iownship since 1850, died this morning, after a brief illness, aged 85 years.

Special business will be before the Grange, and a large attendance is re-WANTED .- A good rain followed by fair, warm weather. For farther par-

BUCHANAN GRANGE No. 40 will

meet next Saturday, at 2 o'clock.

A Cassopolis firm has a cold storage wareroom, and have thus far this spring bought 3,000 dozen eggs. There was talk a few weeks since of establishing a similar business in Buchanan.

ticulars, call upon the whole com-

REV. GATES, who has lately been engaged by the Christian society to preach for them, is having good congregations, and giving them some excellent sermons.

MISS LILLIE DALRYMPLE, who has been compositor in this office for several months, left for Benton Harbor Tuesday morning. She will keep

house for her brother, Jeff. Dalrymple. THE members of the Evangelical church, and our citizens generally, are glad to learn that Rev. J. A. Frye is returned to this place for the coming

John Inline, of Lawton, was in this place, last evening, to inspect some of the narrow gauge railroad property which he is talking of buying for his

road from Lawton to South Haven. GEO. M. DEWEY, Grand Master of the Grand Lodge of Michigan, I. O. O. F., will deliver a lecture on Odd Fellowship, in this place, on Wednesday evening, the 24th inst., to which the public

is cordially invited. A NUMBER of the Masonic frateenity went from this place to Niles Monday, to attend a "School of Instruction." We suppose they learned their lesson

thoroughly. At least they all arrived home before next morning. PROF. J. H. Smith, a New Troy lad, who has been engaged during the past year as Superintendent of the schools of Durango, Colorado, has just been re-

elected for two years, at a salary of

\$1,500 per year. If the wishes of the citizens of St. Joseph are complied with, the C. & W. M. railroad company will build a foot bridge in connection with their new railroad bridge, so the people of that "neck of woods" can get over to Mr. Plank's big tayern.

WILL Buchanan celebrate the centennial of Washington's inauguration, April 30, in any manner? The President has issued a proclamation recommending that it be observed as a day of thanksgiving and praise.

BENTON HARBOR will now try to extend her limits as a village, having failed to do so as a city, Representative Baker having introduced a skeleton bill for that purpose. The old fight will probably be resumed.

THE young ladies of the Presbyterian church will give a Butterfly social, at Rough's opera house, on Tuesday evening, April 16. Whether the butterflies will be served on toast or with ice-cream, we have not been informed. If you go you will find out.

HIGHEST temperature during the past two weeks, 74. Lowest, 18. At seven this morning, 52. The cold snap of last week, when the temperature reached 18, killed a large portion of the peach crop, but few live buds being found on the trees, when before they were well-filled.

D. B. Cook has the force in the Mirror office at work on a book of reminiscences by Mr. Cook, from his diary of experiences among the Indians in the early history of this corner of Michigan. He spent several years among the Indians, and should be able to prepare a very readable book.

ARRANGEMENTS are being made for the establishment of a local life insurrance and mutual aid association in this place. There is no good reason why a good and successful company with 300 to 500 members may not be kept in operation within Buchanan township and made of great benefit to many families. Every man who can should become a member.

ST. JOSEPH has two weekly and two daily papers, all Republican, and the township, which a few years since was solid Republican, is now in Democratic hands, and their strength on the increase. They may see to it, to the interest of the party, to start another Republican paper there

MARRIED.-Mr. Harvey D. Rough and Miss Cora Peck, were married Monday morning. April 8, at the home of the bride's parents in this place, Rev. J. N. Martin officiating. They have gone for a visit of a few days with Mr. Rough's sister, in the north part of this State, and will be at home to callers after April 15.

CLEAN UP.—Warm weather will soon be here, and if the garbage which has been thrown in the alleys, back lots, and other places, is not cleaned up we may look out for more than the usual amount of sickness. Every citizen should appoint a himself committee to look about his premises and give the same a thorough renovation, and thus protect himself and family from sick-

Mr. Dallin has been heard from, DAVID SMITH, one of the oldest citi- and expects to have decided upon what line will be wanted for the Indiana and Lake Michigan railroad in a short time. We may then know whether it will be of any use for Buchanan to talk to the company or not. If the railroad may be had without system, and, on the whole, it was a too great expense we want it, but not splendid paper, and the subject well badly enough to give the town away handled. in order to secure it. The offer made by Mr. Daillin when here was not an ed in this place yesterday noon for a exorbitant one, and will doubtless be five minutes, after which it was called

### MR. B. P. WELLS, of Pittsburgh, Pa, is home for a visit with his daughter, Mrs. J. F. Reynolds.

MARRIED.—April 10th, 1889, at the residence of H. C. French, by Rev. H. V. Warren, Mr. Emery H. Nash and Miss Belle Zerbe.

IRA EMMONS sold out his stock in Niles and will go to Marion, Ind., where he will open a bakery and lunch counter and will run a bread wagon. He is thoroughly satisfied with his last venture, without pursuing it further.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the post-office at Buchanan, Mich., for the week ending Apr., 9, '89: Pearl Gray, Mrs. Wm. G. Palmer.

J. G. MANSFIELD, P. M. THE "pigs in the clover" puzzle, which is now found in every "well regulated house," in Buchanan, is said to be the invention of Mr. Moses Lyman, a farmer living near Waverly, N.Y. He has a large number of children, and keeps a great many pigs. One day he wished to amuse his youngsters, and the idea of his famous puzzle came into his He thereupon made out of a piece of wood and a little pasteboard the original of the "pigs in clover." A toy manufacturing firm at Elkland, Tioga county, Pa., heard of his puzzle and made him a handsome offer, which he accepted, for the exclusive right to patent and manufacture the plaything. A fortune has already been made out

### of the fascinating little device.

Marriage Licenses.

552 | Henry Shafer, Three Oaks. Anna Geller, Fred Wright, Berrien township.

Harry Bennell, Laporte, Ind. Anna Cunningham, Three Oaks.

J Jerome Sebasty, Dayton. Julia Salisbury,

556 John S. Souders, Three Oaks. Sadie B. Breece,

558 (O. A. D. Koloff, Niles. Lizzie Renz, Niles.

Thomas N. Sellers, Buchanan. Merriba Sutermeister.

f Emory B. Nash, Buchanan. Belle Zerbe, Buchanan. Martin Wencel, Niles.

Josephine Amar, ' 562 | Barney Brant, Bainbridge. Anna Garrison, Pipestone. Wm. W. Burger, New Buffalo.

Ella Freely, Segme Hand, Berrien township.

May Wright, Chikaming.

565 Shoemaker, (col.) Pipestone. Minnie Mitchell (col.) Cass county. 566 { Harvey D. Rough, Buchanan. Cora Ida Peck, "

THE result of the election in this county causes the Democratic faces to be wreathed in smiles, because the figures show it to have given them the most votes. They also show that over 2000 voters did not think it worth while to go to the polls and cast their ballots. The following is the official

JUSTICE OF SUPREME COURT, C. B. Grant, Rep. Democratic plurality, 137 

Democratic plurality, 151.

