



Published by Request.

The Baccalaureate Sermon of Rev. H. V. Warren, Preached to the Graduating Class of Buchanan High School, at the M. E. Church, on Sunday Evening, June 6, 1886.

Prov. 8:10—"Receive my instruction and not silver; and knowledge rather than choice gold."

The good fathers and mother of a generation ago used to teach their children a catechism in which occurred the question: "Who was the wisest man?" The answer came short and emphatic, "Solomon!"

That promise was kept. In the book of Proverbs a portion of the wise things which Solomon said to his children are preserved to us to-day as they were two thousand years ago.

The world of to-day knows no better rules for the guidance of youth than these time-honored precepts of the son of David.

Take notice that Solomon was a father and felt all a father's solicitude for a son. He knew the value of honor, and splendor, and fame. He had tested the power of pleasure to please and honor to satisfy.

There are those who earn money by hard labor, enduring many privations, like that which our fathers and mothers board and books, literally, as Solomon says, choosing "knowledge rather than silver and gold."

Education favors success in the prosecution of labor. That is to say, one is in a better condition to earn a living by possessing the elements of learning.

When we remember the universal fact that all men will be benefited by toil, this fact assumes an immense importance.

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to advantage over others, then we ought to look for the same result among the representatives and less than one among the senators.

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CHARLES BISHOP, LEADING GROCER AND BAKER. Coffees a specialty. Also a fine line of Teas. Full line of Crocker and Glassware, Fine Bakery Goods always fresh. CHARLES BISHOP, CHANGED AGAIN! Having purchased of S. A. Wood the Corner Drug Store

I shall keep on hand a choice line of purest Drugs and Family Medicines; also Dye Stuffs, Perfumery, Books, Stationery, Artist's Materials, and Fancy Goods Generally. Prescriptions carefully and accurately compounded. You are invited to call often. Respectfully, W. F. RUNNER.

GEO. W. SAMSON DEALER IN SHELF & HEAVY HARDWARE. Sash, Doors, Blind, Paints, Oil and Glass. OLIVER PLOWS AND REPAIRS. MOVED! After April 13 the room vacated by H. Oppenheim & Son will be occupied by CHAS. B. TREAT, REAL BARGAINS

Our Greeting for the Spring. Real Bargains. Of great value to every one of our customers. At lower prices than have ever been made on goods of equal quality. An Elegant Line of Boots and Shoes. Ladies', Gents' and Children's Wear.

OF ALL KINDS, INCLUDING EASTER EGG DYES, The purchaser of each package of which receives a BEAUTIFUL EASTER CARD. DR. E. S. DODD & SON, Druggists and Booksellers.

PERFECT HEALTH IS POSSIBLE IF THE DIGESTION IS IMPAIRED, THE LIVER IS ENFEEBLED, THE BOWELS ARE CONSTIPATED, THE STOMACH IS OVERHEATED, THE BLOOD IS IMPURE, THE NERVOUS SYSTEM IS WEAKENED, THE HEADACHE IS FREQUENT, THE SLEEP IS UNRESTFUL, THE APPETITE IS LOST, THE GENERAL HEALTH IS DEBILITATED, THE VITAL FORCES ARE EXHAUSTED, THE LIFE IS SHORTENED, THE DEATH IS NEARER.

WANTED. Reliable Salesmen to Travel. Call on Merchants, Grocers, Druggists, etc. for the sale of our Celebrated Cigars. Salary or Commission. Address immediately, W. H. KEELER & CO., 141 State St., New York.

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BUCHANAN RECORD.

THURSDAY, JUNE 10, 1886.

Entered at the Post-Office, at Buchanan, Mich., as Second-Class Matter.

W. TRENBETH,

THE TAILOR.

HAS A FINE STOCK OF

Foreign and Domestic

Cloths and Suitings,

And will make them up in the latest styles at very low prices.

Come and Examine.

TAXES ARE NOW DUE.

Notice is hereby given that the Assessment Roll of the village of Buchanan for the year 1886, has been placed in my hands for collection, and that I will be and remain in my office, in Engine House No. 1, in said village, on Saturday of each week during the month of June, from 10 o'clock A. M. to 4 o'clock P. M., and upon taxes paid to me upon such days, or at any time before the first day of July, 1886, one per cent. will be added for collection fees, and upon all taxes collected after the first day of July, four per cent. will be added for collection fees.

THE BOARD OF SUPERVISORS WILL MEET NEXT MONDAY.

TEACHERS, call at this office for cards.

COMMENCEMENT exercises in Rough's opera House tomorrow forenoon.

THE NILES high school will turn out eleven graduates next Saturday.

SCREVENSON Alexander is in Lansing attending the legislative reunion.

Mrs. FRED WAGNER, of Pullman, is visiting with the Wagner family in the "bend of the river."

ST. JOSEPHITES will have the pleasure of listening to music by Camilla U'so, to-morrow evening.

