Berrien Co. Record.

A REPUBLICAN NEWSPAPER.

PUBLISHED EVERY THURSDAY. —вт—

JOHN G. HOLMES.

Terms:-\$1.50 per Year. PATABLE IN ADVANCE.

OFFICE-In Record Building, Oak Street.

Business Directory. SOCIETIES.

O. O. F.—Buchanan Lodge No. 75 holds it regular meeting, at Odd Fellows Hall, on each fuesday evening. R. & A. M.—Summit Lodge No. 192 holds a reg-nular meeting Monday evening on or before the full moon in each month.

F. & A. M.—Buchanan Lodge No. 68 holds a reg-ular meeting Friday evening on or before the full moon in each month. P. OF H.—Buchanan Grapge No. 40 meets on the second and fourth Saturday of each month, at 2 o'clock P. M.

O. G. T.—Buchanan Lodge No. 856 holds it regular meeting on each Monday evening.

C. A. R.—Wm. Perrott Post No. 22. Regular D. meeting on the first and third Wednesday evening of each month, in Good Templars Hall Visiting comrades always welcome. W. C. T. U. OF BUCHANAN holds its regular meeting at the Presbyterian Church on each ruesday at 3 P. M.

ATTORNEYS.

VAN RIPER & WORTHINGTON, AUGGA-ery. Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted. Office over Kinyon's Store, Buchanan.

DAVID E. HINMAN, Attorney and Counselor at Law, and Solicitor in Chancery. Collections made and proceeds promptly remitted. Office in Rough's block, Buchanan, Mich. YEORGE F. EDWARDS, Attorney and Coun-U sellor at Law. Office, corner Main and Second Streets, Niles, Mich. THORNTON HALL, Attorney and Counsellor at Law and Solicitor in Chancery, Buchanan, Michigan.

PHYSICIANS.

P. S. DODD, M. D., Physician and Surgeon P., Office in E. S. Dodd & Son's drug store. Residence on Day's Avenue, east side, Buchanan, Mich R. J. M. ROE, Physician and Surgeon. Proprietor of Roe's Throat Balsam. Office, in Roe's block, over Severson's drug store, Buchensu, Mich

DR. ROSS W. PIERCE, Physichen and Stronger Office over Waite & Woods' store, Exclusion DR. L. W. BAKER, Physician and Surgeon. Night calls promptly attended to. Office over Kinyon's store, Buchanan, Mich.

SLOCUM & SPRENG, Homeopathic Physician and Surgeons. Office corner of Main and Third streets, Buchanan, Mich. MRS. E. F. ANDERSON, M. D., Physician and M Surgeon. In addition to my general practice I make diseases of women and children a specialty. No. 18 Portage street, Buchanau, Mich.

MRS. MAARIA DUTTON, Midwife and Nurse, All calls promptly attended. Front Street, Buchanan, Mich. DENTISTS.

M. WILSON, Dentist. Office, first door nort, of the Bank. Charges reasonable and satisf G.MANSFIELD, Operative Dentist. All work done at the lowest living prices and warranted to give satisfaction. Rooms over Kinyon's store.

CLOTHING, BOOTS & SHOES.

WEAVER & CO., dealers in Clothing, Hats, Caps and Gents' Furnishing Goods. Front street, Buchanan, Mich. THE ARCADE Clothing House, Buchanan, Mich.
J. M. BERNARD, Proprietor.

INSURANCE. W. A. PALMER, Notary Public, Fire and Life V. Insurance and Real Estate Agent. Repre-sents ten of the oldest and best Companies in the United States. Office with D. E. Hinman.

PARMERS' MUTUAL FIRE INSURANCE ASSOCIATION of Berrien County. Only farm
risks taken. WM. HASLETT, Sec'y, Buchanan.

AUCTIONEERS.

HAMILTON, Auctioneer. Will attend to all business in my line promptly, at reasonable ces. Give me a call. Address, Buchanan, Mich. EVI LOGAN, Auctioneer. All busines will receive prompt attention, at reasonable prices-cost Office address, Buchanan.

DRUGGISTS

DR. B. S. DODD & SON, Practical Druggists.

Fine perfumes and useful toilet articles. Prescriptions a specialty.

A. SEVERSON, Practical Druggist. Fine Toilet Articles and Perfumes a specialty. Cor Front and Main streets, Buchanan, Mich.

D. WESTON, Practical Druggist, dealer in Drugs, Medicines, Paints, Oils, Tollet Articles, School Books, Stationery &c., south side of Frontstreet.

HOTELS.

OUNBAR HOUSE, Buchanan, Mich. A. B. Sabin, proprietor. First-class in ever respect DE FIELD HOUSE, Berrien Springs, Mich. The proprietors will spare no pains to maintain a dirst-class hotel at the county seat. REED HOUSE, Berrien Springs, Mich. Otis R. Reed, Proprietor. Good Livery in connection with the house.

GROCERIES, &C.

DARMORE BROS., dealers in Groceries, Crock-ery, Glassware and Bakery Goods. Day's Block, Front street, Buchanan, Mich. C. NASH, dealer in Family Groceries and Provisions, Stone and Wooden Ware. Corner of Front & Oak streets, Buchanan, Mich. S. & W. W. SMITH, dealers in Staple and Fancy Groceries, Provisions and Crockery. Central block, foot of Main st., Buchanan, Mich.

HARDWARE

DOUGH BROS., Wholesale and Retail dealers in L. Shelf and Heavy Hardware, Agricultural Im-plements, Doors, Sash, Blinds, Lumber, Lath, Lime, Paints, Olls, Glass, &c. Buchanan, Mich.

WOOD & SAMSON, dealers in Shelfand Heavy Hardware, Stoves, Tinware, Paints, Oils, Glass Agricultural Implements, &c. Front st., northside

MILLERS. INGERY & MARBLE, proprietors of Indian Reserve Mill. Custom grinding a specialty. Satisfaction guaranteed. Portage street. OUGH & PEARS, Proprietors of Buchanar L and Rural Mills. Custom and Merchant grind-ing of all kinds. Buchanan, Mich.

PHOTOGRAPHERS.

CATHCART. Photographs, Ferreotypes, Oil Paintings, India Ink Pastel, and Photo-Crayous. Main street, Buchanan, Mich. H. B. BRADLEY, Photographer. Constantly adding all the latest improvements in the art. Second door east of Post-office.

BRICK MANUFACTURERS.

ENRY BLODGETT, manufacturer of Building
Well and Pavement Brick. Yardin Mansfield's

B. FULLER & CO., manufacturers of con crete, house, well and cistern brick. Day's Avenue, Buchanan.

TAILORS.

TOHN FENDER, Fashionable Tailor. Work ex-cuted in the latest styles, and warranted to ft. Front Street, Buchanan, Mich.

W. TRENBETH, Merchant Tailor. The latest silvays onband. All work warranted. Buchanan, Mich.

MISCELLANEOUS.

J. ROE, Practical Watchmaker. Watches Clocks, Planos, for sale cheap. Tremont uilding, Buchanan. ZINC COLLAR PAD CO., sole proprietors and manufacturers of Curtis' Patent Zinc Collar Pad, Buchanan. For sale by dealers everywhere

N. J. SLATER, manufacturer of Wagons, Car-riages, Buggles, Sleighs, &c. Repairing at-uded to promptly. Front street. GEORGE CHURCHILL, Contractor and Build or, and dealer in Lumber, Lath and Shingles ont street, Buchanan, Mich.

Berrien County Record.

VOLUME XVII.

BUCHANAN, BERRIEN COUNTY, MICHIGAN, THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1883.

DARBYS

BUOHANAN MARBLE WORKS. Monuments and Headstones of all designs and kinds of J. S. Beistle.

W. o. HAMILTON, Milk Dairy. Delivers Milk in all parts of the corporation daily. Residence, head of Front street.

W. H. TALBOT, Machinist, Engines, Threshing and Agricultural Machines repaired. Cider mill Screws, Saw Arbors, &c., made to order. Shop

AMES CASE, Florist, keeps all kinds of Flower and Vegetable Plants for sale. Good plants at ow prices. One mile north of Buchanan.

B. T. MORLEY, Star Foundry. A full line of South Bend Chilled Plows, and repairs for Kalamazoo, Oliver and Three Rivers Plows. Also, Iron Beam Plows. Casting done to order. Corner of Front and Portage streets, Buchanan.

JOHN WEISGERBER, manufacturer of Lumber. Questom sawing done to order. Mill on South

E. A. GAHAM & CO.,

DEALERS IN

LUMBER.

Lime and Salt,

Berrien Springs, Michigan.

Sell all kinds of

Will deliver all kinds of

Hard and Soft Wood Lumber

Building Meterial In Buchanan.

Write them or call at the Tele-



Excels All Others

SWEETNESS OF TONE In every reed.

DURABILITY In every part.

PERFECTION In every detail of manufacture.

For Eight Years.

AN HONEST ORGAN,

"The Carpenter Organs have won for themselves a high reputation for durability and fine musical qualities. An Organ may be fine in appearance, but unless it is built honessly in every part it will prove ansatisfactory. Mr. Carpenter makes most emphatically an nonest Organ, and this is, we think, the secret of their popularity." — Youth's Companion, July 6, 1832.

F. SCHRAY & CO., West Street, between Second and Fourth, Buchanan, Mich.

NEW MILLINERY.

Millinery and Dress Making Rooms in Catheart's building on Main street, where she will keep all of the Latest Styles in Millinery.

MRS. BADGLEY

DRESS-MAKING AND FANCY STAMPING DONE TO ORDER.

John C. Dick, JUSTICE

REAL ESTATE AGENT.

Attention Paid to Collection and Conveyancing.

Office in Rough's Block,

Buchanan, Michigan

SALES

AUCTION

All parties wishing the services of a

CHARLEY EVANS.

Satisfaction guaranteed. Rates as

low as any other good salesman. Residence, Buchanan, Michigan.

Farm for Sale. I offer my tarm of 160 acres, in

Weesaw township, for sale or exchange for grist mill property. The farm has 100 Acres Cleared.

A good house built in 1880. A good bearing orchard, and other valuable improvements. For terms and further particulars call at the premises on

26t4*

A. PAUL.

PROPHYLACTIC

FLUID. A Household Article for Universal Family Use.

Eradicates MALARIA.

Typhoid Fevers, Diphtheria, Salivation, Ulcerated oreThroat,Small Pox. Measles, and

all Contagious Diseases. Persons waiting on the Sick should use it freely. Scarlet Fever has never been known to spread where the Fluid was used. Yellow Fever has been cured with it after black vomit had taken place. The worst cases of Diphtheria yield to it. cases of Diphtheria yield to it.

Fevered and Sick Persons refreshed and Bed Sores prevented by bathing with Darbys Fluid.

Impure Air made harnless and purified.
For Sore Throat it is a sure cure.
Contagion destroyed.
For Frosted Feet, Chilblains, Piles, Chafings, etc. A member of my family was taken with Small-pox. I used the Fluid; the patient was not delirious, was not pitted, and was about the house again in three weeks, and no others had it.—J. W. PARKINSON, Philladelphia.

Diphtheria Prevented.

The physicians here use Darbys Fluid very successfully in the treatment of Diphtheria.
A. STOLLENWERCK,
Greensboro, Ala.

should be used about the corpse—it will prevent any unpleas-ant smell.

The eminent Physician, J. MARION SIMS, M. D., New York, says: "I am convinced Prof. Darbys Prophylactic Fluid is a valuable disinfectant."

Vanderbilt University, Nashville, Tenn.

I testify to the most excellent qualities of Prof.
Darbys Prophylactic Fluid. As a disinfectant and
detergent it is both theoretically and practically
superior to any preparation with which I am acquainted.—N. T. Lupron, Prof. Chemistry.

Darbys Fluid is Recommended by
Hon. Alexander H. Stephens, of Georgia;
Rev. Chas. F. Derms, D.D., Church of the
Strangers, N. Y.;
Jos. LeContre, Columbia, Prof., University, S.C.
Rev. A. J. Battle, Prof., Mercer University;
Rev. Geo. F. Pierce, Bishop M. E. Church.

INDISPENSABLE TO EVERSY HOME.

RNUSPENSABLE TO EVERY HOME.

Refectly harmless. Used internally or externally for Man or Beast.

The Fluid has been thoroughly tested, and we have abundant evidence that it has done everything here claimed. For fuller information get of your Druggist a pamphlet or send to the proprietors,

J. H. ZEILIN & CO., Manufacturing Chemists, PHILADELPHIA.

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O. W. Rugoles, Gen. P. & T. Agt. H. B. Ledyard Gen'l Manager. ST. JOSEPH VALLEY R. R.

On and after Monday, July 1, 1883, trains will run on the St. Joseph Valley R. R. as follows: WM. R. Rough, President.

Leave Buchanan.....7.25 a.m., 11.00 a.m. 3.30 p.m "Berrien Springs, 10.10 a.m., 2.10 p.m., 6.40 p.m R. D. Dix, Secretary.



J. F. HAHN UNDERTAKER.

A full line of CASKETS & COFFINS. Constantly on hand, or made to order.

FOR SALE.

Lot 4, Block D, J. D. Ross' addition to the village of Buchanan, known as the Smith property, on South Portage

street, is offered for sale. This is a Fine Residence Property, nicely located, and house room enough

in payments. Enquire of

REST not life, is sweeping by, go and dare before you die, something mighty and sublime to leave behind to conquer time." \$66 a sublime to leave behind to conquer time." \$66 as week in your own town, \$5 outfit free. No risk. Everything new. Capital not required. We will furnish you everything. Many are making fortines. Ladies make as much as men, and boys and girls make great pay. Reader, if you want business at which you can make great pay all the time, write for particulars to H. Hallerr & Co., Portland, Maine.

When in Chicago, at 181 East Mouroe St., and have a trial of "Dr. SYKES" Sure cure for Catarrh, ee? or write for books. Remember, 181. [24t8]

A BASE BALL BALLAD. played truant and ran away.
But. then, if he had caught and ROBERT J. BURDETTE. locked up, it was not reasonable to suppose it had been in that bare room J. Smith is dead. That fine young man

We ne'er shall see him more, He was a member of our club His private virtues were immense, His manner free and bluff.

He wore a paper collar, and Was never known to snuff. His nose was Roman, and his eyes

Continually were peeled; He made a splended umpire, and A beautiful left field. His hair was red, and shingled close; Much sunburned was his tace, He never showed with more effect Then on the second base. Though not a matrimonial man,

He dearly loved a match,

And, like his sisters, had but few Superiors on the catch. He had a noble mind, as eke A very supple wrist; And when he pitched he gave the ball His own peculiar twist.

But he is gone. With ins and outs

Forever he is done;

He broke his heart and hurt his spleen In making a home run. His body we have planted now, Ilis soul is in the sky; The angels reached from Heaven down

LURED TO HIS DOOM.

BY AN ENGLISH DETECTIVE.

It was a very singular, mysterous and complicated case. In a bare room of an old house in the vicinity of London Bridge Railway Station a man was found dead, hanging by a small cord to a hook driven into the wall, his feet resting

He was discovered some days after his death, and by reason of the strong smell sent forth from his decomposing He was a stranger, whom no one

knew, and why he should have come to that place to commit suicide was a mystery. He was well-dressed, had a gold watch in his pocket, to which was attached a heavy gold chain; he had a diamond stud in his shirt-front, and a cluster ring of diamonds on one finger; he had also a pocket-book on his person containing over two hundred pounds in bank notes. It was therefore evident that he had

not committed suicide on account of poverty, nor murdered for his money. Was it suicide, or was it murder? There was no scrap of paper on his person to tell who the stranger was, nor his motive for the murderous deed,

of which was occupied by a commission agent, contained no article of fur-It had been rented about ten days previous to a rather venerable-looking man, who walked a little lame and wore goggles, who said he wanted it for

The room which was an upper story

of an old building, the lower portion

an office for the sale of a patent that would soon become very popular for sea-going people. When questioned about the patent, he said he would not then explain it. but would have some things on hand for exhibition in the course of ten days

The dead man was not the one who had taken the room, however, and how and when he had got access to the apartment no one knew. There was an old-fashioned fireplace in the room, and some paper ashes in this attracted the attention of a detective, who happened to be no

or two weeks.

other than my humble self. In turning over these ashes, I discovered two or three little bits of paper not entirely consumed, and they had these words written on them,

though now barely distinguishable: found her and locked private room meet you stati Now, after reading these disjointed

sentences, I began to study and ponder Might this not be a portion of a message sent to the dead man, to lure him to the city for the purpose of putting him out of the way?

But for what motive?
Ah, that indeed I could not knowthat was something to be found out after a serious investigation, in case one should be made. I examined the charred paper as well as I could, and I reached the conclusion that what I had read was a part

of a telegram which had been sent by somebody from London, and received by somebody at a distance, and that either the sender or receiver intended to destroy it. Now, if the deceased had received it, it must have been sent to him by

somebody, and that somebody intended to meet him, and probably did meet him, at the railway station. Well, then, where was that somebody, and why had he allowed his correspondent to visit that out-of-the-way room alone and commit suicide, with

out ever going near him afterward?
And why should the man come to such a place to kill himself? And could he have found the room without a guide, and get access to it unknown to any one, if he were not

the man who rented it in the first But then it was certain that he was not that man unless he was disguised when he hired it; and why had he gone to all that trouble merely to hang himself, when he could have done it

quite as effectually in ten thousand better places? No; look on it—reason as I might— I could not bring myself to believe that the stranger hanging in that bare room had put the rope around his own

I told the coroner of my belief; but whether he coincided with me or not, it is certain his jury did not, for they brought in a verdict of suicide. -The body was placed in the mortuary for recognition, and I requested that it should be kept there as long as possible, for I had a desire to see what I could do in working up the case. I started out with the bits of paper

any telegraph office any message re-cently sent off, embodying the words. I had transcribed in their consecutive order. I was soon fortunate in getting pos-session of what I believed to be the original message.

It was addressed to Horace Granger,
187 —— street, Manchester, and read
as follows—the words found among
the paper ashes I enclose in brackets.

had secured, to see if I could find at

I have [found her and locked] her up in a [private room]. Come on and use a parent's authority. Take the last day train, and I will [meet you] at London Bridge [station. G.] Judging from this, it was a case of runaway daughter, whom "G." had followed and captured in London, and

As the dead man appeared to be not far from five and thirty years of age, it was natural to suppose that no daughter of his could be beyond her

A school girl, perhaps, who had sensation in certain circles at the

in a mercantile building that contained no other lodgers.

And then again, if the father had come on and found her, what had become of her, and of "G." who had sent the message? And why had the father remained behind to hang himself?

Or had the girl, assisted by "G.," murdered her father? In any event, the affair was one of great mystery, and on privately reporting my discoveries to my chief, I received the welcome order to work

it out to the end. To do this properly I immediately went to Manchester. The address took me to a large elegant mansion in the suburbs, which led me to believe the owner was a per-

I did not ring, enter and state my business, but visited the nearest apothecary, as the man most likely to know the general facts about his neighbors. "Would you be kind enough to answer a stranger in the city a few questions?" I said to the dispenser of

medicines. "Proceed," he replied, looking curi ously at me. "Do you know a gentleman by the

"What is his business?" "He is a broker." "Is he reputed wealthy?" "Has he a family?"

name of Horace Granger?"

"A wife and daughter." "About what age would you judge im to be?" "About thirty-five." "And his daughter?"
"About thirteen."

"Is Mr. Gronger now at home?" "I cannot say. I have not seen him for more than a week." "Is his daughter at home?" "I think not. I think she is away at boarding school."

"Pardon me, sir, if I seem too in-quisitive," said I; "but I have a reason beyond mere curiosity for all the questions I ask, and some time, if not at this moment, you shall know all. Could you tell me if he was on good terms with his wife?" "Ha!" he said, with a start, "Is this some scandal for a law court to which

with any information you may give "Well, then," he answered, with a peculiar smile, "it is rumored-mind you, I only say it is rumored—that he

yet turn out to be a treacherous villian."

this second party?" "Well, sir, as you are a stranger to me," replied the druggist, "I will not ended. He could not crawl backward mention any name; but if you should ever happen to have business with the head clerk of Horace Granger, it is my opinion you will be within a hundred miles of your party."

the apothecary, and repaired to the office of Horace Granger, the street and number of which I had ascer-I found a tall, dark, muscular, sinister-looking clerk, about thirty years of age, standing at a desk behind the

counter. "Is Mr. Granger in?" I asked. "No!" was the curt reply. "Will he be in soon?"