FIRE.-Just after the shop whistles had blown for noon, Saturday, fire was discovered in the roof and garret of Churchill's toy furniture factory. The hand engine was promptly brought out and the flames held in check until the steamer was ready for action, when the fire was soon extinguished, but not until the roof of the building was riddled. The damage to the building and stock is estimated at about \$1,000. Insured in the Berrien and Cass County City and Village Mutual for \$1,000. It is not known just how the fire originated, but it is supposed to have come from the smoke-stack of the shop which is considerable of a fire spitter. In reparing the damage several changes will be made. The building will have a new roof, and there will doubtless be a different smoke-stack for that boiler to breath through. The fire is, as usual, at a bad time as the firm is crowded with work and will be considerably delayed. After the engine stopped work it was remarked that the building looked as if the creek had been turned up and the contents poured

## Berrien County Teachers' Association.

The Berrien County Teachers' Association met in the High School room, at Three Oaks, Mich., Saturday, April

The Association was called to order at 10 o'clock by the County Secretary of school examiners, Mr. C. B. Groat, who was elected chairman by the Association. Nellie M. Noggle was then elected Secretary.

The meeting was opened by music, followed by the presentation of the subject, "Fifth Reader", by O. L. Sutherland, which was well presented. and followed by many interesting discussions by the teachers.

The next subject was "School Hygiene," by Dr. F. Sovereign, who presented some very important facts to teachers regarding the health of their pupils while at school.

The meeting then adjourned till AFTERNOON SESSION.

At 1:30 P. M. the Association was called to order by the Chairman. The first on the program was music, followed by the subject "United States History", by P. H. Kelley, he presenting some good methods of teaching it. The next subject was "Primary

Number Work" by Miss Myrtie Pardee, who presented some good illustrations of subjects for teaching num-This was followed by the subject of "Grading and the Township District system," by Sec. C. B. Groat, who gave some important ideas in regard to the

After some short discussions on the System, the meeting took a recess of

## You Know

WHAT?

# You Can Save From 25 to 50 Per Cent.

By buying your goods of us.

Don't take our word for it but come and look for yourself.

## Dealer in Almost Everything.

THE

# 

BUCHANAN, MICH. JOHN MORRIS, Proprietor.

Smoke the "Richelieu" and "Metropolis" Cigars.

The next subject presented was ! Physiological Effect of Alcohol" by

was next introduced by B. F. Buck, who ably presented it.

The last subject presented was English in the High School," by Miss Minnie Sherwood, who presented it in an In the capitol building 15,136 feet of excellent manner. It was moved and supported that we nal.

have another institute in Berrien counto this year. Motion carried. It was moved and supported that its name be "Berrien County Teachers'

Association". Motion carried. It was moved and supported that O. L. Sutherland be elected President. Motion carried.

Miss Minnie Sherwood be elected Secretary. Motion carried. It was moved and supported that Mr. P. H. Kelley act as Treasurer. Motion carried.

It was moved and supported that

It was moved and supported that Miss Cannon, of New Buffalo, act as Vice-President. Motion carried. It was moved and supported that a committee of five be elected to draft a constitution, and prepare a program for the next meeting. Motion carried. The following persons were elected as from 25 to 40 per cent more for your members of the committee. Messrs.

Noggle, C. Anderson, A. G. Fisher. It was moved and supported that the next meeting be held six weeks from date, at Buchanan. Motion car-

B. F. Buck, A. C. Palmer, Misses Nellie

The meeting then closed with music. The attendance was good and a lively interest manifested. NELLIE M. NOGGLE, Sec.

Minutes of the Michigan Conference of the Evangelical Association.

The members of conference met in Woodland. Barry county, Mich., April 4th, 1889. Bishop R. Dubs, D. D., was Chairman, and H. Schneider, J. Geo. Haller and J.A. Frye, were Secretaries. Rev. Garlick, of the Michigan conference of the M. E. church, addressed the conference as a delegate from his conference, and J. Geo. Haller was appointed to bear our fraternal greeting to the Michigan conference of the M.

E. church. J. W. Loose was re-elected conferen**ce** treasurer. II. Schneider and J. Geo. Haller were

during the year. Rev. Hershiser, of the U. B. church, was introduced to conference. J. Snyder, F. Klump, B. F. Wade, H. Spittler and C. S. Brown, remain in the

itinerancy for one year without appointment. Rev. S. Heininger, corresponding secretary of the Parent Missionary Society, H. Mattill, junior book agent | ture. of Cleveland, O., and J. Lerch, Treas. of North Western College, were re-

ceived as advisory members. E. Weiss, C. C. Staffeld. S. Coply and G. A. Heitler, are the Presiding Elders. Deacon orders was voted to J. Schuknecht, A. Ostroth, F. Kæhler, W. D. Garmertsfelder and C. C. Weber.

N. Frye, F. C. Berger and J. J. Marshall, were promoted to the office of Officers of the Missionary Society, G. A. Hettler, Pres.; C. C. Staffeld, Vice-

Pres.; J. A. Frye, Secy.; H. Schneider, License to preach was voted to John Holsapple, F. W. Dill, Wm. Bulgreen, J. M. Nyce, E. B. Hubble, D. C. Shafer, J. Hummel and John Sass.

Conference claimants, J. Borough, A. Nicolai, J. Trometer, C. Rohm, Mrs Pontius, Mrs. Winter. Cass City was chosen as the place of our next conference, to commence

April 3, 1890. The examination of the junior preachers shall begin April 1. The conference organized itself into a Fire Ins. company for the purpose of insuring church property and ministers household goods and libraries. The following officers were elected: C. C. Staffeld, Pres.; S. Coply, Vice-Pres.; J. A. Frye, Treas.; J. G. Haller, Secy. Board of Directors, E. Weiss, G. A. Hettler, J. M. Fox, J. M. Houg, A. A.

Scheurer, W. H. Wagner and L. Broom.

the Bishop on Sabbath morning will

The ordination sermon preached by

never be forgotten by those who heard it. In the afternoon the brethren who were promoted were solemnly ordained under showers of divine blessings. A missionary meeting followed when eleven hundred dollars was raised in a very short time. Thus ended a very pleasant conference session, and we felt sad to part, thinking that perhaps we would never meet again, until we meet around God's throne above.

The following is our district: St. Joseph Dist., ... G. A. Hettler, P. E. Buchanan, ..............................J. A. Frye. Portage Prairie, ...... H. F. Strauch St. Joseph, ..... N. Fry and J. Heximer. Bainbridge, ...... Wm. Berge. Lima,.....A. Frye, Marcellus, ......................J. Young. Park, . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . . F. C. Berger. Vicksburg, ...... J. W. Loose Marshall,......J. C. Deitrich.