MISS BERTHA GEORGE, of South Bend, is visiting in this place, the guest of Dennis Brownfield and family.

HON. L. P. ALEXANDER went to Cassopolis last Saturday for a visit with his daughter, Mrs. H. C. French.

IT IS NOW reported that Berrien Springs intends to bore for oil. A good thing to do, in some places.

The strawberry season at St. Joseph is now at its height. Five or ten thousand crates at a boat loading are not uncommon.

The pastor of the Christian church will be absent next Sunday, in consequence of which there will be only a morning service.

IN VIEW of the increased prevalence of mad dogs, would it not be well for owners of canine pets, to either shoot or muzzle them?

A little black bug that hops like a flea is putting in some very destructive work in the grape vineyards of Coloma.—Kalamazoo Telegraph.

THE Rough Bros. have commenced the improvement of the Kingery & Marble water-power. The remains of the old mill are now being removed.

JOHN POPE, a Bertrand farmer, took the morphine road out of this vale of trouble, in South Bend, last week. He was 74 years old.

THE Journal says Berrien Springs has the poorest sidewalks it ever saw. They cannot be worse than some of Buchanan walks.

A MAN living north of this place is said to be the owner of a canine that is both male and female. Would not this "critter" be subject to \$4 tax?

MR. AND MRS. JOHN HUS wish the RECORD to express their thanks for special kindness shown them at the death of their son.

THE graduating exercises of Buchanan High School will be held in Rough's Opera House to-morrow, commencing at 9:30 A. M.

NEXT Sunday will be children's day at the M. E. church, and we are informed that a specially entertaining program has been prepared.

TEACHERS who want some elegant cards for rewards will find a good assortment of new ones at this office, and are invited to call.

MR. J. A. FRITTS has a new advertisement in this paper. He has the finest stock of harness that has been owned in Buchanan in many days.

THERE are 271 children of school age in Oronoko township, and the number attending during the spring term of the various schools was 162, or sixty per cent. of the whole number.

SOME excitement has been created by the appearance at Benton Harbor of a number of Chinamen who have applied for work as berry pickers, and accompanied with the report that they were imported by the berry raisers, and that more were coming. At once a decided opposition to the Chinese sprung up.

THE St. Joseph supervisor reported 61 births and only 25 deaths in one month.—Detroit Tribune.

MARRIED, on the 3d inst., at the residence of Mr. Riley Scott, by Elder Wm. Roe, Mr. Andrew J. Diemeyer of Stillwell, Ind., to Miss Susan Petrie, of Bertrand, Berrien county, Mich.

THE ladies of the U. B. church will give a lawn festival in Mrs. Geo. Scott's yard, Friday eve, June 11. Strawberries and ice cream will be among the attractions. All are invited.

THE Buchanan creamery has now increased its production of butter to nearly 1,000 pounds per week and new customers are being added nearly every day.

THE sentiment about not killing the robins sounds first rate all the year round excepting small fruit time, and then one robin will use more fruit, especially cherries, than it takes to keep a family of six.

THE Laura Dainty company played "A Mountain Fink" in Rough's opera house, Friday evening, for the benefit of the Ilose company, and quite materially benefited the company, as there was a good attendance.

MASONIC.—A regular meeting of Buchanan Lodge No. 68, F. & A. M., will be held on Monday evening, June 14. A full attendance is desired. Work. By order of the W. M.

B. D. HARPER, Sec.

ALL persons are hereby warned against giving a certain promissory note, given by Jerome Best to Benjamin Price for \$500, on which about \$12 remains unpaid, as the note has been lost and is the property of the undersigned.

ENOS HOLMES.

WE have received an invitation to attend the graduating exercises of Mishawaka High school, tomorrow, Friday, evening, Miss C. Belle Carlisle, daughter of Mr. O. D. Carlisle, formerly of this place, is one of the graduates.

FROM a few hints recently received from the Buchanan boys who settled in Kansas early this spring, one is led to believe that they don't feel so much like they were in Heaven as when they first migrated.

THE Kalamazoo Telegraph says there were 12,000 people at the Pioneer's picnic at Berrien Springs. The conscience of no Berrien county newspaper man will allow him to lie about it stronger than about 3,000.

AN effort is being made to raise funds in this place to allow the American Eagle to scream on July 4, 1886. Buchanan should not be behind her neighbors in the matter of celebration, and they will all celebrate.

A BUCHANAN man is the possessor of a dog for which he has refused \$500. Why should he be taxed but \$2 when the same value of any other property is taxed about five times as much?

ACCORDING to the Star, young ladies who refuse to allow Niles toughs to see them home from church Sunday nights are liable to be pounded by the proud admiral.

THE Woman's Relief Corps will hold a walk social at Good Templars' Hall, on Saturday evening. Admission five cents. This is something new in the line of entertainments, and will be well worth attending.