"Will he ever be in again?" The man started, and looked at me, for the first time, in a quick, searching "What do you mean?" he asked.

"Has he come back with his daughter?" I questioned, in return. He again started, came forward, and sharply scrutinized my person; but, as

"Don't you know that Horace Granger is dead?" said I, fixing a look upon the fellow that made him quail. "Dead!" he echoed, in well-assumed amazement and horror. "Good heavens! How? When? Where?" "How? — by hanging; when? — six days ago; where? — London," I answer-

ed categorically. "You take away my breath!" he almost gasped. "What is your name?" I queried, "George Grenham." "Ah, yes-the 'G.'!"

der, as he answered, in a mumbling, confused way: "I believe—he did—go—somewhere."
"But his daughter was not in Lon-

don. vou know!" I said this at a venture, for I fancied had devined the plot.

"Man!" and his eyes fairly glared.
"You had been there before, in the went on again, and telegraphed to your employer that his daughter was found and picked up, and to come on him at London Bridge Station. You did meet him; it was in the night; you took him to the room you had previously engaged; you fell upon him; you garroted him; you hung him up to wall; you burned the telegram, and then you hastened back here to

ruption—I piled one fact upon another so quickly and surely, that I seemed to the guilty wretch to be an eye-witness relating what I had seen; and I brought the whole damning scene so vividly to his mind's eye that, with a face distorted with horror and covered with the sweat of mental agony, he staggered back, sank down, and half groaned and half shricked out: "Good heavens, have mercy!" Well, I had my clew; but before I

could make much use of it, the murbrains. It turned out, in settling the estate of the murdered broker, that his murderer had been his confidential man of business and trusted friend; that the

time, but was kept as much as possible from the public at large, and was soon hushed up and forgotton by everyhody not in any manner interested be yond the mere curiosity and scandal of the hour.

What part the wife had in the wicked plot, I do not know.

I, of course, won the distinguished approval of my chief for the part I had taken in the dark affair, and that proved of much importance to me in

the future of my profession. Duties of an Editor.

Always be at his desk writing copy for the paper. Always to be outside rustling for

Always to be good natured. Always promptly to be at church on Sunday. Always to know what is going on Sunday, as well as week days, and get out an extra in case anything extra oc-

Always to have plenty of important news whether anything happens or Always instantly to pay his bills and smilingly take a "stand off" from all

first.

Always cheerfully to hold himself accountable for the mistakes and blunders of other people, and meekly submit to abuse therefor. Always to "hist" in the grammar, spelling and punctuation for illiterate

or careless contributors. Always to do his level best to promote every public enterprise, to do what he can to put money in other people's pocket, and serencly carry home a pound of liver for breakfast. Always religiously to cater to the conflicting prejudices of the commu-

nity.

Always to be round at all hours of the day or night, in and out of all kinds of places, on the alert for news, and at the same time be regular in his habits. Always to serve God and the devil, blow hot and cold water to suit the public, and then attempt to crawl into heaven under the edge of the canvas. Always to have unlimited advertising space next to reading matter on

The Ground Hog Did Not Survive. A few mornings ago a man living near Wolf Creek was attracted by the barking of dogs, and going to where they had treed a ground hog on the side of the mountain he found him in a hollow log with the entrance lying up hill.

He procured a long pole to reach the

the first page.—Exchange.

game, but this being too short he crawled in to lengthen the pole, and hung his toes over the end of the log. In this position he lost his hold, and down This was becoming very interesting ground hog, and a lively fight began. The man's superior strength prevai "May I venture to ask the name of ed, but not before he had been bitten in eleven places and badly scatched

cal. not to say ridiculous, position, with no means of escape. Fortunately, at this frightful junc ture, the family became uneasy and "Thank you," I said, feeling pretty | went out to see what had happened, and were horrified at the discovery After some further questions I left | Finally, after a round of cursing, pray ing and crying the victim was cut out of the log, "set right side up," clothed in his right mind, but the ground hog was dead.—Tuscumbia Alabamian.

up hill, so he was a prisoner in a criti-

Unlucky Children in Madagascar. It is not generally known that the Sakhalavas of Madagascar are given to infanticide. Every child that is unfortunate enough to enter the world on a Friday is carried to the nearest wood, laid in a shallow hole, and left to its fate, Friday being held in Madagascar, as in many other countries, to be an unlucky day. By a very different process of reasoning, certain children born on Sunday are also doomed to death by exposure. Sunday being a lucky day, it is considered that Sunday's bairns whose fathers hold high rank will, if they are allowed to grow up, become dangerous to their progenitors, and they are therefore put out of the way lest trouble should ensue. Twins, too, are killed, and every infant whose birth has caused the death of its mother is destroyed, because, according to the law of the Sakhalavas, it is a murderer. And when a child is born at midnight it is customary to place it next day upon a path by which oxen go to water. If the beasts do not touch t on their way, the infant's life is

saved; but if a hoof or a hair brushes it, no matter how lightly, the child is slain.—St. James Gazette.

Canada Thistles. There is no better month in which to kill the Canada thistle, as well as weeds generally, and the destruction of bushes, says the Germantown (Pa.) Telegraph, than August. It is also peculiarly a time when farmers are not so much hurried, and when the weeds have fully developed themselves. The farmer can see at a glance, indeed has seen all the season, the necessity of commencing the work of destruction. The best thing to be done with weeds of all kinds extirpated from the land is to use them in the compost heap, or to gather them in large heaps to remain there until dry, and then burn them up, "root and branch." The prac-tice of farmers who look only to their own selfish purposes, who live for themselves, and rarely have a neighbor with whom they are on friendly terms, is to pull up and throw into the public highway the weeds from their fields. There they are left to ripen their seed, and the first heavy shower of rain that comes they are carried away, sometimes for miles, either into the land of some other farmer or into a stream, to be landed along the banks for a great distance. We have more than once seen people calling themselves farmers and Christians engaged

in this mean business. How to Preserve Lemons. "My guess is," said the man at the

hotel, "that before the 1st of September lemons will be worth their weight in gold, and now while they are cheap am going to get in a stock." "How are you going to save them?"
was the Herald man's inquiry. "There, now you've asked questions, said the man who makes a breakfast off lemon juice and egg, "and now if

you'll get up close where the man who runs the fruit stand can't hear I'll tell

you. Put them in butter milk, Leave

an orange or lemon in that stuff one,

two or three months, and when you

take it out it will be fresh as a daisy.

This is a pickle that I have got a pat

ent on, and I want you to understand that it can't be beaten. Herald.

NUMBER 28

cieron Mt. Ararat.

A Constantinople contemporary announces the discovery of Noah's ark. who are pleased to pay someone else found that the admirality requirements for the conveyance of horses had been carried out, and the interior was divid-ed into partitions fifteen feet high. Into three of these only could they get, the others being full of ice, and how

Try cranberries for malaria. Try a sun bath for rheumatism. Try a clam broth for a weak stomach. Try cranberry poultice for erysipelas. Try gurgling lager beer for cure of

Try eating fresh radishes and yellow turnips for gravel. Try eating onions and horseradish to relieve dropsical swellings.

Try buttermilk for the removal of

freckles, tan, and butternut stains.

Try the croup-tippet when a child is likely to be troubled in that way.

Try hot flannel over the seat of a neuralgic pain, and renew frequently Try taking cod liver oil in tomato catsup if you want to make it palat-Try snuffing powdered borax up the

you are going to be out late in the Try breathing the fumes of turpentine or carbolic acid to relieve whoop-

Try a cloth wrung out from cold wa-

ter put about the neck at night for a

sore throat. Try an extra pair of stockings outside of your shoes when traveling in cold weather. Try walking with your hands be-

face when obliged to go against a cold, piercing wind. The Inevitable "To-morrow." This would be a happy world enough were men more content with to-day, and less anxious about to-morrow One-half the misery in the world is not real, but anticipated misery. A concern for this bugbear "to-morrow" is at the bottom of a majority of our troubles. And yet, if a man will but glance over his yesterdays, he will see at once how foolish it is to fret him-self about the time to come; for he will find in every yesterday a miniature grave, as it were, dug by a too

fearful imagination, in which is buried

A prudent thoughtfulness for the fu-

ture every man should entertain; but

it is worse than folly to permit the

breath of to-morrow, like a mildew, to

all his little store of daily happiness.

about us; and if beneath the horizon clouds are concealed, why anticipate the gloom in which they will enshroud carried off its one thousand, fear deness of one is affected by real misforcome. They waste their daily supply of oil in fruitless attempts to procure enough in his lamp to light him to contentment—that better name for happi

he will not use it aright, and that is the mischief of it.

ness-if he will but use it aright. But

young man, to which an old man re-plied thus: "That is right? You drink and it will make you work? Hearken to me a moment, and I'll tell you something that may do you good. I was once a very prosperous farmer. I had a good, loving wife, and two as fine lads as ever the sun shone on. We had a comfortable home and lived happily together. But we used to drink ale to ---

well as brave. "Show me an actor and I'll show you a low-lived, godless whelp," said one member of the army while preaching in London. And when a muscular actor stepped forward in a

The New Planing Mill

Scroll Sawing and all kinds Job Work.

Cupboards, Wardrobes, Milk Safes, Sinks, Screen Doors, And anything in that line. We will also continue the Model Making. We will take contracts to manufacture any small articles in wood.

Shop back of Steam Grist Mill.

A Chicago man, an Amherst graduate, calls himself "professor of the lost art." As a boy he had a "gift" for finding such things as four-leaved clover and needles in haystacks. So, when he became a man, he studied the "lost" advertisements and proceeded to "find," earning a good living easily. He often receives rewards of \$100, and was once given \$1,000 by David Dudley Field for a lost pocketbook, which he discovered four days after its disappearance, in a blackbird's nest, where it had been used as building material. Once he found a diamond necklace, and a pork packer's wife who had advertised a

Rapid Letter Delivery in '49. A lot of letter-carriers were vying with one another in telling about rapid deliveries, etc. 'Capt. Bob Jones listened for a while, and then paralyzed the party by saying: "When I lived on Feather river, California, in '49, I saw the mail-carriers and noticed their way of travel. They had sort of snowshoes, and they would go down a mountain side at the rate of three miles a minute. I've seen 'em go so fast that the friction turned the snow to steam, and a good many of 'em were blown up by it one winter. They would go down

The Bite of the Leech.

Laid With Song.

ing of men at work upon the foundation and frame of any building that is being erected. There is no set song they sing, but they give voice to their wishes for the prosperity of the owner and builder, coining their song as they proceed with their labor, invoking the

land, three are over eighty and nine

wedding ring, which had been lost twenty-one years. The forty-eighth Congress, at the beginning of its first session, will find about 125,000,000 standard dollars in

found in Ohio, where, out of 650,000 scholars, 448 study Greek, still fewer (412) French, while more than 40,000 "Roastbeeflambuttonandham," said the girl who "waits on the table" at

A singular and rare scene in a courtroom occurred at Cologne the other day. Two brothers pleaded on opposite sides; one as the procurator for the State, the other as the counsel for the accused—their pleadings creating much comment among the audience.

The canned vegetable product of

Hartford county, Md., is said to amount to several millions of dollars annually,

and the canning interest to be greater than in any county in the world. From son in the canning factories.

The poorest girls in the world are those who have never been taught to work. There are thousands of them. Rich parents have petted them. They have been taught to despise labor, and depend upon others for a living, and are perfectly helpless. Every daughter ought to earn her own living. The

Oberlin was the first college in Amer-

Noah's Ark Found.

It appears that some Turkish commis-sioners appointed to investigate the question of avalanches on Mount Ararat suddenly came upon a gigantic structure of very dark wood protruding from a glacier. They made inquiries of the inhabitants (Q. 1,725 in their report). These had seen it for six years, but had been afraid to approach it because a spirit of flerce aspect had been seen looking out of the upper window. Turkish commissioners, however, are bold men, not deterred by such trifles, and they determined to reach it. Situated as it was among the fastnesses of one of the glens of Mount Ararat, it was a work of enormous difficulty, and it was only after incredible hardships that they succeeded. The ark, one will be glad to hear, was in a good state of preservation, although the angles—observe, not the bow or stern—had been a good deal broken in its descent. They recognized it at once. There was an Englishman among them who had presumably read his Bible, and he saw it was made of the ancient gopher wood of Scrip-ture, which, as every one knows, only grows on the plains of the Euphrates. Effecting an entrance into the strucone hill so fast that the impetus would ture. which was painted brown, they

One of the practices peculiar to Japan, and one that naturally excites the curiosity of the stranger, is the sing-

that two million bushels of wheat will be sent to tidewater this season from Of the bishops of the church of Eng-

says that Mexico is to be the new field for Chinese immigration. At Oshkosh, Wis., the other day, a man hoed up in his garden his wife's

in the matter of learning languages is

ten to fifteen thousand people besides residents are employed during the sea-"What is the next thing to a dude?" was asked in a fashionable parlor last night. One lady answered, an ape, another, an ourangoutang, but when a little girl said the next thing to adude

doubtful whether he had been quite as polite to the ladies, as was desirable, added, "There is no objection to the female brethren remaining, if they wish to." Pickerel Lake is about the only place in this vicinity that furnishes any sport for anglers, but the great strings of black bass, weighing from one pound to six pounds, that are

caught there, are enough to make up

rich as well as the poor require this training. The wheel of fortune rolls swiftly round—the rich are very likely to become poor and the poor rich. Skill

ica to make an experiment of co-education on an ample scale. For the first twenty years she had an annual average attendance of 500 students; since that time, for thirty years, it has been fully 1,000, rising the present year to about 1,500. During the greater part of this half-a century the young men have outnumbered the young women by a third or a quarter. But in the time of the late war the women were the most numerous, and during the last two years they are again in the a muscular actor stepped forward in a majority. Whichever sex, however, fighting attitude, the preacher said: has numbered most at any time, there always have been several hundred of both sexes in attendance, meeting together daily in the class-rooms for reci-

times successively in the same place; this gives a pretty exact idea of the

favor of the gods for their employer and all having any interest in the structure they are erecting.

over seventy years of age. The Chinese Consul in San Francis-

the treasury. A curious mark of changed relations

the "Isle of Shoals. "Well," said the old gentleman, "I've never tasted it, but you may bring me some and I'll

to labor is no disadvantage to the rich, and indispensable to the poor. Well-to-do parents must educate their children to work. No reform is more imperative than this.

Business Directory.

PARMERS & MANUFACTURERS BANK, Buchanan, Mich. All business entrusted to this Bank will receive prompt and personal attention. Wm. Pears, Pres.; Geo. H. Richards, Vice Pres.; A.F. Ross, Cashier.

MRS. FRANC WHITMAN, Agent for Victor Sawing Machines. Attachments, oil and needles furnished for all machines. In Bradley's Photographrooms, Front st.

HAS. W. SMITH has a lot of Carriages from the celebrated Louis Cook manufactory, for ale 1 p. Buchanan, Mich.

PRANK MERSON, proprietor of Central Meat
Market. Cash paid for all kinds of live stock
and produce. South side Front street.

Chilbiains, Piles,
Chafings, etc.
Rheumatism cured.
Soft White Complextons scaured by its use.
Ship Fever prevented.
To purify the Breath,
It can't be surpassed.
Catarrh relieved and
cured.

Erysipelas cured. Burnsrelievedinsta Scars prevented.

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Wounds healed rapidly. Scurvy cured. An Antidote for Anima

An Antidote for Animal
or Vegetable Poisons,
Stings, etc.
I used the Fluid during
our present affliction with
Scarlet Fever with decided advantage. It is
indispensable to the sickroom. — WM. F. SANDFORD, Eyric, Ala.

Scarlet Fever Cured.

Mail. Accom. Night Ex. Chicago. 7 05 a.m. 4 00 p.m. 10 20 p.m. Kensington 7 55 4 50 11 10 Lake. 8 35 50 11 52
Kensington 7 55 4 50 11 10 Lake 8 35 5 50 11 52
Kensington 7 55 4 50 11 10 Lake 8 35 5 50 11 52
Lake
THE TOTAL CO. 10 00 12 00
Michigan City 9 23 7 00 12 35
Michigan City 9 23 7 00 12 35 New Buffalo 9 47 7 25 1 00 a.m.
Three Oaks 10 02 7 40
Galien
Galien 10 15 7 52 11 82 Dayton 10 21 7 58
Buchanan
Niles 10 45 S 20 2 05
Niles
Decatur
Lawton 11 55 9 27 8 18
Lawton
Galesburgh 12 53
Battle Creek 1 23 4 37
Marshall 2 10 5 02
Albion 2 33 5 25
Jackson 8 25 7 25 a.m. 6 10
Grass Lake 3 52 7 48 6 82
Chelsea 4 18 8 10 6 54
Dexter. 4 85 8 24 7 08
Ann Arbor 4 57 S 45 7 28
Ann Arbor
Wayne Junc 5 40 9 28 8 05
Detroit 6 35 p.m. 10 20 a.m. 8 50 a.m.
Mail. Accom. Eve. Ex.
Detroit 7 20 a m. 6 15 p.m 8 20 p.m.
Wayne Junc 8 15 7 00 9 05
Ypsilanti 8 42 7 25 9 30
Ann Arbor 9 05. 7 42 9 50
Dexter 9 28 8 03 10 14
Chelsea 9 45 8 18 10 83
Grass Lake 10 10 8 48 11 00
Jackson 10 40 9 10 p.m. 11 35

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South Bend, Ind. This hospital is under the auspices of the Sisters of the Holy Cross. It is situated on Lowell Heights in the midst of healthful and pleasant surroundings. The building is commodious and substantial, roomy, airy, clean and pleasant. The mostskilful and successful physicians and surgeons are employed, and the best of nurses furnished. Special attention given to the treatment of surgical diseases and those peculiar to women and children. Terms reasonable. Address

whom the anxious father had come on to see and probably take back with WHY NOT CALL,

Burial Robes a Specialty A FINE HEARSE Furnished to all ordering, on short notice

Price \$1,000 cash down, or \$1,100 on time, \$300 to be paid down, and balance J. W. R. LISTER,

SISTER DIRECTRESS, SOUTH BEND, IND.

teens.

I may be called as a witness?" "No, sir. On my honor, no use of your name shall be made in connection jealous of a certain gentleman of whom he has no reason to be, and that he has all confidence in one who may

sure of my course.

"Don't know." "Has be been in to-day?" "Can't sav." "Was he in yesterday?" "Can't say."

I fancied, with a guilty conscience.
"Who are you? What do you want here? And why these impertment questions?" he demanded, in a fierce

"You know Mr. Granger went to London nearly a week ago, to find his daughter?" I proceeded. I saw the man turn pale and shud-

"Why, how did you know that?— that is—I mean—" "Never mind," I interrupted. "His daughter was not there, but you were." disguise of an old man," I went on; "you had engaged a room in a commercial house to exhibit a patent; you on the last train, and you would meet

I went through with my accusa-tions so rapidly, giving the villian no time for consideration or even inter-

play the roll of innocence!"

latter had systematically robbed his

Of course the affair made quite a tion.

employer of many thousands of consin, that it is spreading surely if pounds, and that he had concocted the not rapidly, and that it has already reached a stage which will require radication the actor shown to me. I am the low-thus revealed.

In the preacher said:

"I'll be as good as my word. Here is the actor shown to me. I am the low-lived and godless whelp—that is in the sight of heaven."