The operation of the incandescent lamps can be seen any night at the Dr. J. S. Pardee, who ably presented it | capitol, where over 300 are in use. Beand also showed some interesting ex- sides giving a very superior light, the decorative effect is magnificent. The "English in the Common Schools" 24 lamps in the rotunda illuminate that space with almost the brightness of day and the tamps in the House and Senate shed soft rays, which penetrate every nook and corner of the halls. insulated wire are laid .- Lansing Jour-

### Locals.

EGGS FOR HATCHING. Rose Comb Brown Leghorn and Partridge Cochin eggs, thorough bred, from Lytle Strain, for sale.

S. E. CADWELL. North end Detroit St.

Try Pure 50c Tea for 30c, 4 pounds MORGAN & Co. I want to hire a good stout boy, twelve or sixteen years old. Will give

AMOS FARLING. Eggs for hatching. Pure bred PLY-J. G. HOLMES.

MOUTH ROCK. Don't wait until W. L. Houge & Co. are gone and when you have to pay Boots, Shoes and Clothing and then complain, for we have given you ample notice so that you may avail yourselves of the great bargains which we are giving to our customers.

Baby Carriages at AL HUNT'S.1 Ladies, to know what a nice line of Dress Goods and Trimmings we have, you want to call and see them at // HIGH & DUNCAN'S.

Ladies, our Millinery trade is Boomng, we give you a choice line of Hats for 25c at BOYLE & BAKER'S. Why, Mrs. Smith, what lovely Bread you have! Yes, it is BOARDMAN & Wehrle's home-made Bread.

We are now receiving almost daily

new lines of Goods for Spring Trade

Please call in and be sociable. WEAVER & CO. Tissue paper for Flower making, all shades. Also Leaves, Centers, Stems,

P. O. NEWS DEPOT. Notwithstanding the rumors to the contrary, W. L. HOGUE & Co. are positively going to remove their stock to Benton Harbor in a short time, and elected Editors of Conference Journal | now is the time to secure your goods J. Frankhouser and W. Shiry died at strictly wholesale cost.

Look at those Hats for twenty-five

cents at BOYLE & BAKER'S. 5 MARION SHINN has rented the old Bristmill office, and is buying old Rubber, Rags and other truck in that line Challie Delains only Sc per yard at 200 pieces Crinkled Seersuckers, in pink, HIGH & DUNCAN'S.

Remember where to buy your Furni-AL HUNT'S. 3 Now is the time to get best choice 200 pieces Renfrew Dress Styles Ginghams, in Millinery while the assortment is

complete, at MAY TREMMEL'S. 20 Seed Sweet potatoes at BISHOP & KENT'S. All kinds of Seeds at . A BISHOP & KENT'S.

Newest Styles in Millinery at MAY TREMMEL'S. Splendid Hosiery only 10c per pair at HIGH & DUNCAN'S. We are in Chicago and will be home

Proprietors Seed Emporium. 5

Saturday with all of the latest styles and new wrinkles in Spring Millinery. MRS. BINNS. Hay, Corn and Oats for sale at the

Shaker Farm. H. J. HOWE. Forty-cent tea for 25 cents at BOARDMAN & WHERLE Church's Improved Alabastine, the

est wall finish, at W. H. KEELER'S DRUG STORE. Wall Paper, New Patterns and New prices at

W. H. KEELER'S DRUG STORE. Plenty of Hats at MRS. J. P. BINNS. Lots of New Goods at

Do you want a Bargain? A Three

Rivers Threshing Machine, in fair con-

dition, for sale at a pargain. Enquire

HIGH & DUNCAN'S.

of ROBERTS, THROP & CO., Three Rivers, Mich. Go to the SEED EMPORIUM for all kinds of Seeds.

BINNS'? Box Paper, at Call and see our Wood Fiberware. Buy a Washdish and it will never rust MORGAN & CO. 🗲 FOR RENT OR SALE.-I have a sec-

ond hand piano for rent or sale cheap.

Have you seen that elegant new

Our garden seeds are here. Come arly. TREAT BROS. New Handkerchiefs, New Scrim New Ginghams, lots of New things at CHARLIE HIGH'S. It is no mistake, we show the best

line of Dress Goods in town. BOYLE & BAKER. Fancy Dress Goods and Trimmings to match, something new, at BOYLE & BAKER'S.

CHARLES A. SIMONDS & CO., ALWAYS LEAD BUT NEVER FOLLOW IN THE

## BOOT AND SHOE TRADE

Fifty cases of new Spring Stock shipped from Eastern factories, Feb. 21st, due here on Tuesday the 25th. Without fear of contradiction it will be the largest and most complete Stock ever opened up in Berrien County. With special bargains now in stock we defy any and all competition. A few odds and ends in stock at nearly half price. Bargains for any and all. Don't forget to give us a call.

43 MAIN STREET. NILES, MICH.

Ho! Ho! You will not know what

New Spring Goods at TRENBETH's.

FOR SALE.—Choice Seed Barley.

me and see at HOYLE & BAKER'S.

TREAT BROST

CHAS. F. HOWE.

HIGH & DUNCAN.

unless you com@and see at

New Goods this week at

thing you want, all fresh at

ing either, see me before buying.

settled accounts and notes have been

left with Charles Pears for collection.

All persons knowing themselves to be

indebted to me please call and settle.

DRESS-MAKING.

dress-making in the latest styles and

give good work. Call at her home on

W. O. HAMILTON will sell good

Wall Paper and Decorations

before you buy.

New and Second-Hand.

---AT---

W. H. KEELER'S

DRUG STORE.

blue and gray, shilling goods, for 61/4e

ten cent goods for 614c. 16 yards for

200 pieces Standard Prints, worth 7c, for

50 dozen half-dollar Ladies' Fast Black

50 dozen fancy stripe Balbriggan Ladies'

50 dozen Misses' Fancy Stripe Hose, 5 to

50 dozen Lisle Thread Gloves, 25 cent

50 dozen Silk Gloves, broken lots, worth

500 pieces all Silk Picot Edge Moire Rib-

One lot of 6-inch Sash Ribbon, half-dollar

One lot of 300 fine Stockenet Jackets,

60 pair 3-yard long Turkoman Curtains

We are of the opinion that our goods all

through the house are cheap, cheaper than

you can get the same quality of goods for

anywhere. We buy these goods wherever

we can get them the cheapest, and when

we get the goods home here we guess how

much we will sell them for, but if you

think any of them are too high we might

We don't aim to pay much of anything

for our goods and we don't aim to charge

you much of anything for them, if we do.

its most all profit and that is the reason

we are all smiles and always ready and

COME AND SEE US.

South Bend, iInd.

Open until 6 o'clock except Saturday night.

willing to show you what we have.

bon, No. 5 for 7c, No. 7 for 9c, No. 9 for

Hose, full fashioned, 2 pair for 25 cents.