SCREVENSON storms finds the following state of affairs in Niles township for 1885: Births, 45, two pair of twins, making 47 children; of whom 28 are males and 19 females; Deaths, 15: 8 males and 7 females; Idiots 3; Blind 2; Insane 1; Militia 301.

THE Buchanan Fire Company have secured the Howard Pleasure Party for three entertainments, in Rough's Opera House, Thursday, Friday and Saturday evenings, June 10, 11 and 12. Admission 25 cents, children 15 cents. No extra charge for reserved seats.

THE new church of the German Baptist or Brethren Society, near the Wagner school house, will be formally dedicated on Sunday, June 27. Prof. John Royer, of Mt. Morris, Ill., will officiate.

THE friends of Fred Bonine are now in a quandary to know just why he was beaten in the one hundred yard race, in the inter-collegiate contest in New York, by a man whose time is recorded as 10 1/4 seconds, when he has made a steady record of 10 seconds. The report of the race states that he led in the first fifty feet, but was suddenly seized with a nervous prostration and rapidly fell to the rear, and lost the race.

THE Edmond, Kansas Badger of May 28, contained the following: J. F. Way moved Thursday into his new house in the south part of town. Mr. Way moved his family here last winter and has been living in the rear of his store until his residence could be finished. Way is one of Edmond's enterprising business men and is doing a rushing business.

BERRIEN COUNTY can truly boast of a high type of journals. The greater part of those published in the county are fit to be read in any decent family or any mixed company, but a few abound in the slang and indecency of the barroom loafer, and should not be tolerated in a civilized community. It is a sad comment on the state of the society in which they flourish, that they have a better support than do the decent papers.

SOME young fellows, a few days since, stole the railroad velocipede from Mr. E. David's yard, took it down to the track towards Berrien Springs, broke it, turned the car crosswise of the track in a curve, and abandoned it, thus committing three crimes, two of them State Prison offenses. Such depredations should not be allowed to go unpunished, when the offender can be apprehended. A few sharp prosecutions in each neighborhood will suffice to teach the boys to be careful about such things.

THE Berrien Springs Creamery has issued a circular to its patrons informing them that for the present ten cents per gallon will be the price of cream. Mr. S. O. Tourje, proprietor of the Buchanan Creamery, pays fifteen cents per gallon.

AT a special meeting of Wm. Perrot Post, No. 22, G. A. R., held Wednesday evening, June 3, the following resolution was unanimously adopted:

Resolved, That a vote of thanks and the same is hereby extended to Hon. Jacob J. Van Riper for his able address; to Mr. Harvey Roe and the Messrs. Bettsie Brothers for vocal music, and to Miss Hulda Hahn as organist; to Miss Bishop for the recitation of a poem; to the Ladies' Relief Corps and their assistants for arranging flowers; also to the Ladies' Relief Corps for the excellent dinner; to the citizens generally for favors.

THE following is the list of officers of the Berrien County Pioneer Association, elected at the picnic on the 2d inst.:

President—Chas. F. Howe, of Bertrand. Secretary—W. J. Jones, of Oronoko. Treasurer—Ezra D. Wilson, of Oronoko. Vice Presidents—L. P. Alexander, of Buchanan; J. J. Murphy, of Berrien; Samuel Mars, of Lake. Executive Committee—Norman Nims, of Berrien; D. T. Feather, of Oronoko; Fred McOmber, of Berrien Springs; Asa W. Sherwood, of Sodus; H. D. Howe and W. F. Mason, of Berrien Springs.

MR. CARSON GREYER spoke to a good audience in Rough's opera house Saturday evening, on the labor question. A While Mr. Greyer is a young man of considerable ability, he has run foul of some pretty wild ideas. For instance he proposes to run the government on an income tax, to be paid by those who have an income of \$10,000 or more. It would be just as good sense to advocate that no man should pay for anything unless he has an income of \$10,000. It would be a nice thing for the poor fellows who happened to be making only \$9,000 a year but death to the others who had a little more ambition and ability. A little study of the working of the income tax as it has operated in this country about twenty years ago among other things will be of great benefit to the speaker. He will find a prolific source of information on the interesting topic in the person of Samuel J. Tilden of Gramercy Park New York, the royal saint of Democracy.

"OLD SETTLER" is contributing a series of very interesting articles to the Niles Republican on the early legislatures of this State. In No. 10, he says that in November, 1844, John Groves of Buchanan was elected Representative to the tenth legislature, which convened in Detroit, Jan. 6, 1845, and adjourned March 29, and that his legislator his duties were performed in a manner creditable to himself and to the satisfaction of his constituents, who re-elected him to the 11th legislature, which met in Detroit, Jan. 6, 1846, and adjourned, May 16. He further says: "Mr. Groves was a native of Ohio, coming to Michigan in 1812, taking up his residence in Buchanan, where he continued to reside until his death in 1867. He was admitted to the bar of Berrien county in May, 1818, being the first lawyer resident in Buchanan. He was a man of active mind, a fluent, pleasant speaker, an industrious, pains-taking legislator, always watchful for the interests of his constituents and the honor of the State of his adoption."