The Milwaukee Sentinel is authority for the statement that leprosy has gained a foothold among the Norwegian inhabitants of Northwestern Wis

far the ark extended into the glacier

they could not tell. If, however, on

being uncovered it turns out to be 300

cubits long, it will go hard with disbe-

lievers in the book of Genesis. "Need-

less to say," says the Pall Mall Gazette,

"an American was soon on the spot, and the negotiations have been entered into with the local Pacha for its speedy transfer to the United States." The Family Doctor.

sore throat. Try swallowing saliva when troubled with sour stomach.

ostriis for catarrhal "cold in the head." Try hard cider-a wineglassful three times a day—for ague and rheumatism. Try taking a nap in the afternoon if

hind you if you find yourself becoming bent forward. Try a silk handkerchief over the learn German. see what it's like."

blight the flowers around our pathway. Let us enjoy the sunshine while it is It is often the case that an imagin ary evil is productive of more mischief than the real calamity. It has frequently been observed, in times of great mortality, that where disease stroyed its ten thousand. So of the minor evils of life-where the happitune, that of ten is destroyed without any just cause. The truth is, men are not content with their every-day hap-piness. They slight the good they have, in their anxiety for the good to a supply for the morrow forgetting that He who replenishes the cruse is inexhaustible. Every man has oil for all deficiencies elsewhere, and the beauty of it all is that everybody has

A Word of Warning. "I drink to make me work," said a

make us work. Those two lads I have laid in drunkard's graves. My wife died broken hearted, and she now lies by her two sons. I am seventy-two years of age. Had it not been for drink I might have been an independent man; but I used to drink to make me work—and mark, it makes me work now! At seventy years of age I am obliged to work for my daily bread. Drink! Drink! and it will make you work!" There is a powerful warning in this incidental anecdote, that ought to be heeded by every boy or young man. And it is forced home as a true outcome of dabbling in liquors. They will beat you in the end. Found the Low-Lived Fellow. The salvation army is discreet as

sight of heaven."

The Ancient Vessel Discovered in a Gla-

A Professor of the Lost Art.

"liberal reward," gave him \$1 in a sealed envelope.

carry them to the top of the next."

The nature of the bite of the leech has been examined by M. Carlet. He detached the animal from the shaved skin of a rabbit at different stages. Suppose a scarifier, with three toothed and equi-distant blades withdrawing from one another while they press into the skin, and operating several

VERSCHIEDENHEIT. The Canadian Pacific managers state

is his undershirt, the subject was suddenly dropped. At the close of a prayer meeting in Connecticut, recently, a deacon invited the "brethren" to remain to attend a business meeting, and then feeling

good luck here.—Newaygo Republican. A schoolmistress of Yreka, Cal., while on her way to school was attacked by an infuriated steer. "She seized the animal by the horns and held him until help came." The next day she saw a rat in the school-room, when she hastily gathered her skirts about her. jumped up on a desk, and yelled murder. A rat has no horns for a woman to grab hold of.—Norristown Herald.

JOHN G. HOLMES, Editor.

THURSDAY, AUGUST 16, 1883.

The prairie chicken crop is ripe in Illinois

Fifty years ago last Friday Chicago organized as a village.

Vanderbilt is supposed to be after the Northern Pacific railroad.

The English wheat crop is in a bad way, being damaged by rust and mildew.

17,000 have died of cholera in Egypt during the prevalence of the plague

The Chicago exposition will be open from September 5 to October 25 this

Chicago is following the example of Omaha, and is paving her streets with granite.

The cotton crop in various parts of the South is a great sufferer this year .from the wrong kind of weather. Too dry, is the complaint just now. Proctor Knott's majority for Gov-

legislature will have 110 Democrats and twenty-three Republicans. Almost There were a few days of great ex-

ernor of Kentucky is about 50,000. The

citement over the strong indications of a panic in money circles in Indianapolis, but the chasm has been bridged and all is smooth sailing now.

The Kimball house at Atlanta, Georgia, burned Sunday morning. There were 300 persons in the building when the alarm was given, but all were gotten out without a scorch. The loss foots up at about \$1,000,000.

The compositor who sets up the advertised letter list in South Bend is a subject for pity. He would have to stand on his head and look crosseyed to read some of those Polish and Swedish names.

It is very properly suggested that President Arthur, during his visit to the West, will take a little trip down into Utah and see just how polygomy is conducted. He may see a few things that will bring to mind some suggestions for his next annual message to Congress.

Quite rapidly the sensible men of the democratic party are coming to see the tariff question as the Republican party sees it. Senator Beck is one of them. He says: "the revenue tax should be adjusted as far as possible so as to aid the American industries in the proportion in which they can least bear foreign competition."

British papers consider the people of this country responsible for the death of Capt. Webb, because no means were applied to keep him from attempting to swim the rapids. The people of this country know better than to undertake such foolish impossibilities, but do not object to allowing any Britain who contains an exalted idea of English supremacy trying it if he like.

Here is the way the Charleston, South Carolina, News, (Democratic) speaks, by a special correspondent, of President Arthur, at Louisville:

"As the President rose and advanced, it seemed that the shouts of the assembled multitude would carry off the roof of the building. He took everything by storm. I expected nothing as to his speaking ability, but was greatly surprised when I found him one of the finest speakers I ever listen-ed to. Louisville is wildly, madly enthusiastic about the President." Not bad, considering the source.

A fire started in the baptist church in the village of Vineyard Haven. Mass. Saturday evening, and appears to have spread without check till Monday morning, when about fifty acres in the center of the village was a waste of smoldering embers and ashes. Every store but one in the town was burned and the village almost literally wiped out of existence. It was composed mostly of light frame cottages and buildings, and being pleasantly located on Martha's Vineyard island, was a popular summer resort. The town was full of summer boarders from New York, Washington and elsewhere, over 200 of whom were burned out.

Under Sheriff Stamp arrested a fellow at Pokagon, on Sunday last, who was selling liquor and started with him to the jail; when near Cassopolis the fellow concluded he had rode far enough and so he jumped from the buggy and run. Stamp called to him to stop but he did not heed it then he shot at him with his revolver a few times but the fellow failed to halt and after a short run Stamp concluded it was no use and gave up the chase.-Dowagiac Republican.

Is this one of the Democratic officers the Times has been having so much to say about recently?

"Chief Servant" Begole is being pretty severely handled by some of the State papers on his bogus reform professions, and then not living up to them. He is charged with soliciting from railroad companies 1000-mile complimentary tickets for himself and his family, and in at last one case receiving and using them; that he has received from another railroad company in this State a free pass and used the same; that he has received from one of the telegraph companies a little book or package of "franks," so that he may send private telegrams free of cost to himself. Now, this would be all right with a Republican or Democrat, but the fact that a Greenback Governor, who is supposed to be the such favors from the "great monopolies" that "grind" the poor, will lead the said rank and file to believe their leaders to be as bad as men of other parties, and first-class frauds generally because they make great professions and then do not practice them.

Pomona Grange.

The meeting of the Pomona Grange No. 1, of Berrien county was held in this place Tuesday and Wednesday of this week. There was a fair representation of members from all parts of the county, and the meeting made one of interest. Hon. Thomas Mars was assigned the subject "Benefits of Necessities," and with this as a head-light made a very commendable and interesting essay. Freeman Franklin on "The Tariff," gave food for a lively discussion pro and con, in which Mr. Franklin, besides having an excellently prepared article, "held his own" with those of opposite mind, most prominent among whom was Hon. Levi Sparks. For the benefit of those who could not be present we publish the essay of Mr. Franklin in full:

Worthy Master, Ladies and Gentlemen: The subject assigned me to discuss, viz. "The Tariff," is one of great importance to every American citizen, and ought to engage the attention and secure earnest thought on the part of every Patron of Husbandry. It is also a very profound and intricate one, which has engaged the attention of the best minds and greatest statesmen of America, as well as the most noted financiers and writers on political economy, of the old world, and yet remains a problem without a satisfactory solution, a vexed question in the politics of

It certainly cannot be that you expect me a farmer, unskilled in financial lore, with but little knowledge of our system of revenues, to discuss this profound question with any degree of ability or of interest to you. It seems to me our Worthy Secretary was fully aware of this fact, and therefore he very appropriately and tersely stated the case in his notice of this meeting, that Brother Franklin would labor with the tariff question. I was not aware, until a few days ago, when I took up the Grange Visitor, and there saw it announced, that I was expected to take any special part in the deliberations of this meeting. Therefore, whatever I may say to-day will be with-

out much time for thought or research. First, a definition of the term, a tariff. What I understand by tariff, is a rate or scale of duties. Duty is a term used to designate a sum paid by foreign merchandise coming to our country for sale, for the privilege of entering and being offered to purchasers, and is of two kinds, specific and ad valorum. A specific duty is a specified amount to be collected on certain articles without regard to cost, and an ad valorum duty is a certain per cent. on the cost of the article where produced. Congress alone has power to levy and regulate these duties as well as the manner of their collection. The tariff has always been a prominent political issue, hence a great difficulty arises on my part, as a Patron, in discussing this question, as you all know the Grange prohibits the discussion of partisan political questions, and you readily see how difficult it is for me to ventilate my views without coming in conflict Worthy Master, it shall be my earnest endeavor to so treat this subject as to avoid all partisanship or allusion to any political organization, and only

give you the views of a plain farmer, not a politician, on this important question. In considering this question, like all others, many go to extremes; some advocating absolute free trade, and others a high protective tariff, while a third class urge a tariff for revenue only. I shall have to differ with them all. It is urged by the advocates of free trade, that a tariff is but another means of taking money out of the pockets of the people, to put it into those of manufacturers, that it restricts commerce, and in many cases prevents it, and hence destroys free intercourse between nations and the interchange of commodities; that it fosters monopolies and forces the consumer to buy in the highest market and to sell in the lowest. Now I acknowledge that an injudicious or a high tariff, when not needed, does this; but a proper one does not. A just tariff enables the government to raise revenue sufficient to pay its running expenses, and a large proportion is derived from the wealthy class, who are the largest consumers of imported goods, thus saving to the masses a direct tax for the same. A fair tariff does not restrict commerce or hinder the interchange of commodities, neither does it force the producer to sell in the lowest market and buy in the highest. To illustrate: Four-fifths of all we produce is consumed at home, one-fifth exported. What, then, governs the price of what we sell? Certainly the four-fifths. Now what enables this nation to consume four-fifths of all it produces? Unquestionably its great manufacturing and mercantile interests, whose hundreds of thousands of employes are all consumers and not producers. What would be the case if our factories were closed and the vast hordes of laborers employed by the same were become producers instead

of consumers? The tables would be turned, and as farmers we would have to depend upon an export demand for at least one-half of all we raise, and the result would inevitably be extremely low prices, and I venture to say that the loss on our products would more than balance the extra cost we have to pay for what we consume, which pays a duty, and it does not end here. With the close of our factories competition would cease, and foreign countries would be able to dictate prices to us, which they would not hesitate to make as high as possible. So that in the end a judicious tariff enables us to get more for what we have to sell, and to buy cheaper than we could without it. Free traders call it class legislation. Now I do not concede that any legislation that conduces to the general good is class legislation. On the other hand the most earnest and persistent advocates of a high protective tariff, are too often men who have an ax to grind, and do so out of selfish motives. They would make it so high, if they could, under the plea of protection, as to make it exclusive, and supchief source from which the rank and ply all importations of the goods they industry, and bringing them hordes machine, or rake, as the occasion refile receive their lessons, should receive | manufacture, thus subjecting them- of wealth. I would rather pay a duty | quires; does all the mowing, reaping selves, and justly too, to the charges preferred by the advocates of free trade, viz: a restricted commerce, a difficulty in the interchange of commodities, and

enable them to exact from the consum-

er more than is just. This class repre-

lobbying in Congress for the passage of some act favorable to their particular interests, and I am sorry to say that they too frequently succeed. Such enactments may justly be termed class

legislation. The doctrine of a tariff for revenue only has much to recommend it; but as it fails to provide for special cases where protection is necessary, it is therefore not a perfect solution of the problem. It seems to me that no one who will give the subject careful consideration will advocate the doctrine of free trade. The Government must have about \$350,000,000 annually for its current expenses, and this, as I said before, must be raised either by direct taxation or by a tariff, and if I may be allowed to digress, I would add it ought, in part, to be raised by an income tax. If raised by direct tax, who, think you, would pay it? I answer, those who have visible property, viz: those of moderate means, such as the farmer, mechanic, merchant, &c.; and when you reflect that this would be a tax of \$7 for every man, woman and child in the United States, you necessarily see that direct taxation would be a grievous burden, and that the bondholder and money loaners would escape their just proportion, which would still further increase the burden. While by a judicious tariff, the bond-holder, the millionaire and rich corporations must pay their part, and last but not least, the large class, called society young men, (the dude of modern society) children of rich parents, who think themselves too good to wear anything of domestic manufacture, and must have foreign goods, foreign cigars, foreign liquors, &c., contribute no small proportion of this \$350,000,000. I would have a high duty on luxuries and a low one on necessaries. There are three great industries in

our country, viz: Agriculture, Manufacturing, and Mercantile, and I have named them in the order of their importance. And these three beget a fourth-commerce-all closely allied, all mutually dependent upon the other. and if for any cause either should decline or be crippled, the others must suffer. See what magnitude our manufacturing has attained. With a capital invested, according to the census of 1880, of \$2,790,223,506, employing 2,742,450 persons, paying in wages durthe year, \$947,919,674, using raw material to the value of \$3,394,340,029, which sold for \$5,869,667,706, leaving an increase of \$1,975,327,677 over the value of the raw material, more than enough to pay the national debt, to increase the wealth of this country, and all of which had we had to have depended upon foreign countries for our supplies, would have been shipped from our shores. And do you suppose that this would have been the case if left to themselves in their infancy, with no protection or encouragement given them? With free trade, how easy for England to have crushed them all; and here let me add, that what England wants, we do not. England is the acknowledged champion as a manufacturing nation. She, with her low rates different political sentiment. But, of interest and pauper labor, can, in necessarily find an outlet for her sur- 9 to 12. plus. Hence her great solicitude to October 2 to 5. instill free trade doctrines into American minds, and how anxiously she watches our congress, hoping to perceive

legislation in that direction. Any one doubting the policy of Eng-Irish history, and he will be convinced. Even English capital was greatly intween England and Ireland was brought about, and England became ly enacted laws which have pauperizin Ireland which sought an English | Such is reform. market, and made a very low tariff on all English goods seeking an Irish market, thus protecting her manufacturers and crippling Ireland's, and the consequence was that it soon closed nearly all the factories in Ireland, and capitalists withdrew their money and invested it in England, thus throwing thousands of operators out of employment, and forcing them to be tillers of the soil, and as a consequence, Ireland is poor. In my opinion, the same result would follow in America, should England succeed in establishing her absolutely free trade doctrines.

It seems to me that what holds good with individuals and municipalities ought to hold with a nation. Villages and cities offer great inducements to manufacturers to get them to locate in their midst, and reap decided benefits thereby. The growth and prosperity of South Bend, Ind., is due entirely tothis principle. By inducing many to engage in manufacturing we create competition, and in the end actually cheapen the articles to the consumer. For example: salt is now a great deal cheaper than it was when it was admitted duty free, recause by stimulating its production with a tariff, protective in its nature, many were induced to develop the valuable salt deposits of the country, until we not only produce all we need, but are enabled to

become exporters. We have valuable tin mines, yet for the want of protection or the proper encouragement, not a sheet of tin is made in the United States, and millions | ing from the shock her symptoms of of dollars are annually sent abroad for what we ought to produce our | been better than she had previously selves. Sugar is another noted example. We import many millions of | not care to risk it again, it is possible dollars worth of sugar every year, all that another stroke of lightning would of which could be produced at home, cure her completely, if it failed to and thus saving the nation and the consumers a great deal annually. But for the want of a proper inducement | lady living two miles from that town, on the part of Congress this great in- | weighing 116 pounds, and only 17 years dustry languishes. Other nations do of age, arises at 5 A. M. and milks eight not act as foolishly. France paid large | cows. helps her mother get breakfast. bonuses to those who would engage in | takes the team and carries the milk of the manufacture of beet sugar, and | 32 cows to the cheese factory, two further stimulated its production by a | miles distant, and brings back a load tariff until it is now a great national of whey; then hitches the team to the of two or three cents per pound on and raking on the farm of 800 acres; sugar for a few years, (in addition to at the close of each day's work she the duty it already pays,) to introduce | milks the cows, assists her mother in and establish this great industry, which | finishing the house work and retires would give employment to many thous- at 9 P. M. Besides this, she keeps the

and not only save but largely increase our national wealth, and in the end (like salt) the consumer would be able to buy it for less than he does now. It is estimated by the national bureau of statistics that two per cent. of the acreage devoted to corn would, if planted

to cane, supply all the sugar and molasses used in the United States, and a larger per cent. would make us extensive importers of this prime necessity, and this all could be accomplished by protecting this industry in its infancy until fully established, when it would take care of itself. To follow the advice of those demanding free trade would be the same as to buy our plaster of the combination, and cease our efforts to sustain our own mill, thus making a temporary gain and be obliged to pay dearly for our folly in the future; or, to copy their language, buy in the cheapest market. Worthy Master, much might and ought to be said upon this great question in order to fully explain and understand it. But I fear I have already wearied you and taxed the patience of all by this quite lengthy and dry dissertation upon what to too many is a dry subject, and in conclusion I would say. I favor a tariff for revenue always, and protection in all cases where necessary or wise. I would have Congress watch carefully the workings of the

no longer needs protection, cease to I presume, Worthy Master, that I have been radical enough in my views to induce comment, and I expect and invite criticism, for this subject cannot be too much talked upon or thought

tariff and revise or change it whenever

necessary, and whenever any industry

The next meeting of Pomona Grange will be held in October, in Fruit Grange Hall, at Tryon's Corners, in Royalton

Following is a list of County and District fairs to be held in this State this Fall:

Northern Michigan Ag'l Society, Greenville, October 9 to 12.
Eastern Michigan Agricultural Society, Ypsilanti, September 25 to 28.
Western Michigan Ag'l Society, Grand Rapids, September 24 to 28.
North Eastern Michigan Ag'l Society, East Saginaw, September 25 to 28.
Central Michigan Ag'l Society, Lausing, October 1 to 5. Northern Michigan Ag'l Society, Greenville, Armada Agricultural Society, Armada, October 3 to 5.

Berrien County Agricultural Society, Niles, Sep-Berrien County Agricultural Society, Niles, September 25 to 28.

Branch County Agricultural Society, Coldwater, September 25 to 28.

Brooklyn Union Ag'l Society, Brooklyn, September 25 to 28. Cass County Ag'l Society, Cassopolis, Septem-ler 19 to 21.

Calhoun County Ag'l Society, Marshall, Septem-County Ag'l Society, Marshall, Sep-County Ag'l Society, St. Johns, October Eaton Rapids Union Ag'l Society, Eaton Rapids, Genessee County Ag'l Society, Flint, Oct. 2 to 5. Grand Traverse County Ag'l Society, Traverse ity, September 18 to 21. Hillsdale County Ag'l Society, Hillsdale, Octo-Instante County Ag'l Society, Mason, September 2 to 5.
Ingham County Ag'l Society, Mason, September 6 to 28.

28 to 28.

Ionia County Ag'l Society, Ionia, Oct. 2 to 5.

Lenawee County Ag'l Society, Adrian, September 25 to 28.

Livingston County Ag'l Society, Howell, September 24 to 27.

Macomb County Ag'l Society, Mt. Clemens, September 25 to 28.

Manistee County Ag'l Society, Bear Lake, September 25 to 28.

Oakland County Ag'l Society, Poutiac, October 5 to 8. to S.
Osceola County Ag'l Society, Evart, Oct. 2 to 4.
Ovid Union Ag'l Society, Ovid, Oct. 9 to 12.
Plainwell Union Ag'l Society, Plainwell, Octo-

ce County Ag'l Society, Owosso, Sep tember 25 to 27. Stockbridge Ag'l Society, Stockbridge, October many things, more than compete with | 9 to 11.
St. Joseph County Ag'l Society, Centreville, American manufacturers, and she must Union Agricultural Society, Litchfield, October Washtenaw County Ag'l Society, Ann Arbor,

The Post and Tribune calls upon "Chief Servant" Begole to explain his action in regard to railroad passes, charging him with accepting his nomiland has but to become a student of nation, on the distinct promise to institute great reforms in this way, and Ireland was once a great manufactur- then applying for passes and 1.000 mile ing nation, and consequently wealthy. | tickets and using them, thus making his promises to the people good in the vested there. But after the union be- reform sense. We have a member of the legislature in this near vicinity who accepted his nomination over a mistress of the situation, she shrewd- platform containing an anti-pass resolution, who now says the people must ed Ireland and enriched herself. She be fools to think that a man is going made a tariff which permitted the raw to work for them for \$3 per day and material to be shipped from Ireland to | pay his own expenses, including his her harbors free of duty. Placed a railroad fare to and from his home, high tariff on all goods manufactured | when he can just as well use a pass.