Stockings for 25 cents per pair.

81/2 inches, 4 pair for 25 cents.

50 cents per pair, for 25 cents.

11c, No. 12 and 16 for 13c.

goods, for 25 cents per yard.

\$2 per pair, usual price \$4.

mostly colors, worth \$6, for \$4.

16 yards for \$1.00.

5c. 20 yards, \$1.

quality, 10c a pair.

One door east of post office.

Day's Avenue, near the depot.

Milk and as cheap as anybody

Miss Elmira Burrus is prepared to do

T. F. H. SPRENG.

It pays to trade with

Ve have a full line.

Call and see them.

### BOXES TO RENT IN THE nobby Prints and Satteens we have, Evaporated fruits are very cheap,

# Citizens' National Bank,

NILES MICH

Ladies, come and see our New Dress | Giving absolute protection from burglary and fire. Please call and inspect these vaults. They are the

Go to High & Duncan for Bargains.

TAKE NOTICE.—All of my unettled accounts and notes have been CLOVER.

BARLEY, BLUE GRASS. WALL PAPER. ORCHARD GRASS,

# GARDEN SEEDS.

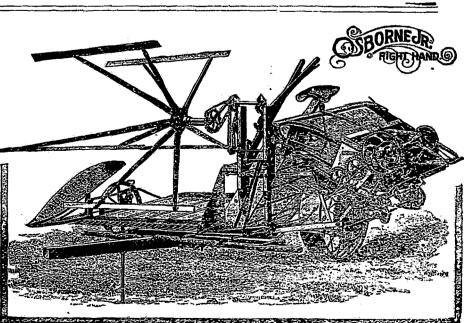
AND

Garden Seeds that you have always paid 5c a paper for, we sell 3 for 10c,

# BISHOP & KENT, CASH STORE.

As Spring approaches, please bear in mind that

are better prepared than ever to supply your wants in Paints, Oils Glass, Doors, and Sash, Builders' Hardware of all kinds, Lime, Cement, Hair, Plaster, &c. A large stock of Steel and Wire Nails, and the old reliable Glidden Barbed and Smooth Wire Fencing,



WE HAVE THE AGENCY FOR THE

# BINDERS AND MOWERS.

These Machines have had a very large sale. Over 300,000 of them have been sold since Binders came into use. There

market price. Call and see the Machines on exhibition.

TREAT BROS., Agts., Buchanan.

Goods, Ginghams, Prints, Hdkfs, and in fact a general assortment of any only ones in Berrien County. HIGH & DUNCAN HIGH & DUNCAN. SEEDS! Look at the New Goods at /7 BOYLE & BAKER'S. Don't forget that I still sell Pianos and Organs. If you contemplate buy-J. G. HOLMES.

or 8 papers for 25c.

GEO. WYMAN & CO.

### We have so many good bargains to set out for April we hardly know where to ROE BROS commence, but here goes for the space we

just received.

Call and examine and get prices.

M. OSBORNE & CO.

are 125 of the Harvesters and Binders in use in this vicinity and all giving perfect satisfaction. We will be able to furnish all with TWINE at lowest

First Viva Voce, and Consequent "Intimidation"-Then Ballots with Bribery, "Stuffing" and "Repeating"-The Rhines System by Typewriting-Indiana Law.

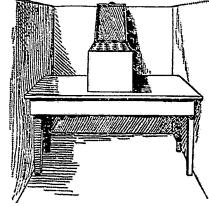
Ever since voting by ballot began there has been more or less talk of "ballot reform," and the need of it has confessedly grown so great in the United States within a few years past that a few old men in the west have raised their voices in favor of a return to the system of their youth, namely, "voting by word of mouth." In Kentucky plenty of old men can remember when the principal candidates sat by the poll clerks in the larger towns, and when a voter announced his choice the favored candidate bowed with old



RHINES SYSTEM-TOP OF BOX. time grace and thanked him for his vote. In Great Britain and Ireland this viva voce system prevailed till quite a recent period, but like nearly all the general laws on the rela-tions of persons it had to be abolished on account of the peculiar condition in Ireland. Thirty years ago or more the visitor to any

good sized market town in Ireland on election day, might have seen more than one curious caravan filing in from the country; in front, on his blooded roadster, was the rosy and often ponderous landlord; behind him several vans or farm wagons fitted for riding, and behind and on either flank outriders to see that nobody slipped away. It was the noble landlord bringing in his "free and independent tenants" to vote! In many instances the whole gang would be intoxicated. Of course the tenant was "intimidated," and so voting by ballot had to be introduced, and then arose another evil scarcely less than intimidation. But as to buying votes, of course "the other side began it" and so "our side had to" or suffer a disadvantage. The expense finally became so enormous—for the oters were massed in clubs with agents authorized to contract for the vote of the whole club-that all parties had to combine and limit the amount a candidate might spend besides still further securing the secrecy of the ballot, and Great Britain is just now in the middle of that experiment.

The English speaking people have in various parts of the world tried almost every conceivable scheme of suffrage and balloting, and the states of the American Union have in turn improved upon the experience. Just at present the drift is toward the Australian system and several states are debating or have adonted some modification of it. This system involves three important things: The voting



RHINES SYSTEM-REAR VIEW OF COMPART-MENT. is in an inclosure where no "heelers," "work-

ers" or "boodlers" can get within fifty or one hundred feet of the voter, the ballots are all printed by the government, so there can be no trickery in that line, and finally the voter must exercise some intelligence if he succeeds in voting his wishes. The annexed cut will give a fair idea of the recesses (derisively called "bathhouse booths") to which the voter retires to do his "scratching." If he cannot read a clerk sworn to secrecy must fix his ballot for him. And this is substantially the system lately adopted in Indiana and ex-

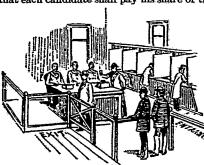
plained below.

The greatest novelty, however, is the Rhines system, voting with a typewriter, now under discussion in Michigan and described in The Buffalo News. The projectors claim that this has all the secrecy of the Australian system, is just as cheap and convenient, and counts the votes as they go in, and they explain it in these words:

After an elector has been found to be entitled to vote he goes to the compartment in which the voting machine is standing. He sees before him a box with a cover. Raising the cover, which sounds a bell, a number of rows of keys or but-tons are disclosed. Each row represents some one party, and each row is of a different color. On the face of each key is the name of the candidate, while on the side of the key is the name of the

The voter presses a button and it remains down. It has pressed against a roll of paper underneath, making a clear mark of a figure, which figure is the total number of votes that particular candidate up to that time has received. He does this with as many candidates as he wishes to vote for. when the shift down the lid of the machine, the keys are released and the box is ready for the next voter. When the last vote is polled the machine has faithfully recorded and counted every vote, and it only remains for the

inspectors to announce the result. Of course there are many precautions against fraud and "repeating." The bill presented in the Michigan legislature provides that each candidate shall pay his share of the



THE AUSTRALIAN SYSTEM. expense: For the secretary of state, \$50; for a county clerk, \$30; and so on down the grade. Also for different machines for state, county and congressional and presidential elector tickets, and for screens to hide the machine while the voter is typing down his choice. In each compartment is this big notice:

Raise the cover and vote; having voted, close it. Do not open or close the cover more than once Now there is one serious objection to all these schemes: they give the parties no chance to change their minds after the tickets are sent out, and in the United States it very often happens that candidates are withdraw and new combinations made on the very night before the election. A candidate may die or flee to Canada just before the voting begins, or (it is at least barely possible) he may decline. So it is probable that the practical Americars will settle down finally to a system which secures perfect secrecy and discards the rest of the Rhines or Australian business. When it is impossible for any one to get near the voter while he prepares and puts in his bal-lot bribery will almost cease, for the bribers know that a man who sells his vote cannot be depended on to "deliver."