ANENT the question of short measures, which has been raised by our friend Bligh, it may be well and proper to call attention of the township board and clerk to Sec. 7 and succeeding sections of Chapter 34, Townships' Annotated Statutes, also the attention of dealers and purchasers to the following from page 448 of the same valuable work:

Sec. 1. The People of the State of Michigan enact, That when any person or persons, party or parties, shall offer for sale or sell in any township, village, or city, within this state, any fruits or vegetables contained in drawers or cases, boxes or baskets, represented to hold one bushel or any fractional part thereof, said drawers, boxes, cases, or baskets, shall be of the dimensions to hold, and shall hold the quantity offered for sale or sold, whether by the bushel of thirty-two quarts or any fractional part thereof.

Sec. 2. Any person or persons violating the provisions of the foregoing section, upon conviction before any court of competent jurisdiction, shall be liable to a fine not less than five dollars nor more than twenty dollars, and imprisonment for a term not to exceed three months, either or both, in the discretion of said court.

Berry boxes, of berries that are sold in this market, measure 4 1/2 x 3 x 3 inches, or 59,000 cubic inches, while they should contain 67 1/2.

I. O. G. T. Resolutions.

By a special committee appointed by Buchanan Lodge No. 856, the following resolutions were adopted June 3, 1886:

WHEREAS, Death has again entered our Lodge and taken away our dearly beloved sister, ANNA BAXTER, who died June 5, 1886, aged 23 years, 6 months, 5 days. Therefore, be it

Resolved, That in her death we have lost a sympathetic, useful and faithful member; the Church and Sunday School an efficient helper; the family a most devoted daughter and sister.

Resolved, That we tender to the family of our deceased sister our heartfelt sympathy in this hour of deep affliction; that our charter be dropped in mourning for thirty days; that these resolutions be spread on the minutes of this Lodge, and a copy be sent to the Buchanan papers for publication.

All is over, hands are folded, medicine that the "celestial" homoeopathic physician", Dr. Harvey, of St. Joe; who now languishes in the county jail for drunkenness. The only difference between them is that they wear better clothes and travel together.

Chris Peo, of New Buffalo, was pushed from an express train last Friday night by two tramps. He broke his arm and received several other injuries by the fall. The tramps escaped.

[Benton Harbor Wedge.] People who patronize traveling quacks when we have first-class physicians at home ought to die. Nine out of ten of them know no more about medicine than the "celestial" homoeopathic physician", Dr. Harvey, of St. Joe; who now languishes in the county jail for drunkenness. The only difference between them is that they wear better clothes and travel together.

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All is over, feet so weary, Now they tread another shore, And our dear one each is resting In the Savior's holy bosom.

F. C. ANDERSON, HETTIE DALE, Com. HARRY HELMICK.

It was the pleasure of the Editor with his wife and daughter to attend the annual meeting and frolic of the Michigan Association, in the beautiful City of Coldwater, and accompany the association on an excursion to Niagara Falls, going by the Lake Shore and Michigan Central railroad, leaving Buchanan Monday morning, and returning Friday evening of last week. At Coldwater, besides the meetings of the association we were entertained by the citizens who furnished carriages to drive about the city, through some of the most beautiful shaded streets to be found anywhere in Michigan, and to take our party, about 250 in number, to the State Public School which is about a mile out of town, where we visited the dormitories, the kindergarten and other branches of the school, and saw the boys and girls, about 300 in number, congregated in the chapel for some religious exercises which had been specially prepared for our entertainment. This is an institution that is not half appreciated by the general mass of citizens of this State, and is one of the grandest public institutions in its work in the world, the first one of the kind ever established by the public and the only one of the kind now in active operation in the United States. Two more are now in course of establishment by other states. It is here that the State of Michigan cares for the poor children who are left in the world, between the ages of two to twelve, in good health and without proper parents or guardians or money. It has cleared all of this class of pauper, out of the poor houses of the state and placed them in good families where they are given proper training and found good homes. An average of one child per day is sent out from the school, and since the school was established in 1875 nearly 2,000 children have gone from Michigan poor houses, pauper and criminal surroundings, through this school to good and respectable homes. While Boston and New York so-called benevolent societies are scattering their children about the country, to never receive farther attention by their benefactors, but are left to the mercy of the public, many of them to drift into the poor houses, the state through this school is caring for the waifs and extending a parental care over them until they are of mature age. The Superintendent, Mr. Foster, is a former Berrien county teacher and is just the man for the place he occupies. Our party, 210 in number left Coldwater Wednesday night by special train and reached Niagara Falls Thursday noon, and the Record's representative returned Friday morning, on the New York Express, having seen the Falls to their entire satisfaction and pronounced it good. The only comment necessary is that the only way to see the Falls is to see them. No picture or description can convey more than a most insignificant idea of them. In the entire trip we saw no better country than is to be found in the south western corner of Michigan. The part of Canada passed by our train is mostly now timbered country, about a month behind Berrien county, in season. The leading crop between the Niagara and Windsor is Canada thistles. No farm is without its patch, and in about nineteen out of twenty cases the patch covers the entire field. The land is filled in beds about a rod wide extending across the field, and with a deep ditch between to hold the water, and making about one-eighth of the arable land absolute waste. Among the noted places seen was the Ashcroft bridge. About such a place for a railroad smash up as the Wilson bridge on the narrow gauge road at Wilson's creek. We visited the famous Lewis art gallery in Coldwater of the finest private collection west of New York, and which is left by will of Mr. Lewis its founder to Michigan University to be removed from Coldwater to Ann Arbor at the will of Mrs. Lewis, by whose invitation the association viewed its beauties.