No one has ever accused Gov. Porter of an abuse of the pardoning power which the late Gov. Williams abused to an extent that it became a scandal At the Acton campmeeting this week Gov. Porter spoke on "The pardoning power." He acknowledged the perplex ity of the question of pardons, and said "the only safe way for the executive, in nearly all cases, in considering applications for pardons is to proceed slowly, and in most cases to make confidential inquiries respecting the past character of the prisoner, the facts alleged in the application and the general sense of the public where the crime was committed. And in spite of all his caution and inquiry he may sometimes be led into error."—South Bend

What a lesson for our own and only Josiah.

STATE ITEMS.

The Michigan State Fair will be held n Detroit September 17-21.

The Dowagiac millers express their opinion that the long berried Lancaster wheat is the best grown, for roller milling, and worth one or two cents more per bushel than the softer kinds. A correspondent of the Manistique Pioneer says that Eagle Harbor, having a population of 200 souls, has six saloons, and not one of them has paid the state tax.—Evening News.

Mrs. George M. Harrison writes to the Paw Paw True Northerner that she was partly paralyzed before she was shocked by a stroke of lightning about three weeks ago. On recoverparalysis were gone, and she has since been for months. Though she would

The Charlotte Leader says a young ands, diversify production, and be high- book of the farm, is fair looking and sent the other extreme, and are always | ly remunerative to those engaged in it, | intelligent.

Stolla Cryderman, of Hoytville, Eaton county, took strychnine by mistake for toothache medicine. She had a close call, but her life was saved.

LEXINGTON, Mich., August 13.—One veek ago yesterday Wm. Garwood, a fresco painter from Cleveland, aged 32. who had been doing some work at this place, and who has a wife and two children in Cleveland, married the colored cook at the Cadillac house. About midnight of Saturday a party of 25 or 30 masked men went to the house where the pair were domiciled, took Garwood to a point near the intersection of the two principal streets of the city, and treated him to a coat of tar and feathers. When released he started west on a dead run, pursued by a shower of stones and other missiles, but managed to elude his pursuers and has not been seen since.

PHACTS AND PHYSIC. Salvador convicts are chained in pairs, and are sent out to seek work.

If they cannot earn or beg their food

they must starve.

What They Lead To. * Kidney troubles and liver troubles, inless checked in time by Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy," will end in constipation, piles, rheumatism, and gravel. The latter are ailments of very serious character. "Favorite Remedy" acts upon the disordered kidneys and liver with quickness and certainty. It is nature's own device for this purpose. Ask for it when you are next in the store, or write to the loctor, at Rondout, N. Y.

Don't fill the system with quinine. when fever and ague, and mararial fevers, can be much more effectively treated by Ayer's Ague Cure. Warranted to cure.

A traveler in Mississippi writes that it looks now as if that state would rival some of the great Western States in the matter of corn production this year.

Young, old, and middled-aged, all experience the wonderful beneficial effects of Ayer's Sarsaparilla. Young children suffering from sore eyes, sore ears, scald-head, or with any scrofulous or syphilitic taint, may be made healthy and strong by its use.

Mr. A. T. T. Carpenter, Ludington, Mich., says: "I have used Brown's Iron Bitters for constipation; it has been very beneficial to me.' A copy of the will of the late Ade-

laide Neilson was filed for record in Chicago last week, she having owned real estate in that city. 2-A Blessing to all Mankind.

In these times when our newspapers are flooded with patent medicine advertisements, it is gratifying to know what to procure that will certainly If you are bilious, blood out of order, liver inactive, or generally debilitated, there is nothing in the world that will cure you so quickly as Electric Bitters. They are a blessing to all mankind, and can be had for only fifty cents a bottle of Daniel Wes-

Mr. J. Smith, Saginaw, Mich., says: 'We have used Brown's Iron Bitters quite freely, and it gave entire satis-

Cholera morbus balls - otherwise green apples—are in market, much to gratification of physicians, who find business dull.

Bucklen's Arnica Salve. bruises, sores, ulcers, salt rheum, fever sores, tetter, chapped hands, chilblainscorns, and all skin eruptions, and positively cures piles, or no pay required It is guaranteed to give perfect satis faction, or money refunded. Price 25 cents per box. For sale by Daniel 28y1

An extraordinary cave has been discovered at the base of Lookout mountain, which contains a lake with a fall 150 feet leading into it.

Is Fun Better Than Physic?-4 Fun is excellent; a hearty laugh is known the world over to be health promoter; but fun does not fill the bill when a man needs physic They would be more healthy, live longer and enjoy life thoroughly if they used Dr. Jones' Red Clover Tonic. which cures all blood disorders, indigestion, kidney and liver troubles, removes pimples and is a perfect tonic. Can be taken by the most delicate. Only 50 cents per bottle, of W. A.

Mr. and Mrs. Tom Thumb were believers in Spiritualism, and would sit hours to receive communications from little Minnie Warren in the spirit land. That hacking cough can be so quick

ty cured by Shiloh's Cure. We guaran ee it. Sold by D. Weston. Will you suffer with dyspepsia and liver complaint? Shiloh's Vitalizer is guaranteed to cure you. Sold by D.

Sleepless nights made miserable by that terrible cough. Shiloh's Cure is the remedy for you. Sold by D. Wes-Catarrh cured, health and sweet

breath secured by Shiloh's Catarrh Remedy. Price 50 cents. Nasal Injector free. Sold by D. Weston. For lame back, side or chest use Shiloh's Porous plaster. Price 25 cents. Sold by D. Weston.

Shiloh's Cough and Consumption Cure is sold by us on a guarrantee. It cures consumption. Sold by D. Weston. Shiloh's Vitalizer is what you need for constipation, loss of appetite, dizziness and all symptoms of dyspepsia. Price 10 and 75 cents per bottle. Sold

Croup, Whooping cough and Bronchitis immediately relieved by Shiloh's Cure. Sold by D. Weston.

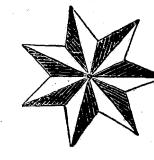
I can recommend Ely's Cream Balm to relieve all persons suffering from rose cold and hav fever. I have been a great sufferer from these complaints and have used it. I have recommended it to many of my friends for catarrh, and in all cases where they have used the Balm freely they have been cured. T. KENNEY, Dry Goods Merchant, Ithaca, N. Y.

Buchanan Prices Current. Corrected every Wednesday by Barrone & Richards. These figures represent the prices paid by dealers, nuless otherwise specified.

4	Wheat, per bushel (new) 1	0001	Δo
Į	When making mothered and inch		
1	Flour, patent, perbarrel, selling	6	
1	Flour, red, perbarrel, selling		00
1	Clover Seed, per bushel		00
1	Timothy Seed, per bushel		00
. 1	Corn, per bushel		40
1	Timothy Seed, per bushel Corn, per bushel Onts, per bushel		30
ı	Bran, perton, selling	14	
1	Pork, live, per hundred		00
	Pork, dressed, per hundred	.6	50
1	Pork, mess, per pound		13
	Pork, mess, per pound Corn Meal, bolted, per hundred, selling.	1	50
	Plaster, per barrel, selling	1	50
4	Hay tame per ton	-8	
4	Hay, marsh, per ton 5	8ത00	00
ł	Salt, fine, per barrel, selling		ЗŎ
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ı	Beans, per bushel	65@1	75
Ì	Wood, 18 inch, per cord	50001	75
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1	Butter, per pound	12	1%
1	Butter, per pound Eggs, per dozen	12 12	1/2
1	Lurd, per pound		íî
1	Tallow, per pound	7	1/2
ı	Honey perpound		1 4
1	Green Apples, per bushel	40@	50
ı	Chickens, perpound	50	
	Brick, perthousand, selling	7	
1	Hides, green, per ponnd	56	07
ı	Hides, green, per pound Hides, dry, per pound		ii
1	Pelts	15@	52
ď	Mackerel, No 1, per pound, selling		10
1	White Fish, per pound, selling		10
ı	Potatoes, new	35@	40
1	Potatoes, new	200	35
	Wool inweshed	18@	
-		49	
:	 		=
1	a week made at home by the indi	istriou	18.
1	Best business now before the publ	ic. Ca	p-
1	ital not needed. We will start you. Men,	wome	n,

boys and girls wanted everywhere to make a Now is the time. You can work in spare time, or give your whole time to the business. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can call to make appropriate pay, by engaging at once.

fail to make enormous pay, by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address True & Co., Augusta, Maine.



-AT THE-

Star Foundry.

Buchanan, Mich.,

I keep in stock and am agent for:

The Deering Improved Bind er, (\$200.)

The Eureka Mower. The Crown Mower.

The Hopkins Mower. The Cooper Engine, traction and common.

The Cooper Vibrator.

The Stevens Engine. The Stevens Separator, apron machine.

The Advance Separator, (Vibrator.) The Victor Double Clover

Huller. Kemp's Manure Spreader... Three kinds of Horse Rakes. One Minneapolis Binder,

(\$175.) The Lansing Spring-tooth Wheel Harrow. The Monitor Grain Drill.

Plows, Double and Single Shevel Plows, Harrows, Scrapers, and a greater variety of Plow Repairs and Shovel Plow Blades than anybody else in this

B. T. MORLEY.

tial.t.'s Vegetable Sicilian

HAIR RENEWER

was the first preparation perfectly adapted to care diseases of the scalp, and the first successful restorer of faded or gray hair to its natural color, growth, and youthful beauty. It has had many imitators, but none have so fully met all the requirements needful for the proper treatment of the hair and scalp. HALL'S HAIR RENEWER has steadily grown in favor, and spread its fame and usefulness to every quarter of the globe. Its unparal-

leled success can be attributed to but one cause: the entire fulfilment of its promises. The proprietors have often been surprised at the receipt of orders from remote countries, where they had never made an effort for its introduction.

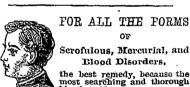
The use for a short time of Hall's Hair RENEWER wonderfully improves the per-sonal appearance. It cleanses the scalp from all impurities, cures all humors, fever, and dryness, and thus prevents baldness. It stimulates the weakened glands, and enables them to push forward a new and vigorous growth. The effects of this article are not nt, like those of alc tions, but remain a long time, which makes its use a matter of economy.

BUCKINGHAM'S DYE

WHISKERS

Will change the beard to a natural brown, or black, as desired. It produces a permanent color that will not wash away. Consisting of a single preparation, it is applied without

PREPARED BY R. P. HALL & CO., Nashna, N. H. Sold by all Dealers in Medicines.



Scrofulous, Mercurial, and the best remedy, because the most searching and thorough blood-purifier, is





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For catalogue containing full information ddress Rev. N. WOLVERTON, B. A., Principal. DIVORCES.—No publicity; residents of any State. Desertion, Non-Support. Advice and applications for stamp. W. H. LEE, Att'y, 329 Broadway, N. Y.

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vertising in 977 good newspapers sent ree. Address GEO. P. ROWELL & CO., 10 spruce St., N. Y.

BUCHANAN WINDMILL.

Lightest Running Most Durable! Sails cannot be blown out! Agents for Berrien Co. SAM'L MARS. Stevensville, Mich F. W. Metzger, Niles, Mich. John Redden,

Tanks of all kinds, Pumps, Pipe, &c. Descriptive Catalogue free. Buy the best and save money.

BUCHANAN WINDMILL CO., " Office with Rough Bros. Wagon Works. Buchanan, Mich.

Buchanan, Mich.

WONDERFUL

Bargains in all departments of their large and well selected stock of

BOOTS AND SHOES!

Walking Shoes, Slippers, Rubbers,

And all other articles usually kept in a first-class Boot and Shoe Store, and while they lead in variety, their goods are always of a superior quality and they give

Best Goods for the Least Money.

It will interest you to call in and examine their stock, learn their prices, and be convinced. No matter what is wanted you can always find it at our store. SCOTT & BROWNFIELD.

CHRONIC DISEASES A SPECIAL STUDY FOR YEARS.

DR. F. B. BREWER

Has made Chronic Diseases of the Throat, Lungs, Heart, Stomach, LiVer, Kidneys, Blood and Nerves,

A special treatment for years. He is not a boastful, ignorant pretender, but an educated physician, seeking to do good, by devoting his talent and energies to the treatment of a class of maladies that have been with him a long and patient study. To be able to treat-successfully chronic diseases it requires that a physician should be a sound, thorough scholar in the art of science and medicine generally. He should give his entire time to their study, be thorough in his investigations and have a long and varied experience. Dr. Brewer claims to work no wonders or to do any more than any well educated physician can do who devotes his whole time to the study and treatment of chronic diseases exclusively and has had his many years of experience. For years Dr. Brewer has visited the places he now visits, and has obtained his reputation by being honest in his dealings, candid in his opinions and reasonable in his charges. Those who are afflicted are invited to call, investigate and decide for themselves. It will cost nothing to do so. Address all letters to F. B. BREWER, M. D., Lock Box 350, CHICAGO, III. ILL. Dr. F. B. BREWER will be at Niles, Bond House, on Saturday the 4th of August. At Laporte Myers House, Saturday, the 2d of June, and Saturday, the 21st of July.

for Infants and Children.

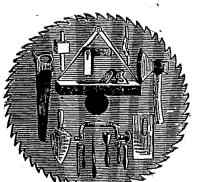
and overcomes Flatulency, Constipa-tion, Sour Stomach, Diarrhea, and Feverishness. It insures health and natural sleep, without morphine. "Castoria is so well adapted to Children that recommend it as superior to any prescription nown to me." H. A. Archer, M. D., 82 Portland Ave., Brooklyn, N. Y. CENTAUR LINIMENT-an absolute cure for Rheuma-

tism, Sprains, Burns, Galls, &c. The most Powerful and Pene-

BUY YOUR

trating Pain-relieving and Healing Remedy known to man.

Hardware, Stoves



PAINTS, OILS, AND

Agricultural Implements,

WOOD & SAMSON.

Notice of Letting Drain Contract. DUBLIC NOTICE is hereby given that on the 25th day of August, 1883, at nine o'clock in the forenoon, at the house of J. H. Hess, in the township of Buchanan, in the county of Bertien, I will be present for the purpose of letting contracts for the construction of portions thirteen and fourteen of the south branch of 'Madron's lake drain, the same running nons three and tourteen of the south branch of Madron's lake drain, the same running across the north part of the northeast quarter of section 21 in said township, to the lowest responsible bidder, reserving a right to reject all bids: Plans will be given at the time of letting contracts.

Dated this 4th day of August, 1883.

L.-W. SPAULDING.

Drain Commissioner for the lownship of Buchanan.

and upwards made at home by the industrious. Men, women, boys and girls wanted everywhere to work for us. Now is the time. You can work in spare time only or give your whole time to the business. You can live at home and do the work. No other business will pay you nearly as well. No one can fail to make enormous pay by engaging at once. Costly outfit and terms free. Money made fast, easily and honorably. Address True & Co., Augusta Maine

Send \$1,50 for the RECORD one year. Try the Record six months, 75 cents,

CLOTHING, Boots & Shoes!

HATS AND CAPS.

We have taken more than usual pains in the seection of our stock for Spring trade in these de partments. Our assortment in quality, style and price is superior to any offered in the county. For and quote prices.

Special Bargains.

GEO. W. NOBLE.

MAXWELL is in Benton Harbor this

THERE is a case of full blooded mumps on Front street.

THE Good Templars elected officers on Monday, so we are told.

gingerly. A felon upon it, he says is the trouble. JOHN HOLLOWAY has about 200 sheep

NIX OSBORN carries one hand very

to let on good terms. See him for par-

GRAHAM, MORTON & Co's new propeller, the city of St. Joseph, is to have new and more powerful engines.

Mr. W. A. SEVERSON'S little boy had his arm broken by falling out of a hammock, last Thursday evening.

MAXWELL's theater company is on the road in this State once more, with Sam Bowling, of Dowagiac, for advance

WILSON HARPER, one of the pioneers of this part of Michigan, died at his home in Berrien Spring, Sunday, Aug.

THE Lake Shore road has taken over a thousand car loads of gravel from near Coloma for ballast north of Holland City.

post office for James Death. Is it now that Niles is the headquarters of the Death family? A PARTY of young people will go

A LETTER is advertised in the Niles

from this place to the Lake Shore, Saturday, for a frolic in the sand, to be away a day or two.

Geo. A. Blakeslee, of Galien, threshed, this year, from 17 acres of land, 697 bushels of wheat, more than 41 bushels to the acre.—Niles Republican.

NEDDO AND RICE, the two prisoners who escaped from the Berrien jail, have been captured in Vermont. They managed to make a pretty good run of it.

LAST Thursday Jack Weist found a balloon at Indian Lake. It had been sent up by a Buchanan party, 14 miles from its landing place. — Dowagiac

MR. SCOTT WHITMAN has greatly improved the appearance of his Front street property by cleaning up the grove, and is still at work with more important changes.

A NUMBER of new names appear on the Record subscription list this week. It takes eleven hundred papers to supply the list now, and the number is on the

gradual increase. MARRIED.—On Monday, Aug. 13, at the residence of the bride's father, by Rev. H. Vallette Warren, Mr. Byron J. Chapman of Michigan City, and Miss

Mary Olive Clout of Buchanan. To the many friends and neighbors who so kindly assisted us in the sickness and death of our little one we wish

to tender our sincere thanks. Mr. and Mrs. Chas. A. Hewitt.

A NEW floor of two-inch plank has been put down in the rotunda of the jail since the escape of the prisoners. It will puzzle the next set of inmates to make an exit by the way those went.

THE excursion by the M. E. church from South Bend to Michigan City last Friday, was the largest that has passed this way in many a day. Sixteen cars were filled, and all appeared to be having a jolly time.

List of letters remaining uncalled for in the post-office at Buchanan for the week ending Aug. 16, 1883: Frank Allen, Mrs. Sarah Clark. Miss Birdie O'Barton, Postal Cards: Mr. John L. P. ALEXANDER, P. M.

THE Mishawaka M. E. Church will run an excursion to Benton Harbor over the C. W. & M. road next Saturday, and will go from there by boat to Michigan City. Fare for round trip \$1.

A New Prow.—We are informed that Mr. Dobbin of Watervliet has con structed a new plow that for beauty of workmanship, simplicity of structure, lightness of draft and efficiency in the performance of its work is not to be excelled.—Hartford Day Spring.

IF you have any serious thoughts of going to Dakota to settle just interview Aaron Miller, before going. He can give you a few points that will be of great value to you. He has been

Vol. 1, No. 1 of the Coleman Advocate, H. F. Linton, editor and publisher, has reached this office. Mr. Linton starts out with a bright, well printed | ed for the purpose of soliciting dona should like in launching upon such an succeed successfully, is the wish of the visions should be ready for shipment RECORD.

O. S. Tourje yesterday received another carload of fat cattle from Chicago for his market. "Tip" says his horses are now feeling fine, as they do not have to travel all over the country, with his man looking for cattle to buy.

MR. ROBERT ROGERS, agent for the American Express Company, informs the RECORD that the business of his office has been nearly double during the first six months of this year, of that for the same months last year.

THE apple moth has its nest large enough to be readily seen, and may be easily destroyed. This should be attended to now, if you care for preserving orchards, as no great damage has been done yet.

THE largest premium list yet gotten out for any fair in this part of the world has just reached us from the Northern Indiana Agricultural Society. It contains 208 pages. The fair is to be held October 1, 2, 3, 4 and 5, at South Bend.

DIED.-Mrs. Hannah Hill died at her home in Lake township on Thursday, August 9, of dropsy, after a sickness of over ten years. Aged 74 years. Mrs. Hill was born in Pennsylvania and has been a citizen of this county

Any poorly printed jobs that may be turned out from the RECORD job rooms this week may be credited to the fact that the foreman is grand dad to a Miss Morley, who lives down in Lake township, and is a little excitable. He will recover in a few days.