Indiana has been engaged at intervals for forty years in "reforming" her election laws, and has at last got a law that is truly "ironelad." The difficulty suggested to the common mind on reading it is that its provisions are so complex that the operators will fail to observe some of the technicalities, and so raise a dispute about the validity of

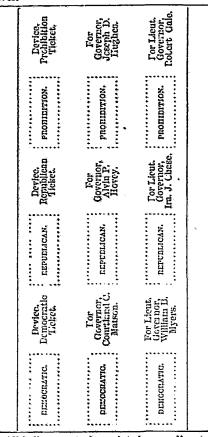
When the state was new and contained no large cities, men were allowed to vote any sort of paper they saw fit, and many cases occurred of men's putting tax receipts, private notes, etc., in the box. One well known citizen actually voted a memorandum for groceries handed him by his wife. In those appy days the judges put in whatever the voters handed up, and returned to the owner any private paper found in the box. Written tickets continued in very general use till 1856; then the fashion of having party tickets distinctly marked came into notice. During the war and the few years following this practice became a great abuse. Republican tickets were colored red-white-and-blue, and

Democratic spangled all over with flags, eagles and other emblems.

This was "reformed" by a law that all tickets should be on plain white paper, and thereafter the distinction was maintained by varving the size and shape. Then the legislature prescribed the exact length, breadth and thickness of the paper; there were to be no distinguishing marks whatever and be-tween each name and the following there must be room for the "scratcher" to write in

mel hames. And profession in the mesocous "pastor," Each candidate had his workers t each polling place with little slips arranged "hooks" and nicely gummed for the 'soratcher" who did not want to be recognized by his handwriting, to paste over the other fellow's name on the regular party ticket. And so the law continued till this

But now bribery came in and beat all laws. In 1868 it began to be whispered that "money was used at elections." In 1873 it became certainty. In 1876 the bribery was noto-rious, and in 1880 worse still. So a new law became a necessity; and the Hon. Mr. Andrews has exhausted the resources of statesmanship in compiling a statute to meet every device. Its first, and probably most important, provision is that the voting shall be done in a room which the voters shall enter not more than three at a time, where they shall prepare the ballots handed them by the poll clerks and in which there shall be no inquiry, overlooking or electioneering what-



All ballots are to be printed according to the form shown above, by public authority, those of the state on red tinted paper, those of the county on plain white; the box for state tickets is in like manner, red, and that for county and local tickets white. The judges and clerks are to be of different parties as now, the inspector the regular town-ship trustee. All the names of all the candidates are on one ticket, which will necessarily be a sort of handbill affair; and the act goes so far as to specify that the first column on the left shall contain the names of Democratic candidates, the next that of Republican, the next Prohibition and thereafter the candidates of any party which shall have cast I per cent, of the total vote at the previous election or proved its existence by petition,

signed by a prescribed number of names. The ballots are printed and preserved under most stringent regulations against theft; all the mutilated or doubtful are to be scaled in a bag and preserved by the county clerk, and all the others are to be burned as soon as the counting is complete. All those not used are to be burned. The voter has a booth to retire to while preparing his ballot (by striking out names he does not vote) and if he cannot read a clerk may do it for him under bond of secrecy. The penalties prescribed are severe: anywhere from three months to ten years' imprisonment and fines from \$100 upward. And there are over 100 specific regulations as to what "must not be."

J. Lowrie Bell. J. Lowrio Bell, the newly appointed superintendent of the railway mail service, has been in the railroad business all his life. They say that what about railroads isn't worth know-

ing. He was connected with the Philadelphia and Reading railroad for more than thirty years, and for ten years he was general traffic manager of the born in Reading. J. LOWRIE BELL

Pa., and is over 50 years of age. He was a lieutenant of the famous First regiment of Philadelphia during the war, and accompanied his command to the front in the Gettysburg campaign of 1863. Mr. Bell is a

THEIR RECORDS TOLD.

FOUR OF UNCLE SAM'S NEWLY SELECTED MINISTERS.

Allen Thorndike Rice, Patrick Egan, W. W. Thomas, George B. Loring and John

Hicks-Where They Were Born and Where They Were Taught. Mr. Allen Thorndike Rice, who has been made United States minister to Russia, is quite a young man for so important a mission. He was born in Boston in 1853. It is said of

his ancestors on the maternal side that the first of the Thorndike family in this country came over at the same time with Governor Winthrop, and that one of his English ancestors, a bishop, was banished and driven to the Cape Colonies for a spirit of toleration which was regarded as heresy. He was sub-sequently pardoned, and was buried in Westminster Abbey. Two of Mr. Rice's American ancestors took an active part, as officers, in the revolutionary war. His father was a successful merchant in New York, and acquired a considerable property. The Thorndikes were also noted Boston merchants, Mr. Rice's great-grandfather being one of the great

shipping merchants of his day. Although the Thorndikes were originally a Massachusetts family, his mother, Miss Thorndike, belonged When Mr. Rice was 9 years of age he was taken abroad and remained in Europe five years, returning to America in 1867. In 1871

he went to England, and was graduated at Oxford in 1875. He afterwards studied law at the Columbia Law school, in New York. He is known rather as a literary man than a politician, having early literary pursuits by contributions to the New York press and to periodical

literature. In 1876 he purchased The ALLEN THORNDINE RICH. He was then only 23 years old, but assumed the editorship himself. It was then a quarterly. It had so run down that it was no longer a profitable prop-erty. The last editor before Mr. Rice was Henry Adams, and his predecessor was James Russell Lowell. Mr. Rice took the

periodical to New York, made it first bimonthly and in the following year a monthly. Under the management of Lowell and Adams it appears that its circulation had reached so low a point that its demise was only a ques tion of a few months. In less than two years Mr. Rice re-established it as a conspicuous and influential organ of public opinion and, it is understood, made it a most profitable property. Mr. Rice first inaugurated the system in it of selecting the leading repre-sentatives of great interests, and experts, to state their views on both sides of every great question, irrespective of creed or party. In 1884 he bought a controlling interest in "Le Matin," one of the principal papers in Paris, which he still holds, and is still editor of The

Mr. Rice has visited Europe several times, where he has a very large acquaintance among distinguished people. In England he enjoyed the society of Gladstone, the late John Bright, and the leaders of the Irish Parliamentary party. Mr. Rice happened to be in Paris at the time of the French revolution of 1870, and was one of the eighteen-although only a spectator—who entered the Hotel de Ville with Gambetta and heard the republic proclaimed to the surging crowd below.