The following, from Frank Leslie's Illustrated Newspaper, we copy because of its pungent statements of facts, and commend its careful study to those who have been so free to condemn capitalists and property owners, promiscuously:

There is one important relation between the rich and the poor in this democratic country, which the present day complications may cause us to forget. It is a fact that in all political and many social advantages and privileges the poor man shares as fully as the rich man without charges to himself. The largest part of the taxes in the great cities are met by a very small proportion of all the citizens. In Boston only fourteen per cent. of the legal voters contribute to the payment of the annual taxes on real and personal property. Eighty-six per cent. contribute only a poll tax of two dollars for each citizen. This is as it should be; property and wealth should pay the taxes. But let it be considered that throughout every state, each of millions of men for his poll tax of two dollars receives many and great advantages for which a few ten thousand citizens really pay. For instance, the annual cost for maintaining each scholar in the public schools of New York is, as stated in a recent report of the United States Commissioner of Education, \$9.72. In Boston the annual cost is less than \$3.00. It is easy to see that in the case of a Boston family of five children, each spending ten years in school, that family is receiving educational advantages from the city which cost the taxpayers more than one thousand dollars, but the cost of the family does not exceed the annual poll tax.

Next year, every citizen is in receipt of other advantages which are likewise of great worth and as freely bestowed as the privileges of the public school system. The public library opens as generously to the child of one who pays an actual levy of two dollars as to the daughter of him who pays a tax of thousands. The expense of these libraries in many cities is large, in Boston being not less than \$100,000, and is met quite entirely by the taxes on wealth. Indeed it may be said that the expense attending the administration of justice, and the protection of life from assault and from a accident, is met by the taxes, not of the man, who has the right to avail himself of these advantages, but of the rich man, who is so more benefited by them than the wage-earner. The public art galleries, museums, houses of entertainment, are likewise open to all, and ought to be so open, but the immense cost of their equipment and administration is paid by the wealthy few.

We are neither finding fault with the poor man nor apologizing for the rich. We are simply endeavoring to state facts. We are merely saying that the large part of the educational and other municipal privileges which are open to every citizen and paid for by those who ought, and are able and willing, to pay for them—namely, the wealthy classes. In the wholesale denunciation which is frequently made against rich men, this evident but overlooked fact should be so remembered as to mitigate the severity of these hasty judgments.

Locals.

Doll baby Carriages, at THE FAIR.

The Mason Fruit Can is the best in the country. Sold at L. L. REDDEN'S.

Fine Prize Coffee, at BISHOP'S. Lots of it.

Our \$30 worth of Eehrue Lace sold out this week. Will order another lot. Look at HIGHS.

A new line of Summer Hats for youths and Boys just received, at WEAVER & CO.

Plant Jars! Plant Jars! Cheaper than the common ware. BISHOP'S.

Fine Osnubdres. Nice assortment, at BISHOP'S.

A fine line of Candles received to-day. WM. VAN METER.

Finest, longest, best made Lisle Glove in this city, for 25c, is found at HIGHS.

Linen and Fancy Dusters fresh from market, at WEAVER & CO.

Tobaccos of all kinds, at WM. VAN METERS.

Lost.—A small gold locket from my watch chain. The finder will be liberally rewarded by returning the same to me. GEO. BARR.

All that we can say this week is, that we want every Dollar that belongs to us now, and don't overlook us, and oblige S. P. & C. C. HIGHS.

New Customers every day, at L. L. REDDEN'S. Best goods at lowest prices, is what brings them.

Ladies, we have a nice line of Jerseys in all colors. Come and see, at BOYLE'S.

Let me bring you the Detroit Sunday News, every Sunday morning, at 2 cents per copy. It is an eight page paper, containing the News and good Sunday Reading. H. BLINS.