THERE are a number of buyers in this place who are shipping lamb's earcasses to Chicago market by the hundreds, and as a consequence there will be but a short time before there will be the same scarcity in sheep there is now in cattle.

Two tramps attracted considerable attention on the street Tuesday. One an Italian, the other a cinnamon bear. If we had some means of making these vagabonds earn their living it would be a greater benefit to the country to

have them here.

On the fourth page of this paper may be found the new ordinances recently adopted by the Common Council. This is the story of forty-one chapters, referred to last week, and should be carefully read by all citizens of the village of Buchanan.

THE Teachers' Institute, at Benton Harbor, is being made a great success. There are 200 teachers in attendance, under the instruction of Profs. Estabrook and Perry. The examination of teachers will be held Saturday, after the adjournment of the Institue.

To the many kind friends and neighbors who assisted us in the sickness and death of our dear husband and father, we wish to tender our sincere thanks. May the blessing of Heaven wish of

MRS. J. W. HEWITT AND FAMILY.

CHAS. REES, Jas. S. Kelly and Noe Messick were arrested at Benton Harbor Thursday evening. They came there on an excursion from Milford, Ind., that day, and got into trouble in the elevator office of G. B. Tolman & Co.. where they stabbed Chas. C. Cowining, the clerk in charge, wounding him about the head and breast.

A NEW heating furnace is being placed in the central school building in Niles, at an expense of \$3,000. The experience of this district with heating farnaces has not been most favorable. and wood burning stoves now heat our school building with less expense and more satisfactorily than was ever done by heating furnaces.

Twenty-five cents admission was charged at a Berrien county camp meeting, and a sinner's soul stood no show unless the sinner could ante up

the cash.—Evening News. This is more news from abroad, and the first that Berrien county has known of any camp meeting within her bor-

MAJOR L. A. DUNCAN, of Niles, has been appointed deputy internal revenue collector for the second district of the western division of the state, embracing Allegan, Berrien, Barry, Cass, Eaton, Kallamazoo, St. Joseph and Van Buren counties. The Major didn't spend the winter buttonholing Congressmen about Washington, but stayed by his business and gathers the persimmons. .

THE worthy Knights Templar who attended the encampment and hanquet at St. Joseph last week report a sort of high old time with the natives. Judging from the tired and wan appearance of the Knights, on their return, they put in full time. Over four hundred were present at the banquet. The famous cornetist, Signor Liberati, was present with his \$4,000 cornet, of solid gold bedecked with diamonds.

On Friday last Mr. A. Kern, of Dayton, was forty-five years old, and Mrs. K. took that as an occasion for getting up a good surprise on him, and accordingly, when Adam returned from a ride he had taken in the evening, he found about fifty of his friends had taken possession of the premises. They had also brought with them a number of useful articles, including a large easy rocker, a clock, and a gold watch-

PROVISIONS WANTED. - When the soldiers and sailors' reunion was held in Buchanan there was a call for provisions, and the call was liberally responded to from all parts of the county. and especially by St. Joseph. St. Joseph is now in the same predicament we were in two years ago, in great need of provisions, and asks for assistance. Under the circumstances, if for no other reason, Buchanan cannot fail to come to their aid with liberal donations: A committee has been appointpaper, patent "inards," a good amount | tions. Provisions may be left with M. of live local news, but a rather smaller | B. Gardner, at Rough Bros' hardware display of local advertising than we store, and he will see that they are forwarded to the commisssary at St. Joundertaking. That Mr. Linton shall seph. In order to be in time, the pro-

on Saturday, August 18.

W. G. McWILLIAMS was arrested Saturday night for abusing his wife and children, and lodged in the village prison, where he stayed until Tuesday, when he was tried before Justice Dick, found guilty, and sent to Berrien Springs to jail for ten days. As Mac doesn't cut up these capers oftener than once in a month it appears rather tough to punish him for such a light diversion. To send a man to jail just

Among the party of Joliet people who are spending the summer at Diamond Lake, is Major Wood, of the Republic and Sun. He gives his readers a description of the trip from Joliet to the lake, in which appears the following-paragraph:

ideal

"Approaching Buchanan, the prettiest town on the route, you see a school house twice as handsome as the one we are going to build in the Seventh ward. Buchanan has 2,500 people."

MR. J. L. KNIGHT has brought to this office a sample of Russian white oats, grown on his farm, south of Three Oaks. The straw is very heavy, stands about five feet high, and bears 103 kernels to the head. From this sample we judge the oats crop is ahead of the corn in that vicinity, if what may be seen from the railroad is a fair average. The corn growing along the track will not be large enough to make good fodder, saying nothing of any corn.

CAPT. DENISON, of Galien, hired three men to bind his oats last Thursday, and when they expressed a fear that there might be rattlesnakes under the bundles, he said he would agree to eat all of the rattlesnakes they would catch. The boys brought in sixteen rattlers for the Captain's dinner, and thought that in the afternoon they might find enough to keep him in dessert until winter if he didn't prove too heavy an eater.

THOSE who have the most immediate interest in the concrete walk along the west side of Clark street, between Front and Chicago streets, have, very sensibly, applied the finishing coating to the walk, giving it the same surface as that along the north side of Front street. These walks may be kept perfect for a long series of years, simply by the application of a thin coating of coal tar and fine sand, once in four or five years, and as this can be done at a very small expense it should not be neglected, as has already been done by those whose walks were not finished

by the builders, last year.

FARMERS. Buchanan is still the best wheat market. While the Niles Milling Company are paying \$1 for wheat delivered at their mill in Niles, they buy in Buchanan for \$1.02 to \$1.05, besides paying a man one cent per bushel for buying and about two cents for freight. In Niles the milling company have a monopoly in the wheat business, but when they come into this market they pay as much as other buyers, or get no wheat. A number of farm ers living near Niles take advantage ever rest upon you and yours is the of this by selling to the Buchanan agent and delivering at the mill. Others who do not think so far ahead draw their wheat from farms next adjoining the Niles city limits to Buchanau.

> THE bridge question is beginning to be a matter of thought once more. The contract was that the bridge should be completed by August 15, August 15 has passed and not a pile driven, and no evidence that any will be driven excepting a letter from them stating that they would be here last week and another that they would be here to-day or some other time. There is no bond given by the contractors that they shall ever have their work done, and as a consequence they take their own time to do it. Both townships and the village of Buchanan suffer loss and damage every day there is no bridge at that point. We had supposed it to be the customary practice in letting contracts for public works to require some kind of tangible guaranty that the terms of the contract shall be filled, but that does not appear to have been thought of in this case, and the people of the two townships suffer for it.

On Saturday, Major Wells, as Chairman of the Executive Committee of the Soldiers and Sailors' Association, arranged with the Michigan Central for special rates to the reunion at St. Joseph. Tickets will be sold to soldiers and their families, and to bands, on any day of the reunion, good to return on or before Saturday, August 25, at the following rates: Niles \$1, Buchanan \$1, Dayton \$1, Galien 75 cents, Three Oaks 75 cents. Passengers having these tickets on Wednesday, August 22, should go on Kalamazoo accommodation and by that means avoid any delay at New Buffalo. On Thursday a special excursion train will be run, for the accommodation of the public, going in the morning and returning on the evening of the same day, on which the above rates will be charged, the tickets good only for that day. This train will run on the Kalamazoo accommodation time, reaching St. Joseph at 9 o'clock A. M. Departing, will leave St.

A WRITER in the Bangor Reflector makes the following comments that are of general application among farmers, but especially so in this vicinity, which has been particularly subjected to the treatments pictured in the Bangor writer's remarks:

"A few days ago there were carried through Bangor, from Chicage, four teen car loads of cattle. Assuming twenty-two head per car and 1,500 lbs per head, this makes 369,000 lbs, which, at \$4 per hundred, would be worth \$14,784. There has been during this season more than that many calves shipped from this vicinity, for which the farmer has received not to exceed \$5 per head, or a total of \$1,540. Scalpers buy anything and everything in the shape of a calf for the Chicago market, because Illinois and western farmers are too shrewd to sell their calves, and hence it is difficult to supply the market even with poor stock. The bad effect of this short-sighted policy of the Michigan farmer is already making itself felt. Butchers find it almost impossible to procure good beef at any had. Will it pay Michigan farmers better to import stock than to raise it? I think not.

MARRIED.-Aug. 15, 1883, by Elder J. J. Roe, Mr. Geo. W. Meech, of Benton Harbor, and Mrs. Eliza Atkinson, of Buchanan.

As They Come and Go. Subscribers are requested to keep this column filled by reporting the

names of comers and goers. Mr. and Mrs. John Arthur have returned from Charlotte. Miss Lillie Howe returned from Cleveland last week, and spent a few days visiting with relatives in this

Mrs. H. C. Storm has gone to Richfor knocking his children over! The land, Mich., for a visit with her brother, Mr. Joseph Rogers, who has charge of the schools of that place.

Mr. W. A. Severson and family started, Tuesday morning, for Traverse City, to be gone during the hay fever months. They will keep posted on Buchanan matters by reading the RECORD regu-

Mr. and Mrs. C. C. High are away to Reed City for a visit with relatives. Mrs. E. J. Adams of Lansing is visit ing her mother Mrs. Sarah Rogers in

this place. The Misses Ella Tieche and Lodema Dragoo returned Friday from their trip to the White Mountains and Atlantic, with the Evening News excursion, and report having had a most excellent time.

Mrs. C. Listenberger, of Bremen, Ind., is visiting with relatives. She will be remembered by many here as Miss Swink who lived at one time on the Merrill farm, just west of town, Rev. W. M. Coplin, well-known in

this place, at present located with the M. E. Church of Concord, Jackson county, was in Buchanan Tuesday calling upon his many friends. Mr. and Mrs. G. W. Robinson of

Iowa, are visiting old friends and relatives in this vicinity. Mr. Robinson was formerly a resident of Berrien county and St. Joseph county, Ind.

Will. Alvord, who has been away for some time, returned to Buchanan Mr. J. H. Jones, of Watervliet town-

ship, who was in attendance upon the Pomona Grange, gave the RECORD a call Tuesday.

Mrs. Egbert, of South Bend, came to Buchanan Monday, to visit with friends.

Geo. McCoy is at home visiting his mother. Miss Sadie Kromer, of Grand Rapids

is visiting with relatives in this place, the guest of Mr. and Mrs. S. E. Cadwell. Miss Eva Hilton, of Chicago, is visiting in this place, and will remain a few weeks for a vacation from her school in the city.

Mr. Jeff. Crandall, of Edwardsburg who has been visiting in this place the past week, returned yesterday morning. Mrs. Noyse, of Edwardsbrug, was in Buchanan Tuesday and Wednesday, visiting her sister, Mrs. H. J. Hall.

-Miss Emma Gillespie, of Lawton, is visiting the family of Mr. A. C. Day. Mrs. D. C. Nash and Mrs. Holler started this morning for a visit with friends in Iowa. Walter Harper left this morning for

a two weeks' visit with relatives in Lansing and vicinity. Hon. J. J. Van Riper and wife and daughter (Mrs. Lou. Worthington) started Wednesday morning for a trip

of the Legislative excursion party. Miss Zella Fox, of Sturgis, who has been visiting friends and relatives in Buchanan the past two weeks, returned home this morning. Miss Edith Fox

accompanied her home. ONE by one the Republican editors in this county walk into the fat places. Four of the six editors are now ballasted by public offices. The St. Joseph Herald and Three Oaks Sun are each backed by a post-office, the Niles Republican editor is now deputy collector of internal revenues, and the RECORD has the office of school inspector, with a salary of \$1.50 to fall back upon in case of disaster.

Common Council Proceedings. An adjourned meeting of the Com mon Council of the village of Buchan an was held at the Council Room, in Engine House No. 1, on Friday evening, Aug. 10, 1883.

Present-Wm. Osborn, President; B. D. Harper, Recorder; Trustees Barmore, Mead, Mowrey, Weisgerber and The Common Council proceeded to the adoption of the Ordinances.

Upon seperate motions for each, Ordinances 21 to 29 inclusive were adopted as reported by the Committee. It was moved to strike out Ordinance No. 30, which motion was lost, when a

motion to adopt the same was carried. Upon separate motions for each, Ordinances 31 to 41 inclusive were adopted as reported by the Committee. Moved by Mr. Barmore, supported by Mr. Weisgerber, that the Recorder procure a chart of Oak Ridge cemetery for the use of the Sexton. Adopted. Moved by Mr. Mead, supported by

Mr. Willard, that the Common Council adjourn. Adopted. B. D. HARPER, Recorder.

Benton Harbor Investigator.]

Four young carrier pigeons belong-

ing to Marshal Burr were taken out

on the lake fifteen miles on the propel-

ler City of St. Joseph a few days ago,

and set at liberty. After circling over

the boat for about twenty minutes, the birds made a straight shoot for home, where they soon arrived in good

| Niles Mirror.] Mrs. Julia Brethschneider, while returning home from the west side, Thursday evening last, walking on th railroad track, was struck by the Kalamazoo Accommodation and knocked off, receiving a severe injury to her right shoulder and side.

THERE are few readers who will not

find something in the Sept. number of Demorest's Monthly Magazine to please them. The contents are agreeably diversified and the articles of an enteresting nature. In addition to the se "Agathe De Valsuza," there are rial several well written shorter stories. Among the articles worthy of note is a highly interesting sketch of "Margaret," the philanthropist of New Orwritten by Rosamond Dale Jenny June, in her article "How We Live in New York," gives a picture "business girls." Hetta L. Ward furnishes "Home Art and Home Comfort;" and "Current Notes" discusses topics of general interest. Many of the articles are fully illustrated, and the various departments leave nothing to wish for in the way of useful into wish for in the way of useful information. The frontispiece is a beautiful steel engraving from Millais' celebrated painting, "The Bride of Lammermoor," now in the Vanderbilt gallery, New York. No family should be without this readable and instructive magazine, which rejects the sensational and furnishes only healthy mure and al, and furnishes only healthy, pure and

refined literature.

GALIEN ITEMS. Mr. G. A. Blakeslee returned last

ter Day Saint Church.

Saturday from Kirtland, Ohio, where he has been in the interest of the Lat-A child of David Wright, about ten months old, died Monday morning

after a few hours sickness. Mrs. W. W. Fry from Michigan City has been visiting with her parents and

Our agent at the M. C. R. R. depot is kept busy weighing wheat of which there is a large quantity brought to our place. There being two buyers, it makes this a good market, and farmers living near New Carlisle bring their wheat here.

Mr. Z. P. Redding is visiting with his daughter, Mrs. W. Mell. Mr. Redding has been sick for a long time but we are glad to hear that he is slowly improving.

NEW TROY ITEMS.

If the members of a certain organization situated in our midst would banish from their minds that phantom of individual honor, and seek by united labor to complete that task drafted by hands that for many a year have lain folded across silent breasts, they would have no further need of accepting aid from those who to-day stand outside of their order.

Mr. Albert Morley, of Chicago, is here visiting with his relatives and former friends. It is said that Al. has quite a taste for sweet apples.

Mr. John Shetterly and Mr. A. A.

Morley started, last Saturday night, for West Virginia, for the purpose of examining some timber offered for sale The funeral of Grandma Brodbeck

was held in the M. E. church last Sunday morning, and all who gathered there felt within their hearts, that if the silent and unwearied bearing of the cross constructed of human cares. trials and sorrows, made humanity heirs unto a crown of heavenly bliss, this aged mother had certainly received her inheritance in that land of eternal rest. SAWDUST.

> BRIDGMAN ITEMS. Aug. 13, 1883.

Very dry. No rain in two weeks. Nights cold.

Something has happened in Bridgman. There's a baby, a boy-nice one too, at Ozro Baldwin's. He sent a postal card before he was a week old, informing his auntie, Mrs. O. N. Smith at New Troy, of his arrival, and will probably write for the RECORD soon. Also a daughter at Charley Stannard's. Nice, of course. Whose turn next? Dr. L. H. Beebe, dentist, bade farewell to his friends last week and took the train South.

Berries of all kinds are scarce. We must can the pie-plant and tomatoes. Crops good except corn. Buckwheat and millet await the approach of Jack Frost. The late cold nights and cool winds remind us forcibly of that gray old gent.

Aunt Esther, aged 83, went in the roods to find berries, and getting lost wandered about until finding a neighbor's house. She got a ride home at night.

A correspondent of the Independent lately stated that the fast express overtook Uncle Billy Weston on the track. to Lake Superior. They are members | He says he is not the man. Mrs. Loop, formerly a well-known resident of this town, late of Califor-

> nia, is visiting her sister, Mrs. G. W. Bridgman. Rev. P. B. Parrey, pastor of the Congregational church for three years, declines accepting that position for another year. An ice-cream festival will be attended on Wednesday evening

> the pastor's salary. Isaac Hathaway's birth-day party, on Wednesday last, is said to have been a very pleasant affair. Mr. H. was 50 years of age. May he live to see

Dr. Maudlin, D. H. Whipple, N.

next, at the Traver House, in aid of

Caryl, B. S. Bedortha and F. L. Weston have built hay barns. They are ever so much better than making stacks. Other new roofs are shining in the distance, one on Mr. Bridgman's We hear it said that a new store will

be opened here soon. Miss Carrie Parrey is now with her parents here, having been at Atlanta. Ga., a year, teaching, and expects to return there soon.

Several of our citizens went to Hill's Corner's last week to attend some doings of the Odd Fellows' Lodge. Mrs. S. R. Smith and Mrs. O. W. Smith were visiting friends here on

Saturday.

Late letters received from Nathan Weston and his sister, Mrs. Flora Morgan, give encouraging reports of matters in Dakota. They are at Watertown, county seat of Coddington county, 630 miles from Chicago. Growing fruits are the currant, strawberry, raspberry. Young apple orchards look well. Immense fields of grain. Wheat, barley and oats cover the earth on every side like a sea, and the houses look like ships at anchor. Harvest begins about the last of July. Selfbinding three-horse reapers do the work. Sulky plows are much used both for breaking new and old land.

Inhabitants full as moral as at Bridgman (is that a compliment to the Dakotans?), and religious privileges better. Plenty of work at \$1.50 per day. Wells ten to twenty feet in depth-Water first-class. Butter and eggs fifteen cents. Potatoes plenty and good. Board \$3.50 to \$4.00. Their experience finds yet nothing discouraging, except that recently Mr. Morgan

is afflicted with inflammatory rheuma-

tism, which had been his trouble in New York. Newly elected officers of the Bridgman Lodge, I. O. of G. T., are: W. C. T., O. A. E. Baldwin; W. V. T., Mrs. A. Main; W. Sec., B. Whitten; W. T., Austin Main; W. F. S., James Chapman; W. M., Frank Whipple; W. I. G. Fred Holler; W. O. G., I. Duart, W. C., G. F. Weston; R. S., Martha Haller: L. S. Phila Main: Dep. M., Miss M. Defield; P. W. P., May Haller.

|St. Joseph Traveler-Herald.]

John Barrows of Benton Harbor. the head sawyer at Higman's mill, was struck Wednesday afternoon, by a piece of the main belt, which, by some means, became detached, and had both bones of his right leg broken just above the ankle.... A law was passed at the last session of the Legislature requiring all children between 6 and 14 years of age to attend school at least

four months during the year. The law is a very necessary one and should be rigidly enforced. There are a great many children in St. Joseph who never see the inside of the school house, and and are thus losing precious opportunities for fitting themselves for lives of usefulness. For the good of the child ren and of the community, parents and school officers should see that the

The Chicago Times,

N. Y. Illustrated Graphic,

FREE FOR SIX MONTHS,

---with---

Tansill's Punch

FIVE CENT CIGAR-

Dodd's Drug Store.

FOR SALE.-A Table, Bureau, Milk-

Safe, large Trunk, and a lot of Wire

MUSIC TEACHING.

Miss Alice Roe tenders her services

as teacher of the Piano and Organ.