Mr. Rice also devoted nearly two years of his life to organizing and directing the expedition for the exploration of the ruins of Central America, which went out under the joint auspices of the United States and French governments. This enterprise was successful and gave to each nation a valuable museum. In 1886 he ran for congress on the Republican ticket, but was defeated. He pursued those who were instrumental in his defeat and secured their expulsion from the local organization. His action resulted in his recomalso succeeded in getting a plank for ballot reform into the platforms of the Republican and United Labor parties in 1887. His literary work consists in having edited 'Reminiscences of Abraham Lincoln' and ontributed to "Ancient Cities of the Nev

Patrick Egan, who is to represent the United States in Chili, was born at Shrule, near Ballyhanin, Ireland, in 1841. When h reached man's estate he became a corn merchant in Dublin. Taking an interest in Irish politics he joined the Home Rule league and ecamo one of its council. He was also one of the founders of the land league and was at one time its treasurer. In 1880 he was indicted with other prominent leaders for conspiring to incite the Irish tenantry to illegal acts, was tried and the jury disagreed. After the Phoenix park murders in 1883 he came to America and settled in 1883 at Lincoln, Neb., where he entered the grain business. The next year he was elected president of the Irish National league.

In 1885 an attempt was made to assassinate nim. On the occasion of the Irish national ball given in Lincoln, at which Mr. Egan was present, an or dinary chip basket was handed to him by a little boy, with the message that it contained a bouquet of flowers from a local con-Wiservatory. The weight of the bassuspect that it was a joke gotten up by some person, par ticularly as a card PATRICK EGAN.

attached to the bas ket bore the legend: "To the president of the Irish league-From a friend of Ireland and liberty." He had it sent quietly to the cloak room, and when the event had passed out of the recollection of those about him he sent his son Francis to examine it. The young man proceeded to the cloak room, where he found the man in charge pale with anxiety, and who said he was just about to pitch the basket out of the

During the intervals of silence he heard the monotonous ticking inside the basket, and he became considerably excited. Francis took the paper from the basket and found inside a long tin box. Raising the lid the alarm started, and he had just time enough to place his finger over the cartridge of a pistol inside when the hammer descended on his digit. He then dismembered the apparatus and placed it away carefully, reporting to his father that it was only a pistol fixed with clockwork, the barrel buried in sawdust sat urated with oil. The young man didn't know what sawdust saturated with oil might mean. and to him it appeared harmiess enough Knowledge of the whole matter was confined to about four persons, and the festivities pro ceeded without interruption to the close. Mr. Uran is a small man with wellowisl gray bair, a broad forehead, large head, blue eyes and smiling lips. In conversation be impresses one as having intellectual and cultured intelligence.

This is the second time that Mr. William Widgery Thomas, Jr., has been appointed United States Minister to Sweden and Nor-He was born in Portland, Me., in 1839, and is a graduate of Bowdoin college, class of 1860 Tom Reed was one of his classmates. After Mr. Thomas left college he began studying law, but he was not admitted to the bar until later. President Lincoln sent him abroad, and he was in turn vice con sul at Constantinople, consul at Galatz, Mol davia and consul at Gothenburg, Sweden. He did so well in his foreign missions that Secretary Seward conveyed to him the thanks of the state department. He learned the Swedish language while in Gothenburg and translated "The Lost Athenian," by Victor Rydborg, into English.

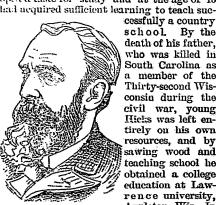
When he returned to the United States he was admitted to the bar and began practicing law. But he became interested in Swedish immigration, and in 1870 he went over to Sweden and brought back a colony of fifty persons. A settlement was founded in Maine called New Sweden. It has grown now to 2,000, and is the most successful colony founded since the revolution. Mr. Thomas has been a member of the Maine house of representa-1883 President Arthur appointed him minis ter to Sweden and Norway. In his official

of Sweden he spoke in the Swedish language, which tickled the king and his subjects greatly. In fact, Mr. Thomas made himself popular with the Swedish people, and they will be glad no doubt to see him back again at hist old post. When the Swedes in the United States held their grand w. w. THOMAS, JR.

celebration in Minncapolis, last September, Mr. Thomas was selected as the orator. This shows that the Swedish people on this side of the water like him too.

When Mr. Thomas was over in Sweden he fell in love with one of the ladies of the Swedish court, and, what is more to the point, he married her. So the Swedish people will have a double reason for heartly welcoming the new United States minister to their

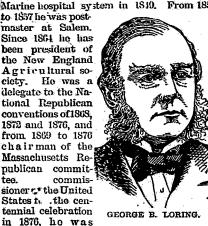
Col. John Hicks, the new minister to Peru was born at Auburn, N. Y., April 12, 1847, but removed with his parents to Wisconsin in He grew up in that newly started region at a time when schools and facilities for reading were scarce, but he early developed a taste for study and at the age of 15



school. By the death of his father, who was killed in South Carolina as a member of the Thirty-second Wisconsin during the civil war, young Hicks was left enresources, and by sawing wood and teaching school he education at Law rence university, Appleton, Wis. In

as a reporter on The Oshkosh Northwestern: in 1870 he became one of the proprietors and soon after purchased the interest of his partner, Cer. T. S. Allen. His paper is the most important in Wisconsin, outside of Milwaukee and in the last campaign Col. Hicks was club, and did active service in the campaign by stump speeches and through his paper. Col. Hicks is president of the Wisconsin Press association and vice president of the National Editorial association, and his appointment gives general satisfaction to the newspaper men of his state. He has never held office, but is a man of affairs and stands high in his state. At the time of the visit of the National Editorial association to the city of Mexico, in 1888, Col. Hicks, on behalf of the visitors delivered an address to President Diaz which was highly spoken of.

Dr. George B. Loring, who has been made United States minister and consul general of the United States to Portugal, was born at North Andover, Mass., in 1817. He was graduated with the class of 33 at Harvard and studied medicine. From 1845 to 1850 he served as surgeon in charge of the Marine hospital at Chelsea, Mass., and was one of the commissioners to revise the United States Marine hospital system in 1819. From 1853

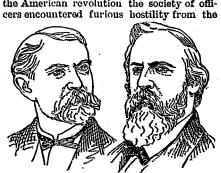


tennial celebration in 1876, ho was elected to congress in the same year and served till 1881, when he was made commissioner of agriculture. This position he held for four years. Doctor Loring is the author

John Field, who is likely to be Philadelphia's next postmaster, was two years ago offered a salary of \$25,000 a year to take charge of Mr. Wanamaker's wholesale business. He declined the offer because he did not care to sink his personality in another man's business. As postmaster his salary will be \$6,000.