For the best Crackers in town, call at BLAKE'S.

Don't buy your Parasols until you see our line. We will sell you a nice Satin Parasol for \$1. Look at BOYLE'S.

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Buttericks Patterns for sale, at NELLIE SMITH'S.

Smokers, try Rose of Sharon Cigar, C. B. TREAT.

All those who like fresh Vegetables, will find them under the spray of E. MORGAN & Co's FOUNTAIN.

Cash Paid for Wool. C. B. TREAT.

We always have fresh Groceries, by buying often. Our Goods come every week. No old stock in ours. E. MORGAN & CO.

All persons knowing themselves indebted to the old firm of TREAT & REDDEN will please call and settle with G. B. TREAT, on or before July 1, after which time the accounts will be placed in the hand of our attorney for collection. TREAT & REDDEN.

BUY THE EMPIRE BINDER. CHARLES EVANS, AGENT.

Ladies, you can find a new line of Beaded Trimmings at BOYLE'S store.

Call at J. H. ROSE'S for Spectacles. Remember, good people, that we will not be undersold by anyone. SCOTT & HOFFMAN.

School Hats for 35 cents, ready trimmed, at MRS. DUNNING & CO'S.

BUY THE EMPIRE BINDER. CHARLES EVANS, AGENT.

White Fish and Mackerel, at BLAKE'S.

Hotel Falls 25c, at the FAIR.

Whole set of Glassware with a pound of good Baking Powder, at BISHOP'S.

BUY THE EMPIRE BINDER. CHARLES EVANS, AGENT.

Groceries at BLAKE'S as cheap as the cheapest.

Baby Carriages at the FAIR. FRESH BREAD will be kept at BLAKE'S.

You can save money by buying Groceries at SCOTT & HOFFMAN'S.

The FAIR! The FAIR! The FAIR! The FAIR! for most any thing. Look here! A seven cent Print for five cents, at BOYLE'S.

We keep a nice line of Dried Fruits, at SCOTT & HOFFMAN'S.

These new Decorated and Luster Band Breakfast, Dinner and Toilet Sets are beauties, and sold cheap at L. L. REDDEN'S.

You can get Fresh Bread every day SCOTT & HOFFMAN'S.

Call at NELLIE SMITH'S for bargains. Hats neatly trimmed for \$1.25, \$1.50, \$1.75, \$2.00.

THE ROSE INSTITUTE.

VIEW OF THE POLYTECHNIC SCHOOL, TERRE HAUTE, IND.

The magnificent gift of an Old Bachelor to his fellow townsmen—Clauvery Rose—The School Supplies—What the United States Most Needs.

Clauvery Rose was a Connecticut youth who roamed the shores of the Wash early in the century. He made money by sailing, by turning farm lands into city lots by fencing, and by other means. He became more than a millionaire. He lived a bachelor and died one, at the good old age of 83. But he made up for his shortness in this world by the good he did for the wives and children which other men left to the charities of a cold world. He helped many young women educate themselves for teachers. He founded a home for aged families and other men's orphans. He, more than any other one, brought about the development of the railroad system of western Indiana. He did many other liberal things which go to show that he was a man with a broad heart, such as you see in the picture.

But his greatest and best achievement was the Rose Polytechnic Institute at Terre Haute, Ind. He saw, more clearly than many of our alleged college professors do, the need of a school of science and engineering in the industrial arts. Our people have plenty of brains. When they learn the technical, and scientific, and industrial arts, as they are, they will be able to stand up against the world. It is not Latin and Greek we want, or the history of the twelve gods of Olympus. We want scientific methods, and engineering, and adept chemists. We want expert draftsmen, and map makers, and machinists. When we have men who know how to build railroad bridges, they will be able to make a railroad journey of a thousand miles. To supply these needs, the late Clauvery Rose founded the institution which his grateful fellow townsmen insisted on naming for him, \$1,000,000. It is now a grand school, with fifty million for its endowment.

The Cincinnati art museum is of national importance. It blends the two enterprises of an art museum and a school of design. The school of design has been in existence many years. The museum is properly an outgrowth of the efforts of a number of Cincinnati women. Its location is unsurpassed. Situated upon a high knoll of Eden park, far above the fall of Cincinnati smoke, it has a magnificent view, which itself inspires a love of the beautiful. The first move was made toward constructing the building. C. W. West, a generous and wealthy bachelor, subscribed \$150,000 for it on condition that the Rose Institute be merged with it. This was done in less than two months. Cincinnati is ever ready for anything from a mob to a May musical festival.

It contains a library of 5,000 volumes of choice scientific works. Many of these were the gift of Josephus Collett, Esq., president of the board of managers. To be exact, the institute is a school of engineering. It gives instruction in mechanical engineering, civil engineering, chemistry, physics and drawing. A department of mining engineering is to be added. Then the establishment will be equal to any in the western cities take hold of an enterprise they carry it out with a liberality and a thoroughness that puts the east often to the blush. The equipment of the school as regards engineering are especially complete. Here is machinery to grapple with the whole problem of electricity in the field of study. The most recent scientific work in electricity is the one great question now, both in the industrial and scientific world.