Terms, \$10 per term, of twenty (hour)

lessons. Miss Roe returns to our city

after a thorough four years' course at

the Hershey Music School in Chicago.

bearing the highest testimonials from

Two lots on West street, opposite

Elias Eaton's property, can be bought

good horses on payment. Lots are

WESTON'S CONDITION POWDERS, 1 lb

ouilt brand new houses for sale. Call

You will find everything in the Gro

Merino Shaws all colors, at \$2.50.

A finely located property on Front

street, with a good house and barn, for

Trenbeth, the Tailor,

At his new place of business on Main street,

SUMMER GOODS.

---IN---

Suitableffor Gentlemen's wear, at

PRICES THAT DEFY COMPETITION

CALL AND SEE HIM

SCHOOL BOOKS, . STATIONERY, INKS.

WESTON'S PIONEER DRUG STORE.

White fish and mackerel by the kit

Go to Morris' and see his Electric

light. He is bound to lead in every-

Finest line of men's fine shoes in

This is to certify that we have used

the water and fire proof roof paint, put on by Kingery & Hathaway, and that

it gives entire satisfaction. It is worth

double its cost as a preservative of the

shingles. We take pleasure in recom-

nending for either old or new roofs.

JOHN G. HOLMES, GEO. H. ROUGH,

ERASTUS KELSEY, JACOB LAVER.

ABRAM BROCEUS, E. A. BECKWITH

GOTLIP HAGLEY, JOHN L. SUNDAY

Door and window screens made to

order on short notice at Buchanan

All parties knowing themselves in

debted to BARMORE BROS. must call

and settle, by cash or note, at once.

All accounts not settled at once, will

Ladies, you can find Muslin Under-

wear, at Highs', as well made as you

White Muslin Shirts very cheap

Bargain in Hosiery, at HIGHS'.

A good house and lot, with a fine se-

lection of fruits, situated on Oak street,

can be bought at this office for \$500, if

taken at once. The house is in good

condition, and built on a good stone

Morris has 10 different brands of

FOR SALE.-A corner lot in Rynear-

son's Addition, cheap. Call at this

SETH E. STRAW has over 2,000 sam-

ples of Wallpaper, consisting of Brown

Buff and White Blanks, French Flats,

Satins, Mica, Bronze, Embossed and

Solid Gilt, and Borders to match; also

a full line of Decorations for ceiling-

work, and will not be undersold. 16m3

FOR SALE.—A nice little property

MRS. B. H. SPENCER has the agency

for the celebrated Madame Griswold

patent Skirt Supporting Corsets and

Skirt Supporters, Ladies in need of

anything in this line are requested to

call and see her. Residence on Day's

avenue, opposite Spencer and Barnes'

on Day's avenue for \$600. A bargain.

Fine Cut Chewing Tobacco.

Ladies, you will find best stock there.

HIGHS'.

market, call in and see them, at

BARMORE & RICHARDS'.

SCOTT & BROWNFIELD.

JKUUN, STATIONERI, &c.

or half barrel, at

Model Works.

can make yourselves.

be sued.

foundation.

BARMORE & RICHARD'S.

HIGHS'.

4x20 rods. Will sell one or both.

for 25 cents. Try them.

at this office.

Smith, in Galien.

sale at this office.

found at

Profs. Eddy, Summy, and others.

N. S. WELCH'S.

Goods, at reduced rates, at

or Peck's Sun.

Texas Siftings.

Locals.

provisions of this law are carried out.

The larges stock of Boots and Shoes of all kinds in Buchanan, is at the Major House Boot and Shoe Store. Come and examine our stock and get prices.

Smokers, call and see "Emma Ab oott," at WESTON'S DRUG STORE. Ginghams, Ginghams, all down to cents, at REDDEN & BOYLE's. 7 KINY on has just returned from Chicago with another new stock of Clocks. Watches, Jewelry, Scrap Books, &c.

New Prints this week, at ROUGH & HELMICK'S. The best boot you ever saw for \$2.50 J. K. WOODS',

Summer Goods at cost, at REDDEN & BOYLE'S. Go to the Major House Boot and Shoe Store and get goods at cost for the next 30 days.

Bargains at Kinyon's every day in the week. Dried Beef, at ROUGH & HELMICK'S.

A few pair left of those \$1 walking shoes at J. K. WOODS'. 2 You can buy the best Ginghams for cents, at REDDEN & BOYLE'S. You can get Ladies slippers at cost

at WM. Power's Shoe Store, a nice

variety to select from. No old stock,

all fresh goods. A new lot of Laces to arrive this week at REDDEN & BOYLE'S. Try those 121/2c Prunes. They are splendid. ROUGH & HELMICK. 4 Two more pieces of that Black Cash-

mere that sells so well. REDDEN & BOYLE. Buy the James Means men's full calf shoe only \$3. Every pair warranted

J. K. WOODS'.5 Ladies, when you want Black Cashmere, go to REDDEN & BOYLE'S. That 50 cent Plug, at Morris', is the boss.

30 different brands of Cigars, at 2

MORRIS'. New Ruching, new Collars for ladies HIGHS'. MESSRS. TREAT & REDDEN have gone into the wheat buying business, and will pay the highest market price

at all times. They will receive wheat at both Buchanan and Dayton stations. Bargains in Lawns now, at Highs' 2 New stock of Blank Books, Tablets. Paper, Envelopes, Ink, Mucilage, etc., just received, at KINYON'S. One of the most desirable building lots in town, centrally located, can be Piece Goods & Suitings

bought at this office. Parasols at cost. ROUGH & HELMICK.

You can find the best Lisle Glove at 25 cents in the city, at HIGH'S.4 Go to Kinyon's for Scrap Books. ... Ladies, call and see our new Corset, the best made, at

NEW SHOP.—George Munson has again started into business for himself, having rented the Blacksmith shop, south of Batchelor's livery. Horse Shoeing and Tire Setting a specialty. Parasols at half price at HIGHS'5 Bargains now in Lawns and Swiss, HIGHS',

Ladies, now is your time to buy Parasols. We are closing them out. 12REDDEN & BOYLE. , Go to MARQUISSEE for fine BOOTS

and snors, custom made, and all kinds of repairing. A \$5.00 Parasol for \$2.50 can be found at Highs' this week. More Ribbon sold at Highs' than ever, on account of very large stock. 🗥

A fine line of Table Linen that is HIGHS'. 12 TRENBETH has a fine new line of summer vestings. A nice line of Imported Cigars just

MORRIS'. 5

received, at

Morris has one of the finest Dining Rooms in Berrien county. Go and get Farmers, call on Rough Bros' for all kinds of AGRICULTURAL IM-

All kinds of Canned and Dried

Fruit, at BARMORE & RICHARDS'. Buy your ALABASTINE at 5 ROUGH BROS' Hardware. You must go and see Highs' stock of Wool Fringes. They are beautiful. New Spring Goods in ladies gents' and youths' Shoes and Boots being re-

ceived at the Major House Boot and SHOE STORE. Headquarters for Paints, Oils, &c. ROUGH BROS' Hardware. Ladies will find the largest line of Kid, Pebble Goat shoes in the market

SCOTT & BROWNFIELD. Do not forget that GEO. W. NOBLE is the LEADER of low prices in Boots. Shoes and Clothing. SEE CHARLEY BEFORE YOU BUY. Extra copies of the RECORD may be

call in and see them. at .

had at the News Depot of H. H. KINYON. EXTRA copies of the RECORD may always be found at the news depot in the post office room.

The attention of the Ladies is called to

The article which has caused the revo lution in fruit canning in the east. It Never Fails.

It saves half the work and half the sugar, and is endorsed by the best Chemists and by all who have used it

Corner Drug Store and learn all about it, and buy a package and try it. Sold only by

PROPRIETOR OF THE CORNER DRUG STORE.

W. A. SEVERSON,

FOR SALE. - 148 acres, within 1/4 mile of the Michigan Central depot, 110 acres under cultivation, good new

buildings, one of the most thrifty apat this office. JOHN G. HOLMES.

furniture factory.

Enquire at this office.

Try that 40 cent Fine Cut Tobacco, MORRIS'.14 "Nerve Food" for smokers, at 🕾

I'll have Fresh Oysters, direct from Baltimore, next Wednesday evening. JOHN MORRIS.

Walking Shoes for one dollar, at J. K. WOODS'. We keep in stock a full line of Celluloid Goods. WEAVER & CO. Scrap Books, School Books, Pens,

Ink, Fine Stationery, &c., at WESTON'S. A new 50 cent plug. Try it.

ROUGH & HELMICK. Closing out Summer Goods at No-

BLE's. Call soon. Keep off cabbage worms by using Persian Insect Powder, cheap at

. WESTON'S. Try Weston's Corn Cure, 15 cents, at WESTON'S DRUG STORE.

Call on L. T. EASTMAN, at the Van

Riper place, corner Day's Avenue and

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price

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Chicago street, for the Bissell Plow and all kinds of Pumps. Morris has 20 different brands of

Plug Tobacco. Phacts and Physic.

Of all who composed the United

State Senate which assembled in July, 1861, only Mr. Anthony and Mr. Sherman can be said to be still in active political life. The rest are dead or re-Be Temperate. When sickness or depression comes,

do not buy "tonic bitters." It is better to die of disease than drunkenness Buy a bottle of Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" and cleanse the system. The great multitude of human ills have their foundation in impure blood. Dr. Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy" attacks these at the fountain's head and make the stream of life pure. One dollar per bottle. Dr. David Kennedy, at this office. Will accept one or two Proprietor, Rondout, N. Y.

> Chicago dudes take nothing heavier than egg-flip.

2—Excited Thousands All over the land are going into ecstasy over Dr. King's New Discovery Two as finely located lots with well for consumption. Their unlooked for recovery by the timely use of this great life saving remedy, causes them to go nearly wild in its praise. It is guaranteed to positively cure severe coughs, cery, Crockery and Glassware line at 4colds, asthma, hay fever, bronchitis, hoarseness, loss of voice, or any affection of the throat and lungs. Trial FOR SALE.—A House and Lot in bottles free at D. Weston's Drug Store. Galien. Call at this office, or on Tim. Large size \$1.00.

The latest kick in slippers is a silver spider on the toe.

Grave Robber .---Of all classes of people the professional grave robbers are the most despised. He robs us of our dear friends for a few dollars. How different is this new grave robber, Dr. Bigelow's Positive Cure, which robs graves of thousands of consumptives. This unequaled remedy for coughs, colds and consumption, whooping cough, croup and all throat and lung diseases, subdues and conquers these troubles speedily, safely and thoroughly. Trial bottles free, of W. A. Severson.

Fifty and thirteen have just been married in Texas.

From Col. J. Maidhof, of New York: "I have suffered severely for the last ten years from hav fever in early and mid-summer and in the fall. I desire in the interest of my fellow sufferers to testify in faver of Ely's Cream Balm efficacy. J. MAIDHOF, 401 Broadway.

The Prince of Wales is an expert player on the Banjo. No Grease for Him "When Greece her knees-Greece

her knees-Greece her knees," stammered an embarrased school boy, forgetting the next line of his recitation. "There is no occasionto grease anybody's knees," shouted his teacher. "Go and study your piece." Neither is there occasion to grease your hair. Parker's Hair Balsam is all the dressing you want. Restore the original gloss and color to gray and faded hair. Does not soil the linen; not a dye; good for the scalp; prevents fallingout.

Connecticut has 30,000 acres planted On Thirty Days Trial.

The Voltaic Belt Co., Marshall, Mich., will send Dr. Dye's Celebrated Electro-Voltaic Belts and Electric Appliances on trial for thirty days to men (young or old) who are afflicted with Nervous Debility, Lost Itality and Manhood, and complete restoration of health and manly vigor. Address as above. N. B.—No risk is incurred, as thirty days' trial is allowed.

The highest Sunday school in the world has been organized at Hancock, Col., 11,000 feet above the sea.

The Best Bluing. Ladies, use Law's Bluing for coloring your carpet rags; try it for bleaching; also for ink. It is the best because it is the cheapest, and always gives satisfaction. One package sells for 15 cents and makes a quart of liquid bluing. Ask your grocer for it; also can be had in all other towns in

Ex-Senator William Sharon built Flies and Bugs.

from a cemetery. Decline of Man.

Wells' "Rough on Corns."

sort in the United States. Opinion of Dr. Mott, late Government Chemist, on Allcock's Porous Plaster. ous Plaster shows it to contain valuable and essential ingredients not found in any other plaster. These ingredients are so perfectly porportioned that the Allcock's Porous Plaster will not cause blisters or excessive irritation, and I find it superior to and more efficient

trees, and other fruits, good wheat sixty rods of a Michigan Central depot land, and an excellent stock farm. Call in this county, fair buildings and or

ever offered for probate in Milwaukee was recently filed in the probate court. Probably some wealthy reporter's.

one Q 0 (1)

tor

the county. Manufactured by HALL BROTHERS, Marcellus, Mich. forty-seven houses in San Francisco during the last year.

Flies, roaches, ants, bed-bugs, rats, mice, gophers, chipmunks, cleared out BARMORE BROS.) by "Rough on Rats." 15c. A Vermont villager has his walk and front yard paved with headstones

> Nervous Weakness, Dyspepsia, Impotent Sexual Debility, cured by 'Wells' Health Renewer." \$1. A firm of vinegar makers in London entertained 100 men at dinner in their 53.000 gallon vat.

Corns, warts, bunions.

Chickens for the West End, Long Branch, cost the small sum of \$1,000 Griggs' Glycerine Salve. The best on earth can truly be said of Griggs' Glycerine Salve, which is a sure cure for cuts, bruises, scalds burns, wounds, and all other sores. Will pos-

eruptions. Satisfaction guaranteed or money refunded. Only 25 cents. For sale by W. A. Severson. Cape May is the oldest summer re-

My investigation of Allcock's Porthan any other plaster.

College, etc. No. 61 Broadway, New York, May 23, 1883. "He is a dangerous man," said the old lady, "a very dangerous man, because I saw him helped twice to veal at dinner."

chard, for sale at a bargain. The first will written in lead pencil

WESTON'S.

Ask for Wells' "Rough on Corns." 15c. Quick, complete, permanent cure. itively cure piles, tetter, and all skin 21y1

HENRY A. MOTT, Jr., Ph. D., F. C. S., Prof. of Chemistry, N. Y. Medical

A first-class farm of 90 acres, within

VILLAGE OF BUCHANAN

FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF DISORDERLY PERSONS

FOR THE PUNISIMENT OF DISORDERLY PERSONS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
Every person who shall, within the corporate limits of said
village, engage in or incite others to engage in any affray,
riot, disturbance, disorderly assemblage or mob, or shall
assault, beat or wound any person, or shall wifully disturb
any religious or other lawful assemblage or meeting, or shall
be guilty of any indecent exposure of his or her person' in any
of the public places or streets of said village, shall, on conviction thereof, be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars,
and costs of suit, or by imprisonment not more than thirty
days in the county jail, or by both such fine and imprisonment
in the discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. ORDINANCE II.

ORDINANCE II.

TO TREVENT THE USE OF INSULTING AND PROFANE LANGUAGE, AND FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF DRUNKENNESS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: If any person shall openly in the public streets, or in any public place, meeting, assemblage, or place of business, use any vulgar, indecent or profane language, or shall sweat by the name of God, Jesus Christ, or the Holy Ghost, or shall be found drunk or intoxicated in any of the streets or public places in said village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of suit, or by imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE III. ORDINANCE III.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: It shall not be lawful for any person, by himself, his clerk, agent or servant, to allow or permit any minor to play at cards, dice, billiards, pool, or any game of chance, or to allow any minor to remain in any room where any such game is being played, without the written consent of the parent or guardian of such minor. Any person who shall violate the provisions of this Ordinance shall be punished by fine not less than five dollars and not exceeding twenty-five dollars and costs of sait, or by imprisonment, not exceeding thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE IV. TO PREVENT MINORS FROM GAMING.

ORDINANCE IV. TO PREVENT BOTS FROM JUMPING UPON OR RUNNING ON OR ABOUT RAILROAD TRAINS. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
If any boy or boys shall be found Jumping upon, clinging
to, or running upon or about any car or train of cars on any
railroad within said village, except he shall be a passenger
on such train, or employe of said road, he may be summarily
arrested by the Marshal or by any village policeman, and may
be punished by fine not exceeding five dollars and costs.
This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. ORDINANCE V.

FOR THE PUNISHMENT OF VAGRANCY.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: If any person shall be found prowling or lurking about the streets, or about any dwelling, shop, store or other building or place of business, after the hour of ten o'clock P. M. and before daylight, or at any other hour, he shall be deemed to be a vagrant, and may be interrogated by the Marshal or any policeman of said village, and unless he shall give satisfactory reasons for being abroad at such time and place, may be summarily arrested and proceeded against as a vagrant, and upon conviction thereof shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars and costs of suit, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE VI. ORDINANCE VI. TO PREVENT THE KEEPING OF DISORDERLY HOUSES AND HOUSES OF ILL FAME, &C.

OF ILL FAME, &C.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordsins:
Sec. 1. If any person shall keep a house of ill fame resorted to for the purpose of prostitution or lewdness, or shall keep a noisy or disorderly house to the disturbance of the quiet of the neighborhood, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. If any person or persons of abandoned character shall be found in any out-house, shed, unoccupied building, or in any field or public place, engaged in lewd and lascivious conduct or improper practices, he or they shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such line and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

court. This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. ORDINANCE VII. CLOSING BUSINESS PLACES ON SUNDAY.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: If any person shall keep open any barber shop, store, saloon, or any other place of business, on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of suit. *Provided*, however, that this ordinance shall not apply to hotels and boarding houses, or to drug stores open temporarily for the sale of medicines.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. ORDINANCE VIII. TAXING SALOON REEPERS.

TAKING SALOON KEEPERS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. Every person who shall, by himself or his servants, directly or indirectly sell or offer for sale any spirituous, intoxicating or malt liquors, shall be deemed to be a saloon keeper within the meaning of this ordinance, and shall pay annually a tax, the amount to be fixed by the Common Council, for such saloon kept by him, and on failure to pay the same and obtain such receipt as is hereinafter provided, he shall be punished by fine not less than fifty dollars and not exceeding one hundred dollars, and costs of suit, and by imprisonment in the village prison not less than ten days and not exceeding thirty days, or in the county jail not less than thirty days and not exceeding ninety days.

SEC. 2. Every saloon keeper, within the meaning of Section 1, shall annually, on the first Monday in May, pay to the Treasurer of said village said tax, and the said Treasurer 1, shall annually, on the first Monday in May, pay to the Treasurer of said village said tax, and the said Treasurer shall give to the person so paying a receipt for the same, specifying for what it is given and the date thereof.

SEC. 3. Such receipt for tax shall be valid only in the hands of the person or firm to whom it is issued, and shall not be assignable or transferable.

SEC. 4. Nor receipt shall be given for a less period than one year, except when such saloon shall have been opened after the first Monday in May, when the tax shall be pro rata for the unexpired portion of the year.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE TY.

ORDINANCE IX. TAXING BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES. TAXING BILLIARD AND POOL TABLES.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. Every person who shall, by himself or servants, keep for hire one or more billiard tables or pool tables, in any room or place in the village of Buchanan, shall pay annually atax of one hundred dollars for each room kept by him, and on failure to pay the same as hereinafter provided, he shall be punished by fine not less than twenty-live dollars and costs of prosecution, and by imprisonment in the village prison not less than ten days and not exceeding thirty days, or in the county jail not less than twenty days and not exceeding sixty days.

or in the county fail not less than twenty days and not exceeding sixty days.

SEC. Every keeper of a billiard or pool room within the meaning of the above section, shall annually, on the first Monday in May, pay to the Treasurer of said village said tax of one hundred dollars, and the said Treasurer shall give to the person so paying a receipt for the same, specifying for what it is given, and the date thereof.