THE LOYAL LEGION. It is About to Hold a Big Meeting in

When the great civil war ended and the soldiers of the United States returned to their homes it required no prophet to foresee that they would form some permanent organization, and that it would be an object of very great interest to politicians. But in many respects the experience of the last twenty our years has differed wonderfully from that of the cras following most wars. After the American revolution the society of offi-



LKW. WALLACE, R. B. HAYES, civilian statesmen, and it required all the popularity of Washington to secure any sort toleration for it. We see with surprise that nearly all the members of the early congresses were "men of the gown;" the soldiers of the revolution were not one in ten in either cabinet or legislature. Since the civil war, on the contrary, the soldiers have carried all before them; a state or county ticket without soldier on it is a curiosity, and the Grand Army of the Republic seems to grow more popular every year.

The Loyal Legion had from the start a slightly different experience, nor are the objections to it quite silenced yet. It consists entirely of commissioned officers, and consequently encountered at the first much the ame opposition as did the "Order of Cincinnatin after the revolution, and some sharp criticism from private soldiers also. But it has persevered and is to-day one of the great institutions of the country, with a commandery in almost every state and territory, ex-President R. B. Hayes being its present commander-in-chief, and Col. John P. Nicholson.

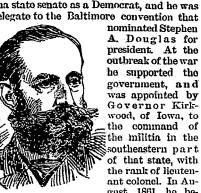
of Philadelphia, its recorder-in-chief. On the 10th of April the sixth quadrennial conference of this legion will meet in Cincinnati. The congresses, as the title indicates, are held but once in four years, and consist of three delegates from each commandery and the general offices. The local commanderies of course meet much oftener, and the Ohio commandery will meet in Cincinnati at the same time, having its annual dinner on the evening of the 10th at the Gibson House. As the local commandery will entertain the congress the occasion will be one of rare interest. The veterans have done so well in civil life

hat an assemblage of great soldiers is necessarily an assemblage containing many men eminent in literature, art and government. The talent of the country was in the war, north and south; and in the latter far more completely than in the former, for the very sufficient reason that no one was left out for want of an invitation. The coming congress will include such men as Maj. Gen. Lew Wallace, Brig. Gen. John Cochrane, Brig. Gen. Wm. E. Strong of Illinois, Maj.-Gen. Jacob D. Cox of Ohio, Maj. J. W. Paddock of Nebraska, Col. James R. Hallowell of Kansas, Maj. Hoyt Sherman of Iowa and many others.

GEN. CYRUS BUSSEY.

The Assistant Secretary of the Interior His Rise in Life. Gen. Cyrus Bussey, who has been appointed ssistant secretary of the department of the

interior, is a good type of the self made man. Gen. Bussey started out on his career when he was 14 years of age. He was born, by the way, in Hubbard county, O., in 1833, and his father was a Methodist minister; consequently he was obliged to "hustle for him-At 14, he was clerk in a dry goods store in Dupont, Ind., and at 16, he was a prosperous merchant. While he was getting uccess in a business way, he managed at the same time to put in two or three hours a day at study, and when he was 22, he not only had good liberal education, but he had studie edicine for two years with his brother. In 1858 Mr. Bussey was elected to the Indiana state senate as a Democrat, and he was a delegate to the Baltimore convention that



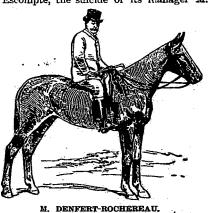
ant colonel. In Aucame colonel of the Third Iowa volunteer cavalry, which he had raised, and joined the Army of the Southvest. He commanded a brigade in the battle of Pea Ridge, took part in the Arkansas campaign of 1862, and on July 10 led the Third brigade of Steele's division. From Jan. 11, 1863, until April he commanded the district of eastern Arkansas. Then he took charge of the Second cavalry division of the Army of the Tennessee. He was chief of cavalry at the siege of Vicksburg, led the ad-vance in Sherman's movements against Johnton and defeated Jackson at Canton July

17, 1863. On Jan. 5, 1864, he was made brigadier general for "special gallantry," and shortly afterward was given command of western Arkansas and the Indian territory with the Third division of the Seventh corps. Fort Smith, its headquarters, was the resort of adventurers, and drunkenness and theft prevailed among the troops to an alarming extent. Gen. Bussey succeeded in breaking up corruption and restoring discipline in a short time. In March, 1865, he was breveted major general. After the war he resumed business as a commission merchant, first in St. Louis and then in New Orleans. He was a delegate to the Republican convention of 1868 which nominated Gen. Grant for presilent, was for six years president of the New Orleans chamber of commerce and chairman of a committee of that body that obtained from congress the appropriation for Capt. Eads' jetties at the mouth of the Mississippi. In 1881 he went to New York and engaged in

The Speed of Trains. Says Professor Hadley: "The speed of railroad trains is restricted within three theoretical limits: First, a physical limit of eighty miles an hour, beyond which it is found impossible for a train to hold the track; second, an operating limit of sixty miles an hour, which practical experience has found trains cannot run without much damage to life: third, a commercial limit of thirty miles per hour, at which, all things considered, it is found most economical to run a train."-New York Tribune.

M. DENFERT-ROCHEREAU.

He Was the Manager of the Comptoir D'Escompte and He Killed Himself. The sudden collapse of the great French copper trust," the consequent failure of the banking concern known as the Comptoir d'Escompte, the suicide of its manager M.



Denfert-Rochereau and the three days' panic and run on the banks are the latest sensations in Paris. The public were so interested that for two days they stopped talking about Bouanger, which shows how deeply France was stirred. There was a meeting of directors at which some harsh things were said to the manager, and he at once went home and committed suicide by shooting himself in the head. M. Denfert-Rochereau was most favorably known for probity and business ability, and in thirty years' business as a banker had uniformly been prudent; he consented with the other directors to advance money to the copper syndicate, and the consequent imputation on his honesty was more than he could bear. He was a widower with two children. The directors assert that his suicide was not due to criticism, but to the receipt of a telegram from the Russian government ordering the Comptoir d' Escompte to hand over the bal-ance of the Russian loan, 30,000,000 francs, to another bank. This completed the ruin

\* 7.