The Rose Polytechnic Institute has an industrial plant. It has a large and thoroughly equipped buildings and grounds. It is said to be as well fitted up in all the requirements of a scientific school as any of the older polytechnic institutions of the eastern states.

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The course of instruction lasts four years. To be admitted, a boy must be 16 years old, of good character, and be able to pass examination in grammar, geography, history of the United States, arithmetic, and algebra to quadratics. The next commencement will be June 24. Then a fine young class of six or seven will be prepared to give the world the benefit of their trained brains, eyes and fingers. The difference between these and the ordinary mechanic will be that while he is good for nothing outside of the narrow groove in which he works, in resources, and equal to all lines of their particular business.

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election crowds of citizens assemble inside and outside the walls to get returns. They wait all night long. Every dispatch is read to the throng as fast as it comes in. When one announces Republican gains the crowd cheers and waits impatiently for the next column to be heard from. When the returns are all in, it is a Republican victory, a prominent officer in the club climbs out upon the balcony and makes a triumphant speech to the throng, whoever he himself may be. Then a band plays, and people go off and refresh themselves.



NEW LINCOLN CLUB HOUSE.

The club was founded in February, 1870. They rented what had been a commodious private residence, at the corner of Race and Eighth streets. They occupied it until the fall of 1871, when they bought it and the lot for \$40,000. By that time, however, the famous club had outgrown its quarters, and the purchase was made for the purpose of enlarging the accommodations. The rear of the house and the Race street front were torn down, and the work of reconstruction began.

The club is a wealthy one, and had a considerable sum of money lying idle. But permission was given to those who desired it to become life members and stockholders on payment of \$500. One hundred and thirty-four gentlemen availed themselves of the privilege at once, and an ample sum of money was raised. When the new building club house was dedicated this May, there was not a dollar of debt hanging over the organization.

The building is of pressed brick and freestone. Plenty of stained "cathedral" glass is used in the windows and elsewhere, albeit very untheatrical-like sounds are heard when sometimes these windows are open. The internal arrangement—billiard room, bar, staircase, reading room, etc.—are perfect. There is, however, no electric lighting. Much beautiful marble, gilding, and exquisite woodwork are to be seen. What will become of them after a few months' exposure to Cincinnati's seasons remains to be seen. The club has a membership of some 630. The large hall will seat 500 persons.

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GEN. F. E. SPINNER.

The Old "Watch Dog" of the United States.

The news of the recent illness of our United States Treasurer Spinner brought regrets to all who have ever known him either in a business or a social way, for he was a straightforward business man and a genial friend and companion. But none of his health that the women employees of the treasury sorrow over or the news of his illness that the women employees of the treasury sorrow over, and in fact of the whole government. For it was Gen. Spinner who broke down the barrier which prevented the performance of actual work for the government. This occurred during the war when the regular clerks were disappearing to enlist in the army, and it looked as if there were not going to be enough to get around. Then it was that the civilian Gen. Spinner suggested to President Lincoln that an opportunity be given women to take the men's places where possible. It is established when we look at it to think of the opposition this idea met with. But Spinner gained his point, and the entire of women into the government service. It was upon a "war measure" just as Ben Butler's suggestion to make the "darkies" conscripts for the war.



Gen. Spinner was born in New York state in 1812. His father was a clergyman and the cashier of the Mohawk Valley bank for twenty years. He gave his son a classical education. He learned several trades and then embarked as a merchant. He was appointed and held positions in the New York custom house from 1841 to 1849. He was elected to the Thirty-fourth congress as an anti-slavery Democrat, and re-elected to the Thirty-fifth and Thirty-sixth congresses, though he was elected to the latter as a Republican. On March 10, 1851, President Lincoln appointed him treasurer of the United States, soon after which his wonderful aptitude on the paper money became the chief of the treasury. The general's sejour in Florida during the past year, it was remarked that the navigators avoided his locality. Why this was could not be ascertained. It is said that one day a large "gator" was noticed crawling out on the bank of a bayou where the general lay, as was his habit, inscribed his name with his cane in the soft mud. The gator stopped when he came to the signature, looked at it in a puzzled sort of way and then dashed back into the bayou as if with a terrible calamity for him, at least this is the way the story goes.

Gen. Spinner retired to private life July 1, 1871. He did not go to the west in the United States treasury bill had to be cut. Then it was that a deficiency was discovered amounting to one cent. To account for this memorable occurrence took place, requiring days upon days, until the missing cent was found and the general retired from the treasury, leaving balanced books.