SEC. 3. All tax fees shall be due on the first Monday of May of each year, and no receipt shall be given for less than one year, except when such billiard room or pool room shall have been opened after the time above prescribed, when the tax fee shall be pro rata for the unexpired portion of the year.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE X. ORDINANCE X.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: SEC. I. If any person not a resident of said village shall carry on the business of a peddler within said village, without first having obtained a license therefor, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars, and costs of sult, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Sec. 2. The President of said village, and in his absence the Recorder, is hereby empowered to grant such license and to fix the rates to be paid for the same not exceeding the sum of ten dollars per day.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XI. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
Sec. 1 Every person who shall exhibit publicly any show, or perform publicly any games, plays, theatrical or other performance, or concerts (except school or church concerts and exhibitions) or shall exhibit any natural or other curiosities, for which pay or compensation shall be required or demanded, without first having obtained a license therefor from the President, or in his absence from the Recorder of said village, shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars and coats of suit, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. The President, and in his absence the Recorder of said village, is hereby empowered to grant such license and to fix the rates for the same, not exceeding twenty dollars for any one show, exhibition or performance.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XII.

LICENSING AUCTIONEERS. LICENSING PUBLIC EXHIBITIONS

LICENSING AUCTIONEERS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: SEC. 1. Any person, not a resident of this village, who shall carry on the business of an auctioneer, or shall sell property at auction or ontery, or shall offer goods at nominal prices by public outcry, (except property sold by virtue of legal process) without having first obtained a license therefor, shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs of suit, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. Sec. 2. The President, and in his absence the Recorder of said village, is hereby empowered to grant such license and to fix the rates to be paid for the same, not exceeding the sum of twenty dollars per day for every such license.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

TO PREVENT FAST DRIVING The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: If any person shall drive or cause to be driven any horse, mule, or team of horses or mules upon any sidewalk, or shall ride or drive the same immoderately in any street or public place in said village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of suit, or by imrisonment not more than ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XV

ORDINANCE XIV.

ORDINANCE XV. TO REGULATE THE RUNNING OF TRAINS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
It shall not be lawful to run any railroad engine, or any
passenger or freight car or cars, upon any railroad within
the corporate limits of the village of Buchanan, at a rate of
speed greater than twelve miles per hour. Any person, company or corporation violating the provisions of this ordinance
shall, for each and every offense, be punished by fine not
exceeding one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution.
This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1888. ORDINANCE XVI.

TO PREVENT THE PLAYING OF BALL.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. It shall not be lawful for any person to play at any game of ball, or throw any ball or missile, in any public street or alley, or any public place in the village of Buchanan, and it shall be the duty of the Marshal, or any other police officer of said village, to summarily arrest, without any warrant, any person found violating this ordinance, and take the person so offending before any officer authorized to hear and determine such offense, and he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not exceeding fifteen days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

Sec. 2. It shall not be lawful for any person to play any game of ball, or throw any ball or any missile, within the village of Buchanan, on the first day of the week, commonly called Sunday, and any person found violating this Section may be complained of by any person before any officer authorized to hear such complaint, or may be summarily arrested by the Marshal of said village without any warrant, and such person shall be fined in any sum not exceeding twenty-five dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not exceeding fifteen days, or both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

CRDINANCE XVII. TO PREVENT THE PLAYING OF BALL.

ORDINANCE XVII. CONCEALED WEAPONS, BON FIRES, FIRE WORKS, &C. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: SEC. I. If any person shall carry any concealed fre arms, slungshot, or any deadly weapons, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of prosecution.

SEC. 2. Exert person who shall at any time hattean annual the not exceeding ten dollars and costs of prosecution.

Sec. 2. Every person who shall, at any time between sunset and sunrise, make or kindle, or cause to be made or kindled, any houire within fifty feet of any building, or kindle any fife in any street or alley in this village, shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of prosecution for each and selvey offense.

Sec. 3. If any person shall, within fifty feet of any building, light or set off any fire cracker, or fire works, play in any manner with fire balls, or discharge or cause to be discharged any cannon, gun or other fire arms within the corporate illustration of the village of Buchanan, without first having received permission of the Common Council, he shall be punished by line not exceeding ten dollars and costs of prosecution.

ention. This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XVIII.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. All that part of the Village of Buchanan embraced in the following description and boundaries shall constitute the fire limits of said village, to-wit: Commencing twenty-two rods east of the south-east corner of Main and Second streets; thence south to the middle of Block O, A. C. Day's addition; thence west to a point twelve rods west of Oak street; thence north to second street; thence east to the place of beginning.

Sec. 2. It shall not be lawful for any person to erect, place or enlarge, or cause to be erected, placed or enlarged, any wooden building within said fire limits as described in Section 1 of this ordinance. All buildings hereafter erected, placed or enlarged within said fire limits, shall be constructed of stone, brick or iron, and the roofs of the same shall be covered with stone, tile, metal, or gravel roofing, so-called. Sec. 3. For each and every week which a building erected, placed or enlarged, contrary to this ordinance shall be allowed to remain, the owner or owners of said building may be complained of as for a distinct offense and punished as provided in Section 4.

Sec. 4. Any violations of or failures to comply with the provisions of this ordinance shall be punished by a fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonent not exceeding thirty days.

This ordinance shall take effect August 81, 1883.

ORDINANCE XIX.

ORDINANCE XIX. TO PREVENT THE INJURING OF SHADE TREES AND SHRUBBERY

TO PREVENT THE INJURING OF SHADE TREES AND SHRIBBERY.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
Any person who shall injure, dig up or destoy any shade,
ornamental or other trees, shrubbery, plants or flowers, in
any street, public grounds, cemetery, or lot not his own,
either by fastening any horse or other animal thereto, or by
permitting any animal to run at large, or in any other manner, shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars and
costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not more than
thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the
discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. ORDINANCE XX.

to regulate the planting and setting of shade trees. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: If any person shall plant or set out, or cause to be planted or set out any tree, on any street in said village at a distance on said street from the line of the lots other than that designated by the Common Council of said village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding five dollars and costs of suit; and if upon being notified by the Marshalt or remove the same he shall refuse to do so, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to cut down, dig up, or remove the same at the expense of the person so offending.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXI.

ORDINANCE XXI.

TO PREVENT ENCROACHMENTS UPON SIDEWALKS AND CROSSWALKS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. If any person shall place or cause to be placed, or hereafter allow to remain, any sign, cloth, garment, box, or other article, being the owner or having the control of the same, upon or over any sidewalk, beyond the line of any lot in said village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten doilars and costs of suit, or imprisonment in the county jail not exceeding ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court, for every day such sign, cloth, garment, box or other article shall remain after the person offending shall have been notified by the Marshal to remove the same. Provided, however, that this section shall not apply to any awning used upon any building in said village.

Sec. 2. If any person shall, or by his team or wagon or not spily to any awaing used upon any banding in sau village.

Sec. 2. If any person shall, or by his team or wagon or other vehicle, obstruct any cross-walk, or if any number of persons shall congregate on any sidewalk or cross-walk and obstruct the travel, and shall refuse to move on and clear said walk, when ordered so to do by any member of the Common Council of said village, or by the Marshal, the person or persons so offending may be snummarily arrested and punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of suit, or by imprisonment not exceeding ten days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXII. TO PREVENT INJURY TO BUILDINGS AND PROPERTY. TO PREVENT INJURY TO BUILDINGS AND PROPERTY.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:

If any person shall wilfully injure and damage any sidewalk or bridge, or mar, deface, disfigure, or in any manner
trespass upon or injure any public grounds, buildings, engine,
hose cart, hose or other corporate property belonging to said
village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment
in the village prison not exceeding thirty days, or in the
county jail not more than ninety days, or by both such fine
and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

This ordinance shall take effect Angust 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXIII.

ORDINANCE XXIII. TO PREVENT ANIMALS RUNNING AT LARGE. TO PREVENT ANIMALS RUNNING AT LARGE.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
SEC. 1. If any horses, sheep, swine, mules, asses or cattle
are at any time found running at large within the corporate
limits of the village of Buchanan, it shall be the duty of the
Marshal to seize and take, and to receive from any person
who shall bring to him any such horses, sheep, swine, males,
asses or cattle so found running at large against the provisions of this ordinance and to impound and care for the
same. asses or cattle so found running at large against the provisions of this ordinance and to impound and care for the same.

SEC. 2. The owner of any animal thus impounded shall be entitled to the possession of the same upon payment to the Marshal of the following fees: For horses, mules and asses, the sum of one dollar per head and fifty cents per day for keeping while thus impounded: cattle fifty cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding fifty cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding thirty cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding thirty cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding thirty cents per head and the expense of keeping, not exceeding thirty cents per head and the expense of keeping, and exceeding thirty cents per head and the expense of keeping and maintal thus impounded shall not pay the amount fixed by the above section, together with costs of keeping as therein provided, and remove suth animal or animals within three days after the impounding thereof, it shall be lawful for the Marshal of said village to sell the same at public anction, having first given at least ten days' notice of the time and place of such sale by posting notices thereof in three public places, and also by inserting the same once in a newspaper published in said village; and the Marshal shall deposit the money arising from such sale with the Treasurer of said village (excepting and reserving one-half of such fee for his own use,) and said Treasurer shall pay the surplus arising therefrom, after deducting the amount of fees and expenses above set forth, together with cost of sale, to the owner of such animal or animals upon satisfactory proof of such ownership.

Sec. 4. If any person, being the owner, or having the care of any geese, turkeys, or poultry of any kind, shall permit the same to run at large, without the inclosure of the owner or person having the care of the same, at any time between or person having the care of the same, at any time between or person having

the same to run at large, without the inclosure of the owner or person having the care of the same, at any time between the first day of March and the first day of October of each year, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding five dollars and costs of suit.

Sec. 5. If any person shall rescue, seize or take, or shall cause to be rescued, seized or taken, any horses, cattle, sheep, swine or fowl, out of the possession or custody of the Marshal of said village, which said Marshal has taken or received by virtue of the Charter or ordinance of said village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding fifty dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not more than thirty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court. he court. This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXIV. KEEPING STREETS AND SIDEWALKS IN GOOD ORDER. The Cormon Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. It shall be the duty of the owner, occupant or agent of each and every lot within the corporate limits of said village, to keep the sidewalk and the grounds between the enclosure or outer line of said lot and the gutter, and also including the gutter, clear and free from weeds, chips and other rubbish, and to keep the sidewalk in good repair. And whenever the sidewalk shall be found out of repair, or the street encumbered with rubbish, it shall become the duty of the Marshalt to notify such owner, occupant or agent of such lot. rouse, and to keep the stdewalk in good repair. And whenever the sidewalk shall be found out of repair, or the street encumbered with rubbish, it shall become the duty of the Marshal to notify such owner, occupant or agent of such lot, if there be one found, to repair the sidewalk or clear the street, and in case such owner, occupant, or agent refuses or neglects to do the same within three days after such notice, the Marshal shall cause the same to be done and keep an account of the expense thereof, and return the same to the Assessor of the village, who shall lery the same, with ten per cent. added thereto, as a special work tax upon said lot or premises, to be collected in the same manner and subject to the same rules and regulations as other taxes.

SEC. 2. If any person or persons who shall be the owner of any lot or premises in said village, or who shall be in possession of such lot or premises, shall, for the space of twenty-four hours, permit any snow, ice or other obstruction to remain upon the sidewalk in front of or adjoining said lot or premises, shall be notified by the Marshal to remove the same, and upon failure of such owner or person in possession of said lot to remove the same time the same to the Assessor to be collected as provided in Section I of this ordinance.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXY.

ORDINANCE XXV.

TO PREVENT OBSTRUCTIONS UPON STREETS AND SIDEWALKS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
SEC. 1. If any person shall place, or cause to be placed, any saw logs, timber, lumber, wood, or other obstructions in or upon any of the streets or sidewalks of said village, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to notify the owner or the person, who placed or caused to be placed such saw logs, timber, lumber, wood or other obstructions upon any street or sidewalk, to remove the same within forty-eight hours, and if the person so notified shall neglect or refuse to remove the same within the time mentioned, he shall, on conviction, be punished by fine not exceeding five dollars and costs of prosecution for every day such saw logs, timber, lumber, wood, or other obstructions shall remain after the expiration of the time fixed in such notice: Proxided, however, that the President of said village, or the Common Council, may grant a permit for the placing of building materials or other property, temporarily, upon any street or sidewalk in front of any premises owned or occupied by the applicant, so long as the same shall not obstruct or hinder the travel upon such street or sidewalk.

Sec. 2. If the owner of such saw logs, timber, lumber, wood, or other obstruction, cannot be found by the Marshal, it shall be his duty to post a notice on or in front of the lot where shuch obstructions are placed, requiring the owner or agent to remove the same within forty-eight hours thereafter, and if such obstructions are not removed within the time specified, it shall be the duty of the Marshal to remove the same to some suitable place, as near as may be convenient, and to hold the same until the costs of the removal are paid.

Sec. 3. If no person shall apply within twenty days after such removal, and pay the costs of such removal and for the care of the same, the Marshal, after the expiration of the said twenty days, may proceed to sell the same at public anction, having at first given at least ten days' ORDINANCE XXV. TO PREVENT OBSTRUCTIONS UPON STREETS AND SIDEWALKS.

whership.
This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.
ORDINANCE XXVI. RELATIVE TO PUBLIC HEALTH. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
The Board of Health shall consist of the Common Council,
the Marshal, and a Health Officer appointed by the Common
Council, who shall have authority to enforce the laws of this
State as provided in Chapter 46 of the Compiled Laws of 1881
and the amendments thereto, and they shall cause the removal and abatement of all nulsances which in their opinion may
be detrimental to the health of the citizens of said village.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXVII. ORDINANCE XXVII.

FOR THE PREVENTION AND ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
SEC. 1. If any person shall keep in or about any shop, warehouse or other building any green, untanned hides or skins, or shall carry on any fifthy or loathshome trade, or shall erect or continue, or cause to be erected or continued, any privy, hog sty, cow pen, stable or other nuisance, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of prosecution, for each and every day he shall continue to violate the provisions of this ordinance, after having received from the Board of Health, or any member thereof, twenty-four hours' notice to remove or abate the same.

SEC. 2. If any person shall throw, or cause to be thrown, on any sidewalk, or into any street or alley any slops or fifthy water, urine, carrion or filthy substance, or shall suffer, cause or permit the same to pass through any sink or spout to any sidewalk or into any street or alley, or shall throw or cause to be thrown on any sidewalk or into any street or alley, or upon any lot, any dead animal, fowl or carrion, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 3. If any person shall throw or cause to be thrown or placed into any creek, mill-race or flume within said village, any savdust, corn cobs, dead animals, or offal of slaughtered animals, or other filth, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars and costs of prosecution, or by imprisonment not more than twenty days, or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of the court.

SEC. 4. If any person shall keep, within the limits of said village, any slaughter house or yard for the purpose of slaughtering animals, or yard for the purpose of feeding any hogs, sheep, cattle or other animals to be slaughtered or shipped for market without having first obtained a permit from the Comm FOR THE PREVENTION AND ABATEMENT OF NUISANCES.

Shear by and not sections prosecution.

Sec. 5. If any person shall neglect or refuse, for the space of twenty-four hours after notice, to obey any order lawfully made by the Board of Health, or any member thereof, and to him directed, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars and costs of prosecution.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXVIII. RECULATION AND PROTECTION OF CEMETERIES. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. All persons, before making interments in the cemetery, shall apply to the Sexton of the village, who shall grant a permit for the making of such interment. The said Sexton shall be the only person allowed to dig graves, for which services he is authorized to receive two dollars and fifty cents for digging the grave and attending the burial of a person of ten years of age and upwards, and one dollar and seventy-five cents for one under ten years of age.

SEC. 2. Any person who shall make an interment, or cause an interment to be made, without having first applied to the Sexton, as required by the first section of this ordinance, shall, on conviction thereof, be fined ten dollars and costs of shall, on conviction thereof, be fined ten dollars and costs of prosecution.

SEC. 3. Any person who shall break any fastening affixed to the hurying grounds, or who shall break down or otherwise injure the fence, remove the stakes within the inclosure, or break, injure, mutilate or deface any rail or railing, tombstone or board, or injure or carry away any tree, shrub, plant, or flowers which may have been planted or placed on any of the lots by the owner thereof, or which may be in any part of the grounds, shall on conviction thereof be fined in any sum not less than ten nor more than one hundred dollars and costs of prosecution, and by imprisonment not exceeding twenty days.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXIX. TO PREVENT THE STANDING OF STALLIONS AND JACKS. To PREMET THE STANDING OF STALLIONS AND JOOKS.

The Common Council of the village of Buchanan ordains:
If any person shall stand or exhibit any stallion or jack
per for hire, in any of the streets, alleys, lanes or public
places, or within view of the public in said village, he shall
be punished by fine not exceeding ten dollars and costs of
prosecution, or by imprisonment not more than ten days,
or by both such fine and imprisonment in the discretion of
the court. ne court. This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXX.

ORDINANCE XXX.

TO PROVIDE FOR A TAX UPON DOGS.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
Sec. 1. The Assessor, at the time of making his annual assessment, shall assess in addition to the real estate, personal and poll tax authorized by the Charter and ordinances of this village, a tax upon dogs as follows: Upon every male dog over six months old, one dollar; upon every female dog over six months old, three dollars.
Sec. 2. Said dog taxes, as provided for in Sec. 1 of this ordinance, shall be collected from such persons as shall be liable for the same, at the same time and in the same manner as other taxes, and with like power to distrain and sell any property of the owner or owners, keeper or keepers of dogs liable to be taxed.
Sec. 3. Every person in possession of any dog, or who shall suffer any dog to remain about his house or premises for the space of fifteen days previous to the assessment, shall be deemed the owner of such dog for all purposes of this ordinance.
This ordinance shall take affect August 31 1883

e deemed the owner. or dinance. This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION OF TAXES.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. All real estate and personal property shall be assessed to the person who shall be the owner thereof on the fourth Monday in March, unless the same shall be given in by some other person for assessment to him.

Sec. 2. The taxes assessed upon any real estate, and all legal charges made thereon, shall be a charge against the person owning the same on the fourth Monday in March, and shall be a lien on said real estate from the first Monday in June of the year in which such real estate was assessed.

Sec. 3. The Marshal of said village, upon receiving the assessment roll, shall, for the purpose of collecting the taxes therein mentioned, be and remain at his office or place of business in said village, on Saturday of each and every week, from ten o'clock A. M. to four o'clock P. M., after receiving such list, until and including the last Saturday in the month of June; and upon all taxes paid or tendered to him upon such days, or at any other time before the first day of July thereafter, he shall add one per cent. for collection fees, and upon all taxes collected by him after the first day of July he shall add four per cent. for collection fees, and upon all taxes collected by publication in some newspaper printed in said village, and by posting notices in five public places in said village, that the assessment roll has been placed in his hands for collection, of the time within which such taxes as above provided.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1833.

ORDINANCE XXXII. ASSESSMENT AND COLLECTION OF TAXES.

To Provide For-Sumlary arrests.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Whenever by the provisions of the Charter or ordinances of this village, the violations thereof may be punished by imprisonment as well as by fine, the Marshal of said village may summarily arrest without warrant any person whom he may find violating any such provision, and take the person so offending before any officer authorized to hear and determine such offense, to be dealt with according to law.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. TO PROVIDE FOR SUMMARY ARRESTS. ORDINANÇE XXXIII.

ORDINANCE XXXII.

ORDINANCE XXXIII.

PUNISHMENT OF PERSONS RESISTING OFFICERS, &C.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
If any person shall assault or resist the Marshal or any village policeman, or hinder or obstruct him or them while in the discharge of his or their duty, or shall rescue or aid in rescuing from the custody of the Marshal or any village policeman say person who has been by him or them arrested for violating the Charter or any of the ordinances of said village, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding one hundred dollars and costs of suit, or by imprisonment not exceeding thirty days.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXXIV.

DEFINING AUTHORITY OF VILLAGE POLICEMEN.

DEFINING AUTHORITY, OF VILLAGE POLICEMEN. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
Any village policeman appointed by the President or Common Council of said village, and any person who by the virtue of his office shall be clothed with the authority of village policeman, shall for the purpose of enforcing the ordinances, have and exercise all the authority and power conferred upon the Marshal by the Charter and Ordinances of said village; and it shall be the duty of every village policeman to see that the ordinances of said village are enforced.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXXV. ORDINANCE XXXV.