Exemplation shows that the bank had 31,-000,000 francs' worth of copper in its ware house. It had also advanced 73,000,000 francs on second mortgage on copper, and had guaranteed for two years the contracts of three great mines and agreed to take 80,000 tons more. In short, its whole capital and reserve were embarked in copper when that metal fell over one-third in price, "with a further downward tendency." The syndicate holds 160,000 tons of copper, which cost it over \$50,000,000, and its losses cannot be much less than \$20,000,000. The shares of the Comptoir d' Escompte fell from 1,000 francs to 350, and its affairs will be wound up, its assets having been passed over to the

REAR ADMIRAL KIMBERLY.

He Commanded the American Ships Re-

ported to Be Lost. The three United States war ships composing the Pacific squadron which were a few days ago reported lost in a cyclono off Samoa -the Trenton, Vandalia and Nipsic-were under command of Rear Admiral Kimberly. Louis Ashfield Kimberly was born in Troy, N. Y., in 1830, and with his father, who was a practicing physician, removed very early in life to Chicago, then but a handful of houses clustered about

Fort Dearborn. Dr. Kimberly grew up with the infant town, and occupied many prominent positions there during his life. Young Kimberly was appointed to the United States Naval academy by President Polk in 1846. He was commissioned lieuten-

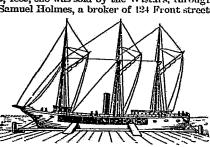
ent in 1855, and lieutenant com-mander in 1862. He was serving on the Potomac on the outbreak of the civil war, but a little later was transferred to Admiral Farragut's flagship, the Hartford. He passed through the scenes of blood and fire with Farragut when the forts below New Orleans were passed, and was one of those to whom the country will be forever indebted for brave deeds during the operations against Vicksburg. In fact he remained with the Hartford during all her noble conflicts and rose to the honored position of rear admiral after the war. In 1874 he was married, at Frankfort, Germany, to a daughter of Capt. Cushman, of

THE STORY OF A STEAMSHIP.

the navy.

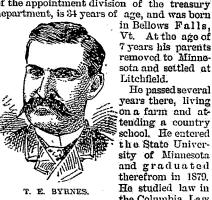
The Conserva and Her Eventful Career as the Madrid. Here is a picture of the steamer Conservaonce the Madrid—as she lay in the Brooklyn dry dock before she started for Hayti to help out Cen. Hippolyte. Months were spent in fitting up the Conserva for the voyage. She was covered all over with iron plate and her bow was weighted. After all the preparations were made she sailed, and a few days afterward a mass of wreckage supposed to be her remains was found floating along the

Atlantic coast. The Conserva as the Madrid had an eventful history. She was built in 1857 at Dumbarton, Scotland, for a Spanish nobleman of Havana, Cuba, who named her the Madrid, and put her in the trade between three years ago she was bought by a transportation company in New Orleans, having been sold at Havana for old iron. They sent her north and had her entirely rebuilt at the ship yards of John Dialogue, at Camden, N. J. At the same time she was fitted with a new set of engines by a Philadelphia firm. She was then taken to New Orleans, where she was put on a line between there and Aspinwall. The venture not proving profitable she was seized by the United States marshal and sold, being bought in by her mortgagees for \$8,100. On Wednesday, Jan. 2, 1889, she was sold by the Wistars, through



THE CONSERVA IN DRY DOCK. to Kunhardt & Co., New York, She was then taken to Brooklyn and remodeled. It was then reported that she was being rebuilt for the Dominican government, but Minister Stephen Preston, Hayti's representative to this country, believing her to be intended for Hippolyte, libeled her. She had already taken her trial trip, however, and came near sinking, her seaports having been opened by some of her crew, who descrited her as soon as she returned to the dock. She was finally released from the libel and put to sea.

T. E Byrnes, who has been appointed chief of the appointment division of the treasury department, is 34 years of age, and was born in Bellows Falls. Vt. At the age of 7 years his parents removed to Minne sota and settled at Litchfield.



sity of Minnesoto and graduated therefrom in 1879. He studied law in the Columbia Law school of New York city, and has been enjoying an active practice. He has been a mem ber of the Union league for six years and has acted as its vice president several terms, and was offered its presidency, but declined. He was elected president of the Republican League of Minnesota in February, 1887, at the formation, and has held that position since. He has never been a candidate for, and has never yet held, a public office.

Many Beautiful Women. The women of Arles, France, are renowned for their beauty, which is of a peculiar type. It is a remarkable proof of the isolation of each little community in an old nation like this that one inconsiderable city should have had for ages a peculiarity of this kind. I certainly never saw so many beautiful women and girls at once as those that thronged the streets and filed into the churches on Sunday morning, all resembling each other; dark, liquid eyes, full lips, finely molded features, crowned with an abundance of black hair, set off by a becoming head dress with long velvet lappels. They are said to have Saracen blood in their veins. I should rather judge it to be Spanish from their appearance.—Cor. San Francisco Chronicle.

There is more Catarrh in this section of the country than all other diseases put together, and until the last few years was supposed to be incurable. For a great many years Doctors pronounced it a local disease, and prescribed local remedies, and by constantly failing to cure with local treatment, pronounced it incurable. Ecience has proven catarrh to be a constitutional disease, and therefore requires constitutional treatment. Hall's Catarrh Cure, manufactured by F. J. Cheney & Co., Toledo, Ohio, is the only constitutional cure on the market. It is taken internally in doses from 10 drops to a teaspoonful. It acts directly upon the blood and mucus surface of the system. They offer one hundred dollars for any case it fails to cure. Send for circulars and testimonials. Address, F. J. CHENEY & CO., Toledo, O. Sold by Druggists, 75c.

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so do their patients. Paine's Celery Compound has permanently cured the worst neuralgia-so say those who have used it. Celery Compound "Having been troubled with rheumatism at the knee and foot for five years, I was almost unable to get around, and was very often confined to my bed for weeks at a time. I used only one bottle of Palne's Celery Compound, and was perfectly oured. I can now jump around, and teel as livel; as a boy." Frank Canoli. Eureka, Nevada. "I have been greatly afflicted with acute rheumatism, and could find no relief until I used Paine's Celery Compound. After using six bottles of this medicine I am now cured or rheumatic troubles."

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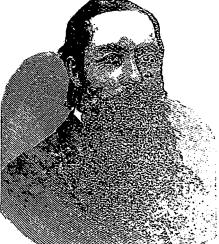
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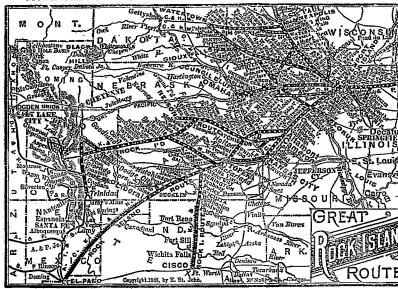
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Whites, too Profuse Periods.
Whites, too Profuse Periods.
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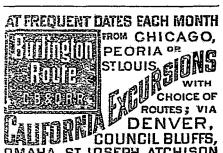
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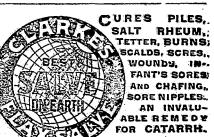
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