The Canadian Cardinal. On the receipt recently of the announcement that the Archbishop Tascereau had been elevated to the honor of a prince of the college of cardinals, the following interesting account of the event by pyrotechnic displays. Here elsewhere throughout Canada commemorated services held in the churches to show their appreciation of their old prelate. The reason for it all is that this kindly old man has, for the forty-four years that he has been a priest and shepherd, been dying by the hundreds in these hospitals. The young Father Tascereau begged to be allowed to minister to them. His wish was granted, and he has since been working by the hundreds in these hospitals. His life was spared, though, to offer it many times since to the service of the needy. Father Tascereau's self-sacrifice was the more commendable from the fact of his distinguished family connections. He was born in the Parish family, and his own name is one of the most distinguished in lower Canada. He is the nephew of the late member of parliament. His brother, John Thomas Tascereau, was on the supreme court bench of Canada. His nephew, Ezequiel Tascereau, is a member of the Quebec legislature, and another nephew, Henri T., being a judge of the superior court of Quebec, and a third, L'Amie, is a member of the Canadian commons.

Cardinal Tascereau was born near Quebec. He is now in his 68th year. He was ordained a priest at the age of 23. He was successively appointed professor of mental philosophy, director of studies and superior of the Seminary of Quebec. He was made professor of canon law in Laval university in 1858, and administrator of the diocese in 1870. He was consecrated archbishop of Quebec March 19, 1871. He stands high in his church as a theologian. His cardinal's benediction arrives about June 10 and is the official insignia of the privilege which he now has of voting for or even becoming the successor of Leo XIII at pope.

YALE'S NEW PRESIDENT. Professor Timothy Dwight, who succeeds Noah Porter, who was recently elected to succeed Noah Porter as president of Yale, is the grandson and namesake of a president of the college. He is a graduate of the college. This is his first office by inheritance and by long service with its history. He has been a member of the faculty with most of the successful endeavors in the country, and has been a perfect understanding of its financial requirements.

Dr. Dwight is 53 years old, and is the son of James Dwight, who married Susan Beane, a daughter of the late Gen. Beane, and sent his son to Yale with the class that was graduated in 1819. Entering the theological school in 1821, he was licensed to preach in 1823, and was ordained in 1825. He was also believed to have written the lectures delivered by Victor Woodhull. Mr. Andrews was a Spiritualist.

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pointed Buckingham professor of sacred literature in the theological department. In 1871 he was ordained to the ministry, and in 1872 he received the degree of D. D. from the Chicago theological seminary. He was elected to the committee for the revision of the English version of the Bible in 1874, and since 1876 he has been associate editor of the New Englander, to which he contributes a paper in 1871 on "The True Idea of an American University for the future of Yale College."

Professor Dwight is a believer in the elective system, and is expected to be liberal in his ideas of a university course. He is popular among the students, and is favorably known as a speaker, being a man much sought after at lectures. His means being ample, his salary as a professor has been given regularly to the theological school. In 1870 Professor Dwight married Jane W. Skinner, of New York, their two children are Helen Rose, born in 1868, and Winthrop Edwards, born in 1872.

CAREER OF A COUNTRY BOY. What Energy, Industry and Integrity Can Accomplish in Our Day. One of the very best examples of the possibilities of a career of a young man is found in the brief life of a country boy, whose career is attracting the admiration of those among whom he has risen. It proves that the man of integrity can make a fortune through honest hard work. Of this man Harper's Weekly says: Mr. Maurice Bennett Flynn was not 30 years of age until two years from now, and he has made a fortune of \$37,000,000. He is the son of a poor Irishman, and he has inherited no fortune, being one of six children born to Patrick and Mary Flynn in the little village of Mullin, Columbia county, in this state, when he was the age of 17. He arrived in New York city his cash capital consisted of \$7. These facts make the statement that his fortune is estimated at \$37,000,000, a sum of considerable interest. With the exception of a "year's schooling" at a Catholic school in Troy, such education as young Flynn had at the time of his arrival in New York had been picked up by his own youthful efforts.

Mr. Flynn's career is a story of energy, industry and integrity. He started as a boy in a grocery store, and by the time he was 17 he had saved up \$7. He then went to work for a bookkeeper, and by the time he was 18 he had saved up \$100. He then went to work for a clerk, and by the time he was 19 he had saved up \$1,000. He then went to work for a bookkeeper, and by the time he was 20 he had saved up \$10,000. He then went to work for a clerk, and by the time he was 21 he had saved up \$100,000. He then went to work for a bookkeeper, and by the time he was 22 he had saved up \$1,000,000. He then went to work for a clerk, and by the time he was 23 he had saved up \$10,000,000. He then went to work for a bookkeeper, and by the time he was 24 he had saved up \$100,000,000. He then went to work for a clerk, and by the time he was 25 he had saved up \$1,000,000,000. He then went to work for a bookkeeper, and by the time he was 26 he had saved up \$10,000,000,000. 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