DUTIES OF CITIZENS AT FIRES. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
The Marshal, or any member of the Common Council, may require the assistance of any by-standers in extinguishing any fire in said village, and in the removal, preservation and protection of any property endangered thereby, and in case any by-stander shall wilfully neglect or refuse to comply with such requirement, he shall be punished by fine not exceeding twenty-five dollars.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE [XXXVI.

FIRE WARDENS AND THEIR DUTIES. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. The President shall appoint, by and with the con-ent of the Common Council, two Fire Wardens of said vilsent of the Common Council, two Fire Wandens of said village, who shall receive such compensation as my be fixed by the Common Council, and whose duty it shall be to inspect, from time to time, as may be ordered by the Common Council, all chimneys, stoves, is stove pipes, ash piles, etc., in the village of Buchanan, and whenever it shall appear to said Fire Wardens that any chimney, stove or stove pipe connected with the same is unsafe, or that ashes are deposited in places liable to set any building on fire, the said Fire Wardens shall notify the owner, occupant, or agent in charge of such premises, in writing, specifying wherein such danger consists; and such owner, occupant or agent shall, within twenty-four hours of such service, proceed to put such chimney, stove or stove pipe in good order, or remove such ash pile.

SEC. 2. Any violations of, or failure to comply with, the provisions of Sec 1 of this ordinance, shall be punished by impensonment not exceeding thirty days.

This ordinance shall take effect August 81, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXXVII. ORDINANCE XXXVII.

RELATIVE TO FIRE DEPARTMENT. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
Sec. 1. The fire department shall consist of a Chief Engineer and two Assistant Chief Engineers, and as many firemen, hosemen, &c., as may from time to time be authorized by the Common Council, whose duties shall be governed as specified in Sections 23 and 24 of the village charter.
Sec. 2. Every person belonging to an organized fire, hose or hook and ladder company in the village of Buchanan may obtain from the Recorder a certificate torthat effect, and the members of such companies, during their continuance as such, shall be exempt from serving on juries and from paying a poll tax in said village.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XXXVIII.

TO PREVENT RUDING VELOCIPEDES &C., UPON SIDEWALKS.

TO PREVENT RIDING VELOCIPEDES, &C., UPON SIDEWALKS. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: It shall not be lawful for any person to use or ride any velocipede, bicycle, or any similar vehicle, upon any sidewalk in the village of Buchanan. Any person violating the provisions of this ordinance shall, upon conviction, be fined not exceeding five dollars and costs of prosecution for each and every offense.

ORDINANCE XXXIX.

IN RELATION TO SAND AND GRAVEL. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains:
No person shall be allowed to take any earth, sand or
gravel from any street, sidewalk or other public grounds of
said village, without a permit from the committee on Streets,
Sidewalks and Bridges. Any person violating the provisions
of this ordinance shall, on conviction, be fined not exceeding
twenty-five dollars and costs of prosecution for each and
every offense.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883. ORDINANCE XL.

COMBINATION COMMITMENT.

The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: Sec. 1. Whenever by the provisions of the Charter or any Ordinance of said village, the party violating such provision may be punished by imprisonment, such imprisonment may be in the village prison or in the county jail, in the discretion of the court. Provided, however, that no sentence of imprisonment in the village prison shall be for a longer period than thirty days. prisonment in the vinage prison shall see that thirty days.

SEC. 2. In all cases where, by the Charter or Ordinances of said village a fine is imposed, the court before whom any person shall he convicted, may adjudge that the person so convicted shall stand committed to the village prison or county jail until the fine or penalty so imposed is paid, not exceeding in any case a period of thirty days.

This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

ORDINANCE XLI. ORDINANCE XLI.

OF THE REPEAL OF ORDINANCES AND BY-LAWS. The Common Council of the Village of Buchanan ordains: All Ordinances, By-Laws or parts of Ordinances and By-Laws heretofore adopted by the Common Council of the vil-lage of Buchanan are hereby repealed. This ordinance shall take effect August 31, 1883.

I hereby certify the above to be a correct copy of the Ordinances adopted by the Common Council of the village of Buchanan as follows: Ordinances I to XXI inclusive, at an adjourned meeting held August 3, 1883, and Ordinances XXII to XLI inclusive, at an adjourned meeting held August 10,

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las, Eczema, Blotches, Ringworm, Tu-mors, Carbuncles, Boils, and Eruptions of the Skin, are the direct result of an impure state of the blood.

To cure these diseases the blood must be purified, and restored to a healthy and natural condition. AYER'S SARSAPARILLA has for over forty years been recognized by eminent medical authorities as the most powerful blood purifier in existence. It frees the system from all foul humors, enriches and strengthens the blood, removes all traces of mercurial treatment, and proves itself a complete master of all scrofulous diseases. A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.

A Recent Cure of Scrofulous Sores.

"Some months ago I was troubled with scrofulous sores (ulcers) on my legs. The limbs were badly swollen and inflamed, and the sores discharged large quantities of offensive matter. Every remedy I tried failed, until I used AYER'S SARSAPARILLA, of which I have now taken three bottles, with the result that the sores are healed, and my general health greatly improved. I feel very grateful for the good your medicine has done me.

Yours respectfully, MRS. ANN O'BRIAN."
148 Sullivan St., New York, June 24, 1882.

All persons interested are invited to call on Mrs. O'Brian; also upon the Rev. Z. P. Wilds of 78 East 54th Street, New York City, who will take pleasure in testifying to the wonderful efficacy of Ayer's Sarsaparilla, not only in the cure of this lady, but in his own case and many others within his knowledge. The well-known writer on the Boston Herald, B. W. BALL, of Rochester, N.H., writes, June

"Having suffered severely for some years with Eczema, and having failed to find relief from other remedies, I have made use, during the past three months, of AVER'S SARSAFARILLA, which has effected a complete cure. I consider it a magnificent remedy for all blood diseases."

Ayer's Sarsaparilla stimulates and regulates the action of the digestive and assimilative organs, renews cures Rheumatism, Neuralgia, Rheuma tic Gout, Catarrh, General Debility, and all diseases arising from an impoverished or corrupted condition of the blood, and a weakened vitality.

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---AND---TILING.

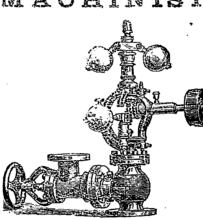
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Call and see my brick and get prices. HENRY BLODGETT.

W. H. TALBOT, MACHINIST



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&c., &c., made to order. Shafting, Pulleys, Hangers, Couplings and mill supplies furnished on short notice. Shop on Chicago street, near

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TORPID BOWELS,
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From these sources arise three-fourths of the diseases of the human race. These symptoms indicate their existence: Loss of Appetite, Bowels costive, Sick Headache, fullness after eating, aversion to exertion of body or mind, Exuctation of food, Irritability of temper, Low spirits, A feeling of having neglected some duty, Plziness, Fintering at the Heart, Dots before the eyes, highly colored Urine, CONSTIPATION, and demand the use of a remedy that acts directly on the Liver. Asaliver medicine TUTT'S PILLS have no equal. Their action on the Kidneys and Skin is also prompt; removing all impurities through these three "seavengers of the system," producing appetite, sound digestion, regular stools, a clear skin and a vigorous body. TUTT'S PILLS cause no nausea or griping nor interfere with daily work and are a perfect

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GRAY HAIR OR WHISKERS changed in-stantly to a GLOSSY BLACK by a single ap-plication of this DYE. Sold by Druggists, or sent by express on receipt of \$1. Office, 44 Murray Street, New York. TUTT'S MANUAL OF USEFUL RECEIPTS FREE. Nervous Exhaustion, Premature Decay, Loss of Manhood.

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orders which, so far as known, is used in no other remedy. It contains no Quinine, nor any mineral nor deleterious substance whatever, and consequently produces no injurious effect upon the constitution, but leaves the system as healthy as it was before the attack. WE WARRANT AYER'S AGUE CURE to cure every case of Fever and Ague, Intermittent or Chill Fever, Remittent Fever, Dumb Ague, Bilious Fever, and Liver Com-plaint caused by malaria. In case of failure, after due trial, dealers are authorized, by our circular dated July 1st, 1882, to refund the

Dr. J. C. Ayer & Co., Lowell, Mass.

WIST people are always on the lookout for the chances to increase their earnings, and in time become wealthy; those who do not improve their opportunities remain in poverty. We offer a great chance to make money. We wan many men, women, boys and girls to work for u right in their own localities. Any one can do th work properly from the first start. The busines will pay more than ten times ordinary wages. Expensive outfit furnished free. No one who engages fails to make money rapidly. You can devote your whole time to the work, or only your spare moments. Full information and all that is needed sent free. Address Stinson & Co., Portland, Maine.

Farm for Sale I OFFER MY FARM OF 120 ACRES, two miles south of the village of Gallen, for sale on good

terms. There are

80 Acres Improved, 20 Acres Timber.

Balance in process of clearing. A good orchard, good soil, and good buildings. For further particulars and terms, call at the premises or address me at Gallen, Mich. C, H. INGLES.

What Happened to MR. JOSEPH BEACH

Stone in the Kidney Expelled after Using Dr. David Kennedy's "Favor-

ite Remedy" About two Weeks. One of the most remarkable cases that has ever been brought to the notice of the public is that of Dr. J. S. Beach of Stone Bridge, Ulster Co., N. Y. Mr. Beach had suffered since October 18, 1874, from the presence of Calculus or Stone in the right Kidney. No less than seven physicians were employed at different times, to whom Mr. Beach paid hundreds of dollars for medical treatment, with only temporary relief from his agony.

By the urgent solicitations of his friends he was induced to try Dr. David Kennedy's "Favorite Remedy"-experienced a marked improvement from the first day he began to use the medicine; on the 15th of September he voided a stone as large as could be passed through the natural channel. Mr. Beach concludes a long letter to Dr.

Kennedy by saying: "It will always aford me pleasure to recommend the 'Favorite Remedy' to those who may be suffering from difficulties of the Kidneys and Bladder, or any disorders arising from an impure state of the blood." The "Favorite Remedy" sold by all druggists. The Doctor's only address is Rondout, New York.

In the Pilot House.

"Yes, sir; this kind obliges a man to keep sober as a judge. Of all men in the world, steamboat pilots and railroud engineers should let liquor alone. For on their clearness of sight and coolness of head depends the safety of life and property."

Keeping his hand on the wheel as he said this, Mr. A. Brockman, of 29½ Silver street, Chicago, added: "Of course, some of 'em drink; but the sober ones have the best positions and the best pay. Yes, the work and exposure sometimes tells on us; but for my part, I find Parker's Tonic to be all the invigorant, I need. I've got a bottle aboard here now; never go on a trip without it. When I haven't any appetite, or an any way out of sorts, it sets me up in no time. If drinking men would use the Tonic it would heip 'em to break off. (No, that isn't-a light house; it's a star, low down near the water). As I was saying, the Tonic, is new life bottled up. You see the flag-staff? Well, with a bottle of Parker's Tonic in the locker I can keep malaria as far from me as that all the time. My wife has used it for three years for summer complaints and colic, and as an invigorant, when she's tired out from overwork. She says the tonic is a dasy. Good-bye! Don't break your neck going below."

This preparation. which has been known as Parker's Gincer Tonic, will hereafter be advertised and sold simply under the name of Parker's Tonic. As unprincipaled dealers are constantly deceiving their customers by substituting inferior articles under the name of Parker's Tonic. As unprincipaled word.

There is no change, however in the preparation its's and all bottles remaining in the hands of dealers, wrapped under the name of Parker's Tonic contain the genuine medicine if the fac-simile signiture of Hiscox & Co. i at bottom of the outside wrapper.

PRESENT POWER.

is Wanted Fo-Bay.

Comfort is never in a hurry. Pain and distress are it hot haste. It is to the "friend in need"—the friend who does something now—that the old adage pays the compliment of being "a friend indeed." That they do not keep the sufferer in suspense is the sailent excellence of BENSON'S CAPCINE POROUS PLASTERS. The plasters of other days—whether porous or otherwise-said—"Wait until to-morrow. We can promise nothing on the spur of the moment. But pain unrelieved, like hope deferred, maketh the heart sick. Benson's plasters act on application. They bermeat, soothe, warm and heal, containing, as they do, chemical agents of the highest efficiency. Their motto is now, and the genuine have the CAPCINE cut in the middle of each plaster. Price 25 cents. Seabury & Jolinson, Chemists, New York.



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Bi-Carbonate of Soda and Whites of Eggs.
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LESS,
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LARGER. Consumption

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HEART, at the Detroit Throat and Lung Institute M. HILTON WILLIAMS, M.D., M. C., P. S. O., Proprietor. Over 40,000 Cases Treated in the Last Seventeen Years.

All diseases of the Respirator Organs treated by Medicated Inhalations, combined when required with proper constitutional remedies for the STOMACH, LIVER and BLOOD, &c. If possible call personally for an examination, otherwise write for "LIST OF QUESTIONS" and "MEDICAL TREATISE." Address, Detroit Throat and Lung Institute, 253 Woodward Ave., [52y] Detroit, Mich

966 a week in your own town. Terms and S Ootfit free. Address H. HAILETT & Co. Portland, Maine. Send \$1,50 for the RECORD one year

That is what a great many people are doing. They don't know just what is the matter, but they have a combination of pains and aches, and each month they grow worse.

The only sure remedy yet found is Brown's Iron BITTERS, and this by rapid and thorough assimilation with the blood purifies and enriches it, and rich, strong blood flowing to every part of the system repairs the wasted tissues, drives out disease and gives health and . strength.

Iron Bitters will cure kidney and liver diseases, consumption, rheumatism, neuralgia, dyspepsia, malaria, intermittent fevers, &c. 203 S. Paca St., Baltimore. Nov. 28, 1881. I was a great sufferer from

This is why Brown's

Dyspepsia, and for several weeks could eat nothing and was growing weaker every day. I tried Brown's Iron Bitters, and am happy to say I now have a good appetite, and am getting tronger and am getting stronger.
Jos. McCawley. Brown's Iron Bitters

is not a drink and does not contain whiskey. It is the only preparation of Iron that causes no injurious effects. Get the genuine. Don't be imposed on with imitations,

DEATH. [A. C. Swinburne.]

Death, if thou be or be not, as was said, Immortal; if thou make us naught, or we Survive; thy power is made but one of dread, Death, if thou be.

Thy might is made out of our fear of thee; Who fears thee not hath plucked from off thine head. The crown of cloud that darkens earth and

Earth, sea and sky, as rain or vapor shed Shall vanish; all the shows of them shall fiee; Then shall we knowfull surely, quick or dead, Death, if thou be. HOW GOOD MEN FALL.

New York Graphic.

A Broadway car conductor has been probing human nature to its lowest depths. A few evenings since, before starting, he scattered over the seats of his car several of those white metal counters, stamped in imitation of quar-ters. He desired to see who would take them and who wouldn't. The Hon. - entered the car. He is a great lawyer. He owns many genuine 25-cent pieces. You wouldn't suppose such a man would stoop to pick up a genuine 25-cent piece in the street. But he sat right down on the bogus quarter. When he got up to leave the car the quarter was not there. He did not ride far.
Perhaps he thought that he had made
expenses on that trip. "Sold
and got the money," murmured the
conductor. Mr. —, a big banker,
got in. He sat near one of the quarters. Then he saw it. Then he glanced around to see who was looking. Then he looked at the presumed coin again.
Then he looked up at the car ceiling.
He shifted his seat in an absent-minded sort of way. And when he departed the coin must have stuck to him, for it was invisible. "What shadows we are and what shadows we pursue!" quoth the conductor. The conductor now set two more bogus quarters. The car was at Fourteenth street. An actor entered. Soon a coin struck his line of vision. Just then he seemed to feel the heat of the day. He took off his hat. In a dreamy sort of way he laid the hat over the quarter. He caught it as he would a butterfly. The hat and the butterfly must both have gone on his head together. "Poor human nature!" murmured the conductor.

"Alas, poor Yorick!" FIXING UP NIAGARA FALLS. Boston Herald. Everything that man has done to

Niagara must be undone; then only will its simplicity be restored. The directors of a state survey made a few years ago proposed that the land ad-joining the rapids, falls and chasm should be condemned by the state, and, with the erections on it, appraised and purchased. This land would be a strip a mile long, and varying in width from 100 feet at the head of the rapids to 800 feet at the falls. The buildings would all be removed, the unsightly constructions along the banks would be swept away, appropriate trees planted, and the village thus shut out from view. This could be done for the sum of \$1,000,000. On the Canadian side the cliffs have been left in the native picturesqueness; there are fewer buildings to be removed, and, best of all, there is a military reservation of sixty-six feet from the edge of the cliff. The difficulty and expense of restoration would consequently be very much less. It is needless to point out the material advantages to the immediate neighborhood, and the moral advantage to the world at large, which would need to be a stabilishment of this result from the establishment of this free international park. It is important, however, to remember that the employment of the water power of Niagara would be in no way interfered with; it would be secured by a hy-draulic canal, supplying, if necessary, twenty miles of factories, providing an unlimited amount of power, and free

from all objections. PETER THE GREAT'S WHIM.

Cincinnati Enquirer.

Peter the Great's interference in 1705 in the matter of mere hair was the most daring as well as successful. Then the beard was condemned by every country in Europe, which was all the more reason why the Russians clung to theirs more fondly as a mark to distinguish them from foreigners, whom they hated. Peter resolved that they should be shaven, and the edict went forth not only that the nobles but serfs should shave. A certain time was given the people, and if they wore beards after that a fine of 100 roubles was imposed. Priests and serfs retained theirs on the payment of a copeck a day. Great discontent prevailed, but the people thought it wiser to cut off their beards

than to run the risk of offending a king who would as soon cut off their heads. AN ACTRESS' FAITH CURE.

Boston Budget. Maggie Mitchell tells a story of something stranger than a faith cure: "I was afflicted with partial paralysis of the left limb, and almost lost the use of it. I was billed to open in a large city, and I was still on crutches. Every means that medical skill could suggest, including electricity, was brought to bear in my case, but I was benefitted little. The night arrived, the house was crowded, the galleries were noisy, and I was at a side wing, on crutches. When the time for my entrance arrived as Fanchon, with a supreme effort I threw the crutches aside, and sprang through the window with a chicken in my arms, and went on with my part as natural as ever. From that day to this I have never had a recurrence of the

NEWPORT'S NOTABLE CLOCK. Correspondence Boston Herald. The pendulum elevated above a The pendium elevated above a swinging clock in the window of Mr. George O. Hermann's jewelry store in Thames street represents 170 days of hard work on the part of Mr. Hermann, who has designed and perfected a clock which will attract attention all over the world. That gentleman has given much attention to perfecting a clock which gives the time at leading centres all over the world. The clock has only one movement, beating only one second at a time. To the hand part of the movement all the other hands are connected. The device is furnished with eight dials, indi-cating the correct time at Newport, R. I., St. Petersburg, Boston, New York, San Francisco, Geneva, Rome and Mecca. All the dial hands are driven by one movement, which is furnished with two main springs, and the clock will run for nine days without winding. The dials are set in a large, handsome seven-pointed star, a dial being in each corner, Newsont companying the center A Newsont port occupying the center. A New-port dial is also set in the back for the convenience of the maker. The main movement is fastened on the back, the plates being as large as the whole star.

said that there is nothing like it in the OPIUM-EATING IN CHINA. New York Tribune Review of "Across

By removing the plates, the works of any of the clocks can be removed with-out disturbing the others. The clock attrac s a good deal of attention. It is

The great curse of China is, of course, the eating of opium. A significant fact he observed was that nearly all the mandarins he met made their first inquiry as to whether he had any European medicine for the cure of the cravring for the drug. Mandarins were constantly met being carried in their sedan-chairs lying sunk in a heavy opium sleep. The hill-people are sodden, body and mind, with the wretched drug, and government is powerless to effect any reform. One of the results of this practice is that the smoker, sleeping between smokes during the day, cannot sleep at night. He amuses himself in reading or singing the verses of the classical authors, and the traveler at the inns consequently suffers enforced wakefulness into the

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